

```

1 #!/usr/bin/env python3 -B
2 # vim: ts=2:sw=2:sts=2:et
3 #
4 binr.py : build rules via stochastic incremental XAI
5 (c) 2025, Tim Menzies, timm@ieee.org, mit-license.org
6 Options:
7   -h      Show help.
8   -b      Number of bins for discretization (int).
9   -B      Budget=30 Max rows to eval (int).
10  -e      era=10 Number of rows in an era (int)
11  -p      p=2 Distance metric (int)
12  -r      repeats=20 Number of experimental repeats (int).
13  -s      seeds=42 Random number seed (int).
14  -f      file=~/data/auto93.csv File to load (str).
15  ===
16
17 from math import floor,sqrt,cos,log,exp,pi
18 from typing import Any,Iterable
19 import fileinput,random,sys,re
20 rand = random.random
21
22 class o(dict):
23     __slots__ = []
24     def __repr__(i): return show(i)
25     def __setattro__(i,k,v): i[k] = v
26     def __getattro__(i,k):
27         try: return i[k]
28         except KeyError: raise AttributeError(k)
29
30 the = o(bins=7, Budget=30, era=10, p=2, repeats=20, seed=42,
31 file=~/data/auto93.csv")
32
33 Qty = float | int
34 Atom = Qty | str | bool
35 Row = list[Atom]
36 Rows = list[Row]
37 # Num,Sym,Cols = o,o,o    # defined below
38 # Col = Num | Sym        # defined below
39 # Data = tuple[Rows, Cols] # defined below
40
41 #
42
43 def Sym() -> o:
44     "Summarize symbol."
45     return o(it=Sym, n=0, has={}, bins={})
46
47 def Num() -> o:
48     "Summarize numbers."
49     return o(it=Num, n=0, mu=0, sd=0, m2=0, bins={})
50
51 def Col(at=0, of="") -> o:
52     "Column in rows of data."
53     if of == "" or of[0].isupper(): else Sym()
54     it,at = at,of
55     if.of = of
56     if.best = str(of)[-1]!="."
57     return it
58
59 def Cols(names:list[str]) -> o:
60     "Factory. Turns column names into columns."
61     cols = [Col(at=i, of=s) for i,s in enumerate(names)]
62     return o(it=Cols, names=names,
63             all = cols,
64             x = [col for col in cols if str(col.of)[-1] not in "+-X"],
65             y = [col for col in cols if str(col.of)[-1] in "+-"])
66
67 def Data(rows = None) -> o:
68     "Summarize rows into columns."
69     return adds(rows, o(it=Data, n=0, rows=[], cols=None))
70
71 #
72 def add(i: o, # o = Col | Data,
73         item: Any,
74         inc = 1) -> Any: # returns item
75     "Add or subtract items from columns or data."
76     if item=="": return item
77     i.n += inc
78     if i.it is Sym: i.has[item] = inc + i.has.get(item,0)
79     elif i.it is Num:
80         item=float(item)
81         if inc < 0 and i.n < 2:
82             i.n = i.mu = i.sd = i.m2 = 0
83         else:
84             item -= i.mu
85             i.mu += inc * d / i.n
86             i.m2 += inc * d * (item - i.mu)
87             i.sd = sqrt(i.m2 / (i.n - 1))
88     elif i.it is Data:
89         if i.cols:
90             row = [add(c, item.c.at, inc) for c in i.cols.all]
91             i.rows.append(row) if inc > 0 else i.rows.remove(row)
92         else: i.cols = Cols(item)
93     return item
94
95 def sub(i,item):
96     "Subtract item."
97     return add(i,item,-1)
98
99 def adds(items:Iterable = None, it=None ) -> o: # returns it
100    "Load many items into 'it' (default is 'Num')."
101    it = it or Num()
102    if str(items)[-4]==".csv":
103        with open(items, encoding="utf-8") as f:
104            for line in f:
105                if line: add(it, s.strip() for s in line.split(","))
106    else: [add(it, item) for item in (items or [])]
107    return it

```

```

109     def norm(num:Num, v:Qty) -> float:
110         "Returns 0.1."
111         return 1 / (1 + exp(-1.702 * (v - num.mu) / (num.sd + le-32)))
112
113     def bin(col:Col, v:Atom) -> int | Atom:
114         "Returns bins-1."
115         return floor( the.bins * norm(col,v) ) if v!="?" and col.it is Num else v
116
117     def dist(src:Iterable) -> float:
118         "Minkoski distance."
119         d,n = 0,0
120         for dl in src:
121             d += dl ** the.p
122             d += dl ** the.p
123         return (d/n) ** (1/the.p)
124
125     def disty(data:Data, row:Row) -> float:
126         "Distance of 'row' to best values in each goal column."
127         return dist(abs(norm(col, row[col.at]) - col.best) for col in data.cols.y)
128
129     def distx(data:Data, row1:Row, row2:Row) -> float:
130         "Distance between 'x' attributes of two rows."
131         return dist(_abs((row1[col.at], row2[col.at])) for col in data.cols.x)
132
133     def _abs(a:Atom, b:Atom) -> float:
134         "If any unknowns, assume max distance."
135         if a==b=="?": return 1
136         if col.it is Sym: return a != b
137         a,b = norm(col,a), norm(col,b)
138         if a=="?": else (0 if b>0.5 else 1)
139         b = b if b != "?" else (0 if a>0.5 else 1)
140         b = b if b != "?" else (0 if a>0.5 else 1)
141         return abs(a - b)
142
143     def scoreGet(data:Data, row:Row) -> Row:
144         "Sum the score of the bins used by 'row'."
145         return sum(x.bins[b].mu for x in data.cols.x
146                     if (b := bin(x.row[x.at])) in x.bins)
147
148     def scorePut(data:Data, row:Row, score:Qty):
149         "Increment the bins used by 'row'."
150         for x in data.cols.x:
151             if (b := bin(x, row[x.at])) != "?":
152                 one = x.bins[b] = x.bins.get(b) or Num()
153                 one.at, one.cf = x.at, b
154                 add(one, score)
155
156     def score(data:Data, eps=0.05):
157         "Guess next few scores using scores seen to date."
158         best_score, best_row = le32, None
159         random.shuffle(data.rows)
160         seen, rows = set(), set(), data.rows, Data([data.cols.names])
161         for r, row in enumerate(rows):
162             print(len(seen))
163             if len(seen) >= the.Budget: break
164             add(model, row)
165             scorePut(model, row, disty(model, row))
166             seen.add(id(row))
167             if j % the.era == 0:
168                 candidate = min(rows[j+1 : j+20], key=lambda r: scoreGet(model, r))
169                 seen.add(id(candidate))
170                 if (score := disty(model, candidate)) < best_score - eps:
171                     best_score, best_row = score, candidate
172
173         return best_row
174
175
176
177
178
179
180
181
182
183
184
185
186
187
188
189
190
191
192
193
194
195
196
197
198
199
200
201
202
203
204
205
206
207
208
209
210
211
212
213
214
215
216
217
218
219
220
221
222
223
224
225
226
227
228
229
230
231

```