

Covering Letter

for Nikolai Kraus, Nottingham

Tim Lichtnau

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My name is Tim Lichtnau, I am 23 years old and I am a master's student at the University of Bonn. Even in kindergarten, it was clear to me that I would become a mathematician. Luckily, I grew up in a highly inspiring environment. On one hand, I participated in nation-wide training for math olympiads (Jugend trainiert Mathematik), which brought me many prizes at the national level in the Math olympiad and the Bundeswettbewerb, but more importantly it showed me that math is a team sport: JuMa taught me to discuss mathematical ideas with people across the country and make friends sharing the same passion. On the other hand, from the age of 12, I received individual mentoring from Professor Ines Kath in my hometown Greifswald once a week. Together, we explored topics like induction (over the naturals), analysis, Galois theory, and later topology.

This strong foundation enabled a smooth start to my studies in mathematics at Bonn, where I focused early on algebraic topology and algebra. In my second term, I began reading about category theory—unfortunately, there were no lectures on this topic in Bonn. From that point, category theory became my constant companion.

In my fourth term, I co-authored a paper with Professor Peter Koepke for the Computational Intelligence of Computer Mathematics conference on the Naproche system (Natural Proof Checking), which processes input texts approximating the natural language of mathematics. Even then, my niche in mathematics was emerging: somewhere between topology and the formalization of mathematics. Meanwhile, I became a teaching assistant and continued in that role for the remainder of my time in Bonn. I realized that teaching

is very important to me. I want to transport the passion I have for the topic to the students. I got proposed for the Studienstiftung by the university, because judging by the grades I was one of the best 4 students of my cohort.

For my bachelor's thesis, I began studying higher category theory, which opened an entirely new world for me. During my master's, while participating in a reading groups on higher category theory, I focused mainly on algebraic geometry and algebraic topology. Moreover, I organized a 1-year informal seminar with a colleague to compensate for the lack of a category theory lecture in Bonn. For the "lecture" I also wrote a script. Teaching was incredibly rewarding, and the positive feedback of the large audience we received confirmed its success.

I felt that some areas of mathematics were taught using unnecessarily complicated language—like working with one hand tied behind your back. For me, the set-theoretic framework was not a satisfying foundation for the fields I was most interested in.

Two key events shifted my perspective further. First, I learned about HoTT and Agda at the HoTTest Summer School. It was the most beautiful intellectual experience of my life. From that moment, I knew what I wanted to do: make the lives of mathematicians easier with HoTT. I read most of the HoTT book and Egbert Rijke's book on the subject.

Second, building on this foundation, I attended workshops where I discovered Synthetic Algebraic Geometry, which allows one to work internally in the Zariski ∞ -topos rather than introducing a complicated theoretical framework to discuss structure sheaves or generic points. Grothendieck might have appreciated this synthetic approach, as the proofs are clearer and more elementary than those in conventional theory. I organized with a friend a one-week course at the QED-club on HoTT and Synthetic Algebraic Geometry, contrasting it with the often-painful process of learning algebraic geometry at university.

Next to my favorite proof assistant Agda, I studied Lean under Floris van Doorn. I formalized the fibered Yoneda lemma and, as part of a collaborative project, formalized distribution theory. I also participated in the Trimester Program on Formal Mathematics in Bonn and attended the "From Analysis to Homotopy Theory" conference in Greifswald. In addition to my academic pursuits, I developed software in Haskell for the startup Digitally Induced

Then Hugo Moeneclay invited me to write my master's thesis with him on

synthetic algebraic geometry. My work focuses on what is classically known as algebraic stacks. Classically, “algebraic stacks and the geometry required to define them” are documented in the Stacks Project, a massive body of thousands of pages. Through my work I am getting more and more confident with lex modalities.

Also, as a guest student of the University of Gothenburg, I am enjoying the academic environment of the Type Theory research group. For example, I participate in a reading group under Christian Sattler, where we work on constructivizing Cisinski’s higher categories and homotopical algebra, building the foundation of a reading group I participated in Bonn about the Formalization of Higher category theory (Cisinski). This hits a nerve: I wish to present mathematics easier, closer to the foundation, so that one sees what is really going on instead of being distracted by the formalism and the choice of model.

In my free time, I love thinking about private projects:

- I work on something that one could call synthetic Homological Algebra: Given any abelian category \mathcal{A} , we associate a category of spans, where a morphism $A \rightsquigarrow B$ is given by a span $A \leftarrow C \rightarrow B$ in \mathcal{A} . We think of such a $A \rightsquigarrow B$ as a way of producing a (possibly non well-defined) term of B if one has given a term of A . And by the universal property of the quotient, such a $A \rightsquigarrow B$ comes from an actual morphism $A \rightarrow B$, iff 0_A is *necessarily* sent to 0_B . I formalized such synthetic diagram chases in Agda, without mentioning a single time the Ab-enrichment. One can equip these ideas with a frontend suggested by Ravi Vakil which makes it easy to do diagram chases and things like the snake lemma.
- I love to think about category theory. Currently, I am developing a calculus for canonical morphisms, aiming to answer the question: is there a canonical morphism $A \rightarrow B$ in a certain context, and if so, how does it look like? This work is grounded in the framework of fibered categories, and I have received helpful feedback from Paul Mellies and Denis-Charles Cisinski.

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