```
local help = [[
  15 == a little lab of lots of LUA learning algorithms.
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  USAGE:
lua 15.lua [OPTIONS]
 OPTIONS:
           FIONS:

-cohen F Cohen's delta = .35
-data N data file = etc/data/auto93.csv
-Dump stack dump on assert fails = false
-furthest F far = .9
-Format s format string = $5.2f
-keep P max kept items = 512
-distance coefficient = 2
                                    -p
-seed
           -help
            -want
   KEY: N=fileName F=float P=posint S=string
  NOTES: This code uses Aha's distance measure [Aha91] (that can handle numbers and symbols) to recursively divide data based on two distant points (these two are found in linear time using the Fastmap heuristic [Fa95]).
  To avoid spurious outliers, this code use the 90% furthest points.
  To avoid long runtimes, uses a subset of the data to learn where to divide data (then all the data gets pushed down first halves)
To support explanation, optionally, at each level of recursion, this code reports what ranges can best distinguish sibling clusters C1,C2. The discretizer is inspired by the ChiMerge algorithm: numerics are divided into, say, 16 bins. Then, while we can find adjacent bins with the similar distributions in C1,C2, then (a) merge then (b) look for other merges.
  -- ## Namespace
 -- Cache current globals, use at end to find roque variables local b4=\{\}; for k,_ in pairs(_ENV) do b4[k]=k end
     -- Defined local names
   local any.asserts,big,cli,csv,fails,firsts,fmt,goalp,ignorep,klassp
local lessp,map,main,many,max,merge,min,morep,new,nump,o,oo,per,pop,push
local r,rows,rnd,rnds,slots,sort,sum,thing,things,unpack
           Classes have UPPER CASE names
   - ## Settings
- Parse the help text for flags and defaults (e.g. -keep, 512).
- Check for updates on those details from command line
- (and and there,
- some shortcuts are available;
- e.g. _ *N _ & *rArr; 'keep=N';
- and _ -booleanFlag_ & *rArr; 'booleanFlag=not default').

local the={}
help:gsub("\m [-|(|\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{2}|-\frac{n}{
 -- this code reads csv files where the words on linel define column types. function ignorep(x) return x:find"\S" end -- columns to ignore function klassp(x) return x:find"\S" end -- symbolic goals to achieve function lessp(x) return x:find"\S" end -- number goals to minimize function nump(x) return x:find"\A-Z\]" end -- numeric goals to maximize function nump(x) return x:find"\A-Z\]" end -- numeric columns
   function goalp(x) return morep(x) or lessp(x) or klassp(x) end
   -- strings
fmt = string.format
-- maths
big = math.huge
max = math.max
min = math.min
r = math.random
   function \operatorname{rnds}(t,f) return \operatorname{map}(t,\operatorname{function}(x)\operatorname{return}\operatorname{rnd}(x,f)\operatorname{end}) end function \operatorname{rnd}(x,f) return \operatorname{fmt}(\operatorname{type}(x) = \operatorname{"number"}\operatorname{and}(x - \operatorname{x} / 1\operatorname{and} f\operatorname{or}\operatorname{the.Format})\operatorname{or}\operatorname{"%s"},x) end
  pop = table.remove
unpack = table.unpack
function any(t)
function firsts(a,b)
                                                                                 return t[r(#t)] end
return a[1] < b[1] end
u={}; for i=1, n do push(u,any(t)) end; return u end
return t[ (#t*(p or .5))//1 ] end
table.insert(t,x); return x end
table.sort(t,f); return t end</pre>
   function many(t,n, u)
function per(t,p)
function push(t,x)
function sort(t,f)
   -- meta
function map(t,f, u) u={}; for k,v in pairs(t) do push(u,f(v)) end; return u end
function sum(t,f, n) n=0; for _,v in pairs(t) do n=n+f(v) end; return n end
function slots(t, u)
          un()
un()
for k,v in pairs(t) do k=tostring(k);if k:sub(1,1)~="_" then push(u,k) end end
return sort(u) end
  -- print tables, recursively function oo(t) print(o(t)) end function o(t) if type(t)-="table" then return tostring(t) end local key=function(k) return fmt(":% %s",k,o(t[k])) end local u = #t>0 and map(t,o) or map(slots(t),key) return '{'..table.concat(u,"").."}" end
   -- strings to things
function csv(file, x)
file = io.input(file)
return function()
x=io.read(); if x then return things(x) else io.close(file) end end end
   function thing(x)
x = x:match"%s*(--)%s*$"
if x=="true" then return true elseif x=="false" then return false end
return tonumber(x) or x end
  function things(x, sep, t)
          t={} for y in x:gmatch(sep or"([^,]+)") do push(t,thing(y)) end return t end
```

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-- misc
function distance2Heaven(t,heaven, num,d)
for n,txt in pairs(heaven) do
num = Num(at,txt)
for _,z in pairs(t) do num:add(z.ys[n]) end
for _,z in pairs(t) do z.ys[n] = num:distance2heaven(z.ys[n]) end end
d = function(one) return (sum(one,ys)*fone,ys)*.5 end
return sort(t, function(a,b) return d(a) < d(b) end) end
                                                     function new(k,t) k.__index=k; k.__tostring=o; return setmetatable(t,k) end
   -- COLS: turns list of column names into NUMs, SYMs, or SKIPs
 function COLS.new(k,row, i)
i= new(k,{all={},x={}},names=row})
for at,txt in ipairs(row) do push(i.all, i:col(at,txt)) end
return i end
 function COLS.add(i,t)
for _,col in pairs(i.all) do col:add(t[col.at]) end
return t end
 function COLS.col(i,at,txt, col)
if ignorep(txt) then return SKIP:new(at,txt) end
col = (nump(txt) and NUM or SYM):new(at,txt)
push(goalp(txt) and i.y or i.x, col)
if klassp(txt) then i.klass = col end
return col end
 -- NUM: summarizes a stream of numbers
function NUM.new(k,n,s)
return new(k,fn,e),at=n or 0,txt=s or"",has=SOME:new(),ok=false,
w=lessp(s or "") and -1 or 1, lo=big, hi=-big}) end
 function NUM.add(i,x)
if x -= "?" then
i.n = i.n + 1
if i.has:add(x) then i.ok=false end
i.lo,i.hi = min(x,i.lo), max(x,i.hi); end end
 function NUM.distance2heaven(x, w)
  return ((i.w>0 and 1 or 0) - i:norm(x))^2 end
  function NUM.mid(i) return per(i:sorted(), .5) end
 function NUM.norm(i,x)
  return math.abs(i.hi-i.lo)<1E-9 and 0 or (x-i.lo)/(i.hi - i.lo) end</pre>
  function NUM.sorted(i)
  if i.ok==false then table.sort(i.has.all); i.ok=true end
  return i.has.all end
  -- ROWS: manages 'rows', summarized in 'cols' (columns).

function ROWS.new(k,inits, i)

i = new(k,(rows={},cols=nil})

if type(inits)=="string" then for t in csv(inits) do i:add(t) end end

if type(inits)=="table" then for t in inits do i:add(t) end end
      return i end
 function ROWS.add(i,t)
   if i.cols then push(i.rows,i.cols:add(t)) else i.cols=COLS:new(t) end end
 function ROWS.clone(i, j) j= ROWS:new(); j:add(i.cols.names);return j end
 function ROWS.dist(i,row1,row2, d,fun)
function fun(col) return col:dist(row1[col.at], row2[col.at])^the.p end
return (sum(i.cols.x, fun)/ #i.cols.x)^(1/the.p) end
 function ROWS.furthest(i,row1,rows, fun)
  function fun(row2) return {i:dist(row1,row2), row2} end
  return unpack(per(sort(map(rows,fun),firsts), the.furthest)) end
 function ROWS.half(i, top)
local some, top,c,x,y,tmp,mid,lefts,rights,_
some= many(i.rows, the.keep)
top = top or i
    _,x = top:furthest(any(some), some)
    _,x = top:furthest(any(some), some)
     __x = top:furthest(any(some), some)
c,y = top:furthest(x, some)
some)
timp = sort(map(i.rows,function(r) return top:fastmap(r,x,y,c) end),firsts)
mid = #i.rows//2
lefts, rights = iclone(), i:clone()
for at,row in pairs(tmp) do (at <=mid and lefts or rights):add(row[2]) end
return lefts,rights,x,y,c, tmp[mid] end
 function ROWS.mid(i,cols)
  return map(cols or i.cols.all, function(col) return col:mid() end) end
 function ROWS.fastmap(i, r,x,y,c, a,b) 
 a,b = i : dist(r,x), i : dist(r,y); return \{(a^2 + c^2 - b^2)/(2*c), r\} end
  -- SKIP: summarizes things we want to ignore (so does nothing)
function SKIP.new(k,n,s) return new(k,{n=0,at=at or 0,txt=s or""}) end
function SKIP.add(i,x) return x end
function SKIP.mid(i) return "?" end
  -- SOME: keeps a random sample on the arriving data function SOME.new(k,keep) return new(k,{n=0,all={}}, keep=keep or the.keep}) end function SOME.add(i,x)
i.n = i.n+1
if #i.all < i.keep then push(i.all,x); return i.all
elseif r() < i.keep/i.n then i.all[r(#i.all)]=x; return i.all end end
  -- SYM: summarizes a stream of symbols
function SYM.new(k,n,s)
  return new(k, {n=0,at=n or 0,txt=s or"",has={},most=0}) end
  function SYM.add(i,x,inc)
     if x <= """ then
inc = inc or 1
i.n = i.n + inc
i.has[x] = inc + (i.has[x] or 0)
if i.has[x] > i.most then i.most,i.mode=i.has[x],x end end end
 function SYM.dist(i,x,y) return(x=="?" and y=="?" and 1) or(x==y and 0 or 1) end
function SYM.div(i, return i.mode end
function SYM.div(i, p)
  return sum(i.has,function(k) p=-i.has[k]/i.n;return -p*math.log(p,2) end) end
     unction SYM.merge(i,j, k)

k = SYM:new(i.at,i.txt)
for x,n in pairs(i.has) do k:add(x,n) end
for x,n in pairs(j.has) do k:add(x,n) end
ei, ej, ejk= i:div(), j:div(), k:div()
if i.n==0 or j.n==0 or .99*ek <= (i.n*ei + j.n*ej)/k.n then
return k end end
  function SYM.merge(i,j,
```

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        function CLUSTER.show(i,pre, here)
             inction CLUSTEK.show(i,pre, nere)
pre = pre or ""
here=""
if not i.left and not i.right then here= o(i.here:mid(i.here.cols.y)) end
print(fmt("%6s:%-30s %s", #i.here.rows, pre, here))
for _,kid in pairs(i.left, i.right) do
    if kid then kid:show(pre .. "[.") end end end
        -- SPAN: keeps a random sample on the arriving data
function SPAN.new(k, col, lo, hi, has)
return new(k,{col=col,lo=lo,hi=hi or lo,has=has or SYM:new()}) end
        function SPAN.add(i,x,y,n) i.lo,i.hi=min(x,i.lo),max(x,i.hi); i.has:add(y,n) end
function SPAN.merge(i,j)
local has = i.has:merge(j.has)
if now then return SPAN:new(i.col, i.lo, j.hi, has) end end
        function SPAN.select(i,row, x)
             return (x=="?") or (i.lo==i.hi and x==i.lo) or (i.lo <= x and x < i.hi) end</pre>
        function SPAN.score(i) return {i.has.n/i.col.n, i.has:div()} end
      -- EXPLAIN:
function EXPLAIN.new(k,egs,top)
local i,top,want,left,right,spans,best,yes,no
i = new(k,(here = egs))
top = top or egs
want = (#top.rows) 'the.want
if #top.rows >= 2*want then
left,right = egs:half(top)
spans = {}
for n,col in pairs(i.cols.x) do
for _,s in pairs(cl.spans(j.cols.x[n])) do
push(spans,(ys=s:score(),it=s)) end end
best = distance/heaven(spans,("+","-"))[1]
yes,no = egs:clone(), egs:clone(), for _,row in pairs(egs.rows) do
(best:selects(row) and yes or no):add(row) end -- divide data in two
if #yes.rows**Regs.rows then -- make kids if kid size different to parent siz
              if #yes.rows>=want then i.yes=EXPLAIN:new(yes,top) end
if #no.rows>=want then i.no =EXPLAIN:new(no, top) end end end
return i end
        function EXPLAIN.show(i,pre)
             unction EXPLAIN.show(1,pre)
pre = pre or ""
if not pre then
tmp = i.here:mid(i.here.y)
print(fmt("%6s:%-30s %s", #i.here.rows, pre, o(i.here:mid(i.here.cols.y))))
for _,pair in pairs{{true,i.yes}, {false,i.no}} do
status,kid = unpack(pair)
k:shpw(pre .. "|.") end end end
        function SYM.spans(i, j)
            unction SYM.spans(i, j)
local xys,all,one,last,xys,x,c n = {},{}
for x,n in pairs(i.has) do push(xys, (x, "this",n)) end
for x,n in pairs(j.has) do push(xys, (x, "that",n)) end
for _,tmp in ipairs(sort(xys,firsts)) do
    x,c,n = unpack(tmp)
    if x ~= last then
    last = x
        one = push(all, Span(i,x,x)) end
    one.add(x,y,n) end
return all end
        function NUM.spans(i, j)
local xys,all,lo,hi,gap,xys,one,x,c,n = {},{}
lo,hi = min(i.lo, j.lo), max(i.hi,j.hi)
gap = (hi - lo) / (6/the.cohen)
for x,n in pairs(i.has) do push(xys, {x,"this",1}) end
for x,n in pairs(j.has) do push(xys, {x,"this",1}) end
one = Span:new(i,lo,lo)
all = {one}
for_,tmp in ipairs(sort(xys,first)) do
    x,c,n = unpack(tmp)
    if one.hi - one.lo > gap then one = push(all, Span(i, one.hi, x)) end
    one:ad(x,y) end
all = merge(all)
all[i] lo = big
    return all end
```

```
fails=0
function asserts(test, msg)
print(test and "PASS: "or "FAIL: ",msg or "")
if not test then
fails=fails+1
if the.dump then assert(test,msg) end end end
      function EGS.nothing() return true end
function EGS.the() oo(the) end
function EGS.rand()
function EGS.some(s,t)
s=SOME.new(100)
for i=1 100000 decreted
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            s=SOME:new(100)
for i=1,100000 do s:add(i) end
for j,x in pairs(sort(s.all)) do
   --if (j % 10)=0 then print("") ei
   --io.write(fmt("%6s",x)) end end
fmt("%6s",x) end end
       function EGS.clone( r,s)
            nnction EGS.clone( r,s)
r = ROWS:new(the.data)
s = r:clone()
for _,row in pairs(r.rows) do s:add(row) end
asserts(r.cols.x[1].lo==s.cols.x[1].lo, "clone.lo")
asserts(r.cols.x[1].hi==s.cols.x[1].hi, "clone.hi")
end
414 function EGS.data( r)
            r = ROWS:new(the.data)
asserts(r.cols.x[1].hi == 8, "data.columns") end
       function EGS.many(     t)
t={}; for j=1,100 do push(t,j) end
--print(oo(many(t, 10))) end
o(many(t, 10)) end
       function EGS.far(    r,c,row1,row2)
    r = ROWS:new(the.data)
    row1 = r.rows[1]
    c,row2 = r:far(r.rows[1], r.rows) end
    --print(c,"\n",o(row1),"\n", o(row2)) end
       function EGS.half( r,c,row1,row2)
local lefts,rights,x,y,x
r = ROWS:new(the.data)
r:mid(r.cols.y)
lefts,rights,x,y,c = r:half()
lefts:mid(lefts.cols.y)
rights:mid(rights.cols.y)
asserts(true, "half") end
                       ROWS:new(the.data)
             --CLUSTER:new(r):show() end
CLUSTER:new(r) end
      -- start-up
if arg[0] == "s.lua" then
if the help then print(help:gsub("\m\OTES:*\$","")) else
local b4={}; for k,v in pairs(the) do b4{k}=v end
for _rtodo in pairs(the:todo="all" and slots(EGS) or {the.todo}) do
for k,v in pairs(b4) do the{k}=v end
math.randomseed(the.seed)
if type(EGS[todo])=="function" then EGS[todo]() end end
             end
for k,v in pairs(_ENV) do if not b4[k] then print("?",k,type(v)) end end
              os.exit(fails)
           return {CLUSTER=CLUSTER, COLS=COLS, NUM=NUM, ROWS=ROWS, SKIP=SKIP, SOME=SOME, SYM=SYM, the=the, oo=oo, o=o}
465 end
       end
-- git rid of SOME for rows
-- nss = NUM | SYM | SKIP
-- COLS = all:[nss]+, x:[nss]*, y:[nss]*, klass;col?
-- ROWS = cols:COLS, rows:SOME
```