```
  <img src="bingo.png" width=250 style="padding-left:20px;" align=right>
'bingo.py' reads a CSV file ('-f') then
(1) bins the rows into '-B' Bins along '-d' random projections; then
(2) actively learns by scoring '-a' random bins, then for '-b' iterations,
extrapolates from 2 examples to label best 'y'-guess; then
(3) '-c' top bin items are labeled for evaluation.
     Success here means that trees learned from (from 'a+b' labels) finds stuff as good as anything else (after seeing very few labels).
 bingo.py: stochastic landscape analysis for multi objective reasoning (c) 2025 Tim Menzies, <timm@ieee.org>. MIT license
 Ontions, with their (defaults):
   -B Bins number of bins (10)

-a a rows labelled at random during cold start (4)

-b b rows labelled while reflecting on labels seen so far (30)

-c c rows labels while testing the supposed best bin (5)

-d dims number of dimensions (4)

-f file csv file for data (./moot/optimize/misc/auto93.csv)

-G Got directory to cache downloaded data files (r/mp/moot)

-g get github repo storing example data files (timm/moot)

-k k Bayes hack for rare classes (1)

-m m Bayes hack for rare frequencies (2)

-p p minkowski coefficient (2)

-r rseed random number seed (1234567891)

-z zero ignore bins with zero items; 0=auto choose (0)

-h show help
    -B Bins number of bins (10)
  import urllib.request, random, math, sys, re, os
from tabulate import tabulate
 sys.dont_write_bytecode = True
pick = random.choice
picks = random.choices
BIG = 1E32
  ### Command-line
# Reset slots from CLI flags, matching on first letter of slot.
# e.g. '-f filel' sets 'd["file"]' to 'filel'. If current value is a bolean then
# flags reverse old value. e.g. '-v 'negates (e.g.) 'd["verbose"]=False'.
# String to thing
def coerce(x):
  for what in (int, float):
    try: return what(x)
    except Exception: pass
    x = x.strip()
    y = x.lower()
    return (y == "true") if y in ("true", "false") else x
 def eg_h():
      print (__doc__, "\nExamples:")
       ### Settings -----
# Structs with named fields + pretty print.
class 0:
       \# Parse the '_doc__' string to generate 'the' config variable. the= o(**[m[1]: coerce [m[2]) for m in re.finditer(r"-\w+\s+(\w+)[^\(|^2\(\beta^*([^]+)]+\beta^*)]", __doc__) })
 def eg__the() -> None:
   "Print the configuration."
   print(the)
```

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```
### Read
def csv(s):
with open(webdata(s) or s, 'r', newline='', encoding='utf-8') as f:
    with open(webdata(s) or s, 'r', newline='', encoding='utf-8') as f:
    for line in f:
    yield [coerce(s) for s in line.strip().split(',')]

def webdata(fn):
    if fn.startswith(the.get):
    cdir = os.path.expanduser(the.Got)
    os.makedirs(cdir, exist_ok=True)
    lfn = fn[len(the.get)+1:]
    lpath = os.path.join(cdir, lfn)
    if not os.path.exists(lpath):
        rurl = f*https://github.com/(the.get)/hrec/master/[fn]*
        urllib.request.urlretrieve(rurl, lpath)

return lpath

def eg__csv():
    "Printcsv data."
    m = 0
    for n,row in enumerate(csv(the.file)):
    if n>0: assert int is type(row[0])
    m += len(row)
    if n$50=0: print(n,row)
    assert m==3192

def eg__cols():
    "Printcsv data."
    cols = (lbs,acc,mpg) = Cols( next(csv(the.file))).y
    assert mpg.heaven==1 and lbs.heaven==0 and acc.at==6
    [print(cat(col)) for col in cols]
```

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def project(data, row, a, b): # -> 0,1,2 .. the.bins-1
D = lambda row1, row2: xdist(data, row1, row2)
c = D(a,b)
if c==0: return 0
return (D(row, a)**2 + c**2 - D(row, b)**2) / (2 * c * c)

def bucket(data, row, a,b):
return min(int( project(data, row, a,b) * the.bins), the.bins - 1)

def extrapolate(data, row, a,b):
ya, yb = ydist(data, a), ydist(data,b)
return ya + project(data, row, a,b) * (yb - ya)

def poles(data): # -> List[Row]
r0, *some = picks(data.rows, k=the.some + 1)
out = [max(some, key=lambda r1: xdist(data.r1, r0))]
for _ in range(the.dims):
out += [max(some, key=lambda r2: sum(xdist(data,r1,r2) for r1 in out))]
return out

def sln(data, corners): # -> Dict[Tuple, List[Row]]
buckets = {}
for row in data.rows:
    k = tuple(bucket(row, a, b) for a, b in zip(corners, corners[1:]))
buckets[k] = buckets.get(k) or clone(data)
    add(buckets[k], row)
return buckets

def neighbors(c, hi):
    def op(i, p):
    if i = len(c):
        t = tuple(p)
        if t != c and all(0 <= x < hi for x in t):
        yield t
else:
        for d in [-1, 0, 1]:
        yield from go(0, [])</pre>
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375
376 def selects(row, op, at, y): x=row[at]; return x=="?" or ops[op](x,y)
def _num(num):
                         ef _num(num):
    out, b4, lhs, rhs = None, None, Klass(), Klass()
    xys = [(r[num.at], add(rhs, Y(r))) for r in rows if r[num.at] != "?"]
    xpect = div(rhs)
    for x, y in sorted(xys, key=lambda xy: x[0]):
        if x != b4:
        if the leaf <= lhs.n <= len(xys) - the.leaf:
            tmp = (lhs.n * div(lhs) + rhs.n * div(rhs)) / len(xys)
            if tmp < xpect:
            xpect, out = tmp, [("<=", num.at, b4), (">", num.at, b4)]
        add(lhs, sub(rhs,y))
        b4 = x
                          b4 = x
if out:
                                 return o(div=xpect, hows=out)
                   return (_sym if col.it is Sym else _num) (col)
        def tree(data, Klass=Num, Y=None, how=None):
    Y = Y or (lambda row: ydist(data,row))
    data.kids = []
    data.how = how
    data.ys = Num(Y(row) for row in data.rows)
    if data.n >= the.leaf:
        tmp = [x for c in data.cols.x if (x := cuts(c,data.rows,Y,Klass=Klass))]
    if tmp:
        for howl in sorted(tmp, key=lambda cut: cut.div)[0].hows:
        rows1 = [row for row in data.rows if selects(row, *howl)]
        if the.leaf <= len(rows1) < data.n:
        data.kids += [tree(clone(data,rows1), Klass, Y, howl)]
    return data</pre>
            def nodes(data1, lvl=0, key=None):
    yield lvl, data1
    for data2 in (sorted(data1.kids, key=key) if key else data1.kids):
        yield from nodes(data2, lvl + 1, key=key)
            def leaf(data1,row):
    for data2 in data1.kids or []:
        if selects(row, *data2.decision):
        return leaf(data2, row)
    return data1
         def show(data, key=lambda z:z.ys.mu):
    stats = data.ys
    win = lambda x: 100-int(100*(x-stats.lo)/(stats.mu - stats.lo))
    print(f*"(d2h:>4) {win:>4} {n:>4} ")
    print(f*"(--:>4) {--:>4} {--:>4} ")
    for lv1, node in nodes(data, key=key):
        leafp = len(node.kids) == 0
        post = "," if leafp else ""
        xplain = ""
    if lv1 > 0:
        op,at,y = node.decision
        xplain = f*"(data.obs.all[al].tx1 {op} {y}"
    print(f*"node.ys.mu:4.2f} {win(node.ys.mu):4} {node.n:4} {(lvl-1)*'| '}{xplain}" + post)
```

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