```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# vim: ts=2 sw=2 sts=2 et :
                                                                                                 i ... o ... ns ... ... ... ... ... ... ...
                                                 m
                                            n a
                 /sublime.py [OPTIONS]
(c)2022 Tim Menzies <timm@ieee.org>, BSD license
S.U.B.L.I.M.E. =
                 Sublime's unsupervised bifurcation: let's infer minimal explanations.
               OPTIONS:
                    -Max max numbers to keep :512
-Some find 'far' in this many egs :512
-cautious On any crash, stop+show stack: False
-data data file : data/autio93.csv
-enough min leaf size :5
-help show help :False
-far how far to look in 'Some' :9
-p distance coefficient :2
-seed random number seed :10019
-todo start up task :nothing
-xsmall Cohen's small effect :.35
               ## See Also
               [issues](https://github.com/timm/sublime/issues)
:: [repo](https://github.com/timm/sublime)
:: [view source](https://github.com/timm/sublime/blob/main/docs/pdf)
               |[](https://img.shields.io/badge/purpose-se—ai-blueviolet)
|[](https://img.shields.io/badge/language-python3-orange)
|[](https://img.shields.io/badge/platform-oxx,linux-pins)
|sal.brel=https://github.com/imm/sublime/actions/workflows/main.yml><img
sre=https://github.com/imm/sublime/actions/workflow/main.yml/badge.svg></a>
|[DOI](https://zenodo.org/badge/DOI/10.5281/zenodo.5912461.svg)](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.5912461)
Stochastic clustering to generate tiny models. Uses random projections to divide the space. Then, optionally, explain the clusters by unsupervised iterative dichotomization using ranges that most distinguish sibling clusters.
                                                                                  : [2110, 16.4, 30] <== best
: [2205, 16, 30]
                                                                       99
24: [2451, 16.5, 20
25: [3021, 15.5, 20
50
25: [3425, 17.6, 20
25: [3155, 16.7, 20
100
25: [4141, 13.5, 10
25: [4054, 13.2, 20
25: [4425, 11, 10]
25: [4129, 13, 10]
                                                                                  : [2451, 16.5, 20]
: [3021, 15.5, 20]
                                                                                  : [3425, 17.6, 20]
: [3155, 16.7, 20]
                                                                                   : [4141, 13.5, 10]
: [4054, 13.2, 20]
               ### Example2: as above but split on range that most divides data
```

```
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INCLUDING
NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS
SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

"""

import traceback, random, copy, math, sys, re
from typing import Any
```

```
def any(a:list) -> Any:
   "Return a random item."
   return a[anywhere(a)]
   def anywhere(a:list) -> int:
   "Return a random index of list 'a'."
   return random.randint(0, len(a)-1)
   big = sys.maxsize
   def atom(x):
    "Return a number or trimmed string."
         x=x.strip()
if x=="True" : return True
elif x=="False": return False
              try: return int(x)
except:
                  try: return float(x)
except: return x.strip()
except: return x.S.Lip()

def demo(do,all):
   "Maybe run a demo, if we want it, resetting random seed first."
   todo = dir(all)
   if do and do != "all":
        todo = [x for x in dir(all) if x.startswith(do)]
   for one in todo:
        fun = all.__dict__.get(one, "")
        if type(fun) == type(demo):
        random.seed(the.seed)
        doc = re.sub(r"\n\s+", "\n", fun.__doc__ or "")
        tyy:
        fun()
        print("PASS:", doc)
        except Exception as e:
        all.fails += 0
        if the.cautious: traceback.print_exc(); exit(1)
        else
        exit(all.fails)
    def file(f):
   "!terator. Returns one row at a time, as cells."
   with open(f) as fp:
      for line in fp:
      line = re.sub(r'([\n\t\r"\]|\#.*)', '', line)
      if line:
        yield [cell.strip() for cell in line.split(",")]
    def first(a:list) -> Any:
   "Return first item."
   return a[0]
   a = merged: = a.merge(b4[]fi]):

a = merged

i + 1 # we will continue, after missing one

now += [a]

# if 'now' is same size as 'b4', look for any other merges.

return b4 if len(now)==len(b4) else merge(now)
    class o(object):
        def r() -> float:
   "Return random number 0..1"
   return random.random()
     def rn(x:float, n=3) -> float:
   "Round a number to three decimals."
        "Round a number to three return round (x, n)
   def rN(a:list, n=3) -> list:
   "Round a list of numbers to three decimals."
   return [rn(x,n=n) for x in a]
   def second(a:list) -> Any:
   "Return second item."
   return a[1]
```

```
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                                    class Span(o):
    """Given two 'Sample's and some 'x' range 'lo.hi',
    a 'Span' holds often that range appears in each 'Sample'."""
    def __init__(i,col, lo, hi, ys=None,):
    i.col, i.lo, i.hi, i.ys = col, lo, hi, ys or Sym()
264
              def add(i, x:float, y:Any, inc=1) -> None:
   "'y' is a label identifying, one 'Sample' or another."
                    i.lo = min(x, i.lo)
i.hi = max(x, i.hi)
i.ys.add(y,inc)
              def merge(i, j): # -> Span | None
  "If the merged span is simpler, return that merge."
  a, b, c = i.ys, j.ys, i.ys.merge(j.ys)
  if (i.ys.n==0 or j.ys.n==0 or
    c.div()*.99 <= (a.n*a.div() + b.n*b.div())/(a.n + b.n)):
    return Span(i.col, min(i.lo,j.lo), max(i.hi,j.hi), ys=c)</pre>
              def selects(i,row:list) -> bool:
   "True if the range accepts the row."
   x = row[i.col.at]; return x=="?" or i.lo<=x and x<i.hi</pre>
             def support(i) -> float:
   "Returns() 1 "
                     "Returns 0..1."
return i.ys.n / i.col.n
              @statiomethod
def sort(spans: list) -> list:
    "Good spans have large support and low diversity."
divs, supports = Num(512), Num(512)
sn = lambda s: supports.norm(s.support())
dn = lambda s: divs.norm(s.ys.div())
f = lambda s: ((1 - sn(s))**2 + dn(s)**2)**.5/2**.5
for s in spans:
    divs.add(s.support())
    return sorted(spans, key=f)
                 \langle -|\langle -\rangle|
        class Col(o):
322
                 "Summarize columns."
              "Summarize columns."
def __init__(i,at=0,txt=""):
   i.n,i.at,i.txt,i.w=0,at,txt,(-1 if "-" in txt else 1)
              def dist(i,x:Any, y:Any) -> float:
  return 1 if x=="?" and y=="?" else i.dist1(x,y)
                  医切门
       class Sym(Col):
    "Summarize symbolic columns."
    def __init__(i,**kw):
        super().__init__(**kw)
        i.has, i.mode, i.most = {}, None, 0
              def add(i, x:str, inc:int=1) -> str:
  "Update symbol counts in 'has', updating 'mode' as we go."
  if x != "?":
    i.n += inc
    tmp = i.has[x] = inc + i.has.get(x,0)
    if tmp > i.most: i.most, i.mode = tmp, x
  return x
              def dist(i,x:str, y:str) ->float:
  "Distance between two symbols."
  return 0 if x==y else 1
               def div(i):
   "Return diversity of this distribution (using entropy)."
   p = lambda x: x / (IE-31 + i.n)
   return sum( -p(x) *math.log(p(x),2) for x in i.has.values() )
              def merge(i,j):
   "Merge two 'Sym's."
k = Sym(at=i.at, txt=i.txt)
for x,n in i.has.items(): k.add(x,n)
for x,n in j.has.items(): k.add(x,n)
return k
              def mid(i) -> Any:
   "Return central tendency of this distribution (using mode)."
   return i.mode
              def prep(i,x) -> Any:
   "Return 'x' as anything at all."
   return x
             def spans(i,j, _bins, out):
    """For each symbol in 'i' and 'j', count the
number of times we see in on either side."""
    xys = [(x, "this",n) for x,n in i.has.items()] + [
        (x, "that",n) for x,n in j.has.items()]
    one, last = None, None
    all = ell
                    one, last = None, None
all = []
for x,y,n in sorted(xys, key=first):
    if x != last:
        last = x
        one = Span(i, x,x)
    all += [one]
                    one.add(x,y,n)
if len(all) > 1 : out += all
```

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```
#
# |-,-\ |-||- |-,-\
# |-||- \\ \_,-\ |-||-
         class Num(Col):
    "Summarize numeric columns."
    def __init__(i,size,**kw):
        super().__init__(**kw)
        i._all, i.lo, i.hi, i.max, i.ok = [], 1E32, -1E32, size, False
                 def add(i,x: float ,inc=1):
    "Reservoir sampler. If '.all' is full, sometimes replace an item at random."
    if x != "?":
        i.n = inc
        i.lo = min(x,i.lo)
        i.hi = max(x,i.hi)
    if len(i._all) < i.max : i.ok=False; i._all += [x]
    elif r() < i.max/i.n: i.ok=False; i._all[anywhere(i._all)] = x
    return x</pre>
def all(i):
                         "Return '_all', sorted."
if not i.ok; i.ok=True; i._all.sort()
return i._all
                 def div(i):
    """Report the diversity of this distribution (using standard deviation).
kpm;2, 2,56, 3 σ is 66,90,95%, of the mass. 2σ. So one
standard deviation is (90-10)th divide by 2.4 times σ."""
    return (i.per(.9) - i.per(.1)) / 2.56
                 def merge(i,j):
   "Return two 'Num's."
   k = Num(i.max, at=i.at, txt=i.txt)
   for x in i.all: k.add(x)
   for x in j.all: k.add(x)
   return k
                  def mid(i):
   "Return central tendency of this distribution (using median)."
   return i.per(.5)
                  def norm(i,x):
   "Normalize "x' to the range 0..1."
   return 0 if i.hi-i.lo < 1E-9 else (x-i.lo)/(i.hi-i.lo)</pre>
                  def per(i,p:float=.5) -> float:
  "Return the p-th ranked item."
  a = i.all(); return a[ int(p*len(a)) ]
                  def prep(i,x):
   "Return x' as a float."
   return x if x=="?" else float(x)
               def spans(i, j, bins, out):
    """Divide the whole space 'lo' to 'hi' into, say, 'xsmall'=16 bin,
then count the number of times we the bin on other side.
Then merge similar adjacent bins.""
    lo = min(i,lo, j,lo)
    hi = max(i,hi, j,hi)
    gap (hi-lo) / bins
    xys = ((x, "this",l) for x in i._all] + [
        (x, "this",l) for x in j._all]
    one = Span(i,lo,lo)
    all = [one]
    for x,y,n in sorted(xys, key=first):
        if one hi - one lo > gap:
            one = Span(i, one hi,x)
        all += [one]
    one add(x,y,n)
                        all += [one]

one.add(x,y,n)

all = merge(all)

all[0].lo = -big

all[-1].hi = big

if len(all) > 1: out += all
          class Explain(o):
   "Tree with 'yes'.'no' branches for samples that do/do not match a 'span'."
   def __init__(i, here):
    i.here, i.span, i.yes, i.no = here, None, None, None
                  def show(i,pre=""):
                       ef show(i,pre=""):
    fnot pre:
        tmp= i.here.mid(i.here.y)
        print(f"(":40): [len(i.here.rows):5]: {tmp}")
    if i.yes:
        s=f"(pre}{i.span.show(True)"
        tmp= i.yes.here.mid(i.yes.here.y)
        print(f"(s:40): [len(i.yes.here.rows):5]: {tmp}")
        i.yes.show(pre + "|.")
    if i.no:
        s=f"(pre}{i.span.show(False)}"
        tmp= i.no.here.mid(i.no.here.y)
        print(f"(s:40): [len(i.no.here.rows):5]: {tmp}")
        i.no.show(pre + "|.")
                     alustar
            class Cluster(o):
    "Tree with 'left', 'right' samples, broken at median between far points."
    def __init__(i, here, x=None, y=None, c=None, mid=None):
        i.here, i.x, i.y, i.c, i.mid, i.left, i.right = here, x, y, c, mid, None, None
                         sr snow(1,pre="");
sr f"[prc:40]: [len(ihrer.ows):5]"
print(f"[s]" if i.left else f"[s] : (i.here.mid(i.here.y))")
for kid in [i.left,i.right]:
    if kid: kid.show(pre + "[.")
                     class Sample (o):
"Load, then manage, a set of examples."
                 def __init__(i, the, inits=[]):
    i.the = the
    i.rows, i.cols, i.x, i.y, i.klass = [], [], [], [], None
    if str ==type(inits): [i.add(row, True) for row in file(inits)]
    if list==type(inits): [i.add(row) for row in inits]
```

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                          where += [now]
if klassp(txt): i.klass = now
                                 return now
                          if i.cols: i.rows += [[col.add(pre(a,col)) for col in i.cols]]
else: i.cols = [col(at,txt) for at,txt in enumerate(a)]
                   def clone(i,inits=[]):
                          cotole(\( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) \( \) 
                          return out
                def cluster(i,top=None):
"""Split the data using random projections. Find the span that most separates the data. Divide data on that span."""
here = Cluster(i)
top = top or i
if len(i.rows) >= 2*(len(top.rows)**i.the.enough):
left,right,x,y,c,mid = i.half(top)
if len(left.rows) < len(i.rows):
here = Cluster(i,x,y,c,mid)
here.left = left.cluster(top)
here.right = right.cluster(top)
return here
                  def dist(i,x,y):
    d = sum( col.dist(x[col.at], y[col.at]) **i.the.p for col in i.x )
    return (d/len(i.x)) ** (1/i.the.p)
                  def div(i,cols=None):
   return [col.div() for col in (cols or i.all)]
                   def far(i, x, rows=None):
   tmp= sorted([(i.dist(x,y),y) for y in (rows or i.rows)],key=first)
   return tmp[ int(len(tmp)*i.the.far) ]
                   def half(i, top=None):
  "Using two faraway points'x,y' break data at median distance."
  some= i.rows if len(i.rows)<i.the.Some else random.choices(i.rows, k=the.Som</pre>
                       mid= len(tmp)//2
return i.clone(tmp[:mid]), i.clone(tmp[mid:]), x, y, c, tmp[mid]
                  def mid(i,cols=None):
   return [col.mid() for col in (cols or i.all)]
                  def proj(i,row,x,y,c):
    "Find the distance of a 'row' on a line between 'x' and 'y'."
    a = i.dist(row,x)
    b = i.dist(row,y)
    return (a**2 + c**2 - b**2) / (2*c)
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```

```
class Demos:
   "Possible start-up actions."
   fails=0
   def opt():
        "show the config."
        print(the)
              def seed():
   "seed"
   assert .494 <= r() <= .495</pre>
              def num():
   "check 'Num'."
                   "Check Num."
n = Num(512)
for _ in range(100): n.add(r())
assert .30 <= n.div() <= .31, "in range"
              def sym():
    "check 'Sym'."
    s = Sym'."
    s = Sym'."
    sasert 1.37 <= s.div() <= 1.38, "entropy"
    assert 1a' == s.mid(), "mode"</pre>
              def rows():
   "countrows in a file."
   assert 399 == len([row for row in file(the.data)])
              def sample():
    "sampling."
s = Sample(the, the.data)
print(the.data, len(s.rows))
assert 398 == len(s.rows),
    assert 249 == s.x[-1].has['1'], "symbol counts"
              def dist():
   "distance between rows"
   s = Sample (the, the.data)
   assert .84 <= s.dist(s.rows[1], s.rows[-1]) <= .842</pre>
              def clone():
    "cloning"
    s = Sample(the, the.data)
s1 = s.clone(s.rows)
d1,d2 = s.x[0].__dict__, s1.x[0].__dict__
for k,v in d1.items():
    assert d2[k] == v, "clone test"
              def half():
   "divide data in two"
   s = Sample (the, the.data)
   s1,s2,*_ = s.half()
   print(s1.mid(s1.y))
   print(s2.mid(s2.y))
              def cluster():
   "divide data in two"
   s = Sample(the, the.data)
   s.cluster().show(); print("")
              def xplain():
   "divide data in two"
   s = Sample(the, the.data)
   s.xplain().show(); print("")
         the=options(__doc__)
if __name__ == "__main__": demo(the.todo,Demos)
         Example class
```