

```
1 #!/usr/bin/env python3
2 """
3 bing1.py: tiny AI multi objective, explainable, AI
4 (c) 2025 Tim Menzies, <timmm@ieee.org>, MIT license
5
6 Options, with (defaults):
7
8 -f file      : data name (<./mode/optimize/misc/aut93.csv>)
9 -f rsced     : set random number rsced (123456781)
10 -F Few       : a few rows to explore (64)
11 -l leaf      : tree learning: min leaf size (2)
12 -p p         : distance calcs: set Minkowski coefficient (2)
13
14 Bayes:
15 -k k         : bayes hack for rare classes (1)
16 -m m         : bayes hack for rare attributes (2)
17
18 Active learning:
19 -A Acq       : exploit or xplore or adapt (xploit)
20 -s start     : guesses, initial (4)
21 -S Stop      : guesses, max (20)
22 -G Guess     : division test and rest (0.5)
23
24 Stats:
25 -B Boost     : significance threshold (0.95)
26 -b bootstrap : num. bootstrap samples (512)
27 -C Cliffs    : effect size threshold (0.197)
28 ***
29
30 import traceback, random, math, sys, re
31 sys.dont_write_bytecode = True
32
33 ### Sample data -----
34
35 EXAMP1LE=""""
36 Max_spout, hashing, Splitters, Counters, Throughput+, Latency-
37 l , off , 1 , 1 , 4253.3 , 2.5621
38 l , on , 1 , 3 , 4160.1 , 2.6057
39 l , off , 1 , 6 , 4089.5 , 2.55
40 l , on , 1 , 9 , 4156.9 , 2.5688
41 l , on , 1 , 12 , 4013.8 , 2.5474
42 l , off , 1 , 15 , 4194.1 , 2.5676
43 l , on , 1 , 18 , 3964.2 , 2.5503
44 l , off , 2 , 1 , 4294.7 , 4.7793
45 l , on , 2 , 3 , 4343.6 , 2.381
46 l , off , 2 , 6 , 4423.6 , 2.3538
47 l , on , 2 , 9 , 4369.9 , 2.4306
48 l , off , 2 , 12 , 4288.1 , 2.3965
49 l , on , 2 , 15 , 4291.2 , 2.4662
50 l , off , 2 , 18 , 4236.2 , 2.4647
51 l , on , 3 , 1 , 4980.3 , 2.1598
52 l , off , 3 , 3 , 5058.6 , 3.5506
53 l , on , 3 , 6 , 4836.7 , 2.1283
54 l , off , 3 , 9 , 4786.9 , 2.1468
55 l , on , 3 , 12 , 4528.8 , 3.0158
56 l , off , 3 , 15 , 4767.6 , 2.2173
57 l , on , 3 , 18 , 4949.1 , 2.1277
58 l , off , 6 , 1 , 4904.2 , 2.1626
59 l , on , 6 , 3 , 5151 , 2.0815
60 l , off , 6 , 6 , 4847.1 , 2.1376
61 l , on , 6 , 9 , 4891.9 , 2.1503
62 l , off , 6 , 12 , 4871 , 2.2277
63 l , on , 6 , 15 , 4645.8 , 2.1468
64 l , off , 6 , 18 , 4688.1 , 2.2277
65 l , on , 1 , 1 , 8226.1 , 13.733
66 l , off , 1 , 3 , 12697 , 9.2121
67 l , on , 1 , 6 , 14870 , 8.1247
68 l , off , 1 , 9 , 14807 , 7.5491
69 l , on , 1 , 12 , 15374 , 7.1335
70 l , off , 1 , 15 , 16019 , 7.3717
71 l , on , 1 , 18 , 15103 , 7.3965
72 l , off , 2 , 1 , 7006.2 , 15.859
73 l , on , 2 , 3 , 14169 , 8.1471
74 l , off , 2 , 6 , 18462 , 6.481
75 l , on , 2 , 9 , 18652 , 6.2867
76 l , off , 2 , 12 , 20233 , 5.7394
77 l , on , 2 , 15 , 19505 , 5.6023
78 l , off , 2 , 18 , 19335 , 5.641
79 l , on , 3 , 1 , 8219.4 , 13.865
80 l , off , 3 , 3 , 14591 , 7.6695
81 l , on , 3 , 6 , 15736 , 7.2508
82 l , off , 3 , 9 , 17161 , 6.5827
83 l , on , 3 , 12 , 17130 , 6.2694
84 l , off , 3 , 15 , 17209 , 6.2798
85 l , on , 3 , 18 , 16140 , 7.2048
86 l , off , 6 , 1 , 7524.2 , 13.959
87 l , on , 6 , 3 , 16238 , 7.0838
88 l , off , 6 , 6 , 20489 , 5.2988
89 l , on , 6 , 9 , 20066 , 5.0202
90 l , off , 6 , 12 , 19528 , 4.9185
91 l , on , 6 , 15 , 19157 , 5.0006
92 l , off , 6 , 18 , 18380 , 5.0711
93 l , on , 1 , 1 , 8511.2 , 12.52
94 l , off , 1 , 3 , 15515 , 7.5825
95 l , on , 1 , 6 , 16264 , 6.1409
96 l , off , 1 , 9 , 18652 , 6.2108
97 l , on , 1 , 12 , 20872 , 5.5886
98 l , off , 1 , 15 , 19875 , 5.3539
99 l , on , 1 , 18 , 20121 , 5.6687
100 l , off , 2 , 1 , 8746 , 117.57
101 l , on , 2 , 3 , 18568 , 65.437
102 l , off , 2 , 6 , 20814 , 53.103
103 l , on , 2 , 9 , 24962 , 43.247
104 l , off , 2 , 12 , 26373 , 40.169
105 l , on , 2 , 15 , 25948 , 46.001
106 l , off , 2 , 18 , 25565 , 39.447
107 l , on , 3 , 1 , 8465.1 , 132.78
108 l , off , 3 , 3 , 16941 , 65.185
109 l , on , 3 , 6 , 20045 , 58
110 l , off , 3 , 9 , 21448 , 54.396
111 l , on , 3 , 12 , 20821 , 56.731
112 l , off , 3 , 15 , 23240 , 51.463
113 l , on , 3 , 18 , 21234 , 53.927
114 l , off , 6 , 1 , 9214.4 , 116.13
115 l , on , 6 , 3 , 20359 , 55.501
116 l , off , 6 , 6 , 21587 , 48.702
117 l , on , 6 , 9 , 23142 , 37.915
118 l , off , 6 , 12 , 24892 , 41.478
119 l , on , 6 , 15 , 23675 , 32.286
120 l , off , 6 , 18 , 22884 , 33.092
121 l , on , 1 , 1 , 10358 , 1063.6
122 l , off , 1 , 3 , 20050 , 553.74
123 l , on , 1 , 6 , 23015 , 511.62
124 l , off , 1 , 9 , 24910 , 467.36
125 l , on , 1 , 12 , 21808 , 470.82
126 l , off , 1 , 15 , 23497 , 439.15
127 l , on , 1 , 18 , 24392 , 419.91
128 l , off , 2 , 1 , 8666.8 , 123.5
129 l , on , 2 , 3 , 22289 , 518.71
130 l , off , 2 , 6 , 25805 , 463.33
131 l , on , 2 , 9 , 28129 , 398.1
132 l , off , 2 , 12 , 32599 , 352.68
133 l , on , 2 , 15 , 33549 , 321.53
134 l , off , 2 , 18 , 32815 , 341.28
135 l , on , 3 , 1 , 9973.9 , 1105.8
136 l , off , 3 , 3 , 19036 , 595.91
137
138 """
```

```
139
140 ### Utils -----
141
142 ##### Shortcuts
143 big = 1822
144 pick = random.choice
145 picks = random.choices
146
147 ##### Shuffle
148 def shuffle(lst):
149     random.shuffle(lst)
150     return lst
151
152 ### Read iterators.
153
154 # Iterate over lines in a file.
155 def doc(file):
156     with open(file, 'r', newline='', encoding='utf-8') as f:
157         for line in f: yield line
158
159 # Iterate over lines in a string.
160 def lines(s):
161     for line in s.splitlines(): yield line
162
163 # Iterate over rows read from lines.
164 def csv(src):
165     for line in src:
166         if line: yield (atom(s) for s in line.strip().split(','))
167
168 ##### Coerce
169
170 # String to thing
171 def atom(x):
172     for what in (int, float):
173         try: return what(x)
174         except Exception: pass
175     x = x.strip()
176     y = x.lower()
177     return (y == "true") if y in ("true", "false") else x
178
179 # Thing to string.
180 def cat(v):
181     lt = type(v)
182     lnt = float('inf')
183     if lt is list: return "[" + " ".join(map(cat, v)) + "]"
184     if lt is float: return str(int(v)) if lnt-vcv<inf and v==int(v) else f"[{v:3g}]"
185     if lt is dict: return cat([f"{k}:{cat(w)}" for k, w in v.items()])
186     if lt in (type(abs), type(cat)): return v.____ + '()'
187     return str(v)
188
189 # Table pretty print (aligns columns).
190 def report(rows, head, dec=2):
191     w=[0]*len(head)
192     Str = lambda x : f"{x:dec[f] if type(x) is float else str(x)}"
193     say = lambda w,x : f"[{x:w}]{dec[f] if type(x) is float else f"[{x:w}]]"
194     says = lambda row : "[".join([say(w1, x) for w1, x in zip(w, row)])
195     w = [max(b4, len(Str(x))) for b4,x in zip(w,row)]
196     print(says(head))
197     print("\n".join(f"--{w} for w1 in w])" for w1 in w])
198     for row in rows: print(says(row))
199
200 ##### Simple Classes
201
202 # Easy inits. Can print itself.
203 class o:
204     __init__ = lambda i, **d: i.__dict__.update(**d)
205     __repr__ = lambda i: cat(i.__dict__)
206
207 ##### Demos 4 Utils
208 def eg_csv():
209     " : pretty print a struct"
210     print(o(name="alan", age=41, p=math.pi))
211
212 def eg_csv_():
213     " : show string -> csv"
214     s,n = 0,0
215     for i,row in enumerate(csv(lines(EXAMPLE))):
216         if not i % 20: print(row)
217         assert len(row)==6
218         if type(row[0]) is str: s += 1
219         if type(row[0]) in (int,float): n += 1
220     assert s==1 and n==100
221
```

```
222
223 ### Structs -----
224
225 # Summary of numeric columns.
226 def Num(inits=[],at=0,txt="", rank=0):
227     return adds(o(it=Num,
228                 n=0,          ## items seen
229                 at=at,        ## column position
230                 txt=txt,      ## column name
231                 mu=0,         ## mean
232                 sd=0,         ## standard deviation
233                 m2=0,         ## second moment
234                 ht=-big,      ## biggest seen
235                 lo=big,       ## smallest seen
236                 heaven=(0 if txt[-1] == "-" else 1), ## 0,1 = minimize,maximize
237                 rank=rank ## used by stats, ignored otherwise
238                 ), inits)
239
240 # Summary of symbolic columns.
241 def Sym( inits=[], at=0, txt="" ):
242     return adds(o(it=Sym,
243                 n=0,          ## items see
244                 at=at,        ## column position
245                 txt=txt,      ## column name
246                 has=()        ## counts of symbols seen
247                 ), inits)
248
249 # Factory. <br> List[Str] -> Dict[Str, List[ Sym | Num ]]
250 def Cols(names):
251     all,x,y = [],[],[]
252     for c,s in enumerate(names):
253         all += [Num if s[0].isupper() else Sym](at=c, txt=s)]
254         if s[-1] != "x":
255             (y if s[-1] in "+=" else x).append(all[-1])
256     return o(it=Cols,
257             names=names, ## all the column names
258             all=all,     ## all the columns
259             x=x,          ## also, independent columns stored here
260             y=y)         ## also, dependent columns stored here
261
262 # Data stores rows and columns.
263 def Data(inits):
264     inits = iter(inits)
265     return adds( o(it=Data,
266                 _rows=[],      ## rows
267                 cols=Cols(next(inits)) ## columns (which summarize the rows)
268                 ), inits)
269
270 def clone(data, rows=[]):
271     return Data([data.cols.names]+rows)
272
273 ##### Demos 4 Structs
274 def eg_cols_():
275     " : List[Str] -> columns"
276     cols = Cols(["name", "Age", "Salary"])
277     for what,ist in ("A", cols.x), ("y", cols.y)):
278         print("u="+what)
279         [print("u="+cat(once) for one in ist)]
280
```

```

280 ### Update -----
281
282 # Add 'v' to 'l'. Skip unknowns ("?"), return v.
283 def add(i,v, inc=1, purge=False): # -> v
284     _sym(sym,s): sym.has[s] = inc + sym.has.get(s,0)
285
286 def _data(data,row):
287     if inc < 0:
288         if purge: data._rows.remove(v)
289         [sub(col, row[col.at], inc) for col in data.cols.all]
290     else:
291         data._rows += [row] # update rows
292         [add(col, row[col.at],inc) for col in data.cols.all] # update columns
293
294 def _num(num,n):
295     num.lo = min(n, num.lo)
296     num.hi = max(n, num.hi)
297     if inc < 0 and num.n < 2:
298         num.sd = num.m2 = num.mu = num.n = 0
299     else:
300         d = n - num.mu
301         num.mu += inc * (d / num.n)
302         num.m2 += inc * (d * (n - num.mu))
303         num.sd = 0 if num.n < 2 else num.m2/(num.n - 1) ** .5
304
305 if v != "?":
306     i.n += inc
307     (_num if i.it is Num else _sym if i.it is Sym else _data)(i,v)
308     return v
309
310 # Subtraction means add, with a negative increment
311 def sub(i,v, purge=False):
312     return add(i, v, inc=-1, purge=purge)
313
314 # Bulk additions
315 def adds(i, src):
316     [add(i,x) for x in src]; return i
317
318 ### Query
319
320 # Middle tendency.
321 def mid(l):
322     _mode = lambda: max(i.has,key=i.has.get)
323     return i.mu if i.it is Num else (
324         _mode() if i.it is Sym else ([mid(col) for col in i.cols.all]))
325
326 # Spread around middle tendency.
327 def spread(i):
328     _ent = lambda: -sum(p*math.log(p,2) for n in i.has.values() if (p:=n/i.n) > 0)
329     return i.sd if i.it is Num else (
330         _ent() if i.it is Sym else ([spread(col) for col in i.cols.all]))
331
332 # Map v -> (0..1) for lo..hi.
333 def norm(num,v):
334     return v if v=="?" else (v-num.lo) / (num.hi-num.lo + 1/big)
335
336 ### Demos 4 Update
337 def eg_nums(_):
338     " .: nums -> summary"
339     num=Num([random.gauss(10,2) for _ in range(1000)])
340     assert 10 < mid(num) < 10.2 and 2 < spread(num) < 2.1
341
342 def eg_sym(_):
343     " .: chun -> summary"
344     sym = Sym("aaabbb")
345     assert "a"==mid(sym) and 1.3 < spread(sym) < 1.4
346
347 def eg_data(file):
348     " .: csv data -> data"
349     data = Data(csv(doc(file) if file else lines(EXAMPLE)))
350     print(data.n)
351     print("X"); [print(" ",col) for col in data.cols.x]
352     print("Y"); [print(" ",col) for col in data.cols.y]
353
354 def eg_addSub(file):
355     " .: demo row addition / deletion"
356     data1 = Data(csv(doc(file) if file else lines(EXAMPLE)))
357     data2 = clone(data1)
358     for row in data1._rows:
359         add(data2,row)
360     if len(data2._rows)==100:
361         mids = mid(data2)
362         spreads = spread(data2)
363     for row in data1._rows[1:-1]:
364         if len(data2._rows)==100:
365             assert mids == mid(data2)
366             assert spreads == spread(data2)
367     return
368     sub(data2, row)
369
370

```

```

371
372 ### Distance -----
373
374 # Return pth root of the sum of the distances raises to p.
375 def minkowski(src):
376     d, n = 0, 1/big
377     for x in src:
378         n += 1
379         d += x**the.p
380     return (d / n)**(1 / the.p)
381
382 # Distance to heaven.
383 def ydist(data, row):
384     return minkowski(abs(norm(c, row[c.at]) - c.heaven) for c in data.cols.y)
385
386 # Sort rows by distance to heaven.
387 def ysort(data,rows=None):
388     return sorted(rows or data._rows, key=lambda row: ydist(data,row))
389
390 # Distance between independent attributes.
391 def xdist(data, row1, row2):
392     def _aha(col,u,v):
393         if u=="?" and v=="?": return 1
394         if col.it is Sym: return u!=v
395         u = norm(col,u)
396         v = norm(col,v)
397         u = u if u != "?" else (0 if v > .5 else 1)
398         v = v if v != "?" else (0 if u > .5 else 1)
399         return abs(u - v)
400     return minkowski(_aha(c, row1[c.at], row2[c.at]) for c in data.cols.x)
401
402 # K-means plus plus: k points, usually D^2 distance from each other.
403 def kpp(data, k=None, rows=None):
404     " k = k or the.Stop"
405     row, _rows = shuffle(rows or data._rows)
406     some = rows[:the.Few]
407     centroids = [row]
408     for _ in range(1, k):
409         dists = [min(xdist(data,x,y)**2 for y in centroids) for x in some]
410         r = random.random() * sum(dists)
411         for j, d in enumerate(dists):
412             if r <= d:
413                 centroids.append(some.pop(j))
414                 break
415     return centroids
416
417 ### Demos 4 Dist
418 def eg_dist(file):
419     " .: demo data distances"
420     data = Data(csv(doc(file) if file else lines(EXAMPLE)))
421     row1 = data._rows[0]
422     assert all(0 <= xdist(data,row1,row2) <= 1 for row2 in data._rows)
423     assert all(0 <= ydist(data,row2) <= 1 for row2 in data._rows)
424     lst = ysort(data)
425     [print(round(ydist(data,row,2), row) for row in lst[3:] + lst[-3:])]
426
427 def eg_line(file):
428     " .: demo data distances"
429     data = Data(csv(doc(file) if file else lines(EXAMPLE)))
430     line = lambda: ydist(data, ysort(data,kpp(data))[0])
431     print(cat(sorted((line(i) for _ in range(20)))))
432
433

```

```

434
435 ### Bayes -----
436
437 # How probable is it that 'v' belongs to a column?
438 def pdf(col,v, prior=0):
439     if col.it is Sym:
440         return (col.has.get(s,0) + the.m*prior) / (col.n + the.m + 1/big)
441     sd = col.sd or 1 / big
442     var = 2 * sd * sd
443     z = (v - col.mu) / sd
444     return min(1, max(0, math.exp(-z) / (2 * math.pi * var) ** 0.5))
445
446 # Report how much 'data' like 'row'.
447 def like(data, row, nall=2, nh=100):
448     prior = (data.n + the.k) / (nall + the.k*nh)
449     tmp = [pdf(c,row[c.at],prior) for c in data.cols.x if row[c.at] != "?"]
450     return sum(math.log(n) for n in tmp + [prior] if n>0)
451
452 # Return the 'data' in 'datas' that likes 'row' the most.
453 def likes(datas, row):
454     n = sum(data.n for data in datas)
455     return max(datas, key=lambda data: like(data, row, n, len(datas)))
456
457 # Split rows to best,rest. Label row that's e.g. max best/rest. Repeat.
458 def acquires(data):
459     def _acquire(B, r, acq="xplot", p=1):
460         B,r = math.e**B, math.e**r
461         q = 0 if acq=="xplot" else (1 if acq=="xplot" else 1-p)
462         return (B + r*q) / abs(B*q - r + 1/big)
463     def _guess(row):
464         return _acquire(like(best,row,n,2), like(rest,row,n,2), the.Acq, n/the.Stop)
465     n = random.shuffle(data._rows)
466     bestrest = [the.Start]
467     todo = data._rows[n:]
468     bestrest = clone(data, data._rows[:n])
469     done = ysort(bestrest)
470     cut = round(n**the.Guess)
471     best = clone(data, done[:cut])
472     rest = clone(data, done[cut:])
473     while len(todo) > 2 and n < the.Stop:
474         p = 1
475         hi, *lo = sorted(todo[:the.Few*2], #if only sort a few then 100 times faster
476             key=_guess, reverse=True)
477         add(bestrest, add(best, hi))
478         best._rows = ysort(bestrest)
479         if len(best._rows) >= round(n**the.Guess):
480             add(rest, # if incremental update, runs 100 times faster
481                 sub(best, best._rows.pop(-1)))
482         return (best+best, rest+rest, rest+todo)
483
484 ### Demos 4 Bayes
485 def eg_bayes(file):
486     " .: demo bayes"
487     data = Data(csv(doc(file) if file else lines(EXAMPLE)))
488     print(cat(sorted([(like(data,row,2,1000) for row in data._rows[:10])]))))
489
490 def eg_lite(file):
491     " .: demo active learning"
492     data = Data(csv(doc(file) if file else lines(EXAMPLE)))
493     b4 = [ydist(data, row) for row in data._rows[:18]]
494     now = [ydist(data, acquires(data).best._rows[0]) for _ in range(12)]
495     print((b4+sorted(b4)))
496     print((now+sorted(now)))
497
498

```

```

500 ### Tree -----
501 # ge, eq, gt
502 ops = {'<': lambda x,y: x < y,
503        '==': lambda x,y: x == y,
504        '>': lambda x,y: x > y}
505
506 # select a row
507 def select(row, op, at, y): x=row[at]; return x==y or ops[op](x,y)
508
509 # what cuts most reduces spread?
510 def _sym(sym):
511     n,d = 0, {}
512     for row in rows:
513         if (x := row[sym.at]) != "":
514             n = n + 1
515             d[x] = d.get(x, 0) + 1
516     add(d[x], Y(row))
517     return (div = sum(c./n * spread(c) for c in d.values()),
518           hows = [(f"{c}={sym.at}, {k} for k,v in d.items())])
519
520 def _num(num):
521     out, b4, lhs, rhs = None, None, Klass(), Klass()
522     xys = [(r[num.at], add(rhs, Y(r))) for r in rows if r[num.at] != ""]
523     xpect = rhs.sd
524     for x, y in sorted(xys, key=lambda xy: xy[0]):
525         if x != b4:
526             if the.leaf <= lhs.n <= len(xys) - the.leaf:
527                 tmp = (lhs.n * lhs.sd + rhs.n * rhs.sd) / len(xys)
528                 if tmp < xpect:
529                     xpect, out = tmp, [(f"{c}=", num.at, b4), (f"{c}=", num.at, b4)]
530             add(lhs, sub(rhs,y))
531             b4 = x
532         if out:
533             return (div=xpect, hows=out)
534
535     return (_sym if col.it is Sym else _num)(col)
536
537 # Split data on best cut. Recurse on each split.
538 def tree(data, Klass=Num, Y=None, how=None):
539     Y = Y or (lambda row: ydist(data,row))
540     data.kids = []
541     data.how = how
542     data.y = Num(Y(row) for row in data._rows)
543     if data.n >= the.leaf:
544         tmp = [x for c in data.cols.x if (x := cuts(c,data._rows,Y,Klass=Klass))]
545         if tmp:
546             for howl in sorted(tmp, key=lambda cut: cut.div)[0].hows:
547                 row1 = [row for row in data._rows if select(row, howl)]
548                 if the.leaf <= len(row1) < data.n:
549                     data.kids += [tree(clone(data,row1), Klass, Y, howl)]
550     return data
551
552 # Iterate over all nodes.
553 def nodes(datal, lvl=0, key=None):
554     yield lvl, datal
555     for data2 in (sorted(datal.kids, key=key) if key else datal.kids):
556         yield from nodes(data2, lvl + 1, key=key)
557
558 # Return leaf selected by row.
559 def leaf(datal, row):
560     for data2 in datal.kids or []:
561         if select(row, *data2.how):
562             return leaf(data2, row)
563     return datal
564
565 # Pretty print a tree
566 def show(data, key=lambda x: x.y.mu):
567     stats = data.y
568     win = lambda x: 100-int(100*(x-stats.lo)/(stats.mu - stats.lo))
569     print(f"[{d2h:~4}] [win:~4] [n:~4] ")
570     print(f"[{l:~4}] [l:~4] [l:~4] [l:~4] ")
571     for lvl, node in nodes(data, key=key):
572         leafp = len(node.kids)==0
573         post = "" if leafp else ""
574         xplain = ""
575         if lvl > 0:
576             op,at,y = node.how
577             xplain = f"(data.col.all[at][op] [y])"
578             indent = (lvl - 1) * " "
579             print(f"[{node.y.mu:4.2f}] [win(node.y.mu):4] [node.n:4] "
580                   f"{indent}[xplain][post]")
581
582
583 ### Demos 4 Tree
584 def eg__tree(file):
585     "demo tree learning"
586     data = Data(csv(doc(file) if file else lines(EXAMPLE)))
587     show(tree(data))
588

```

```

599 ### Stats -----
600
601 # Non-parametric significance test from Chp20,doi.org/10.1201/9780429246593.
602 # Distributions are the same if, often, we 'see' differences just by chance.
603 # We center both samples around the combined mean to simulate
604 # what data might look like if vals1 and vals2 came from the same population.
605 def bootstrap(vals1, vals2):
606     _see = lambda l,j: abs((l.mu - j.mu) / ((l.sd**2/l.n + j.sd**2/j.n)**.5 + 1/big))
607     x,y,z = Num(vals1+vals2), Num(vals1), Num(vals2)
608     yhat = [(y1 - mid(y) + mid(x) for y1 in vals1
609             zhat = [(z1 - mid(z) + mid(x) for z1 in vals2]
610     n = 0
611     for _ in range(the.bootstrap):
612         n += Num(picks(yhat, k=len(yhat))) > _see(y,z)
613         Num(picks(zhat, k=len(zhat))) > _see(y,z)
614     return n / the.bootstrap >= (1 - the.Boot)
615
616 # Non-parametric effect size from Tbl of doi.org/10.3102/1076986025002101
617 def cliffs(vals1,vals2):
618     n1,gt = 0,0,0
619     for x in vals1:
620         for y in vals2:
621             n1 += 1
622             if x > y: gt += 1
623             if x < y: lt += 1
624     return abs((lt - gt)/n < the.Cliffs # 0.197) #med=-.28, small=-.11
625
626 # Recursive bi-cluster of treatments. Stops when splits are the same.
627 def scottKnot(rxs, eps=0, reverse=False):
628     _same(a,b): return cliffs(a,b) and bootstrap(a,b)
629     _flat(rxs): return [x for x in rxs if x in rxs]
630
631 def _cut(rxs):
632     out, most = None, 0
633     n1 = s1 = 0
634     s2 = s2 = sum(s for _,s,_ in rxs)
635     n2 = n2 = sum(n for _,n,_ in rxs)
636     for i, (n1,s1,n2) in enumerate(rxs):
637         if i > 0:
638             m0, m1, m2 = s0/n0, s1/n1, s2/n2
639             if abs(m1 - m2) > eps:
640                 if (tmp := (n1*abs(m1 - m0) + n2*abs(m2 - m0)) / (n1 + n2)) > most:
641                     most, out = tmp, i
642             n1, s1, n2, s2 = n1+n, s1+s, n2+n, s2+s
643     return out
644
645 def _div(rxs, rank=0):
646     if len(rxs) > 1:
647         if (cut := _cut(rxs)):
648             left, right = rxs[cut], rxs[cut:]
649             if not _same(left, right):
650                 return _div(right, _div(left,rank)+1)
651     for row in rxs: row.rank = rank
652     return rank
653
654 rxs = [(Num(a,txt=k, rank=0), len(a), sum(a), a) for k,a in rxs.items())]
655 rxs.sort(key=lambda x: x[0].mu, reverse=reverse)
656 _div(rxs)
657 return (num.txt: num for num,_,_,_ in rxs)
658
659 ### Demos 4 Stats
660 def eg__stats():
661     "cliffs vs bootstrap demo"
662     c(b): return 1 if b else 0
663     b1 = [random.gauss(1,1) + random.gauss(10,1)**0.5 for _ in range(59)]
664     d=0.5
665     while d < 1.5:
666         now = [x+d*random.random() for x in b4]
667         b1 = cliffs(b4,now)
668         b2 = bootstrap(b4,now)
669         print(o(agree=c(b1==b2), cliffs=c(b1), boot=c(b2),d=d))
670         d += 0.05
671
672 def eg__rank():
673     "demp. Scott-Knott ranking distributions"
674     n=100
675     rxs=dict(asIs = [random.gauss(10,1) for _ in range(n)],
676             copy1 = [random.gauss(20,1) for _ in range(n)],
677             now1 = [random.gauss(20,1) for _ in range(n)],
678             copy2 = [random.gauss(40,1) for _ in range(n)],
679             now2 = [random.gauss(40,1) for _ in range(n)])
680     [print(o(rank=num.rank, mu=num.mu)) for num in scottKnott(rxs).values()]
681
682 def eg__rank2():
683     "check if Scott-Knott handles 2 distributions"
684     n=100
685     rxs=dict(asIs = [random.gauss(10,1) for _ in range(n)],
686             copy1 = [random.gauss(20,1) for _ in range(n)])
687     [print(o(rank=num.rank, mu=num.mu)) for num in scottKnott(rxs).values()]
688
689 def eg__compare():
690     data = Data(csv(doc(the.file)))
691     def Best(F):
692         random.shuffle(data._rows)
693         return ydist(data, ysort(data,F()))[0]
694     rxs={}
695     for the.Stop in [6,12,24]:
696         for rx, f in [(f"line_{lambda: kpp(data)}",
697                       ("line",lambda: acquires(data).best._rows),
698                       ("rand",lambda: random.choices(data._rows, k=the.Stop))):
699             print((rx,the.Stop), file=sys.stderr)
700             rxs[(rx,the.Stop)] = [Best(f) for _ in range(20)]
701         ranked = scottKnott(rxs)
702         order = sorted(ranked.keys(),key=lambda x: (x[0], x[1]))
703         print([(ranked[k].mu, chr(97+ranked[k].rank)) for k in order])
704
705 # (print(o(rank=chr(97+num.rank), txt=num.txt, mu=num.mu))
706 #       for num in ranked)
707

```

```

708 ### Command-Line -----
709
710 # Update slot 'k' in dictionary 'd' from CLI flags matching 'k'.
711 def cli(d):
712     for k, v in d.items():
713         for c, arg in enumerate(sys.argv):
714             if arg == "-" + k[0]:
715                 d[k] = atom("False" if str(v) == "True" else (
716                     "True" if str(v) == "False" else (
717                         sys.argv[c + 1] if c < len(sys.argv) - 1 else str(v)))
718
719 # Reset seed before running. Crashes print stack, but keep going.
720 def run(fn,x=None):
721     try:
722         random.seed(the.rseed)
723         fn(x)
724     except Exception as _:
725         tb = traceback.format_exc().splitlines()[4:]
726         return sys.stdout.write("\n".join(tb) + "\n")
727
728 # Generate options struct from top-of-file string.
729 the = o("["m[1]: atom(m[2])
730        for m in re.finditer(r"^-hw+hw+([Q]?(Q?(Q?)+)+k")", __doc__)])
731
732 def eg__the():
733     "show config"
734     print(the)
735
736 def eg__all():
737     "run all demos"
738     for s,fn in globals().items():
739         if s.startswith("eg_") and s!="eg_all":
740             print(f"[{s[1:-78]}{s[78]}{s[79]}")
741             print(f"{'\n' * s}")
742             run(fn)
743             print(f"{'\n' * s}")
744
745 def eg_h():
746     "show help"
747     print(__doc__ + "\nDemos:")
748     for s,fn in globals().items():
749         if s.startswith("eg_"):
750             print(f"[{s[1:-78]}{s[78]}{s[79]}] [fn_{doc_} or " "[1]]")
751
752 # Maybe run command-line options.
753 if __name__ == "__main__":
754     cli(the.__dict__)
755     for i,s in enumerate(sys.argv):
756         if fn := globals().get("eg_" + s.replace("-", "_")):
757             run(fn, None if i == len(sys.argv) - 1 else atom(sys.argv[i+1]))
758

```