SAM : Semi-supervised And Multi-objective explainations (c) 2022 Tim Menzies <timm@ieee.org> BSD-2 license

- In this code:
- Line strive to be 80 chars (or less)

Two spaces before function arguments denote optionals. Four spaces before function arguments denote local variables. Private functions start with '_' Private functions start with ''
Arguments of private functions do anything at all local variables inside functions do anything at all Arguments of private functions do anything at all variable with the private function and the private function of the private function of the prefix 's' is a boolean or Prefix 'fun' is a function or Prefix 'fun' is a function or Prefix 'n' is a string or Prefix 'n' is a string or Prefix 'c' is a column index or 'col' denotes 'num' or 'sym' 'x' is anything (table or number of boolean or string or 'v' is a simple value (number or boolean or string) 'x' is a simple value (number or boolean or string)

'v' is a simple value (number or boolean or string)
Suffix 's' is a list of things
Tables are 't' or, using the above, a table of numbers would be 'ns'
Type names are lower case versions of constuctors; e.g 'col' isa 'Cols'.

local l=require"lib" local _=require"sam"

local o,oo,per,push,rnd = 1.o,1.oo,1.per,1.push,1.rnd
local add,adds,dist,div = _.add,_.adds,_.dist,_.div
local mid, records, the = _.mid,_.records,_.the
local Num,Sym = _.Num,_.Sym

local eg= {}
function eg.the() oo(the); return true end

function eg.ent(sym.ent)
 sym= adds(Sym(), {"a", "a", "a", "a", "b", "b", "c"})
 ent= div(sym)
 print(ent.mid(sym))
 return 1.37 <= ent and ent <=1.38 end</pre> function eq.num(num)

une-Num()
for i=1,100 do add(num,i) end
local med,ent = mid(num), rnd(div(num),2)
print(mid(num), rnd(div(num),2))
return 50c med and med<- 52 and 30.5 <ent and ent <32 end function eg.bignum(num)

num=Num()
the.nums = 32
for i=1,1000 do add(num,i) end oo(.nums(num)) return 32==#num._has end

function eq.read() oo(records("../../data/auto93.csv").cols.y); return true end

function eg.dist(data,t)
 data=records("../../data/auto93.csv") t=()
for i=1,256 do push(t,rnd(dist(data,l.any(data.rows), l.any(data.rows)),2)) end
table.sort(t) 00(t) return true end

the = 1.cli(the) os.exit(l.runs(the.eg, eg, the)) -- For a list of coding conventions in this file, see -- [eg.lua] (https://github.com/timm/lua/blob/main/src/sam/eg.lua).

= -- [eg.iMa](https://girnub.com/thmm/ima/bio/main/sic/os local trequire*|ib**| % Iocal the=1.settings([% SAM: Semi-supervised And Multi-objective explainations (c) 2022 Tim Menzies <timm@ieee.org> BSD-2 license USAGE: lua eq.lua [OPTIONS] or OPTIONS: -e --eg start-up example = nothir -h --help show help = false -n --nums how many numbers to keep = 256 -n -number now many numbers to keep = 250
-p -p distance coeffecient = 2
-s --seed random number seed = 10019]])
-- Commonly used lib functions.
local o,oo,per,push = 1.o,1.oo,1.per, 1.push ---- Classes local Data, Cols, Sym, Num, Row

-- Hoder of summaries -- Hoder or summaries function Cols() return (
klass=mil, -- for any symbolic klass
names={}, -- all column names
x={}, -- for independent columns (that are not skipped)
y={}, -- for depedent columns (that are not skipped)
all={} -- all columns (including the skipped ones)) end

-- Summary of a streum.
function Sym(c,s)
return (n=0, -- column position
name=s or "", -- column name
has={}
... kept data -- Summary of a stream of symbols.

-- Summary of a stream of numbers. sorted=true, -- no updates since last sort of data w=(s or ""):find"-\$" and -1 or 1 -- minimizing if w=-1) end

function Row(t) return {cells=t, -- one record cooked=nil -- used if we discretize data } end

---- Data Functions local add, adds, clone, div, mid, norm, nums, record, records, stats

-- Create
-- Generate rows from some 'src. If 'src' is a string, read rows from file;
-- else read rows from a 'src' table. When reading, use rowl to define columns.

function records (src, data,oneRow,head)

function head (sNames) local cols = Cols() cols.names = namess

cols.names = namess
for c, sin pairs (sNames) do
local col = push (cols.all, -- Numerics start with Uppercase.
(Sfinda*/[A-Z]** and Num or Sym) (c,s))
if not sfinda*("+-)" and cols.y or cols.x, col) -- some cols are goal cols
if sfinda*("+-)" then cols.klass-col end end end return cols

end -----function body(t) -- treat first row differently (defines the columns)
if data.cols then record(data,t) else data.cols=head(t) end end -----data = Data()
if type(src) == "string" then 1.csv(src, body) else
 for _,t in pairs(src or {}) do body(t) end end

-- Return a new data with same structure as 'data1'. Optionally, oad in 'rows'. function clone(data1, rows)

data2=Data()
data2.cols = _head(data1.cols.names)
for _,row in pairs(rows or {}) do record(data2,row) end
return data2 end

---- Update -- Add one thing to 'col'. For Num, keep at most 'nums' items. function add(col,v)
if v=="" then
 col.n = col.n + 1
 if not col.isNum then col._has[v] = 1 + (col._has[v] or 0) else col.lo = math.min(v, col.lo) col.hi = math.max(v, col.hi) local pos if #col.has < the.nums

-- Add many things to col function adds(col,t) for _,v in pairs(t) do add(col,v) end; return col end

-- Add a 'row' to 'data'. Calls 'add()' to updatie the 'cols' with new values. function record(data vs) unction record(data,xs)
local row= push(data.rows, xs.cells and xs or Row(xs)) -- ensure xs is a Row
for _,todo in pairs(data.cols.x, data.cols.y) do or _,col in pairs(todo) do add(col, row.cells[col.at]) end end end ---- Query

-- Return kept numbers, sorted. of function nums(num)

if not num.sorted then table.sort(num._has); num.sorted=true end -- Normalized numbers 0..1. Everything else normalizes to itself. function norm(col,n)
 return x=="?" or not col.isNum and x or (n-col.lo)/(col.hi-col.lo + 1E-32) end -- Diversity (standard deviation for Nums, entropy for Syms) function div(col)

if col.isNum then local a=nums(col); return (per(a,.9)-per(a,.1))/2.58 else
local function fun(p) return p*math.log(p,2) end Central tendancy (median for Nums, mode for Syms) if col.isNum then return per(nums(col),.5) else
local most,mode = -1
for k,v in pairs(col._has) do if v>most then mode,most=k,v end end return mode end end -- For 'showCols' (default='data.cols.x') in 'data', report 'fun' (default='mid'). function stats(data, showCols,fun, t)
 showCols, fun = showCols or data.cols.y, fun or mid
 t=(); for _rcol in pairs(showCols) do t[col.name]=fun(col) end; return t end ---- Distance functions local dist The state of the tunction dist(data,t1,t2)
local function fun(col, v1,v2)
if v1=="?" and v2=="?" then return 1 end
if not col.isNum then return v1==v2 and 0 or 1 end
v1,v2 = norm(col,v1), norm(col,v2)
if v1=="?" then v1 = v2<.5 and 1 or 0 end
if v2=="?" then v2 = v1.5 and 1 or 0 end
if v1=w1.5 and 1 or 0 end
if v1=w1.5 and 1 or 0 end</pre> local d = 0 foca d = 0
for _col in pairs(data.cols.x) do
 d = d + fun(col, tl.cells[col.at], t2.cells[col.at])^the.p end
return (d/#data.cols.x)^(1/the.p) end

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```
-- lib.lua: misc LUA functions
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local 1={}
                           -- ---- Meta
   -- Find roque locals.

1.b4=(); for k,v in pairs(_ENV) do 1.b4[k]=v end
function 1.roques()
for k,v in pairs(_ENV) do if not 1.b4[k] then print(*?*,k,type(v)) end end end
  ---- Add 'x' to a list. Return 'x'.

function l.push(t,x) t[1+#t]=x; return x end
   -- Sample one item
function l.any(t) return t[math.random(#t)] end
   -- Sample many items function 1.many(t,n, u) u=\{\}; for i=1,n do u[1+\#u]=1.any(t) end; return u end
-- Deepcopy
function 1.copy(t)
if type(t) -= "lable" then return t end
local u=(1; for k,v in pairs(t) do u[k] = 1.copy(v) end
return setmetatable(u,getmetatable(t)) end
   function 1.rnd(n, nPlaces)
local mult = 10^(nPlaces or 3)
return math.floor(n * mult + 0.5) / mult end
 -- Deepcopy function 1.copy(t) if type(t) -= "table" then return t end local u={}; for k,v in pairs(t) do u[k] = 1.copy(v) end return u end
    -- Return the 'p'-th thing from the sorted list 't'.
   function 1.per(t,p)
p=math.floor(((p or .5)*#t)+.5); return t[math.max(1,math.min(#t,p))] end
                  ---- Strings
 -- 'oo' prints the string from 'o'.
function 1.oo(t) print(1.o(t)) return t end
 --- Convert string to something else.

function l.coerce(s)
local function coercel(sl)
if sl=="mus" then return true end
if sl=="fake" then return false end
return sl end
return math.tointeger(s) or tonumber(s) or coercel(s:match*^%s*(-)%s*$*) end
 -- Iterator over csv files. Call 'fun' for each record in 'fname'.
local src = io.input(fname)
while true do
               intering to the control of the 
                    local t={}
for s1 in s:gmatch("([^,]+)") do t[1+#t] = 1.coerce(s1) end
                     fun(t) end end end
  --- --- Settings
-- Parse help string looking for slot names and default values function 1.settings(s) local t=() srgsub("n[-||%S|+|%|+[-|-|((%S)+)"n]+=((%S)+)",
        function(k,x) t[k]=1.coerce(x)end)
t._help = s
return t end
  -- Update 't' from values after command-line flags. Booleans need no values -- (we just flip the defeaults). ffunction lclift, for slot,v in pairs(t) do
       for slot,v in pairs(t) do
v = tostring(v)
for n,x in ipairs(arg) do
if x=="-". (slot:sub(1,1)) or x=="--".slot then
v = v=="false" and "flue" or v=="flue" and "flalse" or arg[n+1] end end
t[slot] = l.coerce(v) end
if t.help then os.exit(print("\n".t._help.."\n")) end
return t end
 --- Main

-- In this function:
-- 'k'='ls' : list all settings
-- 'k'='all' : run all demos
-- 'k'=x : run one thing
   -- For each run, beforehand, reset random number seed. Afterwards,
  -- discard and settings changes made during that one run
-- If any run does not return 'true', increment 'fails'.
-- Return fails counter.
   function 1.runs(k.funs.settings)
       unction 1.runs(k,funs,settings)
local fails = 0
local function _egs(
    t=|); for k,__ in pairs(funs) do t[1+#t]=k end; table.sort(t); return t end
if k=="ks" then -- list all
    print("Michamples < 2k,'Nax="]s" ("%-7s","all"))
    print(string.format("%-7s","all"))
    print(string.format("%-7s","all"))</pre>
```

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