

# React Fundamentals

## React Hooks



# Topics

- Day 3 Review
- Introducing React Hooks
  - `useState()`
  - `useEffect()`
  - `useRef()`
  - `useMemo()`
  - `useContext()`
- Rebuild ToDo App / Jeopardy App using Hooks



Think, Discuss, and Share

**When does the `componentDidUpdate` method  
run?**



Think, Discuss, and Share

**What is the difference between BrowserRouter  
and HashRouter?**

# React Hooks

## What are Hooks?



## What are Hooks?

- Hooks are a new feature introduced to React in version 16.8 (Feb 2019)
- Hooks allow functional React components to access state and other features previously restricted to classes
- Hooks *can* replace all use cases of classes, but classes aren't going anywhere for the foreseeable future
- Hooks are really cool :)



# React Hooks

## useState

## useState()

- Replaces use of **this.state** and **this.setState()**
- Returns a stateful value and a setter function to update that value using “array destructuring”
- Can use one or multiple state variables initialized by useState()

```
import { useState } from 'react'

function App() {
  const [input, setInput] = useState('')

  return (
    <div>
      <input
        value={input}
        onChange={(event) => setInput(event.target.value)}
      />

      <button onClick={() => console.log(input)}>
        submit
      </button>
    </div>
  )
}

export default App
```





# React Hooks

## useEffect

## useEffect()

- Replaces **componentDidMount()**, **componentDidUpdate()**, and **componentWillUnmount()**
- Syntax to configure different lifecycle methods can be a bit obtuse (we'll go over it!)

```
import { useEffect } from 'react'

function App() {
  useEffect(() => {
    //runs on mount AND on every update

    return () => {
      // runs on unmount
    }
  })

  return (
    <div>
      ...
    </div>
  )
}

export default App
```



# React Hooks

## useRef

## useRef()

- Returns a mutable ref object
- Accepts an initial value as its argument
- Can be used to access and manipulate DOM elements directly ("control uncontrolled components")
- Can be used with **useEffect()** to recreate **componentDidUpdate()** lifecycle method

```
import { useRef } from 'react'

function App() {
  const inputRef = useRef()

  const handleSubmit = () => {
    console.log(inputRef.current.value)

    inputRef.current.value = 'changed'
  }

  return (
    <div>
      <input ref={inputRef} />
      <button onClick={handleSubmit}>submit</button>
    </div>
  )
}

export default App
```



# React Hooks

## useMemo

## useMemo()

- Accepts a function and a dependency array as arguments, returns a “memoized” value
- Used to avoid re-running expensive operations when unnecessary

```
import { useState, useMemo } from 'react'

function Counter() {
  const [countOne, setCountOne] = useState(0)
  const [countTwo, setCountTwo] = useState(0)

  const isEven = useMemo(() => {
    let i = 0

    // arbitrary slow-down
    while (i < 2000000000) i++

    return countOne % 2 === 0
  }, [countOne]) // runs again when this value changes

  return (
    <div>
      <div>
        <button onClick={() => setCountOne(countOne + 1)}>
          Count One - {countOne}
        </button>
        <span>{isEven ? 'Even' : 'Odd'}</span>
      </div>
      <div>
        <button onClick={() => setCountTwo(countTwo + 1)}>
          Count Two - {countTwo}
        </button>
      </div>
    </div>
  )
}
```



# React Hooks

## useContext

## useContext()

- Accepts a 'context object', returns value stored in that context
- Used to store and access values without passing them through down the component tree
- Can use multiple contexts as needed

```
//Creating and Implementing UserContext
import { createContext } from 'react'
import NestedComponent from './NestedComponent'

const UserContext = createContext(null)

function App() {
  return (
    <UserContext.Provider
      value={{
        username: 'timk',
        firstName: 'tim',
        lastName: 'kellogg'
      }}>
      <NestedComponent />
    </UserContext.Provider>
  )
}
export default App

//Nested Component
import { useContext } from 'react'
import UserContext from './userContext'

function NestedComponent() {
  const user = useContext(UserContext)
  return (
    <div>{JSON.stringify(user)}</div>
  )
}
export default NestedComponent
```





# Let's try it!

