Aug 27, 22 19:06 CSV.lua Page 1/3

```
local b4={}; for k,v in pairs(_ENV) do b4[k]=v end -- LUA trivia. Ignore.
local help=[[
 local neip=[|
CSV : summarized csv file
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 USAGE: lua seen.lua [OPTIONS]
            UNS:
--eg start-up example = nothing
--dump on test failure, exit with stack dump = false
--file file with csv data = ../data/auto93.csv
--help show help = false
--nums number of nums to keep = 512
--seed random number seed = 10019
--seeperator feild seperator = ,]]
-- Function argument conventions:
-- 1. two blanks denote optionas, four blanls denote locals:
-- 2. prefix n, s,is,fun denotes number, string, bool, function;
-- 3. suffix s means list of thing (so names is list of strings)
-- 4. c is a column index (usually)
-- ## Misc routines
-- ## Handle Settings
local the coerce,cli
-- Parse 'the' config settings from 'help'.
function coerce(s, fun)
function fun(s1)
if s1=="tnue" then return true end
if s1=="talse" then return false end
return s1 end
return math.tointeger(s) or tonumber(s) or fun(s:match*^%s*(.-)%s*$") end
        Create a 'the' variables
  \begin{array}{l} \text{the=}\{\}\\ \text{help:gsub}\,(\text{"}\n [-][\%S]+[\%s]+[-][-]([\%S]+)[^\n]+=([\%S]+)^\text{"},\\ \text{function}\,(k,x) \ \text{the}\,[k]=\text{coerce}\,(x) \ \text{end}) \end{array} 
 -- Update settings from values on command-line flags. Booleans need no values
-- (we just flip the defeaults).
function cli(t)
for slot,v in pairs(t) do
v = tostring(v)
     v = tostring(v)
for n,x in ipairs(arg) do
   if x==""-"..(slot:sub(l,1)) or x=="--"..slot then
   v = v=="false" and "frue" or v=="true" and "false" or arg[n+1] end end
t[slot] = coerce(v) end
if t.help then os.exit(print("\n"..help.."\n")) end
return t end
         ### Linting code
### Lists
 local copy, per, push, csv
      - deepcopy
inction copy(t, u)
if type(t) -= "lable" then return t end
u=(); for k,v in pairs(t) do u(k) = copy(v) end
return setmetatable(u,getmetatable(t)) end
      Return the 'p'-th thing from the sorted list 't'.

notion per(t,p)

p-math.floor(((p or .5)*#t)+.5); return t[math.max(l,math.min(#t,p))] end
 -- Add to 't', return 'x'.

function push(t,x) t[1+#t]=x; return x end
 -- ## Call `fun` on each row. Row cells are divided in `the.seperator`.

function csv(fname, fun, sep.src,s,t)
sep = "[\darkleft" ... the.seperator .. "]+)"
src = io.input(fname)
while true do
s = io.read()
if not s then return io.close(src) else
t={}

t={}
                 for s1 in s:gmatch(sep) do t[1+#t] = coerce(s1) end
fun(t) end end end
-- ### Strings
local o,oo
- 'o' is a telescopt and 'oo' are some binoculars we use to exam stucts.
- 'o': generates a string from a nested table.
function o(t, show,u)
if type(t) -= "lable" then return tostring(t) end
function show(k,v)
if not tostring(k):find"^" then
v = o(v)
return #!==0 and string.format(".%%%".k.v) or tostring(v) end end
       v = o(v)  return $t==0 and string.format(":%s %s",k,v) or tostring(v) end end u={}; for k,v in pairs(t) do u[1+$u] = show(k,v) end if $t==0 then table.sort(u) end return "{"..table.concat(u, "").."}" end
 -- 'oo': prints the string from 'o'.
function oo(t) print(o(t)) return t end
       ### Misc
 local roques, rnd, obj
--- Find roque locals.
function roques()
for k,v in pairs(_ENV) do if not b4[k] then print("?",k,type(v)) end end end
      - ### Maths
unction rnd(x, places)
local mult = 10°(places or 2)
return math.floor(x * mult + 0.5) / mult end
  -- obj("Thing") enables a constructor Thing:new() ... and a pretty-printer
-- for Things.
function obj(s, t,i,new)
function new(k,...) i=setmetatable((),k);
return setmetatable(t.new(i,...) or i,k) end
t={_tostring = function(x) return s...o(x) end}
t.__index = t;return setmetatable(t,__call=new)) end
```

```
-- ## Objects
local Cols, Data, Num, Row, Sym=obj"Cols", obj"Data", obj"Num", obj"Rows", obj"Sym"
 -- 'Sym's summarize a stream of symbols.

function Sym:new(c,s)
    return (n=0, -- items seen
    at=c or 0, -- column position
    name=s or "", -- column name
    _has={}
    } end
-- 'Num' ummarizes a stream of numbers.
function Num:new(c,s)
return (n=0,at=c or 0, name=s or "", _has={}, -- as per Sym
lo= math.huge, -- lowest seen
hi= -math.huge, -- highest seen
isSorted=true, -- no updates since last sort of data
w = ((s or ""):find"-$" and -1 or 1)
lowed
) end

-- 'Columns' Holds of summaries of columns.

-- Columns are created once, then may appear in multiple slots.

function Cols:new(names)

self.names-names -- all column names

self.all={} -- all the columns (including the skipped ones)

self.klass=nil -- the single dependent klass column (if it exists)

self.x={} -- independent columns (that are not skipped)

self.y={} -- depedent columns (that are not skipped)

for c,s in pairs(names) do

local col = push(self.all -- Numerics start with Uppercase.

(s:find"A-Z|" and Num or Sym)(c,s))

if not s:find"S" then -- some columns are skipped

push(s:find"||-|" and self.y or self.x, col) -- some cols are goal cols

if s:find"S" then self.klass=col end end end
-- 'Data' is a holder of 'rows' and their sumamries (in 'cols'). function Data:new(src)
     unction Data:new(src)
self.cols = nil -- summaries of data
self.crows = {} -- kept data
if type(src) == "string"
then csv(src, function(row) self:add(row) end)
else for _,row in pairs(src or {}) do self:add(row) end end end
  -- ## Sym
-- Add one thing to 'col'. For Num, keep at most 'nums' items.
 function Sym:add(v)
  if v~="?" then self.n=self.n+1; self._has[v] = 1 + (self._has[v] or 0) end end
 function Sym:mid(col, most,mode)
most = -1; for k,v in pairs(self._has) do if v>most then mode,most=k,v end end
return mode end
 function Sym:div(     e,fun)
  function fun(p) return p*math.log(p,2) end
e=0; for _,n in pairs(self_has) do if n>0 then e=e - fun(n/self.n) end end
return e end
 -- Reservoir sampler. Keep at most 'the.nums' numbers
-- (and if we run out of room, delete something old, at random).,

function Num:add(v, pos)

if v--*!" then

self.n = self.n + 1

self.lo = math.min(v, self.lo)

self.li = math.min(v, self.hi)

if #self..has < the.nums/self.n then pos = 1 + (#self._has)

elseif math.random() < the.nums/self.n then pos = math.random(#self._has) end

if pos then self.lisSorted = false

self._has[pos] = tonumber(v) end end end
 -- Diversity (standard deviation for Nums, entropy for Syms) function Num:div( a) a=self:nums(); return (per(a,.9)-per(a,.1))/2.58 end
 -- Central tendancy (median for Nums, mode for Syms) function Num:mid() return per(self:nums(),.5) end
-- For `showCols` (default='data.cols.x') in `data`, report `fun` (default='mid'),
-- rounding numbers to `places` (default=2)
function Data:stats( places, showCols, fun, t,v)
showCols, fun = showCols or self.cols.y, fun or "mid"
t={}; for __col in pairs(showCols) do
v=fun(col)
v=type(v)=="number" and rnd(v,places) or v
t[col.name]=v end; return t end
```

Saturday August 27, 2022 1/2

Aug 27, 22 19:06 CSV.lua Page 3/3

```
-- ## Test Engine
local eg, fails = {},0
local eg, falls = {},0

-- 1. reset random number seed before running something.
-- 2. Cache the detaults settings, and...
-- 3. ... restore them after the test
-- 4. Print error messages or stack dumps as required.
-- 5. Return true if this all went well.

| local function runs(k, old, status, out, msg)
| if not eg[k] then return end
| math.randomseed(the.seed) -- reset seed [1]
| old={}; for k,v in pairs(the) do old[k]=v end -- [2]
| if the.dump then -- [4]
| status,out = true, eg[k]()
| else
| status,out = pcall(eg[k]) -- pcall means we do not crash and dump on error end
| for k,v in pairs(old) do the[k]=v end -- restore old settings [3]
| msg = status and ((out==true and "PASS") or "FAIL") or "CRASH" -- [4]
| print("!!!!!", msg, k, status)
| return out or err end
  - ## Tests
- Test that the test happes when something crashes?
function eg.BAD() print(eg.dont.have.this.field) end
   -- Sort all test names.
function eg.LIST(     t)
    t={}; for k,_ in pairs(eg) do t[1+#t]=k end; table.sort(t); return t end
 -- List test names.

function eg.LS()
print("\unkxamples lua csv -e...")
for _/k in pairs(eg.LIST()) do print(string.format("\unk",k)) end
return true end
   -- Run all tests
function eg.ALL()
for _,k in pairs(eg.LIST()) do
   if k ~= "ALL" then
         print"\n- "

if not runs(k) then fails=fails+ 1 end end end
return true end
   -- Settings come from big string top of "sam.lua"
-- (maybe updated from comamnd line)
function eg.the() oo(the); return true end
 -- The middle and diversity of a set of symbols is called "mode"
-- and "entropy" (and the latter is zero when all the symbols
-- are the same).

function eg.sym( sym.entropy,mode)
sym=Sym()
for _,x in pairs("a", "a", "a", "a", "b", "b", "c") do sym:add(x) end
mode, entropy = sym:mid(), sym:div()
entropy = (1000*entropy)//1/1000
oo((mid-mode, diventropy))
return mode=="a" and 1.37 <= entropy and entropy <=1.38 end
    -- The middle and diversity of a set of numbers is called "median" -- and "standard deviation" (and the latter is zero when all the nums
  -- and "standard deviation" (and the latter is zero when all -- are the same).

function eg.num( num,mid,div)
num=Num()
for i=1,100 do num:add(i) end
mid,div = num:mid(), num:div()
print(mid,div)
return 50<= mid and mid<= 52 and 30.5 <div and div<32 end
  -- Nums store only a sample of the numbers added to it (and that storage -- is done such that the kept numbers span the range of inputs). function eg.bignum( num) num=Num() the nums = 32 for i=1,1000 do num:add(i) end oo(num:nums()) return 32==#num._has; end
  -- Show we can read csv files.

function eg.csv( n)
n=0
         n=0
csv("./data/auto93.csv",function(row)
n=n+1; if n> 10 then return else oo(row) end end); return true end
-- Can I load a csv file into a Data?.

function eg.data( d)
d = Data(".ddatawol3csv")
for __col in pairs(d.cols.y) do oo(col) end
return true
end
 -- Print some stats on columns.

function eg.stats( data,mid,div)
data = Data("./data/aut03.csv")
div=function(col) return col:div() end
mid=function(col) return col:mid() end
print("xmid", o( data:stats(3,data.cols.x, mid)))
print("ymid", o( data:stats(3,data.cols.x, div)))
print("ymid", o( data:stats(3,data.cols.y, mid)))
print("ydiv", o( data:stats(3,data.cols.y, div)))
return true
end
   the = cli(the)
runs(the.eg)
   rogues()
os.exit(fails)
```

2/2 Saturday August 27, 2022