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csv.lua

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```

1 local b4={}; for k,v in pairs(_ENV) do b4[k]=v end -- LUA trivia. Ignore
2
3 local help=[[
4 CSV : summarized csv file
5 (c) 2022 Tim Menzies <timm@ieee.org> BSD-2 license
6
7 USAGE: lua seen.lua [OPTIONS]
8
9 OPTIONS:
10 -e --eg          start-up example          = nothing
11 -d --dump        on test failure, exit with stack dump = false
12 -f --file        file with csv data         = ../data/aut093.
13
14 -h --help        show help                  = false
15 -n --nums        number of nums to keep     = 512
16 -s --seed        random number seed        = 10019
17 -S --separator   feild separator            = ,]]
18
19 -- Function argument conventions:
20 -- 1. two blanks denote options, four blanks denote locals:
21 -- 2. prefix n,s,i,s,fun denotes number,string,bool,function;
22 -- 3. suffix s means list of thing (so names is list of strings)
23 -- 4. c is a column index (usually)

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22 -- ## Misc routines
23 -- ### Handle Settings
24 local the,coerce,cli
25 -- Parse 'the' config settings from 'help'.
26 function coerce(s, fun)
27   function fun(s1)
28     if s1=="true" then return true end
29     if s1=="false" then return false end
30     return s1 end
31   return math.tointeger(s) or tonumber(s) or fun(s:match"^%s*(-)%s*$") or
32     d
33 -- Create a 'the' variables
34 the={}
35 help:gsub("\n[-|[%S|+[%S|+|-|-([%S|+)|^n|+=[|[%S|+)",
36   function(k,x) the[k]=coerce(x) end)
37
38 -- Update settings from values on command-line flags. Booleans need no v
39   alues
40 -- (we just flip the defaults).
41 function cli(t)
42   for slot,v in pairs(t) do
43     v = tostring(v)
44     for n,x in ipairs(arg) do
45       if x=="-." (slot:sub(1,1)) or x=="-."..slot then
46         v = v=="false" and "true" or v=="true" and "false" or arg[n+1] end end
47     t[slot]=coerce(v) end
48   if t.help then os.exit(print("\n"..help.."..")) end
49   return t end
50
51 -- ## Lists
52 local copy,per,push,csv
53 -- deepcopy
54 function copy(t, u)
55   if type(t) ~= "table" then return t end
56   u={}; for k,v in pairs(t) do u[k] = copy(v) end
57   return setmetatable(u,getmetatable(t)) end
58
59 -- Return the 'p'-th thing from the sorted list 't'.
60 function per(t,p)
61   p=math.floor(((p or .5)*#t)+.5); return t[math.max(1,math.min(#t,p))]
62 end
63
64 -- Add to 't', return 'x'.
65 function push(t,x) t[#t+1]=x; return x end
66
67 -- ## Call 'fun' on each row. Row cells are divided in 'the.separator'.
68 function csv(fname,fun, sep,src,s,t)
69   sep = "[|]" the.separator .. "]"
70   src = io.input(fname)
71   while true do
72     s = io.read()
73     if not s then return io.close(src) else
74       t={}
75       for s1 in s:gmatch(sep) do t[#t+1] = coerce(s1) end
76       fun(t) end end
77
78 -- ## Strings
79 local o,oo
80 -- 'o' is a telescope and 'oo' are some binoculars we use to exam stucts
81
82 -- 'o': generates a string from a nested table.
83 function o(t, show,u)
84   if type(t) ~= "table" then return tostring(t) end
85   function show(k,v)
86     if not tostring(k):find"^_" then
87       v = o(v)
88       return #t==0 and string.format("%s %s",k,v) or tostring(v) end end
89   u={}; for k,v in pairs(t) do u[#u+1] = show(k,v) end
90   if #t==0 then table.sort(u) end
91   return "[|"..table.concat(u, "|").."|" end
92
93 -- 'oo': prints the string from 'o'.
94 function oo(t) print(o(t)) return t end
95
96 -- ## Misc
97 local rogues, rnd, obj
98 -- Find rogue locals.
99 function rogues()
100   for k,v in pairs(_ENV) do if not b4[k] then print("?",k,type(v)) end end
101 end
102
103 -- ## Maths
104 function rnd(x, places)
105   local mult = 10^(places or 2)
106   return math.floor(x * mult + 0.5) / mult end
107
108 -- obj("Thing") enables a constructor Thing:new() ... and a pretty-print
109   er
110 -- for Things.
111 function obj(s, t,i,new)
112   function new(k,...) i=setmetatable({},k);
113     return setmetatable(c.new(i,...) or i,k) end
114   t={__tostring = function(x) return s..o(x) end;
115     __index = t;return setmetatable(t,{__call=new}) end

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111 -- -----
112 -- ## Objects
113 local Cols,Data,Num,Row,Sym=obj"Cols",obj"Data",obj"Num",obj"Rows",obj"Sym"
114
115 -- 'Sym's summarize a stream of symbols.
116 function Sym:new(c,s)
117   return {n=0, -- items seen
118     at=c or 0, -- column position
119     name=s or "", -- column name
120     _has={}} -- kept data
121   end
122
123 -- 'Num' ummarizes a stream of numbers.
124 function Num:new(c,s)
125   return {n=0,at=c or 0, name=s or "", _has={}, -- as per Sym
126     lo= math.huge, -- lowest seen
127     hi= -math.huge, -- highest seen
128     isSorted=true, -- no updates since last sort of data
129     w = ((s or ""):find"-S" and -1 or 1)
130   } end
131
132 -- 'Columns' Holds of summaries of columns.
133 -- Columns are created once, then may appear in multiple slots.
134 function Cols:new(names)
135   self.names=names -- all column names
136   self.all={} -- all the columns (including the skipped ones)
137   self.klass=nil -- the single dependent klass column (if it exists)
138   self.x={} -- independent columns (that are not skipped)
139   self.y={} -- depeudent columns (that are not skipped)
140   for c,s in pairs(names) do
141     local col = push(self.all, -- Numerics start with Uppercase.
142       Num:new(c,s))
143     if not s:find"$" (s:find"[A-Z]*" and Num or Sym)(c,s))
144       push(s:find"[!-]" and self.y or self.x, col) -- some cols are goa
145     l cols
146     if s:find"!$" then self.klass=col end end end end
147
148 -- 'Row' holds one record
149 function Row:new(t) return {cells=t, -- one record
150   cooked=copy(t), -- used if we discretize data
151   isEvald=false -- true if y-values evaluated.
152 } end
153
154 -- 'Data' is a holder of 'rows' and their sumamries (in 'cols').
155 function Data:new(src)
156   self.cols = nil -- summaries of data
157   self.rows = {} -- kept data
158   if type(src) == "string"
159     then csv(src, function(row) self:add(row) end)
160   else for _,row in pairs(src or {}) do self:add(row) end end end

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160 -- -----
161 -- ## Sym
162 -- Add one thing to 'col'. For Num, keep at most 'nums' items.
163 function Sym:add(v)
164   if v~="?" then self.n=self.n+1; self._has[v] = 1 + (self._has[v] or 0)
165   end end
166 function Sym:mid(col, most,mode)
167   most = -1; for k,v in pairs(self._has) do if v>most then mode,most=k,v
168   end end
169   return mode end
170 function Sym:div(e,fun)
171   function fun(p) return p*math.log(p,2) end
172   e=0; for _,n in pairs(self._has) do if n>0 then e=e - fun(n/self.n) end
173   end end
174   return e end
175 -- -----
176 -- ## Num
177 -- Return kept numbers, sorted.
178 function Num:nums()
179   if not self.isSorted then table.sort(self._has); self.isSorted=true end
180   return self._has end
181 -- Reservoir sampler. Keep at most 'the.nums' numbers
182 -- (and if we run out of room, delete something old, at random),
183 function Num:add(v, pos)
184   if v~="?" then
185     self.n = self.n + 1
186     self.lo = math.min(v, self.lo)
187     self.hi = math.max(v, self.hi)
188     if #self._has < the.nums then pos = 1 + (#self._has)
189     elseif math.random() < the.nums/self.n then pos = math.random(#self.
190     _has) end
191     if pos then self.isSorted = false
192     self._has[pos] = tonumber(v) end end end
193 -- Diversity (standard deviation for Nums, entropy for Syms)
194 function Num:div(a) a=self:nums(); return (per(a,.9)-per(a,.1))/2.5
195 end
196 -- Central tendency (median for Nums, mode for Syms)
197 function Num:mid() return per(self:nums(),.5) end

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198 -- -----
199 -- ## Data
200 -- Add a 'row' to 'data'. Calls 'add()' to update the 'cols' with new
201 values.
202 function Data:add(xs, row)
203   if not self.cols
204   then self.cols = Cols(xs)
205   else row= push(self.rows, xs.cells and xs or Row(xs)) -- ensure xs is a
206   Row
207   for _,todo in pairs(self.cols.x, self.cols.y) do
208     for col in pairs(todo) do
209       col:add(row.cells[col.at]) end end end end
210 -- For 'showCols' (default='data.cols.x') in 'data', report 'fun' (default='mid'),
211 -- rounding numbers to 'places' (default=2)
212 function Data:stats(places,showCols,fun, t,v)
213   showCols, fun = showCols or self.cols.y, fun or "mid"
214   t={}; for _,col in pairs(showCols) do
215     v=fun(col)
216     v=type(v)=="number" and rnd(v,places) or v
217     t[col.name]=v end; return t end

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218 -- -----
219 -- ## Test Engine
220 local eg, fails = {},0
221 -- 1. reset random number seed before running something.
222 -- 2. Cache the defaults settings, and...
223 -- 3. ... restore them after the test
224 -- 4. Print error messages or stack dumps as required.
225 -- 5. Return true if this all went well.
226 local function runs(k, old,status,out,msg)
227   if not eg[k] then return end
228   math.randomseed(the.seed) -- reset seed [1]
229   old={}; for k,v in pairs(the) do old[k]=v end -- [2]
230   if the.dump then -- [4]
231     status,out = true, eg[k] ()
232   else
233     status,out = pcall(eg[k]) -- pcall means we do not crash and dump o
234   n error
235   end
236   for k,v in pairs(old) do the[k]=v end -- restore old settings [3]
237   msg = status and ((out==true and "PASS") or "FAIL") or "CRASH" -- [4]
238   print("!!!!!!", msg, k, status)
239   return out or err end
240 -- -----
241 -- ## Tests
242 -- Test that the test happens when something crashes?
243 function eg.BAD() print(eg.dont.have.this.field) end
244 -- Sort all test names.
245 function eg.LIST(t)
246   t={}; for k,_ in pairs(eg) do t[1+#t]=k end; table.sort(t); return t e
247   nd
248 -- List test names.
249 function eg.LS()
250   print("\nExamples lua csv -e ...")
251   for _,k in pairs(eg.LIST()) do print(string.format("%s",k)) end
252   return true end
253 -- Run all tests
254 function eg.ALL()
255   for _,k in pairs(eg.LIST()) do
256     if k ~= "ALL" then
257       print("\n-----")
258       if not runs(k) then fails=fails+ 1 end end end
259   return true end

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264 -- Settings come from big string top of "sam.lua"
265 -- (maybe updated from comamnd line)
266 function eg.the() oo(the); return true end
267
268 -- The middle and diversity of a set of symbols is called "mode"
269 -- and "entropy" (and the latter is zero when all the symbols
270 -- are the same).
271 function eg.sym( sym,entropy,mode)
272     sym= Sym()
273     for _,x in pairs{"a","a","a","a","b","b","b","c"} do sym:add(x) end
274     mode, entropy = sym:mid(), sym:div()
275     entropy = (1000*entropy)/1/1000
276     oo((mid=mode, div=entropy))
277     return mode=="a" and 1.37 <= entropy and entropy <=1.38 end
278
279 -- The middle and diversity of a set of numbers is called "median"
280 -- and "standard deviation" (and the latter is zero when all the nums
281 -- are the same).
282 function eg.num( num,mid,div)
283     num=Num()
284     for i=1,100 do num:add(i) end
285     mid,div = num:mid(), num:div()
286     print(mid,div)
287     return 50<= mid and mid<= 52 and 30.5 <div and div<32 end
288
289 -- Nums store only a sample of the numbers added to it (and that storage
290 -- is done such that the kept numbers span the range of inputs).
291 function eg.bignum( num)
292     num=Num()
293     the.nums = 32
294     for i=1,1000 do num:add(i) end
295     oo(num:nums())
296     return 32==#num._has; end
297
298 -- Show we can read csv files.
299 function eg.csv( n)
300     n=0
301     csv("../data/auto93.csv",function(row)
302         n=n+1; if n> 10 then return else oo(row) end end); return true end
303
304 -- Can I load a csv file into a Data?.
305 function eg.data( d)
306     d = Data("../data/auto93.csv")
307     for _,col in pairs(d.cols.y) do oo(col) end
308     return true
309 end
310
311 -- Print some stats on columns.
312 function eg.stats( data,mid,div)
313     data = Data("../data/auto93.csv")
314     div=function(col) return col:div() end
315     mid=function(col) return col:mid() end
316     print("xmid", o( data:stats(2,data.cols.x, mid)))
317     print("xdiv", o( data:stats(3,data.cols.x, div)))
318     print("ymid", o( data:stats(2,data.cols.y, mid)))
319     print("ydiv", o( data:stats(3,data.cols.y, div)))
320     return true
321 end
322
323 -- -----
324 the = cli(the)
325 runs(the.eg)
326 rogues()
327 os.exit(fails)

```