

binr.py

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1 #!/usr/bin/env python3 -B
2 # vim: ts=2:sw=2:sts=2:et
3 #
4 binr.py : build rules via stochastic incremental XAI
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6 Options:
7   -h      Show help.
8   -b      Number of bins for discretization (int).
9   -B      Budget=30 Max rows to eval (int).
10  -e      era=10 Number of rows in an era (int)
11  -p      p=2 Distance metric (int)
12  -r      repeats=20 Number of experimental repeats (int).
13  -s      seeds=42 Random number seed (int).
14  -f      file=~/data/auto93.csv File to load (str).
15  ===
16
17 from math import floor,sqrt,cos,log,exp,pi
18 from typing import Any,Iterable
19 import fileinput,random,sys,re
20 rand = random.random
21
22 class o(dict):
23     __slots__ = []
24     def __repr__(i): return show(i)
25     def __setattro__(i,k,v): i[k] = v
26     def __getattro__(i,k):
27         try: return i[k]
28         except KeyError: raise AttributeError(k)
29
30 the = o(bins=7, Budget=30, era=10, p=2, repeats=20, seed=42,
31 file="~/data/auto93.csv")
32
33 Qty = float | int
34 Atom = Qty | str | bool
35 Row = list[Atom]
36 Rows = list[Row]
37 # Num,Sym,Cols = o,o,o    # defined below
38 # Col = Num | Sym        # defined below
39 # Data = tuple[Rows, Cols] # defined below
40
41 #
42
43 def Sym() -> o:
44     "Summarize symbol."
45     return o(it=Sym, n=0, has={}, bins={})
46
47 def Num() -> o:
48     "Summarize numbers."
49     return o(it=Num, n=0, mu=0, sd=0, m2=0, bins={})
50
51 def Col(at=0, of="" ) -> o:
52     "Column in rows of data."
53     if of == "": if of[0].isupper() else Sym()
54     it = at
55     if of == "": it+=1
56     if of[-1] == ".": it+=len(of)-1
57     return it
58
59 def Cols(names:list[str]) -> o:
60     "Factory. Turns column names into columns."
61     cols = [Col(at=i, of=s) for i,s in enumerate(names)]
62     return o(it=Cols, names=names,
63             all = cols,
64             x = [col for col in cols if str(col.of)[-1] not in "+-X"],
65             y = [col for col in cols if str(col.of)[-1] in "+-"])
66
67 def Data(rows = None) -> o:
68     "Summarize rows into columns."
69     return adds(rows, o(it=Data, n=0, rows=[], cols=None))
70
71 #
72 def add(i: o, # o = Col | Data,
73         item: Any,
74         inc = 1) -> Any: # returns item
75     "Add or subtract items from columns or data."
76     if item == "": return item
77     i.n += inc
78     if i.it is Sym: i.has[item] = inc + i.has.get(item,0)
79     elif i.it is Num:
80         item=float(item)
81         if inc < 0 and i.n < 2:
82             i.n = i.mu = i.sd = i.m2 = 0
83         else:
84             d = item - i.mu
85             i.mu += inc * d / i.n
86             i.m2 += inc * d * (item - i.mu)
87             i.sd = sqrt(max(0,i.m2)/(i.n - 1))
88     elif i.it is Data:
89         if i.cols:
90             row = [add(c, item.c.at, inc) for c in i.cols.all]
91             i.rows.append(row) if inc > 0 else i.rows.remove(row)
92         else: i.cols = Cols(item)
93     return item
94
95 def sub(i,item):
96     "Subtract item."
97     return add(i,item,-1)
98
99 def adds(items:Iterable = None, it=None ) -> o: # returns it
100    "Load many items into 'it' (default is 'Num')."
101    it = it or Num()
102    if str(items)[-4]==".csv":
103        with open(items, encoding="utf-8") as f:
104            for line in f:
105                if line: add(it, s.strip() for s in line.split(","))
106    else: [add(it, item) for item in (items or [])]
107    return it

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109  # norm(num:Num, v:Dty) -> float:
110  #   "Returns 0.1."
111  #   return 1 / (1 + exp(-1.702 * (v - num.mu) / (num.sd + le-32)))
112  def bin(col:Col, v:Atom) -> int | Atom:
113      "Returns bins[-1]"
114      return floor(the.bins * norm(col,v)) if v!="-?" and col.it is Num else v
115
116  def dist(src:Iterable) -> float:
117      "Minkoski distance."
118      d,n = 0,0
119      for dl in src:
120          d += dl ** the.p
121      return (d/n) ** (1/the.p)
122
123  def disty(data:Data, row:Row) -> float:
124      "Distance of 'row' to best values in each goal column."
125      return dist(abs(norm(col, row[col.at]) - col.best) for col in data.cols.y)
126
127  def distx(data:Data, row1:Row, row2:Row) -> float:
128      "Distance between 'x' attributes of two rows."
129      return dist(_abs(data.col[row1.at], row2[col.at]) for col in data.cols.x)
130
131  def _abs(a:Atom, b:Atom) -> float:
132      "If any unknowns, assume max distance."
133      if a==b=="?": return 1
134      if col.it is Sym: return a != b
135      a,b = norm(col,a), norm(col,b)
136      if a == "?": else (0 if b>0.5 else 1)
137      b == "?": else (0 if a>0.5 else 1)
138      b = b if b != "?" else (0 if a>0.5 else 1)
139      return abs(a - b)
140
141  def scoreGet(data:Data, row:Row) -> Row:
142      "Sum the score of the bins used by 'row'."
143      return sum(x.bins[b].mu for x in data.cols.x
144                  if (b := bin(x.row[x.at])) in x.bins)
145
146  def scorePut(data:Data, row:Row, score:Qty):
147      "Increment the bins used by 'row'."
148      for x in data.cols.X:
149          if (b := bin(x, row[x.at])) != "?":
150              add(x.bins[b], x.bins.get(b) or Num(x.at, b))
151
152  def score(data:Data, eps=0.05):
153      "Guess next few scores using scores seen to date."
154      best_score, best_row = 1e32, None
155      random.shuffle(data.rows)
156      seen, rows, model = set(), data.rows, Data([data.cols.names])
157      for r in range(len(data)):
158          if len(seen) == len(data):
159              print(f"\n{len(seen)}")
160              if len(seen) >= the.Budget: break
161          add(model, row, disty(model, rows))
162          scorePut(model, row, disty(model, rows))
163          seen.add(id(row))
164          if j := the.Budget - len(seen):
165              candidate = min(rows[j+1 : j+20], key=lambda r: scoreGet(model, r))
166              seen.add(id(candidate))
167              if (score := disty(model, candidate)) < best_score - eps:
168                  best_score, best_row = score, candidate
169
170  return best_row
171
172
173
174
175  def show(x):
176      "Pretty print."
177      t = type(x)
178      if t is o:      return "[" + ", ".join(f"\"{k}\": {show(x[k])}" for k in x) + "]"
179      if t is float: return str(int(x)) if x == int(x) else f"\"{x:.3f}\""
180      if t is type(show): return x.__name__ + "("
181      return str(x)
182
183  #
184  def test_h(_): -> None:
185      print(_doc_)
186
187  def test_the(_): -> None:
188      print(the)
189
190  def test_s(n: str) -> None:
191      the.seed = float(n); random.seed(the.seed)
192
193  def test_sym_() -> None:
194      print(adds("aaabbc",Sym()))
195
196  def test_num_() -> None:
197      boxMuller(mu,sd) = return mu + sd * sqrt(-2*log(rand())) * cos(2*pi*rand())
198      print(boxMuller(10,2) for _ in range(10^4))
199
200  def test_data(f = None) -> None:
201      data = Data(f or the.file)
202      print(data.cols.X[1])
203      print(len(data.rows), data.rows[1])
204
205  def test_disty(f = None):
206      ys, data = Num(), Data(f or the.file)
207      Y=lambda row: floor(100*disty(data, row, data.rows[0]))
208      for r in sorted(data.rows, key=Y)[:20]:
209          print(Y(r), r)
210
211  def test_distx(f = None):
212      xs, data = Num(), Data(f or the.file)
213      X=lambda row: floor(100*distx(data, row, data.rows[0]))
214      for r in sorted(data.rows, key=X)[:20]:
215          print(X(r), r)
216
217  def test_score(f = None):
218      score(Data(f or the.file))
219
220  _tests= (k:fun for k,fun in vars().items() if "test_" in k)
221
222  def test_all_():
223      for k,fun in _tests.items(): print("\n----- "+k); fun_()
224
225  #
226  if __name__ == "__main__":
227      for n, s in enumerate(sys.argv):
228          if fn := vars().get(f"test_{s.replace('-', '_')}"):
229              random.seed(the.seed)
230              fn(sys.argv[n+1] if n < len(sys.argv)-1 else None)

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