Aug 27, 22 19:10 CSV.lua Page 1/7 1 local b4={}; for k,v in pairs(_ENV) do b4[k]=v end -- LUA trivia. Ignore.

```
local help=[[
  CSV : summarized csv file
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  USAGE: lua seen.lua [OPTIONS]
8 OPTIONS:
   -e --eg
                    start-up example
                                                          = nothing
    -d --dump
                    on test failure, exit with stack dump = false
   -f --file
                    file with csv data
                                                         = ../data/auto93.csv
   -h --help
                                                          = false
                    show help
   -n --nums
                    number of nums to keep
                                                          = 512
                    random number seed
                                                          = 10019
15 -S --seperator feild seperator
                                                          = .11
17 -- Function argument conventions:
18 -- 1. two blanks denote optionas, four blanls denote locals:
19 -- 2. prefix n,s,is, fun denotes number, string, bool, function;
20 -- 3. suffix s means list of thing (so names is list of strings)
21 -- 4. c is a column index (usually)
23 -- ## Misc routines
24 -- ### Handle Settings
25 local the, coerce, cli
26 -- Parse 'the' config settings from 'help'.
27 function coerce(s.
                         fun)
    function fun(s1)
       if s1=="true" then return true end
       if s1=="false" then return false end
       return s1 end
    return math.tointeger(s) or tonumber(s) or fun(s:match"^%s*(.-)%s*$") end
34 -- Create a 'the' variables
36 help:gsub("\ln [-][\%S]+[\%s]+[-][-]([\%S]+)[^<math>\ln ]+=([\%S]+)",
             function(k,x) the[k]=coerce(x) end)
  -- Update settings from values on command-line flags. Booleans need no values
  -- (we just flip the defeaults).
41 function cli(t)
    for slot, v in pairs(t) do
       v = tostring(v)
       for n,x in ipairs(arg) do
        if x=="-"...(slot:sub(1,1)) or x=="--"...slot then
           v = v = "false" and "true" or v = "true" and "false" or arg[n+1] end end
       t[slot] = coerce(v) end
    if t.help then os.exit(print("\n"..help.."\n")) end
    return t end
51 -- ### Linting code
52 -- ### Lists
10cal copy, per, push, csv
  -- deepcopy
55 function copy(t,
    if type(t) ~= "table" then return t end
    u={}; for k,v in pairs(t) do u[k] = copy(v) end
    return setmetatable(u, getmetatable(t)) end
60 -- Return the 'p'-th thing from the sorted list 't'.
  function per(t,p)
    p=math.floor(((p or .5)*#t)+.5); return t[math.max(1,math.min(#t,p))] end
64 -- Add to 't', return 'x'.
65 function push(t,x) t[1+#t]=x; return x end
67 -- ## Call 'fun' on each row. Row cells are divided in 'the.seperator'.
  function csv(fname, fun,
                             sep, src, s, t)
    sep = "([^{n} .. the.seperator .. "]+)"
     src = io.input(fname)
     while true do
       s = io.read()
       if not s then return io.close(src) else
        t={}
74
         for s1 in s:gmatch(sep) do t[1+#t] = coerce(s1) end
         fun(t) end end end
```

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```
78 -- ### Strings
79 local 0,00
80 -- 'o' is a telescopt and 'oo' are some binoculars we use to exam stucts.
   -- 'o': generates a string from a nested table.
82 function o(t, show, u)
    if type(t) ~= "table" then return tostring(t) end
     function show(k, v)
      if not tostring(k):find"^_" then
         v = o(v)
         return #t==0 and string.format(":%s %s",k,v) or tostring(v) end end
    u=\{\}; for k,v in pairs(t) do u[1+\#u] = show(k,v) end
    if #t==0 then table.sort(u) end
     return "{"..table.concat(u, " ") .. "}" end
92 -- 'oo': prints the string from 'o'.
93 function oo(t) print(o(t)) return t end
  -- ### Misc
  local roques, rnd, obj
   --- Find rogue locals.
  function rogues()
    for k, v in pairs (_ENV) do if not b4[k] then print("?", k, type(v)) end end end
101 -- ### Maths
102 function rnd(x, places)
local mult = 10^(places or 2)
    return math.floor(x * mult + 0.5) / mult end
106 -- obj("Thing") enables a constructor Thing:new() ... and a pretty-printer
107 -- for Things.
108 function obj(s,
                      t,i,new)
    function new(k,...) i=setmetatable({},k);
                        return setmetatable(t.new(i,...) or i,k) end
    t={__tostring = function(x) return s..o(x) end}
111
    t.__index = t;return setmetatable(t, {__call=new}) end
```

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```
114 -- ## Objects
local Cols, Data, Num, Row, Sym=obj"Cols", obj"Data", obj"Num", obj"Rows", obj"Sym"
116
117 -- 'Sym's summarize a stream of symbols.
function Sym:new(c,s)
     return {n=0,
119
                            -- items seen
                           -- column position
120
             at=c or 0,
              name=s or "", -- column name
121
122
              _has={}
                            -- kept data
             end
123
124
   -- 'Num' ummarizes a stream of numbers.
125
126 function Num: new(c,s)
     return {n=0,at=c or 0, name=s or "", _has={}, -- as per Sym
127
             lo= math.huge, -- lowest seen
128
             hi= -math.huge, -- highest seen
isSorted=true, -- no updates since last sort of data
130
             w = ((s \text{ or ""}):find"-\$" \text{ and } -1 \text{ or } 1)
131
132
            } end
133
134 -- 'Columns' Holds of summaries of columns.
135 -- Columns are created once, then may appear in multiple slots.
136 function Cols:new(names)
   self.names=names -- all column names
                      -- all the columns (including the skipped ones)
     self.all={}
138
     self.klass=nil -- the single dependent klass column (if it exists)
139
                      -- independent columns (that are not skipped)
     self.x={}
                       -- depedent columns (that are not skipped)
141
     self.y={}
     for c,s in pairs (names) do
142
       local col = push(self.all, -- Numerics start with Uppercase.
143
                        (s:find"^[A-Z]*" and Num or Sym)(c,s))
144
       if not s:find":$" then -- some columns are skipped
145
          push(s:find"[!+-]" and self.y or self.x, col) -- some cols are goal cols
146
          if s:find"!$" then self.klass=col end end end end
147
149 -- 'Row' holds one record
function Row:new(t) return {cells=t,
                                                  -- one record
                            cooked=copy(t), -- used if we discretize data
                            isEvaled=false -- true if y-values evaluated.
152
                           } end
153
   -- 'Data' is a holder of 'rows' and their sumamries (in 'cols').
156 function Data:new(src)
    self.cols = nil -- summaries of data
     self.rows = {} -- kept data
158
     if type(src) == "string"
     then csv(src, function(row) self:add(row) end)
     else for _, row in pairs(src or {}) do self:add(row) end end end
```



```
162 -- -----
163 -- ## Sym
164 -- Add one thing to 'col'. For Num, keep at most 'nums' items.
165 function Sym:add(v)
   if v~="?" then self.n=self.n+1; self._has[v] = 1 + (self._has[v] or 0) end end
168 function Sym:mid(col, most, mode)
   most = -1; for k, v in pairs (self._has) do if v>most then mode, most=k, v end end
    return mode end
172 function Sym:div( e,fun)
     function fun(p) return p*math.log(p,2) end
     e=0; for _,n in pairs(self._has) do if n>0 then e=e - fun(n/self.n) end end
174
176
177 -- ---
178 -- ## Num
179 -- Return kept numbers, sorted.
180 function Num: nums()
if not self.isSorted then table.sort(self._has); self.isSorted=true end
    return self._has end
183
184 -- Reservoir sampler. Keep at most 'the.nums' numbers
185 -- (and if we run out of room, delete something old, at random).,
186 function Num:add(v,
                       pos)
187 if v~="?" then
      self.n = self.n + 1
       self.lo = math.min(v, self.lo)
190
       self.hi = math.max(v, self.hi)
      if #self._has < the.nums</pre>
                                             then pos = 1 + (\#self. has)
191
       elseif math.random() < the.nums/self.n then pos = math.random(#self._has) end</pre>
       if pos then self.isSorted = false
193
                  self._has[pos] = tonumber(v) end end end
195 --
196 -- Diversity (standard deviation for Nums, entropy for Syms)
function Num:div( a) a=self:nums(); return (per(a,.9)-per(a,.1))/2.58 end
199 -- Central tendancy (median for Nums, mode for Syms)
200 function Num:mid() return per(self:nums(),.5) end
```

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```
202 -- ## Data
203 -- Add a 'row' to 'data'. Calls 'add()' to updatie the 'cols' with new values.
204 function Data:add(xs,
                          row)
205 if not self.cols
   then self.cols = Cols(xs)
    else row= push(self.rows, xs.cells and xs or Row(xs)) -- ensure xs is a Row
         for _,todo in pairs{self.cols.x, self.cols.y} do
209
           for _, col in pairs (todo) do
             col:add(row.cells[col.at]) end end end end
210
211
212 -- For 'showCols' (default='data.cols.x') in 'data', report 'fun' (default='mid'),
213 -- rounding numbers to 'places' (default=2)
function Data:stats( places, showCols, fun,
                                                t,v)
    showCols, fun = showCols or self.cols.y, fun or "mid"
     t={}; for _,col in pairs(showCols) do
             v=fun(col)
217
             v=type(v) == "number" and rnd(v,places) or v
218
219
             t[col.name]=v end; return t end
```

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```
222 -- ## Test Engine
223 local eq, fails = {},0
225 -- 1. reset random number seed before running something.
226 -- 2. Cache the detaults settings, and...
227 -- 3. ... restore them after the test
228 -- 4. Print error messages or stack dumps as required.
229 -- 5. Return true if this all went well.
230 local function runs(k, old, status, out, msg)
     if not eg[k] then return end
     math.randomseed(the.seed) -- reset seed [1]
     old={}; for k, v in pairs(the) do old[k]=v end -- [2]
     if the dump then -- [4]
234
235
      status, out = true, eg[k]()
     else
237
      status, out = pcall (eq[k]) -- pcall means we do not crash and dump on errror
238
     end
     for k,v in pairs(old) do the[k]=v end -- restore old settings [3]
240
     msg = status and ((out==true and "PASS") or "FAIL") or "CRASH" -- [4]
     print("!!!!!", msg, k, status)
241
     return out or err end
242
243
245 -- ## Tests
246 -- Test that the test happes when something crashes?
247 function eg.BAD() print(eg.dont.have.this.field) end
249 -- Sort all test names.
250 function eg.LIST( t)
    t={}; for k,_ in pairs(eg) do t[1+#t]=k end; table.sort(t); return t end
     -- List test names.
253
254 function eq.LS()
print ("\nExamples lua csv -e ...")
     for _,k in pairs(eg.LIST()) do print(string.format("\t%s",k)) end
257
     return true end
259 -- Run all tests
260 function eq.ALL()
    for _,k in pairs(eg.LIST()) do
  if k ~= "ALL" then
         print"\n-
263
         if not runs(k) then fails=fails+ 1 end end end
264
     return true end
```

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```
266 -- Settings come from big string top of "sam.lua"
267 -- (maybe updated from comamnd line)
268 function eg.the() oo(the); return true end
270 -- The middle and diversity of a set of symbols is called "mode"
271 -- and "entropy" (and the latter is zero when all the symbols
272 -- are the same).
273 function eg.sym( sym,entropy,mode)
274 sym= Sym()
275
     for _,x in pairs{"a", "a", "a", "b", "b", "c"} do sym:add(x) end
     mode, entropy = sym:mid(), sym:div()
276
     entropy = (1000*entropy)//1/1000
     oo({mid=mode, div=entropy})
return mode=="a" and 1.37 <= entropy and entropy <=1.38 end
280
^{\rm 281} -- The middle and diversity of a set of numbers is called "median"
282 -- and "standard deviation" (and the latter is zero when all the nums
283 -- are the same).
function eg.num( num, mid, div)
   num=Num()
     for i=1,100 do num:add(i) end
     mid,div = num:mid(), num:div()
     print (mid , div)
288
     return 50<= mid and mid<= 52 and 30.5 <div and div<32 end
289
291 -- Nums store only a sample of the numbers added to it (and that storage
292 -- is done such that the kept numbers span the range of inputs).
293 function eg.bignum( num)
    num=Num()
294
     the.nums = 32
295
     for i=1,1000 do num:add(i) end
     oo(num:nums())
297
    return 32==#num._has; end
298
300 -- Show we can read csv files.
301 function eq.csv( n)
    n=0
302
     csv("../data/auto93.csv", function(row)
303
       n=n+1; if n> 10 then return else oo(row) end end); return true end
306 -- Can I load a csv file into a Data?.
function eg.data( d)
d = Data("../data/auto93.csv")
     for _,col in pairs(d.cols.y) do oo(col) end
309
310
    return true
311 end
313 -- Print some stats on columns.
314 function eg.stats( data,mid,div)
    data = Data("../data/auto93.csv")
     div=function(col) return col:div() end
316
317
     mid=function(col) return col:mid() end
     print("xmid", o( data:stats(2,data.cols.x, mid)))
318
     print("xdiv", o( data:stats(3,data.cols.x, div)))
     print("ymid", o( data:stats(2,data.cols.y, mid)))
320
321
     print("ydiv", o( data:stats(3,data.cols.y, div)))
322
     return true
323 end
324
325 -- -----
326 the = cli(the)
327 runs (the.eg)
328 rogues()
329 os.exit(fails)
```

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