

```

1 -----!head
2 ---
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21 lua brknbad.lua [OPTIONS]
22 (c) 2022, Tim Menzies, BSD-2-Clause
23 Divide things. Show deltas between things.
24
25 OPTIONS:
26 -cohen      -c cohen          = .35
27 -far        -F how far to seek poles = .9
28 -keep       -k items to keep   = 256
29 -minitems   -s min items in a rang e = .5
30 -p          -p euclidean coefficient = 2
31 -some       -S sample size for rows = 512
32
33 OPTIONS, other:
34 -dump       -d stackdump on error = false
35 -file       -f data file         = ../etc/data/auto93.csv
36 -help       -h show help        = false
37 -rnd        -r round numbers     = %5.2f
38 -seed       -s random number seed = 10019
39 -todo       -t start-up action   = nothing
40 -n1         -n1 #repeated trials = 20
41 -n2         -n2 samples per trial = 100
42 ]]
43
44 local any,bestBin,bins,bins1,bootstrap,class,cosine,csv2egs,firsts,fmt,ish
45 local last,many,map,new,o,ok,oo,optimize,per,pop,push,quintiles,r,rnd,rnds,scott
46 local selects,settings,shuffle,slots,smallfx,sort,sum,thing,things,xplains
47 local NUM,SYM,EGS,BIN,CLUSTER,XPLAIN,GO,NO,OPTIMIZE
48
49 --[[
50
51 ## Conventions
52
53 ### Data
54
55 - First row of data are names that describe each column.
56 - Names ending with '-' or '+' are dependent goals to be minimized or maximized.
57 - Names ending with '!' are dependent classes.
58 - Dependent columns are 'y' columns (the rest are independent 'x' columns).
59 - Uppercase names are numeric (so the rest are symbolic).
60 - Names ending with ':' are columns to be skipped.
61 - Data is read as rows, and stored in an EGS instance.
62 - Within a EGS, row columns are summarized into NUM or SYM instances.
63
64 ### Inference
65
66 - The rows within an EGS are recursive bi-clustered into CLUSTERS
67 using random projections (Fastmap) and Aha's distance metric
68 (that can process numbers and symbols).
69 - Entropy-based discretization finds BINs that separates each pair of
70 clusters.
71 - An XPLAIN tree runs the same clustering processing, but data is divided
72 at level using the BIN that most separates the clusters.
73
74 ### Coding
75
76 - No globals (so everything is 'local').
77 - Code 80 characters wide indent with two spaces.
78 - Format to be read a two-pages-per-page portrait pdf.
79 - Divide code into section and subsection headings (e.g using figlet)
80 - Sections are less than 120 lines long (one column in the pdf).
81 - No lines containing only the word 'end' (unless marking the end of a
82 complex for loop or function).
83 - Usually, if an object contains a list of other objects, that sublist
84 is called 'all'.
85 - If a slot is too big to display, it is declared private (not to be printed)
86 by renaming (e.g.) 'slotx' to '_slotx' (so often, 'all' becomes '_all').
87
88 ### Classes
89
90 - Spread class code across different sections (so don't overload reader
91 with all details, at one time).
92 - Show simpler stuff before complex stuff.
93 - Reserve 'i' for 'self' (to fit more code per line).
94 - Don't use inheritance (to simplify readability).
95 - Use polymorphism (using LUA's delegation trick).
96 - Define an class of objects with 'Thing=class"thing"' and
97 a 'function:Thing(args)' creation method.
98 - Define instances with 'new({slot1=value1,slot2=value2,...},Thing)'.
99 - Instance methods use '.', e.g. 'function Thing.show() ... end'.
100 - Class methods using ':', e.g. 'Thing:new(strings)'. Class methods
101 do things like instance creation or manage a set of instances.
102
103 ### Test suites (and demos)
104
105 - Define start-up actions as GO functions.
106 - In GO functions, check for errors with 'ok(test,mdf)'
107 (that updates an 'fails' counter when not 'ok').
108 - Define another table called NO so a test can be quickly disabled just
109 by renaming it from 'GO.xx' to 'NO.xx'.
110
111 ### At top of file
112
113 - Trap known globals in 'b4'.
114 - Define all locals at top-of-file (so everyone can access everything).
115 - Define options in a help string at top of file.
116 - Define command line options -h (for help); -s (for seeding random numbers)
117 -t (for startup actions, so '-t all' means "run everything").
118
119 ### At end of file
120
121 - Using 'settings', parse help string to set options,
122 maybe updating from command-line.
123 - Using 'GO.main', run the actions listed on command line.
124 - 'GO.main' resets random number generator before running an action
125 - After everything else, look for 'rogues' (any global not in 'b4')
126 - Finally, return the 'fails' as the exit status of this code. --]]

```

```

256 -----
257 --- DATA CLASSES
258
259 NUM, SYM, EGS = class"NUM", class"SYM", class"EGS"
260
261 --- create
262
263 function SYM:new(at,name)
264     return new({at=at, name=name, most=0,n=0,all={}}, SYM) end
265
266 function NUM:new(at,name)
267     return new({at=at, name=name, _all={},
268         w=(name or ""):find"$" and -1 or 1,
269         n=0, sd=0, mu=0, m2=0, lo=math.huge, hi=-math.huge}, NUM) end
270
271 function EGS:new(names, i,col)
272     i = new({_all={}, cols={names=names, all={}, x={}, y={}}, EGS)
273     for at,name in pairs(names) do
274         col = push(i.cols.all, (name:find"^[A-Z]" and NUM or SYM) (at,name) )
275         if not name:find"$" then
276             if name:find"$" then i.cols.class = col end
277             push(name:find"[+!$]" and i.cols.y or i.cols.x, col) end end
278     return i end
279
280 function EGS:new4file(file, i)
281     for row in things(the.file) do
282         if i then i:add(row) else i = EGS(row) end end
283     return i end
284
285 --- copy
286
287 function SYM.copy(i) return SYM(i.at, i.name) end
288
289 function NUM.copy(i) return NUM(i.at, i.name) end
290
291 function EGS.copy(i,rows, j)
292     j = EGS(i.cols.names)
293     for _,row in pairs(rows or {}) do j:add(row) end
294     return j end
295
296 --- update
297
298 function EGS.add(i,row)
299     push(i._all, row)
300     for at,col in pairs(i.cols.all) do col:add(row[col.at]) end end
301
302 function SYM.add(i,x,inc)
303     if x ~= "?" then
304         inc = inc or 1
305         i.n = i.n+inc
306         i.all[x] = inc + (i.all[x] or 0)
307         if i.all[x] > i.most then i.most, i.mode = i.all[x], x end end end
308
309 function SYM.sub(i,x,inc)
310     if x ~= "?" then
311         inc = inc or 1
312         i.n = i.n - inc
313         i.all[x] = i.all[x] - inc end end
314
315 function NUM.add(i,x,_, d,a)
316     if x ~= "?" then
317         i.n = i.n + 1
318         d = x - i.mu
319         i.mu = i.mu + d/i.n
320         i.m2 = i.m2 + d*(x - i.mu)
321         i.sd = (i.m2<0 or i.n<2) and 0 or ((i.m2/(i.n - 1))^0.5)
322         i.lo = math.min(x, i.lo)
323         i.hi = math.max(x, i.hi)
324         a = i._all
325         if #a < the.keep then i.ok=false; push(a,x)
326         elseif r() < the.keep/i.n then i.ok=false; a[r(#a)]=x end end end
327
328 function NUM.sub(i,x,_, d)
329     if x ~= "?" then
330         i.n = i.n - 1
331         d = x - i.mu
332         i.mu = i.mu - d/i.n
333         i.m2 = i.m2 - d*(x - i.mu)
334         i.sd = (i.m2<0 or i.n<2) and 0 or ((i.m2/(i.n - 1))^0.5) end end
335
336 --- copy
337
338 function EGS.mid(i,cols)
339     return map(cols or i.cols.y, function(col) return col:mid() end) end
340
341 function EGS.div(i,cols)
342     return map(cols or i.cols.y, function(col) return col:div() end) end
343
344 function NUM.mid(i) return i.mu end
345 function SYM.mid(i) return i.mode end
346
347 function NUM.div(i) return i.sd end
348 function SYM.div(i, e)
349     e=0; for _,n in pairs(i.all) do
350         if n > 0 then e = e - n/i.n * math.log(n/i.n,2) end end
351     return math.abs(e) end
352
353 function NUM.norm(i,x)
354     return i.hi - i.lo < 1E-32 and 0 or (x - i.lo)/(i.hi - i.lo) end
355
356 function NUM.all(i)
357     if not i.ok then table.sort(i._all); i.ok=true end
358     return i._all end
359

```

```

360 -----
361 --- CLUSTER
362
363 $ lua brknbad.lua -t cluster
364
365 398
366 199
367 99
368 49
369 24
370 25
371 50
372 25
373 25
374 25
375 100
376 50
377 25
378 25
379 50
380 25
381 25
382 199
383 99
384 49
385 24
386 25
387 50
388 25
389 25
390 100
391 50
392 25
393 25
394 50
395 25
396 25
397 100
398 50
399 25
400 25
401 50
402 25
403 25
404 25
405 25
406
407 CLUSTER=class"CLUSTER"
408 function CLUSTER:new(top,egs, i,leaves,rights)
409     egs = egs or top
410     i = new({egs=egs, top=top,rank=0},CLUSTER)
411     leaves, rights, i.left, i.right, i.border, i.c = top:half(egs._all)
412     if #egs._all >= 2*(#top._all)^the.minItems then
413         if #leaves._all < #egs._all then
414             i.leaves = CLUSTER(top, leaves)
415             i.rights = CLUSTER(top, rights) end end
416     return i end
417
418 function CLUSTER.leaf(i) return not (i.leaves or i.rights) end
419
420 function CLUSTER.show(i, pre, front)
421     pre = pre or ""
422     local front = fmt("%s%s",pre,#i.egs._all)
423     if i:leaf()
424     then print(fmt("%-20s",front, o(rnds(i.egs:mid(i.egs.cols.y))))))
425     else print(front)
426         if i.leaves then i.leaves:show(" |"..pre)
427         if i.rights then i.rights:show(" |"..pre) end end end end
428
429 --- random projections
430
431 function EGS.half(i, rows)
432     local project,far,some,left,right,c,leaves,rights,border
433     rows = rows or i._all
434     far = function(r,t) return per(i:dist(r,t), the.far)[2] end
435     project = function(r1)
436         return {cosine(i:dist(left,r1), i:dist(right,r1), c),r1} end
437     some = many(rows, the.some)
438     left = far(any(some), some)
439     right = far(left, some)
440     c = i:dist(left,right)
441     leaves,rights = i:copy(), i:copy()
442     for n,projection in pairs(sort(map(rows,project),firsts)) do
443         if n==#rows//2 then border = projection[1] end
444         (n <= #rows//2 and leaves or rights):add( projection[2] ) end
445     return leaves, rights, left, right, border, c end
446
447 --- distances in data
448
449 function EGS.dists(i,r1,rows)
450     return sort(map(rows,function(r2) return {i:dist(r1,r2),r2} end),firsts) end
451
452 function EGS.dist(i,row1,row2, d)
453     d = sum(i.cols.x, function(c) return c:dist(row1[c.at], row2[c.at])^the.p end)
454     return (d/#i.cols.x)^(1/the.p) end
455
456 function NUM.dist(i,a,b)
457     if a=="?" and b=="?" then return 1 end
458     if a=="?" then b=i:norm(b); a=b<.5 and 1 or 0
459     elseif b=="?" then a=i:norm(a); b=a<.5 and 1 or 0
460     else a,b = i:norm(a), i:norm(b) end
461     return math.abs(a - b) end
462
463 function SYM.dist(i,a,b) return a=="?" and b=="?" and 1 or a==b and 0 or 1 end
464

```

```

467 -----
468 --- DISCRETIZE
469 ---
470 --- $ lua brknbad.lua -t bins
471 ---
472 ---
473 ---
474 ---
475 ---
476 ---
477 ---
478 ---
479 ---
480 ---
481 ---
482 ---
483 ---
484 ---
485 ---
486 ---
487 ---
488 ---
489 ---
490 ---
491 ---
492 ---
493 BIN=class"BIN"
494 function BIN:new(col,lo,hi,n,div)
495     return new({col=col, lo=lo, hi=hi, n=n, div=div},BIN) end
496
497 function BIN.selects(i,row, x)
498     x = row[i,col.at]
499     return x=="?" or i.lo==i.hi and x==i.lo or i.lo<=x and x<i.hi end
500
501 function BIN.show(i,negative)
502     local x, lo,hi,big, s = i.col.name, i.lo, i.hi, math.huge
503     if negative then
504         if lo== hi then s=fmt("%s=%s",x,lo)
505         elseif hi== big then s=fmt("%s< %s",x,lo)
506         elseif lo==big then s=fmt("%s>= %s",x,hi)
507         else
508             s=fmt("%s< %s and %s>= %s",x,lo,x,hi) end
509     else
510         if lo== hi then s=fmt("%s== %s",x,lo)
511         elseif hi== big then s=fmt("%s>= %s",x,lo)
512         elseif lo==big then s=fmt("%s< %s",x,hi)
513         else
514             s=fmt("%s<= %s< %s",lo,x,hi) end end
515     return s end
516
517 function BIN.distance2heaven(i, divs, ns)
518     return ((1 - ns:norm(i.n))^2 + (0 - divs:norm(i.div))^2)^0.5 end
519
520 function BIN:best(bins)
521     local divs,ns, distance2heaven = NUM(), NUM()
522     function distance2heaven(bin) return (bin:distance2heaven(divs,ns),bin) end
523     for _,bin in pairs(bins) do
524         divs:add(bin.div); ns:add( bin.n)
525     end
526     return sort(map(bins, distance2heaven), firsts)[1][2] end
527
528 function EGS.bins(i,j, bins)
529     bins = {}
530     for n,col in pairs(i.cols.x) do
531         for _,bin in pairs(i.cols.x[n]) do push(bins, bin) end end
532     return bins end
533
534 ---
535 ---
536 ---
537 ---
538 ---
539 ---
540 ---
541 ---
542 ---
543 ---
544 ---
545 ---
546 ---
547 ---
548 ---
549 ---
550 ---
551 ---
552 ---
553 ---
554 ---
555 ---
556 ---
557 ---
558 ---
559 ---
560 ---
561 ---
562 ---
563 ---
564 ---
565 ---
566 ---
567 ---
568 ---
569 ---
570 ---
571 ---
572 ---
573 ---
574 ---
575 ---
576 ---
577 ---
578 ---
579 ---
580 ---
581 ---
582 ---
583 ---
584 ---
585 ---
586 ---
587 ---
588 ---
589 ---
590 ---
591 ---
592 ---
593 ---
594 ---
595 ---
596 ---
597 ---
598 ---
599 ---
600 ---
601 ---
602 ---
603 ---
604 ---
605 ---
606 ---
607 ---
608 ---
609 ---
610 ---
611 ---
612 ---
613 ---
614 ---
615 ---
616 ---
617 ---
618 ---
619 ---
620 ---
621 ---
622 ---
623 ---
624 ---
625 ---
626 ---
627 ---
628 ---
629 ---
630 ---
631 ---
632 ---
633 ---
634 ---
635 ---
636 ---
637 ---
638 ---
639 ---
640 ---
641 ---
642 ---
643 ---
644 ---
645 ---
646 ---
647 ---
648 ---
649 ---
650 ---

```

```

587 -----
588 --- XPLAIN
589 ---
590 ---
591 ---
592 --- % lua brknbad.lua -r xplain
593 ---
594 ---
595 ---
596 ---
597 ---
598 ---
599 ---
600 ---
601 ---
602 ---
603 ---
604 ---
605 ---
606 ---
607 ---
608 ---
609 ---
610 ---
611 ---
612 ---
613 ---
614 ---
615 ---
616 ---
617 ---
618 ---
619 ---
620 ---
621 ---
622 ---
623 ---
624 ---
625 ---
626 ---
627 ---
628 ---
629 ---
630 ---
631 ---
632 ---
633 ---
634 ---
635 ---
636 ---
637 ---
638 ---
639 ---
640 ---
641 ---
642 ---
643 ---
644 ---
645 ---
646 ---
647 ---
648 ---
649 ---
650 ---

```

```

650 -----
651 --- OPTIMIZE
652 ---
653 ---
654
655 OPTIMIZE=class"OPTIMIZE"
656 function OPTIMIZE:new(top,egs,n)
657   local n,egs,i,stop,lefs,rights = n or 1, egs or top
658   i = new({rank=n,egs=eg,top=top},OPTIMIZE)
659   stop= (#top._all)^the.minItems
660   if #egs._all > 2*stop then
661     lefs, rights, i.lef, i.righ, i.border, i.c = top:half(egs._all)
662     if egs:bettr(i.lef,i.righ)
663     then lefs, rights, i.lef, i.righ = rights, lefs, i.righ, i.lef
664     i.border = i.c - i.border
665   end
666   i.righs = OPTIMIZE(top,i.righs,n) end
667   i.rank = i.righs.n + 1
668   i.egs = i.lefs
669   return i end
670
671 function EGS.better(i,row1,row2)
672   local s1, s2, n, a, b = 0, 0, #i.cols.y
673   for _,col in pairs(i.cols.y) do
674     a = col:norm( row1[col.at] )
675     b = col:norm( row2[col.at] )
676     s1 = s1 - 2.7183*(col.w * (a - b) / n)
677     s2 = s2 - 2.7183*(col.w * (b - a) / n) end
678   return s1 / n < s2 / n end
679
680 function EGS.betters(i,j)
681   return i:bettr(i:mid(i.cols.all), j:mid(j.cols.all)) end
682
683 -----
684 --- scottKnot
685 ---
686 function quintiles(ts,width, nums,out,all,n,m)
687   width=width or 32
688   nums=NUM(); for _,t in pairs(ts) do
689     for _,x in pairs(sort(t)) do add(nums,x) end end
690   all,out = nums.all, {}
691   for _,t in pairs(ts) do
692     local s, where = {}
693     where = function(n) return (width*nums:norm(n))/1 end
694     for j = 1, width do s[j]=" " and
695       for j = where(per(t,.1)), where(per(t,.3)) do s[j]="-" end
696       for j = where(per(t,.7)), where(per(t,.9)) do s[j]="-" end
697     s[where(per(t,.5))] = "|"
698     push(out,{display=table.concat(s),
699       data = t,
700       pers = map({.1,.3,.5,.7,.9},
701         function(p) return rnd(per(t,p))end)}) end
702   return out end
703
704 function smallfx(xs,ys, x,y,lt,gt,n)
705   lt,gt,n = 0,0,0
706   if #ys > #xs then xs,ys=ys,xs end
707   for _,x in pairs(xs) do
708     for j=1, math.min(64,#ys) do
709       y = any(ys)
710       if y<x then lt=lt+1 end
711       if y>x then gt=gt+1 end
712       n = n+1 end end
713   return math.abs(gt - lt) / n <= the.cliffs end
714
715 function bootstrap(y0,z0)
716   local x, y, z, b4, yhat, zhat, bigger, obs, adds
717   function obs(a,b, c)
718     c = math.abs(a.mu - b.mu)
719     return (a.sd + b.sd) == 0 and c or c/((x.sd^2/x.n + y.sd^2/y.n)^.5) end
720   function adds(t, num)
721     num = num or NUM(); map(t, function(x) add(num,x) end); return num end
722   x, y, z = adds(y0), adds(z0)
723   x = adds(y0, adds(z0))
724   b4 = obs(y,z)
725   yhat = map(y._all, function(y1) return y1 - y.mu + x.mu end)
726   zhat = map(z._all, function(z1) return z1 - z.mu + x.mu end)
727   bigger = 0
728   for j=1,the.boot do
729     if obs( adds(many(yhat,#yhat)), adds(many(zhat,#zhat))) > b4
730     then bigger = bigger + 1/the.boot end end
731   return bigger >= the.conf end
732
733 --- xxx mid has to be per and
734 --- XXX implement same
735 --- XXX need tests for stats
736 function scottKnot(nums, all,cohen)
737   local mid = function (z) return z.some:mid()
738   end
739   local function summary(i,j, out)
740     out = copy( nums[i] )
741     for k = i+1, j do out = out:merge(nums[k]) end
742     return out
743   end
744   local function div(lo,hi,rank,b4, cut,best,l,ll,r,r1,now)
745     best = 0
746     for j = lo,hi do
747       if j < hi then
748         l = summary(lo, j)
749         r = summary(j+1, hi)
750         now = (l.n*(mid(l) - mid(b4))^2 + r.n*(mid(r) - mid(b4))^2)
751         / (l.n + r.n)
752         if now > best then
753           if math.abs(mid(l) - mid(r)) >= cohen then
754             cut, best, ll, r1 = j, now, copy(l), copy(r)
755           end end end end
756         if cut and not ll:same(r1,the) then
757           rank = div(lo, cut, rank, ll) + 1
758           rank = div(cut+1, hi, rank, r1)
759         else
760           for i = lo,hi do nums[i].rank = rank end end
761         return rank
762       end
763     table.sort(nums, function(x,y) return mid(x) < mid(y) end)
764     all = summary(1,#nums)
765     cohen = all.sd * the.cohen
766     div(1, #nums, 1, all)
767     return nums end
768

```

```

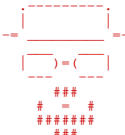
770 ---
771 ---
772 ---
773 function GO.last()
774   ok( 30 == last(10,20,30), "lasts" ) end
775
776 function GO.per( t )
777   t={};for i=1,100 do push(t,i*1000) end
778   ok(70000 == per(t,.7), "per" ) end
779
780 function GO.many( t )
781   t={};for i=1,100 do push(t,i) end; many(t,10) end
782
783 function GO.sum( t )
784   t={};for i=1,100 do push(t,i) end; ok(5050==sum(t), "sum") end
785
786 function GO.shuffle( t, good )
787   t={1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9}
788   good = true
789   for j=1,10^5 do
790     t= shuffle(t);
791     good = good and sum(t)==45, "shuffle"..j end
792   ok(good, "shuffling" ) end
793
794 function GO.sample( m,n )
795   m,n = 10^5,NUM(); for i=1,m do n:add(i) end
796   for j=1,.9, .1 do
797     print(j,per(n:all(),j),ish(per(n:all(),j),m*j,m*0.05)) end end
798
799 function GO.sym( s )
800   s=SYM(); map({1,1,1,2,2,3}, function(x) s:add(x) end)
801   ok(ish(s:div(),1.378, 0.001), "cnt" ) end
802
803 function GO.num( n )
804   n=NUM(); map({10, 12, 23, 23, 16, 23, 21, 16}, function(x) n:add(x) end)
805   print(n:div())
806   ok(ish(n:div(),5.2373, .001), "div" ) end
807
808 function GO.nums( num,t,b4 )
809   b4,t,num={}, {},NUM()
810   for j=1,1000 do push(t,100*r(i)*j) end
811   for j=1,#t do
812     num:add(t[j])
813     if j%100==0 then b4[j] = fmt("%.5f",num:div()) end end
814   for j=#t,1,-1 do
815     if j%100==0 then ok(b4[j] == fmt("%.5f",num:div()), "div"..j) end
816     num:sub(t[j]) end end
817
818 function GO.syms( t,b4,s,sym )
819   b4,t,sym, s={}, {},SYM(), "I have gone to seek a great perhaps."
820   t={}; for j=1,20 do s:sgsub(' ',function(x) t[#t+1]=x end) end
821   for j=1,#t do
822     sym:add(t[j])
823     if j%100==0 then b4[j] = fmt("%.5f",sym:div()) end end
824   for j=#t,1,-1 do
825     if j%100==0 then ok(b4[j] == fmt("%.5f",sym:div()), "div"..j) end
826     sym:sub(t[j]) end
827   end
828
829 function GO.loader( num )
830   for row in things(the.file) do
831     if num then num:add(row[1]) else num=NUM() end end
832   ok(ish(num.mu, 5.455,0.001), "loadmu")
833   ok(ish(num.sd, 1.701,0.001), "loadsd" ) end
834
835 function GO.egsShow( e )
836   ok(EGS{"name","Age","Weigh-"},"can make EGS?") end
837
838 function GO.egsHead( )
839   ok(EGS({"name","age","Weight!")).cols.x, "EGS" ) end
840
841 function GO.egs( egs )
842   egs = EGS:new4file(the.file)
843   ok(ish(egs.cols.x[1].mu, 5.455,0.001), "loadmu")
844   ok(ish(egs.cols.x[1].sd, 1.701,0.001), "loadsd" ) end
845
846 function GO.dist( ds,egs,one,d1,d2,d3,r1,r2,r3 )
847   one = EGS:new4file(the.file)
848   egs = egs._all[1]
849   ds={};for j=1,20 do
850     oo(rnds(sort(ds), "%5.3f"))
851   for j=1,10 do
852     r1,r2,r3 = any(egs._all), any(egs._all), any(egs._all)
853     d1=egs:dist(r1,r2)
854     d2=egs:dist(r2,r3)
855     ok(d1 < 1 and d2 <= 1 and d3 <= 1 and d1>=0 and d2>=0 and d3>=0 and
856     egs:dist(r1,r2) == egs:dist(r2,r1) and
857     egs:dist(r1,r1) == 0 and
858     d3 <= d1+d2, "dist"..j) end end
859
860 function GO.half( egs,lefts,rights )
861   egs = EGS:new4file(the.file)
862   lefts, rights = egs:half()
863   print("before:", o(rnds(egs:mid())) )
864   print("half1:", o(rnds(lefts:mid())) , o(rnds(rights:mid())) )
865   print("half1:", egs:bettors(lefts,egs) and "better" or "worse")
866   print("half2:", o(rnds(rights:mid())) , egs:bettors(rights,egs) and "better" or "worse") end
867
868 function GO.cluster()
869   CLUSTER(EGS:new4file(the.file)):show() end
870
871 function GO.bins( egs,rights,lefts,col2 )
872   egs= EGS:new4file(the.file)
873   lefts, rights = egs:half(egs._all)
874   local b4
875   for _,bin in pairs(lefts:bins(rights)) do
876     if bin.col.name ~= b4 then print"" end
877     b4 = bin.col.name
878     print(bin:show(), bin.n, rnd(bin:div)) end end
879
880 function GO.xplain()
881   XPLAIN(EGS:new4file(the.file)):show() end
882
883 function GO.optimize( rows,header )
884   rows = {}
885   for row in things(the.file) do
886     if header then push(rows,row) else header=row end end
887   for j=1,the.n1 do
888     io.write", "
889     rows = shuffle(rows)
890     local train = EGS(header)
891     local test = EGS(header)
892     for j,row in pairs(rows) do
893       (j< #rows/2 and train or test):add(row) end
894     CLUSTER(train):leaves()
895     local guesses = optimize(train)
896     local m,d=0,0
897     for i=1,the.n2 do
898       local row1= any(test._all)
899       local row2= any(test._all)
900       if r()> 0.5 ==guesses:bettor(row1,row2) then

```

```

904 d = d1 end
905 if test:better(row1,row2)==guesses:better(row1,row2) then
906     m =m + 1
907 end end
908 print(m/the.n2, d/the.n2) end
909 end
910
911 function GO.cheat(     egs)
912     cheat(EGS:new4file(the.file) end
913
914 -----
915 the = settings(help)
916 GO.main(the.todo,the.seed)
917 os.exit(GO.fails)
918
919 ---
920 ---
921 ---
922 ---
923 ---
924 ---
925 ---
926 ---
927 ---
928 ---

```



```

          ##
        ###
      ####
    
```

"This ain't chemistry.  
This is art."