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csv.lua

csv.lua Aug 27, 22 19:06 Page 1/3 local b4={}; for k,v in pairs(\_ENV) do b4[k]=v end local help=[[ CSV : summarized csv file (c) 2022 Tim Menzies <timm@ieee.org> BSD-2 license USAGE: lua seen.lua [OPTIONS] OPTIONS: start-up example = nothing on test failure, exit with stack dump = false = ../data/auto93.csv -e --eg -d --dump -f --file -h --help show help number of nums to keep -n --nums = 512 -s --seed random number 5. -S --seperator feild seperator = 10019 -- Function argument conventions: -- runction argument conventions:
-1 two blanks denote optionas, four blanls denote locals:
-2 prefix n,s,is,fun denotes number,string,bool,function;
-3 suffix s means list of thing (so names is list of strings)
-4 c is a column index (usually) -- ### Handle Settings local the coerce, cli
--Parse 'the' config settings from 'help'.
function coerce(s, fun)
function fun(s1)
if sl=="fune" then return true end
if sl=="false" then return false end return sl end return math.tointeger(s) or tonumber(s) or fun(s:match"^%s\*(.-)%s\*\$") end -- Create a 'the' variables tne={} help:gsub("\n[-][%S]+[%s]+[-][-]([%S]+)[^\n]+=([%S]+)", function(k,x) the[k]=coerce(x) end) -- Update settings from values on command-line flags. Booleans need no values -- (we just flip the defeaults). function cli(t) twoction cli(t)
for slot, y pairs(t) do
 v = tostring(y)
for y = tostring(y)
for if x == "-".(slot:sub(l,1))
 v = v== fiske" and "twe" or v== "--".slot then
 v = v== fiske" and "twe" or v== "true" and "fiske" or arg[n+1] end end
t[slot] = coerce(y) end if t.help then os.exit(print("\n"..help.."\n")) end return t end -- ### Linting code -- ### Lists local copy, per, push, csv -- despcopy
function copy(t, u)
if type(t) -= "lable" then return t end
u=(); for k,v in pairs(t) do u[k] = copy(v) end
return setmetatable(u,getmetatable(t)) end -- Return the 'p'-th thing from the sorted list 't'. function per(t,p)
p=math.floor(((p or .5)\*#t)+.5); return t[math.max(1,math.min(#t,p))] end function push(t,x) t[1+#t]=x; return x end -- ## Call 'fun' on each row. Row cells are divided in 'the.seperator'. function csv(fname, fun, sep, src, s, t)
sep = "([^" . the seperator . "]+)"
src = io.input(fname) src = io.input(fname)
while true do
s = io.read()
if not s then return io.close(src) else t={}
for sl in s:gmatch(sep) do t[1+#t] = coerce(sl) end
fun(t) end end end local o, oo

- 'o' is a telescopt and 'oo' are some binoculars we use to exam stucts.

- 'o': generates a string from a nested table.

function o(t, show,u)

if type(t) == "table" then return tostring(t) end

function show(k, v)

if not tostring(k):find"^\_" then v = o(v)v = o(v)
return #t==0 and string.format(":%% %%",k,v) or tostring(v) end end
u={}; for k,v in pairs(t) do u[1+#u] = show(k,v) end
if #t==0 then table.sort(u) end
return "[".table.concat(u," ").."]" end -- 'oo': prints the string from 'o'.
function oo(t) print(o(t)) return t end -- ### Misc local rogues, rnd, obj
--- Find rogue locals. function rogues()
 for k,v in pairs(\_ENV) do if not b4[k] then print("?",k,type(v)) end end end function rnd(x, places)
 local mult = 10^(places or 2)
 return math.floor(x \* mult + 0.5) / mult end - obj("Thing") enables a constructor Thing:new() ... and a pretty-printer function obj(s. t.i.new) 

Aug 27, 22 19:06 csv.lua Page 2/3 local Cols, Data, Num, Row, Sym=obj"Cols", obj"Data", obj"Num", obj"Rows", obj"Sym' - 'Num' ummarizes a stream of numbers. -- Num 'ummarizes a stream of numbers.

"numbers."

return in "", has={}, -- as per Sym
io= math.huge, -- lowest seen
is= math.huge, -- highest seen
isSorted=true, -- no updates since last sort of data
w = [(s or ");find"-5" and -l or 1) -- 'Columns' Holds of summaries of columns. -- Columns are created once, then may appear in multiple slots. -- Columns are created once, then may appear in multiple saves. function Colsinew(names)
self.names=names -- all the columns (including the skipped ones)
self.klass=ril -- the single dependent klass column (if it exists)
self.y=() -- dependent columns (that are no no skipped)
for c,s in pairs(names) do
local one (ksalf.all. -- Numerics start with Uppercase. or c,s in pairs (names) do
local col = push(self,all, -- Numerics start with Uppercase.
(s:find\*"[A-Z]\*\* and Num or Sym)(c,s))

if not s:find\*[S\* then -- some columns are skipped
push(s:find\*[!+-]\* and self.y or self.x, col) -- some cols are goal cols
if s:find\*[!\*-]\* then self.klass=col end end end end -- 'Row' holds one record
function Row:new(t) return (cells=t, -- one record
cooked=copy(t), -- used if we discretize data
isEvaled=false -- true if y-values evaluated. - 'Data' is a holder of 'rows' and their sumamries (in 'cols'). -- 'Data' is a holder of 'rows' and their sumamries (in 'cols').

function Data:new(scs')
self.cols = nil -- summaries of data
self.rows = {\} -- kept data
if type(src) == "string"
then csv(src, function(row) self:add(row) end)
else for \_,row in pairs(src or {\}) do self:add(row) end end end -- ## Sym -- Add one thing to 'col'. For Num, keep at most 'nums' items. function Sym:add(v)
 if v~="?" then self.n=self.n+1; self.\_has[v] = 1 + (self.\_has[v] or 0) end end function Sym:mid(col, most,mode)
 most = -1; for k,v in pairs(self.\_has) do if v>most then mode,most=k,v end end return mode end function Sym:div(=p,fun) function fun(p) return  $p^*math.log(p,2)$  end e=0; for \_,n in pairs(self.\_has) do if n>0 then e=e-fun(n/self.n) end end return e end -- ## Num -- Return kept numbers, sorted. function Num:nums() if not self.isSorted then table.sort(self.\_has); self.isSorted=true end return self.\_has end -- Reservoir sampler. Keep at most 'the.nums' numbers -- Neservoir sampler. Reep at most 'the.nums' numbers (and if we run out of room, delete something old, at random)., if v=="" then 'yes' self. n = self.n + 1 self.n + 1 self.n + 1 self.n + we we were self.lo = math.min(v, self.hi) if \$self.\_has < he.nums then pos = 1 + (\$self.\_has) elseif math.random() < the.nums/self.n then pos = math.random(|\$self.\_has) end if pos then self.isSorted = false self.\_has[pos] = tonumber(v) end end end -- Diversity (standard deviation for Nums, entropy for Syms) function Num:div( a) a=self:nums(); return (per(a, .9)-per(a, .1))/2.58 end -- Central tendancy (median for Nums, mode for Syms) function Num:mid() return per(self:nums(),.5) end - ## Data -- Add a 'row' to 'data'. Calls 'add()' to updatie the 'cols' with new values. function Data:add(xs, row) -- For 'showCols' (default='data.cols.x') in 'data', report 'fun' (default='mid'), -rounding numbers to 'places' (default=2)
function Data:stats( places, showCols, fun, t,v)
showCols, fun = showCols or self.cols.y, fun or "mid"
t={}; for \_,col in pairs(showCols) do v=fun(col)
v=type(v)=="number" and rnd(v,places) or v
t[col.name]=v end; return t end

-- ## Test Engine local eg, fails = {},0 status,out = pcall(eg[k]) -- pcall means we do not crash and dump on errror end
for k,v in pairs(old) do the[k]=v end -- restore old settings [3]
msg = status and ((out==true and "PASS") or "FAIL") or "CRASH" -- [4]
print("!!!!!!", msg, k, status)
return out or err end - ## Tests
- Test that the test happes when something crashes?
function eg.BAD() print(eg.dont.have.this.field) end -- Sort all test names function eg.LIST( t)
 t={}; for k,\_ in pairs(eg) do t[1+#t]=k end; table.sort(t); return t end function eq.ALL() for \_,k in pairs(eg.LIST()) do
 if k ~= "ALL" then print"\n----"
if not runs(k) then fails=fails+ 1 end end end return true end -- Settings come from big string top of "sam.lua"
-- (maybe updated from comamnd line)
function eg.the() oo(the); return true end -- The middle and diversity of a set of symbols is called "mode" -- and "entropy" (and the latter is zero when all the symbols -- are the same). -- are the same).
function eg.sym( sym.entropy,mode)
sym= Sym()
for \_,x in pairs{"a","a","a","b","b","c"} do sym:add(x) end node, entropy = symmid(), symidiv() entropy = (1000\*entropy)/1/1000 oo([mid=mode, div=entropy)) return mode="a" and 1.37 <= entropy and entropy <=1.38 end -- The middle and diversity of a set of numbers is called "median"
-- and "standard deviation" (and the latter is zero when all the nums
-- are the same).
function eg.num( num,mid,div)
num-Num()
for i=1,100 do num:add(i) end
mid div = num=id() num;div() mid, div = num:mid(), num:div() print (mid , div)
return 50<= mid and mid<= 52 and 30.5 <div and div<32 end -- Nums store only a sample of the numbers added to it (and that storage -- is done such that the kept numbers span the range of inputs).

function eg.bignum( num) num=Num()
the.nums = 32
for i=1,1000 do num:add(i) end oo(num:nums()) return 32==#num.\_has; end csv("../data/auto93.csv", function(row) n=n+1; if n> 10 then return else oo(row) end end); return true end -- Can I load a csv file into a Data?.

function eg.data( d)
d = Data("..dataMuto3.csv")
for \_,col in pairs(d.cols.y) do oo(col) end -- Print some stats on column function eg.stats( data,mid,div)
data = Data("../data/auto93.csv") data = Data(".data/un093.cv")
div=function(col) return coltdiv() end
mid=function(col) return coltdiv() end
mid=function(col) return coltmid() end
print("xmid", o( data:stats(2, data.cols.x, mid)))
print("ymid", o( data:stats(3, data.cols.y, div)))
print("ymid", o( data:stats(3, data.cols.y, div)))
return true
end the = cli(the) rogues() os.exit(fails)

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