vim: ts=2 sw=2 et: \text{local b4,help = {\},{\}[
SAW2: best or rest multi-objective optimization.
(c) 2022 Tim Menzies, timm@leee.org
"I think the highest and lowest points are the important ones.
Anything else is just..in between." - Jim Morrison -b --bins max bins = 16 -s --seed random number seed = 10019 -S --some number of nums to keep = 256 OPTIONS (other):

-f --file where to find data
-h --help show help
-r --rnd rounding rules
-g --go start up action = ../etc/data/auto93.csv
= false
= %5.2f Usage of the works is permitted provided that this instrument is retained with the works, so that any entity that uses the works is notified of this instrument. DISCLAIMER: THE WORKS ARE WITHOUT WARRANTY.]] --- Code 80 chars wide, or less. Functions in 1 line, if you can.
Indent with two spaces. Divide code into 120 line (or less) pages.
-- Minimize use of local (exception: define all functions as local at top of file). No inheritance No Interitative Use 'i' to denote the last The 'go' functions store tests. tests should be silent unless they fail tests can be disabled by renaming from 'go.fun' to 'no.fun'. Those tests should return 'true' if the test passes or a warning string if otherwise
Set flags in help string top of file. Allow for '-h' on the command line -- ## About the learning -- Beware missing values (marked in "?") and avoid them
-- Where possible all learning should be incremental.
-- Isolate operating system interaction. local _big, clone, csv, demos, discretize, dist, eg, entropy, fmt, gap, like, lt
local map, merged, mid, mode, mu, norm, num, o, obj, oo, pdf, per, push
local rand, range, range84, rnd, rnds, rov84, slice, sort, some, same, sd, string2thing, sym, t hese local NUM, SYM, RANGE, EGS, COLS, ROW for k, __ in pairs(_ENV) do b4[k]=k end big=math.huge rand=math.random function same(x) return x end t[1+#t]=x; return x end fmt=string.format i,j = i or 1,j or #t
k = (k or 1)
k = (j - i)/n
u={}; for n=i,j,k do u[1+#u] = t[n] end return u end function csy(src) return function(line, row) line=io.read() if not line then io.close(src) else row=(); for x in line:gmatch("[(],]+)") do push(row,string2thing(x)) end return row end end end function oo(t) print(o(t)) end function o(t) print(v(t)) end function o(t) u) ""..table.concat(map(t,tostring),"").."|" else u=(1) for k,v in pairs(t) do u[1+ku] = fmt(*%%%",k,v) end u=(1) for k,v in pairs(t) do u[1+ku] = fmt(*%%%%",k,v) end of u=(1) for k,v in pairs(t) do u[1+ku] = fmt(*%%%%",k,v) end of u=(1) for k,v in pairs(t) do u[1+ku] = fmt(*%%%%",k,v) end of u=(1) function u) ""." return (t.is or "").."{"..table.concat(sort(u), " ").."}" end end function rnds(t, f) return map(t, function(x) return <math>rnd(x, f) end) end function rnd(x,f) return fmt(type(x) == "number" and (x~=x//1 and f or the.rnd) or "%s",x) end function new(k1,...)
local x=setmetatable({},k1); k1.new(x,...); return x end
t = (_tostring=o, is=name or ""); t._index=t return setmetatable(t, {__call=new}) end NUM=obi"NUM" NOW=OD'"NOW"
function _.new(i,at,txt)
i.at=at or 0; i.txt=txt or ""; i.lo,i.hi=big, -big
i.n,i.mu,i.mu,i.m2,i.sd = 0,0,0,0,0; i.w=(txt or""):find"-\$" and -1 or 1 end function _.add(i,x, d)
 if x=="?" then return x end in x = : i. Here the total x denoted and the total x d function _.bin(i,x,n, b) b=(i.hi-i.lo)/n; return math.floor(x/b+0.5)*b end function _.mid(i) return i.mu end function _.norm(i,x) return i.hi-i.lo<1E-9 and 0 or (x-i.lo)/(i.hi-i.lo+1/big)end

<pre>elseif y=="?"</pre>	
functionlike(i,x,, e)	end

function _.dist(i,x,y) return (a==b and 0 or 1) end 36 function .mid(i) m=0; for y,n in pairs(i.all) do if n>m then m,x=n,y end end; return x end 9 function _.div(i, n,e)
40 e=0; for k,n in pairs(i.all) do e=e-n/i.n*math.log(n/i.n,2) end ;return e end function _.like(i,x,prior) return ((c.all[x] or 0) + the.m*prior)/(c.n+the.m) end 144 RANGE=obi"RANGE" function _.new(i,col,lo,hi,y)
i.cols, i.x, i.y = col, ({lo=lo or big, hi=hi or -big}), (y or SYM()) end function _.add(i,x,y)
if x=="?" then return x end i.x.lo = math.min(i.x.lo,x)
i.x.hi = math.max(i.x.hi,x) i.y:add(x,y) end function _._lt(i,j) return i.col.at == j.col.at and i.x.lo < j.x.lo end
function _.of(i,x) return i.y.all[x] or 0 end</pre> function .selects(i.t. runction _.selects(i,t, x)
t = t.cells and t.cells or t
x = t[i.at]
return x=="" or (i.x.lo==i.x.hi and i.x.lo==x) or (i.x.lo<=x and x<i.x.hi)end</pre> $\begin{array}{lll} & \text{function} & _ & \text{tostring(i)} \\ & \text{local } x, & \text{lo, hi = i,txt, i.x.lo, i.x.hi} \\ & \text{if} & \text{lo} & = & \text{hi then return fmt ("$s = $s^*, x, lo)} \\ & & \text{elseif hi = big then return fmt ("$s > $s^*, x, hi)} \\ & & \text{elseif lo} & = & -\text{big then return fmt ("$s < $s^*, x, hi)} \\ & & \text{else function for the return fmt ("$s < $s^*, x, hi)} \\ & & \text{else function for the return fmt ("$s < $s^*, x, hi)} \\ & & \text{else function for the return fmt ("$s < $s^*, x, hi)} \\ & & \text{else function for the return fmt ("$s < $s^*, x, hi)} \\ & & \text{else function for the return fmt ("$s < $s^*, x, hi)} \\ & & \text{else function for the return fmt ("$s < $s^*, x, hi)} \\ & & \text{else function for the return fmt ("$s < $s^*, x, hi)} \\ & & \text{else function for the return fmt ("$s < $s^*, x, hi)} \\ & & \text{else function for the return fmt ("$s < $s^*, x, hi)} \\ & & \text{else function for the return fmt ("$s < $s^*, x, hi)} \\ & & \text{else function for the return fmt ("$s < $s^*, x, hi)} \\ & & \text{else function for the return fmt ("$s < $s^*, x, hi)} \\ & & \text{else function for the return fmt ("$s < $s^*, x, hi)} \\ & & \text{else function function for the return fmt ("$s < $s^*, x, hi)} \\ & & \text{else function functio$ function .merged(i,i,n0, k) if i.at == j.at then
 k = SYM(i.y.at, i.y.txt) 170 ROW=obi"ROW" function _.new(i,eg, cells) i.base,i.cells = eg,cells end for function __lt(i,j, s, s2,e,y,s)
y = i.base.cols.y
s s1, s2, e = 0, 0, math.exp(i)
for __col in pairs(y) do
a = col:norm(i.cells[col.at])
b = col:norm(j.cells[col.at]) s1,s2,e,v,a,b) s1 = s1 - e^(col.w * (a - b) / #y) s2 = s2 - e^(col.w * (b - a) / #y) end return s1/#y < s2/#y end function _ _ sub(i, j)
for _ ,col in pairs(i.base.cols.x) do
 a,b = i.cells[col.at], j.cells[col.at]
inc = a == "?" and b == "?" and or col:dist(a,b)
d = d + inc*the.p end return (d / (#i.base.cols.x)) ^ (1/the.p) end 197 function _.around(i,rows) return sort(map(rows or i.base.rows, function(j) return {dist=i-j,row=j} end), lt*dist*) end COLS-obj*(COLS* function_.new(i,names, head,row,col)
i.names-names; i.all={}; i.y={}; i.x={}
for at,txt in pairs (names) do
col = push(i.all, (txt:find*/A-Z|" and NUM or SYM) (at, txt))
col.goalp = txt:find*||s*| then
if not txt:find*||s*| then
if txt:find*||s*| then i.klass=col end
push(col.goalp and i.y or i.x, col) end end end The state of the s function _.add(i,row, cells = push(i.row, cells)
for n,col in pairs(i.cols.all) do col:add(cells[n]) end end 221 function _.mid(i,cols) return map(cols or i.cols.y, function(c) return c:mid() end) end function _.copy(i,rows, j)
j=EGS(i.cols.names); for __,r in pairs(rows or {}) do j:add(r) end;return j end 278
279 function _.like(i,t,overall, nHypotheses, c)
280 prior = (#i.rows + the.k) / (overall + the.k * nHypotheses)
280 like = math.log(prior)
280 for at, x in pairs(t) do c=i.cols.all.at[at] if x==""" and not c.goalp then like = math.log(col:like(x)) + like end end return like end

128 SYM=obi"SYM"

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```
local go, no={},{}
        function these(f1,f2,k,x) for n,flag in ipairs(arg) do if flag==f1 or flag==f2 then x = x = \text{"flabe"} and "inue" or x = \text{"true"} and "flabe" or \text{arg}[n+1] end end the[k] = string2thing(x) end
function demos( fails, names, defaults, status)

fails=0 -- this code will return number of failures
names, defaults = {},{}

for k, f in pairs(go) do if type(f) == "function" then push(names, k) end end
for k, v in pairs(ser) the defaults(k)=v end
if go(the.go) then names=(the.go) end
for k, v in pairs(sert(names)) do -- for all we want to do
for k, v in pairs(defaults) do the[k]=v end
io.stderr:write("")
status = go(pone)()
if status = true then
print("-Error*, one, status)
fails = fails + 1 end end -- update fails
return fails end -- return total failure count
return total failure count
                                                                                                                           -- update fails
-- return total failure count
         function go.the()
function go.sort( t) return type(the.bins)=="number" end
function go.sort( t) return 0==sort({100,3,4,2,10,0})[1] end
  287 function go.num( n,mu,sd)
288 n, mu, sd = NUM(), 10, 1
289 for i=1,10^4 do
            ror ==1,10^4 do
n:add(mu+sd*math.sqrt(-2*math.log(rand()))*math.cos(2*math.pi*rand())) end
return math.abs(n.mu - mu) < 0.05 and math.abs(n.sd - sd) < 0.5 end</pre>
 function go.rows( n,m)
m,n=0,0; for row in csv(the.file) do m=m+1; n=n+#row; end; return n/m==8 end
 per function go.cols( i)
    i = COLS("name", "Age", "ShoeSize=")
    return i.y[1].w == -1 end
 300 function go.egs( it)
301  it = EGS.load(the.file); return math.abs(2970 - it.cols.y[1].mu) < 1 end</pre>
        function go.ranges( it,n,a,b)
it = EGS.load(the.file)
print(oo(rnds(it:nid())))
it.rows = sort(it.rows)
n = (it:rows)^5
a, b = slice(it.rows,1,n), slice(it.rows,n+1,#it.rows,3*n)
print(prints(it.rows(a.hmid())) o(rnds(it.rows(b).mid()))
              print(o(rnds(it:copy(a):mid())), o(rnds(it:copy(b):mid())))
              return math.abs(2970 - it.cols.y[1].mu) < 1 end
::gsup("(%s)[-[-]("%s]+](%s)", "%l\Z/[J3M%2\Z/[Um%3"),"")

local status = demos()
for k,v in pairs(_ENV) do if not b4[k] then print("]",k,type(v)) end end
              os.exit(status) end
        -- function SOME() return (all={}), ok=false, n=0} end
-- function some(i,x)
-- if x=="?" then return x end
-- i.n = 1 + i.n
-- if $\frac{\psi}{\psi} i.all < \text{the.some} \text{ then i.ok=false; push(i.all, x)}
-- elseif rand() < \text{the.some/i.n then i.ok=false; i.all[rand(\psi i.all)]=x end end}
 330 -- function per(i,p)
331 -- i.all = i.ok and i.all or sort(i.all); i.ok=true
332 -- eturn i.all[math.max(1, math.min(#1.all, (p or .5)*#i.all//1))] end
```