

problem solving approches

Design Patterns Tutorial

- Design Patterns Home
- Design Patterns Overview
- Design Patterns Factory Pattern
- Abstract Factory Pattern
- Design Patterns Singleton Pattern
- Design Patterns Builder Pattern
- Design Patterns Prototype Pattern
- Design Patterns Adapter Pattern
- Design Patterns Bridge Pattern
- Design Patterns Filter Pattern
- Design Patterns Composite Pattern
- Design Patterns Decorator Pattern
- Design Patterns Facade Pattern
- Design Patterns Flyweight Pattern Design Patterns - Proxy Pattern
- Chain of Responsibility Pattern
- Design Patterns Command Pattern
- Design Patterns Interpreter Pattern
- Design Patterns Iterator Pattern
- Design Patterns Mediator Pattern
- Design Patterns Memento Pattern
- B Design Patterns Observer Pattern
- Design Patterns State Pattern
- Design Patterns Null Object Pattern
- Design Patterns Strategy Pattern
- Design Patterns Template Pattern
- Design Patterns Visitor Pattern
- B Design Patterns MVC Pattern Business Delegate Pattern
- Composite Entity Pattern
- Data Access Object Pattern
- Front Controller Pattern
- Intercepting Filter Pattern
- Service Locator Pattern
- Transfer Object Pattern

Design Patterns -Questions/Answers

Design Patterns - Visitor Pattern

O Previous Page

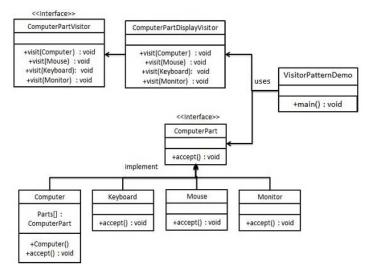
Next Page (>)

In Visitor pattern, we use a visitor class which changes the executing algorithm of an element class. By this way, execution algorithm of element can vary as and when visitor varies. This pattern comes under behavior pattern category. As per the pattern, element object has to accept the visitor object so that visitor object handles the operation on the element object.

Implementation

We are going to create a ComputerPart interface defining accept opearation. Keyboard, Mouse, Monitor and Computer are concrete classes implementing ComputerPart interface. We will define another interface ComputerPartVisitor which will define a visitor class operations. Computer uses concrete visitor to do corresponding

VisitorPatternDemo, our demo class, will use Computer and ComputerPartVisitor classes to demonstrate use of visitor pattern.



Step 1

Define an interface to represent element.

ComputerPart.java

```
public interface ComputerPart {
   public void accept(ComputerPartVisitor computerPartVisitor);
```

Step 2

Create concrete classes extending the above class.

Keyboard.java

```
public class Keyboard implements ComputerPart {
   @Override
   public void accept(ComputerPartVisitor computerPartVisitor) {
      computerPartVisitor.visit(this):
```

Monitor.iava

```
public class Monitor implements ComputerPart {
   @Override
   public void accept(ComputerPartVisitor computerPartVisitor) {
```

- Design Patterns Quick Guide
- Design Patterns Useful Resources
- B Design Patterns Discussion

Selected Reading

- UPSC IAS Exams Notes
- Developer's Best Practices
- Questions and Answers
- Effective Resume Writing
- B HR Interview Questions
- Computer Glossary

```
ComputerPartvisitor.visit(this);
}
}
```

Mouse.java

```
public class Mouse implements ComputerPart {
    @Override
    public void accept(ComputerPartVisitor computerPartVisitor) {
        computerPartVisitor.visit(this);
    }
}
```

Computer.java

```
public class Computer implements ComputerPart {
    ComputerPart[] parts;

public Computer(){
      parts = new ComputerPart[] {new Mouse(), new Keyboard(), new Monitor()};
}

@Override
public void accept(ComputerPartVisitor computerPartVisitor) {
    for (int i = 0; i < parts.length; i++) {
      parts[i].accept(computerPartVisitor);
    }
    computerPartVisitor.visit(this);
}</pre>
```

Step 3

Define an interface to represent visitor.

ComputerPartVisitor.java

```
public interface ComputerPartVisitor {
    public void visit(Computer computer);
    public void visit(Mouse mouse);
    public void visit(Keyboard keyboard);
    public void visit(Monitor monitor);
}
```

Step 4

Create concrete visitor implementing the above class.

ComputerPartDisplayVisitor.java

```
public class ComputerPartDisplayVisitor implements ComputerPartVisitor {
    @Override
    public void visit(Computer computer) {
        System.out.println("Displaying Computer.");
    }
    @Override
    public void visit(Mouse mouse) {
        System.out.println("Displaying Mouse.");
    }
    @Override
    public void visit(Keyboard keyboard) {
        System.out.println("Displaying Keyboard.");
    }
    @Override
    public void visit(Monitor monitor) {
        System.out.println("Displaying Monitor.");
    }
}
```

Step 5

Use the ComputerPartDisplayVisitor to display parts of Computer.

VisitorPatternDemo.java

```
public class VisitorPatternDemo {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     ComputerPart computer = new Computer();
     computer.accept(new ComputerPartDisplayVisitor());
}
Step 6
Verify the output.
Displaying Mouse.
Displaying Keyboard.
Displaying Monitor.
Displaying Computer.
Next Page ⊙
```



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③ FAQ's

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