Function Composition in a Serverless World

Timirah James
Developer Advocate
Cloudinary

@timirahj

First, what's FaaS?

Function-as-a-Service *enable developers to deploy parts of an application on an "as needed" basis using short-lived functions.*

Benefits of FaaS:

- Complete abstraction of servers away from the developer
- Billing based on consumption and executions, not server instance sizes
- Scaling services is simplified

What is Function Composition?

The concept of (re)using smaller functions to create complex functions.

<u>…Super function combinations</u>

Example App

Cloudinary

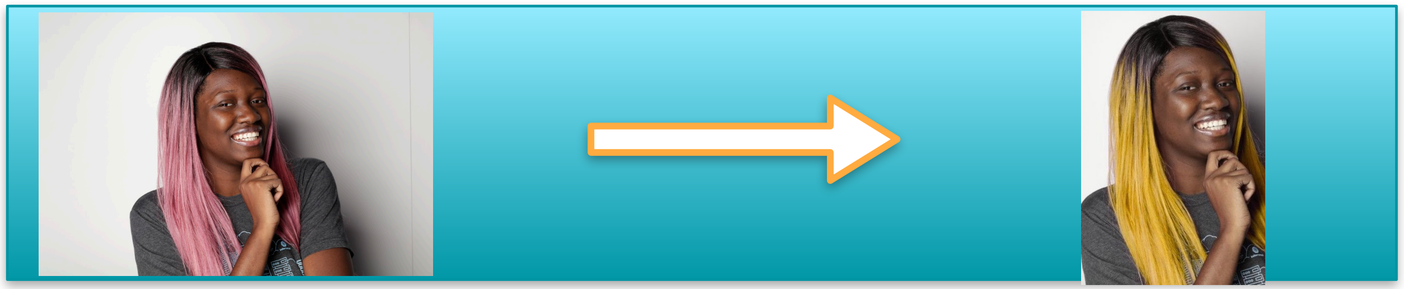
Function A

Fetch Image

Function B

Transform Image

Can we combine both functions into one service?



Approaches

Manual Compilation

Direct/Chaining

Coordinator

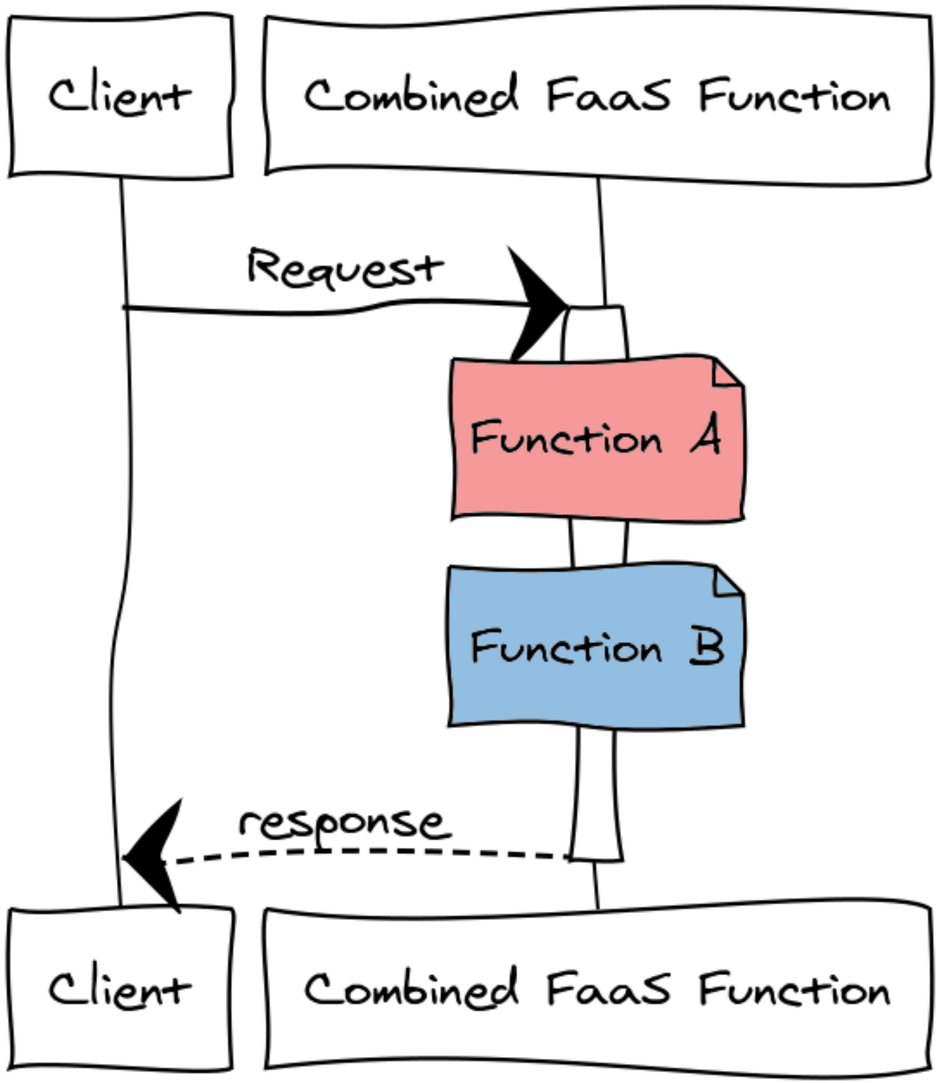
Event-Driven

Workflows

Manual Compilation

Merge functions on a source code level.

- One big function that calls all other individual functions.
- One big task from FaaS framework’s point-of-view.




```
func getImage(image) {

// A: fetching video from Cloudinary

}

func transformImage() {

// B: Applying color change and crop transformation

}

func combo() {

        getImage(image)

        transformImage()

}
```

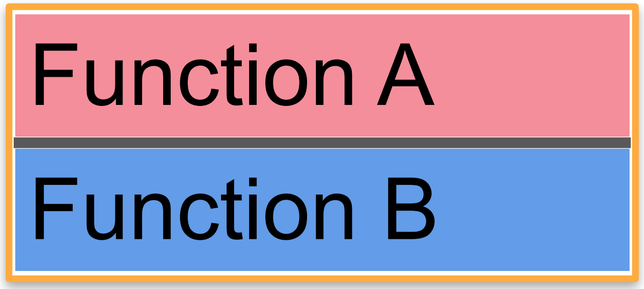
Pros:

- ✓ Very simple, no framework needed at all
- ✓ No serialization overhead

Cons:

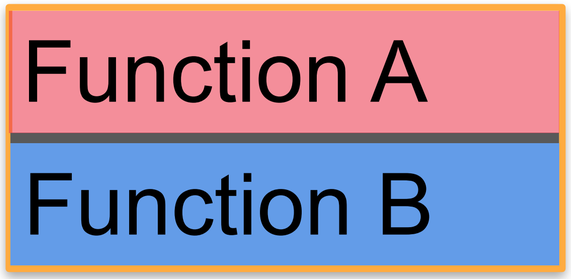
- ✗ Function gets bigger and may load slowly
- ✗ **Cannot scale independently**

Merged Function

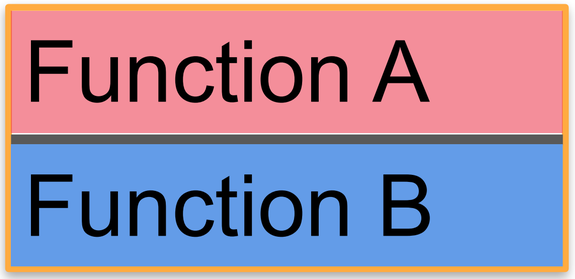


Scaling

Instance 1



Instance 2



vs.

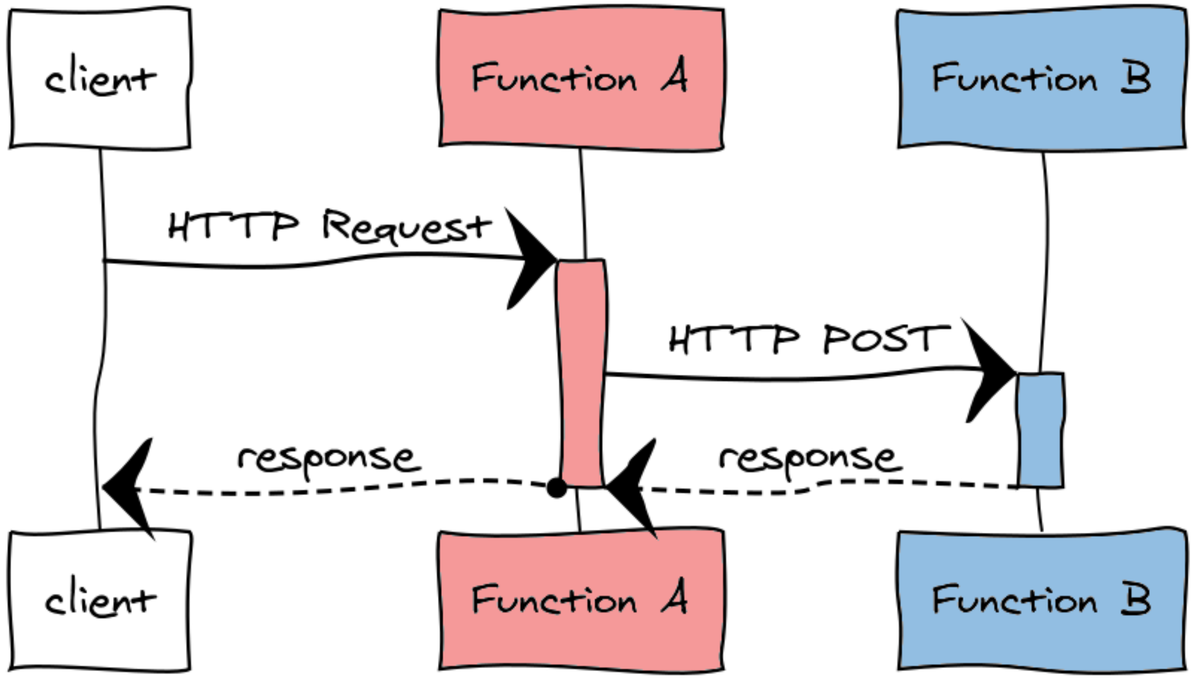
Instance 1

Instance 2

Direct Functions (chaining)

Form a chain, calling each other.

- Each task is a separate FaaS function.
- Each function knows what comes after it and calls it.




```
func getImage(image) {

 // A: fetching video from Cloudinary

// HTTP call to transformation function

}
```

```
 func transformImage() {

// B: Applying color change and crop transformation

 }
```

Pros:

- ✓ No external components needed
- ✓ No serialization overhead

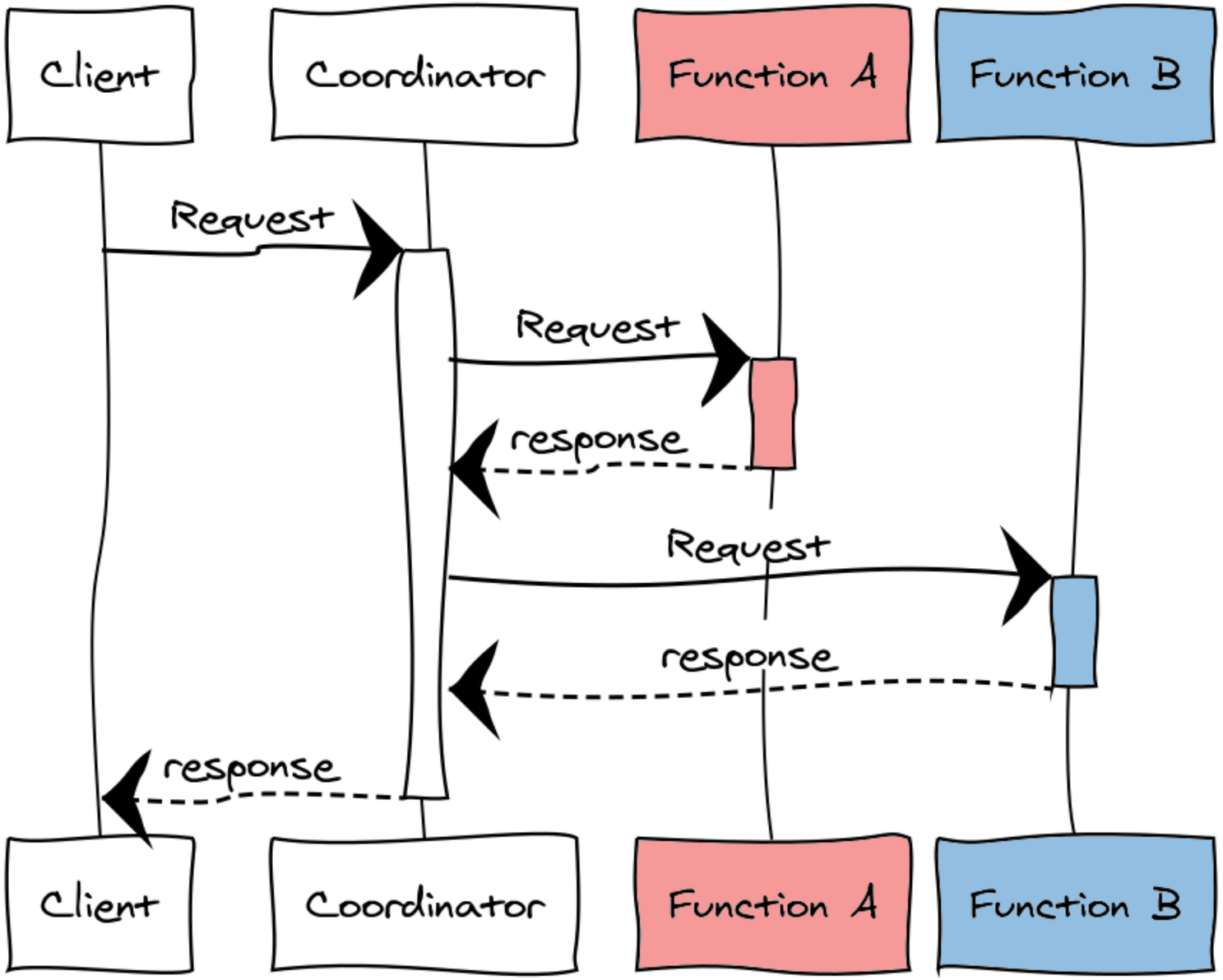
Cons:

- ✗ Each function waits for the next function, wasting $
- ✗ Responsibility for things like handling failures, and thinking about fallbacks/retries.
- ✗ Pains of updating a function

Coordinator Functions

Functions that manage the execution of other functions by calling them directly.

- One “omniscient” function calls each function (via remote HTTP); manages the execution flow.
- Similar to direct functions, except each function is unaware of the other functions.


Client
Coordinator
Function A
Function B
Request
Request
response
Request
response
response
Client
Coordinator
Function A
Function B

Pros:

- ✓ No need to modify the primitive functions
- ✓ Very flexible; user can manipulate the control flow how they like. (Separation of concerns)

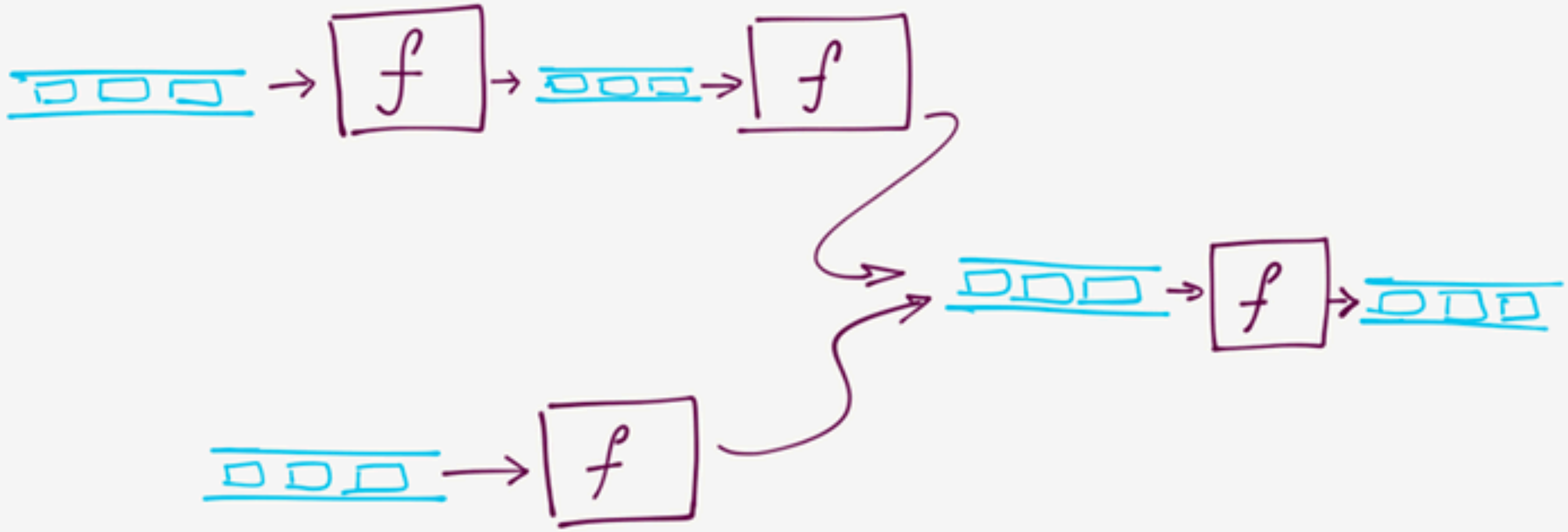
Cons:

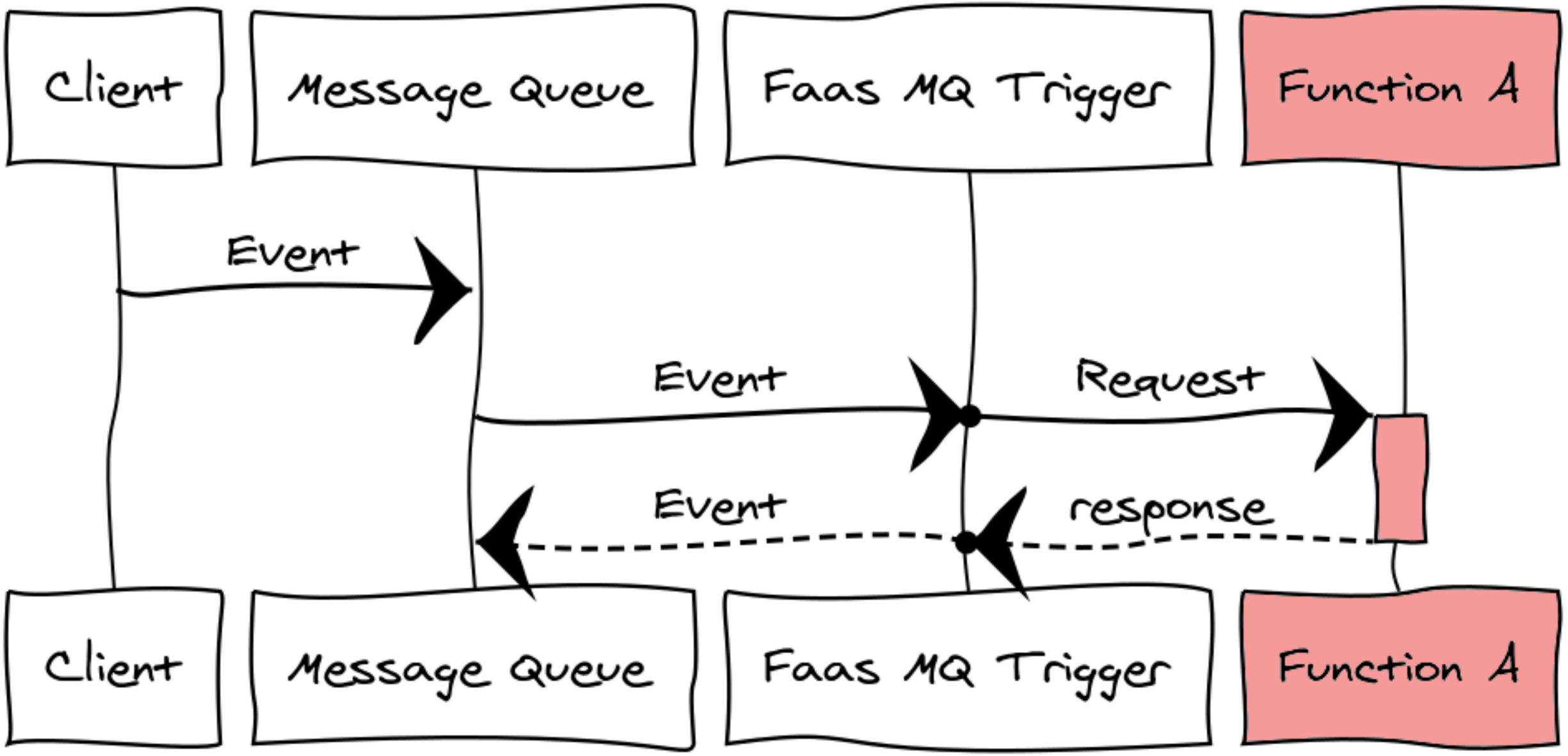
- ✗ Overhead of an extra function
- ✗ Coordinator is a long running function (it starts first, and ends last).

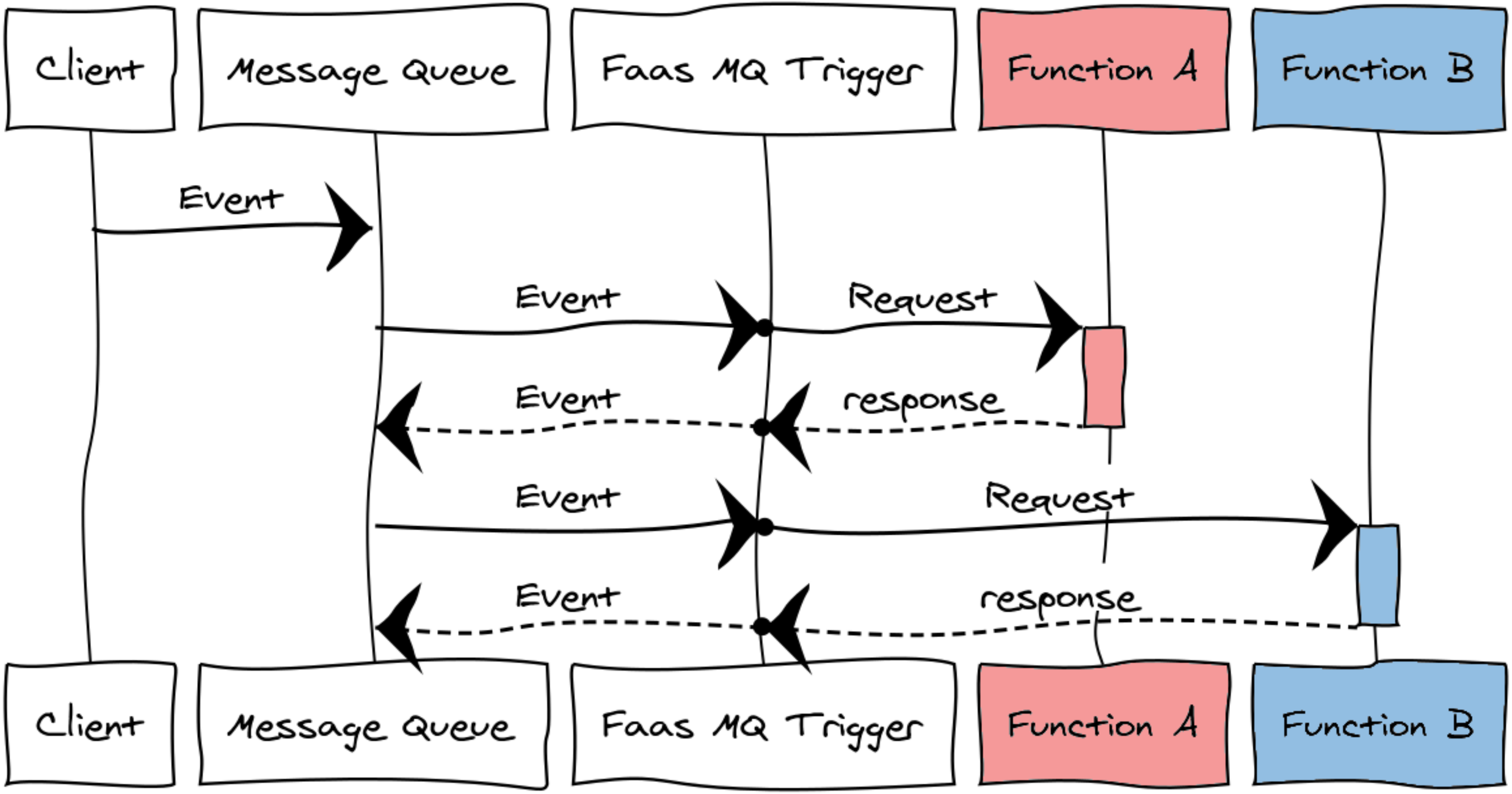
Event-Driven Composition

Functions emitting and reacting to events on message queues.

Idea: focus on the data flow instead of the control flow.




Client
Message Queue
Faas MQ Trigger
Function A
Event
Event
Request
Event
response
Client
Message Queue
Faas MQ Trigger
Function A


Client
Message Queue
Faas MQ Trigger
Function A
Function B
Event
Event
Request
Event
response
Event
Request
Event
response
Client
Message Queue
Faas MQ Trigger
Function A
Function B

Pros

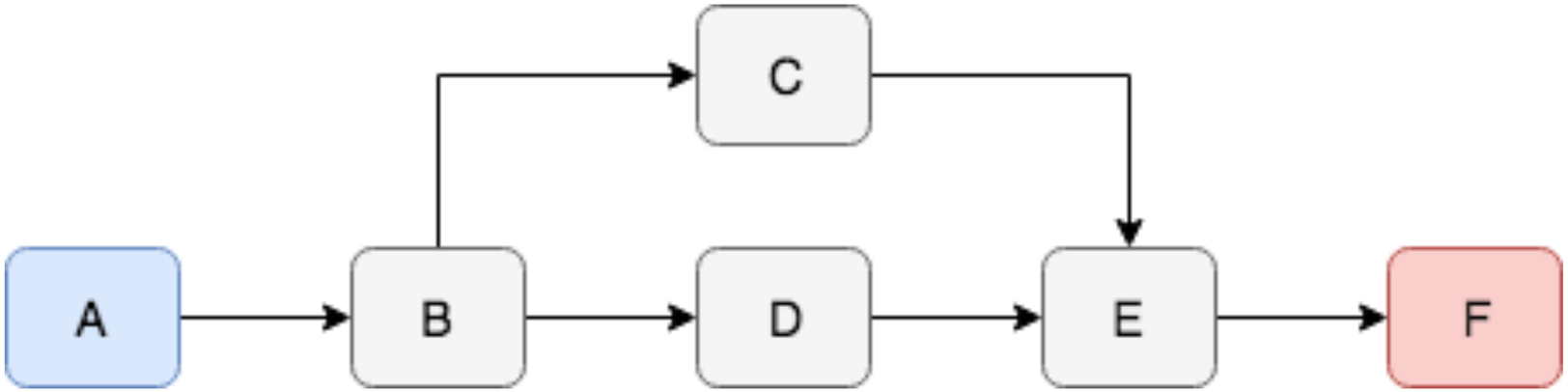
- Get all the luxury of message queues (e.g. messaging, error handling).
- Decoupled functions
- Commonly used and well understood architecture.

Cons

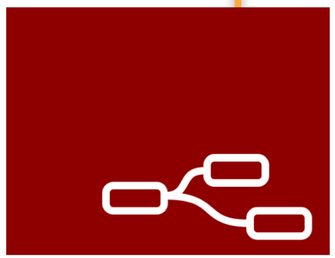
- Web of implicit dependencies.
- Difficult to version or upgrade functions.
- Supports limited control flow constructs. (e.g. conditional and on-error constructs)

Workflows

Create a “flowchart” of function interactions.

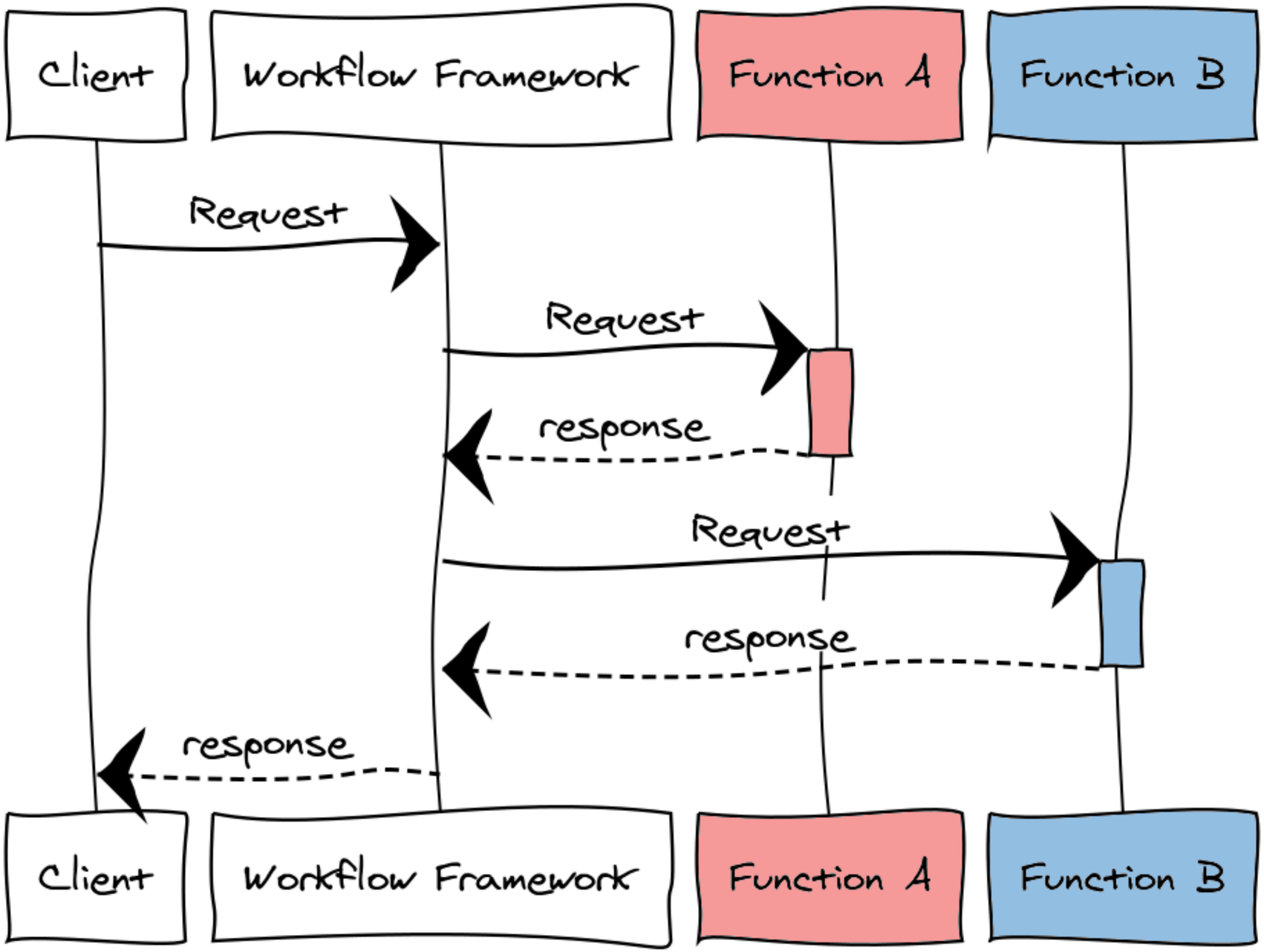


Workflows are everywhere!



Apache Airflow

Business Processes | **Data Pipelining** | **DevOps**


Client
Workflow Framework
Function A
Function B
Request
Request
response
Request
response
response
Client
Workflow Framework
Function A
Function B

Pros

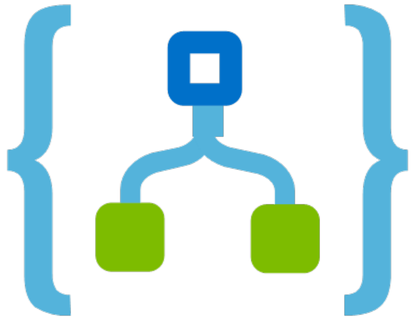
- Centralization of composition logic, logging, and visualization
- loosely coupled functions
- Handles communication complexity (latency, retries, failures, etc.)
- Improved performance (better/anticipating scheduling of functions)

Cons

- More infrastructure complexity
- Need to learn workflow-specific language (like YAML 🙄, ASL, DSL, etc.)

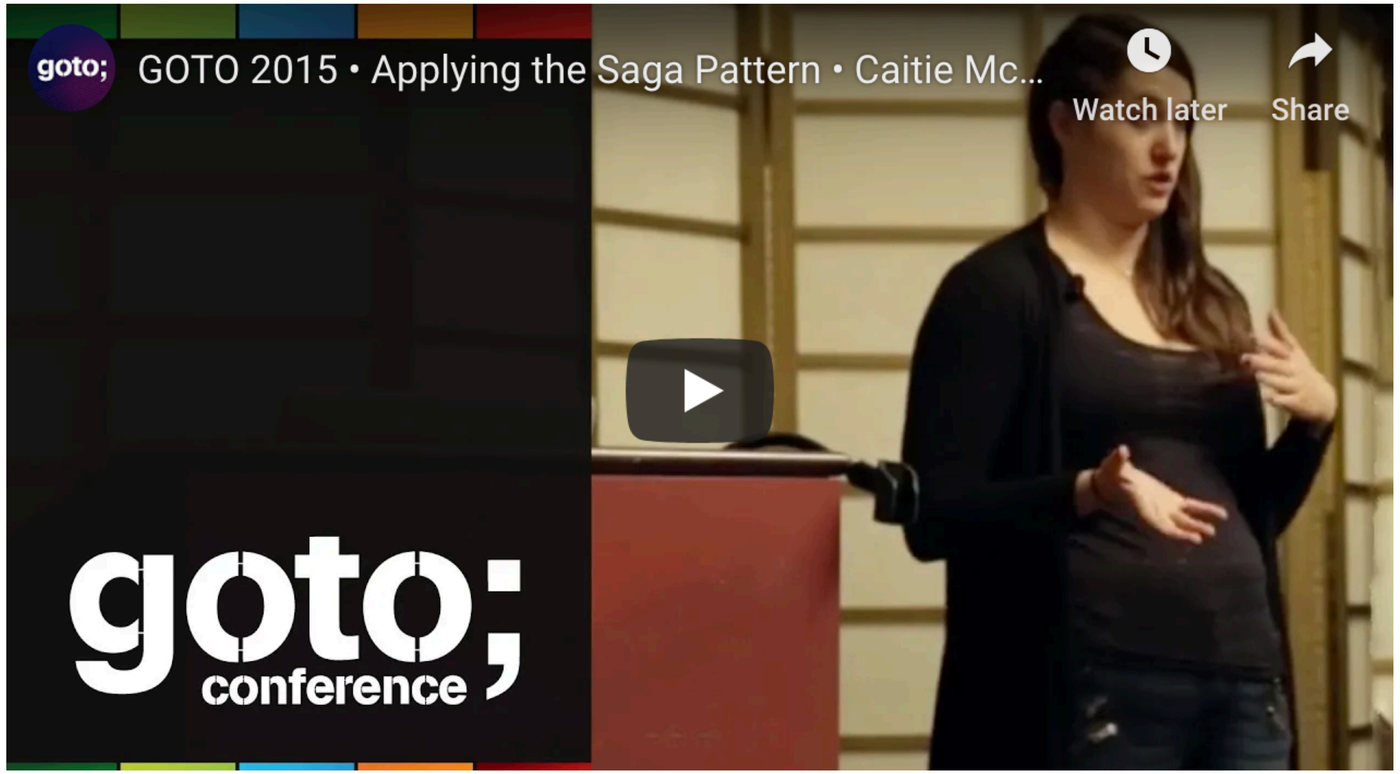
FaaS-focused Workflows

AWS Step Functions



Azure Logic Apps

Mix-Match?.. 🤔


goto;
GOTO 2015 • Applying the Saga Pattern • Caitie Mc...
Watch later
Share
goto;
conference

Approaches (recap)

Manual Compilation

Direct/Chaining

Coordinator

Event-Driven

Workflows

Which approach should you use? 

Try them out here:

https://github.com/fission/faas-composition-patterns

Serverless is LIT!!!

THANK YOU.

Twitter: @timirahj

Slides:
https://github.com/timirahj/Serverless-Fuction-Composition-Talk