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| local b4={}; for k,v in pairs(\_ENV) do b4[k]=v end -- LUA trivia. Ignore.

local help=[[
CSV: summarized csv file
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USAGE: lua seen.lua [OPTIONS]
OPTIONS:

7 -- Function argument conventions:
18 -- 1. two blanks denote optionas, four blanls denote locals:
19 -- 2. prefix n, s, is, fun denotes number, string, bool, function;
20 -- 3. suffix s means list of thing (so names is list of strings)
21 -- 4. c is a column index (usually)

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```
22 -- ## Misc routines
23 -- ### Handle Settings
    local the,coerce,cli
-- Parse 'the' config settings from 'help'.
     function coerce(s.
                                      fun)
       function fun(s1)

if s1=="true" then return true end

if s1=="false" then return false end
           return sl end
        return math.tointeger(s) or tonumber(s) or fun(s:match"^%s*(.-)%s*$") end
     -- Create a 'the' variables
    tne={}
help:gsub("\n[-][%S]+[%s]+[-][-]([%S]+)[^\n]+=([%S]+)",
function(k,x) the[k]=coerce(x) end)
     -- Update settings from values on command-line flags. Booleans need no valu

    (we just flip the defeaults).

    function cli(t)
       for slot, v in pairs(t) do
v = tostring(v)
           for n,x in ipairs(arg) do
   if x==""-. (slot:sub(l,l)) or x=="--"..slot then
    v = v=="false" and "fue" or v=="frue" and "false" or arg[n+1] end end
        t[slot] = coerce(v) end
if t.help then os.exit(print("\n"..help.."\n")) end
        return t end
    -- ### Lists
local copy,per,push,csv
    if type(t) ~= "table" then return t end
u={}; for k,v in pairs(t) do u[k] = copy(v) end
return setmetatable(u,getmetatable(t)) end
      -- Return the 'p'-th thing from the sorted list 't'.
    function per(t,p)
p=math.floor(((p or .5)*#t)+.5); return t[math.max(1,math.min(#t,p))] end
    -- Add to 't', return 'x'.
function push(t,x) t[1+#t]=x; return x end
    -- ## Call 'fun' on each row. Row cells are divided in 'the.seperator'.

function csv(fname,fun, sep,src,s,t)
sep = "[(|" . . the.seperator . "]+)"
src = io.input(fname)
        while true do
           s = io.read()
           if not s then return io.close(src) else
               for sl in s:gmatch(sep) do t[1+#t] = coerce(sl) end
               fun(t) end end end
     -- ### Strings
    local 0,00
-- '0' is a telescopt and '00' are some binoculars we use to exam stucts.
    -- 'o' is a telescopt and 'oo' are some binoculars
-- 'o': generates a string from a nested table.

function o(t, show,u)

if type(t) ~= "table" then return tostring(t) end

function show(k,v)
          if not tostring(k):find"^_" then
               return #t==0 and string.format(":%s %s",k,v) or tostring(v) end end
        return #(==0 and string.format(".7% %%,",",") or to
u={}; for k,v in pairs(t) do u[1+#u] = show(k,v) end
if #t==0 then table.sort(u) end
return "("..table.concat(u,"")..")" end
    -- 'oo': prints the string from 'o'.
function oo(t) print(o(t)) return t end
    local rogues, rnd, obj
--- Find rogue locals.
    function roques()
       for k,v in pairs (_ENV) do if not b4[k] then print("?",k,type(v)) end end
    function rnd(x, places)
  local mult = 10^(places or 2)
  return math.floor(x * mult + 0.5) / mult end
104 -- obj("Thing") enables a constructor Thing:new() ... and a pretty-printer
    function obj(s, t,i,new)
      tmetton obj(s, t,:,new)
function new(k,...) i=setmetatable({},k);
return setmetatable(t.new(i,...) or i,k) end
t={__tostring = function(x) return s..o(x) end}
t.__index = t;return setmetatable(t,(__call=new)) end
```

```
lis local Cols, Data, Num, Row, Sym=obj"Cols", obj"Data", obj"Num", obj"Rows", obj"Sym"
      -- 'Sym's summarize a stream of symbols.
     function Sym:new(c,s)
                      return {n=0.
                        _has={}
                                              -- kept data
                     end
      -- 'Num' ummarizes a stream of numbers.
function Num:new(c,s)
return {n=0,at=c or 0, name=s or "", _has={}, -- as per Sym
                     (n=0,d=0 for 0, names or ", _nas=(), -- as per sym

lo= math.huge, -- lowest seen

hi= math.huge, -- highest seen

isSorted=true, -- no updates since last sort of data

w = ((s or ""):find"-5" and -1 or 1)
                     } end
     -- 'Columns' Holds of summaries of columns.
130 -- Columns are created once, then may appear in multiple slots.
134 function Cols:new(names)
        self.names=names -- all column names
        self.names=names -- all tocolumn names
self.all={} -- all the columns (including the skipped ones)
self.klass=nil -- the single dependent klass column (if it exists)
self.x={} -- independent columns (that are not skipped)
self.y={} -- depedent columns (that are not skipped)
        seir.y=i; -- dependent Columns (that are not skipped)
for c,s in pairs(names) do
local col = push(self.all, -- Numerics start with Uppercase.
(sfind*\(\frac{1}{2}\) + \text{then } -- some columns are skipped
push(sfind*\(\frac{1}{2}\) + \text{then } -- some columns are skipped
push(sfind*\(\frac{1}{2}\) + \text{then } -- soft first columns are skipped
push(sfind*\(\frac{1}{2}\) + \text{then } and self.y or self.x, col) -- some cols are goal c
                 if s:find"|$" then self.klass=col end end end end
      -- 'Row' holds one record
 48 function Row:new(t) return {cells=t, -- one record
cooked=copy(t), -- used if we discretize data
                                               isEvaled=false -- true if y-values evaluated.
      -- 'Data' is a holder of 'rows' and their sumamries (in 'cols').
154 function Data:new(src)
155 self.cols = nil -- summaries of data
156 self.rows = {} -- kept data
        if type(src) == "string"
then csv(src, function(row) self:add(row) end)
        else for _, row in pairs (src or {}) do self:add (row) end end end
```

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```
-- Add one thing to 'col'. For Num, keep at most 'nums' items.
    function Sym:add(v)

if v~="?" then self.n=self.n+1; self._has[v] = 1 + (self._has[v] or 0) en
    function Sym:mid(col, most,mode)
most = -1; for k,v in pairs(self._has) do if v>most then mode,most=k,v en
    d end
       return mode end
     function Sym:div( e,fun)
       function fun(p) return p*math.log(p,2) end
e=0; for _,n in pairs(self._has) do if n>0 then e=e - fun(n/self.n) end e
176 -- ## Num
    -- Return kept numbers, sorted.
function Num:nums()
      if not self.isSorted then table.sort(self._has); self.isSorted=true end
return self._has end
    -- Reservoir sampler. Keep at most 'the.nums' numbers
-- (and if we run out of room, delete something old, at random).,
function Num:add(v, pos)
if v==""" then
self.n = self.n + 1
self.n = self.n + 1
self.lo = math.min(v, self.lo)
self.li = math.max(v, self.lo)
           self.hi = math.max(v, self.hi)
if #self._has < the.nums</pre>
           if #self._has < the.nums then pos = 1 + (#self._has)
elseif math.random() < the.nums/self.n then pos = math.random(#self._ha</pre>
           if pos then self.isSorted = false
    self._has[pos] = tonumber(v) end end end
    -- Diversity (standard deviation for Nums, entropy for Syms) function Num:div( a) a=self:nums(); return (per(a,.9)-per(a,.1))/2.58 e
    -- Central tendancy (median for Nums, mode for Syms) function Num:mid() return per(self:nums(),.5) end
```

## 

```
198
200 -- ## Data
201 -- Add a 'row' to 'data'. Calls 'add()' to updatie the 'cols' with new val
ues.
202 function Data:add(xs, row)
203 if not self.cols
204 then self.cols = Cols(xs)
205 else row= push(self.rows, xs.cells and xs or Row(xs)) -- ensure xs is a Ro
206 for _, col in pairs(fiction) do
207 for _, col in pairs(fiction) do
208 col:add(row.cells[col.at]) end end end
209
200 -- For 'showCols' (default='data.cols.x') in 'data', report 'fun' (default='mid'),
211 -- rounding numbers to 'places' (default=2)
212 function Data:stats( places, showCols, fun, t, v)
213 showCols, fun = showCols or self.cols.y, fun or "mid"
214 t={}; for _, col in pairs(showCols) do
215 v=type(v)=="number" and rnd(v, places) or v
216 t[col.name]=v end; return t end
```

```
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```

```
-- ## Test Engine
local eg, fails = {},0
     -- 1. reset random number seed before running something.
224 -- 2. Cache the detaults settings, and...
226 -- 2. Cachie the detailts settings, and...
226 -- 4. Print error messages or stack dumps as required.
227 -- 5. Return true if this all went well.
228 local function runs(k, old, status, out, msg)
229 if not eg[k] then return end
230 math.randomseed(the.seed) -- reset seed [1]
        old={}; for k,v in pairs(the) do old[k]=v end -- [2]
if the.dump then -- [4]
status,out = true, eg[k]()
        else
   status,out = pcall(eg[k]) -- pcall means we do not crash and dump on e
     rrror
        for k,v in pairs(old) do the[k]=v end -- restore old settings [3] msg = status and ((out=true and "PASS") or "FAIL") or "CRASH" -- [4] print("!!!!!", msg, k, status) return out or err end
236
242 -- ## Tests
244 -- Test that the test happes when something crashes?
25 function eg.BAD() print(eg.dont.have.this.field) end
248 function eg.LIST( t)
249 t={}; for k,_ in pai
        t={}; for k,_ in pairs(eg) do t[1+#t]=k end; table.sort(t); return t end
         -- List test names.
function eg.IS()
print("ukxamples lua csv-e...")
for_k in pairs(eg.IIST()) do print(string.format("uks",k)) end
258 function eg.ALL()
        for _,k in pairs(eg.LIST()) do
if k ~= "ALL" then
              print"\n----"
if not runs(k) then fails=fails+ 1 end end end
         return true end
```

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## 

```
284 -- Settings come from big string top of "sam.lua"
285 -- (maybe updated from comamnd line)
        function eg.the() oo(the); return true end
        -- The middle and diversity of a set of symbols is called "mode" -- and "entropy" (and the latter is zero when all the symbols -- are the same).
      -- are the same).

function eg.sym( sym.entropy,mode)

sym= Sym()

for _,x in pairs("a","a","a","a","b","b","c") do sym:add(x) end

mode, entropy = sym:mid(), sym:div()

entropy = (1000*entropy)/1/1000

oo((mid=mode, div=entropy))

return mode=="a" and 1.37 <= entropy and entropy <=1.38 end
        -- The middle and diversity of a set of numbers is called "median" -- and "standard deviation" (and the latter is zero when all the nums
           - are the same).
      -- are the same).
function eg.num( num,mid,div)
num=Num()
for i=1,100 do num:add(i) end
mid,div = num:mid(), num:div()
            print(mid ,div)
return 50<= mid and mid<= 52 and 30.5 <div and div<32 end</pre>
       -- Nums store only a sample of the numbers added to it (and that storage -- is done such that the kept numbers span the range of inputs). function \ eg.bignum(\ num) \\ num=Num()
            the.nums = 32

for i=1,1000 do num:add(i) end
            oo(num:nums())
            return 32==#num._has; end
         -- Show we can read csv files.
        function eg.csv( n)
            n=0
csv("../data/auto93.csv", function(row)
                n=n+1; if n> 10 then return else oo(row) end end); return true end
      -- Can I load a csv file into a Data?.
function eg.data( d)
d = Data("./data/auto93.csv")
for __,col in pairs(d.cols.y) do oo(col) end
        return true
     -- Print some stats on columns.

function eg.stats( data,mid,div)
 data = Data("./data/auto93.csv")

div=function(col) return col:div() end
 mid=function(col) return col:mid() end
 print("*mid", o( data:stats(2,data.cols.x, mid)))
 print("*mid", o( data:stats(3,data.cols.x, div)))
 print("ymid", o( data:stats(2,data.cols.y, mid)))
 print("ydiv", o( data:stats(2,data.cols.y, div)))
 return true
 end
324 the = cli(the)
325 runs(the.eg)
326 rogues()
327 os.exit(fails)
```

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