

See discussions, stats, and author profiles for this publication at: <https://www.researchgate.net/publication/225038863>

# Evolution and ecology of lizard body sizes

Article in *Global Ecology and Biogeography* · November 2008

DOI: 10.1111/j.1466-8238.2008.00414.x

CITATIONS

107

READS

839

3 authors, including:



**Shai Meiri**

Tel Aviv University

177 PUBLICATIONS 4,500 CITATIONS

[SEE PROFILE](#)

Some of the authors of this publication are also working on these related projects:



Evolution of animal traits on islands [View project](#)



Advancing reptile conservation: Addressing knowledge gaps and mitigating key drivers of extinction risk [View project](#)

RESEARCH  
PAPER



# Evolution and ecology of lizard body sizes

Shai Meiri

NERC Centre for Population Biology, Imperial  
College London, Silwood Park, Ascot, Berkshire  
SL5 7PY, UK

## ABSTRACT

**Aim** Body size is instrumental in influencing animal physiology, morphology, ecology and evolution, as well as extinction risk. I examine several hypotheses regarding the influence of body size on lizard evolution and extinction risk, assessing whether body size influences, or is influenced by, species richness, herbivory, island dwelling and extinction risk.

**Location** World-wide.

**Methods** I used literature data and measurements of museum and live specimens to estimate lizard body size distributions.

**Results** I obtained body size data for 99% of the world's lizard species. The body size–frequency distribution is highly modal and right skewed and similar distributions characterize most lizard families and lizard assemblages across biogeographical realms. There is a strong negative correlation between mean body size within families and species richness. Herbivorous lizards are larger than omnivorous and carnivorous ones, and aquatic lizards are larger than non-aquatic species. Diurnal activity is associated with small body size. Insular lizards tend towards both extremes of the size spectrum. Extinction risk increases with body size of species for which risk has been assessed.

**Main conclusions** Small size seems to promote fast diversification of disparate body plans. The absence of mammalian predators allows insular lizards to attain larger body sizes by means of release from predation and allows them to evolve into the top predator niche. Island living also promotes a high frequency of herbivory, which is also associated with large size. Aquatic and nocturnal lizards probably evolve large size because of thermal constraints. The association between large size and high extinction risk, however, probably reflects a bias in the species in which risk has been studied.

## Keywords

Body size, description dates, diversification rates, extinction risk, insularity, lizard diets, snout–vent length, size–frequency distributions, species richness.

\*Correspondence: Shai Meiri, NERC Centre  
for Population Biology, Imperial College  
London, Silwood Park, Ascot, Berkshire  
SL5 7PY, UK.  
E-mail: s.meiri@imperial.ac.uk

## INTRODUCTION

Body size is known to greatly influence many aspects of the morphology, physiology and ecology of organisms. Furthermore, size often is linked to the likelihood of speciation and extinction and to the rate of evolution, as well as to current levels of anthropogenically induced extinction risk (Stanley, 1973; Cardillo *et al.*, 2005; Olden *et al.*, 2007).

At large geographical and taxonomic scales, body size–frequency distributions are typically unimodal and right skewed on a

logarithmic scale (Hutchinson & MacArthur, 1959; Gardezi & da Silva, 1999; Olden *et al.*, 2007. cf. Roy *et al.*, 2000; Boback & Guyer, 2003). Thus most species are smaller than the midpoint and mean of the size range. Most research on global-scale patterns of size distributions has focused on vertebrates and sampling is relatively complete for birds (65% of species; Maurer, 1998), mammals (73% of extant and historically extinct species; Smith *et al.*, 2003) and fishes (81%; Olden *et al.*, 2007). However, although lizards have featured prominently as model organisms in studies of the evolution of body size (e.g. Schoener, 1969; Case,

1978, Espinoza *et al.*, 2004; Meiri, 2007) there have been no efforts to study patterns of size evolution for the whole group (but see Avery, 1996, and Greer, 2001 for skinks).

Here I examine the shape of the size–frequency distributions of lizards at the global and continental scales, both for the group as a whole and at the family level, where most of the variation of lizard body size lies (Dunham *et al.*, 1988 and see below). I use these distributions to test the following hypotheses.

### Body size and species richness

Because in many groups most species are small (Hutchinson & MacArthur, 1959; Stanley, 1973), and small animals have high rates of molecular evolution (Fontanillas *et al.*, 2007), it is often thought that small size promotes high speciation rates (e.g. Maurer *et al.*, 1992). However, Orme *et al.* (2002) have shown that richness is usually not associated with body size when clade ages and phylogenetic affinities are modelled. I therefore test for the association between body size, species richness and diversification rates.

### Ecological correlates of body size

Small lizards can gain heat more quickly, but will also tend to lose heat quicker than larger ones. Therefore it is reasonable to expect body size to interact with factors related to thermal regimes such as daily activity patterns. Smaller size may facilitate faster heating and cooling rates in diurnal lizards (Huey & Slatkin, 1976), which are likely to be thermoregulators. Nocturnal lizards may be more likely to be thermoconformers (Huey & Slatkin, 1976), and thus less affected by body-size related cooling and heating rates. Thus I predict that diurnal species will be smaller to facilitate faster heating. Likewise aquatic species may be more likely to be affected by fast cooling. I therefore hypothesize they will tend to be large, to reduce the rates of heat loss. Fossorial habits are thought to be associated with large size (Dunham *et al.*, 1988), perhaps because fossorial lizards often have reduced legs, and serpentine movement is easier at large sizes (Avery, 1996; Greer, 2001). I therefore examine whether the use of space influences lizard size.

Some authors report that viviparous lizards are larger than oviparous ones (e.g. Shine, 1985; Dunham *et al.*, 1988). Greer (2001) hypothesized that viviparity is difficult to fit into the short life cycle of very small species, and that over the long development times needed by large species embryos may be safer within the mother's body than inside a nest. However, his finding that small size may be constrained by minimum egg size can suggest that oviparous species are constrained to larger sizes (see also Kratochvil & Frynta, 2006).

While most lizards are carnivorous, Cooper & Vitt (2002) estimated that some 12% of lizard species include a significant amount of plant material (> 10%) in their diets. Plant consumption in lizards has frequently been associated with large body size (Sokol, 1967; Van Damme, 1999), and it is often assumed that large size is required for lizards to efficiently process plant material, or that herbivory allows lizards to grow large, or both (Pough, 1973; Cooper & Vitt, 2002; Herrel *et al.*, 2004). This view

has been challenged by Espinoza *et al.* (2004), studying the evolution of herbivory in small-sized lizards of the genus *Liolaemus*. I therefore test whether there are associations between lizard size and activity times, use of space, mode of reproduction and dietary preferences.

### Body size and insularity

Island living is thought to enable lizards to evolve large sizes in the absence of mammalian predators (Szarski, 1962; Pregill, 1986; Greer, 2001). However, cases of insular dwarfism are also well known (Hedges & Thomas, 2001). I test whether insular lizards tend to occupy more extreme sizes than mainland lizards (as was found intraspecifically; Meiri, 2007), or whether insular lizards tend to show less extreme sizes than mainland ones, as predicted by theories of optimal body size (Marquet & Taper, 1998; Lomolino *et al.*, 2005, cf. Meiri *et al.*, 2005). These theories invoke the island rule to suggest that small taxa evolve larger size and large ones evolve smaller sizes on islands, a process that will result in insular size distribution tending towards medium body sizes (Price & Phillimore, 2007). I further test whether extreme sizes are more likely to have evolved on islands lacking mammalian carnivores.

### Body size and extinction risk

Large size has often been associated with anthropogenically induced extinction risk (Cardillo *et al.*, 2005; Olden *et al.*, 2007). Many lizard species that went extinct in recent times were among the largest in their clades (Case *et al.*, 1998). I therefore test whether current levels of threat are associated with lizard body size. Because risk status is published for only a small number of lizard species, this analysis may be biased if small species are less likely to have been assessed or described (e.g. Reed & Boback, 2002). However, if there is no such bias, or if most newly described species result from well-known species being split, then no relationship between size, description date and threat will be found.

## METHODS

### Data

I used data obtained from published literature on the body size of lizards (Appendix S1 in Supplementary Material), and supplemented it by measurements of live lizards (mostly at the Meier Segal's Garden for Zoological Research, Tel-Aviv University), museum specimens and personal communication with museum curators. Taxonomy follows Uetz (2006).

Snakes and amphisbaenians probably evolved from lizards (e.g. Townsend *et al.*, 2004; Kumazawa, 2007; but see Zhou *et al.*, 2006, who found snakes and lizards are sister taxa). However, these taxa are highly derived (e.g. in respect to life history and skull kinesis; see Dunham *et al.*, 1988, Zug *et al.*, 2001, and Pough *et al.*, 2003), and are both, on average, much larger than lizards (Avery, 1996). Using the Squamata as a whole, while making the group examined monophyletic, may therefore

obscure rather than clarify the forces affecting size evolution (see below). The omission of highly morphologically and ecologically derived taxa is commonplace in macroecology. For example, marine mammals and bats are often omitted from studies of mammals (e.g. Brown & Maurer, 1989), seabirds are routinely omitted from studies of birds (Orme *et al.*, 2006) and tetrapods are excluded from studies of fishes (Olden *et al.*, 2007). I therefore excluded amphisbaenians and snakes from the analyses.

I used maximum snout–vent length (SVL; in mm, log-transformed in all analyses) as a measure of size. Maximum SVL is a good measure of the size potential in a population, and is tightly correlated with mean adult SVL and SVL at sexual maturity (Greer, 2001). Although this index is sensitive to unequal sample sizes (Stamps & Andrews, 1992; Meiri, 2007) it is reasonable that such sampling effects are relatively minor when species across the lacertilian size range are compared. Furthermore, maximum SVL is by far the most common size index reported for lizards (author's unpublished work). Moreover, measurements of juveniles are often included when mean SVLs are reported, but this is not always stated explicitly. Mass data for adults are also hard to come by (I obtained mass data for only 615 species), and I therefore used maximum SVL throughout. I included estimates of maximum SVL for recently extinct species and populations (see Pregill, 1986), if these species were included in the taxonomy I use (Uetz, 2006).

Distribution data from Uetz (2006) and regional guides (Appendix S1) were used to assign each species to a continent and to determine whether it is endemic to islands. Data on the presence or absence of mammalian carnivores from islands were from Meiri *et al.* (2005), discarding historic introductions. Biological data were from the same sources used to derive body-size (Appendix S1).

I classified lizards as either diurnal or nocturnal, with crepuscular and cathemeral species regarded as nocturnal because they are active when basking is impossible. I used five categories of space use: fossorial, scansorial (arboreal and/or saxicolous), terrestrial, semi-aquatic and variable (species active in more than one of the above categories). Dietary categories followed Cooper & Vitt (2002): predators (< 10% plant material or species that, e.g., 'occasionally' take plants), omnivores (10–50% plant material, species described as 'omnivorous' etc.) and herbivores (> 50% plant materials). Species are classified as either oviparous or viviparous (including ovoviviparous). Species showing both modes ( $n = 14$ ) were omitted.

Because quantitative data regarding lizard ecology are mostly lacking, and when they are reported sometimes show considerable intraspecific variation, the categorizations for all biological attributes are best viewed as qualitative.

## Analyses

All analyses were conducted in R 2.7.0. (R Development Core Team, 2007). I described the shape and moments of central tendency of the lizard body size–frequency distribution and examined the variance attributed to different levels of the taxonomic hierarchy using the R package 'ape'.

I examined the relationship between SVL and species richness within both families and genera. To account for phylogenetic structure (Orme *et al.*, 2002) I repeated the analysis using the family-level phylogeny of Townsend *et al.* (2004). Because some recognized lizard families are polyphyletic in the Townsend *et al.* (2004) phylogeny I used subfamily data from Uetz (2006) in the phylogenetic comparative analysis. Phylogenetic data are insufficient to explore the relationship at lower taxonomic levels. For the family-level analyses I used a generalized least squares method to test, and account for, the strength of phylogenetic non-independence in the model using the scaling parameter  $\lambda$  (Freckleton *et al.*, 2002). I estimated and applied the maximum likelihood value of  $\lambda$  using R code written by R. P. Freckleton. I calculated the within-family diversification rate as  $\log(\text{species richness})/\text{family age}$ . In another analysis I used family species richness as the response.

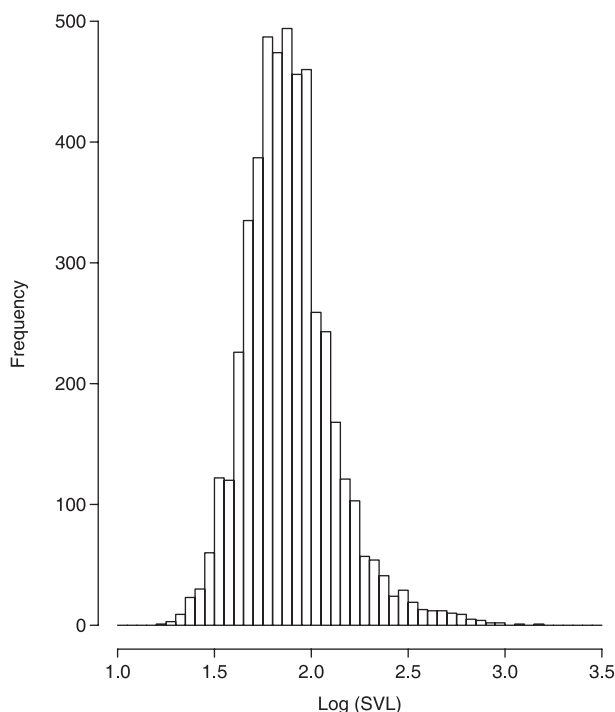
I used mixed-effects models with species nested in genera and families to best control for evolutionary relationships because species-level phylogenies are mostly lacking. When studying ecological attributes I used only species for which I had data on all relevant traits.

Data on the extinction risk were from the IUCN Red Data Book (Cox *et al.*, 2006). Because data were scarce (only 358 species assessed) I repeated the analyses for two additional groups: Iguanidae, which is the family (except Helodermatidae,  $n = 2$ ) with the highest proportion of lizards with an IUCN assessment (24 of 36 species, 67%), and Mediterranean endemics, for which risk data were recently published (Cox *et al.*, 2006). I analysed risk data by assigning codes to risk categories: least concern (and LR/lc), 1; near threatened (and LR/nt), 2; vulnerable, 3; endangered, 4; critically endangered, 5; and extinct, 6 (no lizards are listed as extinct in the wild). I also compared threatened lizards (categories 3–6 above) with non-threatened (categories 1–2), data-deficient (DD) and never-assessed species.

## RESULTS

### Body size–frequency distributions

Data on the maximum SVL of 4875 species of lizards (99% of the 4916 species recognized by Uetz [2006], 457 of 459 genera) are shown in Appendix S2. The largest specimen in a species is a male in 1249 species and female in 943 (including 32 parthenogenetic species). Otherwise the sex of the largest specimen is not reported. I was unable to obtain size data for 15 species, four of which I considered invalid (including members of the monotypic genera *Oreodeira* and *Chabanaudia*). Twenty-six species, as far as I know, are only known from juveniles, and were not analysed (see Appendix S3 for exclusions). Mean lizard SVL is 91 mm (median 74 mm). The mean of the log-transformed values was 1.89 (77 mm). The smallest lizard was *Sphaerodactylus elasmorhynchus* (maximum SVL 17 mm) and the largest was *Varanus komodoensis* (1540 mm). The family ( $n = 26$ ) was the level where most of the variation in lizard size resided: 47.4% of the variation in maximum  $\log(\text{SVL})$  lay at this level, compared with 34.8% at the genus level and 17.7% at the species level.



**Figure 1** Body size–frequency distribution of all lizards ( $n = 4875$  species). Size is the  $\log_{10}$ (snout–vent length) (SVL) in mm.

The body size–frequency distribution for the Sauria was highly modal, right skewed and leptokurtic (Fig. 1). Nine out of 16 families with at least 30 species (taxonomy follows Uetz, 2006) had a significantly right-skewed body size–frequency distribution (Fig. 2). Five families showed significant kurtosis: four had leptokurtic distributions, while the Phrynosomatidae distribution was platykurtic (Table 1).

Lizards inhabiting different realms come in different sizes, and there was a significant interaction between family and geography (two-way ANOVA, family d.f. = 25,  $F = 116.47$ ,  $P < 0.0001$ ; realm d.f. = 7,  $F = 26.17$ ,  $P < 0.0001$ ; interaction d.f. = 37,  $F = 11.64$ ,  $P < 0.0001$ ). Nearctic lizards were the largest ( $n = 154$ , mean  $\log(\text{SVL}) = 100$  mm) while Malagasy and Neotropical ones were the smallest (73 mm). All realms (except Madagascar,  $P = 0.068$ ) were characterized by significantly right-skewed body size–frequency distributions, and all distributions except for that of Madagascar were significantly leptokurtic (Table S1).

### Body size and species richness

There was a strong negative correlation between  $\log(\text{species richness})$  within families (using numbers of all the species in each family, not only sampled ones) and SVL (mean SVL,  $n = 26$ ,  $r = -0.695$ ,  $P < 0.0001$ ; median SVL  $r = -0.691$ ,  $P < 0.0001$ ). However, there was only a weak correlation between SVL and  $\log(\text{species richness})$  within genera (Fig. 3) [mean  $\log(\text{SVL})$  of sampled species versus  $\log$  total number of species per genus, including missing species.  $n = 457$ ,  $r = -0.045$ ,  $P = 0.036$ , for

medians  $r = -0.103$ ,  $P = 0.028$ ]. Within families with at least 10 genera ( $n = 9$ ), only skinks (Scincidae) showed a significant negative relationship between species richness within genera and average SVL of the genus. Gymnophthalmids had a significant positive relationship. The mean of the nine slopes was  $-0.573 \pm 0.367_{\text{SE}}$ .

The taxa used in the phylogenetic comparative analysis and data for node ages (stem age), richness, diversification rates and SVL are shown in Appendix S4. The maximum likelihood value of lambda ( $\lambda < 0.001$ ) did not differ significantly from zero for either mean or median SVL (likelihood ratio statistic, 1 d.f.,  $\chi^2 < 0.001$ ,  $P > 0.99$  for both). Setting  $\lambda$  to its maximum likelihood value resulted in significant negative relationships between diversification rate [ $\log(\text{species richness})$  divided by stem age] and SVL [ $n = 31$  clades; median SVL, slope =  $-0.024$ ,  $r^2 = 0.21$ ,  $P = 0.009$ , Akaike information criterion ( $\text{AIC}_c$ ) =  $-181.3$ ; mean SVL, slope =  $-0.024$ ,  $r^2 = 0.17$ ,  $P = 0.012$ ,  $\text{AIC}_c$  =  $-180.9$ ]. Setting  $\lambda$  to 1 (equivalent to an independent contrast analysis; Freckleton *et al.*, 2002) also resulted in negative relationships between size and diversification rates (median SVL, slope =  $-0.028$ ,  $r^2 = 0.15$ ,  $P = 0.029$ ,  $\text{AIC}_c$  =  $-163.9$ ; mean SVL, slope =  $-0.028$ ,  $r^2 = 0.14$ ,  $P = 0.035$ ,  $\text{AIC}_c$  =  $-163.5$ ).

The number of species in each clade was negatively correlated with  $\log(\text{SVL})$  setting  $\lambda$  to its maximum likelihood ( $\lambda < 0.001$  for both median and mean SVL; median SVL, slope =  $-2.32$ ,  $r^2 = 0.54$ ,  $P < 0.0001$ ,  $\text{AIC}_c$  = 56.8; mean SVL, slope =  $-2.38$ ,  $r^2 = 0.53$ ,  $P < 0.0001$ ,  $\text{AIC}_c$  = 57.3). Setting  $\lambda = 1$  still resulted in a strong negative relationship between richness and body size (median SVL, slope =  $-2.12$ ,  $r^2 = 0.35$ ,  $P = 0.0004$ ,  $\text{AIC}_c$  = 70.6; mean SVL, slope =  $-2.17$ ,  $r^2 = 0.34$ ,  $P = 0.0006$ ,  $\text{AIC}_c$  = 71.1). Taxon age was not a significant predictor of richness in these models.

There was no relationship between species richness within a family and the average number of species in genera ( $r = 0.12$ ,  $P = 0.55$ ), and no relationship between the mean number of species per genus within families and mean SVL within families ( $r = -0.02$ ,  $P = 0.91$ ). Thus small body within lizard families was associated with high genera richness (both variables log-transformed,  $n = 26$ , slope =  $-0.118$ ,  $R^2 = 0.45$ ,  $P = 0.0002$ ).

### Ecology

Using mixed-effects models with ecological variables nested within families and genera, I first examined univariate models, where maximum sample sizes could be attained. Viviparous lizards were no larger than oviparous ones ( $t = 0.97$ , d.f. = 2163,  $P = 0.33$ ). Nocturnal lizards were larger than diurnal ones ( $t = 2.54$ , d.f. = 1844,  $P = 0.011$ ). Space use was significantly related to body size, with planned comparisons showing that semi-aquatic lizards are larger than lizards in the other categories ( $t = 5.90$ , d.f. = 2786,  $P < 0.0001$ ). Fossorial species were no different in size from species in the rest of the categories ( $t = 0.79$ ,  $P = 0.43$ ), species in the 'variable' space use category were larger than scansorial and terrestrial ones ( $t = 2.41$ ,  $P = 0.016$ ), and scansorial species were larger than terrestrial ones ( $t = 2.40$ ,  $P = 0.016$ ). Diet significantly affected size, with planned comparisons showing that species incorporating plants in their

**Table 1** Body size of lizard families; moments of central tendency.

Family	Number of species	Sampled species	Mean log(SVL)	SE	Median log(SVL)	$g_1$	$P(g_1)$	$g_2$	$P(g_2)$	CV
All lizards	4916	4876	1.89	0.003	1.87	0.88	< 0.0001	2.08	< 0.0001	12.14
Agamidae	394	386	2.00	0.01	1.97	0.36	0.00	-0.06	0.80	9.81
Anguidae	114	113	2.11	0.02	2.06	0.63	0.01	0.01	0.97	8.97
Anniellidae	2	2	2.20	0.05	2.20	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.21
Chamaeleonidae	162	161	1.93	0.02	1.90	0.11	0.56	-0.33	0.40	12.31
Cordylidae	55	55	1.97	0.02	1.95	0.85	0.01	0.40	0.55	6.16
Corytophanidae	9	9	2.24	0.05	2.28	NA	NA	NA	NA	6.80
Crotaphytidae	10	10	2.09	0.02	2.10	-0.32	0.69	-1.07	0.51	2.31
Dibamidae	21	21	2.12	0.03	2.11	0.07	0.89	-1.42	0.20	5.64
Gekkonidae	1115	1107	1.76	0.01	1.76	0.22	0.00	-0.02	0.89	11.23
Gerrhosauridae	33	33	2.05	0.03	1.99	0.37	0.40	-1.05	0.23	9.33
Gymnophthalmidae	206	206	1.77	0.01	1.77	-0.14	0.41	-0.32	0.34	7.59
Helodermatidae	2	2	2.62	0.06	2.62	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.97
Hoplocercidae	11	11	2.11	0.02	2.13	-0.14	0.86	-1.47	0.35	2.78
Iguanidae	36	36	2.51	0.03	2.52	-0.08	0.84	-1.26	0.13	8.06
Lacertidae	285	284	1.86	0.01	1.83	2.05	< 0.0001	7.95	< 0.0001	7.96
Lanthanotidae	1	1	2.60	NA	2.60	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Opluridae	7	7	2.09	0.04	2.07	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.69
Phrynosomatidae	128	128	1.91	0.01	1.91	0.22	0.32	-0.91	0.037	6.59
Polychrotidae	394	389	1.83	0.01	1.80	0.69	< 0.0001	-0.13	0.61	9.20
Pygopodidae	37	37	2.11	0.02	2.08	0.82	0.049	0.41	0.62	7.11
Scincidae	1345	1331	1.87	0.01	1.85	0.70	< 0.0001	0.88	< 0.0001	10.63
Teiidae	122	121	2.05	0.02	2.03	1.20	< 0.0001	1.60	0.0005	10.59
Tropiduridae	333	333	1.92	0.01	1.92	0.15	0.27	0.62	0.02	5.81
Varanidae	63	62	2.58	0.03	2.60	-0.07	0.82	-0.64	0.31	10.04
Xantusiidae	24	24	1.88	0.03	1.89	-0.17	0.74	-1.14	0.27	8.68
Xenosauridae	7	7	2.14	0.08	2.06	NA	NA	NA	NA	9.53

SVL, snout-vent length; SE, standard error;  $g_1$ , skewness;  $g_2$ , kurtosis, CV, coefficient of variation.  $P$  values for these statistics are deviations from normality, and were calculated using their standard errors by way of  $t$ -tests.

diet were significantly larger than strict predators ( $t = 8.53$ , d.f. = 1543,  $P < 0.0001$ ). Herbivores were marginally but non-significantly larger than omnivores ( $t = 1.75$ ,  $P = 0.080$ ).

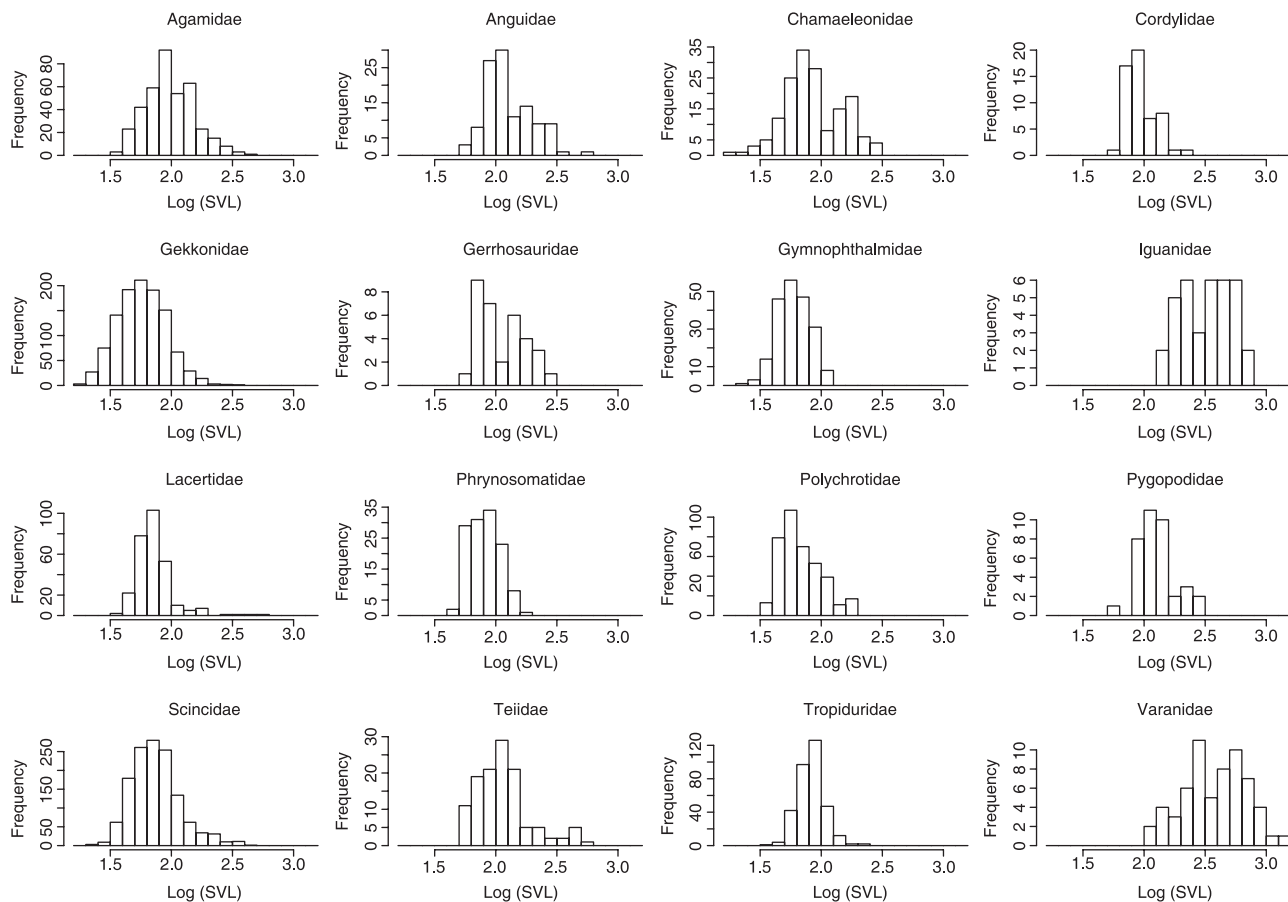
Data for all ecological variables were only available for 1128 species. Using mixed-effects models with ecological variables nested within families and genera, viviparous lizards were larger than oviparous ones but the difference was marginally non-significant ( $t = 1.91$ , d.f. = 818,  $P = 0.057$ ). Nocturnal lizards were larger than diurnal ones ( $t = 2.67$ ,  $P = 0.008$ ), carnivorous lizards were smaller than omnivores and herbivores ( $t = 7.87$ ,  $P < 0.0001$ ) and omnivores were smaller than herbivores ( $t = 3.49$ ,  $P = 0.0005$ ). Semi-aquatic lizards were larger than other species ( $t = 4.99$ ,  $P < 0.0001$ ), and there were no significant differences between sizes within the other categories of space use ( $t$ -values between 0.06 and 0.84,  $0.39 < P < 0.96$ ).

Using lizard species for which I had detailed dietary data, there was a positive correlation between the percentage of plants in the diet and SVL (ANCOVA with family as a factor, slope for the percentage of plants = 0.37,  $n = 84$ ,  $t = 5.42$ ,  $P < 0.0001$ , partial  $R^2$  for the percentage of plants = 0.205, partial  $R^2$  for family = 0.176). Within the genus *Liolaemus*, in which Espinoza *et al.*

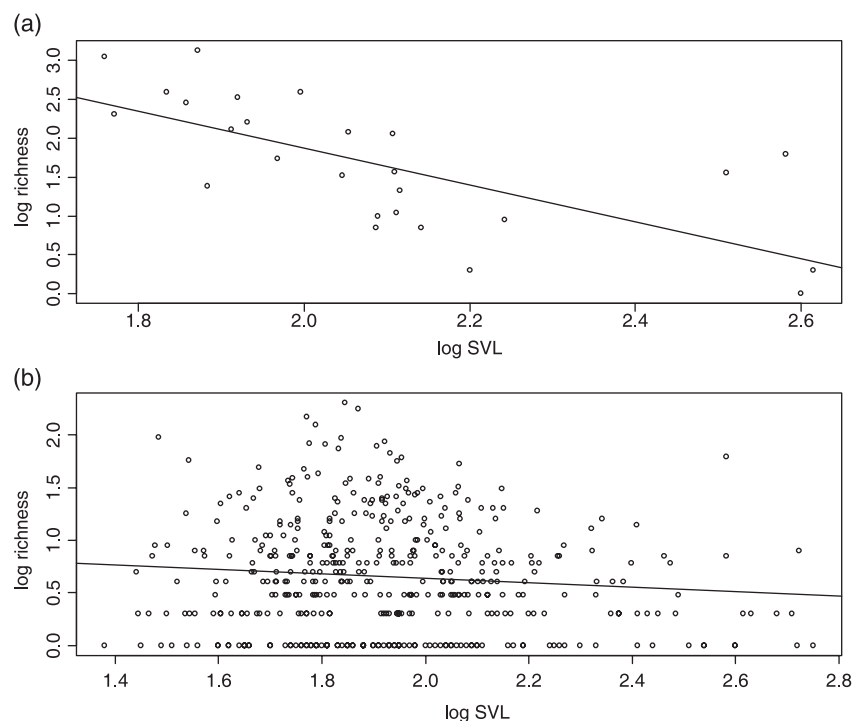
(2004) found no association between body size and herbivory, omnivorous and herbivorous species were larger than strict predators (79 mm vs. 73 mm) but this result was marginally non-significant ( $t_{63,40} = 1.78$ ,  $P = 0.079$ ).

### Body size and insularity

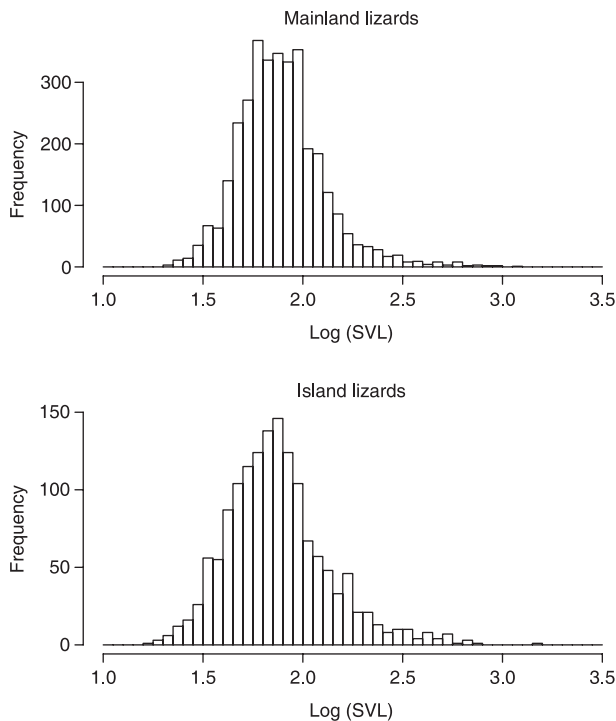
Island-endemic lizards and lizards inhabiting mainlands were similar in size [mean log(SVL) 75 mm vs. 78 mm, mixed-effects model,  $t = 0.36$ , d.f. = 4417,  $P = 0.72$ ]. The size-frequency distributions of island endemic ( $n = 1479$ ) and mainland lizards ( $n = 3396$ ), however, were significantly different (Fig. 4; Kolmogorov-Smirnov  $D = 0.088$ ,  $P < 0.0001$ ). Dividing lizards into 10 size classes at 30-mm intervals (except the 10th class > 270 mm), the first and tenth classes contained many more island endemics (54 and 53 species, respectively versus 50 and 73 species of continental lizards in these classes) than expected by chance given continental lizards outnumber island endemics 2.29 to 1 (overall  $\chi^2 = 73.1$ , d.f. = 9,  $P < 0.0001$ ). Thus island endemic lizards tended to have a less clumped size distribution than lizards inhabiting mainlands.



**Figure 2** Body size–frequency distribution within lizard families with at least 30 species. Size is the  $\log_{10}$ (snout–vent length) (SVL) in mm.



**Figure 3** Relationship between body size and species richness. Species richness (log transformed) versus mean body size [ $\log$ (snout vent length) (SVL), in mm] within (a) lizard families and (b) lizard genera.



**Figure 4** Body size–frequency distribution of lizards inhabiting continents (top) versus size–frequency distribution of island-endemic lizards (bottom). SVL is snout–vent length.

Lizards inhabiting carnivore-free islands ( $n = 769$ , mean  $\log(\text{SVL})$  73 mm) were similar in size to island endemics from islands inhabited by mammalian carnivores ( $n = 710$ , 76 mm, mixed-effects model,  $t = 1.30$ ,  $P = 0.19$ ). Again, however, the size–frequency distributions of island endemics on islands with and without carnivores were significantly different ( $D = 0.09$ ,  $P = 0.003$ , Fig. S1). The first and tenth classes contained fewer lizards from islands with mammalian carnivores (15 and 13, versus 39 and 40, respectively, on islands lacking carnivores) than expected by chance (overall  $\chi^2 = 31.8$ ,  $P = 0.0002$ ).

In none of the dietary categories were insular lizards different in size from mainland ones (mixed-effects models, predators,  $t = 0.56$ , d.f. = 1208,  $P = 0.58$ ; herbivores,  $t = 1.09$ , d.f. = 67,  $P = 0.28$ ; omnivores,  $t = 0.47$ , d.f. = 172,  $P = 0.64$ ). However, the relative frequency of insular herbivores and omnivores (11% and 23% of the species, respectively) was much higher than that of continental herbivores and omnivores (4% and 11% of the species, respectively,  $\chi^2 = 69.3$ , d.f. = 2,  $P < 0.0001$ ); thus carnivorous and omnivorous lizards were not larger on islands but they formed a much larger part of insular lizard faunas.

### Extinction risk

Extinction risk increased with body size ( $n = 358$ ,  $R^2 = 0.08$ ,  $P < 0.0001$ ), even when familiar and generic relationships were accounted for (mixed-effects model,  $t = 2.07$ ,  $P = 0.04$ ). Threatened lizards (128 mm,  $n = 147$ ) were larger than non-threatened ones

(93 mm,  $n = 210$ ), DD species (83 mm,  $n = 41$ ) and unassessed species [75 mm,  $n = 4477$ ;  $F_{3,4871} = 60.2$ ,  $P < 0.0001$ , Tukey honestly significant difference (HSD),  $P < 0.001$  for all comparisons]. Non-threatened species were larger than unassessed ones (Tukey HSD,  $P < 0.0001$ ), but data-deficient species were not different from either of these categories (Tukey HSD, DD versus non-threatened  $P = 0.54$ , DD versus non-assessed  $P = 0.63$ ).

Within the Iguanidae there was no significant difference between threat categories ( $F_{2,33} = 1.35$ ,  $P = 0.27$ ). Neither was there a correlation between the degree of threat and SVL in Mediterranean lizards (DD species omitted,  $n = 201$ ,  $t = 0.53$ ,  $r = 0.04$ ,  $P = 0.60$ ).

Description dates were negatively correlated with SVL ( $n = 4875$ ,  $r = -0.29$ ,  $P < 0.0001$ ). Nevertheless, when only lizards described since 1900 were considered, no significant effect of description year remained ( $n = 2864$ ,  $r = -0.01$ ,  $P = 0.65$ ).

### DISCUSSION

Lizards show a similar size distribution to that of many other taxa. Global, realm-specific and family-level distributions are mostly unimodal and right skewed. It is reasonable to assume that amniotes cannot grow significantly smaller than the smallest lizards (Pough, 1980; Greer, 2001; Kratochvil & Frynta, 2006) and thus that the decline in species numbers towards the smaller sizes may reflect a limitation on miniaturization (Stanley, 1973).

There are many more small lizard species than large ones (the mode is smaller than the mean and range midpoint in most families and realms), and families of small lizards contain more species than families of large lizards, even when phylogenetic effects are accounted for. High diversification rates are likewise associated with small body size. (cf. Orme *et al.*, 2002). There is, however, little relationship between body size and richness of genera within families, as was previously found in agamids (Stuart-Fox & Owens, 2003). Thus genera richness, rather than high within-genera richness, leads to elevated species richness in small-bodied families. It may be that genera within families are ecologically distinct from one another whereas congeneric species share similar ecologies. If congenics are also often allopatric, then perhaps the smaller size of lizards in species-rich families is a consequence of more niches being available to small-bodied genera. Alternatively, it may tell us more about taxonomic practice than about ecology and evolution. This supports Hutchinson & MacArthur's (1959) assertion that richness is related to the number of niche types, which peaks for small-bodied (but not the smallest) taxa.

The tendency of semi-aquatic lizards to be large may be explained by the relatively slow cooling rates of large species. Because heat loss is much more rapid in water, small species may not be able to maintain sufficient heat in aquatic habitats. Similarly, the smaller size of diurnal lizards may facilitate faster heating rates (Huey & Slatkin, 1976), whereas cooling is relatively less important for animals active during the hot hours of the day. Results of the dietary analysis support the hypothesis of a strong association between plant feeding and large body size in lizards (Sokol, 1967; Pough 1973; Cooper & Vitt, 2002). Phylogenetic



comparative analyses of some lizard groups also support such an association (e.g. Herrel *et al.*, 2004, but see Espinoza *et al.*, 2004). While the association of large size and herbivory seem well supported, it is not clear whether large size is an adaptation to herbivory, or whether large size evolved for other reasons, and enabled herbivory. Large lizards have more diverse prey size than smaller ones (Vezina, 1985; Vitt, 2000), and are more likely to include both invertebrates and vertebrates in their diet (S Meiri, unpublished). They are thus perhaps pre-adapted to dealing with more varied diets, including plant material.

Island lizards often evolve very small and very large sizes. This corroborates the conclusion of Arnold & Ovenden (2004) that large lizards often tend to evolve on predator-free islands. Lizards are likewise thought to grow large on islands where large prey or abundant food sources exist (Case & Schwaner, 1993; Raia & Meiri, 2006; Meiri 2007). The very large sizes attained by some insular lizards may result both as a direct response to release from predation (Case, 1982), and from lizards on mammalian-carnivore free islands being able to occupy the niche of the island top predator (e.g. *Phoboscincus bocourti*, *Varanus komodoensis*). Large lizards may also be better dispersers, which may help explain why, while islands have more large, herbivorous species than expected by chance, there are no differences between the sizes of insular and continental lizards within dietary categories. That islands also promote the diversification of very small lizards is more difficult to explain, as small size can be an anti-predatory adaptation in itself (Heaney, 1978). Extremely small size in island lizards may be an adaptation to a general shortage of insects (Janzen, 1973; Olesen & Valido, 2003). However, small insular lizards are often extremely abundant (Bennett & Gorman, 1979; Rodda *et al.*, 2001), so food shortage may not be a general characteristic of islands. Release from competition with homeotherms is unlikely, as small lizards are much smaller than the smallest birds and mammals (Pough, 1980). It may be that small size often evolves on islands to facilitate feeding on very small arthropods (Janzen, 1973). Perhaps competition with amphibians and other arthropod predators is reduced on islands, but currently I have no data to support this hypothesis. Be that as it may, contrary to the expectation of theories of optimal body size (Marquet & Taper, 1998; Boback & Guyer, 2003, cf. Meiri *et al.*, 2005, 2006), islands seem to harbour an unusual number of both extremely small and very large lizards. I suspect that release from predation and the nature of the resource base on islands may drive the evolution of small size in predatory species, as well as that of very large size in both herbivores and vertebrate-eating species.

While most recently extinct lizards were large (mean size of extinct lizards is 190 mm,  $n = 17$ ) the results of this study do not lend strong support to an association between large size and high extinction risk. Where relatively complete data exist, large size is not associated with risk. The relationship between risk and SVL is weak, and probably biased: risk in the vast majority of lizard species is not assessed and both non-assessed and DD species are small. Thus I suspect that there has been a greater tendency to assess the conservation status of large species.

The results of this study may be questioned if maximum SVL is a poor size index, or if a great many species still await description

and these are different in size from those I sampled. Maximum SVL disregards shape, which may strongly affect weight (Greer & Wadsworth, 2003). In 75 live lizards belonging to 21 species (in eight families, 24–530 mm SVL, 0.4–1760 g) I have measured, SVL explained 95% of the variation in body mass. However, the masses predicted for two specimens of the legless anguid *Pseudopus apodus* were 2.9 and 4.0 times their actual masses. Probably, however, across the six orders of magnitude of lizard body masses discrepancies between mass and SVL are relatively minor. Because maximum SVL is highly sensitive to sample size (Stamps & Andrews, 1992; Meiri, 2007), some species will appear to have shorter maximum SVL than the real value. However, there is no reason to assume it should bias the results in any particular direction, and the intraspecific variation is surely much smaller than the interspecific one. Similarly, museum specimens often shrink, but the degree of shrinkage is usually low (e.g. Lazell, 1972; Case, 1976; Reed, 2001) and probably does not bias my results.

Lizards are being described at an accelerating pace. Between 2000 and 2005, 285 new lizard species were described, and, if anything, the rate of description is increasing: Fitting year as an explanatory variable to the number of species described each year since the end of World War II (1946 to 2005) results in a strong positive correlation, explaining 67% (!) of the variation (slope  $0.74 \pm 0.07$ , Fig. S2). Therefore, while species sampling in this study is comprehensive relative to current listings, it is unlikely to remain so. Indeed 129 new reptile species have been described in 2007 alone, more than in any other year except 1854 (P. Uetz, pers. comm.). Again, however, I don't envisage that the discovery of new species will change the conclusions offered here. The SVL of 67 newly described (2005–08) species (Appendix S3) is not significantly different from that of previously described species (controlling for family,  $F_{1,4915} = 0.41$ ,  $P = 0.52$ ). Furthermore, my impression is that new species are often being described based on very little differences from well-established ones, differences that may simply reflect minor geographical variation (Meiri & Mace, 2007). For example, many lacertid taxa that Boulenger (1920, 1921) considered as mere varieties (for example of *Lacerta muralis*, nowadays *Podarcis muralis*) are today recognized as specifically distinct (see also Harris, 2008). If this is the prevailing pattern, newly described species will be very similar in size to existing species, and newly described species, valid or not, will be a random sample of the body size distribution.

As lizards are paraphyletic in relation to snakes and amphisbaenians (Townsend *et al.*, 2004; Kumazawa, 2007; cf. Zhou *et al.*, 2006) it may be worth hypothesizing how the inclusion of these two taxa would have affected my results. Snakes and amphisbaenians (3055 and 164 species, respectively, Uetz, 2006) are larger than lizards. Amphisbaenians are, on average, three to four times as long (author's unpublished data) and snakes are even longer: Boback & Guyer's (2003) sample of 618 snake species has a unimodal distribution, with a modal total length of 880–1080 mm. Therefore a frequency distribution for all squamates is likely to be highly bimodal. Snakes include by far the most speciose squamate family (Colubridae, 1832 species), as well as four other families

with more than 100 species (Uetz, 2006). It is therefore likely that the relationship between small size and high species richness would disappear if snakes were included. The high number of fossorial snake and amphisbaenians species, and the fact that these taxa contain almost exclusively predatory species (Pough *et al.*, 2003), probably means that when examined for all squamates, large size would be associated with burrowing habits, and with a carnivorous, rather than herbivorous diet. Taking phylogeny into account though, I predict that the results obtained here are likely to remain valid.

Using the most complete body size–frequency distribution of any large vertebrate group assembled so far, lizard body size distributions seem to resemble those of other taxa (Gardezi & da Silva, 1999; Olden *et al.*, 2007). Small-bodied families have more species, but this does not translate easily to elevated speciation rates at the lower end of the size spectrum. Neither does large body size seem to be tightly associated with extinction risk; rather it seems that large species are more likely to have been assessed. The association between lizard insularity and herbivory and large body size is corroborated, but the mechanisms responsible for these phenomena are still far from clear. Low predation pressures seem to play at least some role in the evolution of large body size. More puzzling is the fact that such a high proportion of the world's smallest lizards inhabit predator-free islands. Clearly much work is needed to address this and other questions regarding the evolution of lizard body size.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

First and foremost I thank Liz Butcher and Barbara Sanger from the Michael Way Library for their invaluable help in obtaining the often old and neglected literature sources used in this work. I am also indebted to the staff in the library of the Natural History Museum, London, and to herpetologists who have sent me data. Barak Levy and, especially, Uri Roll helped me measure live lizards. R. Gunther, D. Langer (Museum für Naturkunde, Berlin), C. McCarthy (Natural History Museum, London), J. Rosado (Museum für Comparative Zoology), R. McDiarmid and S. Gotte (Smithsonian Institution) kindly helped me measure museum specimen in the collections under their care. I. Ineich and K. van Egmond sent me museum specimens to measure. I thank Eugenia Mintz, Hsin-Ying Lee, Susanne Fritz and Joaquin Hortal for help with translations and D. Frynta, J. Losos, D. Orme and A. Purvis for valuable discussion. Mick Crawley, Ally Phillimore and Rich Grenyer provided invaluable statistical advice. I thank Ted Townsend for sharing his phylogenetic data and Gavin Thomas for help with the phylogenetic analysis. Joaquin Hortal, Ally Phillimore, Gavin Thomas and two anonymous referees made many important comments on lousier versions of this manuscript.

## REFERENCES

- Arnold, E.N. & Ovenden, D.W. (2004) *A field guide to the reptiles and amphibians of Britain and Europe*, 2nd edn. Collins, London.
- Avery, R.A. (1996) Ecology of small reptile-grade sauropsids. *Symposia of the Zoological Society of London*, **69**, 225–237.
- Bennett, A.F. & Gorman, G.C. (1979) Population density and energetics of lizards on a tropical island. *Oecologia*, **42**, 339–358.
- Boback, S.M. & Guyer, C. (2003) Empirical evidence for an optimal body size in snakes. *Evolution*, **57**, 345–351.
- Boulenger, G.A. (1920) *Monograph of the Lacertidae*, Vol. 1. London, Trustees of the British Museum (Natural History).
- Boulenger, G.A. (1921) *Monograph of the Lacertidae*, Vol. 2. London, Trustees of the British Museum (Natural History).
- Brown, J.H. & Maurer, B.A. (1989) Macroecology: the division of food and space among species on continents. *Science*, **243**, 1145–1150.
- Cardillo, M., Mace, G.M., Jones, K.E., Bielby, J., Bininda-Emonds, O.R.P., Sechrest, W., Orme, C.D.L. & Purvis, A. (2005) Multiple causes of high extinction risk in large mammal species. *Science*, **309**, 1239–1241.
- Case, T.J. (1976) Body size differences between populations of the chuckwalla, *Sauromalus obesus*. *Ecology*, **57**, 313–323.
- Case, T.J. (1978) A general explanation for insular body size trends in terrestrial vertebrates. *Ecology*, **59**, 1–18.
- Case, T.J. (1982) Ecology and evolution of the insular giant chuckwalla, *Sauromalus hispidus* and *Sauromalus varius*. *Iguanas of the world: their behavior, ecology and conservation* (ed. by G.M. Burghardt and A.S. Rand), pp. 184–212. Noyes Publications, Park Ridge, NJ.
- Case, T.J. & Schwaner, T.D. (1993) Island mainland body size differences in Australian varanid lizards. *Oecologia*, **94**, 102–109.
- Case, T.J., Bolger, A.D. & Richman, A.D. (1998) Reptilian extinctions over the last ten thousand years. *Conservation biology for the coming decade*, 2nd edn (ed. by P.L. Fielder and P.M. Kareiva), pp. 157–186. Chapman and Hall, New York.
- Cooper, W.E. & Vitt, L.J. (2002) Distribution, extent, and evolution of plant consumption by lizards. *Journal of Zoology*, **257**, 487–517.
- Cox, N., Chanson, J. & Stuart, S. (compilers) (2006) *The status and distribution of reptiles and amphibians of the Mediterranean Basin*. IUCN, Gland, Switzerland and Cambridge, UK.
- Dunham, A.E., Miles, D.B. & Reznick, D.N. (1988) Life history patterns in squamate reptiles. *Biology of the Reptilia*. Vol. 16. *Ecology B. Defense and life history* (ed. by C. Gans and R.B. Huey), pp. 441–522. Liss, New York.
- Espinoza, R.E., Wiens, J.J. & Tracy, C.R. (2004) Recurrent evolution of herbivory in small, cold-climate lizards: breaking the ecophysiological rules of reptilian herbivory. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences USA*, **101**, 16819–16824.
- Fontanillas, E., Welch, J.J., Thomas, J.A. & Bromham, L. (2007) The influence of body size and net diversification rate on molecular evolution during the radiation of animal phyla. *BMC Evolutionary Biology*, **7**, 95, doi:10.1186/1471-2148-7-95.
- Freckleton, R.P., Harvey, P.H. & Pagel, M. (2002) Phylogenetic analysis and comparative data: a test and review of evidence. *The American Naturalist*, **160**, 712–726.
- Gardezi, T. & da Silva, J. (1999) Diversity in relation to body size in mammals: a comparative study. *The American Naturalist*, **153**, 110–123.

- Greer, A.E. (2001) Distribution of maximum snout-vent length among species of scincid lizards. *Journal of Herpetology*, **35**, 383–395.
- Greer, A.E. & Wadsworth, L. (2003) Body shape in skinks: the relationship between relative hind limb length and relative snout-vent length. *Journal of Herpetology*, **37**, 554–559.
- Harris, D.J. (2008) Taxonomic inflation and red lists: how have Mediterranean reptile conservation issues been affected? *Proceedings of the Symposium on the Lacertids of the Mediterranean Basin*, **6**, 28.
- Heaney, L.R. (1978) Island area and body size of insular mammals: evidence from the tri-colored squirrel (*Callosciurus prevosti*) of southeast Asia. *Evolution*, **32**, 29–44.
- Hedges, S.B. & Thomas, R. (2001) At the lower size limit in amniote vertebrates: a new diminutive lizard from the West Indies. *Caribbean Journal of Science*, **37**, 168–173.
- Herrel, A., Vanhooydonck, B., Joachim, R. & Irschick, D.J. (2004) Frugivory in polychrotid lizards: effects of body size. *Oecologia*, **140**, 160–168.
- Huey, R.B. & Slatkin, M. (1976) Cost and benefits of lizard thermoregulation. *Quarterly Review of Biology*, **51**, 363–384.
- Hutchinson, G.E. & MacArthur, R.H. (1959) A theoretical ecological model of size distributions among species of animals. *The American Naturalist*, **93**, 117–125.
- Janzen, D.H. (1973) Sweep samples of tropical foliage insects: effects of seasons, vegetation types, elevation, time of day, and insularity. *Ecology*, **54**, 687–701.
- Kratochvil, L. & Frynta, D. (2006) Body-size effect on egg size in eublepharid geckos (Squamata: Eublepharidae), lizards with invariant clutch size: negative allometry for egg size in ectotherms is not universal. *Biology Journal of the Linnean Society*, **88**, 527–532.
- Kumazawa, Y. (2007) Mitochondrial genomes from major lizard families suggest their phylogenetic relationships and ancient radiations. *Gene*, **388**, 19–26.
- Lazell, J.D. (1972) The anoles (Sauria: Iguanidae) of the Lesser Antilles. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology*, **143**, 1–115.
- Lomolino, M.V., Riddle, B.R. & Brown, J.H. (2005) *Biogeography*, 3rd edn. Sinauer, Sunderland, MA.
- Marquet, P.A. & Taper, M.L. (1998) On size and area: patterns of mammalian body size extremes across landmasses. *Evolutionary Ecology*, **12**, 127–139.
- Maurer, B.A. (1998) The evolution of body size in birds. I. Evidence for non-random diversification. *Evolutionary Ecology*, **12**, 925–934.
- Maurer, B.A., Brown, J.H. & Rusler, R.D. (1992) The micro and the macro in body size evolution. *Evolution*, **46**, 939–953.
- Meiri, S. (2007) Size evolution in island lizards. *Global Ecology and Biogeography*, **16**, 702–708.
- Meiri, S. & Mace, G.M. (2007) New taxonomy and the origin of species. *PLoS Biology*, **5**, 1385–1386.
- Meiri, S., Simberloff, D. & Dayan, T. (2005) Insular carnivore biogeography: island area and mammalian optimal body size. *The American Naturalist*, **165**, 505–514.
- Meiri, S., Dayan, T. & Simberloff, D. (2006) The generality of the island rule reexamined. *Journal of Biogeography*, **33**, 1571–1577.
- Olden, J.D., Hogan, Z.S. & Zanden, M.J.V. (2007) Small fish, big fish, red fish, blue fish: size-biased extinction risk of the world's freshwater and marine fishes. *Global Ecology and Biogeography*, **16**, 694–701.
- Olesen, J.M. & Valido, A. (2003) Lizards as pollinators and seed dispersers: an island phenomenon. *Trends in Ecology and Evolution*, **18**, 177–181.
- Orme, C.D.L., Quicke, D.L.J., Cook, J.M. & Purvis, A. (2002) Body size does not predict species richness among the metazoan phyla. *Journal of Evolutionary Biology*, **15**, 235–247.
- Orme, C.D.L., Davies, R.G., Olson, V.A., Thomas, G.H., Ding, T.-S., Rasmussen, P.C., Ridgely, R.S., Stattersfield, A.J., Bennett, P.M., Owens, I.P.F., Blackburn, T.M. & Gaston, K.J. (2006) Global patterns of geographic range size in Birds. *PLoS Biology*, **4**, 1276–1283.
- Pough, F.H. (1973) Lizard energetics and diet. *Ecology*, **54**, 837–844.
- Pough, F.H. (1980) The advantages of ectothermy for tetrapods. *The American Naturalist*, **115**, 92–112.
- Pough, F.H., Andrews R.M., Cadle, J.E., Crump, M.L., Savitzky, A.H. & Wells, K.D. (2003) *Herpetology*, 3rd edn. Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, NJ.
- Pregill, G.K. (1986) Body size of insular lizards: a pattern of Holocene dwarfism. *Evolution*, **40**, 997–1008.
- Price, T.D. & Phillimore, A.B. (2007) Reduced major axis regression and the island rule. *Journal of Biogeography*, **34**, 1998–1999.
- R Development Core Team (2007) *R: a language and environment for statistical computing*. R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria.
- Raia, P. & Meiri, S. (2006) The island rule in large mammals: palaeontology meets ecology. *Evolution*, **60**, 1731–1742.
- Reed, R.N. (2001) Effects of museum preservation techniques on length and mass of snakes. *Amphibia-Reptilia*, **22**, 488–491.
- Reed, R.N. & Boback, S.M. (2002) Does body size predict dates of species description among North American and Australian reptiles and amphibians? *Global Ecology and Biogeography*, **11**, 41–47.
- Rodda, G.H., Perry, G., Rondeau, R.J. & Lazell, J. (2001) The densest terrestrial vertebrate. *Journal of Tropical Ecology*, **17**, 331–338.
- Roy, K., Jablonski, D. & Martien, K.K. (2000) Invariant size-frequency distributions along a latitudinal gradient in marine bivalves. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences USA*, **97**, 13150–13155.
- Schoener, T.W. (1969) Size patterns in West Indian *Anolis* lizards: I. Size and species diversity. *Systematic Zoology*, **18**, 386–401.
- Shine, R. (1985) The evolution of viviparity in reptiles: an ecological analysis. *Biology of the Reptilia*, Vol. 15 (ed. by C. Gans and F. Billett), pp. 605–694. John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- Smith, F.A., Lyons, S.K., Morgan Ernest, S.K., Jones, K.E., Kaufman, D.M., Dayan, T., Marquet, P.A., Brown, J.H. & Haskell, J.P. (2003) Body mass of late Quaternary mammals. *Ecology*, **84**, 3403.

- Sokol, O.M. (1967) Herbivory in lizards. *Evolution*, **21**, 192–194.
- Stamps, J.A. & Andrews, R.M. (1992) Estimating asymptotic size using the largest individuals per sample. *Oecologia*, **92**, 503–512.
- Stanley, S.M. (1973) An explanation for Cope's rule. *Evolution*, **27**, 1–26.
- Stuart-Fox, D.M. & Owens, I.P.F. (2003) Species-richness is agamid lizards: chance, body size, ecology or sexual selection? *Journal of Evolutionary Biology*, **16**, 659–669.
- Szarski, H. (1962) Some remarks on herbivorous lizards. *Evolution*, **16**, 529.
- Townsend, T.M., Larson, A., Louis, E. & Macey, J.R. (2004) Molecular phylogenetics of Squamata: the position of snakes, amphisbaenians, and dibamids, and the root of the squamate tree. *Systematic Biology*, **53**, 735–757.
- Uetz, P. (2006) *The reptile database*, CD-ROM edition, October 2006. Heidelberg, Germany.
- Van Damme, R. (1999) Evolution of herbivory in lacertid lizards: effects of insularity and body size. *Journal of Herpetology*, **33**, 663–674.
- Vezina, A.F. (1985) Empirical relationships between predator and prey size among terrestrial vertebrate predators. *Oecologia*, **67**, 555–565.
- Vitt, L.J. (2000) Ecological consequences of body size in neonatal and small-bodied lizards in the neotropics. *Herpetological Monographs*, **14**, 388–400.
- Zhou, K., Li, H., Han, D., Bauer, A.M. & Feng, J. (2006) The complete mitochondrial genome of *Gekko gecko* (Reptilia: Gekkonidae) and support for the monophyly of Sauria including Amphisbaenia. *Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution*, **40**, 887–892.
- Zug, G.R., Vitt, L.J. & Caldwell, J.P. (2001) *Herpetology*, 2nd edn. Academic Press, San Diego.

## SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

The following supplementary material is available for this article:

**Appendix S1** Literature sources for size and ecological data.

**Appendix S2** Lizard body sizes.

**Appendix S3** Lizard species not analysed and reasons for their exclusion.

**Appendix S4** Taxa ages, species richness, diversification rates, SVL and phylogeny.

**Table S1** Realm-specific moments of central tendency for size–frequency distributions.

**Figure S1** Island endemic lizards and mammalian Carnivora.

**Figure S2** Lizard description dates.

This material is available as part of the online article from:

<http://www.blackwell-synergy.com/doi/abs/10.1111/j.1466-8238.2008.0414.x>

(This link will take you to the article abstract).

Please note: Blackwell Publishing is not responsible for the content or functionality of any supplementary materials supplied by the authors. Any queries (other than missing material) should be directed to the corresponding author for the article.

## BIOSKETCH

**Shai Meiri** is interested in the evolution of body size and its implications, in biogeographical correlates of morphology and in the morphological signatures of speciation and community composition.

Editor: Tim Blackburn

## **Appendix 1**

Literature sources for body size (snout vent lengths) & ecological data (e.g., activity times, dietary data, three dimensional use of space, mode of reproduction)

**paper**

- 1 Abdala, C. S. 2002. Nuevo Liolaemus (Iguania: Liolaemidae) perteneciente al grupo Boulengeri de la Provincia de Neuquen, Argentina. Cuadernos de Herpetologia, 16: 3-13.
- 2 Abdala, C. S. 2003. Cuatro nuevas especies del género Liolaemus (Iguania: Liolaemidae), pertenecientes al grupo boulengeri, de la Patagonia Argentina. Cuadernos de Herpetología 17: 3-32.
- 3 Abdala, C. S. 2005. Dos nuevas especies del genero Liolaemus (Iguania: Liolaemidae) y redescrición de Liolaemus boulengeri (Koslowsky, 1898). Cuadernos de Herpetologia 19: 3-33.
- 4 Abdala, C. S. and Gomez, J. M. D. 2006. A new species of the Liolaemus darwini group (Iguania: Liolaemidae) from Catamarca Province, Argentina. Zootaxa 1317: 21–33.
- 5 Abdala, C. S. and Lobo, F. 2006. Description of a new Patagonian lizard species of the Liolaemus silvanae group (Iguania: Liolaemidae). South American Journal of Herpetology 1: 1-8.
- 6 Abdala, C. S. and Lobo, F. 2006. Nueva especie del grupo de liolaemus darwini (Iguania: Liolaemidae) del noroeste de Argentina. Cuadernos de Herpetologia, 19: 3–18.
- 7 Ahl, E. 1933. Ergebnisse der Celebes und Halmahera Expedition Heinrich 1930-32. Reptilien und Amphibien. Mitteilungen aus dem Museum fur Naturkunde in Berlin 19: 577-583.
- 8 Ahmadzadeh, F., Kiabi, B. H., Kami, H. G. and Hojjati, V. 2008. A preliminary study of the lizard fauna and their habitats in Northwestern Iran. Asiatic Herpetological Research, 11: 1-9.
- 9 Akani, G. C., Capizzi, D. and Luiselli, L. 2002. Community ecology of scincid lizards in a swamp rainforest of south-eastern Nigeria. Russian Journal of Herpetology 9: 125-134.
- 10 Alvarez Del Toro, M., and Smith, H. M. 1956. Notulae herpetologicae Chiapasiae. I. Herpetologica 12: 3-17.
- 11 Alvarez, H. G. 2004. Pollination and seed dispersal by lizards: a review. Revista Chilena de Historia Natural 77: 569-577.
- 12 Amaral, A. D. 1933. Estudos sobre Lacertilios neotropicos. I. novos generos e especies de largartos do Brasil. Memorias do Instituto de Butantan 7: 51-75.
- 13 Amaral, A. D. 1935. Estudos sobre lacertilios Neotropicos. III. Um novo genero e duas novas especies de geckonideos e uma nova raca de amphisbenideo, procedentes do Brasil central. Memorias do Instituto de Butantan, 9: 251-256.
- 14 Amaral, A. D. 1950. Two new South American lizards. Copeia 1950: 281-284.
- 15 Ananjeva, N. B., Peters, G., Macey, R. J. and Papenfuss, T. J. 1990. Stellio sacra (Smith 1935) - a distinct species of Asiatic rock agamid from Tibet. Asiatic Herpetological Research 3: 104-
- 16 Anderson, J. 1894. On two new species of agamoid lizards from the Hardramut, South-Eastern Arabia. Annals and Magazine of Natural History (6) 14: 377
- 17 Anderson, J. 1895. On a collection of reptiles and batrachians made by Colonel Yerbury at Aden and its neighbourhood. Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London 1895: 635—663.
- 18 Anderson, J. 1896. A contribution to the herpetology of Arabia with preliminary list of the reptiles and batrachians of Egypt. Taylor and Francis, London.
- 19 Anderson, J. 1898. Zoology of Egypt. Vol. I. Reptilia and Batrachia. Bernard Quaritch, London.
- 20 Anderson, R. A., and Vitt, L. J. 1990. Sexual selection versus alternative causes of sexual dimorphism in teiid lizards. Oecologia 84: 145–157.
- 21 Anderson, S. C. 1963. Amphibians and Reptiles from Iran. Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences, Series 4, 31 (16): 417-498.
- 22 Anderson, S. C. 1999. The Lizards of Iran. Society for the Study of Amphibians and Reptiles, St. Louis.
- 23 Anderson, S. C. and Leviton, A. E. 1967. A new species of Eremias (Reptilia: Lacertidae) from Afghanistan. Occasional Papers of the California Academy of Sciences 64: 1-4.
- 24 Anderson, S. C. and Leviton, A. E. 1969. Amphibians and reptiles collected by the Street Expedition to Afghanistan, 1965. Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences 37: 25-56.
- 25 Andersson, L. G. 1914. A new Telmatobius and new teiid lizards from South America. Arkiv Zoology 9: 1-12.
- 26 Andreone, F. and Greer, A. E. 2002. Malagasy scincid lizards: descriptions of nine new species, with notes on the morphology, reproduction and taxonomy of some previously described species (Reptilia, Squamata: Scincidae). Journal of Zoology 258: 139-181.
- 27 Andreone, F. and Guarino, F. M. 2003. Giant and long-lived? Age structure in Macroscincus coctei, an extinct skink from Cape Verde. Amphibia-Reptilia 24: 459-470.
- 28 Andreone, F., Mattioli, F., Jesu, R. and Randrianirina, J. E. 2001. Two new chameleons of the genus Calumma from N.E. Madagascar, with considerations on the hemipenial morphology in the Calumma furcifer group (Reptilia, Squamata, Chamaeleonidae). Herpetological Journal 11: 53-68.
- 29 Andrews, R. M. 1979. Evolution of life histories: a comparison of Anolis lizards from matched island and mainland habitats. Breviora 454, 1-51.
- 30 Andrews, R. M. and Rand, A. S. 1974. Reproductive effort in anoline lizards. Ecology 55: 1317–1327.
- 31 Andrews, R. M., Mathies, T. Qualls, C. P. and Qualls, F. J. 1999. Rates of embryonic development of Sceloporus lizards: do cold climates favor rapid development? Copeia 1999: 691-699.
- 32 Angel, F. 1940. Deux nouvelles especes de Lygosoma du Cameroun, materiaux de la mission P. Lepesme, R. Paulian et A. Villirs. Bulletin du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle, Paris
- 33 Angel, F. 1942. Les lezards de Madagascar. Memoires de Academie Malgache 36: 1-139.
- 34 Annandale, N. 1908. Description of a new species of lizard of the genus Salea from Assam. Records of the Indian Museum 2: 97 (37-38?)
- 35 Aplin, K. P., Fitch, A. J. and King, D. J. 2006. A new species of Varanus Merrem (Squamata: Varanidae) from the Pilbara region of Western Australia, with observations on sexual dimorphism in closely related species. Zootaxa 1313: 1-38.
- 36 Aplin, K. P., How, R. A. and Boeadi. 1993. A new species of the Glaphyromorphus-isolepis species group (Lacertilia Scincidae) From Sumba Island, Indonesia. Records of the Western Australian Museum 16: 235-242.

- 37 Arena, P. C. and Wooller, R. D. 2003. The reproduction and diet of *Egernia kingii* (Reptilia : Scincidae) on Penguin Island, Western Australia. *Australian Journal of Zoology* 51: 495-504.
- 38 Arillo, A. Balleto, E. and Spano, S. 1967. Il genere *Latastia* Bedriaga in Somalia. *Bolletín dei Musei e Instituto Biologia, Universitaire di Genova* 35: 105-145
- 39 Arnold, E. N. 1972. Lizards with northern affinities from the mountains of Oman. *Zoologische Mededelingen* 47: 111-128.
- 40 Arnold, E. N. 1977. Little-known geckoes (Reptilia: Gekkonidae) from Arabia with descriptions of two new species from the Sultanate of Oman. *Journal of Oman Studies, Special Report* 1:
- 41 Arnold, E. N. 1980. Recently extinct reptile populations from Mauritius and Reunion, Indian Ocean. *Journal of Zoology* 191: 33-47.
- 42 Arnold, E. N. 1980. The reptiles and amphibians of Dhofar, Southern Arabia. *Journal of Oman Studies, Special report*, 2: 273-332.
- 43 Arnold, E. N. 1982. Reptiles of Saudi Arabia. A new semaphore gecko (*Pristurus*: Gekkonidae) and a new dwarf snake (*Eirenis*: Colubridae) from southwestern Arabia. *Fauna of Saudi Arabia* 4: 468-477.
- 44 Arnold, E. N. 1984. Ecology of lowland lizards in the eastern United Arab Emirates. *Journal of Zoology* 204: 329-354.
- 45 Arnold, E. N. 1984. Evolutionary aspects of tail shedding in lizards and their relatives. *Journal of Natural History*, 18: 127-169.
- 46 Arnold, E. N. 1986. New species of semaphore gecko (*Pristurus*: Gekkonidae) from Arabia and Socotra. *Fauna of Saudi Arabia* 8: 352-377.
- 47 Arnold, E. N. 1989. Systematics and adaptive radiation of Equatorial African lizards assigned to the genera *Adolfus*, *Bedriagaia*, *Gastropholis*, *Holaspis* and *Lacerta* (Reptilia, Lacertidae). *Journal of Natural History*, 23: 525-555.
- 48 Arnold, E. N. 1989. Towards a phylogeny and biogeography of the Lacertidae: relationships within an Old-World family of lizards derived from morphology. *Bulletin of the British Museum (Natural History)*, *Zoology* 55: 209-257.
- 49 Arnold, E. N. 1997. Interrelationships and evolution of the east Asian grass lizards, *Takydromus* (Squamata: Lacertidae). *Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society* 119: 267-296.
- 50 Arnold, E. N. and Gardner, A. S. 1994. A review of the middle eastern leaf-toed geckoes (Gekkonidae: *Asaccus*) with descriptions of two new species from Oman. *Fauna of Saudi Arabia* 14:
- 51 Arnold, E. N. and Ovenden, D. W. 2004. A field guide to the reptiles and amphibians of Britain and Europe. 2nd edition. Collins, London.
- 52 Arnold, E. N., Arribas, O. and Carranza, S. 2007. Systematics of the Palearctic and Oriental lizard tribe Lacertini (Squamata: Lacertidae: Lacertinae), with descriptions of eight new genera. *Zootaxa* 1430: 1-86.
- 53 Arnold, E. N., Lanza, B., Poggesi, M. and Corti, C. 1998. Notes on the anatomy and phylogenetic position of *Eremias ercolinii* Lanza & Poggesi 1975 (Reptilia: Lacertidae). *Tropical Zoology*, 11: 235-240.
- 54 Arribas, O. and Carranza, S. 2004. Morphological and genetic evidence of the full species status of *Iberolacerta cyreni martinezricai* (Arribas, 1996). *Zootaxa* 634: 1-24.
- 55 Arribas, O., Carranza, S. and Odierna, G. 2006. Description of a new endemic species of mountain lizard from Northwestern Spain: *Iberolacerta galani* sp. nov. (Squamata : Lacertidae). *Zootaxa* 1240: 1-55.
- 56 Auerbach, R. D. 1987. The amphibians and reptiles of Botswana. Nokwepa Consultants, Gaborone.
- 57 Auffenberg, K., Krysko, K. L. and Auffenberg, W. 2004. Studies on Pakistan lizards: *Cyrtopodion stoliczkai* (Steindachner, 1867) (Gekkonidae: Gekkoninae). *Asiatic Herpetological Research* 10: 151-160.
- 58 Austin, C. C. 1995. Molecular and morphological evolution in South Pacific scincid lizards: morphological conservatism and phylogenetic relationships of Papuan *Lipinia* (Scincidae). *Herpetologica* 51: 291-300.
- 59 Austin, C. C. 2006. Checklist and comments on the terrestrial reptile fauna of Kau Wildlife Area, Papua New Guinea. *Herpetological Review*, 37: 167-170.
- 60 Avila, L. J. 2003. A new species of *Liolaemus* (Squamata: Liolaemidae) from northeastern Argentina and southern Paraguay. *Herpetologica*, 59: 283-292.
- 61 Avila, L. J., Morando, M. and Sites, J. W. 2008. New species of the iguanian lizard genus *Liolaemus* (Squamata, Iguania, Liolaemini) from central Patagonia, Argentina. *Journal of Herpetology*, 42: 186-196.
- 62 Avila, L. J., Morando, M., Perez, C. H. F. and Sites, J. W. 2007. A new species of *Liolaemus* (Reptilia: Squamata: Liolaemini) from southern Mendoza province, Argentina. *Zootaxa* 1452:
- 63 Avila, L. J., Perez, C. H. F. and Morando, M. 2003. A new species of *Liolaemus* (Squamata: Iguania: Liolaemidae) from northwestern Patagonia (Neuquen, Argentina). *Herpetologica* 59:
- 64 Avila, L. J., Perez, C. H. F., Morando, M. and Sites, J. W. 2004. Phylogenetic relationships of lizards of the *Liolaemus petrophilus* group (Squamata, Liolaemidae), with description of two new species from western Argentina *Herpetologica* 60: 187-203.
- 65 Avila-Pires, T. C. S. 1995. *Lizards of Brazilian Amazonia*. Backhuys Publishers, Leiden
- 66 Avila-Pires, T. C. S. and Hoogmoed, M. S. 2000. On two new species of *Pseudogonatodes* Ruthven, 1915. (Reptilia: Squamata: Gekkonidae), with remarks on the distribution of some other sphaerodactyl lizards. *Zoologische Mededelingen* 73: 209-223.
- 67 Axtell, R. W. 1956. A solution to the long neglected *Holbrookia lacerata* problem, and the description of two new subspecies of *Holbrookia*. *Bulletin of the Chicago Academy of Sciences*

- 68 Axtell, R. W., and Axtell, C. A. 1971. A new lizard (*Sceloporus jarrovi cyanostictus*) from Sierra Madre of Coahuila, Mexico. *Copeia*, 1971: 89-98.
- 69 Ayala, S. C. and Castro, F. 1983. Dos nuevos geccos (Sauria: Gekkonidae, Sphaerodactylinae) para Colombia: *Lepidoblepharis xanthostigma* (Noble) y descripcion de una nueva especie. *Caldasia* 13 (No. 65): 743-753.
- 70 Ayala, S. C. and Harris, D. M. 1984. A new microteiid lizard (*Alopoglossus*) from the Pacific rainforest of Columbia. *Herpetologica* 40: 154-158.
- 71 Ayala, S. C. and Serna, M. A. 1986. Una nueva especie de *Lepidoblepharis* (Sauria, Gekkonidae) de la Cordillera central de Colombia. *Caldasia* 15: 649-665.
- 72 Ayala, S. C. and Williams, E. E. 1988. New or problematic *Anolis* from Colombia. 6. Two fuscoauratoid anoles from the Pacific lowlands, *A. maculiventris* Boulenger, 1898. and *A. medemi*, a new species from Gorgona Island. *Breviora* 490: 1-16.
- 73 Ayala, S. C., Harris, D. M. and Williams, E. E. 1984. *Anolis menta*, sp. n. (Sauria, Iguanidae), a new tigrinus group anole from the west side of Santa Marta Mountains, Colombia. *Papeis Avulsos de Zoologia* 35: 135-145.
- 74 Bahir, M. M. and Maduwage, K. P. 2005. *Calotes desilvai*, a new species of agamid lizard From Morningside forest, Sri Lanka. *Raffles Bulletin of Zoology, Supplement* 12: 381-392
- 75 Bahir, M. M. and Silva, A. 2005. *Otocryptis nigristigma*, a new species of agamid lizard from Sri Lanka. *Raffles Bulletin of Zoology, Supplement* 12: 393-406.
- 76 Baker, R. H., Webb, R. G. and Dalby, P. 1967. Notes on Reptiles and Mammals from Southern Zacatecas. *American Midland Naturalist* 77: 223-226.
- 77 Barabanov, A. V. and Ananjeva, N. B. 2007. Catalogue of the available scientific species-group names for lizards of the genus *Phrynocephalus* Kaup, 1825 (Reptilia, Sauria, Agamidae). *Zootaxa* 1399: 1-56.
- 78 Baran, I. and Gruber, U. 1982. Taxonomische untersuchungen an Turkischen gekkoniden. *Spixiana*, 5: 109-138.
- 79 Barbadillo, L. J. and Martinez-Solano, I. 2002. Vertebral intercentra in Lacertidae: variation and phylogenetic implications. *Copeia*, 2002: 208-212.
- 80 Barbour, T. 1905. The Vertebrata of Gorgona Island, Colombia. 4 Reptilia; Amphibia. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology* 46 (5): 87-102.
- 81 Barbour, T. 1932. New Anoles. *Proceedings of the New England Zoological Club* 12: 97-102.
- 82 Barbour, T. 1932. On a new *Anolis* from Western Mexico. *Copeia* 1932: 11-12.
- 83 Barbour, T. and Loveridge, A. 1928. A comparative study of the herpetological fauna of the Uluguru and Usambara mountains, Tanzania Territory with descriptions of new species. *Memoires of the Museum of Comparative Zoology*, 50: 85-265.
- 84 Barbour, T. and Loveridge, A. 1928. New skinks of the genus *Scelotes* from Mozambique and Madagascar. *Proceedings of the New England Zoological Club* 10: 63-65.
- 85 Barbour, T. and Loveridge, A. 1930. Reptiles and amphibians from Liberia. Pp. 769-786. In Strong, R. P. (editor) Report of the Harvard-African Expedition upon the African Republic of Liberia and the Belgian Congo; Based on the Observations Made and Material Collected During the Harvard African Expedition 1926 - 1927. Harvard University Press, Cambridge, Mass.
- 86 Barbour, T. and Loveridge, A. 1930. Reptiles and amphibians from the Central African Lake Region. pages 786-796 In Strong, R. P. (editor) Report of the Harvard-African Expedition upon the African Republic of Liberia and the Belgian Congo; Based on the Observations Made and Material Collected During the Harvard African Expedition 1926 - 1927. Harvard University
- 87 Barbour, T. and Shreve, B. 1937. Novitates Cubanae. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology* 80: 377-387.
- 88 Barros, T. R., Esqueda, L. F., Mijares-Urrutia, A., La Marca, E. and Nicholson, K. E. 2007. The anoline "lost link" rediscovered: variation and distribution of *Anolis annectens* Williams 1974 (Squamata Polychrotidae). *Tropical Zoology* 20: 41-53.
- 89 Barros, T. R., Esqueda, L. F., Mijares-Urrutia, A., La Marca, E. and Nicholson, K. E. 2007. The anoline "lost link" rediscovered: variation and distribution of *Anolis annectens* Williams 1974 (Squamata Polychrotidae). *Tropical Zoology* 20: 41-53.
- 90 Barros, T., Williams, E. E. and Vilorio, A. L. 1996. The genus *Phenacosaurus* (Squamata: Iguania) in western Venezuela: *Phenacosaurus tetarii* new species, *Phenacosaurus euskalerriari*, new species, and *Phenacosaurus nicefori* Dunn, 1944. *Breviora* 504: 1-30.
- 91 Bartlett, R. D. 1985. Notes on the natural history and reproductive strategy of the island glass lizard, *Ophisaurus compressus*. *British Herpetological Society Bulletin*: 19-21.
- 92 Bartlett, R. D. and Bartlett, P. 2003. Reptiles and amphibians of the Amazon. An ecotourist's guide. Florida University Presses
- 93 Barts, M. 2004. Erfahrungen bei der haltung und vermehrung von *Xenagama batillifera* (Vaillant 1832) mit anmerkungen zum verhalten von *Xenagama taylori* (Parker 1935). *Reptilia* 9: 72-
- 94 Batuwita, S. and Bahir, M. M. 2005. Description of five new species of *Cyrtodactylus* (Reptilia: Gekkonidae) from Sri Lanka. *Raffles Bulletin of Zoology Supplement* No. 12: 351-380.
- 95 Bauer, A. M. 1985. Notes on the taxonomy, morphology and behavior of *Rhacodactylus chahoua* (Bavay) (Reptilia: Gekkonidae). *Banner zoologische Beitrage* 36: 81-94.
- 96 Bauer, A. M. 2002. Two new species of *Cnemaspis* (Reptilia: Squamata: Gekkonidae) from Gund, Uttara Kannada, India. *Mitteilungen aus dem Hamburgischen Zoologischen Museum und Institut* 99: 155-167.
- 97 Bauer, A. M. 2002. Two new species of *Cyrtodactylus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from Myanmar. *Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences* 53:73-86.
- 98 Bauer, A. M. 2003. Descriptions of seven new *Cyrtodactylus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) with a key to the species of Myanmar (Burma). *Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences* 54:



- 99 Bauer, A. M. 2003. On the identity of *Lacerta punctata* Linnaeus, 1758, the type species of the genus *Euprepis* Wagler, 1830, and the generic assignment of Afro-Malagasy skinks. *African Journal of Herpetology* 52: 1-7.
- 100 Bauer, A. M. 2003. On the identity of *Lacerta punctata* Linnaeus, 1758, the type species of the genus *Euprepis* Wagler, 1830, and the generic assignment of Afro-Malagasy skinks. *African Journal of Herpetology* 52: 1-7.
- 101 Bauer, A. M. 2004. Gekkonidae, Geckos. pages 973-977 in Goodman, S. M. and Benstead, J. P. editors. *The natural history of Madagascar*. University of Chicago Press, Chicago.
- 102 Bauer, A. M. 2006. A review of the gekkotan lizards of Benin, with the description of a new species of *Hemidactylus* (Squamata : Gekkonidae). *Zootaxa* 1242: 1-20.
- 103 Bauer, A. M. and Das, I. 1998. New species of *Cnemaspis* (Reptilia: Gekkonidae) from southeastern Thailand. *Copeia* 1998: 439-444.
- 104 Bauer, A. M. and DeVaney, K. D. 1987. Aspects of diet and habitat use in some New Caledonian lizards. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 8: 349-364.
- 105 Bauer, A. M. and Gunther, R. 1992. A preliminary report of the reptile fauna of the kingdom of Bhutan with the description of a new species of scincid lizard (Reptilia: Scincidae). *Asiatic Herpetological Research* 4: 23-36.
- 106 Bauer, A. M. and Menegon, M. 2006. A new species of prehensile-tailed gecko, *Urocytyledon* (Squamata: Gekkonidae), from the Udzungwa Mountains, Tanzania. *African Journal of Herpetology* 55: 13-22.
- 107 Bauer, A. M. and Pauwels, O. S. G. 2002. A new forest-dwelling *Hemidactylus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from Gabon, West Africa. *African Journal of Herpetology*, 51: 1-8.
- 108 Bauer, A. M. and Russell, A. P. 1986. *Hoplodactylus delcourti* n. sp. (Reptilia: Gekkonidae), the largest known gecko. *New Zealand Journal of Zoology* 13: 141-148.
- 109 Bauer, A. M. and Russell, A. P. 1989. A systematic review of the genus *Uroplatus* (Reptilia: Gekkonidae) with notes on its biology. *Journal of Natural History* 23: 169-203.
- 110 Bauer, A. M. and Sadlier, R. A. 2000. *The Herpetofauna of New Caledonia*. Society for the Study of Amphibians and Reptiles, St. Louis.
- 111 Bauer, A. M. and Vindum, J. V. 1990. A checklist and key to the herpetofauna of New Caledonia, with remarks on biogeography. *Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences* 47: 17-19.
- 112 Bauer, A. M., Barts, M. and Hulbert, F. 2006. A new species of the *Pachydactylus weberi* group (Reptilia: Squamata: Gekkonidae) from the Orange River, with comments on its natural history. *Salamandra* 42: 83-92.
- 113 Bauer, A. M., Bohme, W. and Gunther, R. 2006. An annotated catalogue of the types of chameleons (Reptilia: Squamata: Chamaeleonidae) in the collection of the Museum für Naturkunde der Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin (ZMB). *Mitteilungen aus dem Museum für Naturkunde in Berlin* 82: 268-281.
- 114 Bauer, A. M., Chirio, L. Ineich, I. and LeBreton, M. 2006. New species of *Cnemaspis* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from northern Cameroon, a neglected biodiversity hotspot. *Journal of Herpetology* 40: 510-519.
- 115 Bauer, A. M., de Silva, A., Greenbaum, E. and Jackman, T. 2007. A new species of day gecko from high elevation in Sri Lanka, with a preliminary phylogeny of Sri Lankan *Cnemaspis* (Reptilia, Squamata, Gekkonidae). *Mitteilungen aus dem Museum für Naturkunde in Berlin - Zoologische Reihe* 83 (Supplement): 22-32.
- 116 Bauer, A. M., Gunther, R. and Klipfel, M. 1995. *The herpetological contributions of Wilhelm C.H. Peters (1815-1883)*. Society for the Study of Amphibians & Reptiles, Facsimile Reprints in Herpetology, St. Louis.
- 117 Bauer, A. M., Jackman, T., Sadlier, R. A. and Whitaker, A. H. 2006. A New Genus and Species of Diplodactylid Gecko (Reptilia: Squamata: Diplodactylidae) from Northwestern New Caledonia. *Pacific Science* 60: 125-135.
- 118 Bauer, A. M., Lamb, T. and Branch, W. R. 2002. A revision of *Pachydactylus scutatus* (Reptilia: Squamata: Gekkonidae) with the description of a new species from northern Namibia. *Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences* 53: 23-36.
- 119 Bauer, A. M., Lang, M. and Gunther, R. 1994. An annotated type catalogue of the pygopods, xantusiids, gerrhosaurids and cordylids (Reptilia: Squamata: Pygopodidae, Xantusiidae, Gerrhosauridae and Cordylidae) in the collection of Zoological Museum, Berlin. *Mitteilungen aus dem Museum für Naturkunde in Berlin* 70: 85-92.
- 120 Bauer, A. M., Pauwels O. S. G. and Chanhome, L. 2002. A new species of cave-dwelling *Cyrtodactylus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from Thailand. *The Natural History Journal of Chulalongkorn University* 2: 19-29.
- 121 Bauer, A. M., Sumontha, G. M. and Pauwels O. S. G. 2003. Two new species of *Cyrtodactylus* (Reptilia: Squamata: Gekkonidae) from Thailand. *Zootaxa* 376: 1-18.
- 122 Bauer, A. M., Sumontha, M., Grossmann, W., Pauwels, O. S. G. and Vogel, G. 2004. A new species of *Dixonius* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from Kanchanaburi Province, Western Thailand. *Current Herpetology* 23: 17-26.
- 123 Bauer, A. M., Whiting, A. S. and Sadlier, R. A. 2003. A new species of *Scelotes*, from near Cape Town, Western Cape Province, South Africa. *Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences* 54: 231-237.
- 124 Bauwens, D. and Diaz-Uriarte, R. 1997. Covariation of life-history traits in lacertid lizards: a comparative study. *American Naturalist* 149: 91-111.
- 125 Beckon, W. N. 1992. The giant Pacific geckos of the genus *Gehyra*: morphological variation, distribution, and biogeography. *Copeia* 1992: 443-460.

- Bedriaga, J. V. 1884. Die neue Lacertiden-Gattung *Latastia* und ihre Arten (*L. doriai* n.sp. var. *Martensi* m., *Samharica* Blanf. und *Boscai* n.sp.). *Annali del Museo Civico di Storia Naturale* Giacomo Doria 20: 307-324.
- Bedriaga, J. V. 1907. *Wiss. Res. Przewalski Central-Asien untern. Reisen* 3, Zoologische Abteilung 1, Lief. 2: 207
- Beebe, W. 1944. Field notes on the lizards of Kartabo, British Guiana, and Caripito, Venezuela. Part 1. Gekkonidae. *Zoologica* 29: 145-160.
- Beebe, W. 1944. Field notes on the lizards of Kartabo, British Guiana, and Caripito, Venezuela. Part 2. Iguanidae. *Zoologica* 29: 195-216.
- Beebe, W. 1945. Field notes on the lizards of Kartabo, British Guiana, and Caripito, Venezuela. Part 3. Teiidae, Amphisbaenidae and Scincidae. *Zoologica* 30: 7-32.
- Bejakovic, D., Kalezic, M. L., Aleksic, I., Dzukic, G. and CrnobrnjaIsailovic, J. 1995. Female reproductive cycle and clutch traits in the Dalmatian wall lizard (*Podarcis melisellensis*). *Folia Zoologica* 44: 371-380.
- Benabib, M. 1994. Reproduction and lipid utilization of tropical populations of *Sceloporus variabilis*. *Herpetological Monographs*, 8: 160-180.
- Bennett, A. F. and Gorman, G. C. 1979. Population density and energetics of lizards on a tropical island. *Oecologia* 42: 339-358.
- Beovides-Casas, K. and Mancina, C. A. 2006. Natural history and morphometry of the Cuban iguana (*Cyclura nubila* Gray, 1831) in Cayo Siju, Cuba. *Animal Biodiversity and Conservation*,
- Bezy, R. L. 1989. Morphological differentiation in unisexual and bisexual xantusiid lizards of the genus *Lepidophyma* in Central America. *Herpetological Monographs* 3: 61-80.
- Bezy, R. L. and Camarillo, J. L. 2002. Systematics of xantusiid lizards of the genus *Lepidophyma*. *Los Angeles County Museum Contributions in Science* 493: 1-41
- Bezy, R. L. and Flores Villela, O. 1999. A new species of *Xantusia* (Squamata: Xantusiidae) from Zacatecas, Mexico. *Herpetologica* 55: 174-184.
- Bezy, R. L., Webb, R. G. and Alvarez, T. 1982. A new species of the genus *Lepidophyma* (Sauria: Xantusiidae) from Michoacan Mexico. *Herpetologica* 38: 361-366.
- Bischoff, W. 1981. Freiland- und Terrarienbeobachtungen an der Omaneidechse, *Lacerta jayakari* Boulenger, 1887. *Zeitschr. Kolner Zoo* 24: 135-143.
- Bissell, A. N. and Martins, E. P. 2004. Behavior and ecology of rock iguanas II. Pages 109-118 in Alberts, A. (editor). *Iguanas: Biology and Conservation*. University of California Press,
- Biswas, S. and Sanyal, D. P. 1980. A report on the reptilia fauna of Andaman and Nicobars islands in the collection of zoological survey of India. *Records of the Zoological Survey of India* 77: 255-292.
- Blanc, C. P. 1977. Reptiles. Sauriens. Iguanidae. *Faune de Madagascar* 45: 1-200.
- Blob, R. W. 1998. Evaluation of vent position from lizard skeletons for estimation of snout: vent length and body mass. *Copeia* 1998: 792-801.
- Blob, R. W. 2000. Interspecific scaling of the hindlimb skeleton in lizards, crocodilians, felids and canids: does limb bone shape correlate with limb posture? *Journal of Zoology* 250: 507-
- Bobrov, V. V. 1992. A new scincid lizard (Reptilia Sauria Scincidae) from Vietnam. *Zoologicheskii Zhurnal* 71: 156-158.
- Bocage, J. V. B. 1895. Reptiles et batracines nouveaux ou peu connu de Fernão do Po. *Jornal de Ciencias Mathematicas, Physicas e Naturaes*, Lisboa (2) 13: 16-20
- Bocage, J. V. B. 1895. Subsídios para a fauna da ilha de Fernão do Po. *Jornal de Ciencias Mathematicas, Physicas e Naturaes*, Lisboa (2) 13: 12-16
- Bocourt, F. 1873. Observations sur les reptiles et les batraciens de la region centrale de l'Amerique. *Etudes sur les reptiles et les batraciens*. Mission scientifique au Mexique et dans l'Amerique Centrale-Recherches zoologiques. In *Etudes sur les Reptiles*, Paris.
- Boettger, O. 1887. Diagnoses reptilium novorum ad ill. viro Paul Hesse in finibus fluminis Congo repetorum. *Zoologischer Anzeiger* 10 (267): 649-651.
- Boettger, O. 1893. Uebersicht der von Prof. C. Keller anlässlich der Ruspölichen Expedition nach den Somaliländern gesammelten Reptilien und Batrachier. *Zoologischer Anzeiger* 16: 113-
- Boettger, O. 1893. Uebersicht der von Prof. C. Keller anlässlich der Ruspölichen Expedition nach den Somaliländern gesammelten Reptilien und Batrachier. *Zoologischer Anzeiger* 16: 129-
- Boettger, O. 1913. Reptilien und amphibien von Madagascar, den Inseln und dem Festland Ostafrikas. Pp. 269-375. In: Voeltzkow, A. *Reise in Ostafrika in den Jahren 1903-1905*.
- Wissenschaftliche Ergebnisse. Vol. 3. Systematische Arbeiten. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung, Nägele und Sproesser, Stuttgart
- Bogert, C. M., and Oliver, J. A. 1945. A preliminary analysis of the herpetofauna of Sonora. *Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History* 83: 297-426.
- Bohme, W. 1975. Zur herpetofaunistik Kameruns, mit beschreibung eines neuen scinciden. *Bonner Zoologische Beiträge* 26: 2-48.
- Bohme, W. 1981. A new lygosomine skink from Thailand (Reptilia: Scincidae). *Bollettino del Museo Civico di Storia Naturale di Verona* 8: 375-382.
- Bohme, W. 1985. Zoogeographical patterns of the lizard fauna of the African savannah belt, with preliminary description of a new chameleon. pages 471-478 in Schuchmann, K. L. (editor). *Proceedings of the International Symposium on African Vertebrates. Systematics, Phylogeny and Evolutionary Ecology*. Museum A. Koenig (Bonn).
- Bohme, W. 2005. Presence of *Agama weidholzi* Wettstein 1932. in The Gambia, West Africa. *Salamandra* 41: 155-157.
- Bohme, W. and Kirschner, A. 2002. Über die Stachelschwanzagamen der Gattung *Xenagama* Boulenger 1895, mit Anmerkungen zur Zucht beider Arten. *Herpetofauna* 24 (139): 5-18.
- Bohme, W. and Klaver, C. 1981. Zur innerartlichen gliederung und zur artgeschichte von *Chamaeleo quadricornis* Tornier, 1899 (Sauria: Chamaeleonidae). *Amphibia-Reptilia* 4: 313-328.
- Bohme, W. and Klaver, C. 1990. Zur kenntnis von *Bradypodion uthmoelleri* (Muller, 1938). *Salamandra* 26: 260-266.

Bohme, W. and Scerbak, N. N. 1991. Ein neuer Wustenrenner aus dem Hochland Afghanistans, *Eremias (Eremias) afghanistanica* sp. n. (Reptilia: Sauria: Lacertidae). *Bonner Zoologische Beiträge* 42: 137-141.

Bohme, W. and Schmitz, A. 1996. A new lygosomine skink (Lacertilia: Scincidae: Panaspis) from Cameroon. *Revue Suisse de Zoologie* 103: 767-774.

Bohme, W. and Ziegler, T. 2005. A new monitor lizard from Halmahera, Moluccas, Indonesia (Reptilia: Squamata: Varanidae). *Salamandra* 41: 51-59.

Bohme, W., and Klaver, C. J. J. 1980. The systematic status of *Chamaeleo kinetensis* Schmidt, 1943, (Sauria: Chamaeleonidae) from the Imantong Mountains, Sudan, with comments on lung and hemipenial morphology within the *C. bitaeniatus* group. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 1: 3-17.

Bohme, W., Schmitz, A. and Ziegler, T. 2000. A review of the West African skink genus *Cophoscincopus* Mertens (Reptilia : Scincidae : Lygosominae): resurrection of *C-simulans* (Vaillant, 1884) and description of a new species. *Revue Suisse de Zoologie* 107: 777-791.

Bonine, K. E., Gleeson, T. T. and Garland, T. 2005. Muscle fiber-type variation in lizards (Squamata) and phylogenetic reconstruction of hypothesized ancestral states. *Journal of Experimental Biology* 208: 4529-4547.

Boretto, J. M. and Ibargüengoytia, N. R. 2006. Asynchronous spermatogenesis and biennial female cycle of the viviparous lizard *Phymaturus antofagastensis* (Liolaemidae): reproductive responses to high altitudes and temperate climate of Catamarca, Argentina. *Amphibia-Reptilia*, 27: 25-36.

Boretto, J. M., Ibargüengoytia, N. R., Acosta, J. C., Blanco, G. M., Villavicencio, J. and Marinero, J. A. 2007. Reproductive biology and sexual dimorphism of a high-altitude population of the viviparous lizard *Phymaturus punae* from the Andes in Argentina. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 28: 427-432.

Borner, A. R. and Schuttler, B. I. 1983. An additional note on the Australian geckos of the genus *Gehyra*. *Miscellaneous Articles in Saurology* 12: 1-4.

Boulenger, G. A. 1885. Catalogue of the Lizards in the British Museum (Nat. Hist.) I. Geckonidae, Eublepharidae, Uroplatidae, Pygopodidae, Agamidae. , Trustees of the British Museum,

Boulenger, G. A. 1885. Catalogue of the Lizards in the British Museum (Nat. Hist.) II. Iguanidae, Xenosauridae, Zonuridae, Anguidae, Anniellidae, Helodermatidae, Varanidae, Xantusiidae, Teiidae, Amphisbaenidae. Trustees of the British Museum, London.

Boulenger, G. A. 1887. Catalogue of the Lizards in the British Museum (Nat. Hist.) III. Lacertidae, Gerrhosauridae, Scincidae, Anelytropidae, Dibamidae. Trustees of the British Museum,

Boulenger, G. A. 1887. Description of a new genus of lizards of the family Teiidae. *Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London* 1887: 640.

Boulenger, G. A. 1888. On some reptiles and batrachians from Iguarasse, Pernambuco. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* (6) 2: 40-43.

Boulenger, G. A. 1888. On some reptiles and batrachians from Iguarasse, Pernambuco. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* (6) 2: 40-43.

Boulenger, G. A. 1890. The fauna of British India, including, Ceylon and Burma. *Reptilia and Batrachia*. Taylor and Francis.

Boulenger, G. A. 1892. On the reptiles collected by Sig. L. Bricchetti Robecchi in Somaliland. *Annali del Museo Civico di Storia Naturale Giacomo Doria* 12: 5-15.

Boulenger, G. A. 1894. Second report on additions to the lizard collection in the Natural History Museum. *Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London* 1894: 722-736.

Boulenger, G. A. 1895. An account of the reptiles and batrachians collected by Dr. A. Donaldson Smith in western Somaliland and the Galla Country. *Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London* 1895: 530-540.

Boulenger, G. A. 1896. Descriptions of new reptiles and batrachians from Colombia. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* 17: 16-21.

Boulenger, G. A. 1897. Concluding report on the late Capt. Bottego's collection of reptiles and batrachians from Somaliland and British East Africa. *Annali del Museo Civico di Storia Naturale di Genova*, 18: 715-723.

Boulenger, G. A. 1897. On the reptiles of Rotuma Island, Polynesia. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* (6) 20: 306-307.

Boulenger, G. A. 1898. A list of reptiles and batrachians from Ombaai, East Indian Archipelago. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* (7) 1: 122-124.

Boulenger, G. A. 1898. An account of the reptiles and batrachians collected by Mr. W. F. H. Rosenberg in western Ecuador. *Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London* 1898: 107-126.

Boulenger, G. A. 1898. On a second collection of reptiles made by Mr. E. Lord-Phillips in Somaliland. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* 2: 130-133.

Boulenger, G. A. 1899. Descriptions of the new species of reptiles. *Bulletin of the Liverpool Museum*, 2: 4-7.

Boulenger, G. A. 1899. On a collection of reptiles and batrachians made by Mr. J. D. La Touche in N. W. Fokien, China. *Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London* 11: 159-172.

Boulenger, G. A. 1900. A list of the batrachians and reptiles of the Gaboon (French Congo), with descriptions of new genera and species. *Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London* 1900: 433-456.

Boulenger, G. A. 1900. Report on a collection made by Messrs. F. V. McConnell and J. J. Quelch at mount Roraima in British Guiana: Reptiles and Batrachians. *Transactions of the Linnaean Society of London* (2) 8: 53-54.

Boulenger, G. A. 1901. Further descriptions of new reptiles collected by Mr. P. O. Simons in Peru and Bolivia. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* 7: 546-549.

Boulenger, G. A. 1902. Descriptions of new batrachians and reptiles from northwestern Ecuador. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* (7) 9: 51-57

- 192 Boulenger, G. A. 1903. Descriptions of new lizards in the collection of the British Museum. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* 7: 429-435.
- 193 Boulenger, G. A. 1903. On some batrachians and reptiles from Venezuela. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* ser. 7, 11: 481-484.
- 194 Boulenger, G. A. 1905. Descriptions of new reptiles discovered in Mexico by Dr. H. Gadow, F.R.S. *Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London* 2: 245-247.
- 195 Boulenger, G. A. 1907. Descriptions of two new African lizards of the genus *Latastia*. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* 19: 392-394.
- 196 Boulenger, G. A. 1908. Descriptions of new batrachians and reptiles discovered by Mr. M. G. Palmer in South-western Colombia. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* ser. 8, 2: 515-522.
- 197 Boulenger, G. A. 1908. Descriptions of new South-American reptiles. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* ser. 8, 1: 111-115.
- 198 Boulenger, G. A. 1909. A list of the freshwater fishes, batrachians and reptiles obtained by Mr. J. Stanley Gardiner's expedition to the Indian Ocean. *Transactions of the Linnean Society* 12:
- 199 Boulenger, G. A. 1911. Descriptions of new reptiles from the Andes of South America, preserved in the British Museum. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* 7: 19-25.
- 200 Boulenger, G. A. 1912. A vertebrate fauna of the Malay Peninsula from the Isthmus of Kra to Singapore including the adjacent islands. *Reptilia and batrachia*. Taylor and Francis, London.
- 201 Boulenger, G. A. 1913. Descriptions of new lizards in the collection of the British Museum. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* ser. 8, 12: 563-566.
- 202 Boulenger, G. A. 1917. Descriptions of new lizards of the family Lacertidae. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* 19: 277-279.
- 203 Boulenger, G. A. 1920. Monograph of the Lacertidae. Vol. 1. London, Trustees of the British Museum (Natural. History).
- 204 Boulenger, G. A. 1921. Monograph of the Lacertidae. Vol. 2. London, Trustees of the British Museum (Natural. History).
- 205 Bourret, R. 1937. Notes herpétologiques sur l'indochine française. XV. Lézards et serpents reçu au laboratoire des Sciences Naturelles de l'Université au cours de l'année 1937. Descriptions de deux espèces et de deux variétés nouvelles. *Bulletin Générale de l'Instruction Publique* 5. Gouvernement Général de l'Indochine, pp. 57-82.
- 206 Bourret, R. 1937. Notes herpetologiques sur l'Indochine française. XII. Les lézards de la collection du Laboratoire des Sciences Naturelles de l'Université. Descriptions de cinq espèces nouvelles. *Bulletin Générale de l'Instruction Publique*, Hanoi 1937: 1-39.
- 207 Brana, F. 1996. Sexual dimorphism in lacertid lizards: male head increase vs female abdomen increase? *Oikos* 75: 511-523.
- 208 Branch, B. 1998. Field guide to snakes and other reptiles of Southern Africa. 3rd ed. Sanibel Island, FL: Ralph Curtis Books. ISBN 0883590425pa.
- 209 Branch, W. R., Rodel, M. O. and Marais, J. 2005. A new species of rupicolous *Cordylus Laurenti* 1768 (Sauria: Cordylidae) from Northern Mozambique. *African Journal of Herpetology*, Brandao, R. A. and Motta, P. C. 2005. Circumstantial evidences for mimicry of scorpions by the neotropical gecko *Coleodactylus brachystoma* (Squamata, Gekkonidae) in the Cerrados of central Brazil. *Phyllomedusa* 4: 139-145.
- 210 Brattstrom, B. H. 1955. Notes on the herpetology of the Revillagigedo Islands, Mexico. *American Midland Naturalist*, 54: 219-229.
- 211 Broadley, D. G. 1963. Three new lizards from South Nyasaland and Tete. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* (12) 6: 285-288.
- 212 Broadley, D. G. 1965 A new species of *Platysaurus* from northern Mozambique. *Arnoldia* (Rhodesia) 1: 1-4
- 213 Broadley, D. G. 1965. A new chameleon from Malawi. *Arnoldia* 32: 1-3.
- 214 Broadley, D. G. 1989. A reappraisal of the genus *Panaspis* Cope, with the description of a new species of *Leptosiphos* (Reptilia: Scincidae) from Tanzania. *Arnoldia Zimbabwe* 9: 439-449.
- 215 Broadley, D. G. 1994. A review of *Lygosoma* Hardwicke and Gray 1827 (Reptilia Scincidae) on the East African coast, with the description of a new species. *Tropical Zoology* 7: 217-222.
- 216 Broadley, D. G. 2000. A review of the genus *Mabuya* in southeastern Africa (Sauria: Scincidae). *African Journal of Herpetology*, 49 (2): 87-110.
- 217 Broadley, D. G. and Branch, W. R. 2002. A review of the small east African *Cordylus* (Sauria: Cordylidae), with the description of a new species. *African Journal of Herpetology*, 51: 9-34.
- 218 Brongersma, L. D. 1930. Sur un Gekkonidae nouveau, *Gehyra leopoldi* nov. sp., de la Nouvelle Guinee. *Bulletin du Musee royal d'Histoire Naturelle de Belgique* 6: 1-3.
- 219 Brongersma, L. D. 1942. Notes on scincid lizards. *Zoologische Mededelingen* 24: 125-152.
- 220 Brongersma, L. D. 1948. Lizards from the island of Morotai (Moluccas). *Proceedings of the Koninklijke Nederlandse Akademie van Wetenschappen*, Series C, 51: 486-495.
- 221 Brongersma, L. D. 1953. Notes on New Guinean reptiles and amphibians. I. *Proceedings of the Koninklijke Nederlandse Akademie van Wetenschappen*. Series C, 56: 137-142.
- 222 Brown, A. E. 1902. A collection of reptiles and batrachians from Borneo and the Loo Choo Islands. *Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia*, 54: 175-186.
- 223 Brown, G. W. 1991. Ecological feeding analysis of south-eastern Australian scincids (Reptilia: Lacertilia). *Australian Journal of Zoology* 39: 9-29.
- 224 Brown, R. M. 1999. New species of parachute gecko (Squamata: Gekkonidae: genus *Ptychozoon*) from northeastern Thailand and central Vietnam. *Copeia* 1999: 990-1001.
- 225 Brown, R. M., Diesmos, A. C. and Duya, M. V. 2007. A new *Luperosaurus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from the Sierra Madre of Luzon Island, Philippines. *Raffles Bulletin of Zoology* 55: 167-
- 226 Brown, R. M., Ferner, J. W., Sison, R. V. and Gonzales, P. C. 1995. Amphibians and reptiles of the Zambales mountains of Luzon Islands, Republic of the Philippines. *Herpetological*
- 227 *Natural History* 14: 1-22.
- 228 Brown, R. M., Ferner, J. W. and Ruedas, L. A. 1995. A new species of lygosomine lizard (Reptilia: Lacertilia: Scincidae; Sphenomorphus) from Mt. Isarog, Luzon Island, Philippines. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington* 108: 18-28.

- 229 Brown, R. M., Supriatna, J. and Ota, H. 2000. Discovery of a new species of *Luperosaurus* (Squamata; Gekkonidae) from Sulawesi, with a phylogenetic analysis of the genus, and comments  
on the status of *Luperosaurus serraticaudus*. *Copeia* 2000: 191-209.
- 230 Brown, R. P., Znari, M., El Mouden, E. H. and Harris, P. 1999. Estimating asymptotic body size and testing geographic variation in *Agama impalearis*. *Ecography* 22: 277-283.
- 231 Brown, W. C. 1953. Results of the Archbold Expeditions. No. 69. A review of New Guinea lizards allied to *Emoia baudini* and *Emoia physicae* (Scincidae). *American Museum Novitates*
- 232 Brown, W. C. 1991. Lizards of the genus *Emoia* (Scincidae) with observations on their ecology and biogeography. *Memoirs of the California Academy of Sciences* 15:1-94.
- 233 Brown, W. C. 1995. A new lizard of the genus *Sphenomorphus* (Reptilia: Scincidae) from Mt. Kitanglad, Mindanao Island, Philippine Island. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of*  
*Washington* 108: 388-391.
- 234 Brown, W. C. and Alcala, A. C. 1961. Populations of amphibians and reptiles in the submontane and montane forests of Cuernos de Negros, Philippine Islands. *Ecology* 42: 628-636.
- 235 Brown, W. C. and Alcala, A. C. 1978. Philippine lizards of the family Gekkonidae. Silliman University Press, Dumaguete City, Philippines.
- 236 Brown, W. C. and Alcala, A. C. 1980. Philippine lizards of the family Scincidae. Silliman University Press, Dumaguete City, Philippines.
- 237 Brown, W. C. and Alcala, E. L. 1995. A new species of *Brachymeles* (Reptilia: Scincidae) from Catanduanes Island, Philippines [*B. minimus*]. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of*  
*Washington* 108: 392-394.
- 238 Brown, W. C. and Parker, F. 1973. A new species of *Cyrtodactylus* (Gekkonidae) from New Guinea with a key to species from the island. *Breviora* 417: 1-7.
- 239 Brown, W. C. and Parker, F. 1977. Lizards of the genus *Lepidodactylus* (Gekkonidae) from the Indo-Australian Archipelago and the islands of the Pacific, with description of new species.  
*Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences* 41: 253-265.
- 240 Brown, W. C., McCoy, M. and Rodda, G. H. 1992. A new *Lepidodactylus* (Reptilia: Gekkonidae) from Guadalcanal Island, Solomons. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington*  
105: 440-442.
- 241 Bruna, E. M., Fisher, R. N. and Case, T. J. 1996. New evidence of habitat segregation between two cryptic species of Pacific skinks (*Emoia cyanura* and *E. impar*). *Copeia* 1996: 998-1005.
- 242 Bruschi, S., Corti, C., Carretero, M. A., Harris, D. J., Lanza, B. and Leviton, A. 2006. Comments on the Status of the Sardinian-Corsican Lacertid Lizard *Podarcis tiliguerta*. *Proceedings of*  
*the California Academy of Sciences* 57: 225-245.
- 243 Brygoo, E. R. 1971. Reptiles. Sauriens. Chamaeleonidae. Genre Chamaeleo. Faune de Madagascar, ORSTOM et CNRS, Paris 33: 1-318.
- 244 Brygoo, E. R. 1978. Reptiles. Sauriens. Chamaeleonidae. Genre Brookesia et complément pour le genre Chamaeleo. Faune de Madagascar, 47: 1-173.
- 245 Brygoo, E. R. 1981. Systématique des lézards scincides de la région malgache. VII. Revision des genres *Voeltzkowia* Boettger 1893, *Grandidierina* Mocquard 1894, et *Cryptoscincus*  
Mocquard 1894. *Bulletin du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle*, Paris, 4th ser., Sect. A., 3 (2): 675-688.
- 246 Brygoo, E. R. and Roux-Esteve, R. 1983. *Feylinia*, genre de lézards africains de la famille des Scincidae, sous-famille des Feyliniinae. *Bulletin du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle*,  
Paris 4e ser., 5: 307-341.
- 247 Brygoo, E., 1987. Systématique des Lézards Scincidés de la région. malgache. XIX. Données sur le genre *Androngo*. *Bulletin du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle*, Paris 4 ser. 9: 255-
- 248 Buden, D. W. 1998. Morphological variation and distributional ecology of the giant Micronesian gecko (*Perochirus scutellatus*) of Kapingamarangi Atoll. *Pacific Science* 52, no. 3: 250-258.
- 249 Buden, D. W. 2007. Reptiles of Satawan Atoll and the Mortlock Islands, Chuuk State, Federated States of Micronesia. *Pacific Science* 61: 415-428.
- 250 Buffrenil, V. D., Ineich, I. and Bohme, W. 2004. Comparative data on epiphyseal development in the family Varanidae. *Journal of Herpetology*, 37: 328-335.
- 251 Bull, C. M. and Pamula, Y. 1996. Sexually dimorphic head sizes and reproductive success in the sleepy lizard *Tiliqua rugosa*. *Journal of Zoology* 240: 511-521.
- 252 Bullock, D. J., Arnold, E. N. and Bloxam, Q. 1985. A new endemic gecko (Reptilia: Gekkonidae) from Mauritius. *Journal of Zoology Series A* 206: 591-599.
- 253 Burt, C. E. 1930. Herpetological results of the Whitney South Sea Expedition. 4, Descriptions of new species of lizards from the Pacific Islands (Scincidae). *American Museum novitates*
- 254 Burt, C. E. and Burt, M. D. 1931. South American lizards in the collection of the American Museum of Natural History. *Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History* 61: 227-395.
- 255 Busack, S. D., Salvador, A. and Lawson, R. 2006. Two new species in the genus *Psammmodromus* (Reptilia: Lacertidae) from the Iberian Peninsula. *Annals of Carnegie Museum* 75: 1-10.
- 256 Bustard, H. R. 1966. Notes on the eggs, incubation and young of the bearded dragon *Amphibolurus barbatus* (Cuvier). *British Journal of Herpetology* 3: 252-259.
- 257 Butler M. A. and Losos J. B. 2002. Multivariate sexual dimorphism, sexual selection, and adaptation in Greater Antillean *Anolis* lizards. *Ecological Monographs* 72: 541-559.
- 258 Cabrera, M. R. 2004. A new *Cnemidophorus* (Squamata: Teiidae) from western Argentina. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 25: 265-275.
- 259 Cabrera, M. R. and Monguillot, J. C. 2006. A new Andean species of *Liolaemus* of the darwini Complex (Reptilia: Iguanidae). *Zootaxa* 1106: 35-43.
- 260 Cadle, J. E. 1991. Systematics of lizards of the genus *Stenocercus* (Iguania: Tropiduridae) from northern Peru. New species and comments on relationships and distribution patterns.  
*Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia* 143: 1-96.
- 261 Cadle, J. E. 1998. New species of lizards, genus *Stenocercus* (Iguania: Tropiduridae) from western Ecuador and Peru. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology* 155: 257-297.

- Cadle, J. E. 2001. A new species of lizard related to *Stenocercus caducus* (Cope) (Squamata:Iguanidae) from Peru and Bolivia, with a key to the "Ophryoessoides group." *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology* 157: 183–221.
- Cadle, J. E. and Chuna, M. P. 1995. A new lizard of the genus *Macropholidus* (Teiidae) from a relictual humid forest of northwestern Peru, and notes on *Macropholidus ruthveni* Noble. *Breviora* 501: 1-39.
- Campbell, J. A. 1982. A new species of *Abronia* (Sauria, Anguidae) from the Sierra Juárez, Oaxaca, Mexico. *Herpetologica* 38: 355–361.
- Campbell, J. A. 1984. A new species of *Abronia* (Sauria, Anguidae), with comments on the herpetogeography of the highlands of southern Mexico. *Herpetologica* 40: 373–381.
- Campbell, J. A. 1999. *Amphibians and Reptiles of Northern Guatemala, the Yucatan, and Belize*. University of Oklahoma Press, Norman.
- Campbell, J. A. and Camarillo, R. J. L. 1994. A new lizard of the genus *Diploglossus* (Anguidae: Diploglossinae) from Mexico, with a review of the Mexican and northern Central American species. *Herpetologica* 50: 193-209.
- Campbell, J. A. and Frost, D. R. 1993. Anguid lizards of the genus *Abronia*: revisionary notes on the species of nuclear Central America and adjacent Mexico, descriptions of four additional species, with a phylogenetic hypothesis for the genus and an identification key. *Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History* 216:1–121.
- Campbell, J. A., and Brodie, E. D. 1999. A new species of *Abronia* (Squamata: Anguidae) from the southeastern highlands of Guatemala. *Herpetologica* 55: 161–174.
- Campbell, J. A., Hillis, D. M. and Lamar, W. W. 1989. A new lizard of the genus *Norops* (Sauria: Iguanidae) from the cloud forest of Hidalgo, Mexico. *Herpetologica* 45: 232–242.
- Campbell, J. A., Sasa, M., Acevedo, M. E. and Mendelson, J. R. 1998. A new species of *Abronia* (Squamata: Anguidae) from the high Cuchumatanes of Guatemala. *Herpetologica* 54: 1–10.
- Campbell, T. S. and Echternacht, A. C. 2003. Introduced species as moving targets: changes in body sizes of introduced lizards following experimental introductions and historical invasions. *Biological Invasions* 5: 193-212.
- Caputo, V., Lanza, B. and Palmieri, R. 1995. Body elongation and limb reduction in the genus *Chalcides* Laurenti 1768 (Squamata Scincidae): a comparative study. *Tropical Zoology* 8: 1–10.
- Carpenter, A. I. 2003. The ecology and exploitation of chameleons in Madagascar. PhD thesis, University of East Anglia, UK.
- Carpenter, A. I. and Robson, O. 2005. A review of the endemic chameleon genus *Brookesia* from Madagascar, and the rationale for its listing on CITES Appendix II. *Oryx* 39: 1-6.
- Carranza, S., Arnold, E. N., Mateo, J. A. and Lopez-Jurado, L. F. 2001. Parallel gigantism and complex colonization patterns in the Cape Verde scincid lizards *Mabuya* and *Macroscincus* (Reptilia : Scincidae) revealed by mitochondrial DNA sequences. *Proceedings of the Royal Society B*. 268: 1595-1603.
- Carter, R. L. and Hayes, W. K. 2004. Conservation of an endangered rock iguana, II. Pages 148-157 in Alberts, A. (editor). *Iguanas: Biology and Conservation*. University of California Press, Berkeley.
- Casas-Andreu, G. and Gurrola-Hidalgo, M. A. 1993. Comparative ecology of two species of *Cnemidophorus* in coastal Jelisco, Mexico. pages 133-150 in J. W. Wright and L. J. Vitt (editors), *Biology of Whiptail Lizards (Genus Cnemidophorus)*. Oklahoma Museum of Natural History, Norman.
- Case, T. J. 1976. Body size differences between populations of the chuckwalla, *Sauromalus obesus*. *Ecology* 57: 313-323.
- Case, T. J. 1978. A general explanation for insular body size trends in terrestrial vertebrates. *Ecology* 59: 1-18.
- Case, T. J. 1982. Ecology and evolution of the insular giant chuckawallas, *Sauromalus hispidus* and *Sauromalus varius*. Pages 184-212 in G. M. Burghardt and A. S. Rand, editors. *Iguanas of the world: their behaviour, ecology and conservation*. Noyes Publications, New Jersey.
- Case, T. J. 1983. Sympatry and size similarity in *Cnemidophorus*. Pages 297-325 in Huei, R. B., Pianka, E. R. and Schoener, T. W. (eds). *Lizard ecology, studies of a model organism*. Harvard University Press, Cambridge, Mass.
- Case, T. J. 1983. The reptiles: ecology. Pages 159-209 in Case, T. J. and Cody, M. L. editors. *Island Biogeography in the Sea of Cortez*. University of California Press, Berkeley.
- Case, T. J. 2002. Reptiles. Pages 221-270 in Case, T. J. and Cody, M. L. editors. *Island Biogeography in the Sea of Cortez*. 2nd edition. Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- Case, T. J. and Schwaner, T. D. 1993. Island mainland body size differences in Australian varanid lizards. *Oecologia* 94: 102-109.
- Case, T. J., Bolger, A. D. and Richman, A. D. 1998. Reptilian extinctions over the last ten thousand years. Pages 157-186 In: Fielder, P. L. and, Kareiva, P. M. (eds.), *Conservation biology for the coming decade*, 2nd edition, Chapman & Hall, New York.
- Castaneda-Gaytan G., Gadsden, H. Lopez-Corrujedo, H. and Estrada-Rodríguez, J. L. 2003. Historia de vida de *Uma parapygas* (Sauria: Phrynosomatidae) en la Reserva de la Biosfera de Mapimí, Durango. *Acta Zoologica Mexicana* 89: 169–184.
- Castro-Herrera, F. 1988. Niche structure on an anole community in a tropical rain forest within the Chocó Region of Colombia. DPhil Thesis, North Texas State University.
- Cei, J. M. 1982. A new endemic lizard from Sierra Pie de Palo in western Argentina. *Journal of Herpetology*, 16: 179-182.
- Cei, J. M. 1986. Reptiles del centro, centro-oeste y sur de la Argentina. *Herpetofauna de las zonas aridas y semiaridas*. Museo Regionale di Scienze Naturali, Torino. 527 pp.
- Cei, J. M. 1993. Reptiles del noroeste, nordeste y este de la Argentina. Museo Regionale di Scienze Naturali, Torino, Monografie 14: 1-949
- Cei, J. M. and Castro, L. P. 1973. Taxonomic and serological researches on the *Phymaturus patagonicus* Complex. *Journal of Herpetology*, 7: 237-247.

- Cei, J. M. and Pefaur, J. E. 1982. Una nueva especie de *Liolaemus* (Iguanidae: Squamata) su sistematica, ecologia y distribucion. Pp. 573-586 in P. J. Salinas (Ed.), *Zoologia Neotropical: Actas del VIII Congreso Latinoamericano de Zoologia*. Merida, Venezuela.
- Cei, J. M. and Scolaro, J. A. 1983. Una nueva forma geografica de *Liolaemus kingi* de Santa Cruz, Argentina (Lacertilia, Iguanidae). *Neotropica* 29: 209-214.
- Cei, J. M. and Scolaro, J. A. 1996. A new species of *Liolaemus* of the archeforus group from the precordilleran valley of the Zeballos river, Santa Cruz Province, Argentina (Reptilia, Tropiduridae). *Museo Regionale di Scienze Naturali Bollettino* (Torino) 14: 389-401.
- Cei, J. M. and Videla, F. 2003. A new species of *Liolaemus* lacking precloacal pores in males from the Andean south-eastern mountains of Mendoza Province, Argentina (*Liolaemidae*, Iguania, Lacertilia, Reptilia). *Bollettino Museo Regionale di Scienze Naturali - Torino* 20: 275-290.
- Cei, J. M., Videla, F. and Vicente, L. 2003. From oviparity to viviparity: a preliminary note on the morphometric differentiation between oviparous and viviparous species assigned to the genus *Liolaemus* (Reptilia, Squamata, *Liolaemidae*). *Journal of Zoological Systematics and Evolutionary Research* 41: 152-156.
- Cei, J. M., Etheridge, R. and Videla, F. 1983. Especies nuevas de iguánidos del noroeste de la provincia de San Juan (Reserva provincial San Guillermo), Argentina. *Deserta* 7: 316-323.
- Cei, J. M., Scolaro, J. A. and Videla, F. 2001. The present status of Argentinean polychrotid species of the genus *Pristidactylus* and description of its southernmost taxon as a new species. *Journal of Herpetology*, 35: 597-605.
- Cei, J. M., Scolaro, J. A. and Videla, F. 2003. A taxonomic revision of recognized Argentine species of the leiosaurid genus *Diplolaemus* (Reptilia, Squamata, Leiosauridae). *Facena* 19: 87-105.
- Chabanaud, P. 1916. Sur divers reptiles et batraciens du Maroc recueillis par M. Pallary. *Bulletin du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle*, Paris, 22: 228-233.
- Chabanaud, P. 1917. Description d'un lacertilien nouveau de Maroc. *Bulletin du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle*, Paris 1: 3-6.
- Chabanaud, P. 1917. Descriptions de trois especes nouvelles de Reptiles de l'Afrique. *Bulletin du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle*, 23: 219-225.
- Chabanaud, P. 1917. Énumération des reptiles non encore étudiés de l'Afrique occidentale, appartenant aux collections du Muséum, avec la description des espèces nouvelles. *Bulletin du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle*, Paris 23: 83-105.
- Chabanaud, P. 1917. Revision de quelques reptiles d'Afrique et description de trois especes nouvelles. *Bulletin du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle*, Paris 23: 442-454.
- Chabanaud, P. 1918. Etude d'une collection de reptiles de l'Afrique occidentale française. *Bulletin du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle*, Paris 24: 160-166.
- Chamaille-Jammes, S., Massot, M., Aragon, P. and Clobert, J. 2006. Global warming and positive fitness response in mountain populations of common lizards *Lacerta vivipara*. *Global Change Biology*, 12: 392-402.
- Chapple, D. G. 2003. Ecology, life-history, and behavior in the Australian Scincid genus *Egernia*, with comments on the evolution of complex sociality in lizards. *Herpetological Monographs* 17: 145-180.
- Cheke, A. S. 1984. Lizards of the Seychelles. *Biogeography and ecology of the Seychelles Islands* (ed. by D.S. Stoddart), pp. 331-360. Dr W. Junk, The Hague.
- Chen, S. H. and Lue, K. Y. 1987. A new species of skink, *Sphenomorphus taiwanensis*, from Taiwan (Sauria, Scincidae). *Bulletin of the Institute of Zoology, Academia Sinica* 26: 115-121.
- Chen, S. L., Hikida, T., Han, S. H., Shim, J. H., Oh, H.S. and Ota, H. 2001. Taxonomic status of the Korean populations of the genus *Scincella* (Squamata: Scincidae). *Journal of Herpetology* 35: 122-129.
- Chippindale, P. 1991. Captive breeding of the Timor monitor *Varanus timorensis similis*. *Herpetological Review* 22: 52-53.
- Chirio, L. and Ineich, I. 2000. Description d'un nouveau scincide endémique des montagnes du Cameroun (Lacertilia: Mabuya mekuana). *Bulletin de la Société Zoologique de France* 125: 115-121.
- Chirio, L. and LeBreton, M. 2007. Atlas des reptiles du Cameroun. Publications Scientifiques du Museum national d'Histoire naturelle, Paris.
- Chou, W. H., Nguyen, T. Q. and Pauwels, O. S. G. 2001. A new species of *Takydromus* (Reptilia: Lacertidae) from Vietnam. *Herpetologica* 57: 497-508.
- Christian, K. A. and Tracy, C. R. 1982. Reproductive behavior of Galapagos land iguanas, *Conolophus pallidus*, on Isla Santa Fe, Galapagos. Pages 366-379 in G. M. Burghardt and A. S. Rand, editors. *Iguanas of the World: Their Behaviour, Ecology and Conservation*. Noyes Publications, New Jersey.
- Clemann, N., Chapple, D. G. and Wainer, J. 2004. Sexual dimorphism, diet, and reproduction in the Swamp Skink, *Egernia coventryi*. *Journal of Herpetology* 38: 461-467.
- Clobert, J., Garland, T. and Barbault, R. 1998. The evolution of demographic tactics in lizards: a test of some hypotheses concerning life history evolution. *Journal of Evolutionary Biology* 11: 329-364.
- Clover, R. C. 1979. Phenetic relationships among populations of *Podarcis sicula* and *P. melisellensis* (Sauria: Lacertidae) from islands in the Adriatic Sea. *Systematic Zoology*, 28: 284-298.
- Cochran, D. M. 1933. A new gecko from Haiti, *Aristelliger expectatus*. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington* 46: 33-35.
- Cogger, H. G. 1972. A new scincid lizard of the genus *Tribolonotus* from Manus Island, New Guinea. *Zoologische Mededelingen* 47: 202-210.
- Cogger, H. G. 1975. New lizards of the genus *Pseudotokecadactylus* (Lacertilia: Gekkonidae) from Arnhem Land and northwestern Australia. *Records of the Australian Museum* 30: 87-97.
- Cogger, H. G. 2000. *Reptiles and amphibians of Australia* 6th ed. Sanibel Island, FL : Ralph Curtis Publishing.

- 324 Cogger, H., Sadler, R., and Cameron, E. 1983. The terrestrial reptiles of Australia's island territories. Australian National Parks and Wildlife Service Special Publication 8 (11) 1-79.
- 325 Cole C. J. and Dessauer, H. C. 1993. Unisexual and bisexual whiptail lizards of the *Cnemidophorus lemniscatus* complex (Squamata: Teiidae) of the Guiana Region, South America, with descriptions of new species. American Museum Novitates 3081: 1–30.
- 326 Cole, C. J. and Kok, P. J. R. 2006. A new species of gekkonid lizard (Sphaerodactylinae: Gonatodes) from Guyana, South America. American Museum Novitates 3254: 1-13.
- 327 Cole, C. J., Dessauer, H. C. and Marquezich, A. L. 1993. Missing Link Found: The Second Ancestor of *Gymnophthalmus underwoodi* (Squamata: Teiidae), A South American Unisexual Lizard of Hybrid Origin. American Museum Novitates 3055: 1-13.
- 328 Cole, C. J., Dessauer, H. C., Townsend, C. R. and Arnold, M. G. 1990. Unisexual Lizards of the Genus *Gymnophthalmus* (Reptilia: Teiidae) in the Neotropics: Genetics, Origin, and Systematics. American Museum Novitates 2994: 1-29.
- 329 Colli, G. R., Caldwell, J. P., Costa, G. C., Gainsbury, A. M., Garda, A. A., Mesquita, D. M., Filho, C. M. M. R., Soares, A. H. B., Silva, V. N., Valdujo, P. H., Vieira, G. H. C., Vitt, L. J., Werneck, F. P., Wiederhecker, H. C. and Zatz, M. G. 2003. A new species of *Cnemidophorus* (Squamata, Teiidae) from the cerrado biome in central Brazil. Occasional Papers of the Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural History, University of Oklahoma 14: 1-14.
- 330 Colli, G. R., Costa, G. C., Garda, A. A., Kopp, K. A., Mesquita, D. O., Peres, A. K., Valdujo, P. H., Vieira, G. H. C. and Wiederhecker, H. C. 2003. A critically endangered new species of *Cnemidophorus* (Squamata, Teiidae) from a cerrado enclave in southwestern Amazonia, Brazil. Herpetologica, 59: 76–88.
- 331 Colli, G. R., Mesquita, D. O., Rodrigues, P. V. V. and Kitayama, K. 2003. Ecology of the gecko *Gymnodactylus geckoides amarali* in a neotropical Savanna. Journal of Herpetology 37: 694-699.
- 332 Collins, J. P. 1971. Ecological observations on a little known South American anole: *Tropidodactylus onca*. Breviora 370: 1-6.
- 333 Colwell, G.J. 1993. *Hydrosaurus weberi* (Weber's sail-fin dragon). Morphology. Herpetological Review 24: 150.
- 334 Conant, R. and Collins, J. T. 1998. Reptiles and amphibians of eastern and central North America. 3rd Edition expanded. Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston.
- 335 Congdon, J.D., Vitt, L. J. and Hadley, N.F. 1978. Parental investment: comparative reproductive energetics in bisexual and unisexual lizards, genus *Cnemidophorus*. American Naturalist 112: 385-401.
- 336 Constable, J. D. 1940. Reptiles from the Indian Peninsula in the Museum of Comparative Zoology. Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology 103: 59-160.
- 337 Cooper, B. W. 1953. Notes on the life history of the lizard, *Neoseps reynoldsi* Stejneger. Journal of the Florida Academy of Sciences, 16: 235-238.
- 338 Cooper, W. E. and Guillelte, L. J. 1991. Observations on activity, display behavior, coloration and androgen levels in the keeled earless lizard, *Holbrookia propinqua*. Amphibia-Reptilia 12: 15-22.
- 339 Cooper, W. E. and Vitt, L. J. 1989. Sexual dimorphism of head and body size in an iguanid lizard: paradoxical results. American Naturalist 133: 729–735.
- 340 Cooper, W. E. and Vitt, L. J. 2002. Distribution, extent, and evolution of plant consumption by lizards. Journal of Zoology 257: 487-517.
- 341 Cope, E. D. 1868. Observations on Reptiles of the old world. Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia 1868: 316-323.
- 342 Cope, E. D. 1889. III. Report on the batrachians and reptiles collected in 1887-88. Proceedings of the United States National Museum 12: 141-147.
- 343 Cope, E. D. 1895. The Batrachia and Reptilia of the University of Pennsylvania West Indian expedition of 1890 and 1891. Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia 48: 461-467.
- 344 Cope, E. D. 1896. On the hemipenes of the Sauria. Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia 48: 461-467.
- 345 Cope, E. D. 1899. Contributions to the herpetology of New Grenada and Argentina, with descriptions of new forms. Philadelphia Museum of Science Bulletin 1: 1-19.
- 346 Cordes, I. G., Mouton, P. L. N., vanWyk, J. H. 1995. Sexual dimorphism in two girdled lizard species, *Cordylus niger* and *Cordylus cordylus*. South African Journal of Zoology 30: 187-196.
- 347 Corn, M. J. and Dalby, P. L. 1973. Systematics of the anoles of San Andres and Providencia islands, Colombia. Journal of Herpetology, 7: 63-74.
- 348 Corti, C. and Cascio, P. L. 2002. The Lizards of Italy and adjacent areas. Frankfurt Contributions to Herpetology, Frankfurt am Main.
- 349 Costa, G. C., Mesquita, D. O. and Franca, F. G. 2005. *Crocodylus amazonicus* Diet. Herpetological Review 36: 174-175.
- 350 Costandius, E. and Mouton, P. F. N. 2006. Sexual size dimorphism in montane cordylid lizards: a case study of the dwarf crag lizard, *Pseudocordylus nebulosus*. African Zoology 41: 1-10.
- 351 Couper, P. J., Amey, A. P. and Kutt, A. S. 2002. A new species of *Ctenotus* (Scincidae) from central Queensland. Memoirs of the Queensland Museum 48: 85-92.
- 352 Couper, P. J., Schneider, C. J., Hoskin, C. J. and Covacevich, J. A. 2000. Australian leaf-tailed geckos: phylogeny, a new genus, two new species and other new data. Memoirs of the Queensland Museum 45: 253-265.
- 353 Covacevich, J. and Ingram, G. 1975. Three new species of rainbow skinks of the genus *Carlia* from northern Queensland. Victorian Naturalist 92: 19-22.
- 354 Covacevich, J. and Ingram, G. J. 1978. An undescribed species of rock dwelling *Cryptoblepharus* (Lacertilia: Scincidae). Memoirs of the Queensland Museum 18: 151-154.
- 355 Cox, M. J., van Dijk, P. P., Nabhitabhata, J. and Thirakupt, K. 1998. A photographic guide to snakes and other reptiles of Peninsular Malaysia, Singapore and Thailand. New Holland Publishers, London.
- 356 Cox, R. M., Skelly, S. L. and John-Alder, H. B. 2003. A comparative test of adaptive hypotheses for sexual size dimorphism in lizards. Evolution 57: 1653-1669.
- 357 Cree, A. 1994. Low annual reproductive output in female reptiles from New Zealand. New Zealand Journal of Zoology, 21: 351-372.



- Cree, A., Rock, J. and Whitaker, T. 1999. Report on the SRARNZ research trip in 1997 to study geckos of the Seaward Kaikoura Range, Marlborough, New Zealand. *New Zealand Journal of Zoology* 26: 256.
- Crochet, P. A., Geniez, P. and Ineich, I. 2003. A multivariate analysis of the fringe-toed lizards of the *Acanthodactylus scutellatus* group (Squamata: Lacertidae): systematic and biogeographical implications. *Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society* 137: 117–155.
- Crombie, R. I. and Pregill, G. K. 1999. A checklist of the herpetofauna of the Palau Islands (Republic of Belau), Oceania. *Herpetological Monographs* 13: 29–80.
- Cruz, F. B., Fitzgerald, L. A., Espinoza, R. E. and Schulte, J. A. 2005. The importance of phylogenetic scale in tests of Bergmann's and Rapoport's rules: lessons from a clade of South American lizards. *Journal of Evolutionary Biology* 18: 1559–1574.
- Cuellar, O. 1993. Further observations on competition and natural history of coexisting parthenogenetic and bisexual whiptail lizards. pages 345-370 in J. W. Wright and L. J. Vitt (editors), *Biology of Whiptail Lizards (Genus Cnemidophorus)*. Oklahoma Museum of Natural History, Norman.
- Cuervo, J. J. and Shine, R. 2007. Hues of a dragon's belly: morphological correlates of ventral coloration in water dragons. *Journal of Zoology* 273: 298-304.
- Cullum, A. J. 1998. Sexual dimorphism in physiological performance of whiptail lizards (Genus *Cnemidophorus*). *Physiological Zoology* 71: 541-552.
- da Cunha, O. R. 1966. Sobre uma nova espécie de lagarto do estado de Minas Gerais *Placosoma cipoense* sp. n. (Lacertilia, Teiidae). *Boletim do Museu Paraense Emilio Goeldi Serie da Cunha, O. R.* 1977. *Lacertilios da Amazonia VI - Uma nova especie de lagarto (Colobosaura landii) da região leste do Para (Lacertilia, Teiidae).* *Boletim do Museu paraense Emilio da Cunha, O. R., Lima-Verde, J. S. and Lima, A. C. M.* 1991. *Novo genero e especie de lagarto do Estado do Ceara (Lacertilia: Teiidae).* *Boletim do Museu Paraense Emilio Goeldi Serie Zoologia* 7: 163-176.
- Dalrymple, G. H. 1980. Comments on the density and diet of a giant anole, *Anolis equestris*. *Journal of Herpetology* 14: 412-415.
- Daniel, J. C. 1983. *The handbook of Indian reptiles.* Bombay Natural History Society, Bombay.
- Darevsky, I. S. and Orlov, N. L. 1994. Eine bemerkenswerte neue, grosswuchsiges Art der Gattung Gekko: *Gekko ulikovskii* sp. nov. aus Zentralvietnam. *Salamandra* 30: 71-75.
- Darevsky, I. S. and Orlov, N. L. 1994. *Vietnascincus rugosus*, a new Genus and species of the Dasia-like arboreal skinks (Sauria, Scincidae) from Vietnam. *Russian Journal of Herpetology* 1: 169-174.
- Darevsky, I. S. 1964. Two new species of gekkonid lizards from the Komodo island in Lesser Sundas Archipelago. *Zoologischer Anzeiger* 173: 169-174.
- Darevsky, I. S. 1978. *Rock lizards of the Caucasus.* Smithsonian Institution Press, Washington DC.
- Darevsky, I. S. 1992. Two new species of the worm-like lizard *Dibamus* (Sauria: Dibamidae) with remarks on distribution and ecology of *Dibamus* in Vietnam. *Asiatic Herpetological Research* 7: 19-22.
- Darevsky, I. S. and Kupriyanova, L. A. 1993. Two new all-female lizard species of the genus *Leiolepis* Cuvier, 1829 from Thailand and Vietnam (Squamata: Sauria: Uromastycinae).
- Darevsky, I. S. and Orlov, N. L. 1997. A new genus and species of scincid lizard from Vietnam: first asiatic skink with double rows of basal subdigital pads. *Journal of Herpetology* 31: 323-332.
- Darevsky, I. S. and Orlov, N. L. 2005. New species of limb-reduced lygosomine skink genus *Leptoseps* Greer, 1997 (Sauria, Scincidae) from Vietnam. *Russian Journal of Herpetology* 12(1): 791-795.
- Darevsky, I. S. and Orlova, V. F. 1996. A new species of slender skinks, *Lygosoma carinatum* (Sauria, Scincidae), from South Vietnam. *Zoologicheskii Zhurnal* 75: 791-795.
- Darevsky, I. S. and Szczerbak, N. N. 1997. A new gecko of the genus *Gonydactylus* (Sauria: Gekkonidae) with a key to the species from Vietnam. *Asiatic Herpetological Research* 7: 19-22.
- Darevsky, I. S. and Tuniyev, B. S. 1997. A new species from *Lacerta saxicola* group - *Lacerta dryada* sp. nov. (Sauria: Lacertidae) and some comments relative to *Lacerta clarkorum*
- Darevsky & Vedmederja 1977. *Russian Journal of Herpetology* 4: 1-7.
- Darevsky, I. S. and Van Sang, N. 1983. New and little known lizard species from Vietnam. *Zoologicheskii Zhurnal* 62: 1827-1837.
- Darevsky, I. S., Kupriyanova, L. A. and Roshchin, V. V. 1984. A new all-female triploid species of gecko and karyological data on the bisexual *Hemidactylus frenatus* from Vietnam. *Journal of Herpetology*, 18: 277-284.
- Darevsky, I. S., Orlov, N. L. and Cuc, T. 2004. Two new lygosomine skinks of the genus *Sphenomorphus* Fitzinger, 1843 (Sauria, Scincidae) from northern Vietnam. *Russian Journal of Herpetology* 11: 111-120.
- Das, I. 1991. A new species of *Mabuya* from Tamil Nadu State, Southern India (Squamata: Scincidae). *Journal of Herpetology* 25: 342-344.
- Das, I. 1997. A new species of *Cyrtodactylus* from the Nicobar Islands, India. *Journal of Herpetology*, 31: 375-382.
- Das, I. 1999. Biogeography of the amphibians and reptiles of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, India. pages 43-77 in Ota, H. (editor). *Tropical Island Herpetofauna: Origin, Current Diversity, and Conservation.* Elsevier, Amsterdam.
- Das, I. 2004. *Lizards of Borneo.* Natural History Publications (Borneo), Kota Kinabalu.
- Das, I. 2005. Revision of the Genus *Cnemaspis* Strauch, 1887 (Sauria: Gekkonidae), from the Mentawai and Adjacent Archipelagos off Western Sumatra, Indonesia, with the Description of Four New Species. *Journal of Herpetology* 39: 233–247.
- Das, I. and Austin, C. C. 2007. New species of *Lipinia* (Squamata: Scincidae) from Borneo, revealed by molecular and morphological data. *Journal of Herpetology*, 41: 61-71.

- Das, I. and Bauer, A. M. 1998. Systematics and biogeography of Bornean geckos of the genus *Cnemaspis* Strauch, 1887 (Sauria: Gekkonidae), with the description of a new species. *Raffles Bulletin of Zoology* 46: 11-28.
- Das, I. and Bauer, A. M. 2000. Two new species of *Cnemaspis* (Sauria: Gekkonidae) from Tamil Nadu, southern India. *Russian Journal of Herpetology* 7: 17-28.
- Das, I. and Grismer, L. L. 2003. Two new species of *Cnemaspis* Strauch, 1887 (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from the Seribuat Archipelago, Pahang and Johor States, West Malaysia. *Herpetologica*, 59: 544–552.
- Das, I. and Lim, K. K. P. 2003. Two new species of *Dibamus* (Squamata: Dibamidae) from Borneo. *Raffles Bulletin of Zoology* 51: 137-141.
- Das, I. and Lim, K. K. P. 2005. New species of *Dibamus* (Squamata: Dibamidae) from Pulau Nias, Indonesia. *Journal of Herpetology*, 39: 113–117.
- Das, I. and Sengupta, S. 2000. A new species of *Cnemaspis* (Sauria: Gekkonidae) from Assam, northeastern India. *Journal of South Asian Natural History* 5: 17-23.
- Das, I. and Yaakob, N. 2003. A new species of *Dibamus* (Squamata: Dibamidae) from Peninsular Malaysia. *Raffles Bulletin of Zoology*, 51: 149-153.
- Das, I., Dattagupta, B. and Gayen, N. 1998. Systematic status of *Lygosoma himalayanum tragbulensis* Alcock, "1897" 1898. (Sauria: Scincidae) collected by the Pamir boundary commission, 1885. *Russian Journal of Herpetology* 5: 147-150.
- Das, I., Se Silva, A. and Austin, C. C. 2008. A new species of *Eutropis* (Squamata: Scincidae) from Sri Lanka. *Zootaxa* 1700: 35-52.
- Daudin, J. and de Silva, M. 2007. An annotated checklist of the amphibians and terrestrial reptiles of the Grenadines with notes on their local natural history and conservation. *Applied Herpetology* 4: 163-175.
- David, P., Teynie, A. and Ohler, A. 2004 A new species of *Cyrtodactylus* Gray, 1827 (Reptilia : Squamata : Gekkonidae) from southern Laos. *Raffles Bulletin of Zoology*, 52: 621-627.
- Davis, W. B. 1954. Three new anoles from Mexico. *Herpetologica* 10: 1-6.
- de Grijs, P. 1936. *Prionodactylus rahmi*, eine neue Eidechse aus den Anden. *Zoologischer Anzeiger* 116: 27-30
- de Jong, J. K. 1927. Reptiles from Dutch New Guinea. *Nova Guinea* 15: 296-318.
- de Oca, A. N. M. 1996. A new species of *Anolis* (Squamata: Polychrotidae) from Chiapas, Mexico. *Journal of Herpetology*, 30: 19-27.
- de Oca, A. N. M., Campbell, J. A. and Flores-Villela, O. 2001. A new species of *Xenosaurus* (Squamata : Xenosauridae) from the sierra madre del Sur of Oaxaca, Mexico. *Herpetologica* 57: 1-6.
- De Rooij, N. 1915. The reptiles of the Indo-Australian archipelago. Vol. 1. Lacertilia, Chelonia, Emydosauria. E.J. Brill, Leiden.
- de Witte, G. F. 1933. Batraciens et reptiles recueillis par M.L. Burgeon au Ruwenzori, au Kivu et au Tanganika. *Revue de Zoologie et de Botanique Africaine* 24: 111-123.
- de Witte, G. F. 1933. Description de reptiles nouveaux provenant du Katanga (1930-31). *Revue de Zoologie et de Botanique Africaine*, 23 (2): 185-192.
- de Witte, G. F. 1933. Reptiles recoltés au Congo Belge par le Dr. H. Schouteden et par M. G.-F. Witte. *Annales du Musee du Congo Belge Tervuren (Belgique) Sciences Zoologiques* 1 Tome III: 53-100.
- Dearing, M. D. and Schall, J. J. 1994. Atypical reproduction and sexual dimorphism of the tropical Bonaire Island whiptail lizard, *Cnemidophorus murinus*. *Copeia*, 1994: 760-766.
- Degenhardt, W. G., Painter, C. W. and Price, A. H. 1996. *Amphibians and Reptiles of New Mexico*. University of New Mexico Press, Albuquerque.
- Dejun, L. 1989. A survey of reptiles in Leigongshan area. Pages 269-275 in M. Matsui, T. Hikida and R. C. Goris, editors. 1989. *Current herpetology in East Asia*. Herpetological Society of Japan, Kyoto.
- Deraniyagala, P. E. P. 1953. A coloured atlas of some vertebrates from Ceylon. Vol. 2. Tetrapod Reptilia. Government Press, Colombo.
- Dial, B. E. 1975. Aspects of the ecology and systematics of the lizards *Coleonyx brevis* and *Coleonyx reticulatus* (Lacertidae: Gekkonidae). MSc. Thesis, Texas A&M University.
- Dial, B. E., and Grismer, L. L. 1992. A phylogenetic analysis of physiological-ecological character evolution in the lizard genus *Coleonyx* and its implications for historical biogeographic reconstruction. *Systematic Biology* 41: 178-195.
- Dias E. J. R. and Rocha, C. F. D. 2004. Thermal Ecology, Activity Patterns, and Microhabitat Use by Two Sympatric Whiptail Lizards (*Cnemidophorus abaetensis* and *Cnemidophorus ocellifer*) from Northeastern Brazil. *Journal of Herpetology*, 38: 586–588.
- Dias E. J. R., Rocha, C. F. D. and Vrcibradic, D. 2002. New *Cnemidophorus* (Squamata: Teiidae) from Bahia State, Northern Brazil. *Copeia* 2002: 1070–1077.
- Diaz, L. M., Navarro, N. and Garrido, O. H. 1998. Nueva especie de *Chamaeleolis* (Sauria: Iguanidae) de la Meseta de Cabo Cruz, Granma, Cuba. *Avicennia* 8/9: 27-34.
- Diaz, R. E., Leong, T. M., Grismer, L. L. and Yaakob, N. S. B. 2004. A new species of *Dibamus* (Squamata: Dibamidae) from West Malaysia. *Asiatic Herpetological Research* 10: 1-7.
- Dickerson, M. C. 1919. Diagnoses of twenty-three new species and a new genus of lizards from Lower California. *Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History* 41: 461-477.
- Diong, C. H. and Lim, S. S. L. 1998. Taxonomic Review and Morphological Description of *Bronchocela cristatella* (Kuhl, 1820) (Squamata: Agamidae) with Notes on Other Species in the Genus. *Raffles Bulletin of Zoology* 46: 345-359.
- Disi, A. M. and Bohme, W. 1996. Zoogeography of the amphibians and reptiles of Syria, with additional new records. *Herpetozoa* 9: 63-70.

- 423 Disi, A. M. Modrý, D., Necas, P. and Rifai, L. 2001. Amphibians and reptiles of the Hashemite kingdom of Jordan: an atlas and field guide. Edition Chimaira, Frankfurt am Main.
- 424 Dixon, J. R. 1960 The discovery of *Phyllodactylus tuberculosus* (Reptilia: Sauna) in Central America, the resurrection of *P. xanti*, and description of a new Gecko from British Honduras. *Herpetologica* 16: 1-11.
- 425 Dixon, J. R. 1962. The leaf-toed geckos, genus *Phyllodactylus*, of northeastern South America. *Southwestern Naturalist* 7: 211—226.
- 426 Dixon, J. R. 1964. The systematics and distribution of lizards of the genus *Phyllodactylus* in North and Central America. *New Mexico State University Scientific Bulletin* 64: 1-139.
- 427 Dixon, J. R. 1966. Speciation and systematics of the gekkonid lizard genus *Phyllodactylus* of the islands of the Gulf of California. *Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences* 33: 415-426.
- 428 Dixon, J. R. 1973. A systematic review of the teiid lizards, genus *Bachia*, with remarks on *Heterodactylus* and *Anotosaura*. *Misellaneous Publications of the University of Kansas Museum of Natural History* 57: 1-47.
- 429 Dixon, J. R. 1974. Systematic review of the lizard genus *Anotosaura* (Teiidae). *Herpetologica* 30: 13-18.
- 430 Dixon, J. R. and Huey, R. B. 1970. Systematics of the lizards of the gekkonid genus *Phyllodactylus* on mainland South America. *Los Angeles County Museum Contributions in Science* 192: 1-139.
- 431 Dixon, J. R. and Lamar, W. W. 1981. A new species of microteiid lizard (genus *Neusticurus*) from Colombia. *Journal of Herpetology* 15: 309-314.
- 432 Dixon, J. R. and Soini, P. 1986. The reptiles of the upper Amazon basin, Iquitos Region, Peru. 2nd edition. Milwaukee Public Museum.
- 433 Dixon, J. R., and Wright, J. W. 1975. A review of the iguanid genus *Tropidurus* in Peru. *Contribution Science Natural History Museum, Los Angeles County* 271: 1-39.
- 434 Dixon, J. R., Ketchersid, C. A. and Lieb, C. S. 1972. A new species of *Sceloporus* (undulatus group; Sauria, Iguanidae) from Mexico. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington* 86: 1-14.
- 435 Doan, T. M. and Castoe, T. A. 2003. Using morphological and molecular evidence to infer species boundaries within *Proctoporus bolivianus* Werner (Squamata: Gymnophthalmidae). *Herpetologica* 59: 432–449.
- 436 Doan, T. M. and Schargel, W. E. 2003. Bridging the gap in *Proctoporus* distribution: a new species (Squamata: Gymnophthalmidae) from the Andes of Venezuela. *Herpetologica* 59: 68–75.
- 437 Doan, T. M., Castoe, T. A. and Arriaga, W. A. 2005. Phylogenetic relationships of the genus *Proctoporus* sensu stricto (Squamata: Gymnophthalmidae), with a new species from Puno, southeastern Peru. *Herpetologica*, 61: 325–336.
- 438 Doi, H. and Kamita, T. 1937. A new species of *Eumeces* from West Corea. *Zoological Magazine, Tokyo* 49: 211-215.
- 439 Donnellan, S. C., Hutchinson, M. N., Dempsey, P. and Osborne, W. S. 2002. Systematics of the *Egernia whitii* species group (Lacertilia: Scincidae) in south-eastern Australia. *Australian Journal of Zoology* 50: 439–459.
- 440 Donnelly, M. A., Macculloch, R. D., Ugarte, C. A. and Kizirian, D. 2006. A new riparian gymnophthalmid (Squamata) from Guyana. *Copeia*, 2006: 396–403.
- 441 Donnelly, M. A., Mcdiarmid, R. W. and Myres, C. W. 1992. A new lizard of the genus *Arthrosaura* (Teiidae) from southern Venezuela. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington* 105: 821-833.
- 442 Donoso-Barros, R. 1971. A new *Liolaemus* from Neuquén (Argentina). *Herpetologica* 27: 49-51.
- 443 Donoso-Barros, R. 1966. Dos nuevos *Gonatodes* de Venezuela. *Publicacion Ocasional Museo Nacional de Historia Natural, Santiago (Chile)* 11: 3-32.
- 444 Donoso-Barros, R. 1966. *Reptiles de Chile*. Ediciones de la Universidad de Chile, Santiago de Chile.
- 445 Donoso-Barros, R. 1975. Nuevos reptiles y anfibios de Chile. *Boletin de la Sociedad de Biología de Concepcion* 48: 217-229.
- 446 dos Santos, A. R., da Frota, J. G. and Ribeiro, F. R. V. 2007. *Reptilia, Squamata, Polychrotidae, Anolis nitens tandai*: Distribution extension, new state record, and geographic distribution map. *Check List* 3: 9-10.
- 447 Doughty, P., and Shine, R. 1995. Life in two dimensions: Natural history of the southern leaf-tailed gecko, *Phyllurus platurus*. *Herpetologica* 51:193-201.
- 448 Doughty, P., Maryan, B., Melville, J. and Austin, J. 2007. A new species of *Ctenophorus* (Lacertilia: Agamidae) from Lake Disappointment, Western Australia. *Herpetologica*, 63: 72–86.
- 449 Drewes, R. C. 1972. Report on a collection of reptiles and amphibians from the Ilemi Triangle, southwestern Sudan. *Occasional Papers of the California Academy of Sciences* 100: 1–14.
- 450 Du Toit, A., Mouton, P. Le F. N. and Flemming, A.F. 2003. Aseasonal reproduction and high fecundity in the Cape grass lizard, *Cordylus anguinus*, in a fireprone habitat. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 24: 471–482.
- 451 Du, W., Ji, X., Zhang, Y., Xu, X. and Shine, R. 2005. Identifying sources of variation in reproductive and life history traits among five populations of a Chinese lizard (*Takydromus septentrionalis*, Lacertidae). *Biological Journal of the Linnean Society* 85: 443-453.
- 452 Duda, P. L. and Sahi, D. N. 1978. *Cyrtodactylus himalayanus*: a new gekkonid species from Jammu, India. *Journal of Herpetology*, 12: 351-354.
- 453 Duellman, W. E. 1978. The biology of an equatorial herpetofauna in Amazonian Equador. *University of Kansas Museum of Natural History Miscellaneous publications* 65: 1-352.
- 454 Duellman, W. E. 2005. *Cusco Amazónico: The lives of amphibians and reptiles in an Amazonian Rainforest*. Cornell University Press, Ithaca.
- 455 Duellman, W. E. and Mendelson, J. R. 1995. Amphibians and reptiles from Northern Departamento Loreto, Peru: Taxonomy and Biogeography. *University of Kansas Science Bulletin* 55: 1-139.

- 456 Dunger, G. T. 1967. The lizards and snakes of Nigeria. Part 1. The Chamaeleons of Nigeria. *Nigerian Field* 32: 53-74.
- 457 Dunger, G. T. 1967. The lizards and snakes of Nigeria. Part 2. The lacertids of Nigeria. *Nigerian Field* 32: 117-131.
- 458 Dunger, G. T. 1967. The lizards and snakes of Nigeria. Part 3. The monitors and a plated lizard. *Nigerian Field* 32: 170-178.
- 459 Dunger, G. T. 1968. The lizards and snakes of Nigeria. Part 4. The geckos of Nigeria. *Nigerian Field* 33: 18-47.
- 460 Dunger, G. T. 1972. The lizards and snakes of Nigeria. Part 6. The skinks of Nigeria. *Nigerian Field* 37: 99-120.
- 461 Dunger, G. T. 1973. The lizards and snakes of Nigeria. Part 7. The skinks of Nigeria (continued and completed). *Nigerian Field* 38: 54-80.
- 462 Dunham, A. E. and Miles, D. B. 1985. Patterns of covariation in life history traits of squamate reptiles: the effects of size and phylogeny reconsidered. *American Naturalist* 126: 231-257.
- 463 Dunham, A. E., Miles, D. B. and Reznick, D. N. 1988. Life history patterns in squamate reptiles. Pages 441-522 in C. Gans and R. B. Huey, eds. *Biology of the Reptilia*. Vol. 16. Ecology B. Defense and life history. Liss, New York.
- 464 Dunham, A. E., Tinkle, D. W., and Gibbons, J. W. 1978. Body size in island lizards: A cautionary tale. *Ecology* 59: 1230-1238.
- 465 Dunn, E. R. 1927. Results of the Douglas Burden Expedition to the Island of Komodo. 3, Lizards from the East Indies. *American Museum novitates* 288: 1-13.
- 466 Dunn, E. R. 1935. Notes on American Mabuyas. *Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia* 87: 533-560.
- 467 Dunn, E. R. 1944. The lizard genus *Anadia* and *Ptychoglossus* in colombia. *Caldasia* 3: 63-68.
- 468 Dunn, E. R. 1944. The lizard genus *Phenacosaurus*. *Caldasia* 3: 57-62.
- 469 Echternacht, A. C. 1970. Taxonomic and ecological notes on some Middle and South American lizards of the genus *Ameiva* (Teiidae). *Breviora* 354: 1-9.
- 470 Echternacht, A. C. 1977. A new species of lizard of the Genus *Ameiva* (Teiidae) from the pacific lowlands of Colombia. *Copeia* 1977: 1-7
- 471 Eidenmueller, B. and Wicker, R. 2005. Eine weitere neue waranart aus dem *Varanus prasinus*-komplex von der insel Misol, Indonesien. *Sauria* 27 (1): 3-8.
- 472 Eifler, D. A. and Passek, K. M. 2000. Body size effects on pursuit success and interspecific diet differences in *Cnemidophorus* lizards. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 21: 477-484.
- 473 El Din, S. B. 2006. A Guide to the Reptiles and Amphibians of Egypt. American University in Cairo Press
- 474 Erdelen, W. 1998. Geographic distribution, biology and conservation of the water monitor (*Varanus salvator* Laurenti, 1788). pages 223-229 in de Silva, A. (editor). *Biology and Conservation of the Amphibians, Reptiles and their habitats in South Asia. Proceedings of the International Conference on the Biology and Conservation of Amphibians and Reptiles of South Asia, Sri Lanka. Amphibia and Reptile Research Organization of Sri Lanka (ARROS).*
- 475 Erdelen, W. 1998. The genera *Otocryptis* and *Sitana* (Sauria, Agamidae): geographic distribution, microhabitat use, and morphometric relations. pages 232-240 in de Silva, A. (editor). *Biology and Conservation of the Amphibians, Reptiles and their habitats in South Asia. Proceedings of the International Conference on the Biology and Conservation of Amphibians and Reptiles of South Asia, Sri Lanka. Amphibia and Reptile Research Organization of Sri Lanka (ARROS).*
- 476 Eremchenko, V. K and Das, I. 2004. *Kaestlea*: a new genus of scincid lizards (Scincidae: Lygosominae) from the Western Ghats, south-western India. *Hamadryad* 28: 43-50.
- 477 Escobar, C. M., Escobar, C. A., Labra, A. and Niemeyer, H. M. 2003. Chemical Composition of Precloacal Secretions of Two *Liolaemus fabiani* Populations: Are They Different? *Journal of Chemical Ecology* 29: 629-638.
- 478 Espinoza, R. E. and Lobo, F. 2003. Two new species of *Liolaemus* lizards from northwestern Argentina: speciation within the northern subclade of the *elongatus* group (Iguania: Liolaemidae). *Herpetologica* 59: 89-105.
- 479 Espinoza, R. E., Lobo, F. and Cruz, F. B. 2000. *Liolaemus heliodermis*, a new lizard from northwestern Argentina with remarks on the content of the *elongatus* group (Iguania: Tropiduridae). *Herpetologica* 56: 235-244.
- 480 Esqueda L. F. 2004. Una nueva especie de Gonatodes (Squamata: Gekkonidae) proveniente del piedemonte cisandino de Venezuela. *Herpetotropicos*. 1: 32-39.
- 481 Esqueda, L. F., La Marca, E. and Praderio, M. J. 2004. A new species of high tepui lizard of the genus *Riolama* (Squamata: Gymnophthalmidae) from Marahuaca mountain, Amazonas state, Venezuela. *Herpetotropicos*, 1: 11-17.
- 482 Etheridge, R. 1995. Redescription of *Ctenoblepharys adspersa* Tschudi, 1845, and the taxonomy of *Liolaeminae* (Reptilia, Squamata, Tropiduridae). *American Museum novitates* 3142: 1-34.
- 483 Etheridge, R. 2000. A review of lizards of the *Liolaemus wiegmanni* group (Squamata, Iguania, Tropiduridae), and a history of morphological change in the sand-dwelling species. *Herpetological Monographs*, 14: 293-352.
- 484 Etheridge, R. and Christie, M. I. 2003. Two new species of the lizard genus *Liolaemus* (Squamata: Liolaemidae) from northern Patagonia, with comments on *Liolaemus rothi*. *Journal of Herpetology* 37: 325-341.
- 485 Etheridge, R. E. 2001. A new species of *Liolaemus* (Reptilia: Squamata: Tropiduridae) from Mendoza Province, Argentina. *Cuadernos de Herpetologia* 15: 3-15.
- 486 Faria, R. G. and Araujo, A. F. B. 2004. Sintopy of two *Tropidurus* lizard species (Squamata: Tropiduridae) in a rocky cerrado habitat in central Brazil. *Brazilian Journal of Biology* 4: 775-

487 Feltrim, A. C. and De Lema, T. 2000. Uma nova especie de *Cnemidophorus* Wagler, 1830 do estado do Rio Grande do sul Brasil (Sauria, Teiidae). *Biociencias*, Porto Alegre, 8: 103-114.  
 488 Fenner, A. L., Bull, C. M. and Hutchinson, M. N. 2007. Omnivorous diet of the endangered pygmy bluetongue lizard, *Tiliqua adelaidensis*. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 28: 560-565  
 489 Ferner, J. W., Brown, R. M. and Greer, A. E. 1997. A new genus and species of moist closed-canopy forest skinks from the Philippines. *Journal of Herpetology* 31: 187-192.  
 490 Fitch, H. S. 1970. Reproductive cycles of lizards and snakes. University of Kansas Museum of Natural History Miscellaneous Publications 52:1-247.  
 491 Fitch, H. S. 1973. A field study of Costa Rican lizards. University of Kansas Science Bulletin 50:39-126.  
 492 Fitch, H. S. 1973. Population structure and survivorship in some Costa Rican lizards. Occasional Papers of the Museum of Natural History, University of Kansas 18: 1-41.  
 493 Fitch, H. S. 1976. Sexual size differences in the mainland anoles. Occasional Papers of the Museum of Natural History, University of Kansas, Lawrence. 50: 1-21.  
 494 Fitch, H. S. 1978. Sexual size differences in the genus *Sceloporus*. University of Kansas Science Bulletin 51: 441-461.  
 495 Fitch, H. S. 1978. Two new anoles (Reptilia: Iguanidae) from Oaxaca with comments on other Mexican species. *Milwaukee Public Museum Contributions in Biology and Geology* 20: 1-15.  
 496 Fitch, H. S. 1981. Sexual size differences in reptiles. University of Kansas Museum of Natural History Miscellaneous Publications 70: 1-72.  
 497 Fitch, H. S. 1982. Reproductive cycles in tropical reptiles. Occasional Papers of the Museum of Natural History, University of Kansas, Lawrence. 96: 1-53.  
 498 Fitch, H. S. 1985. Variation in clutch and litter size in New World reptiles. University of Kansas Museum of Natural History Miscellaneous Publications 76: 1-76.  
 499 Fitch, H. S. and Henderson, R. W. 1973. A new Anole (Reptilia: Iguanidae) from southern Veracruz, Mexico. *Journal of Herpetology*, 7: 125-128.  
 500 Fitch, H. S. and Henderson, R. W. 1976. A field study of the rock anoles (Reptilia, Lacertilia, Iguanidae) of southern Mexico. *Journal of Herpetology*, 10: 303-311.  
 501 Fitch, H. S. and Hillis, D. M. 1984. The *Anolis dewlap*: interspecific variability and morphological associations with habitat. *Copeia*, 1984: 315-323.  
 Fitzgerald, L. A., Chani, J. M. and Donadio, O. E. 1991. *Tupinambis* Lizards in Argentina: Implementing Management of a Traditionally Exploited Resource. Pages 303-316 in J. Robinson  
 502 and K. Redford (editors) *Neotropical wildlife: use and conservation*. University of Chicago Press, Chicago.  
 503 Fitzgerald, L. A., Cook, J. A. and Aquino, A. L. 1999. Phylogenetics and conservation of *Tupinambis* (Sauria: Teiidae). *Copeia* 1999: 894-905.  
 504 Fitzgerald, L. A., Cruz, F. B. and Perotti, G. 1999. Phenology of a lizard assemblage in the dry chaco of Argentina. *Journal of Herpetology* 33: 526-535.  
 505 FitzSimons V. F. 1943. The Lizards of South Africa. Transvaal Museum, Pretoria.  
 506 Flemming, A. F. and Mouton, P. L. F. N. 2000. Geographic variation in sexual size dimorphism in the rock agama, *Agama atra* (Sauria : Agamidae). *African Zoology* 35: 233-249.  
 Flores-Villela, O. and Sanchez-H, S. 2003. A new species of *Abronia* (Squamata: Anguidae) from the Sierra Madre Del Sur of Guerrero, Mexico, with comments on *Abronia deppii*.  
 507 *Herpetologica*, 59: 524-531  
 508 Flores-Villela, O., Canseco-Marquez, L., Smith, E. N. and Campbell, J. A. 2005. Rediscovery and redescription of the night lizard *Lepidophyma radula* Smith, 1942. *Journal of Herpetology*  
 509 Flower, S. S. 1933. Notes on the recent reptiles and amphibians of Egypt, with a list of the species recorded from the kingdom. *Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London* 19: 735-851.  
 Fobes, T. M., Powell, R., Parmerlee, J. S., Lathrop, A. and Smith, D. D. 1992. Natural history of *Anolis cybotes* (Sauria: Polychridae) from an altered habitat in Barahona, Dominican  
 510 Republic. *Caribbean Journal of Science* 28: 200-207.  
 511 Fong, G. A. and Garrido, O. H. 2000. Nueva especie de *Anolis* (Sauria: Iguanidae) de la región norte de Cuba oriental. *Revista de Biología Tropical* 48: 665-670.  
 512 Franco, R. C. and de la Torre, G. G. 1990. Reptiles de la Isla La Pena, Nayarit, Mexico. *Anales del Instituto de Biología, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, serie Zoología* 61: 175-  
 513 Frankenberg, E. and Werner, Y. L. 1992. Egg, clutch and maternal sizes in lizards: Intra- and interspecific relations in near-eastern Agamidae and Lacertidae. *Herpetological Journal* 2: 7-18.  
 Franzen, M. and Heckes, U. 1999. *Eremias suphani* Basoglu & Hellmich, 1968 und *Eremias strauchi* Kessler, 1878 in der ostlichen Türkei: Diagnostische Merkmale, Verbreitung und  
 514 Lebensraume (Sauria: Lacertidae). *Salamandra* 35: 255-266.  
 Freire, E. M. X. 1999. Especie nova de *Coleodactylus* Parker, 1926 das Dunas de Natal, Rio Grande do Norte, Brasil, com notas sobre suas relacoes dicromatismo sexual no genero  
 515 (Squamata, Gekkonidae). *Boletim do Museu Nacional Nova Serie Rio de Janeiro*, 399: 1-14.  
 516 Fritts, T. H. 1972. New species of lizards of the genus *Stenocercus* from Peru (Sauria: Iguanidae). Occasional Papers of the University of Kansas Museum of Natural History 10: 1-21.  
 517 Fry, S. K. 2001. Ecology of the Endangered Sandy Cay Rock Iguana, *Cyclura rileyi cristata*, in the Bahamas. MSc Thesis, Loma Linda University.  
 518 Fuhn, I. E. 1972. Revision du phylum forestier du genre *Panaspis* Cope (Reptilia, Scincidae, Lygosominae). *Review Roumain de Biologie Série de Zoologie* 17: 257-271.  
 519 Gadsden, H., Davila-Carrasco, M. L. and Gil-Martinez, R. 2006. Reproduction in the Arenicolous Mexican Lizard *Uma exsul*. *Journal of Herpetology*, 40: 117-122.  
 520 Gainsbury, A. M. and Colli, G. R. 2003. Lizard assemblages from natural cerrado enclaves in southwestern Amazonia: the role of stochastic extinctions and isolation. *Biotropica* 35: 503-519.  
 521 Galan, P. 2003. Reproductive Characteristics of an Insular Population of the Lizard *Podarcis hispanica* from Northwest Spain (Cíes Islands, Galicia). *Copeia*, 2003: 657-665.  
 522 Gallagher, D. S. and Dixon, J. R. 1992. Taxonomic revision of the South American lizard genus *Kentropyx* Spix (Sauria, Teiidae). *Bolletino del Museo Regionale di Scienze Naturali, Torino*  
 523 Gans, C., Laurent, R. F. and Pandit, H. 1965. Notes on a herpetological collection from the Somali Republic. *Annales, Musee Royal de L'Afrique Central serie in 8°, sciences zoologiques*

- 524 Gao, Z-F. and Huo, M. 2002. Description of a new *Japalura* species from western Sichuan Province, China. *Sichuan Journal of Zoology* 21: 3-5.
- 525 Garcia-Perez, J. E. and Yustiz, E. E. 1995. Una nueva especie de *Proctoporus* (Sauria: Gymnophthalmidae) de los Andes de Venezuela. *Revista de Ecologia Latinoamericana* 4: 1-5.
- 526 Gardner, A. S. 1994. A new species of *Asaccus* (Gekkonidae) from the mountains of northern Oman. *Journal of Herpetology*, 28: 141-145.
- 527 Garman, S. 1892. The reptiles of the Galapagos Islands. From the collections of Dr. Geo. Baur. *Bulletin of the Essex Institute* 24: 73-87.
- 528 Garrido, O. H., and Hedges, S. B. 2001. A new anole from the northern slopes of the Sierra Maestra in eastern Cuba. *Journal of Herpetology* 35: 378-383.
- 529 Garrido, O. H. and Moreno, L. V. 1998. Nueva especie de *Anolis* (Lacertilia: Iguanidae) del Pico Turquino, Sierra Maestra, Cuba. *Avicennia* 8/9: 35-40.
- 530 Gartshore, M. E. 1985. *Agama gracilimembris* Chabanaud, 1918 (Reptilia: Sauria: Agamidae) in Nigeria. *British journal of herpetology* 1: 23-25.
- 531 Gaulke, M., Roesler, H. and Brown, R. M. 2007. A new species of *Luperosaurus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from Panay Island, Philippines, with comments on the taxonomic status of *Luperosaurus cumingii* (Gray, 1845). *Copeia* 2007: 413-425.
- 532 Geniez, P. and Arnold, E. N. 2006. A new species of Semaphore gecko *Pristurus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from Mauretania, represents a 4700km range extension for genus. *Zootaxa* 1317: 930612-67-4
- 533 Geniez, P., Mateo, J. A., Geniez, M. and Pether, J. 2004. Amphibians and reptiles of the Western Sahara and adjacent regions. *Frankfurt Contributions to Natural History Volume 19* ISBN 3-930612-67-4
- 534 Gerber, G. P. and Echternacht, A. C. 2000. Evidence for asymmetrical intraguild predation between native and introduced *Anolis* lizards. *Oecologia* 124: 599–607.
- 535 Gerlach, J. 2002. The enigmatic giant bronze gecko *Ailuronyx trachygaster*. Part 1: Identity. *Gekko* 3: 29-38.
- 536 Gerlach, J. and Canning, K. L. 1996. A new species of the western Indian Ocean gecko *Ailuronyx* (Reptilia; Gekkonidae). *Herpetological Journal* 6: 27-42.
- 537 Gibbons, J. R. H. and Brown, W. C. 1988. A new *Lepidodactylus* (Gekkonidae) from Eua Island, Tonga. *Journal of Herpetology*, 22: 356-360.
- 538 Gibbons, J. R. H. and Watkins, I. F. 1982. Behavior, ecology, and conservation of South Pacific banded iguanas, *Brachylophus*, including a newly discovered species. Pages 418-441 in G. M. Burghardt and A. S. Rand, editors. *Iguanas of the World: Their Behaviour, Ecology and Conservation*. Noyes Publications, New Jersey.
- 539 Gifford, M. E. and Powell, R. 2007. Sexual dimorphism and reproductive characteristics in five species of *Leiocephalus* lizards from the Dominican Republic. *Journal of Herpetology*, 41: 121-123.
- 540 Gill, E. V. S. 1997. *Cyrtodactylus aravallensis*, a new Gekkonidae from the Delhi Ridge. *Journal of the Bombay Natural History Society* 94: 121-123.
- 541 Giri, V. B. and Bauer, A. M. 2008. A new ground-dwelling *Hemidactylus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from Maharashtra, with a key to the *Hemidactylus* of India. *Zootaxa* 1700: 21-34.
- 542 Glaw, F., and M. Vences. 1994. A Field guide to the amphibians and reptiles of Madagascar. Second edition, *Serpents Tale*
- 543 Glaw, F., and M. Vences. 2007. A field guide to the amphibians and reptiles of Madagascar. Third edition, Vences and Glaw Verlags, Cologne.
- 544 Glaw, F., Kosuch, J., Henkel, F. W., Sound, P. and Bohme, W. 2006. Genetic and morphological variation of the leaf-tailed gecko *Uroplatus fimbriatus* from Madagascar, with description of a new giant species. *Salamandra* 42: 129-144.
- 545 Gao, Z-F. and Huo, M. 2002. Description of a new *Japalura* species from western Sichuan Province, China. *Sichuan Journal of Zoology* 21: 3-5.
- 546 Goldberg, S. R. 1987. Reproductive cycle of the giant spotted whiptail, *Cnemidophorus burti stictogrammus*, in Arizona. *Southwestern Naturalist* 32: 510-511.
- 547 Goldberg, S. R., Bursey, C. R. and Camarillo-Rangel, J. L. 2003. Gastrointestinal helminths of seven species of sceloporine lizards from Mexico. *Southwestern Naturalist* 48: 208–217.
- 548 Goldberg, S. R., Bursey, C. R. and Cheam, H. 1995. Helminth parasites of three sympatric lizards from Grand Cayman Island, *Anolis conspersus*, *Anolis sagrei* (Polychridae) and *Leiocephalus carinatus* (Tropiduridae). *Caribbean Journal of Science*, 31: 339-340.
- 549 Goldberg, S. R., Bursey, C. R. and Telford, S. R. 2003. Metazoan Endoparasites of 11 Species of Lizards from Pakistan. *Comparative Parasitology* 70: 46-54.
- 550 Golubev, M. L. and Dunayev, E. A. 1995. *Phrynocephalus nasatus* (Reptilia, Agamidae), a new species of toad agama from Western China. *Russian Journal of Herpetology* 2: 5-9.
- 551 Gonzalez, M., Lwin, K. S. and Vindum, J. V. 2005. New records for *Scincella victoriana* (Shreve, 1940) from the Chin Hills, Myanmar. *Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences*
- 552 Gonzalez-Negron, A. J. 2004. Morphometric and molecular analysis of the *mabouia-brooki haitianus* complex (Sauria: Gekkonidae) at the Western-Central Region of Puerto Rico. MSc Thesis, University of Puerto Rico.
- 553 Good, D. A. 1994. Species limits in the genus *Gerrhonotus* (Squamata: Anguidae). *Herpetological Monographs* 8: 180-202.
- 554 Goodman, B. A. 2006. The effects of maternal size on clutch traits in a tropical invariant-clutch lizard, *Carlia rubrigularis* (Scincidae). *Amphibia-Reptilia* 27: 505-511.
- 555 Goonewardene, S., Hawke, Z., Vanneck, V., Drion, A., de Silva, A., Jayarathne, R. and Perera, J. 2003. Diversity of Nilgala Fire Savannah, Sri Lanka: with special reference to its herpetofauna. Report of Project Hoonaa – 2003
- 556 Goris, R. C. and Maeda, N. 2004. Guide to the Amphibians and Reptiles of Japan. Krieger Publ. Co., Malabar, FL.
- 557 Gorzula S. and Senaris, J. C. 1999. Contribution to the herpetofauna of the Venezuelan Guayana I. A data base. *Scientia Guaianae* 8: 1–270.
- 558 Graham, A. and Marais, J. 2007. A guide to the reptiles of southern Africa. Struik, Cape Town.

- 559 Graham, E. D. and Schwartz, A. 1978. Status of the name *Sphaerodactylus cinereus* Wagler and variation in "*Sphaerodactylus stejnegeri*" Cochran. *Florida Scientist* 41: 243-251.
- 560 Greckhamer, A. 1995. Bemerkungen zur haltung und zucht sowie zum verhalten von *Phelsuma comorensis* Boettger, 1913. im Terrarium. *Herpetofauna* 17: 6-16.
- 561 Greenbaum, E. 2005. Systematics of West African skinks in the *Chalcides thierryi* group: composition, distribution, and redescription of types. *African Journal of Herpetology* 54:17–29.
- 562 Greenbaum, E., and Carr, J. L. 2005. The herpetofauna of Upper Niger National Park, Guinea, West Africa. *Scientific Papers of the Natural History Museum, University of Kansas* 37:1–21.
- 563 Greenbaum, E., Campbell, A. C. and Raxworthy, C. J. 2006. A revision of sub-Saharan *Chalcides* (Squamata: Scincidae), with redescrptions of two East African species. *Herpetologica* 62:
- 564 Greene, H. W., Rodríguez, J. J. S. and Powell, B. J. 2006. Parental behavior in anguid lizards. *South American Journal of Herpetology* 1: 9-19.
- 565 Greer, A. E. 1968. Clutch size in the scincid genus *Emoia*. *Copeia* 1968: 417-418.
- 566 Greer, A. E. 1974. The generic relationships of the scincid lizard genus *Leiopisma* and its relatives. *Australian Journal of Zoology (Supplement)* 31: 1-67.
- 567 Greer, A. E. 1977. On the adaptive significance of the loss of an oviduct in reptiles. *Proceedings of the Linnean Society of New South Wales* 101: 242-249.
- 568 Greer, A. E. 1977. The systematics and evolutionary relationships of the scincid lizard genus *Lygosoma*. *Journal of Natural History* 11: 515-540.
- 569 Greer, A. E. 1982. A new species of *Geomyersia* (Scincidae) from the Admiralty Islands, with a summary of the genus. *Journal of Herpetology* 16 (1) 1982: 61-66
- 570 Greer, A. E. 1985. The relationship of the lizard genera *Anelytropsis* and *Dibamus*. *Journal of Herpetology* 19: 116-156.
- 571 Greer, A. E. 1989. The biology and evolution of Australian lizards. Surrey Beatty and Sons, Chipping Norton, NSW
- 572 Greer, A. E. 1990. The *Glaphyromorphus isolepis* species group (Lacertilia: Scincidae): diagnosis of the taxon and description of a new species from Timor. *Journal of Herpetology* 24: 372-
- 573 Greer, A. E. 1991. *Lankascincus*, a new genus of scincid lizards from Sri Lanka, with descriptions of three new species. *Journal of Herpetology* 25: 59-64.
- 574 Greer, A. E. 2001. Distribution of maximum snout-vent length among species of scincid lizards. *Journal of Herpetology* 35: 383-395.
- 575 Greer, A. E. 2005. Encyclopedia of Australian Reptiles. Australian Museum Online <http://www.amonline.net.au/herpetology/research/encyclopedia.pdf> Version date: 5 August 2005.
- 576 Greer, A. E. and Haacke, W. D. 1982. A new and unusual species of *Lygosoma* (Lacertilia: Scincidae) from the Horn of Africa. *Annals of the Transvaal Museum* 33: 153-164.
- 577 Greer, A. E. and Parker, F. 1979. Identity of the New-Guinea scincid lizard *Lygosoma fragile* Macleay 1877, with some notes on its natural history. *Journal of Herpetology* 13: 221-225.
- 578 Greer, A. E. and Parker, F. A. 1967. New scincid lizard from the northern Solomon Islands. *Breviora* 275: 1–20.
- Greer, A. E. and Parker, F. A. 1974. The *fasciatus* species group of *Sphenomorphus* (Lacertilia: Scincidae): notes on eight previously described species and descriptions of three new species.
- 579 Papua New Guinea Scientific Society Proceedings 25: 31–61.
- 580 Greer, A. E. and Shea, G . 2000. A phylogenetically important lygosomine skink resurrected from taxonomic obscurity: *Lygosoma unilineatum* de Rooij, 1915. *Journal of Herpetology* 34: 85-
- Greer, A. E. and Shea, G. 2004. A new character within the taxonomically difficult *Sphenomorphus* group of lygosomine skinks, with a description of a new species from New Guinea.
- 581 *Journal of Herpetology* 38: 79–87.
- 582 Greer, A. E. and Simon, M. 1982. *Fojia bumui*, an unusual new genus and species of scincid lizard from New Guinea. *Journal of Herpetology* 16: 131-139.
- 583 Greer, A. E. and Wadsworth, L. 2003. Body Shape in Skinks: The Relationship between Relative Hind Limb Length and Relative Snout-Vent Length. *Journal of Herpetology* 37: 554-559.
- 584 Greer, A. E., Allison, A. and Cogger, H. G. 2005. Four new species of *Lobulia* (Lacertilia: Scincidae) from high altitude in New Guinea. *Herpetological Monographs* 19: 153-179.
- 585 Greer, A. E., Grandison, A. G. C. and Barbault, R. 1985. A new species of *Lygosoma* (Lacertilia: Scincidae) from West Africa, with comments on its biology. *Journal of Herpetology* 19:
- 586 Grillitsch, H. and Cabela, A. 1990. Zum Systematischen Status der Blindschleichen (Squamata: Anguidae) der Peloponnes und der südlichen Ionischen Inseln. *Herpetozoa* 2: 131-153.
- 587 Grismer, G. L., Leong, T. M. and Yaakob, N. S. 2003. Two new southeast Asian skinks of the genus *Larutia* and intrageneric phylogenetic relationships. *Herpetologica*: 552–564.
- 588 Grismer, L. L. 2002. Amphibians and Reptiles of Baja California Including its Pacific Islands and the Islands in the Sea of Cortes. University of California Press, Berkeley.
- 589 Grismer, L. L. 2005. New Species of Bent-Toed Gecko (*Cyrtodactylus* Gray 1827) from Pulau Aur, Johor, West Malaysia. *Journal of Herpetology*, 39: 424–432.
- 590 Grismer, L. L. 2006. Two new species of skinks (Genus *Sphenomorphus* Fitzinger 1843) from the Seribuat Archipelago. *Herpetological Natural History* 9: 151-162.
- Grismer, L. L. 2008. A new species of insular skink (Genus *Sphenomorphus* Fitzinger 1843) from the Langkawi Archipelago, Kedah, West Malaysia with the first report of the herpetofauna
- 591 of Pulau Singa Besar and an updated checklist of the herpetofauna of Pulau Langkawi. *Zootaxa PAGA NUMBERS?*
- 592 Grismer, L. L. and Das, I. 2006. A new species of gekkonid lizard of the genus *Cnemaspis* Strauch 1887 from Pulau Pemanggil, Johor, West Malaysia. *Herpetological Natural History* 10: 1-
- 593 Grismer, L. L. and Leong, T. M. 2005. New species of *Cyrtodactylus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from southern Peninsular Malaysia. *Journal of Herpetology* 39: 584–591.
- 594 Grossmann, W. and Ulber, T. 1990. Ein neuer Gecko aus Zentral-Thailand: *Gekko siamensis* sp. nov. (Reptilia: Sauria: Gekkonidae). *Sauria* 12: 9–18.
- Gudynas, E. and Skuk, G. 1983. A new species of the iguanid lizard genus *Tropidurus* from temperate South America (Lacertilia: Iguanidae). *Centro Educativo Don Orione Contribuciones*
- 595 *en Biología* 10: 1-10.
- 596 Guillelte, L. J. and Smith, H. M. 1982. A review of the Mexican lizard *Barisia imbricata*, and the description of a new subspecies. *Transactions of the Kansas Academy of Sciences*, 85: 13-

- 597 Gunther, A. 1893. Report on a collection of reptiles and batrachians transmitted by Mr. H. H. Johnston, C. B., from Nyassaland. Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London 1892: 555-  
598 Gunther, R., Whiting, A., Bauer, A. 2005. Description of a new species of African skink of the genus *Trachylepis* (Reptilia: Squamata: Scincidae). *Herpetozoa* 18: 11-24.  
599 Gunther, R. 1994. A new species of the genus *Gekko* (Reptilia, Squamata, Gekkonidae) from southern Vietnam. *Zoologischer Anzeiger* 233: 57-67.  
600 Gunther, R. 2000. In alten sammlungen aus Neuguinea entdeckt: Zwei neue arten der gattung *Lipinia* (Squamata: Scincidae). *Salamandra* 36 (3): 157-174  
601 Gunther, R. and Rosler, H. 2003. Eine neue art der gattung *Cyrtodactylus* Gray 1827 aus dem westen von Neuguinea (Reptilia: Sauria: Gekkonidae). *Salamandra* 38: 195-212.  
602 Guyer, C. and Donnelly, M. A. 2005. Amphibians and reptiles of La Selva, Costa Rica, and the Caribbean Slope. University of California Press, Berkeley.  
603 Haacke, W. D. 1997. Systematics and biogeography of the southern African scincine genus *Typhlacontias* (Reptilia: Scincidae). *Bonner Zoologische Beiträge* 47: 139-163.  
604 Haas, G. 1957. Some amphibians and reptiles from Arabia. *Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences series 4*. 29: 47-86.  
605 Haas, G. and Battersby, J. C. 1959. Amphibians and reptiles from Arabia. *Copeia* 1959: 196-202.  
606 Haas, G. and Werner, Y. L. 1969. Lizards and snakes from Southwestern Asia, collected by Henry Field. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology*, 138: 327-406.  
607 Hallermann, J. 2000. A new species of *Calotes* from the Moluccas (Indonesia) with notes on the biogeography of the genus (Sauria: Agamidae). *Bonn Zoologische Beiträge* 49: 155-163.  
608 Hallermann, J. and Bohme, W. 2000. A review of the genus *Pseudocalotes* (Squamata : Agamidae), with description of a new species from West Malaysia. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 21: 193-210.  
609 Hallermann, J. and McGuire, J. A. 2001. A new species of *Pseudocalotes* (Squamata: Agamidae) from Bukit Larut, west Malaysia. *Herpetologica* 57: 255-265.  
Hallowell, E. 1861. Report upon the reptilia of the North Pacific Exploring Expedition, under command of Capt. John Rogers, U. S. N. *Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia* 12 [1860]: 480-510.  
611 Harmon, L. J. and Gibson, R. 2006. Multivariate phenotypic evolution among island and mainland populations of the ornate day gecko, *Phelsuma ornata*. *Evolution*, 60: 2622–2632.  
612 Harris, D. M. 1982. The *Sphaerodactylus* (Sauria: Gekkonidae) of South America. *Occasional Papers of the Museum of Zoology, University of Michigan* 704: 1-31.  
613 Harris, D. M. 1994. Review of the teiid lizard genus *Ptychoglossus*. *Herpetological Monographs*, 8: 226-275.  
614 Harris, D. M. and Ayala, S. C. 1987. A new *Anadia* (Sauria: Teiidae) from Colombia and restoration of *Anadia pamplonensis* Dunn to species status. *Herpetologica* 43: 182-190.  
Harvey, M. B. and Gutberlet, R. L. J. 1998. Lizards of the genus *Tropidurus* (Iguania: Tropiduridae) from the Serrania de Huanchaca, Bolivia: new species, natural history, and a key to the  
615 genus. *Herpetologica* 54: 493-520.  
616 Harvey, M. B., Rivas, G. A. and Manzanilla, J. 2004. Redescription of *Stenocercus erythrogaster* (Hallowell). *Copeia* 2004: 940–944.  
617 Heatwole, H. 1975. Biogeography of reptiles on some of the islands and cays of eastern Papua-New Guinea. *Atoll Research Bulletin* 180: 1-41.  
618 Hedges, S. B. and Garrido, O. H. 1993. A new species of gecko (*Sphaerodactylus*) from central Cuba. *Journal of Herpetology* 27: 300-306.  
619 Hedges, S. B. and Thomas, R. 1989. A new species of *Anolis* (Sauria: Iguanidae) from the Sierra de Neiba, Hispaniola. *Herpetologica* 45: 330-336.  
620 Hedges, S. B. and Thomas, R. 2001. At the lower size limit in amniote vertebrates: A new diminutive lizard from the West Indies. *Caribbean Journal of Science* 37: 168-173.  
621 Heller, E. 1903. Papers from the Hopkins Stanford Galapagos Expedition, 1898-1899. WIV. Reptiles. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington* 4: 39-98.  
622 Hendrickson, J. R. 1966. Observations on the Fauna of Pulau Tioman and Pulau Tulai. 5. The reptiles. *Bulletin of the National Museum of Singapore* 34: 53-71.  
623 Henkel, F. W. and Bohme, W. 2001. A new carphodactyline gecko of the New Caledonian genus *Eurydactylodes* (Sauria: Gekkonidae). *Salamandra* 37: 149-156.  
624 Henkel, F. W. and Schmidt, W. 2000. Amphibians and reptiles of Madagascar and the Mascarene, Seychelles, and Comoro Islands. Kreiger, Malabar, Florida.  
625 Henle, K. 1991. Life history patterns in lizards of the arid and semiarid zone of Australia. *Oecologia* 88: 347-358.  
Henle, K. and Bohme, W. 2003. A new species of *Hemidactylus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from West Africa, and comments on species hitherto confused with *H. muriceus*. *African Journal of*  
626 *Herpetology*, 52: 23–38.  
627 Henle, K. and Ehrl, A. 1991. Zur reptilienfauna Perus nebst beschreibung eines neuen *Anolis* (Iguanidae) und zweier neuer schlangen (Colubridae). *Bonner Zoologische Beiträge* 42: 143-  
628 Herczeg, G., Torok, J. and Koros, Z. 2007. Size-dependent heating rates determine the spatial and temporal distribution of small-bodied lizards. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 28: 347-356.  
629 Hernandez, R. A. and Espinoza, R. E. 2004. Description of the Female of the Enigmatic Lizard, *Liolaemus heliodermis* (Iguania: Liolaemidae). *Herpetological Review*, 35: 227–229.  
630 Herrel, A., De Grauw, E. and Lemos-Espinal, J. A. 2001. Head shape and bite performance in xenosaurid lizards. *Journal of Experimental Zoology* 290: 101-107.  
Herrel, A., Huyghe, K., Vanhooydonck, B., Bäckeljau, T., Breugelmans, K., Grbac, I., Van Damme, R. and Irschick, D. J. 2008. Rapid large-scale evolutionary divergence in morphology  
631 and performance associated with exploitation of a different dietary resource. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the USA* 105: 4792-4795.  
632 Herrel, A., Meyers, J. J. and Vanhooydonck, B. 2002. Relations between microhabitat use and limb shape in phrynosomatid lizards. *Biological Journal of the Linnean Society* 77: 149–163.  
633 Herrel, A., Vanhooydonck, B. and Van Damme, R. 2004. Omnivory in lacertid lizards: adaptive evolution or constraint? *Journal of Evolutionary Biology* 17: 974–984.  
634 Herrel, A., Vanhooydonck, B., Joachim, R. and Irschick, D. J. 2004. Frugivory in polychrotid lizards: effects of body size. *Oecologia* 140: 160-168.



- 635 Herrmann, P. A. and Herrmann, H.-W. 2005. Egg and clutch characteristics of the Mountain Chameleon, *Chamaeleo montium*, in southwestern Cameroon. *Journal of Herpetology* 39: 154-  
636 Heyer, W. R. 1972. A new limbless skink (Reptilia: Scincidae) from Thailand with comments on the generic status of the limbless skinks of southeast Asia. *Fieldiana, Zoology*, 58: 109-129.
- 637 Hibbits, T. J., Pianka, E. R., Huey, R. B. and Whiting, M. J. 2005. Ecology of the Common Barking Gecko (*Ptenopus garrulus*) in Southern Africa. *Journal of Herpetology* 39: 509–515.
- 638 Hikida, T. 1989. A New Species of *Eumeces* (Lacertilia: Scincidae) from Fujian Province, China. *Copeia*, 1989: 89-94.
- 639 Hikida, T. and Zhao, E. 1989. *Eumeces liui*: a new species of blue-tailed skink (Lacertilia: Scincidae) from China. *Copeia* 1989: 110-114.
- Hikida, T., Orlov, N. L., Nabhitabhata, J. and Ota, H. 2002. Three new depressed-bodied water skinks of the genus *Tropidophorus* (Lacertilia: Scincidae) from Thailand and Vietnam.
- 640 *Current Herpetology* 21: 9-23.
- 641 Hikida, T., Riyanto, A. and Ota, H. 2003. A new water skink of the genus *Tropidophorus* (Lacertilia: Scincidae) from Sulawesi, Indonesia. *Current Herpetology* 22: 29-36.
- 642 Hillman, P. E. 1969. Habitat specificity in three sympatric species of *Ameiva* (Reptilia: Teiidae). *Ecology* 50: 476-481.
- 643 Hodge, K. V. D., Censky, E. J. and Powell, R. 2003. The reptiles and amphibians of Anguilla, British West Indies. Anguilla National Trust ISBN: 0967395895
- 644 Hofer, U., Baur, H. and Bersier, L. F. 2003. Ecology of three sympatric species of the genus *Chamaeleo* in a tropical upland forest in Cameroon. *Journal of Herpetology* 37: 203 207.
- 645 Holman, J. A. 1966. A second specimen of *Ophisaurus ceroni*. *Quarterly Journal of the Florida Academy of Science* 29: 43-46.
- 646 Honda, M., Nabhitabhata, J., Ota, H. and Hikida, T. A. 1997. new species of *Dibamus* (Squamata: Dibamidae) from Thailand. *Raffles Bulletin of Zoology* 45: 275-279.
- 647 Honda, M., Ota, H., Hikida, T., Darevsky, I. S. 2001. A new species of the worm-like lizard, *Dibamus Dumeril & Bibron* 1839 (Squamata Dibamidae), from Vietnam. *Tropical Zoology* 14:  
648 Hoogmoed, M. S. 1973. Notes on the herpetofauna of Surinam IV. : the lizards and amphisbaenians of Surinam. W. Junk Publishers, Den Haag.
- 649 Hoogmoed, M. S. 1974. Ghanese lizards of the genus *Mabuya* (Scincidae, Sauria, Reptilia). *Zoologische Verhandelingen* 138: 1-62.
- Hoogmoed, M. S., and Dixon, J. R. 1977. A new species of *Bachia* (Teiidae, Sauria) from Estado Bolivar, Venezuela, with notes on the zoogeography of the genus. *Zoologische*  
650 *Mededelingen* 51: 25–31.
- Horner, P. 2005. *Gehyra koira* sp. nov. (Reptilia: Gekkonidae), a new species of lizard with two allopatric subspecies from the Ord-Victoria region of north-western Australia and a key to the  
651 *Gehyra australis* species complex. *The Beagle, Records of the Museums and Art Galleries of the Northern Territory*, 2005 21: 165–174.
- 652 Horton, D. R. 1973. A new species of *Mabuya* (Lacertilia: Scincidae) from Venezuela. *J. Herpetol.* 7: 75-77
- Hoskin, C. J., Couper, P. J. and Schneider, C. J. 2003. A new species of *Phyllurus* (Lacertilia : Gekkonidae) and a revised phylogeny and key for the Australian leaf-tailed geckos. *Australian*  
653 *Journal of Zoology* 51(2) 153 - 164.
- 654 Hotchkin, P. E., Camp, C. D. and Marshall, J. L. 2001. Aspects of the life history and ecology of the coal skink, *Eumeces anthracinus*, in Georgia. *Journal of Herpetology* 35: 145-148.
- 655 How, R. A., Dell, J. and Wellington, B. D. 1986. Comparative biology of eight species of *Diplodactylus* gecko in western Australia. *Herpetologica* 42: 471-482.
- How, R. A., Durrant, B., Smith, L. A. and Najamuddin S. 1998. *Emoia* (Reptilia: Scincidae) from the Banda Arc islands of eastern Indonesia: variation in morphology and description of a  
656 new species. *Records of the Western Australian Museum*, 19: 131-139.
- 657 Huang, S-P. and Tu, M-C. 2008. Heat tolerance and altitudinal distribution of a mountainous lizard, *Takydromus hsuehshanensis*, in Taiwan. *Journal of Thermal Biology* 33: 48-56.
- 658 Huang, W-S. 2006. Ecological characteristics of the skink, *Mabuya longicaudata*, on a tropical East Asian island. *Copeia* 2006: 293–300.
- 659 Huang, W-S. 2006. Ecology and Reproductive Patterns of the Grass Lizard, *Takydromus sauteri*, in a Tropical Rain Forest of an East Asian Island. *Journal of Herpetology*, 40: 267–273.
- 660 Huey, R. B. 1975. A new gecko from Malpelo Island (Sauria: Gekkonidae: *Phyllodactylus*). *Smithsonian Contributions to Zoology*, 176: 44-46.
- 661 Huey, R. B. and Dixon, J. R. 1970. A new *Pseudogonatodes* from Peru with remarks on other species of the genus. *Copeia*, 1970: 538-542.
- 662 Huey, R. B., Pianka, E. R., Egan, M. E. and Coons, L. W. 1974. Ecological shifts in sympatry: Kalahari fossorial lizards (*Typhlosaurus*). *Ecology* 55: 304-316.
- Hummelink, P. W. 1940. Studies on the fauna of Curacao, Aruba, Bonaire and the Venezuelan Islands: No. 2. A survey of the mammals, lizards and mollusks. *Studies on the Fauna of*  
663 *Curacao and other Caribbean Islands* 1: 59-108.
- 664 Husak, J. F., Lappin, A. K., Fox, S. F. and Lemos-Espinal., J. A. 2006. Bite-Force Performance Predicts Dominance in Male Venerable Collared Lizards (*Crotaphytus antiquus*). *Copeia*  
*Ibarguengoytia*, N. R. 2004. Prolonged Cycles as a Common Reproductive Pattern in Viviparous Lizards from Patagonia, Argentina: Reproductive Cycle of *Phymaturus patagonicus*. *Journal*  
665 *of Herpetology* 38: 73–79.
- 666 Ikeuchi, I., Mori, A. and Hasegawa, M. 2005. Natural history of *Phelsuma madagascariensis kochi* from a dry forest in Madagascar. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 26: 475-483.
- 667 Ilgaz, C. 2006. On specimens of *Darevskia armeniaca* (Sauria: Lacertidae: *Darevskia*) collected from Ardahan. *Turkish Journal of Zoology* 30: 47-54.
- 668 Ineich, I. 1999. Reptiles & amphibiens de la Republic de Djibouti. Rapport sur la mission herpetologique.
- 669 Ineich, I. and Chirio, L. 2000. Description d'un nouveau scincide de Republique Centrafricaine (Lacertilia: *Mabuya pendana*). *Bulletin de la Societe Zoologique de France* 125: 197-204.

- Ineich, I., and Chirio, L. 2004. L'archipel afro-montagnard et les affinités de son herpétofaune: description d'une espèce nouvelle indiquant des relations phylétiques entre le Cameroun et l'Afrique de l'est (Lacertilia, Scincidae, genre *Trachylepis*). *Bulletin de la Société Zoologique de France* 129: 317–331.
- Ineich, I., Schmitz, A., Chirio, L. and LeBreton, M. 2004. New species of *Leptosiaphos* (Scincidae) from Adamaoua Massif, Central-Northern Province, Cameroon. *Journal of Herpetology*
- Inger, R. F. 1960. A review of the agamid lizards of the genus *Phoxophrys* Hubrecht. *Copeia* 1960: 221–225.
- Inger, R. F. and Greenberg, B. 1966. Annual reproductive patterns of lizards from a Bornean rain forest. *Ecology* 47: 1007–1021.
- Inger, R. F., Bradley, S. H., Mammen, K. and Ramesh, B. 1984. A report on a collection of amphibians and reptiles from the Ponnudi, Kerala, South India. *Journal of Bombay Natural History Society* 81: 551–570.
- Inger, R. F., Lian, T. F., Lakim, M. and Yambun, P. 2001. New species of the lizard genus *Sphenomorphus*, (Lacertilia: Scincidae), with notes on ecological and geographic distribution of species in Sabah, Malaysia. *Raffles Bulletin of Zoology* 49: 181–189.
- Ingram, G. J. and Covacevich, J. 1989. Revision of the genus *Carlia* (Reptilia, Scincidae) in Australia with comments on *Carlia bicarinata* of New Guinea. *Memoirs of the Queensland Museum* 27: 443–490.
- Irschick, D. J., Vitt, L. J., Zani, P. A. and Losos, J. B. 1997. A comparison of evolutionary radiations in mainland and Caribbean *Anolis* lizards. *Ecology* 78: 2191–2203.
- Iskandar, D. 1994. New scincid lizard of the genus *Sphenomorphus* (Reptilia, Scincidae), from Java. *Treubia* 31: 25–30.
- Iverson, J. B., Smith, G. R. and Pieper, L. 2004. Factors affecting long-term growth of the Allen Cays rock iguana in the Bahamas. Pages 176–192 in Alberts, A. (editor). *Iguanas: Biology and Conservation*. University of California Press, Berkeley.
- Izhaki, I. and Haim, A. 1996. Adaptive morphometric variations in lizards of the genus *Agama* in Israel. *Israel Journal of Zoology* 42: 385–394.
- Jacobs, H. J. 2003. A further new emerald tree monitor lizard of the *Varanus prasinus* species group from Waigeo, West Irian (Squamata: Sauria: Varanidae). *Salamandra* 39: 65–74.
- Jacobson, N. H. G. and Broadley, D. G. 2000. A new species of *Panaspis* Cope (Reptilia: Scincidae) from southern Africa. *African Journal of Herpetology* 49: 61–71.
- Jaksic, F. M., Nunez, H. and Ojeda, F. P. 1980. Body proportions, microhabitat selection, and adaptive radiation of *Liolaemus* lizards in central Chile. *Oecologia* 45: 178–181.
- James, B. H., Donnellan, S. C. and Hutchinson, M. N. 2001. Taxonomic revision of the Australian lizard *Pygopus nigriceps* (Squamata: Gekkonidae). *Records of the South Australian Museum* 34: 37–52.
- James, C. D. 1991. Annual variation in reproductive cycles of scincid lizards, *Ctenotus*, in central Australia. *Copeia* 1991: 744–760.
- James, C. D. 1991. Growth rates and ages at maturity of sympatric scincid lizards, *Ctenotus*, in central Australia. *Journal of Herpetology* 25: 284–295.
- James, C. D. 1991. Population dynamics, demography and life history of sympatric scincid lizards (*Ctenotus*) in central Australia. *Herpetologica* 47: 194–210.
- James, C. D., Losos, J. B. and King, D. R. 1992. Reproductive biology and diets of goannas (Reptilia: Varanidae) from Australia. *Journal of Herpetology* 26: 128–136.
- Jerdon, T. C. 1853 Catalogue of the Reptiles inhabiting the Peninsula of India. Part 1. *Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal* 22: 462–479.
- Jessop, T. S., Madsen, T., Sumner, J., Rudiharto, H., Phillips, J. A. and Ciofi, C. 2006. Maximum body size among insular Komodo dragon populations covaries with large prey density. *Oikos* 112: 422–429.
- Jesu, R., Mattioli, F. and Schimmenti, G. 1999. On the discovery of a new large chameleon inhabiting the limestone outcrops of western Madagascar: *Furcifer nicosiai* sp. nov. (Reptilia, Chamaeleonidae). *Doriana* (=Annali Del Museo Civico Di Storia Naturale Giacomo Doria) 7 (or 8), 311: 1–14.
- Jewell, T. R. and Leschen, R. A. B. 2004. A new species of *Hoplodactylus* (Reptilia: Pygopodidae) from the Takitimu Mountains, South Island, New Zealand. *Zootaxa* 792: 1–11.
- Jimenez-Cruz, E., Ramirez-Bautista, A., Marshall, J. C., Lizana-Avia, M. and De Oca, A. N-M. 2005. Reproductive cycle of *Sceloporus grammicus* (Squamata: Phrynosomatidae) from Teotihuacan, Mexico. *Southwestern Naturalist* 50: 178–187.
- Jin, Y. T. and Liu, N. F. 2007. Altitudinal variation in reproductive strategy of the toad-headed lizard, *Phrynocephalus vlangalii* in North Tibet Plateau (Qinghai). *Amphibia-Reptilia* 28: 509–514.
- Joger, U. 1980. Eine neue art der gattung *Tarentola* (Sauria: Gekkonidae) aus Westafrika. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 1: 137–147.
- Joger, U. 1984. Die radiation der gattung *Tarentola* in Makaronesien. *Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg* 71: 91–111.
- Joger, U. 1984. Morphologische und biochemisch-immunologische untersuchungen zur systematik und evolution der gattung *Tarentola* (Reptilia: Gekkonidae). *Zoologische Jahrbucher. Abteilung für Anatomie und Ontogenie der Tiere*, 112: 137–256.
- Joger, U. 1993. On two collections of reptiles and amphibians from the Cape Verde Islands, with descriptions of three new taxa. *Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg* 159: 437–444.
- Joger, U. and Lambert, M. R. K. 1996. Analysis of the herpetofauna of the Republic of Mali, I. Annotated inventory, with description of a new *Uromastix* (Sauria: Agamidae). *Journal of African Zoology* 110:21–51.

700 Joger, U. and Mayer, W. 2002. A new species of *Mesalina* from Abd al-Kuri, Socotra archipelago, Yemen, and a preliminary molecular phylogeny for the genus *Mesalina*. *Fauna of Saudi Arabia*, 19: 497-505.  
 701 Johnston, G. and Bouskila, A. 2007. Sexual dimorphism and ecology of the gecko, *Ptyodactylus guttatus*. *Journal of Herpetology*, 41: 506-513.  
 702 Jongbloed, M. 2000. Wild about reptiles. Field guide to the reptiles and Amphibians of the UAE  
 Kaliontzopoulou, A., Carretero, M. A. and Llorente, G. A. 2008. Head shape allometry and proximate causes of head sexual dimorphism in *Podarcis* lizards: joining linear and geometric morphometrics. *Biological Journal of the Linnean Society*, 93: 111-124.  
 703 Karges, J. P. and Wright, J. W. 1987. A new species of *Barisia* (Sauria, Anguidae) from Oaxaca, Mexico. *Contributions in Science of the Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County*  
 704 Karsen, S. J., Lau, M. W. N. and Bogadek, A. 1986. Hong Kong amphibians and reptiles. The Provisional Urban Council, Hong Kong SAR.  
 705 Karsen, S. J., Lau, M. W. N. and Bogadek, A. 1998. Hong Kong amphibians and reptiles. 2nd edition. The Provisional Urban Council, Hong Kong SAR.  
 706 Kearney, M. 2002. Appendicular skeleton in amphisbaenians (Reptilia: Squamata). *Copeia*, 2002: 719-738.  
 707 Kerr, A. M., Powell, R. and Parmelee, J. S. 2005. *Ameiva erythrocephala* (Teiidae) on Sint Eustatius, Netherlands Antilles: baseline data on a small population in a severely altered habitat.  
 708 *Caribbean Journal of Science*, 41: 162-169.  
 709 Khan, M. S. 1988. A new cyrtodactylid gecko from northwestern Punjab, Pakistan. *Journal of Herpetology*, 22: 241-243.  
 710 Khan, M. S. 1991. A new *Tenuidactylus* gecko from the Sulaiman Range, Punjab, Pakistan. *Journal of Herpetology*, 25: 199-204.  
 711 Khan, M. S. 2001. Taxonomic notes on angular-toed Gekkota of Pakistan, with description of a new species of genus *Cyrtopodion*. *Pakistan Journal of Zoology* 31: 13-24.  
 712 Khan, M. S. 2006. The amphibians and reptiles of Pakistan. Krieger Publishing Company,  
 King, M. and Horner, P. 1989. Karyotype evolution in *Gehyra* (Gekkonidae: Reptilia). V. A new species from Papua New Guinea and the distribution and morphometrics of *Gehyra oceanica*  
 713 (Lesson). *The Beagle* 6: 169-178.  
 714 Kizirian, D. A. 1995. A new species of *Proctoporus* (Squamata: Gymnophthalmidae) from the Andean Cordillera Oriental of northeastern Ecuador. *Journal of Herpetology* 29: 66-72.  
 715 Kizirian, D. A. 1996. A review of Ecuadorian *Proctoporus* (Squamata: Gymnophthalmidae) with descriptions of nine new species. *Herpetological Monographs* 10: 85-155.  
 716 Kizirian, D. A. and Coloma, L. A. 1991. A new species of *Proctoporus* (Squamata Gymnophthalmidae) from Ecuador. *Herpetologica* 47: 420-429.  
 717 Kizirian, D. A. and McDiarmid, R. W. 1998. A new species of *Bachia* (Squamata: Gymnophthalmidae) with plesiomorphic limb morphology. *Herpetologica* 54: 245-253.  
 Klaver, C. and Bohme, W. 1988. Systematics of *Bradypodion tenue* (Matschie, 1892) (Sauria: Chamaeleonidae) with a description of a new species from the Uluguru and Uzungwe  
 718 Mountains, Tanzania. *Bonn Zoologische Beitrage* 39: 381-393.  
 719 Klaver, C. and Bohme, W. 1992. The species of *Chamaeleo cristatus* group from Cameroon and adjacent countries, West Africa. *Bonn Zoologische Beitrage* 43: 433-476.  
 720 Klein, W., Reuter, C., Bohme, W. and Perry, S. F. 2005. Lungs and mesopneumonia of scincomorph lizards. *Organisms Diversity and Evolution* 5: 47-57.  
 721 Kluge, A. G. 1964. A revision of the South American gekkonid lizard genus *Homonota* Gray. *American Museum Novitates* 2193: 1-42.  
 Klutsch, C. F. C., Misof, B., Grosse, W.-R. and Moritz, R. F. A. 2007. Genetic and morphometric differentiation among island populations of two *Norops* lizards (Reptilia: Sauria:  
 722 Polychrotidae) on independently colonized islands of the Islas de Bahia (Honduras). *Journal of Biogeography* 34: 1124-1135.  
 723 Knight, R. A. and Scudday, J. F. 1985. A new *Gerrhonotus* (Lacertilia: Anguidae) from the Sierra Madre Oriental, Nuevo Leon, Mexico. *Southwestern Naturalist*, 30: 89-94.  
 724 Koch, C., Venegas, P. J. and Bohme, W. 2006. A remarkable discovery: description of a big-growing new gecko (Squamata: Gekkonidae: Phyllopezus) from northwestern Peru. *Salamandra*  
 725 Kohler, G. 1996. A new species of anole of the *Norops pentapirion* group from Isla de Utila, Honduras. (Reptilia: Sauria: Iguanidae). *Senckenbergiana Biologica*, 75: 23-31.  
 Kohler, G. 1996. Additions to the known herpetofauna of the Isla de Utila (Islas de la Bahia, Honduras) with description of a new species of the genus *Norops* (Reptilia: Iguanidae).  
 726 *Senckenbergiana Biologica* 76: 19-28.  
 727 Kohler, G. 2001. Type material and use of the name *Anolis bourgeaei* Bocourt (Sauria: Polychrotidae). *Copeia*, 2001: 274-275.  
 728 Kohler, G. 2003. A new species of *Morunasaurus* from Peru (Reptilia, Squamata, Hoplocercidae). *Senckenbergiana Biologica* 82: 235-241.  
 729 Kohler, G. 2003. Reptiles of Central America. Herpeton Verlag, Offenbach.  
 730 Kohler, G. 2003. Two new species of *Euspondylus* (Squamata: Gymnophthalmidae) from Peru. *Salamandra* 39: 5-20.  
 Kohler, G. and Lehr, E. 2004. Comments on *Euspondylus* and *Proctoporus* (Squamata: Gymnophthalmidae) from Peru, with the description of three new species and a key to the Peruvian  
 731 species. *Herpetologica* 60: 501-518.  
 732 Kohler, G. and McCranie, J. R. 2001. Two new species of anoles from northern Honduras (Squamata: Polychrotidae). *Senckenbergiana Biologica* 81: 235-245  
 733 Kohler, G., Bohme, W. and Schmitz, A. 2004. A New Species of *Echinosaura* (Squamata: Gymnophthalmidae) from Ecuador. *Journal of Herpetology*, 38: 52-60.

- 734 Kohler, G., McCranie, J. R. and Wilson, L. D. 2001. A new species of anole from western Honduras (Squamata: Polychrotidae). *Herpetologica* 5: 247-255.
- 735 Kohler, G., Schroth, W. and Streit, B. 2000. Systematics of the Ctenosaura group of lizards (Reptilia: Sauria: Iguanidae). *Amphibia-Reptilia* 21: 177-191.
- 736 Kohler, G., Vesely, M. and Greenbaum, E. 2006. The Amphibians and Reptiles of El Salvador. Krieger Publishing Company, Malabar.
- 737 Kohler, J., Wagner, P., Visser, S. and Bohme, W. 2004. New country records of *Adolfus africanus* (Sauria: Lacertidae) - a rain forest lizard with disjunct distribution. *Salamandra* 39 (3/4):
- 738 Kohlsdorf, T. and Navas, C. A. 2006. Ecological constraints on the evolutionary association between field and preferred temperatures in Tropicurinae lizards. *Evolutionary Ecology* 20: 549-559.
- 739 Kohlsdorf, T. and Navas, C. A. 2007. Evolution of jumping capacity in Tropicurinae lizards: does habitat complexity influence obstacle-crossing ability? *Biological Journal of the Linnean Society*, 91: 393-402.
- 740 Kohlsdorf, T., Garland, T. and Navas, C. A. 2001. Limb and tail lengths in relation to substrate usage in *Tropidurus* lizards. *Journal of Morphology*, 248: 151-164.
- 741 Kok, P. J. R. 2005. A new genus and species of gymnophthalmid lizard (Squamata: Gymnophthalmidae) from Kaieteur National Park, Guyana. *Biologie*, 75: 35-45.
- 742 Kolbe, J. J., Colbert, P. L. and Smith, B. E. 2008. Niche relationships and interspecific interactions in Antiguan lizard communities. *Copeia* 2008: 261-272.
- 743 Kopstein, P. F. 1926. Reptilien von den Molukken und den benachbarten Inseln. *Zoologische Mededelingen* 1: 71-112.
- 744 Kopstein, P. F. 1927. Die reptilienfauna der Sula-Inseln. *Treubia*, 9: 437-446.
- 745 Kratochvil, L. and Frynta, D. 2002. Body size, male combat and the evolution of sexual dimorphism in eublepharid geckos (Squamata: Eublepharidae). *Biological Journal of the Linnean Society* 76: 303-314.
- 746 Kratochvil, L. and Frynta, D. 2006. Body-size effect on egg size in eublepharid geckos (Squamata: Eublepharidae), lizards with invariant clutch size: negative allometry for egg size in ectotherms is not universal. *Biological Journal of the Linnean Society* 88: 527-532.
- 747 Kraus, F. 2005. The genus *Nactus* (Lacertilia : Gekkonidae): a phylogenetic analysis and description of two new species from the Papuan Region. *Zootaxa* (1061): 1-28.
- 748 Kraus, F. 2007. A new species of *Cyrtodactylus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from western Papua New Guinea. *Zootaxa* 1425: 63-68.
- 749 Kraus, F. 2007. Taxonomic Partitioning within Papuan Members of the *Carlia novaeguineae* Complex (Squamata: Scincidae). *Journal of Herpetology*, 41: 410-423.
- 750 Kraus, F. and Allison, A. 2006. A new species of *Cyrtodactylus* (Lacertilia: Gekkonidae) from Papua New Guinea. *Zootaxa* 1247: 59-68.
- 751 Kruger, J. 1996. Beschreibung einer neuen art aus der gattung *Phelsuma* aus dem Sud-Osten Madagaskars. *Herpetofauna* 18: 14-18.
- 752 Krysko, K. L., Rehman, H. and Auffenberg, K. 2007. A new species of *Cyrtopodion* (Gekkonidae: Gekkoninae) from Pakistan. *Herpetologica*, 63: 100-113.
- 753 Kumlutas, Y., Oz, M., Durmus, H., Tunc, M. R., Ozdemur, A. and Dusen, S. 2004. On some lizard species of the Western Taurus range. *Turkish Journal of Zoology* 28 (2004) 225-236
- 754 La Marca, E. and Garcia Perez, J. E. 1990. A new species of high Andean *Anadia* (Sauria: Teiidae) from Paramo el Riecito, Estado Trujillo, Venezuela. *Herpetologica* 46: 275-282.
- 755 Lamar, W. W. 1985. A new *Lepidoblepharis* (Sauria: Gekkonidae) from the north coast of Colombia. *Herpetologica* 41: 128-132.
- 756 Lamborot, M. and Diaz, N. F. 1987. A new species of *Pristidactylus* (Sauria: Iguanidae) from central Chile and comments on the speciation in the genus. *Journal of Herpetology*, 21: 29-37.
- 757 Lamborot, M. and Ortiz, J. C. 1990. *Liolaemus pseudolemniscatus*, a new species of lizard from north Chico Chile (Sauria: Tropiduridae). *Gayana Zoologia* 54: 135-142.
- 758 Lancini V. A. R. 1968. El genero *Euspondylus* (Sauria: Teiidae) en Venezuela. *Publicaciones Ocasionales del Museo de Ciencias Naturales de Caracas* 12: 1-8.
- 759 Lancini, A. R. 1963. Una nuova especie del genero *Anadia* (Sauria: Teiidae) de Venezuela. *Publicaciones Ocasionales del Museo de Ciencias Naturales de Caracas, Zoologia*, 4: 1-2.
- 760 Lanza, B. 1978. A new Somali *Hemidactylus* (Reptilia Gekkonidae). *Monitore Zoologico Italiano Supplemento* 11: 111-117.
- 761 Lanza, B. 1978. *Mabuya ferrarai*, a new scincoid lizard from Somalia. *Monitore Zoologico Italiano Supplemento* 11: 271-280.
- 762 Lanza, B. 1978. On some new or interesting east African amphibians and reptiles. *Monitore Zoologico Italiano Supplemento* 10: 229-297.
- 763 Lanza, B. 1979. *Lygosoma simonettae*, a new black-headed skink from Somalia (Reptilia Scincidae). *Monitore Zoologico Italiano (supplemento)* 12: 25-32.
- 764 Lanza, B. 1982. On some *Phyllodactylus* from the Galapagos Islands (Reptilia Gekkonidae). *Cura del Museo Zoologico dell'Università di Firenze*, 4: 149-182.
- 765 Lanza, B. and Carfi, S. 1966. Note su alcuni Scincidae della Somalia e descrizione di una nuova specie di *Mochlus* (Reptilia, Squamata). *Monitore Zoologico Italiano Supplemento* 74: 34-43.
- 766 Lanza, B. and Carfi, S. 1968. Gli scincidi della Somalia (Reptilia, Squamata). *Monitore Zoologico Italiano* 2: 207-260.
- 767 Lanza, B. and Sassi, A. R. 1968. On a new genus and species of gekkonid lizard from Somalia. *Monitore Zoologico Italiano*, 2 (supplemento):17-26.
- 768 Lanza, B. and Vanni, S. 1976. On a small collection of reptiles from north Zaire. *Monitore Zoologico Italiano* 8: 129-160.
- 769 Lappin, A. K. and Swinney, E. J. 1999. Sexual dimorphism as it relates to natural history of leopard lizards (Crotaphytidae: Gambelia). *Copeia* 1999: 649-660.
- 770 Lara-Gongora, G. 1983. Two new species of the lizard genus *Sceloporus* (Reptilia, Sauria, Iguanidae) from the Ajusco and Ocuilan Sierras, Mexico. *Bulletin of the Maryland Herpetological Society* 19: 1-14

- Lara-Gongora, G. 2004. A new species of *Sceloporus* (Reptilia, Sauria: Phrynosomatidae) of the grammicus complex from Chihuahua and Sonora, Mexico. *Bulletin of the Maryland Herpetological Society* 40: 1-41.
- Largen, M. L. 1995. A new species of chameleon (Reptilia Sauria Chamaeleonidae) from montane forest in Ethiopia. *Tropical Zoology* 8: 333-339.
- Laspiur, A., Acosta, J. C. and Abdala, C. S. 2007. A new species of *Leiosaurus* (Iguania: Leiosauridae) from central-western Argentina. *Zootaxa* 1470: 47-57.
- Laurent, R. F. 1952. Batraciens et Reptiles récemment acquis par le Musée du Congo Belge. *Revue de Zoologie et de Botanique Africaine* 44: 198-203.
- Laurent, R. F. 1952. Reptiles et batraciens nouveaux de la région des Grands Lacs africains. *Revue de Zoologie et de Botanique Africaine*, Bruxelles, 46: 269-279.
- Laurent, R. F. 1952. Reptiles et batraciens nouveaux du massif du Mont Kabobo et du plateau des Marungu. *Revue de Zoologie et de Botanique Africaine* 46: 18-34.
- Laurent, R. F. 1964. Reptiles et Amphibiens de l'Angola (Troisième contribution). *Companhia de Diamantes de Angola (Diamang), Servicos Culturais, Museu do Dundo (Angola)*, 67: 1-165.
- Laurent, R. F. 1982. Description de trois espèces nouvelles du genre *Liolaemus* (Sauria, Iguanidae). *Spixiana (Munich)* 5: 139-147.
- Laurent, R. F. 1982. Description de trois espèces nouvelles du genre *Liolaemus* (Sauria, Iguanidae). *Spixiana (Munich)* 5: 139-147.
- Laurent, R. F. 1982. Deux lézards intéressants de la cuvette centrale zairoise. *Revue de Zoologie Africaine* 96: 439-444.
- Laurent, R. F. 1986. Descripciones de nuevas Iguanidae del género *Liolaemus*. *Acta Zoologica Lilloana* 38: 87-105.
- Laurent, R. F. 1990. An isolated species of the genus *Liolaemus* Wiegmann Iguanidae Lacertilia. *Acta Zoologica Lilloana* 39: 79-84.
- Laurent, R. F. 1992. On some new and little known species of *Liolaemus* Iguanidae from Jujuy Province Argentina. *Acta Zoologica Lilloana* 40: 91-108.
- Laurent, R. F. 1992. On some overlooked species of the genus *Liolaemus* Wiegmann (Reptilia Tropicuridae) from Peru. *Breviora* 494: 1-33.
- Laurent, R. F. 1998. New forms of lizards of the subgenus *Eulaemus* of the genus *Liolaemus* (Reptilia: Squamata: Tropicuridae) from Peru and Northern Chile. *Acta Zoologica Lilloana* 44: 1-115.
- Lazell, J. D. 1972. The anoles (Sauria: Iguanidae) of the Lesser Antilles. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology* 143: 1-115.
- Lazell, J. D. 1973. The lizard genus *Iguana* in the Lesser Antilles. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology*, 143: 1-28.
- Lazell, J. D. 1992. New flying lizards and predictive biogeography of two Asian archipelagos. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology* 152: 475-505.
- Lazell, J. D. 1994. A new *Sphaerodactylus* (Sauria: Gekkonidae) from Bequia, Grenada Bank, Lesser Antilles. *Breviora* 496: 1-20.
- Lazell, J. D. 2002. The herpetofauna of Shek Kwu Chau, South China Sea, with description of two new colubrid snakes. *Memoirs of the Hong Kong Natural History Society* 25: 1-82.
- Le Berre, M. 1989. Faune du Sahara 1. Poissons, Amphibiens, Reptiles. Lechevalier, R. Chabaud, Paris.
- Leal, M. and Losos, J. B. 2000. Behavior and ecology of the Cuban "Chipojos Bobos" *Chamaeleolis barbatus* and *C. porcus*. *Journal of Herpetology*, 34: 318-322.
- Lee, J. C. 2000. A Field Guide to the Amphibians and Reptiles of the Maya World: The Lowlands of Mexico, Northern Guatemala, and Belize. Cornell University Press. ISBN: 0801485878
- Lemos-Espinal, J. A., Smith, G. R. and Ballinger, R. E. 1996. Natural history of the Mexican knob-scaled lizard, *Xenosaurus rectocollaris*. *Herpetological Natural History* 4: 151-154.
- Lemos-Espinal, J. A., Smith, G. R. and Ballinger, R. E. 2004. Aspects of the ecology of a distinct population of *Xenosaurus platyceps* from Querétaro, Mexico. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 25: 204-214.
- Leptien, R. and Lui, W. 1997. Ein Gecko von der alten Seidenstrasse im Nordwesten Chinas, *Teratoscincus roborowskii* Von Bedriaga, 1906. *Sauria* 19, 3-6.
- Lerner, A. 2004. A new taxonomically isolated species of the genus *Phelsuma* GRAY, 1825 from the Ampasindava peninsula Madagascar. *Phelsuma* 12: 91-98.
- Leviton, A. E. and Anderson, S. C. 1967. Survey of the reptiles of the Sheikdom of Abu Dhabi, Arabian Peninsula. Part II. Systematic account of the collection of reptiles made in the Sheikdom of Abu Dhabi by John Gasperetti. *Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences*, 35:157-192.
- Leviton, A. E., Anderson, S. C., Adler, K. and Minton, S. A. 1992. Handbook to Middle East Amphibians and Reptiles. Society for the Study of Amphibians and Reptiles, St. Louis.
- Licht, P. and Gorman, G. C. 1970. Reproductive and fat cycles in Caribbean *Anolis* lizards. *University of California Publications in Zoology* 35: 1-52.
- Lidth de Jeude, T. W. 1887. On a collection of reptiles and fishes from the West-Indies. *Notes from the Leyden Museum* 9: 129-139.
- Lim, K. K. P. and Lim, L. J. 1999. The terrestrial herpetofauna of Pulau Tioman, Peninsular Malaysia. *Raffles Bulletin of Zoology*, Supplement 6: 131-155.
- Lima, A. F. B. and da Rocha, P. L. B. 2006. Ontogenetic change in plant consumption by *Tropidurus psammonastes*, Rodrigues, Kasahara & Yonenaga-Yassuda, 1988 (Tropiduridae), a lizard endemic to the dunes of the São Francisco River, Bahia, Brazil. *Revista Brasileira de Zoociencias* 8: 67-75.
- Liner, E. A. and Dixon, J. R. 1992. A new species of the *Sceloporus scalaris* group from Cerro Pena Nevada, Nuevo Leon, Mexico (Sauria: Iguanidae). *Texas Journal of Science* 44: 421-427.
- Linsdale, J. M. 1932. Amphibians and reptiles from lower California. *University of California Publications in Zoology* 38: 345-386.
- Lobo, F. and Espinoza, R. E. 1999. Two new cryptic species of *Liolaemus* (Iguania: Tropicuridae) from northwestern Argentina: resolution of the purported reproductive bimodality of *Liolaemus alticolor*. *Copeia* 1999: 122-140.
- Lobo, F. and Espinoza, R. E. 2004. Two new *Liolaemus* from the Puna region of Argentina and Chile: further resolution of purported reproductive bimodality in *Liolaemus alticolor* (Iguania: Liolaemidae). *Copeia* 2004: 850-866.

808 Lobo, F. and Quinteros, S. 2005. A morphology-based phylogeny of Phymaturus (Iguania: Liolaemidae) with the description of four new species from Argentina. *Papeis Avulsos de Zoologia*  
 45: 143-177.  
 Lobo, F. and Quinteros, S. 2005. Taxonomic studies of the genus Phymaturus (Iguania: Liolaemidae): redescription of Phymaturus patagonicus Koslowsky 1898, and revalidation and  
 809 redescription of  
 810 Lonnberg, E. 1911. Reptiles, Batrachians and Fishes collected by the swedish Zoological Expedition to British East Africa 1911. *Kungliga Svenska Vetenskaps-Akademiens Handlingar*  
 811 Losos, J. B. 1990. Ecomorphology, performance ability and scaling of West Indian Anolis lizards: an evolutionary analysis. *Ecological Monographs* 60: 369-388.  
 812 Lotzkot, S. 2007. Taxonomie und zoogeographie der herpetofauna des Nirgua-Massivs, Venezuela. MSc Thesis, Johann Wolfgang Goethe-Universität, Frankfurt am Main.  
 813 Loveridge, A. 1928. Description of a new species of gecko from Tanganyika Territory, Africa. *Proceedings of the United States National Museum*, Washington 72: 1-2.  
 814 Loveridge, A. 1932. New races of a skink (Siaphos) and frog (Xenopus) from the Uganda Protectorate. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington* 45: 113-115.  
 815 Loveridge, A. 1932. New reptiles and amphibians from Tanganyika Territory and Kenya Colony. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology* 72: 375-387.  
 Loveridge, A. 1935. Scientific Results of an Expedition to rain forest regions in Eastern Africa. I. New Reptiles and Amphibians from East Africa. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative*  
 816 *Zoology*, 79: 1-19.  
 817 Loveridge, A. 1936. Scientific Results of an Expedition to rain forest regions in Eastern Africa. V. Reptiles. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology* 79: 209-337.  
 818 Loveridge, A. 1941. *Bogertia lutzae*—A new genus and species of gecko from Bahia, Brazil. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington* 54: 195-196.  
 819 Loveridge, A. 1941. Report on the Smithsonian-Firestone expedition's collection of reptiles and amphibians from Liberia. *Proceedings of the United States National Museum* 91: 113-140.  
 820 Loveridge, A. 1942. Scientific results of a fourth expedition to forested areas in east and central Africa. IV. Reptiles. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology* 91: 237-373.  
 821 Loveridge, A. 1944. Revision of the African lizards of the family Cordylidae. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology* 95: 1-118.  
 822 Loveridge, A. 1947. Revision of the African lizards of the family Gekkonidae. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology* 98: 1-469.  
 Loveridge, A. 1948. New Guinean reptiles and amphibians in the Museum of Comparative Zoology and the United States National Museum. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology*  
 823 101: 305-430.  
 824 Loveridge, A. 1952. A startlingly turquoise-blue gecko from Tanganyika. *Journal of the East African Natural History Society*, 20: 446.  
 825 Loveridge, A. 1953. Zoological Results of a fifth expedition to East Africa. III. Reptiles from Nyasaland and Tete. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology* 110: 142-322.  
 826 Loveridge, A. 1959. On a fourth collection of reptiles, mostly taken in Tanganyika territory by Mr. C. J. P. Ionides. *Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London* 133: 29-44.  
 Luiselli, L., Akani, G. C. and Capizzi, D. 1999. Is there any interspecific competition between dwarf crocodiles (*Osteolaemus tetraspis*) and Nile monitors (*Varanus niloticus ornatus*) in the  
 827 swamps of central Africa? A study from southeastern Nigeria. *Journal of Zoology* 247: 127-131.  
 828 Lynch, J. D. and Smith, H. M. 1965. New or unusual amphibians and reptiles from Oaxaca, Mexico. I. *Herpetologica* 24: 168-177.  
 829 Macculloch, R. D. and Lathrop, A. 2001. A new species of *Arthrosaura* (Sauria: Teiidae) from the highlands of Guyana. *Caribbean Journal of Science* 37: 174-181.  
 830 Macleay, W. 1877. The lizards of the Chevert Expedition. *Proceedings of the Linnean Society of New South Wales*, 2: 97-104.  
 831 Magnusson, W. E., de Paiva, L. J., da Rocha, R. M., Franke, C. R., Kasper, L. A. and Lima, A. P. 1985. The correlates of foraging mode in a community of Brazilian lizards. *Herpetologica*,  
 832 Maisano, J. A. 2002. Postnatal Skeletal Ontogeny in Five Xantusiids (Squamata: Scleroglossa). *Journal of Morphology* 254: 1–38.  
 833 Maisano, J. A. 2002. Terminal fusions of skeletal elements as indicators of maturity in squamates. *Journal of Vertebrate Paleontology* 22: 268–275.  
 Malkmus, R., Manthey, U., Vogel, G., Hoffmann, P. and Kosuch, J. 2002. Amphibians and reptiles of Mount Kinabalu (North Borneo). A.R.G. Gantner Verlag Kommanditgesellschaft.  
 834 Ruggell (Liechtenstein).  
 Manthey, U. and Denzer, W. 2006. A revision of the Melanesia-Australian angel head lizards of the genus *Hypsilurus* (Sauria: Agamidae: Amphibolurinae), with description of four new  
 835 species and one new subspecies. *Hamadryad*, 30 (1/2): 28.  
 836 Manthey, U. and Grossmann, W. 1997. *Amphibien & Reptilien Sudostasiens*. Munster: Natur und Tier–Verlag.  
 837 Manthey, U. and Schuster, N. 1992. *Agamn. Terrarien Bibliothek*, Munster  
 838 Manthey, U. and Schuster, N. 1996. *Agamid Lizards*. TFH Publications, Muenster.  
 839 Manzani, P. R. and Abe, A. S. 1990. A new species of *Tapinurus* from the caatinga of Piaui northeastern Brazil Squamata Tropicuridae [*Tapinurus helenae*]. *Herpetologica* 46: 462-467.  
 840 Manzani, P. R. and Abe, A. S. 2002. A new species of *Tupinambis* Daudin, 1803 from Southeastern Brazil (Squamata, Teiidae). *Arquivos do Museu Nacional Rio de Janeiro* 60: 295-302.  
 Markevich, A. L. and Taphorn, D. C. 1994. A new *Lepidoblepharis* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from the Paraguana Peninsula, Venezuela, with comments on its conservation status.  
 841 *Herpetologica* 50: 7-14.

842 Markezich, A. L., Cole, C. J. and Dessauer, H. C. 1997. The blue and green whiptail lizards (Squamata, Teiidae, Cnemidophorus) of the Peninsula de Paraguana, Venezuela : systematics,  
 843 ecology, descriptions of two new taxa, and relationships to whiptails of the Guianas. American Museum novitates 3207: 1-60.  
 844 Marquet, P. A., Bozinovic, F., Medel, R. G., Werner, Y. L. and Jaksic, F. M. 1990. Ecology of *Garthia gaudichaudi*, a gecko endemic to the semiarid region of Chile. Journal of Herpetology,  
 845 Martins, E. P. 1993. A comparative study of the evolution of *Sceloporus* push-up displays. American Naturalist 142: 994-1018.  
 846 Martins, M. 1991. The lizards of Balbina, Central Amazonia, Brazil: a qualitative analysis of resource utilization. Studies on Neotropical Fauna and Environment 26: 179-190.  
 847 Marx, H. 1956. A new lacertid lizard from Angola. Fieldiana Zoology, 39: 5-9.  
 848 Marx, H. 1960. A new iguanid lizard of the genus *Ctenoblepharis*. Fieldiana Zoology 39: 407-409.  
 849 Mata-Silva, V. and Ramirez-Bautista, A. 2005. Reproductive characteristics of two syntopic, widely foraging lizards, *Aspidoscelis deppii* and *Aspidoscelis guttata* from Oaxaca, Mexico.  
 850 Southwestern Naturalist 50: 262-267.  
 851 Mateo, J. A., Geniez, P., Lopez-Jurado, L. F. and Bons, J. 1999. Chorological analysis and morphological variations of Saurians of the genus *Uromastix* (Reptilia: Agamidae) in western  
 852 Sahara. Description of two new taxa. Rev. Esp. Herp. 12: 97-109.  
 853 Mateo, J. A., Marquez, M. G., Juado, L. F. L. and Barahona, F. 2001. Descripcion del lagarto gigante de La Palma (Islas Canarias) a partir de restos subfosiles. Revista Espanola de  
 854 Herpetologia 15: 53-59.  
 855 Matschie, P. 1892. Über eine kleine sammlung von saugethieren und reptilien, welche Herr L. Conradt aus Usambara (Deutsch Ostafrika) heimgebracht hat. Sitzungsberichte der Gesellschaft  
 856 Naturforschender Freunde zu Berlin (1892): 101-110.  
 857 Matschie, P. 1893. Über einige von Herrn Oscar Neumann bei Aden gesammelte u. beobachtete Säugethiere, Reptilien und Amphibien. Sber. Berlinische Gesellschaft Naturforschender  
 858 Freunde, Berlin 1893: 24-31.  
 859 Mausfeld, P. and Bohme, W. 2002. A new *Mabuya* from Java, Indonesia. Salamandra 38: 135-144.  
 860 Mausfeld, P. and Vrcibradic, D. 2002. On the Nomenclature of the Skink (*Mabuya*) Endemic to the Western Atlantic Archipelago of Fernando de Noronha, Brazil. Journal of Herpetology,  
 861 Mayer, G. C. and Lazell, J. 2000. A new species of *Mabuya* (Sauria: Scincidae) from the British Virgin Islands. Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington 113: 871-886.  
 862 Maza, E. 2008. unpublished MSc Thesis, Tel Aviv University  
 863 McConkey, E. H. 1954. A systematic study of the North American lizards of the genus *Ophisaurus*. American Midland Naturalist 51: 133-171.  
 864 McConkey, E. H. 1955. A new lizard of the genus *Ophisaurus* from Mexico. Natural History Miscellanea of the Chicago Academy of Sciences 145: 1-2.  
 865 McCoy, C. J. 1970. a new alligator lizard from the Cuatro Ciénegas basin, Coahuila, Mexico. Southwestern Naturalist 15: 37- 44.  
 866 McCoy, E. D., Hartmann, P. P. and Mushinsky, H. R. 2004. Population biology of the rare Florida scrub lizard in fragmented habitat. Herpetologica 60: 54-61.  
 867 McCoY, M. 1980. Reptiles of the Solomon Islands. Wau Ecology Institute, Wau, Papua New Guinea.  
 868 Mccoy, M. 2006. Reptiles of the Solomon Islands. 2nd edition. Pensoft, Sofia.  
 869 McCranie, J. R. 1992. Rediscovery of the Honduran Giant Anole—*Norops loveridgei* (Sauria: Polychridae). Caribbean Journal of Science, 28: 233-234.  
 870 McCranie, J. R., Crus, G. A. and Holm, P. A. 1993. A new species of cloud forest lizard of the *Norops schiedei* group (Sauria: Polychrotidae) from northern Honduras. Journal of  
 871 Herpetology, 27: 386-392.  
 872 McCranie, J. R., Nicholson, K. E. and Kohler, G. 2001. A new species of *Norops* (Squamata: Polychrotidae) from northwestern Honduras  
 873 McCranie, J. R., Wilson, L. D. and Williams, K. L. 1992. A new species of anole of the *Norops crassulus* group (Sauria: Polychridae) from northwestern Honduras. Caribbean Journal of  
 874 Science, 28: 208-215.  
 875 McCranie, J. R., Wilson, L. D. and Williams, K. L. 1993. Another new species of lizard of the *Norops schiedei* group (Sauria: Polychrotidae) from northern Honduras. Journal of  
 876 Herpetology, 27: 393-399.  
 877 McGuire, J. A. 1996. Phylogenetic systematics of crotaphytid lizards. Bulletin of the Carnegie Museum 32: 1-143.  
 878 McGuire, J. A. 1998. Phylogenetic systematics, scaling relationships, and the evolution of gliding performance in flying lizards (genus *Draco*). PhD Dissertation University of Texas at  
 879 McGuire, J. A., and A. C. Alcala. 2000. A taxonomic revision of the flying lizards of the Philippine Islands (Iguania: Agamidae: *Draco*), with a description of a new species. Herpetological  
 880 Monographs 14: 81-138.  
 881 McKay, L. J. 2006. A field guide to the amphibians and reptiles of Bali. Krieger  
 882 McCranie, J.R., Wilson, L. D. and Kohler, G. 2005. Amphibians and reptiles of the Bay Islands and Cayos Cochinos, Honduras.

- Medica, P. A. 1967. Food Habits, Habitat Preference, Reproduction, and Diurnal Activity in Four Sympatric Species of Whiptail Lizards (*Cnemidophorus*) in South Central New Mexico. *Bulletin of the Southern California Academy of Sciences*, 66: 251-276.
- Meerman, J. 1984. *Mabuya brauni* hildae Loveridge 1953. considered a synonym of *M. brauni* Tornier 1902. (Sauria: Scincidae). *Amphibia-Reptilia* 5: 173-175.
- Méhely L. von 1909 Materialien zu einer Systematik und Phylogenie der muralis-ähnlichen Lacerten. *Annales Historico-Naturales Musei Nationalis Hungarici* 7: 409-621
- Meier, A. J., Noble, R. E. and Rathbun, S. L. 1993. Population status and notes on the biology and behavior of the St. Croix Ground Lizard on Green Cay (St. Croix, US Virgin Islands). *Caribbean Journal of Science* 29: 147-152.
- Meier, H. 1980. Zur Taxonomie und ökologie der gattung *Phelsuma* (Reptilia: Sauria: Gekkonidae) auf den Komoren, mit beschreibung einer neuen art. *Bonner Zoologische Beiträge* 31:
- Meier, H. 1984. Zwei neue formen der gattung *Phelsuma* von den Komoren (Sauria: Gekkonidae). *Salamandra* 20: 32-38.
- Meier, H. 1995 Neue nachweise von *Phelsuma borbonica* auf Reunion, Maskarenen, mit dem versuch einer taxonomischen einordnung. *Salamandra* 31: 33-40.
- Mertens, R. 1928. Neue inselrassen von *Cryptoblepharus boutonii* (Desjardin). *Zoologischer Anzeiger* 78: 82-89.
- Mertens, R. 1931. *Ablepharus boutonii* (Desjardin) und seine geographische Variation. *Zoologische Jahrbucher, Abteilung für Systematik, Geographie und Biologie der Tiere* 61: 63-210.
- Mertens, R. 1934. Die Inseln-Reptilien, ihre ausbreitung variation und arthildung. *Zoologica (Stuttgart)* 32, 1-209.
- Mertens, R. 1950. Notes on some Indo-Australian monitors (Sauria, Varanidae). *American Museum Novitates* 1456: 1-7
- Mertens, R. 1962. Die Arten und Unterarten der Geckonengattung *Phelsuma*. *Senckenbergiana Biologica* 43: 81-127.
- Mertens, R. 1963. Studien über die reptilienfauna Madagaskars. IV. Zwei neue arten der geckonengattung *Phelsuma*. *Senckenbergiana Biologica* 44: 349-356.
- Mertens, R. 1963. The geckos of the genus *Phelsuma* on Mauritius and adjacent islands. *Mauritius Institute Bulletin*, 5: 299-305.
- Mertens, R. 1964. Das chamaleon der Insel Pemba. *Senckenbergiana Biologica*, 45: 99-116.
- Mertens, R. 1964. Studien über die reptilienfauna Madagaskars V. Fünf neue rassen der geckonengattung *Phelsuma*. *Senckenbergiana Biologica*, 45: 99-112.
- Mertens, R. 1966. Die nichtmadagassischen arten und unterarten der geckonengattung *Phelsuma*. *Senckenbergiana Biologica* 47: 85-110.
- Mertens, R. 1966. Liste der rezenten amphibien und reptilien: Chamaeleonidae. *Das Tierreich* 83: 1-37.
- Mertens, R. 1968. Zur kenntnis der herpetofauna von Kamerun und Fernando Poo. *Bonn Zoologische Beiträge* 19: 69-84.
- Mesquita, D. O. and Colli, G. R. 2003. Geographical variation in the ecology of populations of some Brazilian species of *Cnemidophorus* (Squamata, Teiidae). *Copeia*, 2003: 285-298.
- Mesquita, D. O., Colli, G. R., Costa, G. C., Franca, F. G. R. , Garda, A. A. and Peres, A. K. 2006. At the water's edge: ecology of semiaquatic teiids in Brazilian Amazon. *Journal of Herpetology* 40: 221-229.
- Mesquita, D. O., Colli, G. R., Franca, F. G. R. and Vitt, L. J. 2006. Ecology of a Cerrado Lizard Assemblage in the Jalapao Region of Brazil. *Copeia* 2006: 460-471.
- Milne, T. and Bull, C. M. 2000. Burrow choice by individuals of different sizes in the endangered pygmy blue tongue lizard *Tiliqua adelaidensis*. *Biological Conservation* 95: 295-301.
- Milne, T., Bull, C. M. and Hutchinson, M. N. 2002. Characteristics of litters and juvenile dispersal in the endangered Australian skink *Tiliqua adelaidensis*. *Journal of Herpetology*, 36: 110-
- Minton, S. A. 1966. A contribution to the herpetology of West Pakistan. *Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History* 134: 31-184.
- Miralles, A. 2006. A new species of *Mabuya* (Reptilia, Squamata, Scincidae) from the Caribbean Island of San Andrés, with a new interpretation of nuchal scales: a character of taxonomic importance. *Herpetological Journal*, 16: 1-7.
- Miralles, A., Barrio-Amoros, C. L., Rivas, G. and Chaparro-Auza, J. C. 2006. Speciation in the "Varzea" flooded forest: a new *Mabuya* (Squamata, Scincidae) from Western Amazonia. *Zootaxa* 1188: 1-22.
- Miralles, A., Rivas Fuenmayor, G. and Barrio-Amoros, C. L. 2005. Taxonomy of the genus *Mabuya* (Reptilia, Squamata, Scincidae) in Venezuela. *Zoosystema* 27: 825-837.
- Miralles, A., Rivas, G. and Schargel, W. E. 2005. A new species of *Mabuya* (Squamata, Scincidae) from the Venezuelan Andes. *Zootaxa* 895: 1-11.
- Mitchell, F. J. 1965. Australian geckos assigned to the genus *Gehyra* Gray (Reptilia, Gekkonidae). *Senckenbergiana Biologica* 46: 287-319.
- Mitchell, P. K., Eaton, S. and Marsh, C. 2007. Biological and socio-economic research of the dry deciduous forests of Ampombofofo, Madagascar. *Frontier Madagascar Environmental Research Report* 13: 1-48.
- Miyata K. A. 1985. new *Lepidoblepharis* from the Pacific slope of the Ecuadorian Andes (Sauria: Gekkonidae). *Herpetologica* 41: 121-126.
- Mojica, B. H., Rey, B. H., Serrano, V. H., Ramirez-Pinilla, M. P. 2003. Annual reproductive activity of a population of *Cnemidophorus lemniscatus* (Squamata : Teiidae). *Journal of Herpetology* 37: 35-42.
- Molina, C. and Senaris, J. C. 2003. Una nueva especie del genero *Riolama* (Reptilia: Gymnophthalmidae) de las tierras altas del Estado Amazonas, Venezuela. *Memoria de la Fundacion La Salle de Ciencias Naturales*, 61: 5-19.



907 Molina, C., Senaris, J. C. and Ayarzagüena, J. 2002. Contribution to the knowledge of the taxonomy, Distribution, and natural history of *Leposoma hexalepis* (Reptilia: Gymnophthalmidae)  
 908 in Venezuela. *Herpetologica*, 58: 485–491.  
 909 Molina-Borja, M. 2003. Sexual dimorphism of *Gallotia atlantica atlantica* and *Gallotia atlantica mahoratae* (Lacertidae) from the eastern Canary Islands. *Journal of Herpetology* 37: 769-772.  
 910 Molina-Borja, M. and Rodriguez-Dominguez, M. A. 2004. Evolution of biometric and life-history traits in lizards (*Gallotia*) from the Canary Islands. *Journal of Zoological Systematics and*  
 911 *Evolutionary Research* 42: 44–53.  
 912 Monard, A. 1940. Resultats de la mission du Dr. Monard en Guinee Portugaise 1937–1938. *Arquivos do Museu Bocage, Lisbon* 11: 147-182.  
 913 Monard, A. 1949. Vertebres nouveaux du Cameroun. *Revue Suisse de Zoologie* 56: 731-745.  
 914 Monguillot, J. C., Cabrera, M. R., Acosta, J. C. and Villavicencio, J. 2006. A new species of *Liolaemus* (Reptilia: Iguanidae) from San Guillermo National Park, western Argentina. *Zootaxa*  
 915 Montanucci, R. R. 1971, Ecological and distributional data on *Crotaphytus reticulatus* (Sauria: Iguanidae): *Herpetologica* 27: 183–197.  
 916 Montanucci, R. R. 1973. Systematics and evolution of the Andean lizard genus *Pholidobolus* (Sauria: Teiidae). University of Kansas Museum of Natural History Miscellaneous Publications  
 917 Montanucci, R. R. 2004. Geographic variation in *Phrynosoma coronatum* (Lacertilia, Phrynosomatidae): Further evidence for a Peninsular Archipelago. *Herpetologica* 60: 117-139.  
 918 Montgomery, C. E., Mackessy, S. P. and Moore, J. C. 2003. Body size variation in the Texas horned lizard, *Phrynosoma cornutum*, from central Mexico to Colorado. *Journal of Herpetology*  
 919 37: 550-553.  
 920 Montoya, I. and Burns, K. C. 2007. Community-wide character displacement in New Zealand skinks. *Journal of Biogeography* 34: 2139-2147.  
 921 Moravec, J., El, Din, S. B., Seligmann, H., Sivan, N. and Werner, Y. L. 1999. Systematics and distribution of the *Acanthodactylus pardalis* group (Lacertidae) in Egypt and Israel. *Zoology in*  
 922 *the Middle East*, 17: 21-50.  
 923 Moreno, M. R., Moreno, J., Torres-Perez, F., Ortiz, J. C. and Breskovic, A. 2001. Catalogo Herpetologico Del Museo Del Mar De La Universidad Arturo Prat De Iquique, Chile. *Gayana* 65:  
 924 Mosauer, W. 1936. Description of a new *Phyllodactylus* from Mexico, with remarks on the status of *P. tuberculosus*. *Copeia*, 1936: 141-146.  
 925 Mouton, P. L. N. and VanWyk, J. H. 1993. Sexual dimorphism in cordylid lizards - a case-study of the drakensberg crag lizard, *Pseudocordylus melanotus*. *Canadian Journal of Zoology* 71:  
 926 Mukherjee, D., Bhupathy, S. and Nixon, A. M. A. 2005. A new species of day gecko (Squamata, Gekkonidae, Cnemaspis) from the Anaikatti Hills, Western Ghats, Tamil Nadu, India.  
 927 *Current Science* 89: 1326-1328.  
 928 Müller, L. 1923. Neue oder seltene reptilien und batrachier der Zoologischen Sammlung des bayr. Staates. *Zoologischer Anzeiger* 57: 49-61.  
 929 Muller, L. and Hellmich, W. 1939. *Liolaemus*-Arten aus dem westlichen Argentinien. I *Liolaemus darwini* (Bell) und *Liolaemus goetschi* n. sp. *Zool. Anz.* 128: 1-17  
 930 Murphy, R. W., Fu, J., Macculloch, R. D. Darevsky, I. S. and Kupriyanova, L. A. 2000. A fine line between sex and unisexuality: the phylogenetic constraints on parthenogenesis in lacertid  
 931 lizards. *Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society*, 130: 527–549.  
 932 Mushinsky, H. R. 1992. Natural history and abundance of southeastern five-lined skinks, *Eumeces inexpectatus*, on a periodically burned sandhill in Florida. *Herpetologica* 48: 307-312.  
 933 Myers, C. W. 1971. Central American lizards related to *Anolis pentaprin*: two new species from the Cordillera de Talamanca. *American Museum Novitates* 2471: 1-40.  
 934 Myers, C. W. 1973. Anguid lizards of the genus *Diploglossus* in Panama, with the description of a new species. *American Museum Novitates* 2523: 1-20.  
 935 Myers, C. W. and Donnelly, M. A. 2001. Herpetofauna of the Yutaje –Corocoro Massif, Venezuela: second report from the Robert G. Goelet American Museum–Terramar expedition to the  
 936 northwestern Tepuis. *Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History* 261: 1-85.  
 937 Myers, C. W., Donnelly, M. A. and Goelet, R. G. 1996. A new herpetofauna from Cerro Yaví, Venezuela : first results of the Robert G. Goelet American Museum-Terramar expedition to the  
 938 northwestern Tepuis. *American Museum Novitates* 3172: 1-56.  
 939 Myers, C. W., Williams, E. E. and McDiarmid, R. W. 1993. A new anoline lizard (*Phenacosaurus*) from the highland of Cerro de la Neblina, southern Venezuela. *American Museum*  
 940 *Novitates* 3070: 1-15.  
 941 Navarro, J. and Nunez, H. 1993. *Liolaemus patriciaturrae* y *liolaemus isabelae*, dos nuevas especies de lagartijas para el norte de Chile: aspectos biogeográficos y citotaxonomicos  
 942 (Squamata, tropiduridae). *Boletin del Museo Nacional de Historia Natural Santiago* 44: 99-113.  
 943 Navarro, N. P., Fernandez, A. V. and Garrido, O. H. 2001. Taxonomic reconsideracion of *Anolis centralis litoralis* and description of a new species of the argillaceus group (Sauria:  
 944 Iguanidae) for Cuba. *Solenodon* 1: 66-75.  
 945 Naya, D. E. and Bozinovic, F. 2006. The role of ecological interactions on the physiological flexibility of lizards. *Functional Ecology* 20: 601-608.  
 946 Necas, P. 1994. Bemerkungen zur Chamaleon-Sammlung des Naturhistorischen Museums in Wien, mit vorlaufiger Beschreibung eines neuen Chamaleons aus Kenia (Squamata:  
 947 *Chamaeleonidae*). *Herpetozoa* 7: 95-108.

- Necas, P., Modry, D. and Slapeta, J. R. 2003. *Chamaeleo* (*Trioceros*) *narraioica* n. sp (Reptilia Chamaeleonidae), a new chameleon species from a relict montane forest of Mount Kulal, northern Kenya. *Tropical Zoology*, 16: 1-12.
- Necas, P., Modry, D. and Slapeta, J. R. 2005. *Chamaeleo* (*Trioceros*) *ntunte* sp. n., a new chameleon species from Mt. Nyiru, northern Kenya. *Herpetozoa* 18: 125-132.
- Nevo, E., Gorman, G. C., Soule, M., Yang, S. Y., Clover, R. and Jovanovic, V. 1972. Competitive exclusion between insular *Lacerta* species (Sauria: Lacertidae). Notes on experimental introductions. *Oecologia*, 10: 183–190.
- Newman, D. 1994. Effects of a mouse, *Mus musculus*, eradication programme and habitat change on lizard populations of Mana Island, New Zealand, with special reference to McGregor's skink, *Cyclodina macgregori*. *New Zealand Journal of Zoology* 21: 443-456.
- Nicholson, K. E., Ibanez, R., Jarainillo, C. A. and Lips, K. R. 2001. Morphological variation in the tropical anole, *Anolis casildae* (Squamata: Polychrotidae). *Revista de Biología Tropical*
- Nieden, F. 1913. Neues Verzeichnis der Kriechtiere (außer den Schlangen) von Deutsch-Ostafrika, I. Teil: Reptilia. *Mitteilungen aus dem Museum für Naturkunde in Berlin* 7: 51-100.
- Nikolsky, A. M. 1899. *Contia statunini* n. sp., and *Agama rudrata* Oliv., from Transcaucasia [in Russian]. *Annuaire Musée Zoologique de l'Académie Impériale des Sciences de St.-Pétersbourg*, 4: 449-451.
- Nikolsky, A. M. 1899. Reptiles, amphibiens et poissons, recueillis pendant le voyage de Mr. N. A. Zaroudny en 1898. dans la Perse. *Annuaire Musée Zoologique de l'Académie Impériale des Sciences de St.-Petersbourg*, 4 [1899]: 375-417.
- Nikolsky, A. M. 1915. Faune of Russia and adjacent countries. Reptiles. Volume 1. Chelonia and Sauria. Petrograd. (Israel Program for Scientific Translations, Jerusalem 1963).
- Nilson, G., Rastegar-Pouyani, N., Rastegar-Pouyani, E. and Andren, C. 2003. Lacertas of South and Central Zagros Mountains, Iran, with descriptions of two new taxa. *Russian Journal of Herpetology* 10: 11-24.
- Noble, G. K. 1921. Some new lizards from northwestern Peru. *Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences* 29: 133-139.
- Noble, G. K. 1921. Two new lizards from northwestern Peru. *Annals of the New York Academy of Science* 29: 141-143.
- Noble, G. K. 1923. A new gekkonid lizard and a new brachycephalid frog from Colombia. *American Museum Novitates*, 88 :1-3.
- Noble, G. K. 1924. New lizards from northwestern Peru. *Occasional Papers of the Boston Society of Natural History* 5: 107-113.
- Nogueira, C. and Rodrigues, M. T. 2006. The genus *Stenocercus* (Squamata: Tropiduridae) in extra-Amazonian Brazil, with the description of two new species. *South American Journal of Herpetology* 1: 149-165.
- Nunez, H. and Fox, S. F. 1989. *Liolaemus puritamensis*, a new species of iguanid lizard previously confused with *Liolaemus multiformis* (Squamata: Iguanidae). *Copeia*, 1989: 456-460.
- Nunez, H. and Labra, A. M. 1985. *Liolaemus curis*, a new lizard from the Los Andes range, central Chile. *Copeia* 1985: 556-559.
- Nunez, H. and Navarro, J. 1992. *Liolaemus rosenmanni*, una nueva especie Chilena de lagartija relacionada al grupo 'ruibali'. *Boletín del Museo Nacional de Historia Natural, Chile* 43: 55-58.
- Nunez, H. and Yanez, J. 1983. *Ctenoblepharis audituvelatus* new species, a lizard from northern Chile (Reptilia Iguanidae). *Copeia* 1983: 454-457.
- Nunez, H. and Yanez, J. 1984. *Ctenoblepharis erroneus* nov. sp. de Iguanidae para la zona norte de Chile. *Museo Nacional de Historia Natural, Chile, Boletín* 40: 91-95.
- Nunez, H., Navarro, J. and Loyola, J. 1991. *Liolaemus maldonadae* y *Liolaemus cristiani*, dos especies nuevas de lagartijas para Chile (Reptilia, Squamata). *Boletín del Museo Nacional de Historia Natural (Santiago)* 42: 79-88.
- Nunez, H., Navarro, J., Garin, C., Pincheira-Donoso D. and Meriggio, V. 2003. *Phrynosaura manueli* y *Phrynosaura torresi*, nuevas especies de lagartijas para el norte de Chile (Squamata: Sauria). *Boletín del Museo Nacional de Historia Natural, Chile*, 52: 67-88.
- Nunez, H., Pincheira-Donoso, D. and Garin, C. 2004. *Liolaemus hajeki*, nueva especie de Lagartijade Chile (Squamata, Sauria). *Boletín del Museo Nacional de Historia Natural, Chile*, 53: 55-58.
- Nunez, H., Schulte, J. A. and Garin, C. 2001. *Liolaemus josephorum*, nueva especie de lagartija para el Norte de Chile. *Boletín del Museo Nacional de Historia Natural (Chile)* 50: 91-107.
- Nussbaum, R. A. and Raxworthy, C. J. 1994. A new rainforest gecko of the genus *Paroedura* Gunther from Madagascar. *Herpetological Natural History* 2 (1): 43-49.
- Nussbaum, R. A. and Raxworthy, C. J. 1994. The genus *Paragehyra* (Reptilia, Sauria, Gekkonidae) in southern Madagascar. *Journal of Zoology* 232: 37-59.
- Nussbaum, R. A. and Raxworthy, C. J. 1995. A new *Mabuya* (Reptilia: Squamata: Scincidae) of the aureopunctata-group from Southern Madagascar. *Journal of Herpetology*, 29: 28-38.
- Nussbaum, R. A. and Raxworthy, C. J. 1995. New *Uroplatus Dumeril* (Reptilia: Squamata: Gekkonidae) of the ebenau-group from the Anosy Mountains of Southern Madagascar. *Copeia*, 1995: 118-124.
- Nussbaum, R. A. and Raxworthy, C. J. 1995. Review of the scincine genus *Pseudoacantias* Barboza-Du-Bocage (Reptilia, Squamata, Scincidae) of Madagascar. *Herpetologica* 51: 91-99.
- Nussbaum, R. A. and Raxworthy, C. J. 1998. A new species of *Mabuya* Fitzinger (Reptilia: Squamata: Scincidae) from the high Plateau (Isalo National Park) of south-central Madagascar. *Herpetologica* 54: 336-343.
- Nussbaum, R. A. and Raxworthy, C. J. 1998. New Long-Tailed *Mabuya* Fitzinger from Lokobe Reserve, Nosy Be, Madagascar (Reptilia: Squamata: Scincidae). *Copeia* 1998: 114-119.

- 967 Nussbaum, R. A. and Raxworthy, C. J. 1998. Revision of the genus *Ebenavia* Boettger (Reptilia : Squamata : Gekkonidae). *Herpetologica* 54: 18-34.
- 968 Nussbaum, R. A., Raxworthy, C. J. and Ramanamanjato, J. B. 1999. Additional species of *Mabuya* Fitzinger (Reptilia : Squamata : Scincidae) from western Madagascar. *Journal of Herpetology* 33: 264-280.
- 969 Nussbaum, R. A., Raxworthy, C. J., Raselimanana, A. P. and Ramanamanjato, J. B. 2000. New species of day gecko, *Phelsuma* Gray (Reptilia: Squamata: Gekkonidae), from the Reserve Naturelle Integrale d'Andohahela, southern Madagascar. *Copeia*, 2000: 763–770.
- 970 Oftedal, O. T. 1974. A revision of the genus *Anadia* (Sauria, Teiidae). *Arquivos de Zoologia* (Sao Paulo) 25: 203-265.
- 971 Olsson, M., Shine, R., Wapstra, E., Ujvari, B. and Madsen, T. 2002. Sexual dimorphism in lizard body shape: The roles of sexual selection and fecundity selection. *Evolution* 56: 1538-1542.
- 972 Ord, T. J. and Blumstein, D. T. 2002. Size constraints and the evolution of display complexity: why do large lizards have simple displays? *Biological Journal of the Linnean Society*, 76: 1-14.
- 973 Orlov, N. L., Nguyen, T. Q. and Nguyen, S. V. 2006. A new *Acanthosaura* allied to *A. capra* Günther, 1861 (Agamidae, Sauria) from Central Vietnam and Southern Laos. *Russian Journal of Herpetology* 13: 61-76.
- 974 Ortiz, J. C. 1987. Une nouvelle espece de *Liolaemus* (Sauria, Iguanidae) du Chili. *Bulletin du Museum National D'Histoire Naturelle Section A Zoologie Biologie et Ecologie Animales* 9: 1-10.
- 975 Ortiz, J. C. 1989. Description de *Liolaemus silvai* sp. nov. (Sauria, Igaunidae) du 'norte Chico' du Chili. *Bulletin du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle* 11: 247-252.
- 976 Ortiz, J. C. 1994. Una nueva especie de largato altoandino del genero *Liolaemus* (Sauria, Tropiduridae). *Boletín de la Sociedad de Biología de Concepción* 65: 191-195.
- 977 Ortiz, J. C. and Marquet, P. 1987. Una nueva especie de lagarto altoandino: *Liolaemus islugensis* (Reptilia-Iguanidae). *Gayana Zoologia* 51: 59-63.
- 978 Ortiz-Zapata, J. C. 1980. Revision taxonomica del género *Tropidurus* en Chile. *Reunion Iberoamericana de Conservacion y Zoologia de Vertebrados* 1: 355-377 (1977)
- 979 Ota, H. 1989. A New Species of *Japalura* (Agamidae: Lacertilia: Reptilia) from Taiwan. *Copeia* 1989: 569-576.
- 980 Ota, H. 1989. A review of the geckos (Lacertilia: Reptilia) of the Ryukyu Archipelago and Taiwan. Pages 222-261 in M. Matsui, T. Hikida and R. C. Goris, editors. 1989. *Current herpetology in East Asia*. Herpetological Society of Japan, Kyoto.
- 981 Ota, H. 1989. The status of an Agamid Lizard, *Japalura swinhonis chapaensis* Bourret, 1937, from Vietnam. *Journal of Herpetology* 23: 447-450.
- 982 Ota, H. 1991. Taxonomic redefinition of *Japalura swinhonis* Gunther (Agamidae: Squamata), with a description of a new subspecies of *J. polygonata* from Taiwan. *Herpetologica* 47: 280-289.
- 983 Ota, H. 2000. On the validity of *Japalura yunnanensis popei* Wettstein, 1938 (Squamata: Agamidae)
- 984 Ota, H. and Crombie, R. I. 1989. A new lizard of the genus *Lepidodactylus* (Reptilia: Gekkonidae) from Batan Island, Philippines. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington* 102: 1-10.
- 985 Ota, H. and Nabhitabhata, J. A 1991. New species of *Gekko* (Gekkonidae: Squamata) from Thailand. *Copeia*, 1991: 503-509.
- 986 Ota, H. and Weidenhofer, T. 1992. The first male specimen of the poorly known agamid lizard *Japalura chapaensis* Bourret, 1937 (Reptilia: Sauria), from Northern Vietnam, with notes on its taxonomic status. *Raffles Bulletin of Zoology* 40: 193-199.
- 987 Ota, H., Chen, S.-L. and Shang, G. 1998. *Japalura luei*: a new agamid lizard from Taiwan (Reptilia: Squamata). *Copeia* 1998: 649-656.
- 988 Ota, H., Darevsky, I. S., Ineich, I. and Yamashiro, S. 2000. Reevaluation of the taxonomic status of two *Lepidodactylus* species (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from the Lesser Sunda Archipelago, Indonesia. *Copeia* 2000: 1109–1113.
- 989 Ota, H., Fisher, R. N., Ineich, I. C. and Case, T. J. 1995. Geckos of the genus *Lepidodactylus* (Squamata : Reptilia) in Micronesia: description of a new species and reevaluation of the status of *Gecko moestus* Peters, 1867. *Copeia* 1995: 183-195.
- 990 Ota, H., Hikida, T. and Matsui, M. 1991. Re-evaluation of the status of *Gecko verreauxi* Tytler, 1864, from the Andaman Islands, India. *Journal of Herpetology*, 25: 147-151.
- 991 Ota, H., Lau, M. W., Weidenhofer, T., Yasukawa, Y. and Bogadek, A. 1995. Taxonomic review of the geckos allied to *Gekko chinensis* Gray 1942 (Gekkonidae Reptilia) from China and Vietnam. *Tropical Zoology* 8: 181-196.
- 992 Ota, H., Lue, K. Y., Chen, S. H. and Brown, W. C. 1989. Taxonomic status of the Taiwanese gekko, with comments on the synonymy of *Luperosaurus amissus* Taylor. *Journal of Herpetology* 23: 76-78.
- 993 Pafilis, P., Foufopoulos, J., Poulakakis, N., Lymberakis, P. and Valakos, E. 2007. Digestive performance in five Mediterranean lizard species: effects of temperature and insularity. *Journal of Comparative Physiology B*. 177: 49-60.
- 994 Panfilov, A. M. 1999. *Mejpopulyatsionnie otiosheniia i vidovaia prinadkejnosty gornyx ligozomiykh kompleksa Asymblepharus alaicus Severo-Zapadnogo i Vnutrennego Tian-Shania*. *Izvestija nacional'noj Akademii Nauk Kyrghyzskoj Respubliki* (Bulletin of the National Academy of Sciences of Kyrgyzstan) 1: 51-55.
- 995 Papenfuss, T. J. 1969. Preliminary analysis of the reptiles of arid central West Africa. *The Wasmann Journal of Biology* 27: 249–325.
- 996 Papenfuss, T. P., Macey, J. R. and Schulte, J. A. 2001. A new species of lizard (genus *Xantusia*) from Arizona. *Scientific Papers of the Natural History Museum, University of Kansas* 23: 1-9
- 997 Parker, H. W. 1929. A new *Chamaeleon* from Mt. Ruwenzori. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* 3: 280-281.

- 998 Parker, H. W. 1932. Two collections of reptiles and amphibians from British Somaliland. *Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London* 1932: 335-367.
- 999 Parker, H. W. 1935. A new melanic lizard from Transjordan, and some speculations concerning melanism. *Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London* 1935: 137-142.
- 1000 Parker, H. W. 1935. The frogs, lizards, and snakes of British Guiana. *Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London* 1935: 505-530
- 1001 Parker, H. W. 1936. Dr. Karl Jordan's expedition to South West Africa and Angola: herpetological collections. *Novitates Zoologicae* 40: 115-146.
- 1002 Parker, H. W. 1942. The lizards of British Somaliland. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology* 91: 1-101.
- 1003 Parrish, G. R. and Gill, B. J. 2003. Natural history of the lizards of the Three Kings Islands, New Zealand. *New Zealand Journal of Zoology* 30: 205-220.
- 1004 Pasteur, G. 1962. Notes preliminaires sur les lygodactyles (gekkonides). II. Diagnose de quelques *Lygodactylus* d'Afrique. *Bulletin l'Institut Fondamental d'Afrique Noire*, 24 :606-614.
- 1005 Pasteur, G. 1964. Notes preliminaires sur les lygodactyles (gekkonides). IV. *Bulletin du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle*, Paris, 36: 311-314.
- 1006 Pasteur, G. 1964. Recherches sur l'evolution des lygodactyles, lezards Afro-Malagaches actuels. *Travaux de l'Institut Scientifique Cherifien, Serie Zoologie* 29: 1-132.
- Pasteur, G. 1967. Note preliminaire sur les geckos du genre *Lygodactylus* rapportes par Charles Blanc du Mont Ibity (Madagascar). *Bulletin du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle*, Paris, 39: 439-443.
- 1008 Pasteur, G. 1978. Note sur les sauriens du genre *Chalcides*. III. Description de *Chalcides levitoni* n. sp. D'Arabie Saoudite (Reptilia, Lacertilia, Scincidae). *Journal of Herpetology* 12: 371-
- 1009 Pasteur, G. 1995. Biodiversite et reptiles: diagnoses de sept nouvelles especes fossiles et actuelles du genre de lezards *Lygodactylus* (Sauria, Gekkonidae). *Dumerilia* 2: 1-21.
- Pasteur, G. and Blanc, C. P. 1991. Un lezard parthenogenetique a Madagascar? Description de *Lygodactylus pauliani* sp. no. (Reptilia, Gekkonidae). *Bulletin du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle*, Paris, 13: 209-215.
- 1011 Pasteur, G. and Broadley, D. G. 1988. A remote, insular species of the *Lygodactylus somalicus* superspecies (Sauria: Gekkonidae). *Amphibia-Reptilia* 9: 237-243.
- 1012 Patchell, F. C. and Shine, R. 1986. Food habits and reproductive biology of the Australian legless lizards (Pygopodidae). *Copeia*, 1986: 30-39.
- Patterson, G. B. 1997. South Island skinks of the genus *Oligosoma*: description of *O. longipes* n. sp. with redescription of *O. ottagense* (McCann) and *O. waimatense* (McCann). *Journal of the Royal Society of New Zealand* 27: 439-450.
- 1013 Patterson, G. B. and Daugherty, C. H. 1990. Four new species and one new subspecies of skinks, genus *Leiopisma* (Reptilia: Lacertilia: Scincidae) from New Zealand. *Journal of the Royal Society of New Zealand* 20: 65-84.
- 1015 Patterson, G. B. and Daugherty, C. H. 1994. *Leiopisma stenotis*, n. sp., (Reptilia: Lacertilia: Scincidae) from Stewart Island. *New Zealand. Journal of the Royal Society of New Zealand* 24:
- 1016 Patterson, J. W. 1990. Female reproductive cycles in two subspecies of the tropical lizard *Mabuya striata*. *Oecologia* 84: 232-237
- 1017 Paulissen, M. A. and Walker, J. M. 1994. Diet of the insular whiptail lizard *Cnemidophorus nigricolor* (Teiidae) from Grand Rocques Island, Venezuela. *Journal of Herpetology*, 28: 524-526.
- Pauwels, O. S. G. David, P., Chimsunchart, C. and Thirakhupt, K. 2003. Reptiles of Phetchaburi Province, Western Thailand: a list of species, with natural history notes, and a discussion on the biogeography at the Isthmus of Kra. *The Natural History Journal of Chulalongkorn University* 3: 23-53.
- 1018 Pauwels, O. S. G., Bauer, A. M., Sumontha, M. and Chanhom, L. 2004. *Cyrtodactylus thirakhupti* (Squamata: Gekkonidae), a new cave-dwelling gecko from southern Thailand. *Zootaxa*
- 1020 Pengilley, R. 1981. Notes on the biology of *Varanus spenceri* and *V. gouldii*, Barkly Tablelands, Northern Territory. *Australian Journal of Herpetology* 1(1): 23-26.
- Peracca, M. G. 1897. Rettili e Anfibi. Viaggio del Dott. Alfredo Borelli nel Chaco boliviano e nella Repubblica Argentina. *Bollettino dei Musei di Zoologia ed Anatomia Comparata della R. Università di Torino*, 12: 1-19.
- 1021 Peracca, M. G. 1904. Viaggio del Dr. Enrico Festa nell Ecuador e regioni vicine. *Bollettino dei Musei di Zoologia e Anatomia Comparata, Università del Torino* 19: 1-41.
- Peracca, M. G. 1907. Spedizione al Ruwenzori di S.A.R. Luigi Amadeo di Savoia Duca degli Abruzzi. Nuovi Rettili ed Anfibi; diagnosi preventive. *Bollettino dei Musei di Zoologia - Università del Torino* 22 (553): 1-3
- 1023 Pereyra, E. A. 1992. Nueva especie de lagarto andino: *Liolaemus vallecurensis* (Tropiduridae, Liolaeminae). *Noticiario Mensual del Museo Nacional de Historia Natural, Santiago* 321: 10-14
- 1025 Perez-Mellado, V. 1992. Ecology of lacertid lizards in a desert area of eastern Morocco. *Journal of Zoology* 226: 369-386.
- 1026 Perez-Ramos, E., Saldana de la Riva, L. and Campbell, J. A. 2000. A new allopatric species of *Xenosaurus* (Squamata: Xenosauridae) from Guerrero, Mexico. *Herpetologica* 56: 228-234.
- 1027 Pernetta, J. C. and Black, D. 1983. Species of gecko (*Lepidodactylus*) in the Port Moresby area, with the description of a new species. *Journal of Herpetology* 17: 121-128.
- 1028 Perret, J. L. 1973. Contribution a l'etude des *Panaspis* (Reptilia, Scincidae) d'Afrique occidentale avec la description de deux especes nouvelles. *Revue Suisse de Zoologie* 80: 595-630.
- 1029 Perret, J. L. 1975. Revision critique de quelques types de reptiles et batraciens africains. *Revue suisse de Zoologie* 82: 185-192.
- Perret, J. L. 1986. Revision des especes africaines du genre *Cnemaspis* Strauch, sous-genre *Ancylodactylus* Muller (Lacertilia, Gekkonidae), avec la description de quatre especes nouvelles. *Revue Suisse de Zoologie* 93: 457-505.
- 1030 Perry, G. 1989. Size and mass in five Israeli lizards (Reptilia: Lacertidae). *Israel Journal of Zoology* 36: 129-132.

- 1032 Perry, G., and Garland, T. Jr. 2002. Lizard home ranges revisited: effects of sex, body size, diet, habitat, and phylogeny. *Ecology* 83: 1870–1885.
- Peters, G. 1971. Die intragenerischen Gruppen und die Phylogenese der Schmetterlingsagamen (Agamidae: Leiolepis). *Zoologische Jahrbucher, Abteilung für Systematik, Geographie und*  
1033 *Biologie der Tiere* 98: 11-130.
- 1034 Peters, G. 1982. Eine neue Wirtelschwanzagame aus Ostafrika (Agamidae: Agama). *Mitteilungen aus dem Museum für Naturkunde in Berlin* 58: 265-268.
- 1035 Peters, G. 1984. Die krötenkopfagamen zentralasiens (Agamidae: Phrynocephalus). *Mitteilungen aus dem Museum für Naturkunde in Berlin* 60: 23-67.
- 1036 Peters, J. A. 1964. The lizard genus *Ameiva* in Ecuador. *Bulletin of the Southern California Academy of Sciences* 63: 113-127.
- 1037 Peters, J. A. and Orces, V. G. 1956. A third leaf-nosed species of the lizard genus *Anolis* from South America. *Breviora* 62: 1-8.
- 1038 Peters, W. C. H. 1863. Über einige neue Arten der Saurier-Gattung *Anolis*. *Monatsber. Konigl. Akad. Wiss. Berlin*. 1863: 135-149.
- Pethiyagoda, R. and Manamendra-Arachchi, K. 1998. A revision of the endemic Sri Lankan agamid lizard genus *Ceratophora* Gray, 1835, with description of two new species. *Journal of*  
1039 *South Asian natural History* 3: 1-50.
- 1040 Petren, K. and Case, T. J. 1997. A phylogenetic analysis of body size evolution in chuckwallas (*Sauromalus*) and other iguanines. *Evolution* 51: 206-219.
- 1041 Pianka, E. R. 1971. Comparative ecology of two lizards. *Copeia* 1971: 129-138.
- 1042 Pianka, E. R. 1982. Observations on the ecology of *Varanus* in the Great Victoria desert. *Western Australian Naturalist* 15: 37-44.
- 1043 Pianka, E. R. 1986. Ecology and natural history of desert lizards. Princeton University Press, Princeton.
- 1044 Pianka, E. R. 1994. Comparative ecology of *Varanus* in the Great Victoria desert. *Australian Journal of Ecology* 19: 395-408.
- 1045 Pianka, E. R. 1995. Evolution of body Size: Varanid lizards as a model system. *American Naturalist* 146: 298-414.
- 1046 Pianka, E. R. and King, D. R. editors. 2004. Varanoid lizards of the world. Indiana University Press.
- 1047 Pianka, E. R. and Parker, W. S. 1975. Ecology of Horned Lizards: A Review with Special Reference to *Phrynosoma platyrhinos*. *Copeia*, 1975: 141-162.
- 1048 Pianka, E. R. and Vitt, L. J. 2003. Lizards: windows to the evolution of diversity. University of California Press, Berkeley.
- 1049 Piantoni, C., Ibargüengoytía, N. R. and Cussac, V. E. 2006. Age and growth of the Patagonian lizard *Phymaturus patagonicus*. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 27: 385-392.
- 1050 Pincheira Donoso, D. 2004. Una nueva especie del genero *Phymaturus* (Iguania: Tropiduridae: Liolaemini) del centro-sur de Chile. *Multequina* 13: 57-70.
- 1051 Pincheira Donoso, D. and Nunez, H. 2003. *Liolaemus robertoi* sp. nov. puede distinguirse de cualquier otra especie del grupo ruibali. *Multequina* 12: 1-15.
- Pincheira-Donoso, D. and Scolaro, A. 2007. Iguanian species-richness in the Andes of boreal Patagonia: Evidence for an additional new *Liolaemus* lizard from Argentina lacking precloacal  
1052 glands (Iguania, Liolaeminae). *Zootaxa* 1452: 55-68.
- 1053 Pinto, A. C. S., Wiederhecker, H. C. and Colli, G. R. 2005. Sexual dimorphism in the Neotropical lizard, *Tropidurus torquatus* (Squamata, Tropiduridae). *Amphibia-Reptilia* 26: 127-137.
- 1054 Poe, S. and Ibanez, R. 2007. A new species of *Anolis* lizard from the Cordillera de Talamanca of Western Panama. *Journal of Herpetology*, 41: 263-270.
- 1055 Poglayen, I. and Smith, H. M. 1958. Noteworthy herptiles from Mexico. *Herpetologica* 14: 11-15.
- 1056 Pope, C. H. 1928. Four new snakes and a new lizard from South China. *American Museum Novitates* 325: 1-4.
- 1057 Pope, C. H. 1929. Notes on reptiles from Fukien and other Chinese provinces. *Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History* 58: 335-487.
- 1058 Pough, F. H., Preest, M. R. and Fusari, M. H. 1997. Prey-handling and the evolutionary ecology of sand-swimming lizards (*Lerista* : Scincidae). *Oecologia* 112: 351-361.
- 1059 Powell, R. 1999. Herpetology of Navassa Island, West Indies. *Caribbean Journal of Science* 35: 1-13.
- 1060 Powell, R. and Henderson, R. W. 2001. On the taxonomic status of some Lesser Antillean lizards. *Caribbean Journal of Science*, 37: 288-290.
- 1061 Powell, R. and Henderson, R. W. 2005. A new species of *Gonatodes* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from the West Indies. *Caribbean Journal of Science*, 41: 709-715.
- Powell, R., Henderson R. W. and Parmelee, J. S. 2005. The Reptiles and Amphibians of the Dutch Caribbean St Eustatius, Saba, and St Maarten. International Union for the Conservation of  
1062 *Nature* ISBN: 0967395887.
- 1063 Pregill, G. K. 1986. Body size of insular lizards: a pattern of Holocene dwarfism. *Evolution* 40: 997-1008.
- Pregill, G. K. 1992. Systematics of the West Indian lizard genus *Leiocephalus* (Squamata: Iguania: Tropiduridae). University of Kansas Museum of Natural History Miscellaneous  
1064 *Publications* 84: 1-69
- 1065 Pregill, G. K. and Steadman, D. W. 2004. South Pacific iguanas: Human impacts and a new species. *Journal of Herpetology* 38: 15-21.
- 1066 Puente, M., Raselimanana, A. P. and Vences, M. 2005. Rediscovery and redescription of the Malagasy dwarf gecko *Lygodactylus klemmeri*. *Zootaxa* 1073: 31-35.
- Punzo, F. 2007. Life history, demography, diet and habitat associations in the southwestern earless lizard, *Cophosaurus texanus scitulus* from northern and southern limits of its geographical  
1067 range. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 28: 65-76.

- 1068 Qualls, C. P., Shine, R. Donnellan, S. and Hutchinson, M. 1995. The evolution of viviparity within the Australian scincid lizard *Lerista bougainvillii*. *Journal of Zoology* 237: 13-26.
- 1069 Quinteros, A. S., Abdala, C. S. and Lobo, F. J. 2008. Redescription of *Liolaemus dorbignyi* Koslowsky, 1898 and description of a new species of *Liolaemus* (Iguania: Liolaemidae). *Zootaxa*
- Rabosky, D. L., Reid, J., Cowan, M. A. and Foulkes, J. 2007. Overdispersion of body size in Australian desert lizard communities at local scales only: no evidence for the Narcissus effect. *Oecologia* 154: 561-570.
- 1070
- 1071 Radder, R. and Shine, R. 2007. Germinal bed condition in a polyautochronic single-clutched lizard, *Bassiana duperreyi* (Scincidae). *Amphibia-Reptilia* 28: 159-162.
- Radtkey, R. R., Fallon, S. M. and Case, T. J. 1997. Character displacement in some *Cnemidophorus* lizards revisited: A phylogenetic analysis. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America* 94: 9740-9745.
- 1072
- Ramanamanjato, J. B., Nussbaum, R. A. and Raxworthy, C. J. 1999. A new species of *Mabuya* Fitzinger (Reptilia: Squamata: Scincidae) from the Onilahy River of south-west Madagascar. *Herpetological Journal* 9: 65-72.
- 1073
- Ramanamanjato, J. B., Nussbaum, R. A. and Raxworthy, C. J. 1999. A new species of *Mabuya* Fitzinger (Squamata: Scincidae: Lygosominae) from northern Madagascar. *Occasional Papers of the Museum of Zoology, University of Michigan* 728: 1-22.
- 1074
- Ramírez Leyton, G. M. and Pincheira Donoso, D. 2005. Fauna del Altiplano y Desierto de Atacama. *Phrynosaura Ediciones*, Chile.
- 1075
- Ramirez-Bautista, A. and Gonzalez-Romero, A. 2002. Some reproductive and feeding characteristics of the viviparous Mexican lizard *Sceloporus torquatus* (Phrynosomatidae). *Southwestern Naturalist* 47: 98-102.
- 1076
- Ramirez-Bautista, A. and Gutierrez-Mayen, G. 2003. Reproductive ecology of *Sceloporus utiformis* (Sauria : Phrynosomatidae) from a tropical dry forest of Mexico. *Journal of Herpetology*
- Ramirez-Bautista, A. and Olivera-Becerril, V. 2004. Reproduction in the boulder spiny lizard, *Sceloporus pyrocephalus* (Sauria: Phrynosomatidae), from a tropical dry forest of Mexico. *Journal of Herpetology* 38: 225-231.
- 1078
- Ramirez-Bautista, A. and Pardo-De La Rosa, D. 2002. Reproductive cycle and characteristics of the widely-foraging lizard, *Cnemidophorus communis*, from Jalisco, Mexico. *Southwestern Naturalist* 47: 205-214.
- 1079
- 1080 Ramirez-Bautista, A. and Vitt, L. J. 1997. Reproduction in the lizard *Anolis nebulosus* (Polychrotidae) from the Pacific coast of Mexico. *Herpetologica* 53: 423-431.
- 1081
- Ramirez-Bautista, A. and Vitt, L. J. 1998. Reproductive biology of *Urosaurus bicarinatus* (Sauria : Phrynosomatidae) from a tropical dry forest of Mexico. *Southwestern Naturalist* 43: 381-
- Ramirez-Bautista, A., Balderas-Valdivia, C. and Vitt, L. J. 2000. Reproductive ecology of the whiptail lizard *Cnemidophorus lineatissimus* (Squamata : Teiidae) in a tropical dry forest. *Copeia* 2000: 712-722.
- 1082
- 1083 Ramirez-Bautista, A., Barba-Torres, J. and Vitt, L. J. 1998. Reproductive cycle and brood size of *Eumeces lynxe* from Pinal de Amoles, Queretero, Mexico. *Journal of Herpetology* 32: 18-
- Ramirez-Bautista, A., Jimenez-Cruz, E. and Marshall, J. C. 2004. Comparative life history for populations of the *Sceloporus grammicus* complex (Squamata : Phrynosomatidae). *Western North American Naturalist* 64: 175-183.
- 1084
- Ramirez-Bautista, A., Ortiz-Cruz, A. L., Arizmendi, M. D. and Campos, J. 2005. Reproductive characteristics of two syntopic lizard species, *Sceloporus gadoviae* and *Sceloporus jalapae* (Squamata : Phrynosomatidae), from Tehuacan Valley, Puebla, Mexico. *Western North American Naturalist* 65: 202-209.
- 1085
- Ramirez-Bautista, A., Vitt, L. J., Ramirez-Hernandez, A., Quijano, F. M. and Smith, G. R. 2008. Reproduction and sexual dimorphism of *Lepidophyma sylvaticum* (Squamata: Xantusiidae), a tropical night lizard from Tlanchinol, Hidalgo, Mexico. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 29: 207-216.
- 1086
- 1087 Ramirez-Sandoval, E., Ramirez-Bautista, A. and Vitt, L. J. 2006. Reproduction in the lizard *Phyllodactylus lanei* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from the Pacific coast of Mexico. *Copeia* 2006: 1-9.
- 1088
- Rand, A. S. 1963. Notes on the *Chamaeleo bitaeniatus* complex. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology* 130: 1-29.
- 1089
- Rand, A. S., Gorman, G. C. and Rand, W. M. 1975. Natural history, behavior, and ecology of *Anolis agassizi*. *Smithsonian Contributions to Zoology* 176: 27-38.
- 1090
- Randriamahazo, H. J. A. R. 2002. Sexual size dimorphism in the lizard *Oplurus cuvieri cuvieri* (Squamata, Opluridae) from Madagascar. *African Zoology* 35: 287-293.
- Raselimanana, A. P., Raxworthy, C. J. and Nussbaum, R. A. 2000. A Revision of the Dwarf *Zonosaurus* Boulenger (Reptilia: Squamata: Cordylidae) from Madagascar Including the Description of Three New Species. *Scientific Papers of the Natural History Museum, University of Kansas* 18: 1-16.
- 1091
- 1092 Rastegar-Pouyani, N. 2000. Taxonomic status of *Trapelus ruderatus* (Olivier) and *T. persicus* (Blanford), and validity of *T. lessonae* (De Filippi). *Amphibia-Reptilia* 21: 91-102.
- 1093
- Rastegar-Pouyani, N. and Rastegar-Pouyani, E. 2001. A new species of *Eremias* (Sauria: Lacertidae) from highlands of Kermanshah Province, western Iran. *Asiatic Herpetological Research*
- 1094
- Raxworthy, C. J. 1991. Field observations on some dwarf chameleons (*Brookesia* spp) from rain-forest areas of Madagascar, with the description of a new species. *Journal of Zoology* 224:
- Raxworthy, C. J. and Nussbaum, R. 1995. Systematics, speciation and biogeography of the dwarf chameleons (*Brookesia*; Reptilia, Squamata, Chamaeleontidae) of northern Madagascar. *Journal of Zoology* 235: 525-558.
- 1095

- Raxworthy, C. J. and Nussbaum, R. A. 1993. A New Madagascan *Phelsuma*, with a review of *Phelsuma* Trilineata and Comments on *Phelsuma* Cepediana in Madagascar (Squamata: Gekkonidae). *Herpetologica*, 49: 342-349.
- 1096 Raxworthy, C. J. and Nussbaum, R. A. 1993. Four new species of *Amphiglossus* from Madagascar (Squamata: Scincidae). *Herpetologica* 49: 326-341.
- 1097 Raxworthy, C. J. and Nussbaum, R. A. 1994. A partial systematic revision of the day geckos, *Phelsuma* Gray, of Madagascar (Reptilia, Squamata, Gekkonidae). *Zoological Journal of the*
- 1098 *Linnean Society* 112: 321-335.
- Raxworthy, C. J. and Nussbaum, R. A. 2006. Six new species of occipital-lobed *Calumma* chameleons (Squamata: Chamaeleonidae) from montane regions of Madagascar, with a new
- 1099 description and revision of *Calumma brevicorne*. *Copeia* 2006: 711-734.
- 1100 Razzetti, E. and Msuya, C. A. 2002. Field guide to the amphibians and reptiles of Arusha National Park (Tanzania). Tanzania National Parks
- 1101 Reaney, L. T. and Whiting, M. J. 2002. Life on a limb: ecology of the tree agama (*Acanthocercus a. atricollis*) in southern Africa. *Journal of Zoology* 257: 439-448.
- 1102 Reed, C. A. and Marx, H. 1959. A herpetological collection from northeastern Iraq. *Transactions of the Kansas Academy of Sciences* 62: 91-122.
- 1103 Reeder, T. W. 1996. A new species of *Pholidobolus* (Squamata: Gymnophthalmidae) from the Huancabamba depression of northern Peru. *Herpetologica* 52: 282-289.
- 1104 Reeve, W. L. 1952. Taxonomy and distribution of the horned lizards genus *Phrynosoma*. *The University of Kansas Science Bulletin*, 34: 817-960.
- Richmond, J. Q. and Jockusch, E. L. 2007. Body size evolution simultaneously creates and collapses species boundaries in a clade of scincid lizards. *Proceedings of the Royal Society B*.
- 1105 274: 1701-1708.
- 1106 Rivas, G., Schargel W. E. and Meik, J. M. 2005. A new species of *Riama* (Squamata: Gymnophthalmidae), endemic to the Península de Paria, Venezuela. *Herpetologica* 61: 461-468.
- 1107 Robb, J. 1980. New Zealand Amphibians and reptiles in colour. Collins, Auckland.
- 1108 Rocha, C. F. D. 2000. Selectivity in plant food consumption in the lizard *Liolaemus lutzae* from southeastern Brazil. *Studies on Neotropical Fauna and Environment* 35: 14-18.
- 1109 Rocha, C. F. D., Araujo, A. F. B., Vrcibradic, D. and Costa, E. M. M. 2000. New *Cnemidophorus* (Squamata; Teiidae) from coastal Rio de Janeiro state, southeastern Brazil. *Copeia* 2000:
- 1110 Rocha, C. F. D., Vrcibradic, D. and Van Sluys, M. 2004. Diet of the lizard *Mabuya agilis* (Sauria; Scincidae) in an insular habitat (Ilha Grande, Rj, Brazil). *Brazilian Journal of Biology*, 64:
- 1111 Rochebrune, A. T. de 1884. Faune de la Senegambie. Reptiles. Octave Doin, Paris, 1-221.
- Rodrigues, M. T. 1984. Sobre *Platynotus* Wagler, 1830, pre-ocupado substituido por *Tapinurus* Amaral, 1933. , com a descricao de uma nova especie (Sauria, Iguanidae). *Papeis Avulsos*
- 1112 de *Zoologia* 35: 367-373.
- 1113 Rodrigues, M. T. 1984. Uma nova especie brasileira de *Tropidurus* com crista dorsal (Sauria, Iguanidae). *Papeis Avulsos de Zoologia* 35: 169-175.
- Rodrigues, M. T. 1986. Uma nova especie do genero *Phylllopezus* de Cabaceiras: Paraiba: Brasil; com comentarios sobre a fauna de lagartos da area (Sauria Gekkonidae). *Papeis Avulsos de*
- 1114 *Zoologia* 36: 237-250.
- 1115 Rodrigues, M. T. 1987. Sistematica, ecologia e zoogeografia dos *Tropidurus* do grupo *torquatus* ao sul do Rio Amazonas (Sauria, Iguanidae). *Arquivos de Zoologia (Sao Paulo)* 31: 105-230.
- 1116 Rodrigues, M. T. 1997. A new species of *Leposoma* (Squamata: Gymnophthalmidae) from the Atlantic forest of Brazil. *Herpetologica* 53: 383-389.
- 1117 Rodrigues, M. T. 2000. A new species of *Mabuya* (Squamata: Scincidae) from the semiarid Caatingas of northeastern Brazil. *Papeis Avulsos de Zoologia* 41: 313-328.
- 1118 Rodrigues, M. T. and Avila-Pires, T. C. S. 2005. New lizard of the genus *Leposoma* (Squamata, Gymnophthalmidae) from the lower Rio Negro, Amazonas, Brazil. *Journal of Herpetology*,
- 1119 Rodrigues, M. T. and Borges, D. M. 1997. A new species of *Leposoma* (Squamata: Gymnophthalmidae) from a relictual forest in semiarid northeastern Brazil. *Herpetologica* 53: 1-6.
- Rodrigues, M. T., Dixo, M., Pavan D. and Verdade, V. K. 2002. A new species of *Leposoma* (Squamata, Gymnophthalmidae) from the remnant Atlantic Forests of the state of Bahia, Brazil.
- 1120 *Papeis Avulsos de Zoologia* 42: 335-350.
- Rodrigues, M. T., Freire, E. M. X., Pellegrino, K. C. M. and Sites, J. W. 2005. Phylogenetic relationships of a new genus and species of microteiid lizard from the Atlantic forest of north-
- 1121 eastern Brazil (Squamata, Gymnophthalmidae). *Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society* 144: 543-557.
- Rodrigues, M. T., Freitas, M. A., Silva, T. F. S. and Bertolotto, C. E. V. 2006. A new species of lizard genus *Enyalius* (Squamata, Leiosauridae) from the highlands of Chapada Diamantina,
- 1122 state of Bahia, Brazil, with a key to species. *Phyllomedusa* 5: 11-24.
- Rodrigues, M. T., Zaher, H. and Curcio, F. 2001. A new species of lizard, genus *Calyptommatus*, from the Caatingas of the state of Piauí, northeastern Brazil (Squamata, Gymnophthalmidae).
- 1123 *Papeis Avulsos de Zoologia* 41 (28): 529-546
- 1124 Rogner, M. 1997. Lizards. Volume 1. Krieger Publishing Company, Malabar, FL.
- 1125 Rogner, M. 1997. Lizards. Volume 2. Krieger Publishing Company, Malabar, FL.
- Rojas-Gonzalez, R. I., Jones, C. P., Zuniga-Vega, J. J. and Lemos-Espinal, J. A. 2008. Demography of *Xenosaurus platyceps* (Squamata: Xenosauridae): a comparison between tropical and
- 1126 temperate populations. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 29: 245-256.

- Roll, B. 2000. Two sympatric *Lygodactylus* species in coastal areas of Eastern Africa (Reptilia, Gekkonidae). Pages 189–198 in G. Rheinwald, ed. Isolated vertebrate communities in the tropics: Bonner Zoologische Monographien 46. Zoologisches Forschungsinstitut und Museum A. Koenig, Bonn, Germany.
- 1127 Rosler, H. 2000. Kommentierte Liste der rezent, subrezent und fossil bekannten Geckotaxa (Reptilia: Gekkonomorpha). Gekkota 2: 28-153.
- 1129 Rosler, H. 2001. Eine neue grosswuchsiges Cyrtodactylus-Art von Neuguinea (Reptilia: Sauria: Gekkonidae). Zoologische Abhandlungen, Staatliches Museum für Tierkunde, Dresden 51: 61-1130
- Rosler, H. and Tiedemann, F. 2007. Gekko melli Vogt, 1922 and its types (Reptilia, Sauria, Gekkonidae). Mitteilungen aus dem Museum für Naturkunde in Berlin - Zoologische Reihe
- Rosler, H. and Wranik, W. 2006. The reptiles of the Socotra archipelago with special remarks on the slender blind snakes (Leptotyphlopidae: Leptotyphlops). pages 125-128 in Vences, M.,
- 1131 Kohler, J., Ziegler, T. and Bohme, W. (eds): Herpetologia Bonnensis II. Proceedings of the 13th Congress of the Societas Europaea Herpetologica.
- 1132 Rosler, H., Kohler, J. and Bohme, W. 2008. A new species of the diurnal gekkonid genus *Pristurus* Rüppell, 1835 from the Red Sea island Hanish al-Kabir, Yemen. Amphibia-Reptilia 29: 1133
- Rosler, H., Obst, F. J. and Seipp, R. 2000. A new species of day gecko from western Madagascar: *Phelsuma hielscheri* sp. n. (Reptilia: Sauria: Gekkonidae). Zoologische Abhandlungen, Staatliches Museum für Tierkunde, Dresden 51: 51-60.
- Rosler, H., Ziegler, T., Thanh, V. N. Herrmann, H.-W., and Bohme, W. 2004. A new lizard of the genus *Gekko* Laurenti, 1768 (Squamata: Sauria: Gekkonidae) from the Phong Nha - Ke
- 1134 Bang National Park, Quang Binh Province, Vietnam. Bonner Zoologische Beiträge 53: 135-148.
- 1135 Roughgarden, J. 1995. *Anolis Lizards of the Caribbean: Ecology, Evolution, and Plate Tectonics*. Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- 1136 Routman, E. J. and Hulse, A. C. 1984. Ecology and reproduction of a parthenogenetic lizard, *Cnemidophorus sonori*. Journal of Herpetology, 18: 381-386.
- 1137 Roux, J. 1927. Contribution à l'herpétologie du Venezuela. Verhandlungen der Naturforschenden Gesellschaft in Basel 38: 252-261.
- 1138 Rueda J. V. and Hernandez-Camacho, J. I. 1988. *Phenacosaurus inderrenae* (Sauria: Iguanidae), nueva especie gigante proveniente de la cordillera oriental de Colombia. Trianea 2: 339-350.
- 1139 Rueda, J. V. Williams, E. E. 1986. Una nueva especie de saurio para la Cordillera Oriental de Colombia (Sauria: Iguanidae). Caldasia 15: 511-524.
- 1140 Rueda-Almonacid, J. V. 1989. Un nuevo y extraordinario saurio de color rojo (Iguanidae: Anolis) para la Cordillera Occidental de Colombia. Trianea 3: 85-92.
- Rueda-Almonacid, J. V. and Rances Caicedo, J. 2004. Una especie nueva de *Anadia* (Reptilia, Sauria, Gymnophthalmidae) para el noroccidente de la cordillera Oriental de Colombia.
- 1141 Revista de la Academia Colombiana de Ciencias Exactas, Fisicas, y Naturales 107: 281-284.
- 1142 Ruibal, R. 1952. Revisionary studies of some South American Teiidae. Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology 106: 477-529.
- 1143 Russell, A. P. and Bauer, A. M. 1986. Le gecko geant *Hoplodactylus delcourti* et ses relations avec le gigantisme et l'endémisme insulaire chez les Gekkonidae. Mesogee 46: 25-28.
- 1144 Ruthven, A. G. 1916. Three new species of *Anolis* from the Santa Marta Mountains, Colombia. Occasional Papers of the Museum of Zoology, University of Michigan 32: 1-8.
- 1145 Ruthven, A. G. 1925. Lizards of the genus *Bachia*. Proceedings of the Boston Society of Natural History 28: 101-109.
- 1146 Ruthven, A. G. 1926 A new species of *Anadia* from the Santa Marta Mountains, Colombia. Occasional Papers of the Museum of Zoology, University of Michigan 117: 1-3.
- Sadler, R. A., Bauer, A. M. and Smith, S. A. 2006. A new species of *Nannoscincus* Günther (Squamata: Scincidae) from high elevation forest in southern New Caledonia. Records of the
- 1147 Australian Museum 58: 29-36.
- Sadler, R. A., Couper, P. J., Colgan, D. J., Vanderduys, E. and Rickard, E. 2005. A new species of scincid lizard, *Saproscincus eungellensis*, from mid-eastern Queensland. Memoirs of the
- 1148 Queensland Museum 51: 559-571.
- Sadler, R. A., O'Meally, D. and Shea, G. M. 2005. A new species of Spiny-tailed gecko (Squamata: Diplodactylidae: *Strophurus*) from inland Queensland. Memoirs of the Queensland
- 1149 Museum 51: 573-582.
- Sadler, R. A., Smith, S. A., Bauer, A. M. and Whitaker, A. H. 2004. A New Genus and Species of Live-Bearing Scincid Lizard (Reptilia: Scincidae) from New Caledonia. Journal of
- 1150 Herpetology 38: 320–330.
- 1151 Sakata, S. and Hikida, T. 2003. A fossorial lizard with forelimbs only: description of a new genus and species of Malagasy skink (Reptilia: Squamata: Scincidae). Current Herpetology 22: 9-1152
- Sakata, S. and Hikida, T. 2003. A new fossorial scincine lizard of the genus *Pseudoacontias* (Reptilia: Squamata: Scincidae) from Nosy Be, Madagascar. Amphibia-Reptilia 24: 57-64.
- 1153 Sallaberry, M., Nunez, H. and Yanez, J. 1982. *Liolaemus hernani* n. sp. de Iguanidae de la zona central de Chile. Boletín del Museo Nacional de Historia Natural, Chile 39: 93-99.
- Salvidio, S., Menegon, M., Sindaco, R. and Moyer, D. 2004. A new species of elongate seps from Udzungwa grasslands, southern Tanzania (Reptilia, Gerrhosauridae, *Tetradactylus* Merrem,
- 1154 1820). Amphibia-Reptilia 25: 19-27.
- Sarre, S. and Dearn, J. M. 1991. Morphological variation and fluctuating asymmetry among insular populations of the sleepy lizard *Trachydosaurus rugosus* (Squamata: Scincidae).
- 1155 Australian Journal of Zoology 39: 91-104.
- 1156 Savage, J. M. 2002. The Amphibians and Reptiles of Costa Rica. The University of Chicago Press, Chicago.
- 1157 Savage, J. M. and Talbot, J. J. 1978. The giant anoline lizards of Costa Rica and western Panama. Copeia 1978: 480-492.



- Schall, J. J. 1993. Community ecology of *Cnemidophorus* lizards in southwestern Texas: a test of the weed hypothesis. pages 319-343 in J. W. Wright and L. J. Vitt (editors), *Biology of Whiptail Lizards (Genus Cnemidophorus)*. Oklahoma Museum of Natural History, Norman.
- Schatti, B. and Desvoignes, A. 1999. The herpetofauna of southern Yemen and the Sokotra Archipelago. Museum d'Histoire Naturelle, Geneve.
- Schettino, L. R. 1999. The iguanid lizards of Cuba. University Press of Florida, Miami.
- Schimmenti, G. and Jesu, R. 1996. *Brookesia exarmata* sp. nov. (Reptilia, Chamaeleonidae); a new dwarf chameleon from the limestone outcrops of western Madagascar. *Italian Journal of Zoology*, 63: 193-197.
- Schleich, H. H. and Kastle, W. 2002. *Amphibians and Reptiles of Nepal*. Gantner Verlag, Koenigstein.
- Schleich, H. H., Kastle, W. and Kabisch, K. 1996. *Amphibians and reptiles of North Africa. Biology, systematics, field guide*. Koeltz Scientific, Koenigstein, Germany.
- Schlüter, U. 2004. Bemerkungen über *warantejus*, *Tejovaranus flavipunctatus* (Dumeril & Bibron 1839). *Sauria*, 26: 17-21.
- Schmidt, K. P. 1919. Contributions to the herpetology of the Belgian Congo based on the collection of the American Museum Congo expedition, 1909-1915 part I. turtles, crocodiles, lizards and chameleons. *Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History*, 39: 385-624.
- Schmidt, K. P. 1921. New species of North American lizards of the genera *Holbrookia* and *Uta*. *American Museum novitates* 22: 1-6.
- Schmidt, K. P. 1923. A list of Fijian lizards. *Copeia*, 116: 50-52.
- Schmidt, K. P. 1927. Notes on Chinese reptiles. *Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History* 54: 467-551.
- Schmidt, K. P. 1927. The reptiles of Hainan. *Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History* 54: 395-465.
- Schmidt, K. P. 1932. Reptiles and amphibians of the Mandel Venezuelan Expedition. *Field Museum of Natural History, Zoology Series* 18: 159-163.
- Schmidt, K. P. 1939. Contributions to the Herpetology of the Belgian Congo based on the collection of the American Museum Congo expedition, 1909-1915. Part II - Snakes. *Field Museum of Natural History Zool. Ser.* 24: 49-92.
- Schmidt, K. P. 1939. Reptiles and amphibians from southwestern Asia. *Field Museum of Natural History, Zoology Series* 24: 49-92.
- Schmidt, K. P. 1943. Amphibians and reptiles from the Sudan. *Field Museum of Natural History, Zoology Series* 24: 331-338.
- Schmidt, K. P. 1957. Notes on lizards of the genus *Dicrodon*. *Fieldiana Zoology* 39: 65-71.
- Schmidt, K. P. and Bogert, C. M. 1947. A new fringe-footed sand lizard from Coahuila, Mexico. *American Museum novitates* 1339: 1-9.
- Schmidt, K. P., and Noble, G. K. 1998. Contributions to the Herpetology of the Belgian Congo. Society for the study of Amphibians and reptiles.
- Schmidt, K. P., Lang, H. and Chapin, J. P. 1919. Contributions to the herpetology of the Belgian Congo based on the collection of the American Museum Congo Expedition, 1909-1915. Part I, Turtles, crocodiles, lizards and chameleons. *Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History* 39: 385-624.
- Schmidtler, J. F. and Bischoff, W. 1999. Revision des levantinischen *Lacerta laevis/kulzeri*-Komplexes: 1. Die Felseneidechse *Lacerta cyanisparsa* sp. n. *Salamandra*, 35: 129-146.
- Schmidtler, J. F., Eiselt, J. and Darevsky, I. S. 1994. Untersuchungen an Feldeidechsen (*Lacerte-saxicola*-Gruppe) in der östlichen Türkei: 3. Zwei neue parthogenetische Arten. *Salamandra*
- Schoener, T. W. 1970. Size patterns in West Indian *Anolis* lizards. II. Correlations with the sizes of particular sympatric species—displacement and convergence. *American Naturalist* 104: 104-112.
- Schoener, T. W. and Schoener, A. 1982. Intraspecific variation in home-range size in some *Anolis* lizards. *Ecology* 63: 809-823.
- Schoener, T. W., Slade, J. B. and Stinson, C. H. 1982. Diet and sexual dimorphism in the very catholic lizard genus, *Leiocephalus*, of the Bahamas. *Oecologia* 53: 160-169.
- Schonecker, P., Bach, S. and Glaw, F. 2004. Eine neue taggecko-art der gattung *Phelsuma* aus Ost-Madagaskar (Reptilia: Squamata: Gekkonidae). *Salamandra* 40: 105-112.
- Schulte, J. A., Losos, J. B., Cruz, F. B. and Nunez, H. 2004. The relationship between morphology, escape behaviour and microhabitat occupation in the lizard clade *Liolaemus* (Iguanidae: Tropidurinae: Liolaemini). *Journal of Evolutionary Biology* 17: 408-420.
- Schulte, J. A., Vindum, J. V., Win, H., Thin, T., Lwin, K. S. and Shein, A. K. 2004. Phylogenetic Relationships of the Genus *Ptyctolaemus* (Squamata: Agamidae), with a Description of a New Species from the Chin Hills of Western Myanmar. *Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences* 55: 222-247.
- Schwartz, A. 1959. Variation in lizards of the *Leiocephalus cubensis* complex in Cuba and the Isla de Pinos. *Bulletin of the Florida State Museum* 4: 97-143.
- Schwartz, A. 1968. The *Leiocephalus* (Lacertilia, Iguanidae) of Hispaniola. III. *Leiocephalus schreibersi*, *L. semilineatus*, and *L. pratensis*. *Journal of Herpetology* 24: 39-63.
- Schwartz, A. 1980. Variation in Hispaniolan *Anolis whitemani* Williams. *Journal of Herpetology*, 14: 399-406.
- Schwartz, A. and Henderson, R. W. 1991. *Amphibians and Reptiles of the West Indies*. University of Florida Press, Gainesville.
- Schwarzkopf, L. 2005. Sexual dimorphism in body shape without sexual dimorphism in body size in water skinks (*Eulamprus quoyii*). *Herpetologica* 61: 116-123.
- Scolaro, J. A. 2005. *Reptiles Patagonicos Sur. Una Guia de Campo*. Ediciones Universidad Nacional de la Patagonia, Trelew.
- Scolaro, J. A. 2006. *Reptiles Patagonicos Norte. Una Guia de Campo*. Ediciones Universidad Nacional de la Patagonia, Trelew.

- Scolaro, J. A. and Cei, J. M. 1997. Systematic status and relationships of *Liolaemus* species of the *archeforus* and *kingii* groups: a morphological and taxonumerical approach (Reptilia: Tropiduridae). *Bolletino del Museo Regionale di Scienze Naturali*, Torino 15: 369-406.
- 1194 Scolaro, J. A. and Cei, J. M. 2003. Some models of ecogeographic speciation explaining the herpetological Diversity of the Andean-Patagonian region. *Historia Natural* 2: 73-83.
- 1195 Scolaro, J. A. and Cei, J. M. 2003. Una excepcional nueva especie de *Phymaturus* de la precordillera de Chubut, Argentina (Liolaemidae, Iguania, Lacertilia, Reptilia). *Facena*, 19: 107-112.
- 1196 Scolaro, J. A. and Cei, J. M. 2005. *Phymaturus calcogaster*: rectificacion de la localidad tipo y descripcion de la hembra (Reptilia, Iguania, Liolaemidae). *Facena*, 19: 107-112.
- 1197 Scolaro, J. A. and Cei, J. M. 2006. A new species of *Liolaemus* from central steppes of Chubut, Patagonia Argentina (Reptilia: Iguania: Iguanidae). *Zootaxa* 1133: 61-68.
- 1198 Scolaro, J. A. and Cei, J. M. 2006. A new species of *Liolaemus* from central steppes of Chubut, Patagonia Argentina (Reptilia: Iguania: Iguanidae). *Zootaxa* 1133: 61-68.
- 1199 Scolaro, J. A., Tapari, F. O. and Gonzalez, C. 2005. *Phymaturus calcogaster*: rectificacion de la localidad tipo y descripcion de la hembra (Reptilia, Iguania, Liolaemidae). *Facena* 21: 29-36.
- 1200 Scortecchi, G. 1928. Rettili dell'Eritrea esistenti nelle Collezioni del Museo Civico de Milano. *Atti della Societa Italiana di Scienze Naturali, e del Museo Civico di Storia Naturale*, Milano
- 1201 Scortecchi, G. 1948. Un nuovo *Hemidactylus* della Somalia. *Bollettino dei Musei e degli Istituti Biologici dell'Università di Genova*, 22: 51-55.
- 1202 Seipp, R. 1994. Eine neue art der gattung *Phelsuma* Gray 1825 aus Zentral-Madagaskar (Reptilia: Sauria: Gekkonidae). *Senckenbergiana Biologica*, 74: 193-197.
- 1203 Sharma, R. C. 2002. The fauna of India and the adjacent countries: Reptilia: Volume 2: Sauria. *Fauna of India and the adjacent countries. Zoological Survey of India*.
- 1204 Shaw, C. E. 1960. Notes on the eggs, incubation and young of *Chamaeleo basiliscus*. *British Journal of Herpetology* 2: 182-185.
- 1205 Shcherbak, N. N. and Nekrasova, O. D. 1994. A contribution to the knowledge of gekko lizards of southern Vietnam with description of a new species (Reptilia, Gekkonidae). *Vestnik*
- 1206 Shea, G. M. 1991. The identity of *Lygosoma* (*Rhodona*) *goerlingi* Ahl, 1935. (Squamata: Scincidae). *Records of the Western Australian Museum* 15: 303-306.
- 1207 Shea, G. M. and Greer, A. E. 2002. From *Sphenomorphus* to *Lipinia*: generic reassignment of two poorly known New Guinea skinks. *Journal of Herpetology* 36:148-156.
- 1208 Shenbrot, G. I. and Semyonov, D. V. 1990. A new species of the genus *Phrynocephalus* (Reptilia, Agamidae) from Turkmenia. *Zoologicheskii Zhurnal* 69: 154-156.
- 1209 Sherbrooke, W. C. 1975. Reproductive cycle of a tropical teiid lizard, *Neusticurus ecleopus* Cope, in Peru. *Biotropica* 7: 194-207.
- 1210 Sherbrooke, W. C. 1997. Ditmars' horned lizard, or rock horned lizard: an historical update since rediscovery (1970). *Sonoran Herpetologist* 10: 6-8.
- 1211 Sherbrooke, W. C. 2002. *Phrynosoma modestum* (Round-tailed horned lizard). Death due to prey (beetle) ingestion. *Herpetological Review* 33: 312.
- 1212 Sherbrooke, W. C. 2002. Seasonally skewed sex-ratios of road-collected Texas horned lizards (*Phrynosoma cornutum*). *Herpetological Review* 33: 21-24.
- 1213 Sherbrooke, W. C. 2003. Introduction to Horned Lizards of North America. University of California Press, Berkeley, CA.
- 1214 Sherbrooke, W. C. and Middendorf, G. A. 2001. Blood-Squirting Variability in Horned Lizards (*Phrynosoma*). *Copeia* 2001: 1114-1122.
- 1215 Shine, R. 1986. Food habits, habitats and reproductive biology of four sympatric species of varanid lizards in tropical Australia. *Herpetologica*, 42: 346-360.
- 1216 Shine, R. and Greer, A. E. 1991. Why are clutch sizes more variable in some species than in others? *Evolution* 45:1696-1706.
- 1217 Shine, R., Harlow, P. S., Keogh, J. S. and Boadi. 1998. The allometry of life-history traits: insights from a study of giant snakes (*Python reticulatus*). *Journal of Zoology*, 244: 405-414.
- Shine, R., Keogh, J. S., Doughty, P. and Giragossyan, H. 1998. Costs of reproduction and the evolution of sexual dimorphism in a 'flying lizard' *Draco melanopogon* (Agamidae). *Journal of*
- 1218 *Zoology* 246: 203-213.
- 1219 Shrestha, T. K. 2001. Herpetology of Nepal: A study of amphibians and reptiles of Trans-Himalayan region of Nepal, India, Pakistan and Bhutan. *Pragati Pustaka Sadana*
- 1220 Shreve, B. 1940. Reptiles and amphibians from Burma with descriptions of three new skinks. *Proceedings of the New England Zoological Club* 18: 17-26.
- 1221 Shreve, B. 1949. On Venezuelan reptiles and amphibians collected by Dr. H.G. Kugler. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology* 99: 519-537.
- 1222 Shukla, V. N. 1983. A new species of the lizard *Hemidactylus* from Kanpur (India). *Indian Journal of Zootomy* 24: 81-83.
- 1223 Sinitsin, D. T. 1930. Description of a new species of *Neusticurus* from South America (Lizards, Teiidae). *American Museum Novitates* 408: 1.
- 1224 Smedley, N. 1931. Amphibians and reptiles from the Cameron Highlands, Malay Peninsula. *Bulletin of the Raffles Museum*, 6: 105-123.
- 1225 Smirina, E. M. and Ananjeva, N. B. 2007. Growth layers in bones and acrodont teeth of the agamid lizard *Laudakia stoliczkana* (Blanford, 1875) (Agamidae, Sauria). *Amphibia-Reptilia* 28:
- 1226 Smith, G. R. 1992. Sexual dimorphism in the curly-tailed lizard, *Leiocephalus psammmodromus*. *Caribbean Journal of Science* 28: 99-101.
- 1227 Smith, G. R. and Iverson, J. B. 1993. Reproduction in the curly-tailed lizard *Leiocephalus psammmodromus* from the Caicos Islands. *Canadian Journal of Zoology* 71: 2147-2151.
- 1228 Smith, G. R. and Nickel A. M. 2002. Sexual dimorphism in three Cuban species of curly-tailed lizards (*Leiocephalus*). *Caribbean Journal of Science*, 38: 140-142.
- Smith, G. R., Lemos-Espinal, J. A. and Ballinger, R. E. 2003. Body size, sexual dimorphism, and clutch size in two populations of the lizard, *Sceloporus ochoteranae*. *Southwestern*
- 1229 *Naturalist* 48: 123-126.
- 1230 Smith, G. R., Lemos-Espinal, J. A., Ballinger, R. E. 1997. Sexual dimorphism in two species of knob-scaled lizards (genus *Xenosaurus*) from Mexico. *Herpetologica* 53: 200-205.
- 1231 Smith, H. M. 1934. Notes on some Mexican lizards of the genus *Anolis* with the description of a new species, *A. megapholidotus*. *Transactions of the Kansas Academy of Science* 36: 318-

- 1232 Smith, H. M. 1937. A synopsis of the *Scalaris* group of the lizard genus *Sceloporus*. Occasional Papers of the Museum of Zoology, University of Michigan 361: 1-8.
- 1233 Smith, H. M. 1939. Notes on Mexican reptiles and amphibians. Zoological Series of Field Museum of Natural History 24 (4): 15-35.
- 1234 Smith, H. M. 1939. The Mexican and Central American lizards of the genus *Sceloporus*. Field Museum of Natural History, Chicago.
- 1235 Smith, H. M. 1942. Mexican herpetological miscellany. Proceedings of the United States National Museum 92: 349-395.
- 1236 Smith, H. M. 1946. Handbook of lizards. Lizards of the United States and Canada. Cornell University Press, Ithaca.
- 1237 Smith, H. M. 1951. A new species of *Leiolopisma* (Reptilia: Sauria) from Mexico. University of Kansas Science Bulletin 34: 195-200.
- 1238 Smith, H. M. 1968. Another new lizard from Mexico of the *schiedi* group of *Anolis*. Southwestern Naturalist, 13: 368-370
- 1239 Smith, H. M. 1968. Two new lizards, one new, of the genus *Anolis* from Mexico. Journal of Herpetology, 2: 143-146.
- 1240 Smith, H. M. 1972. A new satellite of the *Anolis gadovii* species swarm (Reptilia: Sauria) in Mexico. Journal of Herpetology, 6: 179-181.
- 1241 Smith, H. M. 1972. The sonoran subspecies of the lizard *Ctenosaura hemilopha*. Great Basin Naturalist 32: 104-111.
- 1242 Smith, H. M. and Bumzahem, C. B. 1953. A new lizard of the genus *Sceloporus* from the Isthmus of Tehuantepec. Herpetologica 9: 183-188.
- 1243 Smith, H. M. and Iverson, J. B. 1993. A new species of knobscale lizard (Reptilia: Xenosauridae) from Mexico. Bulletin of the Maryland Herpetological Society 29: 51-66.
- 1244 Smith, H. M. and Larsen, K. R. 1975. A new species of the *formosus* group of the lizard genus *Sceloporus*. Copeia, 1975: 47-50.
- 1245 Smith, H. M. and Van Gelder, R. G. 1955. New and noteworthy amphibians and reptiles from Sinaloa and Puebla, Mexico. Herpetologica 11: 145-149.
- Smith, H. M., Lemos-Espinal, J. A., Chiszar, D. and Ingrasci, M. J. 2003. The Madrean alligator lizard of the Sierra del Nido, Chihuahua, Mexico (Reptilia: Sauria: Anguidae). Bulletin of the Maryland Herpetological Society 39: 99-102.
- 1246
- 1247 Smith, H. M., Martin, R. L. and Swain, T. A. 1977. A new genus and two new species of South American geckos (Reptilia: Lacertilia). Papeis Avulsos de Zoologica, 30: 195-213.
- 1248 Smith, H. M. and Hall, W. P. 1974. Contributions to the concepts of reproductive cycles and the systematics of the *scalaris* group of the lizard genus *Sceloporus*. Great Basin Naturalist 34: 97-
- 1249 Smith, L. A. and Henry, J. 1999. *Aprasia picturata* (Squamata: Pygopodidae), a new legless lizard from the interior of Western Australia. Journal of the Royal Society of Western Australia 82:
- 1250 Smith, M. A. 1930. The reptilia and amphibia of the Malay peninsula from the Isthmus of Kra to Singapore, including the adjacent islands. Bulletin of the Raffles Museum 3: 1-149.
- 1251 Smith, M. A. 1931. The herpetology of Mt. Kinabalu, North Borneo, 13,455 ft. Bulletin of the Raffles Museum, 5: 8-32.
- 1252 Smith, M. A. 1937. A review of the genus *Lygosoma* (Scincidae: Reptilia) and its allies. Records of the Indian Museum 39: 213-234.
- 1253 Smith, M. A. 1937. Un nouveau lezard de Cochinchine. Bulletin du Muséum d'histoire naturelle 2 Ser. 9 p. 366.
- 1254 Smith, M. A. 1940. The Amphibians and Reptiles obtained by Mr. Ronald Kaulback in Upper Burma. Records of the Indian Museum 42: 465-486.
- 1255 Smith, M. A., 1935. The Fauna of British India, including Ceylon and Burma. Reptilia and Amphibia. Vol. II. Sauria. Taylor & Francis, London.
- 1256 Song, M. 1985. A new species of *Gekko* from Shaanxi. Acta Herpetologica Sinica 4: 329-330.
- 1257 Song-Mingtao 1987. Survey of the reptiles of southern Shaanxi. Acta Herpetologica Sinica 6 (1): 59-64
- 1258 Soule, M. E. 1966. Trends in insular radiation of a lizard. American Naturalist 100: 47-64.
- 1259 Spawls, S., Howell, K., Drewes, R. and Ashe, J. 2002. A field guide to the reptiles of East Africa: Kenya, Tanzania, Uganda, Rwanda and Burundi. Academic Press, San Diego.
- 1260 Spellerberg, I. F. 2002. Amphibians and Reptiles of North-west Europe: Their Natural History, Ecology and Conservation. Science Publishers, Enfield, New Hampshire.
- 1261 Sprackland, R. G. 1991. Taxonomic review of the *Varanus prasinus* group with descriptions of two new species. Memoirs of the Queensland Museum 3: 561-576.
- 1262 Sprackland, R. G. 1999. New species of monitor (Squamata: Varanidae) from Indonesia. Reptile Hobbyist, 4: 20-27.
- 1263 Sprackland, R. G. and Swinney, G. N. 1998. A new species of giant gecko of the genus *Tarentola* (Reptilia: Squamata: Gekkonidae) from Jamaica. Journal of Zoology 245: 73-78.
- 1264 Stafford, P. J. and Meyer, J. R. 2000. A Guide to the Reptiles of Belize. Academic Press, London.
- 1265 Stamps, J. A. and Andrews, R. M. 1992. Estimating asymptotic size using the largest individuals per sample. Oecologia 92: 503-512.
- 1266 Stamps, J. A., Losos, J. B. and Andrews, R. M. 1997. A comparative study of population density and sexual size dimorphism in lizards. American Naturalist 149: 64-90.
- 1267 Stebbins, R. C. 2003. A field guide to western reptiles and amphibians, Third Edition. Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston.
- Steinberg, D. S., Powell, S. D., Powell, R., Parmelee, J. S. and Henderson, R. W. 2007. Population densities, water-loss rates, and diets of *Sphaerodactylus vincenti* on St. Vincent, West Indies. Journal of Herpetology 41: 330-336.
- 1268
- 1269 Stejneger, L. 1907. Herpetology of Japan and adjacent territory. Bulletin of the United States National Museum, No. 58. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C.
- 1270 Sternfeld, R. 1910. Eine neue echse aus Deutsch-Sudwestafrika. Sitzungsberichte der Gesellschaft Naturforschender Freunde zu Berlin, 1910: 372.
- 1271 Sternfeld, R. 1912. Die reptilien aus der expedition professor Hans Meyers nach Deutsch-Ostafrika. Sitzungsberichte der Gesellschaft Naturforschender Freunde zu Berlin 7: 384-388.

- Sternfeld, R. 1912. IV. Zoologie II. Lfg. Reptilia. In: Schubotz., R. (ed.): Wissenschaftliche Ergebnisse der Deutschen Zentral-Afrika Expedition 1907- 1908, unter Führung A. Friedrichs, Herzogs zu Mecklenburg. Klinkhard und Biermann, Leipzig: 197-279.
- 1272 Sternfeld, R. 1918. Zur tiergeographie Papuasien und der pazifischen Inselwelt. Abhandlungen der Senckenbergischen Naturforschenden Gesellschaft 36: 375-436.
- 1274 Storr, G. M. 1971. The genus *Lerista* (Lacertilia: Scincidae) in Western Australia. *Journal of the Royal Society of Western Australia* 54: 59-75.
- 1275 Storr, G. M. 1974. Agamid lizards of the genera *Caimanops*, *Physignathus* and *Diporiphora* in Western Australia and Northern Territory. *Records of the Western Australian Museum* 3: 121-127.
- 1276 Storr, G. M. 1978. The genus *Egernia* (Lacertilia, Scincidae) in Western Australia. *Records of the Western Australian Museum* 6: 147-187.
- 1277 Storr, G. M. 1988. The *Diplodactylus ciliaris* complex (Lacertilia: Gekkonidae) in Western Australia. *Records of the Western Australian Museum*, 14: 121-133.
- 1278 Stuart, B. L., Sok, K. and Neang, T. 2006. A collection of amphibians and reptiles from hilly eastern Cambodia. *Raffles Bulletin of Zoology* 54: 129-155.
- 1279 Stuart, L. C. 1955. A brief review of the Guatemalan lizards of the genus *Anolis*. *Miscellaneous Papers of the Museum of Zoology, University of Michigan* 91: 1-31.
- Stuart-Fox, D. M. and Ord, T. J. 2004. Sexual selection, natural selection and the evolution of dimorphic coloration and ornamentation in agamid lizards. *Proceedings of the Royal Society B* 271: 2249-2255.
- 1280 Stuart-Smith, J., Swain, R. Stuart-Smith, R. D. and Wapstra, E. 2007. Is fecundity the ultimate cause of female-biased size dimorphism in the dragon lizard? *Journal of Zoology* 273: 266-272.
- 1282 Swain, T. A., Arp, F. and Younkin, R. D. 1980. A preliminary report on the ecology of a tropical, high altitude lizard, *Anadia brevifrontalis*. *Journal of Herpetology*, 14: 321-326.
- 1283 Szczerbak, N. 2003. Guide to the Reptiles of the Eastern Palearctic. Krieger Publishing Company, Malabar.
- 1284 Szczerbak, N. N. and Golubev, M. L. 1996. Gecko Fauna of the USSR and Contiguous Regions. Society for the Study of Amphibians and Reptiles, St. Louis.
- Szyndlar, Z. 1984. A description of a small collection of amphibians and reptiles from the People's Democratic Republic of Korea with notes on the distribution of the herpetofauna in that country. *Acta Zoologica Cracoviensia*. 27: 1-18.
- 1285 Takenaka, S. 1989. Reproductive ecology of Japanese lizards. Pages 364-369 in M. Matsui, T. Hikida and R. C. Goris, editors. 1989. Current herpetology in East Asia. Herpetological Society of Japan, Kyoto.
- 1286 Tanaka, S. and Nishihira, M. 1989. Growth and reproduction of the gekkonid lizard *Eublepharis kuroi* wae kuroi wae. Pages 349-357 in M. Matsui, T. Hikida and R. C. Goris, editors. 1989. Current herpetology in East Asia. Herpetological Society of Japan, Kyoto.
- 1287 Tanner, W. W. 1957. A new skink of the multivirgatus group from Chihuahua. *Great Basin Naturalist* 17: 111-117.
- 1289 Taylor, E. H. 1922. The lizards of the Philippine Islands. Manila Bureau of Printing, Manila.
- 1290 Taylor, E. H. 1933. New species of skinks from Mexico. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington* 46: 175-182.
- 1291 Taylor, E. H. 1935. A new skink from Mexico. *Zoological Series of Field Museum of Natural History* 20: 77-80.
- 1292 Taylor, E. H. 1936. The rediscovery of the lizard *Eumeces altamirani* (Dugès) with notes on two other mexican species of the genus. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington* 49: 129-137.
- 1293 Taylor, E. H. 1937. Two new lizards of the genus *Leiopisma* from Mexico, with comments on another Mexican species. *Copeia* 1937: 5-11.
- 1294 Taylor, E. H. 1942. Some geckos of the genus *Phyllodactylus*. *University of Kansas Science Bulletin* 28: 91-112.
- 1295 Taylor, E. H. 1956. A review of the lizards of Costa Rica. *University of Kansas Science Bulletin* 38: 3-322.
- 1296 Taylor, E. H. 1963. The lizards of Thailand. *University of Kansas Science Bulletin* 44: 687-1077.
- 1297 Taylor, E. H., 1962. New Oriental reptiles. *University of Kansas Science Bulletin*, 43: 209-263.
- 1298 Tedesco, M. E. 1998. Una nueva especie de *Pantodactylus* (Squamata, Gymnophthalmidae) de la provincia de Corrientes, Republica Argentina. *Facena* 14: 53-62.
- Teixeira, R. L., Roldi, K. and Vrcibradic, D. 2005. Ecological Comparisons between the Sympatric Lizards *Enyalius bilineatus* and *Enyalius brasiliensis* (Iguanidae, Leiosaurinae) from an Atlantic Rain-Forest Area in Southeastern Brazil. *Journal of Herpetology* 39: 504-509.
- 1299 Telford, S. R. 1955. The lizard *Eumeces anthracinus* in central Virginia. *Copeia* 1955: 143.
- 1301 Telford, S. R. 1959. A study of the sand skink, *Neoseps Reynoldsi Stejneger*. *Copeia*, 1959: 110-119.
- 1302 Teynie, A. 2004. Notes on reptiles of Nam Lan conservation area in Phongsaly province of Lao PDR. Societe d'Histoire Naturelle Alcide d'Orbigny, Aydat, France.
- Thomas, B. W. 1981. *Hoplodactylus rakiurae* n. sp. (Reptilia: Gekkonidae) from Stewart Island, New Zealand and comments on the taxonomic status of *Heteropholis nebulosus* McCann. *New Zealand Journal of Zoology* 8: 33-47.
- 1303 Thomas, R. and Hedges, S. B. 1988. Two new geckos (*Sphaerodactylus*) from the southern Dominican Republic. *Herpetologica* 44: 96-104.
- 1305 Thomas, R. and Hedges, S. B. 1989. A New *Celestus* (Sauria: Anguillidae) from the Chaîne de la Selle of Haiti. *Copeia*, 1989: 886-891.
- 1306 Thomas, R. and Hedges, S. B. 1991. Rediscovery and description of the Hispaniolan lizard *Anolis darlingtoni* (Sauria, Iguanidae). *Caribbean Journal of Science* 27: 90-93.

- 1307 Thomas, R. and Hedges, S. B. 1992. An unusual new *Sphaerodactylus* from Hispaniola (Squamata, Gekkonidae). *Journal of Herpetology* 26: 289-292.
- 1308 Thomas, R. and Hedges, S. B. 1993. A new banded *Sphaerodactylus* from eastern Hispaniola (Squamata: Gekkonidae). *Herpetologica* 49: 350-354.
- 1309 Thomas, R. and Hedges, S. B. 1998. A new anguid lizard from Cuba. *Copeia* 1998: 97-103.
- 1310 Thomas, R. and Hedges, S. B. 1998. A new gecko from the Sierra de Neiba of Hispaniola. *Herpetologica* 54: 333-336.
- 1311 Thomas, R., Hedges, S. B. and Garrido, O. H. 1992. Two new species of *Sphaerodactylus* from eastern Cuba (Sauria, Gekkonidae). *Herpetologica* 48: 358-367.
- 1312 Thomas, R., Hedges, S. B. and Garrido, O. H. 1998. A new gecko (*Sphaerodactylus*) from the Sierra Maestra of Cuba. *Journal of Herpetology* 32: 66-69.
- 1313 Thompson, G. G. and Pianka, E. R. 2001. Allometry of clutch and neonate sizes in monitor lizards (Varanidae: Varanus). *Copeia* 2001: 443-458.
- 1314 Thompson, G. G., and Withers, P. C. 1997. Comparative morphology of Western Australian varanid lizards (Squamata: Varanidae). *Journal of Morphology* 233: 127-152.
- Thompson, M. B., Stewart, J. R., Speake, B. K., Russell, K. J., McCartney, R. J. and Surai, P. F. 1999. Placental nutrition in a viviparous lizard (*Pseudemoia pagenstecheri*) with a complex
- 1315 placenta. *Journal of Zoology* 248: 295-305.
- 1316 Tihen, J. A. 1954. Gerrhonotine lizards recently added to the American Museum collection : with further revisions of the genus *Abronia*. *American Museum novitates* 1687: 1-26.
- 1317 Tikader, B. K. and Sharma, R. C. 1995. Handbook of Indian lizards. Zoological Survey of India, Calcutta.
- 1318 Tilbury, C. R. 1991. A new species of *Chamaeleo Laurenti* 1768 (Reptilia: Chamaeleonidae) from a relict montane forest in northern Kenya. *Tropical Zoology* 4: 159-165.
- 1319 Tilbury, C. R. 1992. A new dwarf forest chameleon (Sauria: Rhampholeon Gunther 1874) from Malawi, central Africa. *Tropical Zoology* 5: 1-9.
- 1320 Tilbury, C. R. 1998. Two new chameleons (Sauria: Chamaeleonidae) from isolated Afromontane forests in Sudan and Ethiopia. *Bonn Zoologische Beitrage* 47: 293-299.
- Tilbury, C. R. and Emmrich, D. 1996. A new dwarf forest chameleon (Squamata: Rhampholeon Gunther 1874) from Tanzania, East Africa with notes on its infrageneric and zoogeographic
- 1321 relationships. *Tropical Zoology* 9: 61-71.
- 1322 Tinkle, D. W. 1961. Population structure and reproduction in the lizard *Uta stansburiana stejnegeri*. *American Midland Naturalist* 66: 206-234.
- 1323 Tinkle, D. W., Wilbur, H. M. and Tilley, S. G. 1970. Evolutionary strategies in lizard reproduction. *Evolution*, 24: 55-74.
- 1324 Tocher, M. D. 2003. The diet of grand skinks (*Oligosoma grande*) and Otago skinks (*O. otagense*) in Otago serral tussock grasslands. *New Zealand Journal of Zoology* 30: 243-257.
- 1325 Tornier, G. 1899. Drei reptilien aus Afrika. *Zoologischer Anzeiger* 22: 258-261.
- 1326 Tornier, G. 1899. Neues uber Chamaeleons. *Zoologischer Anzeiger* 22: 408-414.
- 1327 Tornier, G. 1900. Beschreibung eines neuen chamaeleons. *Zoologischer Anzeiger* 23: 21-23.
- 1328 Tornier, G. 1900. Neue Liste der Crocodilen, Schildkröten und Eidechsen Deutsch-Ost-Afrikas. *Zoologische Jahrbucher, Abteilung fur Systematik* 13: 579-681.
- 1329 Tornier, G. 1902. Die crocodile, schildkroten und eidechsen in Kamerun. *Zoologische Jahrbucher, Abteilung für Systematik, Geographie und Biologie der Tiere* 15: 663-677.
- 1330 Tornier, G. 1902. Herpetologisch neues aus Deutsch-Ostafrika. *Zoologische Jahrbucher, Abteilung für Systematik, Geographie und Biologie der Tiere* 15: 578-590.
- 1331 Tornier, G. 1904. Drei neue reptilien aus Ost-Africa. *Zoologische Jahrbucher, Abteilung für Systematik, Geographie und Biologie der Tiere* 19: 173-178.
- Torres, S., Scrocchi, G. J. and Harvey, M. B. 2000. The South American tropidurid lizard *Stenocercus marmoratus*: redescription, distribution, and natural history. *Journal of Herpetology*,
- 1332 Vol. 34: 129-134.
- 1333 Torres-Carvajal, O. 2004. The abdominal skeleton of tropidurid lizards (Squamata: Tropiduridae). *Herpetologica* 60: 75-83.
- 1334 Torres-Carvajal, O. 2005. A new species of iguanian lizard (*Stenocercus*) from the western lowlands of southern Ecuador and northern Peru. *Herpetologica* 61: 78-85.
- 1335 Torres-Carvajal, O. 2005. A new species of *Stenocercus* (Squamata, Iguania) from central-western Brazil with a key to Brazilian *Stenocercus*. *Phyllomedusa* 4: 111-120.
- 1336 Torres-Carvajal, O. 2005. New Species of *Stenocercus* (Squamata: Iguania) from the Andes of Central Peru with a Redescription of *S. variabilis*. *Journal of Herpetology* 39: 471-477.
- 1337 Torres-Carvajal, O. 2007. A taxonomic revision of south American *Stenocercus* (Squamata: Iguania) lizards. *Herpetological Monographs*, 21: 76-178.
- 1338 Torres-Carvajal, O. 2007. New Andean species of *Stenocercus* (Squamata: Iguania) from the eastern Cordillera in Colombia. *Copeia*, 2007: 56-61.
- 1339 Torres-Carvajal, O., Lehr, E. and Lundberg, M. 2005. Resurrection of *Stenocercus torquatus* Boulenger, a spiny-tailed iguanid lizard (Squamata: Iguania) from Peru. *Herpetologica* 61: 440-
- Towns, D. R. 1994. The role of ecological restoration in the conservation of Whitaker's skink (*Cyclodina whitakeri*), a rare New Zealand lizard (Lacertilia: Scincidae). *New Zealand Journal*
- 1340 of Zoology, 21: 457-471.
- 1341 Tri, N. V. and Bauer, A. M. 2008. Descriptions of two new species of *Cyrtodactylus* Gray 1827 (Squamata : Gekkonidae) endemic to southern Vietnam. *Zootaxa* 1715: 27-42.
- 1342 Trivers, R. L. 1976. Sexual selection and resourceaccuring abilities in *Anolis garmani*. *Evolution* 30: 253-269.
- Tzarevsky, S. F. 1927. The Lizards of the genus *Phrynocephalus* collected by the expeditions of P. Kozlow in Tibet 1899-1901 and in Mongolia and Sze-chuan 1907-1909. *Comptes Rendus*
- 1343 *Akademia Sci. USSR, Leningrad, ser.A.* pp.304-305.

- 1344 Uetz, P. 2006. The reptile database CD-ROM edition, October 2006. Heidelberg, Germany.
- 1345 Ugueto, G. N., Fuenmayor, G. R., Barros, T., Sanchezpacheco, S. J. and Garcia-Perez, J. E. 2007. A revision of the Venezuelan Anoles I: A new *Anolis* species from the Andes of Venezuela with the redescription of *Anolis jacare* Boulenger 1903 (Reptilia: Polychrotidae) and the clarification of the status of *Anolis nigropunctatus* Williams 1974. *Zootaxa* 1501: 1-30.
- 1346 Urban, H. 1999. Eine neue agamenart der gattung *Gonocephalus* aus Papua - Neu Guinea (Squamata: Sauria: Agamidae). *Herpetozoa* 11: 185-188.
- 1347 Uzzell T. 1966. Teiid lizards of the genus *Neusticurus* (Reptilia, Sauria). *Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History* 132: 277–328.
- 1348 Uzzell, T. 1973. A revision of the genus *Prionodactylus* with a new genus for *P. leucostictus* and notes on the genus *Euspondylus* (Sauria, Teiidae). *Postilla* 159: 1-67.
- 1349 Uzzell, T. M. 1958. Teiid lizards related to *Proctoporus luctuosus*, with the description of a new species from Venezuela. *Occasional Papers of the Museum of Zoology, University of Michigan* 597: 1–15.
- 1350 Uzzell, T. M. 1970. Teiid lizards of the genus *Proctoporus* from Bolivia and Peru. *Postilla* 142: 1–39.
- 1351 Uzzell, T. M. and Barry, J. C. 1971. *Leposoma percarinatum*, a unisexual species related to *L. guianense*; and *Leposoma ioanna*, a new species from Pacific Coastal Colombia (Sauria, Teiidae). *Postilla* 154: 1-39.
- 1352 Vaillant, L. 1884. Catalogue raisonne des reptiles et batraciens d'Assinie, donnees par M. Chaper au Museum d'Histoire Naturelle. *Bulletin de la Societe Zoologique de France* 1884: 343-354.
- 1353 Valdez-Gonzalez, M. A. and Ramirez-Bautista, A. 2002. Reproductive characteristics of the spiny lizards, *Sceloporus horridus* and *Sceloporus spinosus* (Squamata : Phrynosomatidae) from Mexico. *Journal of Herpetology* 36: 36-43.
- 1354 Valido, A. and Nogales, M. 2003. Digestive ecology of two omnivorous Canarian lizard species (*Gallotia*, Lacertidae). *Amphibia-Reptilia* 24: 331-344.
- 1355 Valladares, J. F. 2004. Nueva especie de lagarto del género *Liolaemus* (Reptilia: Liolaemidae) del norte de Chile, previamente confundido con *Liolaemus* (= *Phrynosaura*) *reichei*. *Cuadernos de Herpetología* 18: 43-53.
- 1356 Valladares, J. P., Etheridge, R., Schulte, J., Manriquez, G. and Spotorno, A. 2002. New lizard species from northern Chile, *Liolaemus molinai* (Reptilia: Liolaeminae). *Revista Chilena de Historia Natural* 75: 473-489.
- 1357 van Barneveld, S. 2006. Two new records of *Delma mitella* Shea, 1987 from the wet tropics. *Herpetofauna* 36: 66-67.
- 1358 van Buurt, G. 2005. Field guide to the reptiles and amphibians of Aruba, Curacao and Bonaire. *Serpents Tale*, Frankfurt.
- 1359 Van Damme, R. and Vanhooydonck, B. 2002. Speed versus manoeuvrability: association between vertebral number and habitat structure in lacertid lizards. *Journal of Zoology* 258: 327-334.
- 1360 Van Denburgh, J. 1894. Descriptions of three new lizards from California and Lower California, with a note on *Phrynosoma blainvillii*. *Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences*, 2nd Series 4: 296–301.
- 1361 Van Denburgh, J. 1896. A list of some reptiles from southeastern Arizona, with a description of a new species of *Cnemidophorus*. *Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences* 6: 338-340.
- 1362 Van Denburgh, J. 1912. Expedition of the California Academy of Sciences to the Galapagos Islands, 1905-1906. VI. The geckos of the Galapagos Archipelago. *Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences* 1: 405-430.
- 1363 Van Denburgh, J. 1922. The Reptiles of Western North America. Volume I. Lizards. *Occasional Papers of the California Academy of Sciences* 10: 1–612.
- 1364 Van Denburgh, J. and Slevin, J. R. 1913. Expedition of the California Academy of Sciences to the Galapagos Islands, 1905-1906. IX. The Galapagoan lizards of the genus *Tropidurus* with notes on iguanas of the genera *Conolophus* and *Amblyrhynchus*. *Proceedings of the California Academy of Science* (series 4) 2: 132-202.
- 1365 Van Devender, R. W. 1982. Growth and ecology of spiny-tailed and green iguanas in Costa Rica, with comments on the evolution of herbivory and large body size. Pages 162-183 in G. M. Burghardt and A. S. Rand, editors. *Iguanas of the World: Their Behaviour, Ecology and Conservation*. Noyes Publications, New Jersey.
- 1366 Vance, T. 1978. The identity of *Cnemidophorus vittatus* Boulenger (Reptilia, Lacertilia, Teiidae) with a redescription of the holotype. *Journal of Herpetology* 12: 98-100.
- 1367 Vanhooydonck, B. and Van Damme, R. 1999. Evolutionary relationships between body shape and habitat use in lacertid lizards. *Evolutionary Ecology Research*, 1: 785–805.
- 1368 Vanhooydonck, B., Van Damme, R. and Aerts, P. 2000. Ecomorphological correlates of habitat partitioning in Corsican lacertid lizards. *Functional Ecology* 14: 358–368.
- 1369 Vanzolini, P. E. 1961. *Bachia*: especies Brasileiras e conceito generico (Sauria: Teiidae). *Papeis Avulsos de Zoologia* 14: 193-209.
- 1370 Vanzolini, P. E. 1978. On South American *Hemidactylus* (Sauria, Gekkonidae). *Papeis Avulsos de Zoologia* 31: 307-343.
- 1371 Vanzolini, P. E. 1982. A new *Gymnodactylus* from Minas Gerais, Brasil, with remarks on the genus on the area and on the montane endemisms in Brasil (Sauria, Gekkonidae). *Papeis Avulsos de Zoologia* 34: 403-413.
- 1372 Vanzolini, P. E. 2005. On *Gymnodactylus amarali* Barbour, 1925, with the description of a new species (Sauria, Gekkonidae). *Anais da Academia Brasileira de Ciencias* 77: 595-611.
- 1373 Vanzolini, P. E. and Ramos, A. M. M. 1977. A new species of *Colobodactylus*, with notes on the distribution of a group of stranded microteiid lizards (Sauria, Teiidae). *Papeis Avulsos de Zoologia* 31: 19-47.

- Vanzolini, P. E. and Reboucas-Spieker, R. 1976. Distribution and differentiation of animal along the coast and on continental islands of the state of São Paulo, Brazil. 3. Reproductive differences between and within *Mabuya caissara* and *Mabuya macrorhyncha* (Sauria: Scincidae). *Papeis Avulsos de Zoologia* 29: 95-109.
- Vaz-Ferreira, R. and Sierra de Soriano, B. 1961. Un nuevo Gekkonidae del Uruguay *Wallsaurus uruguayensis* n. Sp. *Comunicaciones Zoológicas del Museo de Historia Natural de Montevideo*, 5: 1-11.
- Vega, L. E., Bellagamba, P. J. and Fitzgerald, L. A. 2000. Long-term effects of anthropogenic habitat disturbance on a lizard assemblage inhabiting coastal dunes in Argentina. *Canadian Journal of Zoology* 78: 1653-1660.
- Velasco, J. A. and Herrel, A. 2007. Ecomorphology of *Anolis* lizards of the Choco region in Colombia and comparisons with Greater Antillean ecomorphs. *Biological Journal of the Linnean Society*, 92: 29-39.
- Vences, M., Galan, P. and Vieites, D. R. 2004. Weak expression of reproductive seasonality in a dwarf gecko (*Lygodactylus verticillatus*) from arid southwestern Madagascar. *Journal of Arid Environments* 56: 329-338.
- Vences, M., Ziegler, T., Visser, S. and Andreone, F. 1999. New data on the zoogeography and genital morphology of the lizards *Zonosaurus brygooi* Lang & Bohme 1990 and *Z. aeneus* (Grandidier 1872) from Madagascar (Reptilia Squamata Gekkonidae). *Tropical Zoology* 12: 145-155.
- Verrastro, L., Veronese, L., Bujes, C. and Dias Filho, M. M. 2003. A new species of *Liolaemus* from southern Brazil (Iguania: Tropiduridae). *Herpetologica*, 59: 105-118.
- Verwaijen, D. and Van Damme, R. 2008. Foraging mode and locomotor capacities in Lacertidae. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 29: 197-206.
- Verwaijen, D., Van Damme, R. and Herrel, A. 2002. Relationships between head size, bite force, prey handling efficiency and diet in two sympatric lacertid lizards. *Functional Ecology* 16: 577-584.
- Vesey-Fitzgerald, D. 1947. Reptiles and amphibians from the Seychelles Archipelago. *Annals and Magazine of Natural History* (11) 14: 577-584.
- Vidal, M. A., Veloso, A. and Mendez, M. A. 2006. Insular morphological divergence in the lizard *Liolaemus pictus* (Liolaemidae). *Amphibia-Reptilia* 27: 103-111.
- Vindum, J. V., Win, H., Thin, T., Lwin, K. S., Shein, A. K. and Tun, H. 2003. A New *Calotes* (Squamata: Agamidae) from the Indo-Burman Range of Western Myanmar (Burma). *Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences* 54: 1-8.
- Vinson, J., and Vinson, J.-M. 1969. The saurian fauna of the Mascarene Islands. *Mauritius Institute Bulletin*, 6: 203-320.
- Visser, J. 1987. A new *Homopholis* (Sauria, Gekkonidae) from the northern Transvaal with a discussion of some generic characters. *South African Journal of Zoology* 22: 110-114.
- Vitt, L. J. 1985. On the biology of the little known anguid lizard, *Diploglossus lessonae* in northeast Brazil. *Papeis Avulsos de Zoologia*, 36: 69-76.
- Vitt, L. J. 1986. Reproductive tactics of sympatric gekkonid lizards with a comment on the evolutionary and ecological consequences of invariant clutch size. *Copeia* 1986: 773-786.
- Vitt, L. J. 1991. Ecology and life history of the wide-foraging lizard *Kentropyx calcarata* (Teiidae) in Amazonian Brazil. *Canadian Journal of Zoology* 69: 2791-2799.
- Vitt, L. J. 2000. Ecological consequences of body size in neonatal and small-bodied lizards in the neotropics. *Herpetological Monographs* 14: 388-400.
- Vitt, L. J. and Blackburn, D. G. 1991. Ecology and Life History of the viviparous lizard *Mabuya bistriata* (Scincidae) in the Brazilian Amazon. *Copeia* 1991: 916-927.
- Vitt, L. J. and Breitenbach, G. L. 1993. Life histories and reproductive tactics among lizards in the genus *Cnemidophorus* (Sauria: Teiidae). pages 211-243 in J. W. Wright and L. J. Vitt (editors), *Biology of Whiptail Lizards (Genus Cnemidophorus)*. Oklahoma Museum of Natural History, Norman.
- Vitt, L. J. and Caldwell, J. P. 1993. Ecological observations on cerrado lizards in Rondonia, Brazil. *Journal of Herpetology* 27: 46-52.
- Vitt, L. J. and Cooper, W. E. 1986. Foraging and diet of a diurnal predator (*Eumeces laticeps*) feeding on hidden prey. *Journal of Herpetology*, 20: 408-415.
- Vitt, L. J. and de Carvalho, C. M. 1992. Life in the trees: the ecology and life history of *Kentropyx striatus* (Teiidae) in the lavrado area of Roraima, Brazil, with comments on the life histories of tropical teiid lizards. *Canadian Journal of Zoology* 70: 1995-2006.
- Vitt, L. J. and de Carvalho, C. M. 1995. Niche partitioning in a tropical wet season: lizards in the lavrado area of northern Brazil. *Copeia* 1995: 305-329.
- Vitt, L. J. and Zani, P. A. 1998. Ecological relationships among sympatric lizards in a transitional forest in the northern Amazon of Brazil. *Journal of Tropical Ecology* 14: 63-86.
- Vitt, L. J., Avila-Pires, T. C. S., Zani, P. A. and Esposito, M. C. 2002. Life in shade: the ecology of *Anolis trachyderma* (Squamata: Polychrotidae) in Amazonian Ecuador and Brazil, with comparisons to ecologically similar anoles. *Copeia*, 2002: 275-286.
- Vitt, L. J., Avila-Pires, T. C. S., Zani, P. A., Esposito, M. C. and Sartorius, S. S. 2003. Life at the interface: ecology of *Prionodactylus oshaughnessyi* in the western Amazon and comparisons with *P. argulus* and *P. eigenmanni*. *Canadian Journal of Zoology* 81: 302-312.
- Vitt, L. J., Pianka, E. R., Cooper, W. E. and Schwenk, K. 2003. History and the global ecology of squamate reptiles. *American Naturalist* 162: 44-60.
- Vitt, L. J., Sartorius, S. S., Avila-Pires, T. C. S., Zani, P. A. and Esposito, M. C. 2005. Small in A big world: ecology of leaf-litter geckos in New world tropical forests. *Herpetological Monographs*, 19: 137-152.
- Vitt, L. J., Shepard, D. B., Vieira, G. H. C. Caldwell, J. P., Colli, G. R. and Mesquita, D. O. 2008. Ecology of *Anolis nitens brasiliensis* in Cerrado Woodlands of Cantao. *Copeia* 2008: 144-

- Vitt, L. J., Souza, R. A., Sartorius, S. S., Avila-Pires, T. C. S. and Esposito, M. C. 2000. Comparative ecology of sympatric Gonatodes (Squamata: Gekkonidae) in the western Amazon of Brazil. *Copeia*, 2000: 83–95.
- Vitt, L. J., Zani, P. A., Caldwell, J. P. and Durtsche, R. D. 1993. Ecology of the whiptail lizard *Cnemidophorus deppii* on a tropical beach. *Canadian Journal of Zoology* 71: 2391-2400.
- Vitt, L. J., Zani, P. A., Caldwell, J. P., Araujo, M. C. and Magnusson, W. E. 1997. Ecology of whiptail lizards (*Cnemidophorus*) in the Amazon region of Brazil. *Copeia* 1997: 745-757.
- Vogt, T. 1932. Beitrag zur reptilienfauna der ehemaligen kolonie Deutsch-Neuguinea. *Sitzungsberichte der Gesellschaft Naturforschender Freunde zu Berlin* 5-7: 281-294.
- Vrcibradic, D. and Rocha, C. F. D. 1996. Ecological differences tropical sympatric skinks (*Mabuya agilis* and *Mabuya macrorhyncha*) in Southeastern Brazil. *Journal of Herpetology*, 30: 60-69.
- Vrcibradic, D. and Rocha, C. F. D. 2005. Observations on the natural history of the lizard *Mabuya macrorhyncha* Hoge (Scincidae) in Queimada Grande Island, Sao Paulo, Brazil. *Revista Brasileira de Zoologia* 22: 1185 -1190.
- Vrcibradic, D., Almeida-Gomes, M., Borges-Junior, V. N. T., Kiefer, M. C., Van Sluys, M. and Reptilia, Rocha, C. F. D. 2006. Scincidae, *Mabuya frenata*: distribution extension. *Check List* 12: 1-12.
- Wake, D. B. and Kluge, A. G. 1961. The Machris expedition to Tchad, Africa: amphibians and reptiles. *Contributions in Science, Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County* 40: 1-12.
- Walker, C. F. 1955. Two new lizards of the genus *Lepidophyma* from Tamaulipas. *Occasional Papers of the Museum of Zoology, University of Michigan* 564: 1-10.
- Walker, J. M. 1981. Population structure and reproductive characteristics in *Cnemidophorus parvisocius* (Lacertilia: Teiidae). *American Midland Naturalist*, 105: 217-224.
- Walker, J. M., Cordes, J. E. and Taylor, H. L. 1997. Parthenogenetic *Cnemidophorus tesselatus* complex: a neotype for diploid *C. tesselatus* (Say, 1823), redescription of the taxon and description of a new triploid species. *Herpetologica*, 53: 233-239.
- Walker, J. M., Cordes, J. E., Mendoza Quijano, F. and Hernandez Garcia, E. 1996. Implications of extraordinary variation in the little striped whiptail lizard, *Cnemidophorus inornatus* Baird (Sauria: Teiidae) in Chihuahua, Mexico. *Journal of Herpetology* 30: 271-275.
- Walker, J. M., Lemos-Espinal, J. A., Cordes, J. E., Taylor, H. L. and Smith, H. M. 2001. Allocation of populations of whiptail Lizards to *septemvittatus* Cope, 1892 (genus *Cnemidophorus*) in Chihuahua, Mexico, and the scalaris problem. *Copeia*, 2001: 747–765.
- Wall, M. and Shine, R. 2007. Dangerous food: lacking venom and constriction, how do snake-like lizards (*Lialis burtonis*, Pygopodidae) subdue their lizard prey? *Biological Journal of the Linnean Society*, 91: 719–727.
- Waltner, R. C. 1991. Altitudinal ecology of *Agama tuberculata* Gray in the western Himalayas. *University of Kansas Museum of Natural History Miscellaneous Publications* 83: 1-74.
- Wang, G., Fan, Y., Jai, R. X., Li, X. J. and Chan, S. R. 1989. A new species of *Teratoscincus* from Xinjiang, China. *Journal of August 1st Agriculture College* 4 (12): 10-14.
- Wang, Y., Zeng, X., Fang, Z., Liu, Z., Wu, G., Papenfuss, T., and Macey, R. 1996. A New Species of the Genus *Phrynocephalus*—*Phrynocephalus zetanensis* (zetangensis) sp. nov., *Zoological Research* 17: 27–29.
- Watkins, G. G. 1996. Proximate causes of sexual size dimorphism in the iguanian lizard *Microlophus occipitalis*. *Ecology*, 77: 1473-1482.
- Webb, J. and Shine, R. 1994. Feeding habits and reproductive biology of Australian pygopodid lizards of the genus *Aprasia*. *Copeia* 1994: 390-398.
- Webb, R. G. 1970. Another new night lizard (*Xantusia*) from Durango, Mexico. *Los Angeles County Museum Contributions in Science* 194: 1-10.
- Werler, J. E., and Campbell, J. A. 2004. A new lizard of the genus *Diploglossus* (Anguidae: Diploglossinae) from the Tuxtlan Faunal Region, Veracruz, Mexico. *Southwestern Naturalist* 49: 1-10.
- Werner, F. 1894. *Herpetologische nova*. *Zoologischer Anzeiger* 17: 410-415.
- Werner, F. 1895. Über eine sammlung von reptilien aus Persien, Mesopotamien und Arabien. *Verhandlungen der Kaiserlich-königlichen Zoologisch-Botanischen Gesellschaft in Wien* 45: 1-46.
- Werner, F. 1908. Ergebnisse der mit subvention aus der erbschaft treitl unternommenen zoologischen Forschungsreise Dr. Franz Werner's nach dem Ägyptischen Sudan und Norduganda. XII. die reptilien und amphibien. *Sitzungsber Akademie der Wissenschaften Wien* 116: 1823-1926.
- Werner, F. 1910. Über neue oder seltene reptilien des Naturhistorischen Museums in Hamburg. ii. Eidechsen. *Hamburg Jahrbucher Wiss. Anst.* 27, suppl. no. 2, pp. 1-46.
- Werner, F. 1916. Bemerkungen über einige niedere wirbeltiere der Anden von Kolumbien mit beschreibungen neuer arten. *Zoologischer Anzeiger* 47: 305-311.
- Werner, F. 1929. Beiträge zur Kenntnis der Fauna von Syrien und Persien. *Zoologischer Anzeiger* 81: 238-245.
- Werner, Y. L. 2004. A new species of the *Acanthodactylus pardalis* group (Reptilia: Lacertidae) from Jordan. *Zoology in the Middle East*, 32: 39–46.
- Werner, Y. L. and Igic P. G. 2002. The middle ear of gekkonoid lizards: interspecific variation of structure in relation to body size and to auditory sensitivity. *Hearing Research* 167: 33 -45.
- Werner, Y. L. and Seifan, T. 2006. Eye size in geckos: asymmetry, allometry, sexual dimorphism, and behavioral correlates. *Journal of Morphology* 267: 1486-1500.
- Whitaker, A. H., Tocher, M. and Blair, T. 2002. Conservation of lizards in Otago Conservancy, 2002-2007. Department of Conservation, Wellington.
- Whitaker, T. and Lyall, J. 2004. Conservation of Lizards in West Coast/Tai Poutini Conservancy. Department of Conservation, Wellington.
- Wickramasinghe, L. J. M. 2006. A new species of *Cnemaspis* (Sauria: Gekkonidae) from Sri Lanka. *Zootaxa* 1369: 19-33.



- Wickramasinghe, L. J. M., Rodrigo, R., Dayawansa, N. and Jayantha, U. L. D. 2007. Two new species of *Lankascincus* (Squamata: Scincidae) from Sripada Sanctuary (Peak Wilderness), in Sri Lanka. *Zootaxa* 1612: 1-24.
- 1438 Wiens, J. J. and Slingluff, J. L. 2001. How lizards turn into snakes: A phylogenetic analysis of body-form evolution in anguid lizards. *Evolution*, 55: 2303–2318.
- 1439 Wiens, J. J., Brandley, M. C. and Reeder, T. W. 2006. Why does a trait evolve multiple times within a clade? Repeated evolution of snake-like body form in squamate reptiles. *Evolution* 60: 1439–1450.
- Wiewandt, T. A. 1982. Adaptations to herbivory in iguanine lizards. Pages 119-141 in G. M. Burghardt and A. S. Rand, editors. *Iguanas of the World: Their Behaviour, Ecology and Conservation*. Noyes Publications, New Jersey.
- 1441 Wikelski, M. 2005. Evolution of body size in Galapagos marine iguanas. *Proceedings of the Royal Society B*. 272: 1985–1993.
- Wikelski, M. and Carbone, C. 2004. Environmental scaling of body size in island populations of Galapagos marine iguanas. Pages 148-157 in Alberts, A. (editor). *Iguanas: Biology and Conservation*. University of California Press, Berkeley.
- 1442 Williams, E. E. 1974. A case history in retrograde evolution: the onca lineage in anoline lizards. I. *Anolis annectens* new species, intermediate between the genera *Anolis* and *Tropidodactylus*. *Breviora* 421: 1-21.
- 1444 Williams, E. E. 1974. South American *Anolis*: Three new species related to *Anolis nigrolineatus* and *A. dissimilis*. *Breviora* 422: 1-15.
- Williams, E. E. 1983. Ecomorphs, faunas, island size and diverse end points in island radiations of *Anolis*. Pages 326-370 in Huei, R. B., Pianka, E. R. and Schoener, T. W. (eds). *Lizard ecology, studies of a model organism*. Harvard University Press, Cambridge, Mass.
- 1446 Williams, E. E. 1984. New or problematic *Anolis* from Colombia. 2. *Anolis propinquus*, another new species from the cloud forest of western Colombia. *Breviora* 477: 1-7.
- 1447 Williams, E. E. 1984. New or problematic *Anolis* from Colombia. 3. Two new semiaquatic anoles from Antioquia and Choco, Colombia. *Breviora* 478: 1-22.
- 1448 Williams, E. E. 1986. *Anolis vicarius*, new species, related to *A. granuliceps*. *Caldasia* 15: 451-459.
- Williams, E. E. 1988. New or problematic *Anolis* from Colombia. 5. *Anolis danieli*, a new species of the *latifrons* species group and a reassessment of *Anolis apollinaris* Boulenger, 1919. *Breviora* 489: 1-25.
- 1449 Williams, E. E. 1992. New or problematic *Anolis* from Colombia. 7. *Anolis lamari*, a new anole from the Cordillera Oriental of Colombia, with a discussion of *tigrinus* and *punctatus* species group boundaries. *Breviora* 495: 1-24.
- 1450 Williams, E. E. and Duellman, W. E. 1984. *Anolis fitchi*, a new species of the *Anolis aequatorialis* group from Ecuador and Colombia. *Publications of the Museum of Natural History, University of Kansas* 10: 257-266.
- 1452 Williams, E. E., Orces V, G., Matheus, J. A. and Bleiweiss, R. 1996. A new giant phenacosaur from Ecuador. *Breviora* 505: 1-32.
- 1453 Williams, E. E., Praderio, M. J. and Gorzula, S. 1996. A Phenacosaur from Chimanta Tepui, Venezuela. *Breviora* 506: 1-15.
- Wilms, T. and Bohme, W. 2000. A new *Uromastix* species from south-eastern Arabia, with comments on the taxonomy of *Uromastix aegyptia* (Forskål, 1775) (Squamata: Sauria: Agamidae). *Herpetozoa* 13: 133-148.
- 1454 Wilms, T. and Bohme, W. 2001. Revision der *Uromastix acanthinura* - artengruppe, mit beschreibung einer neuen art aus der Zentralsahara (Reptilia: Sauria: Agamidae). *Zoologische Abhandlungen, Staatliches Museum fur Tierkunde, Dresden* 51: 73-104.
- 1456 Wilms, T. M. and Schmitz, A. 2007. A new polytypic species of the genus *Uromastix* Merrem 1820 (Reptilia: Squamata: Agamidae: Leiolepidinae) from southwestern Arabia. *Zootaxa* 1457: 1-15.
- 1457 Wilson, S. and Swan, G. 2003. A complete field guide to reptiles of Australia. Reed New Holland, Sydney.
- 1458 Wright, J. L., Bauer, A. M. and Sadlier, R. A. 2000. Two new gecko species allied to *Bavayia sauvagii* and *Bavayia cyclura* (Reptilia: Diplodactylidae) from New Caledonia. *Pacific Science* 54: 185-193.
- 1459 Wright, J. W. 1967. A new uniparental whiptail lizard (genus *Cnemidophorus*) from Sonora, Mexico. *Journal of the Arizona Academy of Science* 4: 185-193.
- 1460 Wright, J. W. and Lowe, C. H. 1965. The rediscovery of *Cnemidophorus arizonae* Van Denburgh. *Journal of the Arizona Academy of Science* 3: 164-168.
- Wright, J. W. and Lowe, C. H. 1993. Synopsis of the subspecies of the little striped whiptail lizard, *Cnemidophorus inornatus* BAIRD. *Journal of the Arizona-Nevada Academy of Sciences* 27: 129-157.
- 1461 Wymann, M. N. and Whiting, M. J. 2002. Foraging ecology of rainbow skinks (*Mabuya margaritifera*) in Southern Africa. *Copeia* 2002: 943-957.
- Xu, X-F. and Ji, X. 2006. Ontogenetic shifts in thermal tolerance, selected body temperature and thermal dependence of food assimilation and locomotor performance in a lacertid lizard, *Eremias brenchleyi*. *Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology A* 143: 118–124.
- 1464 Yanez, J. L. and Nunez, H. 1983. *Liolaemus fabiani*, a New Species of Lizard from Northern Chile (Reptilia: Iguanidae). *Copeia*, 1983: 788-790.
- 1465 Yanez-Munoz, M., Ortiz M. F. and Altamirano B. M. 2006. Reptilia, Polychrotidae, *Polychrus peruvianus*: new country record, Ecuador. *Check List* 2: 63-64.
- 1466 Yang, D. T, Su, C. Y. and Li, S. M. 1979. New species and new subspecies of amphibians and reptiles from Gaoligong Shan, Yunnan. *Acta Zootaxonomica Sinica* 4: 185-188.

- 1467 Yang, R. 1983. A new species of the genus *Ophisaurus* from Hainan Island. *Acta Herpetologica Sinica* 2: 67-69.
- Yeriomchenko, V. K. and Panfilov, A. M. 1990. *Ablepharus darvazi* sp. nov. - new species *Ablepharus* (Sauria, Scinsidae [Scincidae]) from Tadjikistan. *Izvestiya Akademii Nauk Kirgizskoi*
- 1468 Ssr Khimiko-Tekhnologicheskije Biologicheskije Nauki 1990 (4): 56-63.
- 1469 Young-Downey, A. and Moreno, J. 1991. A new species of tropidurine lizard (Squamata: Tropiduridae) from Los Andes of north Chile. *Gayana Zoologia* 55: 391-396.
- Zaldivar-Riveron, A. and de Oca, A. N.-M. 2002. Variation in the Rare Lizard *Barisia rudicollis* (Wiegmann) (Anguidae) with Description of a New Species from Central Mexico. *Herpetologica*, 58: 313-326.
- 1470 Zamudio, K. R. and Parra-Olea, G. 2000. Reproductive Mode and Female Reproductive Cycles of Two Endemic Mexican Horned Lizards (*Phrynosoma taurus* and *Phrynosoma braconieri*). *Copeia*, 2000: 222-229.
- 1471 Zhao, E. and Li, S. 1984. A new species of *Calotes* (Lacertilia: Agamidae) from Xizang (Tibet). *Acta Herpetologica Sinica* 3: 77-78.
- 1472 Zhao, E. and Li, S. 1987. A new lizard of *Tenuidactylus* and a new Tibetan snake record of *Amphiesma*. *Acta Herpetologica Sinica* 6: 48-51.
- 1473 Zhao, E. M. 1998. A new species of *Laudakia* from Xizang (Tibet) (Sauria: Agamidae). *Zoological Research*, 19: 401-404.
- 1474 Zhao, E. M. 1998. A new species of the genus *Laudakia* from Xizang (Tibet) Autonomus Region. *Acta Zootaxonomica Sinica*, 23: 440-444.
- 1475 Zhao, E. M., Zha, K. T. and Zhou, K. Y. (Editors). 1999. *Fauna Sinica. Reptilia Vol. 2. Squamata. Lacertilia*. Science Press, Beijing.
- 1476 Zhao, K. 1979. A Study of the classification and distribution of the toad-headed agamids (*Phrynocephalus*) in China. *Acta Scientiarum Naturalium Universitatis Intramongolicae* 1979: 111-119.
- 1477 Ziegler, T. 2002. Die Amphibien und Reptilien eines Tieflandfeuchtwald-Schutzgebietes in Vietnam. *Natur und Tier-Verlag*
- Ziegler, T., Bohme, W. and Schmitz, A. 2007. A new species of the *Varanus indicus* group (Squamata, Varanidae) from Halmahera Island, Moluccas: morphological and molecular evidence. *Mitteilungen aus dem Museum für Naturkunde in Berlin - Zoologische Reihe* 83 (Supplement): 109-119.
- 1479 Ziegler, T., Ohler, A., Thanh, V. N., Quyet, L. C., Thuan, N. X., Tri, D. H. and Thanh, B. N. 2006. Review of the amphibian and reptile diversity of Phong Nha – Ke Bang National Park and adjacent areas, central Truong Son, Vietnam. *Proceedings of the 13th Congress of the Societas Europaea Herpetologica*. pp. 247-262.
- 1480 Ziegler, T., Rosler, H., Herrmann, H.-W. and Vu, N. T. 2002. *Cyrtodactylus phongnhakebangensis* sp. n., ein neuer Bogenfingergecko aus dem annamitischen Karstwaldmassiv, Vietnam. *Herpetofauna*, 24: 11-25.
- 1481 Ziegler, T., Schmitz, A., Koch, A. and Bohme, W. 2007. A review of the subgenus *Euprepiosaurus* of *Varanus* (Squamata: Varanidae): morphological and molecular phylogeny, distribution and zoogeography, with an identification key for the members of the *V. indicus* and the *V. prasinus* species groups. *Zootaxa* 1472: 1-28.
- 1482 Ziegler, T., Thanh, V. N. and Thanh, B. N. 2005. A new water skink of the genus *Tropidophorus* from the Phong Nha-Ke Bang National Park, central Vietnam. *Salamandra*, 41: 137-146.
- 1483 Zug, G. R. 1985. A new skink (Reptilia: Sauria: *Leiopisma*) from Fiji. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington* 98: 221-231.
- 1484 Zug, G. R. 1985. Pacific Island Lizards: Status of Type Specimens from the US Exploring Expedition 1838-1842. *Copeia* 1985: 150-154.
- 1485 Zug, G. R. 1991. The lizards of Fiji: natural history and systematics. *Bishop Museum Bulletin of Zoology* 2: 1-136.
- 1486 Zug, G. R. 2004. Systematics of the *Carlia "fusca"* lizards (Squamata: Scincidae) of New Guinea and nearby islands. *Bishop Museum Bulletin in Zoology* 5: 1-84.
- 1487 Zug, G. R. and Allison, A. 2006. New *Carlia fusca* complex lizards (Reptilia: Squamata: Scincidae) from New Guinea, Papua-Indonesia. *Zootaxa* 1237: 27-44.
- 1488 Zug, G. R. and Ineich, I. 1995. A new skink (*Emoia*: Lacertilia: Reptilia) from the forest of Fiji. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington* 108: 395-400.
- Zug, G. R., Brown, H. H. K., Schulte, J. A. and Vindum, J. V. 2006. Systematics of the Garden Lizards, *Calotes versicolor* Group (Reptilia, Squamata, Agamidae), in Myanmar: Central Dry Zone Populations. *Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences* 57: 35-68.
- 1490 Zug, G. R., Vitt, L. J. and Caldwell, J. P. 2001. *Herpetology*. 2nd edition. Academic Press, San Diego.
- Zug, G. R., Watling, D., Alefaio, T., Alefaio, S. and Ludescher, C. 2003. A new gecko (Reptilia: Squamata: genus *Lepidodactylus*) from Tuvalu, South-central Pacific. *Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington* 116: 38-46.
- 1492 Zug, G. R., Win, H., Thin, T., Min, T. Z., Lhon, W. Z. and Kyaw, K. 1998. Herpetofauna of the Chatthin Wildlife Sanctuary, north-central Myanmar with preliminary observations of their Natural History. *Hamadryad* 23: 111-120.
- 1493 Zugmayer, E. 1909. Beitrage zur Herpetologie von Zentral-Asien. *Zoologische Jahrbucher, Abteilung für Systematik, Geographie und Biologie der Tiere* 27: 481-508.
- 1494 Zweifel, R. G. 1966. A new lizard of the genus *Tribolonotus* (Scincidae) from New Britain. *American Museum novitates* 2264:
- 1495 Zweifel, R. G. 1979. Variation in the scincid lizard *Lipinia noctua* and notes on other *Lipinia* from the New Guinea region. *American Museum Novitates* 2676: 1-21.
- 1496 Zweifel, R. G. 1980. Results of the Archbold Expeditions No. 103. Frogs and lizards from the Huon Peninsula, Papua New Guinea. *Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History* 165:

## **Appendix 2**

### Appendix S2 – Lizard body sizes

Body sizes are maximum snout-vent lengths (SVL, in mm) obtained from the sources in appendix 1.

Family designation follows Uetz (2006). Taxon is the clade identified in Townsend et al. (2004).

Family	Taxon	Species	SVL (mm)	Remarks
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Acanthocercus_adramitanus</i>	150	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Acanthocercus_annectens</i>	152	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Acanthocercus_atricollis</i>	171	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Acanthocercus_cyanogaster</i>	167	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Acanthocercus_phillipsii</i>	112	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Acanthocercus_trachypleurus</i>	71	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Acanthocercus_yemensis</i>	130	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Acanthocercus_zonurus</i>	75	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Acanthosaura_armata</i>	140	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Acanthosaura_capra</i>	137.9	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Acanthosaura_crucigera</i>	140	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Acanthosaura_lepidogaster</i>	111	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Acanthosaura_nataliae</i>	158	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_aculeata</i>	117	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_agama</i>	140	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_anchietae</i>	140	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_armata</i>	94	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_atra</i>	140	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_bocourti</i>	80	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_bottegi</i>	120	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_boueti</i>	102	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_boulengeri</i>	103	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_caudospinosa</i>	144	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_cornii</i>	50	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_doriae</i>	113	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_etoshae</i>	75	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_gracilimembris</i>	57.6	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_hartmanni</i>	75	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_hispida</i>	134	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_impalearis</i>	131	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_insularis</i>	70	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_kirkii</i>	115	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_mehelyi</i>	70	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_montana</i>	87	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_mossambica</i>	120	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_mwanzae</i>	95	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_paragama</i>	108	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_persimilis</i>	85	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_planiceps</i>	148	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_robecchii</i>	137	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_rueppelli</i>	90	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_sankaranica</i>	70	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_spinosa</i>	126	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Agama_weidholzi</i>	59	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Amphibolurus_muricatus</i>	125	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Amphibolurus_nobbi</i>	84	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Amphibolurus_norrisi</i>	117	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Aphaniotis_acutirostris</i>	72	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Aphaniotis_fusca</i>	70	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Aphaniotis_ornata</i>	57	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Brachysaura_minor</i>	90	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Bronchocela_celebensis</i>	119.4	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Bronchocela_cristatella</i>	130	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Bronchocela_danieli</i>	80	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Bronchocela_hayeki</i>	120	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Bronchocela_jubata</i>	150	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Bronchocela_marmorata</i>	125	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Bronchocela_orlovi</i>	109.6	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Bronchocela_smaragdina</i>	113	
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Bronchocela_vietnamensis</i>	122	

Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Bufo niceps laungwalaensis</i>	69
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Caimanops amphiboluroides</i>	94
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes andamanensis</i>	85
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes bhutanensis</i>	61
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes calotes</i>	140
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes ceylonensis</i>	83
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes chincolium</i>	142.9
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes desilvai</i>	76
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes ellioti</i>	76.2
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes emma</i>	125
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes grandisquamis</i>	145
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes htunwini</i>	91.4
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes irawadi</i>	106.8
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes jerdoni</i>	120
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes kingdonwardi</i>	100
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes liocephalus</i>	91
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes liolepis</i>	91.6
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes maria</i>	120
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes medogensis</i>	76
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes mystaceus</i>	158
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes nemoricola</i>	145
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes nigrigularis</i>	70
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes nigrilabris</i>	105
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes rouxii</i>	77
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Calotes versicolor</i>	146
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ceratophora aspera</i>	44.5
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ceratophora erdeleni</i>	84
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ceratophora karu</i>	33.7
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ceratophora stoddartii</i>	85
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ceratophora tennentii</i>	90
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Chelosania brunnea</i>	118
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Chlamydosaurus kingii</i>	272.6
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Cophotis ceylanica</i>	67
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Coryphophylax subcristatus</i>	111.8
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Cryptagama aurita</i>	46
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus caudicinctus</i>	100
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus clayi</i>	58
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus cristatus</i>	110
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus decresii</i>	90
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus femoralis</i>	57
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus fionni</i>	96
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus fordii</i>	58
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus gibba</i>	82
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus isolepis</i>	83
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus maculatus</i>	67
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus maculosus</i>	70
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus mckenziei</i>	77
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus nuchalis</i>	120
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus ornatus</i>	93
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus pictus</i>	74.9
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus reticulatus</i>	108
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus rufescens</i>	97
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus salinarum</i>	77.9
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus scutulatus</i>	115
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus tjantjalka</i>	75
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus vadrappa</i>	90
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus yinnietharra</i>	87
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Dendragama boulengeri</i>	75
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Diporiphora albilabris</i>	59
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Diporiphora arnhemica</i>	63
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Diporiphora australis</i>	50

Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Diporiphora_bennettii</i>	80
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Diporiphora_bilineata</i>	70
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Diporiphora_convergens</i>	34
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Diporiphora_lalliae</i>	76
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Diporiphora_linga</i>	61
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Diporiphora_magna</i>	87
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Diporiphora_margaretae</i>	59
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Diporiphora_pindan</i>	61
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Diporiphora_reginae</i>	72
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Diporiphora_superba</i>	93
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Diporiphora_valens</i>	66
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Diporiphora_winneckeii</i>	70
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_biaro</i>	73.5
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_bimaculatus</i>	71
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_blanfordii</i>	134
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_caerulhians</i>	82
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_cornutus</i>	92
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_cristatellus</i>	90
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_cyanopterus</i>	95
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_dussumieri</i>	97
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_fimbriatus</i>	132
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_guentheri</i>	97
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_haematopogon</i>	95
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_jareckii</i>	90
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_lineatus</i>	82
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_maculatus</i>	87
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_maximus</i>	145
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_melanopogon</i>	93.2
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_mindanensis</i>	105
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_norvillii</i>	108
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_obscurus</i>	114
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_ornatus</i>	90
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_palawanensis</i>	85
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_quadrasii</i>	86.5
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_quinquefasciatus</i>	110
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_reticulatus</i>	91
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_spilopterus</i>	103

According to Taylor (1963, p854) the 100 mm specimen described in Smith 1935 belongs to a different species

Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_taeniopterus</i>	80
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Draco_volans</i>	96
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus_bellii</i>	152.4
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus_beyschlagi</i>	126
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus_borneensis</i>	138
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus_chamaeleontinus</i>	170
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus_doriae</i>	163
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus_grandis</i>	160
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus_interruptus</i>	95
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus_klossii</i>	165
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus_kuhlii</i>	185
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus_lacunosus</i>	145
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus_liogaster</i>	145
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus_megalepis</i>	140
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus_mjoebergi</i>	88
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus_robinsonii</i>	152
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus_semperi</i>	100
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus_sophiae</i>	111
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Harpesaurus_beccarii</i>	86
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Harpesaurus_borneensis</i>	59

Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Harpesaurus_ensicauda</i>	60
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Harpesaurus_modigliani</i>	83
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Harpesaurus_tricinctus</i>	64
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hydrosaurusamboinensis</i>	350
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hydrosaurus_pustulatus</i>	255
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hydrosaurus_weberi</i>	330
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsicalotes_kinabaluensis</i>	145
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_auritus</i>	130
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_binotatus</i>	200
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_boydii</i>	175
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_bruijnii</i>	143
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_dilophus</i>	220
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_geelvinkianus</i>	100
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_godeffroyi</i>	235
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_hikidanus</i>	158
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_longi</i>	235
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_macrolepis</i>	120
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_magnus</i>	232
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_modestus</i>	107
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_nigrigularis</i>	230
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_ornatus</i>	155
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_papuensis</i>	228.6
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_schoedei</i>	128
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_schultzei</i>	166
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_spinipes</i>	131
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Hypsilurus_tenuicephalus</i>	151
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_andersoniana</i>	75
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_brevipes</i>	71.3
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_chapaensis</i>	59.6
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_dymondi</i>	86
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_fasciata</i>	77
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_flavipes</i>	86
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_grahami</i>	51
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_hamptoni</i>	75
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_kaulbacki</i>	100
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_kumaonensis</i>	63
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_luei</i>	74.5
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_major</i>	94
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_makii</i>	78.7
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_micangshanensis</i>	70
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_planidorsata</i>	50
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_polygonata</i>	80.2
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_sagittifera</i>	60
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_splendida</i>	100
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_swinhoni</i>	87
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_tricarinata</i>	58.5
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_varcoae</i>	80
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_variegata</i>	121.9
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_yunnanensis</i>	88
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Japalura_zhaoermii</i>	85
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_agrorensis</i>	110
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_badakhshana</i>	82
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_bochariensis</i>	120
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_caucasia</i>	157
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_dayana</i>	78.9
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_erythrogastra</i>	151
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_himalayana</i>	145
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_kirmanensis</i>	186
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_lehmanni</i>	150
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_melanura</i>	145
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_microlepis</i>	149

Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_nupta</i>	172
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_nuristanica</i>	135
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_pakistanica</i>	150
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_papenfussi</i>	124
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_sacra</i>	147
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_stellio</i>	284
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_stoliczkana</i>	180
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_tuberculata</i>	150
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Laudakia_wui</i>	118
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Leiolepis_belliana</i>	177.8
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Leiolepis_boehmei</i>	123
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Leiolepis_guentherpetersi</i>	156
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Leiolepis_guttata</i>	200
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Leiolepis_peguensis</i>	162
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Leiolepis_reevesii</i>	166.5
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Leiolepis_triploida</i>	148
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Lophocalotes_ludekingi</i>	92
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Lophognathus_gilberti</i>	135
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Lophognathus_longirostris</i>	114
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Lophognathus_maculilabris</i>	98
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Lophognathus_temporalis</i>	152.4
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Lyriocephalus_scutatus</i>	177.8
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Mantheyus_phuwuanensis</i>	86
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Mictopholis_austeniana</i>	90
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Moloch_horridus</i>	122
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Oriocalotes_paulus</i>	70
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Oriotaris_dasi</i>	64.5
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Otocryptis_beddomei</i>	45
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Otocryptis_nigrostroma</i>	65.8
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Otocryptis_wiegmanni</i>	77

large difference between SVL reported in Das 2004 (155mm) and Manthey and Grossmann 1997 (61-66 mm). Das probably relies on Inger 1960 description where total length is 155mm, and taillength 92 mm

Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phoxophrys_borneensis</i>	66
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phoxophrys_cephalum</i>	84
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phoxophrys_nigrilabris</i>	58
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phoxophrys_spiniceps</i>	60.3
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phoxophrys_tuberculata</i>	43
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_affinis</i>	73
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_albolineatus</i>	45
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_alticola</i>	48.5
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_arabicus</i>	60
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_arcellazzii</i>	58.5
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_axillaris</i>	63
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_clarkorum</i>	45
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_elegans</i>	45
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_euphilopus</i>	63
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_forsythii</i>	57.5
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_frontalis</i>	57
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_golubewii</i>	67.6
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_guttatus</i>	65
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_helioscopus</i>	70
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_hongyuanensis</i>	60.4
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_interscapularis</i>	42
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_lidskii</i>	63
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_luteoguttatus</i>	47



Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_maculatus</i>	91
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_melanurus</i>	58
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_mystaceus</i>	122.7
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_nasatus</i>	58.5
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_ornatus</i>	47
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_parvulus</i>	40
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_parvus</i>	66
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_persicus</i>	59
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_przewalskii</i>	90
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_raddei</i>	58
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_reticulatus</i>	55
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_roborowskii</i>	90
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_rossikowi</i>	50
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_salenskyi</i>	63
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_scutellatus</i>	56
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_sogdianus</i>	47
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_steindachneri</i>	49
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_strauchi</i>	50
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_theobaldi</i>	57
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_versicolor</i>	67
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_vlangalii</i>	77
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus_zetangensis</i>	52.3
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Physignathus_cocincinus</i>	250
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Physignathus_lesueurii</i>	288
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pogona_barbata</i>	250
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pogona_henrylawsoni</i>	150
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pogona_microlepidota</i>	180
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pogona_minima</i>	160
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pogona_minor</i>	170
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pogona_nullarbor</i>	141
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pogona_vitticeps</i>	250
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Psammophilus_blanfordanus</i>	104
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Psammophilus_dorsalis</i>	139.7
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pseudocalotes_brevipes</i>	77.5
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pseudocalotes_dringi</i>	70.3
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pseudocalotes_flavigula</i>	72
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pseudocalotes_floweri_</i>	98
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pseudocalotes_larutensis</i>	77.3
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pseudocalotes_microlepis</i>	85
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pseudocalotes_poilani</i>	89.4
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pseudocalotes_saravacensis</i>	82
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pseudocalotes_sumatrana</i>	81
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pseudocalotes_tympanistriga</i>	80.8
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Pseudotrapelus_sinaitus</i>	100
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ptyctolaemus_collicristatus</i>	91.3
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Ptyctolaemus_gularis</i>	87.4
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Rankinia_adelaidensis</i>	53
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Rankinia_diemensis</i>	82
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Salea_anamallayana</i>	111
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Salea_gularis</i>	120.7
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Salea_horsfieldii</i>	95
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Salea_kakhienensis</i>	125
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Sitana_fusca</i>	47.7
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Sitana_ponticeriana</i>	81
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Sitana_schleichi</i>	39.5
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Sitana_sivalensis</i>	44.5
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Thaumatorhynchus_brooksi</i>	60
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Trapelus_agilis</i>	116
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Trapelus_blanfordi</i>	100
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Trapelus_flavimaculatus</i>	130
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Trapelus_jayakari</i>	153

Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Trapelus_lessonae</i>	79
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Trapelus_megalonyx</i>	75
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Trapelus_mutabilis</i>	95
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Trapelus_pallidus</i>	93
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Trapelus_rubrigularis</i>	95
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Trapelus_ruderatus</i>	118
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Trapelus_sanguinolentus</i>	188
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Trapelus_savignii</i>	123
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Trapelus_tournevillei</i>	100
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Tympanocryptis_cephalus</i>	62
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Tympanocryptis_intima</i>	61
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Tympanocryptis_lineata</i>	72
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Tympanocryptis_parviceps</i>	46
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Tympanocryptis_tetraporophora</i>	74
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Tympanocryptis_uniformis</i>	50
Agamidae	Uromastycidae	<i>Uromastyx_acanthinura</i>	400
Agamidae	Uromastycidae	<i>Uromastyx_aegyptia</i>	375
Agamidae	Uromastycidae	<i>Uromastyx_alfredschmidtii</i>	219
Agamidae	Uromastycidae	<i>Uromastyx_asmussi</i>	269
Agamidae	Uromastycidae	<i>Uromastyx_benti</i>	177
Agamidae	Uromastycidae	<i>Uromastyx_dispar</i>	232
Agamidae	Uromastycidae	<i>Uromastyx_geyri</i>	197
Agamidae	Uromastycidae	<i>Uromastyx_hardwickii</i>	250
Agamidae	Uromastycidae	<i>Uromastyx_leptieni</i>	254
Agamidae	Uromastycidae	<i>Uromastyx_loricata</i>	252
Agamidae	Uromastycidae	<i>Uromastyx_macfadyeni</i>	122
Agamidae	Uromastycidae	<i>Uromastyx_occidentalis</i>	308
Agamidae	Uromastycidae	<i>Uromastyx_ocellata</i>	175
Agamidae	Uromastycidae	<i>Uromastyx_ornata</i>	210
Agamidae	Uromastycidae	<i>Uromastyx_princeps</i>	150
Agamidae	Uromastycidae	<i>Uromastyx_thomasi</i>	130
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Xenagama_batillifera</i>	80
Agamidae	Agamidae	<i>Xenagama_taylori</i>	86
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_anzuetoi</i>	135
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_aurita</i>	125
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_campbelli</i>	127
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_chiszari</i>	75
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_deppii</i>	115
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_fimbriata</i>	130
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_frosti</i>	110
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_fuscolabialis</i>	112
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_gaiophasma</i>	110
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_graminea</i>	96.2
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_leurolepis</i>	105
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_lythrochila</i>	120
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_martindalcampoi</i>	115
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_matudai</i>	96
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_meledona</i>	120
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_mitchelli</i>	105
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_mixteca</i>	148
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_montecristoi</i>	93
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_oaxacae</i>	107.2
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_ochoterenai</i>	97
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_ornelasi</i>	97
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_ramirezi</i>	93
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_reidi</i>	91.2
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_salvadorensis</i>	94
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_smithi</i>	110
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Abronia_teniata</i>	88
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Anguis_cephallonica</i>	227
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Anguis_fragilis</i>	290

Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Barisia_herrerae</i>	125
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Barisia_imbricata</i>	158.3
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Barisia_levicollis</i>	142.9
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Barisia_rudicollis</i>	127
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_agasepsoides</i>	71
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_anelpistus</i>	285
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_badius</i>	95
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_barbouri</i>	106
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_bivittatus</i>	103
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_carraui</i>	283
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_costatus</i>	127
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_crusculus</i>	90
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_curtissi</i>	86
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_cyanochloris</i>	99
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_darlingtoni</i>	85
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_duquesneyi</i>	96
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_enneagrammus</i>	115
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_fowleri</i>	105
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_haetianus</i>	98
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_hewardi</i>	180
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_hylaius</i>	107
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_macrotus</i>	60
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_marcanoi</i>	78
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_microblepharis</i>	87
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_montanus</i>	93
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_occiduus</i>	320
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_orobius</i>	83
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_rozellae</i>	102
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_scansorius</i>	111
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_sepsoides</i>	78
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_stenurus</i>	172
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Celestus_warreni</i>	279
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Coloptychon_rhombifer</i>	120
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_atitlanensis</i>	119.5
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_bilobatus</i>	99
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_delasagra</i>	121
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_fasciatus</i>	170
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_garridoi</i>	103
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_ingridae</i>	105
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_legnotus</i>	113
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_lessonae</i>	162
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_maculatus</i>	80.67
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_microcephalus</i>	53
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_microlepis</i>	74
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_millepunctatus</i>	235
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_monotropis</i>	215
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_montisilvestris</i>	100
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_montisserrati</i>	180
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_nigropunctatus</i>	111
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_owenii</i>	64
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus_pleii</i>	160
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Elgaria_coerulea</i>	136
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Elgaria_kingii</i>	133
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Elgaria_multicarinata</i>	178
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Elgaria_panamintina</i>	152
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Elgaria_paucicarinata</i>	110
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Elgaria_velazquezi</i>	124
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Gerrhonotus_infernalis</i>	200
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Gerrhonotus_liocephalus</i>	203
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Gerrhonotus_lugoi</i>	89
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Gerrhonotus_parvus</i>	70

Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Mesaspis_antauges</i>	85.2
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Mesaspis_gadovii</i>	93.5
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Mesaspis_juarezi</i>	77
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Mesaspis_monticola</i>	88
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Mesaspis_moreletii</i>	96
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Mesaspis_viridiflava</i>	54
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophiodes_intermedius</i>	268
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophiodes_striatus</i>	230
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophiodes_vertrebralis</i>	217
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophiodes_yacupoi</i>	211
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophisaurus_attenuatus</i>	289
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophisaurus_buettikoferi</i>	125
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophisaurus_ceroni</i>	181
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophisaurus_compressus</i>	195

Cox et al. 1998 reports 350 mm SVL, which far exceeds any other published data and my own measurements, may be total length

Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophisaurus_gracilis</i>	192.8
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophisaurus_hainanensis</i>	285
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophisaurus_harti</i>	286
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophisaurus_incomptus</i>	231
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophisaurus_koellikeri</i>	183.3
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophisaurus_mimicus</i>	183
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophisaurus_sokolovi</i>	176
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophisaurus_ventralis</i>	306
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Ophisaurus_wegneri</i>	175
Anguidae	Anguidae	<i>Pseudopus_apodus</i>	530
Anniellidae	Anniellidae	<i>Anniella_geronimensis</i>	142
Anniellidae	Anniellidae	<i>Anniella_pulchra</i>	178
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_adolfifridgerici</i>	65
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_caffer</i>	68
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_carpenteri</i>	84
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_damaranum</i>	79
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_dracomontanum</i>	77
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_excubitor</i>	69.88
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_fischeri</i>	200
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_gutturale</i>	84
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_karooicum</i>	75
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_melanocephalum</i>	71
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_mlanjense</i>	77
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_nemorale</i>	80
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_occidentale</i>	91
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_oxyrhinum</i>	72
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_pumilum</i>	102
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_setaroi</i>	59
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_taeiabronchum</i>	62
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_tavetanum</i>	97
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_tenue</i>	70
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_thamnobates</i>	103
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_transvaalense</i>	86
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_uthmoelleri</i>	93
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_ventrale</i>	86
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Bradypodion_xenorhinum</i>	95
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_ambreensis</i>	55
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_antakarana</i>	58
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_bekolosa</i>	34
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_betschi</i>	42
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_bonsi</i>	38
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_brygooi</i>	52

Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_decaryi</i>	53
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_dentata</i>	25.5
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_ebenau</i>	52
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_exarmata</i>	25
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_griveaudi</i>	64
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_karchei</i>	30
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_lambertoni</i>	44
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_lineata</i>	45
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_lolontany</i>	32
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_minima</i>	33
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_nasus</i>	49
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_perarmata</i>	66
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_peyrierasi</i>	27
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_stumpffi</i>	57
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_superciliaris</i>	54
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_therezieni</i>	53
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_thieli</i>	45
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_tuberculata</i>	19.5
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_vadoni</i>	35
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Brookesia_valerieae</i>	53
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_andringitraensis</i>	62
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_boettgeri</i>	59
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_brevicornis</i>	170
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_capuroni</i>	90
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_cucullatum</i>	190
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_fallax</i>	44
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_furcifer</i>	72
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_gallus</i>	60
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_gastrotaenia</i>	73
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_glawi</i>	68
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_globifer</i>	187
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_guibe</i>	55
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_guillaumeti</i>	58
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_hilleniusi</i>	73
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_linotum</i>	52
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_malthe</i>	135
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_marojezensis</i>	74
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_nasutum</i>	50
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_oshaughnessyi</i>	180
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_parsonii</i>	295
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_peyrierasi</i>	50
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_tigris</i>	100
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_tsaratananense</i>	64
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_vatosoa</i>	60
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma_vencesi</i>	73
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_affinis</i>	76
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_africanus</i>	190
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_anchietae</i>	90
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_arabicus</i>	230
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_balebicornutus</i>	76
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_bitaeniatus</i>	199
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_calcaricarens</i>	150
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_calypttratus</i>	239
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_camerunensis</i>	90
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_chamaeleon</i>	170
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_chapini</i>	80
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_conirostratus</i>	67
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_cristatus</i>	160
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_deremensis</i>	165
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_dilepis</i>	195
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_eisentrauti</i>	142

Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_elliotti</i>	97
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_etiennei</i>	137
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_feae</i>	104
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_fuelleborni</i>	89.23
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_goetzei</i>	87
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_gracilis</i>	175
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_harennae</i>	51
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_hohnelii</i>	110
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_incornutus</i>	93
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_ituriensis</i>	130
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_jacksonii</i>	160
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_johnstoni</i>	130
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_kinetensis</i>	69
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_laevigatus</i>	130
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_laterispinis</i>	67
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_marsabitensis</i>	86
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_melleri</i>	270
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_monachus</i>	174
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_montium</i>	121
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_namaquensis</i>	160
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_narraioca</i>	86
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_ntunte</i>	79
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_oweni</i>	148
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_pfefferi</i>	90
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_quadricornis</i>	168
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_quilensis</i>	138
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_roperi</i>	150
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_rudis</i>	75
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_ruspolii</i>	123
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_schubotzi</i>	60.37
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_senegalensis</i>	152
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_sternfeldi</i>	84
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_tempeli</i>	76
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_tremperi</i>	88
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_werneri</i>	103
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_wiedersheimi</i>	95
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo_zeilanicus</i>	235
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_angeli</i>	160
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_antimena</i>	170
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_balteatus</i>	175
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_belalandaensis</i>	120
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_bifidus</i>	200
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_campani</i>	68.5
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_cephalolepis</i>	77
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_labordi</i>	147
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_lateralis</i>	139
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_minor</i>	100
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_monoceras</i>	79
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_nicosiai</i>	145
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_oustaleti</i>	299
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_pardalis</i>	250
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_petteri</i>	90
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_polleni</i>	83
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_rhinoceratus</i>	143
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_tuzetae</i>	173
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_verrucosus</i>	265
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Furcifer_willsii</i>	82
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Rhampholeon_boulengeri</i>	62
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Rhampholeon_brachyurus</i>	46
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Rhampholeon_brevicaudatus</i>	75
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Rhampholeon_chapmanorum</i>	51.5

Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Rhampholeon_kerstenii</i>	71
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Rhampholeon_marshalli</i>	73
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Rhampholeon_moyeri</i>	51.3
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Rhampholeon_nchisiensis</i>	67
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Rhampholeon_platycephalus</i>	62
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Rhampholeon_spectrum</i>	60
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Rhampholeon_spinosum</i>	49
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Rhampholeon_temporalis</i>	45
Chamaeleonidae	Chamaeleonidae	<i>Rhampholeon_uluguruensis</i>	40
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Chamaesaura_aenea</i>	137
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Chamaesaura_anguina</i>	152.5
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Chamaesaura_macrolepis</i>	166
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_angolensis</i>	74
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_aridus</i>	66.2
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_beraduccii</i>	78
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_campbelli</i>	79
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_capensis</i>	108
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_cataphractus</i>	105
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_cloetei</i>	69.5
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_coeruleopunctatus</i>	82
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_cordylus</i>	98
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_giganteus</i>	220
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_imkeae</i>	67.8
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_jonesii</i>	92
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_jordani</i>	127
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_langi</i>	106
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_lawrenci</i>	75
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_macropholis</i>	70
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_mclachlani</i>	73
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_meculae</i>	94
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_melanotus</i>	151
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_microlepidotus</i>	145
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_minor</i>	68.5
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_namaquensis</i>	82
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_nebulosus</i>	80.7
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_niger</i>	92
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_nyikae</i>	95
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_oelofseni</i>	69
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_peersi</i>	85
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_polyzonus</i>	116
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_pustulatus</i>	82
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_rhodesianus</i>	91
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_rivae</i>	105
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_spinosus</i>	89
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_tasmani</i>	81
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_tropidosternum</i>	107
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_ukingensis</i>	80
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_vittifer</i>	95
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus_warreni</i>	155
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Platysaurus_broadleyi</i>	86
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Platysaurus_capensis</i>	86
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Platysaurus_guttatus</i>	105
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Platysaurus_imperator</i>	146
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Platysaurus_intermedius</i>	129
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Platysaurus_lebomboensis</i>	75
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Platysaurus_maculatus</i>	76
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Platysaurus_minor</i>	73

Loveridge 1944 reports a 221 mm individual (p 80, 221+58 mm tail) which is far in excess of other published SVL data

				Broadley (1965) reports a maximum of 112 mm, which is far in excess of other published SVL data
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Platysaurus_mitchelli</i>	52	
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Platysaurus_monotropis</i>	77	
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Platysaurus_ocellatus</i>	94	
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Platysaurus_orientalis</i>	91	
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Platysaurus_pungweensis</i>	91	
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Platysaurus_relictus</i>	73	
Cordylidae	Cordylidae	<i>Platysaurus_torquatus</i>	76	
Corytophanidae	Corytophanidae	<i>Basiliscus_basiliscus</i>	250	
Corytophanidae	Corytophanidae	<i>Basiliscus_galeritus</i>	240	
Corytophanidae	Corytophanidae	<i>Basiliscus_plumifrons</i>	250	
Corytophanidae	Corytophanidae	<i>Basiliscus_vittatus</i>	225	
Corytophanidae	Corytophanidae	<i>Corytophanes_cristatus</i>	125	
Corytophanidae	Corytophanidae	<i>Corytophanes_hernandezi</i>	120	
Corytophanidae	Corytophanidae	<i>Corytophanes_percarinatus</i>	103	
				in Boulenger 1885b head+body =150 mm, but total length-tail=190 mm
Corytophanidae	Corytophanidae	<i>Laemactus_longipes</i>	150	
Corytophanidae	Corytophanidae	<i>Laemactus_serratus</i>	190	
Crotaphytidae	Crotaphytidae	<i>Crotaphytus_antiquus</i>	108.6	
Crotaphytidae	Crotaphytidae	<i>Crotaphytus_collaris</i>	131	
Crotaphytidae	Crotaphytidae	<i>Crotaphytus_grismeri</i>	99	
Crotaphytidae	Crotaphytidae	<i>Crotaphytus_insularis</i>	120	
Crotaphytidae	Crotaphytidae	<i>Crotaphytus_nebrius</i>	112	
Crotaphytidae	Crotaphytidae	<i>Crotaphytus_reticulatus</i>	137	
Crotaphytidae	Crotaphytidae	<i>Crotaphytus_vestigium</i>	127	
Crotaphytidae	Crotaphytidae	<i>Gambelia_copeii</i>	127	
Crotaphytidae	Crotaphytidae	<i>Gambelia_sila</i>	125	
Crotaphytidae	Crotaphytidae	<i>Gambelia_wislizenii</i>	146	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Anelytropsis_papillosus</i>	180	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_alfredi</i>	135	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_bogadeki</i>	180	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_booliati</i>	102.7	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_bourreti</i>	180	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_celebensis</i>	188	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_deharvengi</i>	92	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_dezwaani</i>	123.1	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_greeri</i>	86	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_ingeri</i>	96	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_kondaoensis</i>	112.4	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_leucurus</i>	136	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_montanus</i>	130	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_nicobaricum</i>	134.7	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_novaeguineae</i>	165	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_seramensis</i>	203	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_smithi</i>	108	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_somsaki</i>	106.6	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_taylori</i>	169	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_tioanensis</i>	123	
Dibamidae	Dibamidae	<i>Dibamus_vorisi</i>	90.1	
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Aeluroscalabotes_felinus</i>	122	
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Afroedura_africana</i>	64	
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Afroedura_amatolica</i>	60	
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Afroedura_bogerti</i>	50	
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Afroedura_hawequensis</i>	83	
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Afroedura_karroica</i>	64.2	
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Afroedura_nivaria</i>	66	
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Afroedura_pondolia</i>	76	
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Afroedura_tembulica</i>	57	



Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Afroedura_transvaalica</i>	73
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Afrogecko_ansorgii</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Afrogecko_porphyreus</i>	51
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Afrogecko_swartbergensis</i>	77
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Agamura_femoralis</i>	62
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Agamura_misonnei</i>	81
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Agamura_persica</i>	77
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ailuronyx_seychellensis</i>	116
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ailuronyx_tachyscopaeus</i>	85
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ailuronyx_trachygaster</i>	172
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Alsophylax_boehmei</i>	39
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Alsophylax_laevis</i>	37.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Alsophylax_loricatus</i>	32.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Alsophylax_papiens</i>	41.6
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Alsophylax_przewalskii</i>	33.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Alsophylax_tadjikiensis</i>	31
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Alsophylax_tokobajevi</i>	49.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Aristelliger_barbouri</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Aristelliger_cochranae</i>	63
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Aristelliger_expectatus</i>	51
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Aristelliger_georgeensis</i>	115
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Aristelliger_hechti</i>	90
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Aristelliger_lar</i>	150
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Aristelliger_praesignis</i>	96
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Asaccus_caudivolvulus</i>	62.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Asaccus_elisae</i>	63
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Asaccus_gallagheri</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Asaccus_griseonotus</i>	71
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Asaccus_kermanshahensis</i>	55.7
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Asaccus_montanus</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Asaccus_platyrhynchus</i>	63
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Asiocolotes_depressus</i>	34
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Asiocolotes_levitoni</i>	44.9
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Bavayia_crassicolis</i>	86
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Bavayia_cyclura</i>	72
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Bavayia_exsuccida</i>	47
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Bavayia_geitaina</i>	72
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Bavayia_madjo</i>	75
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Bavayia_montana</i>	76
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Bavayia_ornata</i>	69
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Bavayia_pulchella</i>	49
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Bavayia_robusta</i>	83
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Bavayia_sauvagii</i>	62
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Bavayia_septuiclavis</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Bavayia_validiclavis</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Blaesodactylus_antongilensis</i>	97
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Blaesodactylus_boivini</i>	156
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Blaesodactylus_sakalava</i>	104
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Bogertia_lutzae</i>	64
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Bunopus_blanfordii</i>	52
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Bunopus_crassicauda</i>	54.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Bunopus_spatalurus</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Bunopus_tuberculatus</i>	56
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Calodactylodes_aureus</i>	89
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Calodactylodes_illingworthorum</i>	100
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Carinatogekko_aspratilis</i>	27.4
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Carinatogekko_heteropholis</i>	31
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Carphodactylus_laevis</i>	130
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Chondrodactylus_angulifer</i>	113

Bowler 2006 reports 260 mm, far exceeding all other known measurements

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Chondrodactylus_bibronii</i>	100
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Chondrodactylus_fitzsimonsi</i>	90
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Chondrodactylus_turneri</i>	95
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Christinus_guentheri</i>	102
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Christinus_marmoratus</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_affinis</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_africana</i>	61
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_anaikattiensis</i>	61
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_argus</i>	65.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_assamensis</i>	33.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_barbouri</i>	42
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_baueri</i>	64.9
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_beddomei</i>	51
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_boiei</i>	34
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_boulengerii</i>	66
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_chanthaburiensis</i>	41
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_dezwaani</i>	31.4
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_dickersoni</i>	41
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_dilepis</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_dringi</i>	45.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_flavolineata</i>	46.7
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_gigas</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_goaensis</i>	71
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_gordongekkoi</i>	73
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_heteropholis</i>	40.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_indica</i>	40.6
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_jacobsoni</i>	30.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_jerdonii</i>	43
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_kandiana</i>	61

Hendrickson (1966) doubts a maximum SVL of 80 by Boulanger (1912), gives 60.9 as maximum, But 80mm SVL also recorded by Das (2004)

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_kendallii</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_koehleri</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_kumpoli</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_limi</i>	88.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_littoralis</i>	34.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_modiglianii</i>	33.7
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_nairi</i>	44
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_nigridia</i>	89
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_occidentalis</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_ornata</i>	56
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_otai</i>	32.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_pemanggilensis</i>	76
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_petrodroma</i>	64
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_phuketensis</i>	29.1
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_podihuna</i>	26.6
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_quattuorseriata</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_siamensis</i>	42
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_sisparensis</i>	62
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_spinicollis</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_timoriensis</i>	35
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_tropidogaster</i>	66
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_uzungwae</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_whittenorum</i>	31.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_wynadensis</i>	41
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cnemaspis_yercaudensis</i>	24.9
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Coleodactylus_amazonicus</i>	29
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Coleodactylus_brachystoma</i>	25

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Coleodactylus_meridionalis</i>	29
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Coleodactylus_natalensis</i>	24
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Coleodactylus_septentrionalis</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Coleonyx_brevis</i>	66.6
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Coleonyx_elegans</i>	120
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Coleonyx_fasciatus</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Coleonyx_mitratus</i>	97
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Coleonyx_reticulatus</i>	94
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Coleonyx_switaki</i>	89
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Coleonyx_variegatus</i>	77
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Colopus_kochii</i>	54
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Colopus_wahlbergii</i>	61
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cosymbotus_craspedotus</i>	62
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Crenadactylus_ocellatus</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Crossobamon_eversmanni</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Crossobamon_orientalis</i>	56.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cryptactites_peringueyi</i>	28.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_aaroni</i>	100.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_abrae</i>	160
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_adleri</i>	68.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_aequalis</i>	90.1
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_agusanensis</i>	106
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_angularis</i>	92
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_annandalei</i>	55.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_annulatus</i>	75.7
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_aravallensis</i>	51
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_aurensis</i>	99.4
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_ayeyarwadyensis</i>	78
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_baluensis</i>	86
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_basoglui</i>	47
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_biordinis</i>	90
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_brevidactylus</i>	88
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_brevipalmatus</i>	73
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_cavernicolus</i>	81
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_chanhomeae</i>	78.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_chrysopylos</i>	79.1
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_collegalensis</i>	52
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_condorensis</i>	80.9
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_consobrinoides</i>	48
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_consobrinus</i>	125
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_cracens</i>	102.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_darmandvillei</i>	85
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_deccanensis</i>	85
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_derongo</i>	120
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_deveti</i>	105
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_edwardtaylori</i>	95.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_elok</i>	68
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_feae</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_fraenatus</i>	100
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_gansi</i>	63
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_gubernatoris</i>	53
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_ingeri</i>	80.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_interdigitalis</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_intermedius</i>	87
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_irianjayaensis</i>	163
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_irregularis</i>	79
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_jarujini</i>	90
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_jellesmae</i>	63
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_khasiensis</i>	90
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_laevigatus</i>	43
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_lateralis</i>	85

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_loriae</i>	156
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_louisiadensis</i>	160
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_malayanus</i>	117.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_malcomsmithi</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_marmoratus</i>	76
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_matsuii</i>	105
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_mimikanus</i>	103
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_murua</i>	113
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_nebulosus</i>	54
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_novaeguineae</i>	172
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_oldhami</i>	77
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_papilionoides</i>	93
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_papuensis</i>	140
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_peguensis</i>	85
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_philippinicus</i>	94
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_phongnhakebangensis</i>	96.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_pubisulcus</i>	77

Bauer et al. 2002 report  
maximum size of 165, far  
exceeding all other records

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_pulchellus</i>	115
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_quadrivirgatus</i>	71
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_ramboda</i>	99.1
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_redimiculus</i>	81
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_rubidus</i>	75
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_russelli</i>	116
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_sadleiri</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_semenanjungensis</i>	69
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_seribuatensis</i>	75
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_sermowaiensis</i>	88
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_slowinskii</i>	108
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_soba</i>	105.7
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_stoliczkai</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_subsolanus</i>	104.6
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_sumonthai</i>	70.7
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_sworderi</i>	77
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_thirakhupti</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_tibetanus</i>	52.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_tigroides</i>	83.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_tioanensis</i>	84
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_variegatus</i>	71
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_wakeorum</i>	63.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_walli</i>	59.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_wetariensis</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtodactylus_yoshii</i>	103.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_agamuroides</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_amictopholis</i>	36
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_battalensis</i>	64
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_baturensis</i>	53
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_brevipes</i>	44
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_caspicus</i>	75
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_dattanensis</i>	62
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_elongatus</i>	56.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_fasciolatus</i>	82
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_fedtschenkoi</i>	77
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_fortmunroi</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_gastropholis</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_heterocercus</i>	49.9
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_himalayanus</i>	76
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_indusoani</i>	54
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_kachhensis</i>	53
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_kirmanensis</i>	50.7

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_kohsulaimanai</i>	59
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_kotschyi</i>	56
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_lawderanus</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_longipes</i>	68.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_medogensis</i>	38
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_mintoni</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_montiumsalsorum</i>	47
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_potoharensis</i>	52
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_rhodocaudus</i>	64
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_rohtasfortai</i>	53
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_russowii</i>	53.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_sagittifer</i>	33
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_scabrum</i>	65
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_spinicaudus</i>	48.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_turcmenicus</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_voraginosus</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Cyrtopodion_watsoni</i>	54
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_alboguttatus</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_byrnei</i>	56.5
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_conspicillatus</i>	65
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_fulleri</i>	51
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_furcosus</i>	50.4
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_galeatus</i>	54
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_granariensis</i>	72
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_immaculatus</i>	85
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_kenneallyi</i>	48
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_klugei</i>	58
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_maini</i>	54
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_mitchelli</i>	65.2
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_occultus</i>	41
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_ornatus</i>	58
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_polyophthalmus</i>	56
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_pulcher</i>	62
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_savagei</i>	46
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_squarrosus</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_steindachneri</i>	59
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_stenodactylus</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_tenicauda</i>	73
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_tessellatus</i>	58
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_vittatus</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Diplodactylus_wombeyi</i>	54
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Dixonius_hangseesom</i>	42.1
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Dixonius_melanostictus</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Dixonius_siamensis</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Dixonius_vietnamensis</i>	46.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Dravidogecko_anamallensis</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ebenavia_inunguis</i>	42
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ebenavia_maintimainty</i>	24
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Elasmodactylus_tetensis</i>	100
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Elasmodactylus_tuberculosus</i>	79
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Eublepharis_agramainyu</i>	170
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Eublepharis_fuscus</i>	252
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Eublepharis_hardwickii</i>	112
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Eublepharis_macularius</i>	165
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Eublepharis_turcmenicus</i>	143
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Euleptes_europaea</i>	44
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Eurydactylodes_agricolae</i>	52
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Eurydactylodes_symmetricus</i>	53
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Eurydactylodes_vieillardii</i>	58
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Geckoella_jeyporensis</i>	54
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Geckoella_triedrus</i>	62

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Geckoella_yakhuna</i>	41
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Geckolepis_anomala</i>	43
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Geckolepis_maculata</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Geckolepis_petiti</i>	37
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Geckolepis_polylepis</i>	51
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Geckolepis_typica</i>	63
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Geckonia_chazaliae</i>	67
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_angusticaudata</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_australis</i>	81
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_baliola</i>	101
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_barea</i>	93
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_borroloola</i>	69
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_brevipalmata</i>	74
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_butleri</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_catenata</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_dubia</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_fehlmanni</i>	51
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_fenestra</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_intermedia</i>	58
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_interstitialis</i>	93
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_kimberleyi</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_koira</i>	96
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_lacerata</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_lampei</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_leopoldi</i>	44
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_marginata</i>	130
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_membranacruralis</i>	123
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_minuta</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_montium</i>	50

de Rooij (1915 p42) reports a body length of 98mm (tail 96) which is far in excess of other published SVL data

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_mutilata</i>	64
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_nana</i>	54
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_occidentalis</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_oceanica</i>	152
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_pamela</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_papua</i>	98.85
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_pilbara</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_punctata</i>	65
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_purpurascens</i>	64
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_robusta</i>	75
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_variegata</i>	71
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_vorax</i>	156
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gehyra_xenopus</i>	79
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_athymus</i>	120
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_auriverrucosus</i>	69
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_badenii</i>	76.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_chinensis</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_gecko</i>	200
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_gigante</i>	103.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_grossmanni</i>	89.4
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_hokouensis</i>	85
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_japonicus</i>	74
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_kikuchii</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_mindorensis</i>	86
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_monarchus</i>	102
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_palawanensis</i>	63
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_palmatus</i>	79.1
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_petricolus</i>	101
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_porosus</i>	93.2

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_romblon</i>	89
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_scabridus</i>	65
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_scientiadvertura</i>	73
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_siamensis</i>	150
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_similignum</i>	52.4
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_smithii</i>	191
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_subpalmatus</i>	78
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_swinhonis</i>	69
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_taibaiensis</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_tawaensis</i>	71
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_taylori</i>	130.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_ulikovskii</i>	108
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_verreauxi</i>	155
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_vittatus</i>	140
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gekko_yakuensis</i>	72
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Goggia_braacki</i>	34.6
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Goggia_essexi</i>	28.4
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Goggia_gemmula</i>	30
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Goggia_hewitti</i>	37.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Goggia_hexapora</i>	35.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Goggia_lineata</i>	31.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Goggia_microlepidota</i>	68.7
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Goggia_rupicola</i>	31.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_albogularis</i>	48
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_alexandermendesi</i>	49.1
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_annularis</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_antillensis</i>	38
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_atricucullaris</i>	29.6
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_caudiscutatus</i>	42
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_ceciliae</i>	67
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_concinnatus</i>	52
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_daudini</i>	29.9
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_eladioi</i>	34
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_falconensis</i>	62
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_hasemani</i>	46
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_humeralis</i>	47
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_ocellatus</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_petersi</i>	42.07
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_purpurogularis</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_seigliei</i>	44.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_taniae</i>	49.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_tapajonicus</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonatodes_vittatus</i>	33
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Goniurosaurus_araneus</i>	130
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Goniurosaurus_bawanglingensis</i>	104
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Goniurosaurus_kuroiwae</i>	100
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Goniurosaurus_lichtenfelderi</i>	105
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Goniurosaurus_luii</i>	122.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonydactylus_markuscombaii</i>	72.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonydactylus_martinstolli</i>	82
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonydactylus_nepalensis</i>	72.6
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gonydactylus_paradoxus</i>	84
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gymnodactylus_carvalhoi</i>	49
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gymnodactylus_darwinii</i>	58
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gymnodactylus_geckoides</i>	54.7
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Gymnodactylus_guttulatus</i>	46
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Haemodracon_riebeckii</i>	140
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Haemodracon_trachyrhinus</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_agrius</i>	66
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_albopunctatus</i>	46
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_ansorgii</i>	62

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_aporus</i>	54
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_arnoldi</i>	82
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_barodanus</i>	78
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_bavazzanoi</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_bayonii</i>	44.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_beninensis</i>	68.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_bouvieri</i>	46
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_bowringii</i>	81.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_brasilianus</i>	64
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_brookii</i>	85
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_citernii</i>	36
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_curlei</i>	43
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_depressus</i>	81.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_dracaenacolus</i>	69
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_echinus</i>	68
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_fasciatus</i>	95
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_flaviviridis</i>	95
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_forbesii</i>	83
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_foudatii</i>	44
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_frenatus</i>	67
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_funaiolii</i>	38
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_garnotii</i>	65
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_giganteus</i>	122
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_gracilis</i>	37
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_granchii</i>	62
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_granti</i>	78
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_greefii</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_haitianus</i>	68
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_homoeolepis</i>	46
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_isolepis</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_jubensis</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_kamdemtohami</i>	71
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_karenorum</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_klauberi</i>	39
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_laevis</i>	39
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_laticaudatus</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_lemurinus</i>	67
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_leschenaultii</i>	86
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_longicephalus</i>	78
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_mabouia</i>	90
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_macropholis</i>	91
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_maculatus</i>	122
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_mahendrai</i>	48
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_marmoratus</i>	57.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_matschiei</i>	26.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_megalops</i>	36
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_mercatorius</i>	56
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_modestus</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_muriceus</i>	58
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_newtoni</i>	49.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_ophiolepis</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_ophiolepoides</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_oxyrinus</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_palaichthus</i>	71
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_persicus</i>	73
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_platycephalus</i>	94
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_platyurus</i>	69
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_porbandarensis</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_prashadi</i>	95
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_pseudomuriceus</i>	56
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_puccionii</i>	40



Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_pumilio</i>	28
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_reticulatus</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_richardsonii</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_ruspolii</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_scabriceps</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_sinaitus</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_smithi</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_somalicus</i>	43
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_squamulatus</i>	48
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_stejnegeri</i>	59.6
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_subtriedrus</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_tanganicus</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_tasmani</i>	78
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_taylori</i>	79
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_triedrus</i>	94
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_tropidolepis</i>	52.7
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_turcicus</i>	61
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_vietnamensis</i>	58
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemidactylus_yerburyi</i>	75
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemiphyllodactylus_aurantiacus</i>	37
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemiphyllodactylus_larutensis</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemiphyllodactylus_typus</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemiphyllodactylus_yunnanensis</i>	54
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemitheconyx_caudicinctus</i>	155
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Hemitheconyx_taylori</i>	137
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Heteronotia_binoei</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Heteronotia_planiceps</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Heteronotia_spelea</i>	56
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Holodactylus_africanus</i>	85
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Holodactylus_cornii</i>	94
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Homonota_andicola</i>	43
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Homonota_borellii</i>	42
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Homonota_darwinii</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Homonota_fasciata</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Homonota_gaudichaudii</i>	47
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Homonota_horrida</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Homonota_penai</i>	33.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Homonota_underwoodi</i>	50.9
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Homonota_uruguayensis</i>	43.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Homonota_whitii</i>	43
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Homopholis_fasciata</i>	82
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Homopholis_mulleri</i>	75
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Homopholis_walbergii</i>	123
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Hoplodactylus_chrysosireticus</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Hoplodactylus_delcourtii</i>	370
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Hoplodactylus_duvaucelii</i>	160
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Hoplodactylus_granulatus</i>	93
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Hoplodactylus_kahutarae</i>	85
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Hoplodactylus_maculatus</i>	89
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Hoplodactylus_nebulosus</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Hoplodactylus_pacificus</i>	97
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Hoplodactylus_rakiurae</i>	64
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Hoplodactylus_stephensi</i>	74
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_buchwaldi</i>	23
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_colombianus</i>	46
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_conolepis</i>	44
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_duolepis</i>	38
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_festae</i>	47
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_grandis</i>	56
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_heyeroorum</i>	35
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_hoogmoedi</i>	38

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_intermedius</i>	33
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_microlepis</i>	25
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_miyatai</i>	22
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_montecanoensis</i>	21
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_oxycephalus</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_peraccae</i>	29
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_ruthveni</i>	46
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_sanctaemartae</i>	35
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_williamsi</i>	30
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidoblepharis_xanthostigma</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_aureolineatus</i>	44.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_balioburius</i>	38.7
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_browni</i>	47.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_christiani</i>	45.6
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_euaensis</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_flaviocularis</i>	49
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_gardineri</i>	53

de Rooij 1915 (p50) reports  
SVL of 185mm which is far  
in excess of other published  
SVL data

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_guppyi</i>	54.4
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_herrei</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_intermedius</i>	42
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_listeri</i>	51.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_lombocensis</i>	38.6
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_lugubris</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_magnus</i>	71
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_manni</i>	48.1
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_moestus</i>	40.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_mutahi</i>	56.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_novaeguineae</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_oortii</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_orientalis</i>	43
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_paurolepis</i>	39.4
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_planicaudus</i>	41.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_pulcher</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_pumilus</i>	48
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_pusillus</i>	74.1
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_ranauensis</i>	47.7
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_shebae</i>	36.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_tepukapili</i>	50.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_vanuatuensis</i>	46.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_woodfordi</i>	41
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lepidodactylus_yami</i>	42.1
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lucasium_damaeum</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Luperosaurus_brooksii</i>	58.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Luperosaurus_browni</i>	66.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Luperosaurus_cumingii</i>	86.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Luperosaurus_iskandari</i>	69.4
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Luperosaurus_joloensis</i>	36
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Luperosaurus_macgregori</i>	58.9
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Luperosaurus_palawanensis</i>	52
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Luperosaurus_yasumai</i>	38.9
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_angolensis</i>	36
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_angularis</i>	46
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_arnoulti</i>	37
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_bernardi</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_blancae</i>	35
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_blanci</i>	39
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_bradfieldi</i>	30
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_broadleyi</i>	23

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_capensis</i>	43
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_chobiensis</i>	42
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_conradti</i>	39
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_conraui</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_decaryi</i>	27
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_depressus</i>	38
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_expectatus</i>	31
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_fischeri</i>	42
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_grandisonae</i>	27.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_graniticolus</i>	39.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_gravis</i>	42
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_guibei</i>	40

Barbour and Loveridge (1928) report a 54 mm (+54 to 108 TL) male *L. grotei* (p145) which is far in excess of other published SVL data

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_gutturalis</i>	42
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_heterurus</i>	25
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_howellii</i>	27.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_inexpectatus</i>	32.67
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_insularis</i>	26
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_intermedius</i>	31.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_keniensis</i>	42
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_kimhowelli</i>	35.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_klemmeri</i>	28
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_klugei</i>	30.9
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_lawrencei</i>	34
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_luteopicturatus</i>	42.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_madagascariensis</i>	37
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_manni</i>	27
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_methueni</i>	42
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_miops</i>	34
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_mirabilis</i>	29
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_montanus</i>	38
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_nigropunctatus</i>	38
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_ocellatus</i>	38
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_ornatus</i>	27
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_pauliani</i>	36
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_picturatus</i>	43
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_pictus</i>	41
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_rarus</i>	37
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_rex</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_scheffleri</i>	34
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_scorteccii</i>	33.9
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_septemtuberculatus</i>	26
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_somalicus</i>	32.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_stevensoni</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_thomensis</i>	36.7
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_tolampyae</i>	35
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_tuberosus</i>	38
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_verticillatus</i>	35
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_waterbergensis</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_wetzelii</i>	28.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Lygodactylus_williamsi</i>	34
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Matoatoa_brevipes</i>	40

Loveridge (1936) reports 90 mm, may be total length: Spawls et al. 2002 writes that *L. gutturalis* is "a small dwarf gecko" and that 9 cm is its maximum total length

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Matoatoa_spannringi</i>	58
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Microscalabotes_bivittis</i>	36
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Nactus_cheverti</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Nactus_coindemirensis</i>	33
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Nactus_eboracensis</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Nactus_galgajuga</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Nactus_multicarinatus</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Nactus_pelagicus</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Nactus_serpensinsula</i>	65
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Nactus_sphaerodactylodes</i>	26
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Nactus_vankampeni</i>	33
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Narudasia_festiva</i>	31
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Naultinus_elegans</i>	95
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Naultinus_gemmeus</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Naultinus_grayii</i>	95
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Naultinus_manukanus</i>	74
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Naultinus_poecilochlorus</i>	85
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Naultinus_rudis</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Naultinus_stellatus</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Naultinus_tuberculatus</i>	78
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Nephrurus_amyae</i>	135
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Nephrurus_asper</i>	115
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Nephrurus_deleani</i>	100
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Nephrurus_laevissimus</i>	93
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Nephrurus_levis</i>	102
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Nephrurus_sheai</i>	120
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Nephrurus_stellatus</i>	90
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Nephrurus_vertebralis</i>	93
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Nephrurus_wheeleri</i>	100
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Oedodera_marmorata</i>	61
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Oedura_castelnaui</i>	90
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Oedura_coggeri</i>	71.3
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Oedura_filicipoda</i>	105
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Oedura_gemmata</i>	100
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Oedura_gracilis</i>	85
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Oedura_lesueurii</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Oedura_marmorata</i>	110
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Oedura_monilis</i>	86
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Oedura_obscura</i>	62
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Oedura_reticulata</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Oedura_rhombifer</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Oedura_robusta</i>	85
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Oedura_tryoni</i>	87
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_amoenus</i>	36
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_atorquatus</i>	54.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_austeni</i>	47
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_barnardi</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_bicolor</i>	43
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_capensis</i>	68
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_caraculicus</i>	41
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_fasciatus</i>	56
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_formosus</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_gaiasensis</i>	68
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_geitje</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_haackei</i>	85
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_kladaroderma</i>	86
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_kobosensis</i>	50.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_labialis</i>	46
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_laevigatus</i>	91
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_maculatus</i>	58
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_mariquensis</i>	58

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_monticolus</i>	36
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_namaquensis</i>	85
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_oculatus</i>	53
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_oreophilus</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_oshaghnessyi</i>	58
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_parascutatus</i>	38.4
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_punctatus</i>	42
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_rangei</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_rugosus</i>	65
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_sansteyni</i>	48
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_scherzi</i>	35
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_scutatus</i>	47
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_serval</i>	45.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_tigrinus</i>	53
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_tsodiloensis</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_vansoni</i>	59
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_vanzyl</i>	66
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_waterbergensis</i>	49.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pachydactylus_weberi</i>	49
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Paragehyra_gabriellae</i>	75
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Paroedura_androyensis</i>	47
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Paroedura_bastardi</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Paroedura_gracilis</i>	67
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Paroedura_homalorhina</i>	74
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Paroedura_karstophila</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Paroedura_lohatsara</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Paroedura_maingoka</i>	71
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Paroedura_masobe</i>	107
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Paroedura_oviceps</i>	69
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Paroedura_picta</i>	90
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Paroedura_sanctijohannis</i>	67
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Paroedura_stumpffii</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Paroedura_tanjaka</i>	102
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Paroedura_vahiny</i>	42
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Paroedura_vazimba</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Perochirus_ateles</i>	90
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Perochirus_guentheri</i>	69
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Perochirus_scutellatus</i>	131.6
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_abbotti</i>	65
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_andamanense</i>	63.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_antanosy</i>	48
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_astriata</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_barbouri</i>	64
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_berghofi</i>	58
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_borbonica</i>	73
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_breviceps</i>	54
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_cepediana</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_comorensis</i>	56
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_dubia</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_edwardnewtoni</i>	108
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_flavigularis</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_gigas</i>	218
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_guentheri</i>	160
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_guimbeaui</i>	62
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_guttata</i>	56.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_hielscheri</i>	73.4
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_inexpectata</i>	58
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_kely</i>	33
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_klemmeri</i>	43
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_laticauda</i>	65
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_lineata</i>	64

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_madagascariensis</i>	120
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_malamakibo</i>	60.9
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_masohoala</i>	47
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_modesta</i>	46
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_mutabilis</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_nigristriata</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_ocellata</i>	46
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_ornata</i>	54.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_parkeri</i>	69
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_pronki</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_pusilla</i>	37
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_quadriocellata</i>	61
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_robertmertensi</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_rosagularis</i>	69
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_seippi</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_serraticauda</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_standingi</i>	93
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_sundbergi</i>	110
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_vanheygeni</i>	35
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phelsuma_v-nigra</i>	53
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_angelensis</i>	52
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_angustidigitus</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_apricus</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_barringtonensis</i>	41
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_baurii</i>	48
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_bordai</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_bugastrolepis</i>	63
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_clinatus</i>	46
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_darwini</i>	72
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_davisi</i>	69
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_delcampoi</i>	90
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_dixoni</i>	76
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_duellmani</i>	43
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_galapagensis</i>	46
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_gerrhopygus</i>	56
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_gilberti</i>	55.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_heterurus</i>	41
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_homolepidurus</i>	69
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_inaequalis</i>	42
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_insularis</i>	69
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_interandinus</i>	47
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_johnwrighti</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_julieni</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_kofordi</i>	46
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_lanei</i>	81
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_leei</i>	43
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_lepidopygus</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_martini</i>	54
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_microphyllus</i>	58
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_muralis</i>	64
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_nocticolus</i>	62
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_palmeus</i>	76
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_partidus</i>	67
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_paucituberculatus</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_pulcher</i>	66
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_pumilius</i>	51
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_reissii</i>	75
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_rutteni</i>	51.1
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_santacruzensis</i>	51
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_sentosus</i>	56
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_tinklei</i>	52

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_transversalis</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_tuberculosus</i>	100
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_unctus</i>	57
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_ventralis</i>	75
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_wirshingi</i>	66
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllodactylus_xanti</i>	76
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllopezus_maranjonensis</i>	115
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllopezus_periosus</i>	114
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Phyllopezus_pollicaris</i>	95
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Phyllurus_ammicola</i>	113
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Phyllurus_caudiannulatus</i>	103
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Phyllurus_championae</i>	80.6
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Phyllurus_gulbaru</i>	93
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Phyllurus_isis</i>	76
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Phyllurus_nepthys</i>	103
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Phyllurus_ossa</i>	89
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Phyllurus_platurus</i>	110
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_abdelkuri</i>	37
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_adrarensis</i>	31.6
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_carteri</i>	78
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_celerrimus</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_collaris</i>	52
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_crucifer</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_flavipunctatus</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_gasperetti</i>	38
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_guichardi</i>	37.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_insignis</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_insignoides</i>	52.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_minimus</i>	30
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_obsti</i>	36.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_ornithocephalus</i>	54
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_phillipsii</i>	30
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_popovi</i>	37.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_rupestris</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_saada</i>	41
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_samhaensis</i>	38.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_simonettai</i>	27
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_sokotranus</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pristurus_somalicus</i>	39
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pseudogekko_brevipes</i>	54
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pseudogekko_compressicorpus</i>	77.7
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pseudogekko_labialis</i>	63
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pseudogekko_smaragdinus</i>	64
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pseudogonatodes_barboursi</i>	20.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pseudogonatodes_furvus</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pseudogonatodes_gasconi</i>	24
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pseudogonatodes_guianensis</i>	30
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pseudogonatodes_lunulatus</i>	25
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pseudogonatodes_manessi</i>	38
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Pseudogonatodes_peruvianus</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Pseudothecadactylus_australis</i>	120
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Pseudothecadactylus_cavaticus</i>	115
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Pseudothecadactylus_lindneri</i>	107
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ptenopus_carpi</i>	60.4
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ptenopus_garrulus</i>	62.6
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ptenopus_kochi</i>	64.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ptychozoon_horsfieldii</i>	96
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ptychozoon_intermedium</i>	99.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ptychozoon_kuhli</i>	107.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ptychozoon_lionotum</i>	100
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ptychozoon_rhacophorus</i>	75

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ptychozoon_trinotaterra</i>	71.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ptyodactylus_guttatus</i>	90
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ptyodactylus_hasselquistii</i>	98
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ptyodactylus_homolepis</i>	110
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ptyodactylus_oudrii</i>	61
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ptyodactylus_puiseuxi</i>	75
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Ptyodactylus_ragazzii</i>	96
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Quedenfeldtia_moerens</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Quedenfeldtia_trachyblepharus</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Rhacodactylus_auriculatus</i>	125
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Rhacodactylus_chahoua</i>	147
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Rhacodactylus_ciliatus</i>	130
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Rhacodactylus_leachianus</i>	280
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Rhacodactylus_sarasinorum</i>	135
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Rhacodactylus_trachyrhynchus</i>	190
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Rhoptropus_afer</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Rhoptropus_barnardi</i>	49
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Rhoptropus_biporosus</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Rhoptropus_boultoni</i>	74
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Rhoptropus_braconnieri</i>	56
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Rhoptropus_bradfieldi</i>	69
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Rhoptropus_taeniostictus</i>	65
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Rhynchoedura_ornata</i>	54
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Saltuarius_cornutus</i>	160
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Saltuarius_occultus</i>	108
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Saltuarius_salebrosus</i>	143
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Saltuarius_swaini</i>	131
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Saltuarius_wyberba</i>	109
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Saurodactylus_fasciatus</i>	38
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Saurodactylus_mauritanicus</i>	34
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_altavelensis</i>	29
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_argivus</i>	29
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_argus</i>	33
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_ariasae</i>	17.9
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_armasi</i>	30
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_armstrongi</i>	31
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_asterulus</i>	31
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_beattyi</i>	30
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_becki</i>	31
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_bromeliarum</i>	24
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_caicosensis</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_callocricus</i>	28
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_celicara</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_cinereus</i>	37
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_clenchi</i>	33
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_cochranae</i>	30
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_copei</i>	41
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_corticola</i>	39
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_cricoderus</i>	25
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_crypius</i>	22
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_darlingtoni</i>	29
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_difficilis</i>	34
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_docimus</i>	30
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_dunni</i>	28
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_elasmorhynchus</i>	17
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_elegans</i>	39
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_elegantulus</i>	29
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_epiurus</i>	25
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_fantasticus</i>	29
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_gaigeae</i>	25
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_gilvitorques</i>	27



Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_glaucus</i>	31
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_goniorhynchus</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_graptolaemus</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_heliconiae</i>	31.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_homolepis</i>	33
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_inaguae</i>	29
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_intermedius</i>	36
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_kirbyi</i>	25
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_klauberi</i>	37
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_ladae</i>	27
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_lazelli</i>	31
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_leucaster</i>	31
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_levinsi</i>	28
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_lineolatus</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_macrolepis</i>	35
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_mariguanae</i>	41
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_microlepis</i>	34
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_micropithecus</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_millepunctatus</i>	35.4
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_molei</i>	28
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_monensis</i>	30
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_nicholsi</i>	25
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_nigropunctatus</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_notatus</i>	34
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_nycteropus</i>	21
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_ocoae</i>	37
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_oliveri</i>	34
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_omoglaux</i>	20
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_oxyrhinus</i>	34
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_pacificus</i>	49
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_parkeri</i>	35
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_parthenopion</i>	18
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_parvus</i>	24
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_perissodactylius</i>	23
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_pimienta</i>	36
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_plummeri</i>	22
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_ramsdeni</i>	33
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_randi</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_rhabdotus</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_richardi</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_richardsonii</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_roosevelti</i>	39
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_rosaurae</i>	39
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_ruibali</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_sabanus</i>	29
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_samanensis</i>	29
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_savagei</i>	33
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_scaber</i>	34
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_scapularis</i>	33.1
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_schuberti</i>	33
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_schwartzi</i>	20
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_semasiops</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_shrevei</i>	30
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_sommeri</i>	35
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_sputator</i>	39
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_storeyae</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_streptophorus</i>	26
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_thompsoni</i>	33
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_torrei</i>	39
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_townsendi</i>	28
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_underwoodi</i>	32

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_vincenti</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_williamsi</i>	22
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Sphaerodactylus_zygaena</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Stenodactylus_affinis</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Stenodactylus_arabicus</i>	67
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Stenodactylus_doriae</i>	83
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Stenodactylus_grandiceps</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Stenodactylus_khobarensis</i>	62
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Stenodactylus_leptocosymbotus</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Stenodactylus_petrii</i>	66.9
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Stenodactylus_pulcher</i>	47
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Stenodactylus_slevini</i>	88
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Stenodactylus_sthenodactylus</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Stenodactylus_yemenensis</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Strophurus_assimilis</i>	78
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Strophurus_ciliaris</i>	89
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Strophurus_elderi</i>	48.7
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Strophurus_intermedius</i>	79.9
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Strophurus_jeanae</i>	49
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Strophurus_krisalys</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Strophurus_mcmillani</i>	53
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Strophurus_michaelseni</i>	66
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Strophurus_rankini</i>	63
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Strophurus_robinsoni</i>	55
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Strophurus_spinigerus</i>	79.4
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Strophurus_strophurus</i>	76.1
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Strophurus_taeniatus</i>	50
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Strophurus_wellingtonae</i>	85
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Strophurus_williamsi</i>	65
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Strophurus_wilsoni</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_albertschwartzi</i>	137
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_americana</i>	120
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_angustimentalis</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_annularis</i>	140
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_bischoffi</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_boehmei</i>	81.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_boettgeri</i>	60
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_caboverdianus</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_darwini</i>	80
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_delalandii</i>	81
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_deserti</i>	103
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_ephippiata</i>	102
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_gigas</i>	127
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_gomerensis</i>	75
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_mauritanica</i>	86
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_mindiae</i>	81
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_neglecta</i>	73.2
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_parvicarinata</i>	97
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tarentola_rudis</i>	80.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Teratolepis_albofasciatus</i>	36
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Teratolepis_fasciata</i>	56
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Teratoscincus_bedriagai</i>	73.4
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Teratoscincus_microlepis</i>	77
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Teratoscincus_przewalskii</i>	97
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Teratoscincus_roborowskii</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Teratoscincus_scincus</i>	120
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Teratoscincus_toksunicus</i>	95

Guyer and Donnelly 2005  
report a maximum SVL of  
212 mm - far exceeding all  
other published reports

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Thecadactylus_rapicauda</i>	126
------------	------------	--------------------------------	-----

Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tropicolotes_bisharicus</i>	31
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tropicolotes_helenae</i>	32
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tropicolotes_latifi</i>	26
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tropicolotes_nattereri</i>	30
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tropicolotes_nubicus</i>	30.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tropicolotes_persicus</i>	35.9
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tropicolotes_scortecchi</i>	30
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tropicolotes_steudneri</i>	34.8
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Tropicolotes_tripolitanus</i>	37
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Underwoodisaurus_milii</i>	110
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylinae	<i>Underwoodisaurus_sphyrurus</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Urocotyledon_inexpectata</i>	40
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Urocotyledon_palmata</i>	58
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Urocotyledon_rasmusseni</i>	41.9
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Urocotyledon_weileri</i>	45
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Urocotyledon_wolterstorffi</i>	49.5
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Uroplatus_alluaudi</i>	79.3
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Uroplatus_ebenaui</i>	70
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Uroplatus_fimbriatus</i>	190
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Uroplatus_giganteus</i>	200
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Uroplatus_guentheri</i>	79
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Uroplatus_henkeli</i>	160
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Uroplatus_lineatus</i>	139.1
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Uroplatus_malahelo</i>	79
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Uroplatus_malama</i>	71
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Uroplatus_phantasticus</i>	66
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Uroplatus_pietschmanni</i>	81
Gekkonidae	Gekkoninae	<i>Uroplatus_sikorae</i>	123

Parker 1936 (p 133) reports  
SVL of 143mm, which is far  
in excess of other published  
SVL data

Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Cordylus_subtessellatus</i>	55
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Gerrhosaurus_flavigularis</i>	142
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Gerrhosaurus_major</i>	224
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Gerrhosaurus_multilineatus</i>	215
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Gerrhosaurus_nigrolineatus</i>	183
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Gerrhosaurus_skoogi</i>	160
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Gerrhosaurus_typicus</i>	114
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Gerrhosaurus_validus</i>	285
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Tetradactylus_africanus</i>	86.3
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Tetradactylus_breyeri</i>	72
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Tetradactylus_eastwoodae</i>	64
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Tetradactylus_ellenbergeri</i>	66
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Tetradactylus_seps</i>	68
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Tetradactylus_tetradactylus</i>	73.4
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Tetradactylus_udzungwensis</i>	66.5
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Tracheloptychus_madagascariensis</i>	90
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Tracheloptychus_petersi</i>	97
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus_aeneus</i>	76
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus_anelanelany</i>	93
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus_bemara</i>	75
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus_boettgeri</i>	120
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus_brygoi</i>	78
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus_haraldmeieri</i>	140
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus_karsteni</i>	133
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus_laticaudatus</i>	170
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus_madagascariensis</i>	140
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus_maximus</i>	246
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus_ornatus</i>	135
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus_quadrilineatus</i>	165
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus_rufipes</i>	88

Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus_subunicolor</i>	86
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus_trilineatus</i>	155
Gerrhosauridae	Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus_tsingy</i>	85
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Alopoglossus_andeanus</i>	58
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Alopoglossus_angulatus</i>	61
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Alopoglossus_atriventris</i>	53
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Alopoglossus_buckleyi</i>	57
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Alopoglossus_copii</i>	74
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Alopoglossus_festae</i>	59
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Alopoglossus_lehmanni</i>	33.1
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Amapasaurus_tetradactylus</i>	24
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Anadia_altaserrania</i>	76
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Anadia_bitaeniata</i>	87.8
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Anadia_blakei</i>	91
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Anadia_bogotensis</i>	64.6
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Anadia_brevifrontalis</i>	99.2
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Anadia_bumanguesa</i>	91.6
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Anadia_hobarti</i>	86.8
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Anadia_marmorata</i>	94.9
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Anadia_ocellata</i>	75
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Anadia_pamplonensis</i>	85
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Anadia_petersi</i>	74.3
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Anadia_pulchella</i>	105.9
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Anadia_rhombifera</i>	68
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Anadia_steyeri</i>	81
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Anadia_vittata</i>	67
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Anotosaura_collaris</i>	50
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Arthrosaura_guianensis</i>	63
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Arthrosaura_kockii</i>	54
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Arthrosaura_reticulata</i>	71
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Arthrosaura_synaptolepis</i>	51
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Arthrosaura_testigensis</i>	36.1
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Arthrosaura_tyleri</i>	47
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Arthrosaura_versteegii</i>	71
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_barboursi</i>	68
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_bicolor</i>	78
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_bresslaui</i>	98.6
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_cacerensis</i>	82.3
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_cuvieri</i>	47
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_dorbignyi</i>	80
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_flavescens</i>	80
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_guianensis</i>	63
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_heteropa</i>	64
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_huallagana</i>	73
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_intermedia</i>	104
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_pallidiceps</i>	73
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_panoplia</i>	85
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_peruana</i>	107
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_pyburni</i>	84.5
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_scolecoides</i>	78
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_talpa</i>	65
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia_trisanale</i>	79
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Calyptommatus_confusionibus</i>	72
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Calyptommatus_leiolepis</i>	71
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Calyptommatus_nicterus</i>	69
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Calyptommatus_sinebrachiatus</i>	71
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Cercosaura_ampuedae</i>	58.5
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Cercosaura_argulus</i>	50
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Cercosaura_dicrus</i>	53
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Cercosaura_eigenmanni</i>	49
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Cercosaura_goeleti</i>	52

Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Cercosaura_manicatus</i>	73
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Cercosaura_nigroventris</i>	44.1
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Cercosaura_ocellata</i>	65
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Cercosaura_oshaghnessyi</i>	51
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Cercosaura_parkeri</i>	48
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Cercosaura_phelpsorum</i>	47
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Cercosaura_quadrilineata</i>	40.5
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Cercosaura_schreibersii</i>	55
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Cercosaura_steyeri</i>	45
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Cercosaura_vertebralis</i>	68
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Colobodactylus_dalcyanus</i>	50
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Colobodactylus_taubayi</i>	65
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Colobosaura_kraepelini</i>	40
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Colobosaura_mentalis</i>	59
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Colobosaura_modesta</i>	55
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Colobosauroides_carvalhoi</i>	35
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Colobosauroides_cearensis</i>	46
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Echinosaura_brachycephala</i>	78
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Echinosaura_horrida</i>	86
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Echinosaura_orcesi</i>	81
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Echinosaura_sulcarostrum</i>	42
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Ecpleopus_gaudichaudii</i>	40
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Euspondylus_acutirostris</i>	56
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Euspondylus_caideni</i>	82
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Euspondylus_guentheri</i>	94
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Euspondylus_josyi</i>	80
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Euspondylus_maculatus</i>	55
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Euspondylus_monsfumi</i>	46
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Euspondylus_nellycarrillae</i>	60
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Euspondylus_rahmi</i>	80
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Euspondylus_simonsii</i>	48
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Euspondylus_spinalis</i>	70
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Euspondylus_stenolepis</i>	58
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Gymnophthalmus_cryptus</i>	28
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Gymnophthalmus_leucomystax</i>	46
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Gymnophthalmus_lineatus</i>	41
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Gymnophthalmus_pleii</i>	51
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Gymnophthalmus_speciosus</i>	45
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Gymnophthalmus_underwoodi</i>	44
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Gymnophthalmus_vanzoi</i>	43
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Heterodactylus_imbricatus</i>	110
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Heterodactylus_lundii</i>	39
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Iphisa_elegans</i>	63
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Kaeteurosaurus_hindsii</i>	44.4
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Leposoma_baturitensis</i>	35
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Leposoma_caparensis</i>	41.6
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Leposoma_ferreirai</i>	34.5
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Leposoma_guianense</i>	39
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Leposoma_hexalepis</i>	41.1
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Leposoma_ioanna</i>	41
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Leposoma_nanodactylus</i>	34
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Leposoma_osvaldoi</i>	37
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Leposoma_parietale</i>	45
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Leposoma_percarinatum</i>	37
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Leposoma_puk</i>	38
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Leposoma_rugiceps</i>	44
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Leposoma_scincoides</i>	45
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Leposoma_snethlageae</i>	33
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Leposoma_southi</i>	55
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Macropholidus_ataktolepis</i>	43
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Macropholidus_ruthveni</i>	46

Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Micrablepharus_atticolus</i>	40
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Micrablepharus_maximiliani</i>	41
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Neusticurus_bicarinatus</i>	117
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Neusticurus_medemi</i>	121
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Neusticurus_racenisi</i>	104
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Neusticurus_rudis</i>	94
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Neusticurus_tatei</i>	104
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Nothobachia_ablephara</i>	56.8
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Opipeuter_xestus</i>	58
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Petracola_labioocularis</i>	65
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Petracola_ventrimaculatus</i>	35
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Pholidobolus_affinis</i>	65
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Pholidobolus_annectens</i>	60
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Pholidobolus_anomalous</i>	52
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Pholidobolus_huancabambae</i>	57
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Pholidobolus_macbrydei</i>	56
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Pholidobolus_montium</i>	66
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Pholidobolus_prefrontalis</i>	63
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Placosoma_cipoense</i>	70
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Placosoma_cordylinum</i>	43
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Placosoma_glabella</i>	53.1
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Potamites_apodemus</i>	65
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Potamites_cochranae</i>	79
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Potamites_ecpleopus</i>	84
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Potamites_juruazensis</i>	53.9
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Potamites_ocellatus</i>	76
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Potamites_strangulatus</i>	98
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Procellosaurinus_erythrocerus</i>	30.3
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Procellosaurinus_tetradactylus</i>	26
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Proctoporus_bolivianus</i>	64.1
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Proctoporus_cephalolineatus</i>	50.8
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Proctoporus_guentheri</i>	47
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Proctoporus_pachyurus</i>	58
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Proctoporus_subsolanus</i>	47.3
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Proctoporus_sucullucu</i>	47.7
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Proctoporus_unsaacae</i>	46.3
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Psilophthalmus_paeminus</i>	32.7
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Ptychoglossus_bicolor</i>	61
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Ptychoglossus_brevifrontalis</i>	68
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Ptychoglossus_danieli</i>	57
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Ptychoglossus_eurylepis</i>	41
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Ptychoglossus_festae</i>	57
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Ptychoglossus_gorgonae</i>	78
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Ptychoglossus_grandisquamatus</i>	46
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Ptychoglossus_kugleri</i>	57
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Ptychoglossus_myersi</i>	52
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Ptychoglossus_nicefori</i>	53
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Ptychoglossus_picticeps</i>	55
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Ptychoglossus_plicatus</i>	66
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Ptychoglossus_romaleos</i>	54
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Ptychoglossus_stenolepis</i>	60
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Ptychoglossus_vallensis</i>	54
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Rhachisaurus_brachylepis</i>	61
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_achlyens</i>	88
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_anatoloros</i>	63
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_balneator</i>	50
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_cashcaensis</i>	73
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_colomarovani</i>	84
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_columbiana</i>	74
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_hyposticta</i>	82
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_inanis</i>	51.5

Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_labionis</i>	60
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_laevis</i>	72
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_laudahnae</i>	65
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_luctuosa</i>	92
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_meleagris</i>	80
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_oculata</i>	88
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_orcesi</i>	63
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_petrorum</i>	76
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_raneyi</i>	82
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_rhodogaster</i>	47.3
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_shrevei</i>	47
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_simoterus</i>	75
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_stigmatoral</i>	79
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_striata</i>	66.2
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_unicolor</i>	68
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_vespertina</i>	40
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riama_vieta</i>	52
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riolama_leucostictus</i>	53
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riolama_luridiventris</i>	58.9
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Riolama_uzzelli</i>	57.6
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Stenolepis_ridleyi</i>	45
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Teuchocercus_keyi</i>	80
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Tretioscincus_agilis</i>	62
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Tretioscincus_bifasciatus</i>	58
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Tretioscincus_oriximinensis</i>	52
Gymnophthalmidae	Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Vanzosaura_rubricauda</i>	45
Helodermatidae	Helodermatidae	<i>Heloderma_horridum</i>	470
Helodermatidae	Helodermatidae	<i>Heloderma_suspectum</i>	360

Duellman and Mendelson  
1995, report 215 + 140 mm  
(p359), with a mass of 60  
(probably grams), seems  
doubtful, maybe confused  
body length and tail length? I  
use 140 max here from that  
work

Hoplocercidae	Hoplocercidae	<i>Enyalioides_cofanorum</i>	140
Hoplocercidae	Hoplocercidae	<i>Enyalioides_heterolepis</i>	138
Hoplocercidae	Hoplocercidae	<i>Enyalioides_laticeps</i>	157
Hoplocercidae	Hoplocercidae	<i>Enyalioides_microlepis</i>	113
Hoplocercidae	Hoplocercidae	<i>Enyalioides_oshaghnessyi</i>	135
Hoplocercidae	Hoplocercidae	<i>Enyalioides_palpebralis</i>	120
Hoplocercidae	Hoplocercidae	<i>Enyalioides_praestabilis</i>	126
Hoplocercidae	Hoplocercidae	<i>Hoplocercus_spinosus</i>	105
Hoplocercidae	Hoplocercidae	<i>Morunasaurus_annularis</i>	137
Hoplocercidae	Hoplocercidae	<i>Morunasaurus_groi</i>	110
Hoplocercidae	Hoplocercidae	<i>Morunasaurus_peruvianus</i>	153
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Amblyrhynchus_cristatus</i>	560
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Brachylophus_fasciatus</i>	250
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Brachylophus_vitiensis</i>	223
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Conolophus_pallidus</i>	500
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Conolophus_subcristatus</i>	530
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Ctenosaura_acanthura</i>	369.4
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Ctenosaura_alfredschmidtii</i>	170
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Ctenosaura_bakeri</i>	315
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Ctenosaura_clarki</i>	160
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Ctenosaura_defensor</i>	155
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Ctenosaura_flavidorsalis</i>	170
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Ctenosaura_hemilopha</i>	400
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Ctenosaura_melanosterna</i>	320
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Ctenosaura_oaxacana</i>	170

Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Ctenosaura_oedirhina</i>	270
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Ctenosaura_palearis</i>	310
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Ctenosaura_pectinata</i>	353
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Ctenosaura_quinquecarinata</i>	200
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Ctenosaura_similis</i>	490
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Cyclura_carinata</i>	510
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Cyclura_collei</i>	428
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Cyclura_cornuta</i>	640
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Cyclura_cyclura</i>	620
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Cyclura_nubila</i>	750
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Cyclura_pinguis</i>	539
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Cyclura_ricordi</i>	440
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Cyclura_rileyi</i>	395
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Dipsosaurus_dorsalis</i>	154
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Iguana_delicatissima</i>	400
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Iguana_iguana</i>	580
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Sauromalus_ater</i>	210
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Sauromalus_hispidus</i>	317
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Sauromalus_klauberi</i>	194
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Sauromalus_obesus</i>	228
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Sauromalus_slevini</i>	248
Iguanidae	Iguanidae	<i>Sauromalus_varius</i>	338
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_ahmaddisii</i>	78.5
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_arabicus</i>	77
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_aureus</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_bedriagai</i>	77
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_beershebensis</i>	87
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_blanci</i>	95
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_blanfordii</i>	75
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_boskianus</i>	95
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_boueti</i>	63
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_busacki</i>	73.6
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_cantoris</i>	94
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_dumerilii</i>	68
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_erythrurus</i>	84
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_felicis</i>	62

Mcranie et al. 2005 report  
unmeasured specimens with  
"estimated... SVL of 350 mm"

Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_gongrorhynchatus</i>	53
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_grandis</i>	103
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_guineensis</i>	60
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_haasi</i>	51
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_lineomaculatus</i>	94
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_longipes</i>	62
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_maculatus</i>	62
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_masirae</i>	52
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_micropholis</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_nilsoni</i>	73.4
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_opheodurus</i>	62
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_orientalis</i>	63
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_pardalis</i>	77
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_robustus</i>	70
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_savignyi</i>	75
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_schmidti</i>	105
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_schreiberi</i>	93
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_scutellatus</i>	77
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_senegalensis</i>	60

Jongbloed 2000 reports SVL  
up to 90 m, far exceeding any  
other published records



Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_spinicauda</i>	56
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_taghitensis</i>	55
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_tilburyi</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_tristrami</i>	95
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Acanthodactylus_yemenicus</i>	55.5
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Adolfus_africanus</i>	67
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Adolfus_alleni</i>	70
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Adolfus_jacksoni</i>	90
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Adolfus_vauereselli</i>	62
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Algyroides_fitzingeri</i>	45
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Algyroides_marchi</i>	53
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Algyroides_moreoticus</i>	50
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Algyroides_nigropunctatus</i>	70
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Australolacerta_australis</i>	70
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Australolacerta_rupicola</i>	49
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_alpina</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_armeniaca</i>	73
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_bendimahiensis</i>	63.5
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_brauneri</i>	71
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_caucasica</i>	67
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_clarkorum</i>	69
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_daghestanica</i>	58
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_dahli</i>	64
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_derjugini</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_dryada</i>	72.4
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_lindholmi</i>	75
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_mixta</i>	63
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_parvula</i>	57
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_portschinskii</i>	67
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_praticola</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_raddei</i>	76
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_rostombekovi</i>	56
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_rudis</i>	88
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_sapphirina</i>	57
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_saxicola</i>	88
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_unisexualis</i>	70
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_uzzelli</i>	60
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Darevskia_valentini</i>	78
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_acutirostris</i>	70
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_afghanistanica</i>	67
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_andersoni</i>	40
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_argus</i>	66
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_arguta</i>	100
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_aria</i>	61
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_brenchleyi</i>	69
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_buechneri</i>	66
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_fasciata</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_grammica</i>	100
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_intermedia</i>	69
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_lalezharica</i>	71
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_lineolata</i>	55.1
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_montanus</i>	58.5
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_multiocellata</i>	78
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_nigrocellata</i>	83.2
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_nigrolateralis</i>	84
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_nikolskii</i>	75
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_persica</i>	98
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_pleskei</i>	60
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_przewalskii</i>	98
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_quadrifrons</i>	100
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_regeli</i>	70

Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_scripta</i>	66
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_strauchii</i>	80
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_suphani</i>	63
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_velox</i>	90
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Eremias_vermiculata</i>	71.8
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Gallotia_atlantica</i>	105
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Gallotia_auaritae</i>	444
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Gallotia_caesaris</i>	100
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Gallotia_galloti</i>	145
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Gallotia_gomerana</i>	195
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Gallotia_intermedia</i>	160
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Gallotia_simonyi</i>	502
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Gallotia_stehlini</i>	370
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Gastropholis_echinata</i>	100
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Gastropholis_prasina</i>	110
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Gastropholis_tropidopholis</i>	116
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Gastropholis_vittata</i>	109
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Heliobolus_lugubris</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Heliobolus_neumanni</i>	53
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Heliobolus_nitida</i>	66
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Heliobolus_spekii</i>	60
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Holaspis_guentheri</i>	53
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Holaspis_laevis</i>	47
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Iberolacerta_aranica</i>	60
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Iberolacerta_aurelioi</i>	60
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Iberolacerta_bonnali</i>	60
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Iberolacerta_galani</i>	84.42
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Iberolacerta_horvathi</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Iberolacerta_monticola</i>	84.6
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Ichnotropis_bivittata</i>	78
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Ichnotropis_capensis</i>	66.7
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Ichnotropis_chapini</i>	58
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Ichnotropis_grandiceps</i>	70
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Ichnotropis_microlepidota</i>	52
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Ichnotropis_squamulosa</i>	77
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_agilis</i>	114
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_anatolica</i>	75
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_bedriagae</i>	82
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_bilineata</i>	130
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_brandtii</i>	75
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_cappadocica</i>	76
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_chlorogaster</i>	72
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_cyanisparsa</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_danfordini</i>	75
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_defilippii</i>	58
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_graeca</i>	85
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_kulzeri</i>	64.4

155 reported by Van Damme  
and Vanhooydonck 2002 far  
exceeds all other records

Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_laevis</i>	85
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_media</i>	160
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_mosorensis</i>	80
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_mostoufii</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_oertzeni</i>	76
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_oxycephala</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_pamphylica</i>	120
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_schreiberi</i>	135
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_steineri</i>	71
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_strigata</i>	160
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_trilineata</i>	174

Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_viridis</i>	150
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_yassujica</i>	58
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Lacerta_zagrosica</i>	70
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Latastia_boscai</i>	58
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Latastia_carinata</i>	95
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Latastia_cherchii</i>	74.6
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Latastia_doriai</i>	87.3
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Latastia_johnstonii</i>	63
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Latastia_lanzai</i>	89.5
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Latastia_longicaudata</i>	110
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Latastia_ornata</i>	78
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Latastia_siebenrocki</i>	49.8
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Latastia_taylori</i>	43

Van Damme and  
Vanhooeydonck (2002) report  
112 mm (inferred from their  
formula), which is far in  
excess of other published  
SVL data

Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Meroles_anchietae</i>	55
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Meroles_ckenodactylus</i>	97
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Meroles_cuneirostris</i>	58
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Meroles_knoxii</i>	68
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Meroles_micropholidotus</i>	68
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Meroles_reticulatus</i>	55
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Meroles_suborbitalis</i>	71
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Mesalina_adramitana</i>	46
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Mesalina_ayunensis</i>	43.5
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Mesalina_bahaeldini</i>	52
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Mesalina_balfouri</i>	58
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Mesalina_brevirostris</i>	60
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Mesalina_ercolinii</i>	66
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Mesalina_guttulata</i>	70
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Mesalina_kuri</i>	57
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Mesalina_martini</i>	45
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Mesalina_olivieri</i>	52
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Mesalina_pasteuri</i>	50
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Mesalina_rubropunctata</i>	67
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Mesalina_simoni</i>	50
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Mesalina_watsonana</i>	60
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Nucras_boulengeri</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Nucras_caesicaudata</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Nucras_intertexta</i>	94
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Nucras_lalandii</i>	120
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Nucras_livida</i>	85
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Nucras_scalaris</i>	88
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Nucras_taeniolata</i>	96
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Nucras_tessellata</i>	94
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Omanosaura_cyanura</i>	50.7
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Omanosaura_jayakari</i>	161
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Ophisops_beddomei</i>	37
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Ophisops_elbaensis</i>	35
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Ophisops_elegans</i>	70
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Ophisops_jerdonii</i>	49
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Ophisops_leschenaultii</i>	57
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Ophisops_microlepis</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Ophisops_minor</i>	41.2
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Ophisops_occidentalis</i>	48
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Parvilacerta_fraasii</i>	60
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Parvilacerta_parva</i>	62
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pedioplanis_benguensis</i>	52
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pedioplanis_breviceps</i>	46

Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pedioplanis_burchelli</i>	62
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pedioplanis_gaerdesi</i>	52
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pedioplanis_husabensis</i>	58
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pedioplanis_laticeps</i>	63
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pedioplanis_lineoocellata</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pedioplanis_namaquensis</i>	55
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pedioplanis_rubens</i>	50
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pedioplanis_undata</i>	62
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Philochortus_hardeggeri</i>	70
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Philochortus_intermedius</i>	85
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Philochortus_lhotei</i>	66
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Philochortus_neumanni</i>	82
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Philochortus_phillipsi</i>	42
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Philochortus_spinalis</i>	58
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Philochortus_zolii</i>	73
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_bocagei</i>	70
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_erhardii</i>	71
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_filfolensis</i>	86
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_gaigeae</i>	85
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_hispanicus</i>	74
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_lilfordi</i>	81
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_melisellensis</i>	74
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_milensis</i>	75
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_muralis</i>	80
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_peloponnesiacus</i>	85
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_pityusensis</i>	82
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_raffonei</i>	85
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_siculus</i>	90
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_tauricus</i>	90
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_tiliguertus</i>	87
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_vaucheri</i>	60
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Podarcis_waglerianus</i>	76
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Poromera_fordii</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Psammodromus_algirus</i>	93
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Psammodromus_blanci</i>	61
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Psammodromus_hispanicus</i>	56
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Psammodromus_jeanneae</i>	76
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Psammodromus_manuelae</i>	79
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Psammodromus_microdactylus</i>	58
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pseuderemias_brenneri</i>	53
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pseuderemias_erythrosticta</i>	52
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pseuderemias_mucronata</i>	52
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pseuderemias_savagei</i>	50
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pseuderemias_septemstriata</i>	50
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pseuderemias_smithii</i>	47
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Pseuderemias_striatus</i>	47
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Scapteira_aporosceles</i>	80
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_amurensis</i>	80
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_dorsalis</i>	70
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_formosanus</i>	64
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_hani</i>	79
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_haughtonianus</i>	60
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_hsuehshanensis</i>	62.4
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_intermedius</i>	62
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_khasiensis</i>	75
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_kuehnei</i>	60
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_sauteri</i>	76.5
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_septentrionalis</i>	76
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_sexlineatus</i>	70
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_smaragdinus</i>	65
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_stejnegeri</i>	62

Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_sylvaticus</i>	58
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_tachydromoides</i>	70
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_toyamai</i>	54.9
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Takydromus_wolteri</i>	66
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Teira_andreanskyi</i>	55
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Teira_dugesii</i>	81
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Teira_perspicillata</i>	60
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Timon_lepidus</i>	260
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Timon_pater</i>	170
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Timon_princeps</i>	148
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Tropidosaura_cottrelli</i>	66
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Tropidosaura_essexi</i>	52
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Tropidosaura_gularis</i>	62
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Tropidosaura_montana</i>	66
Lacertidae	Lacertidae	<i>Zootoca_vivipara</i>	75
Lanthanotidae	Lanthanotidae	<i>Lanthanotus_borneensis</i>	400
Opluridae	Opluridae	<i>Chalarodon_madagascariensis</i>	90
Opluridae	Opluridae	<i>Oplurus_cuvieri</i>	153.8
Opluridae	Opluridae	<i>Oplurus_cyclurus</i>	160
Opluridae	Opluridae	<i>Oplurus_fierinensis</i>	100
Opluridae	Opluridae	<i>Oplurus_grandidieri</i>	118
Opluridae	Opluridae	<i>Oplurus_quadrimaculatus</i>	145
Opluridae	Opluridae	<i>Oplurus_saxicola</i>	109
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Callisaurus_draconoides</i>	109
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Cophosaurus_texanus</i>	89
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Holbrookia_lacerata</i>	71
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Holbrookia_maculata</i>	75
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Holbrookia_propinqua</i>	60
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Holbrookia_subcaudalis</i>	70.8

unlikely values in Fitch  
(1981): reports range as 132-  
172 mm, but mean = 73.9mm

Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Petrosaurus_mearnsi</i>	106
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Petrosaurus_thalassinus</i>	162
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Phrynosoma_asio</i>	124.5
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Phrynosoma_blainvillii</i>	100
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Phrynosoma_braconnieri</i>	79
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Phrynosoma_cerroense</i>	85
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Phrynosoma_cornutum</i>	130
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Phrynosoma_coronatum</i>	114
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Phrynosoma_ditmarsi</i>	90
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Phrynosoma_douglassii</i>	125
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Phrynosoma_hernandesi</i>	124
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Phrynosoma_mcallii</i>	109.2
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Phrynosoma_modestum</i>	71
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Phrynosoma_orbiculare</i>	90
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Phrynosoma_platyrhinos</i>	95
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Phrynosoma_solare</i>	117
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Phrynosoma_taurus</i>	90
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Phrynosoma_wigginsi</i>	79
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sator_angustus</i>	101
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sator_grandaevus</i>	81
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_acanthinus</i>	99
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_adleri</i>	72
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_aeneus</i>	60
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_anahuacus</i>	54
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_arenicolus</i>	70
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_asper</i>	81
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_bicanthalis</i>	57
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_bulleri</i>	116
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_carinatus</i>	55

Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_cautus</i>	80
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_chaneyi</i>	54
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_chrysostictus</i>	62
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_clarkii</i>	142
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_consobrinus</i>	74
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_couchii</i>	60
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_cozumelae</i>	60
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_cryptus</i>	65.5
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_dugesii</i>	88
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_edwardtaylori</i>	107
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_exsul</i>	63

Rogner (1997a p276) writes  
 "these lizards may reach a  
 maximum SVL of almost  
 200mm and have a tail over  
 10 cm long", probably he  
 mean total length of almost  
 200 mm

Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_formosus</i>	88
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_gadovae</i>	76
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_goldmani</i>	60
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_graciosus</i>	89
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_grammicus</i>	81
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_heterolepis</i>	71
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_horridus</i>	118
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_hunsakeri</i>	86
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_insignis</i>	99
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_jalapae</i>	62
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_jarrovi</i>	106
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_lemosespinali</i>	53.2
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_licki</i>	94
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_lineatulus</i>	115
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_lundelli</i>	100
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_macdougalli</i>	82
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_maculosus</i>	50
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_magister</i>	142
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_malachiticus</i>	98.2
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_megalepidurus</i>	55
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_melanorhinus</i>	105
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_merriami</i>	66
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_monserratensis</i>	108
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_mucronatus</i>	106
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_nelsoni</i>	65
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_occidentalis</i>	94
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_ochoterenae</i>	57
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_olivaceus</i>	121
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_orcutti</i>	117
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_ornatus</i>	90.4
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_palaciosi</i>	61.2
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_parvus</i>	51
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_poinsettii</i>	137
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_pyrocephalus</i>	75
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_rufidorsum</i>	131
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_salvini</i>	95
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_samcolemanni</i>	51
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_scalaris</i>	78
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_serrifer</i>	148
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_siniferus</i>	71.2
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_slevini</i>	70
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_smaragdinus</i>	85
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_smithi</i>	71
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_spinosus</i>	118

Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_squamosus</i>	59
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_stejnegeri</i>	94
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_subniger</i>	59
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_subpictus</i>	57
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_taeniocnemis</i>	82
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_tanneri</i>	86
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_teapensis</i>	70
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_torquatus</i>	141
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_undulatus</i>	91
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_utiformis</i>	84
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_vandenburgianus</i>	65
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_variabilis</i>	77
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_virgatus</i>	71
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_woodi</i>	65
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus_zosteromus</i>	131
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Uma_exsul</i>	100
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Uma_inornata</i>	124
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Uma_notata</i>	122
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Uma_paraphygas</i>	86
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Uma_scoparia</i>	114
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Urosaurus_auriculatus</i>	74
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Urosaurus_bicarinatus</i>	59
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Urosaurus_clarionensis</i>	60
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Urosaurus_gadovi</i>	53
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Urosaurus_graciosus</i>	66
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Urosaurus_irregularis</i>	95
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Urosaurus_lahtelai</i>	58
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Urosaurus_nigricaudus</i>	51
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Urosaurus_ornatus</i>	69
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Uta_concinna</i>	48
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Uta_encantadae</i>	69
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Uta_lowei</i>	66
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Uta_nolascensis</i>	55
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Uta_palmeri</i>	83
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Uta_squamata</i>	57
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Uta_stansburiana</i>	77
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Uta_stejnegeri</i>	60
Phrynosomatidae	Phrynosomatidae	<i>Uta_tumidarostra</i>	74
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anisolepis_grilli</i>	97
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anisolepis_longicauda</i>	98
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anisolepis_undulatus</i>	88
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_achilles</i>	45
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_acutus</i>	67
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_adleri</i>	44
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_aeneus</i>	80
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_aequatorialis</i>	120
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_agassizi</i>	114
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_agueri</i>	158.1
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_alayoni</i>	46.8
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_albimaculatus</i>	53
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_alfaroi</i>	36
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_aliniger</i>	60
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_allisoni</i>	100
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_altavelensis</i>	47
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_alumina</i>	40
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_alutaceus</i>	43
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_andianus</i>	55
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_anfiloquioidi</i>	40.5

Lazell (1972 p 80) reports he has seen specimens "in excess of 80 mm" but does not quote actual lengths

Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_angusticeps</i>	53
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_antioquiae</i>	77
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_apollinaris</i>	112
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_argenteolus</i>	59.8
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_argillaceus</i>	46.2
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_armouri</i>	67
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_attenuatus</i>	95
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_bahorucoensis</i>	51
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_baleatus</i>	180
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_baracoae</i>	172
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_barahonae</i>	160
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_barbatus</i>	170
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_barbouri</i>	55
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_bartschi</i>	80
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_bellipeniculus</i>	70.2
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_bimaculatus</i>	170
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_binotatus</i>	46
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_blanquillanus</i>	85
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_boettgeri</i>	68
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_bonairensis</i>	75
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_brevirostris</i>	51
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_brunneus</i>	76
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_caquetae</i>	58
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_carlostoddi</i>	55
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_carolinensis</i>	75
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_casildae</i>	108
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_caudalis</i>	51
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_centralis</i>	47.2
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_chamaeleonides</i>	177
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_chloris</i>	60
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_chlorocyanus</i>	80
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_chocorum</i>	80
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_christophei</i>	49
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_clivicola</i>	49.4
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_coelestinus</i>	84
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_cooki</i>	70
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_cristatellus</i>	78
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_cristifer</i>	88
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_cupeyalensis</i>	33
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_cuvieri</i>	180
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_cyanopleurus</i>	43
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_cybotus</i>	81
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_danieli</i>	125
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_darlingtoni</i>	74
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_deltae</i>	58
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_desechensis</i>	57
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_dissimilis</i>	56
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_distichus</i>	58
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_dolichocephalus</i>	52
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_eewi</i>	69.4
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_equestris</i>	190
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_ernestwilliamsi</i>	82
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_etheridgei</i>	43
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_eugenegrahami</i>	72
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_eulaemus</i>	100
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_euskalerriari</i>	53
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_evermanni</i>	78
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_extremus</i>	83
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_fairchildi</i>	76
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_fasciatus</i>	66
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_ferreus</i>	119



Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_festae</i>	61
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_fitchi</i>	91
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_fowleri</i>	77
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_fraseri</i>	116
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_frenatus</i>	150
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_fugitivus</i>	36.2
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_garridoi</i>	41.8
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_gemmosus</i>	66
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_gingivinus</i>	72
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_gorgonae</i>	67
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_greyi</i>	59.06
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_griseus</i>	136
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_guamuhaya</i>	162
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_gundlachi</i>	75
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_haetianus</i>	75
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_hendersoni</i>	49.3
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_heterodermus</i>	86
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_huila</i>	82
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_impetigosus</i>	49
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_incredulus</i>	34
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_inderenae</i>	118.3
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_inexpectatus</i>	37
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_insignis</i>	160
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_insolitus</i>	47
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_isolepis</i>	52
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_jacare</i>	74.5
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_juangundlachi</i>	36
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_koopmani</i>	39
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_krugi</i>	55
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_laevis</i>	60
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_lamari</i>	42.8
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_latifrons</i>	131
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_leachii</i>	123
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_lividus</i>	70
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_longicauda</i>	40.2
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_longiceps</i>	83
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_longitibialis</i>	72
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_loysiana</i>	47.2
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_lucia</i>	91
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_lucius</i>	70
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_luteogularis</i>	191
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_luteosignifer</i>	56
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_macilentus</i>	41
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_maculigula</i>	107
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_marcanoi</i>	65
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_marmoratus</i>	82
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_marron</i>	50
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_maynardi</i>	76
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_megalopithecus</i>	83
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_menta</i>	56
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_microtus</i>	111
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_mirus</i>	105
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_monensis</i>	60
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_monticola</i>	56
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_nasofrontalis</i>	45
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_neblininus</i>	64
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_nelsoni</i>	66.88
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_nicefori</i>	63
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_nigrolineatus</i>	55
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_nigropunctatus</i>	72
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_noblei</i>	190

Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_nubilis</i>	81
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_occultus</i>	40
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_oculatus</i>	96
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_oligaspis</i>	44
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_olssoni</i>	50
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_oporinus</i>	46.7
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_orcesi</i>	59
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_palmeri</i>	52
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_parilis</i>	81
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_paternus</i>	50
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_peracca</i>	63
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_philopunctatus</i>	75.3
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_phyllorhinus</i>	71
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_pigmaequestris</i>	140
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_placidus</i>	46
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_pogus</i>	50
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_poncensis</i>	48
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_porcatus</i>	74.3
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_porcus</i>	172
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_princeps</i>	121
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_proboscis</i>	74
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_pseudotigrinus</i>	45
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_pulchellus</i>	51
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_pumilus</i>	39.2
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_punctatus</i>	90
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_purpurescens</i>	125
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_radulinus</i>	45
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_rejectus</i>	37
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_richardii</i>	140
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_ricordi</i>	190
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_rimarum</i>	45
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_roosevelti</i>	160
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_roquet</i>	86
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_ruizi</i>	58
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_rupinae</i>	56
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_sabanus</i>	69
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_santamartae</i>	55
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_scriptus</i>	76
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_semlineatus</i>	47
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_sheplani</i>	41
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_shrevei</i>	60
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_singularis</i>	52
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_smallwoodi</i>	190
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_smaragdinus</i>	64
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_solitarius</i>	51.5
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_spectrum</i>	42.1
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_squamulatus</i>	125
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_strahmi</i>	79
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_stratulus</i>	50
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_terueli</i>	40
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_tetarii</i>	86
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_tigrinus</i>	57
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_toldo</i>	61.2
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_transversalis</i>	98
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_trinitatis</i>	74
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_vanidicus</i>	39
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_vanzolinii</i>	104
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_vaupesianus</i>	82
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_ventrimaculatus</i>	80
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_vermiculatus</i>	124.5
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_vescus</i>	41

Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_wattsi</i>	58
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_websteri</i>	51
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_whitemani</i>	67
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis_williamsii</i>	50
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Diplolaemus_bibronii</i>	120
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Diplolaemus_darwinii</i>	120
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Diplolaemus_leopardinus</i>	80
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Diplolaemus_sexcinctus</i>	120
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Enyalius_bibronii</i>	104
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Enyalius_bilineatus</i>	105
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Enyalius_brasiliensis</i>	117
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Enyalius_catenatus</i>	110
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Enyalius_iheringii</i>	124
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Enyalius_leechii</i>	115
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Enyalius_perditus</i>	86
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Enyalius_pictus</i>	110
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Leiosaurus_bellii</i>	110
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Leiosaurus_catamarcensis</i>	120
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Leiosaurus_paronae</i>	110
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_ahli</i>	61.7
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_allogus</i>	62.8
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops Altae</i>	52
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_alvarezdeltoroi</i>	99
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_amplisquamosus</i>	46
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_anisolepis</i>	47
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_annectens</i>	77.6
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_antonii</i>	53
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_aquaticus</i>	71

Lotzkat (2007, Table 4)  
reports 78 mm, far exceeding  
all other SVL values

Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_auratus</i>	57
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_baccatus</i>	40
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_barkeri</i>	101
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_bicaorum</i>	76
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_biporcatus</i>	115
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_birama</i>	65
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_bitectus</i>	55.76
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_bocourtii</i>	45
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_bombiceps</i>	74
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_bouvierii</i>	55
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_breedlovei</i>	54
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_bremeri</i>	72
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_capito</i>	100
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_carpenteri</i>	45
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_chrysolepis</i>	86
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_cobanensis</i>	50
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_compressicauda</i>	55
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_concolor</i>	80
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_confusus</i>	53
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_conspersus</i>	76
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_crassulus</i>	59
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_cumingii</i>	49
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_cupreus</i>	57
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_cuprinus</i>	69
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_cusuco</i>	46
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_cymbops</i>	40
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_damulus</i>	52
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_delafuentei</i>	61
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_dollfusianus</i>	44
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_duellmani</i>	37

Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_dunni</i>	58
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_exsul</i>	48
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_fortunensis</i>	48
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_fungosus</i>	47
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_fuscoauratus</i>	50.5
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_gadovii</i>	80
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_garmani</i>	138
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_gibbiceps</i>	49
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_gracilipes</i>	55
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_grahami</i>	75
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_granuliceps</i>	49
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_guafe</i>	48.8
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_guazuma</i>	48.5
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_haguei</i>	53
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_hobartsmithi</i>	49
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_homolechis</i>	70
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_humilis</i>	45
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_imias</i>	67.4
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_intermedius</i>	54
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_isthmicus</i>	63
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_johnmeyeri</i>	70.4
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_jubar</i>	62
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_kemptoni</i>	55
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_kreutzii</i>	51
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_laeviventris</i>	66
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_lemniscatus</i>	52
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_lemurinus</i>	79
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_limifrons</i>	51
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_lineatopus</i>	73
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_lineatus</i>	75
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_liogaster</i>	51.5
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_lionotus</i>	85
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_loveridgei</i>	118
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_lynchi</i>	61
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_macrinii</i>	85
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_macrolepis</i>	62
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_macrophallus</i>	54
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_maculiventris</i>	50
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_mariarum</i>	51.82
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_matudai</i>	42
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_medemi</i>	52
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_megapholidotus</i>	53
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_meridionalis</i>	51
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_mestrei</i>	56.5
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_microlepidotus</i>	54
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_microlepis</i>	40
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_milleri</i>	57
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_muralla</i>	56
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_naufragus</i>	53
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_nebuloides</i>	55.5
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_nebulosus</i>	50
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_nitens</i>	85
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_notopholis</i>	52
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_ocelloscapularis</i>	47
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_omiltemanus</i>	44
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_onca</i>	75
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_opalinus</i>	56
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_ophiolepis</i>	39.8
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_ortonii</i>	57
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_pachypus</i>	54
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_pandoensis</i>	60

Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_parvicirculatus</i>	50
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_pentaprion</i>	80
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_petersii</i>	108
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_pijolense</i>	60
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_pinchoti</i>	57
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_poecilopus</i>	74
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_polylepis</i>	57
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_polyrhachis</i>	50
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_purpurgularis</i>	60
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_pygmaeus</i>	35
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_quadriocellifer</i>	55
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_quercorum</i>	46
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_reconditus</i>	100
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_rhombifer</i>	55
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_rivalis</i>	64
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_roatanensis</i>	63
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_rodriguezi</i>	50
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_rubribarbaris</i>	58
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_rubribarbus</i>	65.9
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_sagrei</i>	75
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_salvini</i>	57
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_scapularis</i>	43
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_schiedei</i>	50
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_schmidtii</i>	45
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_sericeus</i>	52
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_serranoi</i>	85
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_simmonsii</i>	49
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_sminthus</i>	59
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_subocularis</i>	63
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_sulcifrons</i>	64
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_taylori</i>	78
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_tolimensis</i>	60
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_townsendi</i>	69
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_trachyderma</i>	61
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_tropidogaster</i>	63
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_tropidolepis</i>	59
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_tropidonotus</i>	65
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_uniformis</i>	40
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_utilensis</i>	59
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_valencienni</i>	86
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_vicarius</i>	47
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_villai</i>	60
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_vittigerus</i>	72
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_vociferans</i>	64
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_wampuensis</i>	51
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_wermuthi</i>	54
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_woodi</i>	100
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_yoroensis</i>	47
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Norops_zeus</i>	44
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Polychrus_acutirostris</i>	150
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Polychrus_femoralis</i>	108
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Polychrus_gutturosus</i>	170
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Polychrus_liogaster</i>	152

Fitch (1981) reports values (478mm for females, 385 for males) far exceeding all other SVL values

Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Polychrus_marmoratus</i>	148
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Polychrus_peruvianus</i>	145.4
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Pristidactylus_achalensis</i>	120
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Pristidactylus_alvaroi</i>	89
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Pristidactylus_araucanus</i>	103

Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Pristidactylus_casuhatiensis</i>	73
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Pristidactylus_fasciatus</i>	100
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Pristidactylus_nigroiugulus</i>	110
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Pristidactylus_scapulatus</i>	110
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Pristidactylus_torquatus</i>	95
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Pristidactylus_valeriae</i>	81
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Pristidactylus_volcanensis</i>	97.1
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Urostrophus_gallardoi</i>	78
Polychrotidae	Polychrotidae	<i>Urostrophus_vautieri</i>	92
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Aprasia_aurita</i>	110
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Aprasia_fusca</i>	107
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Aprasia_haroldi</i>	110
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Aprasia_inaurita</i>	136
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Aprasia_parapulchella</i>	140
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Aprasia_picturata</i>	143
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Aprasia_pseudopulchella</i>	155
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Aprasia_pulchella</i>	133
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Aprasia_repens</i>	126
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Aprasia_rostrata</i>	109
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Aprasia_smithi</i>	128
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Aprasia_striolata</i>	142
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_australis</i>	88
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_borea</i>	98
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_butleri</i>	96
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_concinna</i>	112
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_elegans</i>	97
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_fraseri</i>	128
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_grayii</i>	121
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_impar</i>	100
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_inornata</i>	133
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_labilis</i>	115
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_mitella</i>	200
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_molleri</i>	111
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_nasuta</i>	112
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_pax</i>	94
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_plebeia</i>	122
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_tincta</i>	92
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Delma_torquata</i>	63
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Lialis_burtonis</i>	300
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Lialis_jicari</i>	311
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Ophidiocephalus_taeniatus</i>	107
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Paradelma_orientalis</i>	198
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Pletholax_gracilis</i>	90
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Pygopus_lepidopodus</i>	230
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Pygopus_nigriceps</i>	227
Pygopodidae	Pygopodidae	<i>Pygopus_steelescotti</i>	185
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ablepharus_bivittatus</i>	61
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ablepharus_chernovi</i>	53
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ablepharus_darvazi</i>	44
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ablepharus_deserti</i>	58.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ablepharus_grayanus</i>	33
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ablepharus_kitaibelii</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ablepharus_pannonicus</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Acontias_brevipes</i>	199
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Acontias_gracilicauda</i>	260
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Acontias_meleagris</i>	275
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Acontias_percivali</i>	257
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Acontias_plumbeus</i>	500
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Acontias_poecilus</i>	382
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Acontophiops_lineatus</i>	185
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Afroablepharus_duruarum</i>	45

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Afroablepharus_seydeli</i>	38
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Afroablepharus_tancredi</i>	28
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Afroablepharus_wilsoni</i>	25
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_alluaudi</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_andranovahensis</i>	38
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_ankodabensis</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_anosyensis</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_ardouini</i>	137
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_astrolabi</i>	226
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_crenni</i>	164
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_decaryi</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_elongatus</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_frontoparietalis</i>	76
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_gastrostictus</i>	106
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_igneocaudatus</i>	78
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_intermedius</i>	73
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_johannae</i>	102
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_macrocerus</i>	110
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_macrolepis</i>	34
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_mandady</i>	62
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_mandokava</i>	148
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_melanopleura</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_melanurus</i>	112
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_minutus</i>	44.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_mouroundavae</i>	72
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_nanus</i>	29
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_ornaticeps</i>	62
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_poecilopus</i>	54
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_polleni</i>	102
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_praeornatus</i>	71.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_punctatus</i>	73
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_reticulatus</i>	220
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_spilostichus</i>	81.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_splendidus</i>	117
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_stumpffi</i>	103
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_tanysoma</i>	103
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_tsaratananensis</i>	84.1
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus_valhallae</i>	106
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Androngo_trivittatus</i>	147
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Anomalopus_brevicollis</i>	83
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Anomalopus_gowi</i>	108
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Anomalopus_leuckartii</i>	137
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Anomalopus_mackayi</i>	123
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Anomalopus_pluto</i>	76
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Anomalopus_swansonii</i>	107
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Anomalopus_verreauxii</i>	185
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Apterygodon_vittatus</i>	96

only known from the type specimen, Raxworthy and Nussbaum (1993) report it is "approaching maturity"

Glaw and Vences (1994) report maximum SVL of 90mm, this may be total lengths, as Henkel and Schmidt (2000) and Angel (1942) report 92 mm is the maximum total length, of which 42 mm is the tail. However later Glaw and Vences (2007) updated SVL to 102 mm and 102 mm tail length

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Asymblepharus_alaicus</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Asymblepharus_eremchenkoi</i>	59.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Asymblepharus_nepalensis</i>	41
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Asymblepharus_sikimensis</i>	55.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Asymblepharus_tragbulense</i>	56.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ateuchosaurus_chinensis</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ateuchosaurus_pellopleurus</i>	69
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Barkudia_insularis</i>	115
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Barkudia_melanosticta</i>	165
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Bartleia_jigurru</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Bassiana_duperreyi</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Bassiana_platynota</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Bassiana_trilineata</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Brachymeles_apus</i>	131
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Brachymeles_bicolor</i>	155
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Brachymeles_bonitae</i>	94
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Brachymeles_boulengeri</i>	105.7
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Brachymeles_cebuensis</i>	74.4
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Brachymeles_elerae</i>	71.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Brachymeles_gracilis</i>	113
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Brachymeles_hilong</i>	81
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Brachymeles_minimus</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Brachymeles_pathfinderi</i>	60.4
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Brachymeles_samarensis</i>	65.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Brachymeles_schadenbergi</i>	118.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Brachymeles_talinis</i>	140.9
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Brachymeles_tridactylus</i>	84
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Brachymeles_vermis</i>	86
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Brachymeles_wrighti</i>	120
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Caledoniscincus_aquilonius</i>	49
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Caledoniscincus_atropunctatus</i>	53
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Caledoniscincus_auratus</i>	51
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Caledoniscincus_austrocaledonicus</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Caledoniscincus_chazeau</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Caledoniscincus_cryptos</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Caledoniscincus_festivus</i>	72
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Caledoniscincus_haplorhinus</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Caledoniscincus_orestes</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Caledoniscincus_renevieri</i>	51
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Caledoniscincus_terma</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Calyptotis_lepidorostrum</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Calyptotis_ruficauda</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Calyptotis_scutirostrum</i>	59
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Calyptotis_temporalis</i>	36
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Calyptotis_thorntonensis</i>	35
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_aenigma</i>	57.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_ailanpalai</i>	59.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_amax</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_aramia</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_babarensis</i>	51.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_beccarii</i>	79.7
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_bicarinata</i>	48
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_bomberai</i>	53.9
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_caesius</i>	64.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_coensis</i>	68
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_diguliensis</i>	54.4
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_dogare</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_eothen</i>	68.6
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_fusca</i>	67
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_gracilis</i>	41
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_jarnoldae</i>	49



Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_johnstonei</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_leucotaenia</i>	53.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_longipes</i>	66.4
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_luctuosa</i>	77.7
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_munda</i>	44
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_mundivensis</i>	56
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_mysi</i>	62.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_parrhasius</i>	35
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_pectoralis</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_prava</i>	53.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_pulla</i>	64.6
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_rhomboidalis</i>	61
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_rimula</i>	39
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_rostralis</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_rubrigularis</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_rufilatus</i>	42
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_schmeltzii</i>	69
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_scirtetis</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_storri</i>	46
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_tetradactyla</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_triacantha</i>	53
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_tutela</i>	53.7
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Carlia_vivax</i>	47
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cautula_zia</i>	59
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Celatiscincus_euryotis</i>	42
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_armitagei</i>	99.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_bedriagai</i>	89
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_bottegi</i>	121
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_chalcides</i>	210
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_colosii</i>	114
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_ebneri</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_guentheri</i>	165
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_lanzai</i>	104
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_levitoni</i>	99
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_manueli</i>	75.9
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_mauritanicus</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_minutus</i>	114.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_mionecton</i>	107.4
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_montanus</i>	99
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_ocellatus</i>	200
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_parallelus</i>	91.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_polylepis</i>	160
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_pseudostriatus</i>	202
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_pulchellus</i>	130
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_ragazzii</i>	127.4
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_sexlineatus</i>	82.9
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_striatus</i>	210
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_thierryi</i>	150.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcides_viridanus</i>	129
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chalcidoseps_thwaitesi</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chioninia_delalandii</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chioninia_fogoensis</i>	78
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chioninia_geisthardtii</i>	67
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chioninia_spinalis</i>	87
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chioninia_stangeri</i>	77
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Chioninia_vaillantii</i>	240
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Coeranoscincus_frontalis</i>	290
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Coeranoscincus_reticulatus</i>	195
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Coggeria_naufragus</i>	127
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cophoscincopus_durus</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cophoscincopus_greeri</i>	66

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cophoscincopus_simulans</i>	61
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Corucia_zebrata</i>	350
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_aldabrae</i>	39.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_ater</i>	47.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_balinensis</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_bitaeniatus</i>	42.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_boutonii</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_burdeni</i>	47
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_carnabyi</i>	46
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_caudatus</i>	48.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_cursor</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_degrijsi</i>	43.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_egeriae</i>	52
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_eximius</i>	40.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_fuhnii</i>	47
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_gloriosus</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_keiensis</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_leschenault</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_litoralis</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_megastictus</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_mohelicus</i>	41
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_novaeguineae</i>	42
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_novocaledonicus</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_pallidus</i>	35.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_plagiocephalus</i>	47
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_poecilopleurus</i>	49.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_renschi</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_rutilus</i>	35.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_sumbawanus</i>	42
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoblepharus_virgatus</i>	41
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cryptoscincus_minimus</i>	72
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_agrestis</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_alacer</i>	62
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_alleni</i>	93
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_allotropis</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_angusticeps</i>	74
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_aphrodite</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_arcanus</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_ariadnae</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_arnhemensis</i>	55.1
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_astarte</i>	82
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_astictus</i>	51.9
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_atlas</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_australis</i>	110
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_borealis</i>	121
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_brachyonyx</i>	83
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_brooksi</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_burbidgei</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_calurus</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_capricorni</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_catenifer</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_coggeri</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_colletti</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_decaneurus</i>	52
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_delli</i>	63
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_dux</i>	65.1
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_ehmanni</i>	41
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_essingtonii</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_eurydice</i>	76.6
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_eutaenius</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_fallens</i>	95

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_gagudju</i>	54
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_gemmula</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_grandis</i>	122
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_greeri</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_hanloni</i>	73.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_hebetior</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_helenae</i>	101
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_hilli</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_iapetus</i>	68
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_impar</i>	66
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_ingrami</i>	84
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_inornatus</i>	95
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_joanae</i>	86
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_kurnbudj</i>	54
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_labillardieri</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_lancelini</i>	87
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_lateralis</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_leae</i>	62
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_leonhardii</i>	79
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_maryani</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_mastigura</i>	88
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_militaris</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_mimetes</i>	82
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_monticola</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_nasutus</i>	46
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_nigrilineatus</i>	49
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_nullum</i>	79
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_olympicus</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_pallescens</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_pantherinus</i>	126
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_piankai</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_pulchellus</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_quattuordecimlineatus</i>	71
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_quinkan</i>	81
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_rawlinsoni</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_regius</i>	73
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_rimacolus</i>	95
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_robustus</i>	125
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_rosarium</i>	43.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_rubicundus</i>	101
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_rufescens</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_rutilans</i>	53
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_saxatilis</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_schevilli</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_schomburgkii</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_septenarius</i>	72
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_serotinus</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_severentyi</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_severus</i>	91
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_spaldingi</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_storri</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_strauchii</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_striaticeps</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_stuarti</i>	54
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_taeniolatus</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_tanamiensis</i>	95
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_tantillus</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_terrareginae</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_uber</i>	82
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_vertebralis</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_xenopleura</i>	50

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_youngsoni</i>	84
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_zastictus</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ctenotus_zebrilla</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cyclodina_aenea</i>	66.6
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cyclodina_alani</i>	142
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cyclodina_lichenigera</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cyclodina_macgregori</i>	114
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cyclodina_oliveri</i>	108
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cyclodina_ornata</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cyclodina_whitakeri</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cyclodomorphus_branchialis</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cyclodomorphus_casuarinae</i>	174
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cyclodomorphus_celatus</i>	121
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cyclodomorphus_maxima</i>	232
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cyclodomorphus_melanops</i>	132
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cyclodomorphus_michaeli</i>	174
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cyclodomorphus_praealtus</i>	119
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Cyclodomorphus_venustus</i>	101.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Dasia_griffini</i>	116.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Dasia_grisea</i>	130
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Dasia_haliana</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Dasia_nicobarensis</i>	98
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Dasia_olivacea</i>	150
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Dasia_semicincta</i>	130
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Dasia_subcaerulea</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Davewakeum_miriamae</i>	114
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_arnhemensis</i>	180
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_carinata</i>	105
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_coventryi</i>	150
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_cunninghami</i>	250
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_depressa</i>	117
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_douglasi</i>	170
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_formosa</i>	107
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_frerei</i>	210
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_guthega</i>	111
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_hosmeri</i>	180
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_inornata</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_kingii</i>	244
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_kintorei</i>	200
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_luctuosa</i>	130
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_major</i>	391
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_margaretae</i>	105
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_mcpheeii</i>	143
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_modesta</i>	112
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_montana</i>	110
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_multiscutata</i>	96
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_napoleonis</i>	133
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_pilbarensis</i>	121
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_pulchra</i>	110
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_richardi</i>	105
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_rugosa</i>	223
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_saxatilis</i>	135
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_slateri</i>	95
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_stokesii</i>	207
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_striata</i>	112
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_striolata</i>	119
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Egernia_whittii</i>	113
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_adspersa</i>	93
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_aenea</i>	71
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_ahli</i>	62
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_aneityumensis</i>	95.5

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_arnoensis</i>	91
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_atrocostata</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_aurulenta</i>	49.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_battersbyi</i>	77.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_bismarckensis</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_boettgeri</i>	77
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_bogerti</i>	59
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_brongersmai</i>	69.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_caeruleocauda</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_callisticta</i>	56
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_campbelli</i>	97.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_coggeri</i>	49.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_concolor</i>	88.9
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_cyanogaster</i>	99
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_cyanura</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_cyclops</i>	57.1
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_digul</i>	56.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_erronan</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_flavigularis</i>	75.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_guttata</i>	73
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_impar</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_irianensis</i>	63.6
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_isolata</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_jakati</i>	53.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_jamur</i>	51.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_kitcheneri</i>	39
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_klossi</i>	90.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_kordoana</i>	60.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_kuekenthali</i>	79.9
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_laobaoense</i>	74
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_lawesi</i>	106
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_longicauda</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_loveridgei</i>	46
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_loyaltiensis</i>	83.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_maculata</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_maxima</i>	47
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_mivarti</i>	56.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_mokosariniveikau</i>	55.1
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_montana</i>	70.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_nativittatis</i>	78
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_nigra</i>	128
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_nigromarginata</i>	77.4
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_obscura</i>	63.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_orbata</i>	77.1
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_pallidiceps</i>	61.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_paniai</i>	50.4
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_parkeri</i>	53.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_physicae</i>	77.6
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_physicina</i>	50.7
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_ponapea</i>	50.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_popei</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_pseudocyanura</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_pseudopallidiceps</i>	64.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_reimschisseli</i>	78
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_rennellensis</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_ruficauda</i>	54
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_rufilabialis</i>	65.4
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_samoensis</i>	118
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_sanfordi</i>	115
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_schmidtii</i>	63.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_similis</i>	42

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_slevini</i>	84
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_sorex</i>	59.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_submetallica</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_taumakoensis</i>	57.6
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_tetrataenia</i>	63.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_tongana</i>	74.9
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_tropidolepis</i>	73.4
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_trossula</i>	108.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Emoia_veracunda</i>	52.7
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eremiascincus_fasciolatus</i>	98
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eremiascincus_richardsonii</i>	127
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Erotoscincus_graciloides</i>	35
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eugongylus_albofasciolatus</i>	213
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eugongylus_rufescens</i>	169
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eugongylus_sulaensis</i>	137
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eugongylus_unilineatus</i>	118
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eulamprus_amplus</i>	115
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eulamprus_brachyosoma</i>	74
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eulamprus_frerei</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eulamprus_heatwolei</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eulamprus_kosciuskoi</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eulamprus_leuraensis</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eulamprus_luteilateralis</i>	112
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eulamprus_martini</i>	71
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eulamprus_murrayi</i>	108
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eulamprus_quoyii</i>	127
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eulamprus_sokosoma</i>	79
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eulamprus_tenuis</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eulamprus_tigrinus</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eulamprus_tryoni</i>	104
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eulamprus_tympanum</i>	97
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eumeces_algeriensis</i>	210
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eumeces_blythianus</i>	111
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eumeces_indothalensis</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eumeces_schneideri</i>	170
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eumecia_anchietae</i>	300
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eumecia_johnstoni</i>	263
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Euprepes_chaperi</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eurylepis_pooaensis</i>	118
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eurylepis_taniolatus</i>	175
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_allapallensis</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_andamanensis</i>	132
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_beddomii</i>	115
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_bibronii</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_bontocensis</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_carinata</i>	160
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_clivicola</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_cumingi</i>	54.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_darevskii</i>	50.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_englei</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_gansi</i>	62.6
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_indeprensa</i>	67
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_innotata</i>	55.9
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_longicaudata</i>	140
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_macularia</i>	77
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_multicarinata</i>	97
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_multifasciata</i>	137
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_nagarjuni</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_novemcarinata</i>	98

Lim and Lim (1999) report  
525 mm, far exceeding other  
published SVL values

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_quadricarinata</i>	50.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_rudis</i>	120
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Eutropis_rugifera</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Feylinia_boulengeri</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Feylinia_currori</i>	340
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Feylinia_elegans</i>	142
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Feylinia_grandisquamis</i>	140
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Feylinia_macrolepis</i>	94
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Feylinia_polylepis</i>	160
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Fojia_bumui</i>	59
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Geomyersia_coggeri</i>	34
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Geomyersia_glabra</i>	36
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Geoscincus_haraldmeieri</i>	112
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_antoniorum</i>	67
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_brongersmai</i>	98
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_butlerorum</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_clandestinus</i>	72
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_cracens</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_crassicaudum</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_darwiniensis</i>	59
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_douglasi</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_emigrans</i>	68.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_fuscicaudis</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_gracilipes</i>	89
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_isolepis</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_mjobergi</i>	97
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_nigricaudis</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_pardalis</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_pumilus</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_punctulatus</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Glaphyromorphus_timorensis</i>	93
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Gnypetoscincus_queenslandiae</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Gongylomorphus_bojerii</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Graciliscincus_shonae</i>	42
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Haackgreerius_miopus</i>	73
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Hakaria_simonyi</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Hemiergis_decreasiensis</i>	79
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Hemiergis_initialis</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Hemiergis_millewae</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Hemiergis_peronii</i>	79
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Hemiergis_quadrilineatum</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Hemisphaeriodon_gerrardii</i>	255
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Isopachys_anguinoides</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Isopachys_borealis</i>	177
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Isopachys_gyldenstolpei</i>	220
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Isopachys_roulei</i>	109
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Janetaescincus_braueri</i>	53
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Janetaescincus_veseyfitzgeraldi</i>	37
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Kanakysaurus_viviparus</i>	83
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lacertaspis_chriswildi</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lacertaspis_gemmiventris</i>	81
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lacertaspis_lepesmei</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lacertaspis_reichenowi</i>	54
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lacertaspis_rohdei</i>	62
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lacertoides_pardalis</i>	102
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lamprolepis_leucosticta</i>	74
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lamprolepis_nieuwenhuisi</i>	72
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lamprolepis_smaragdina</i>	107.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lamprolepis_vyneri</i>	66
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lampropholis_adonis</i>	51
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lampropholis_amicula</i>	35

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lampropholis_caligula</i>	54
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lampropholis_coggeri</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lampropholis_colossus</i>	56
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lampropholis_couperi</i>	49
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lampropholis_delicata</i>	51
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lampropholis_elongata</i>	53
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lampropholis_guichenoti</i>	52
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lampropholis_mirabilis</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lampropholis_robertsi</i>	49
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lankascincus_deignani</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lankascincus_deraniyagalae</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lankascincus_fallax</i>	42
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lankascincus_gansi</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lankascincus_taprobanensis</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lankascincus_taylori</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Larutia_larutense</i>	191
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Larutia_miodactyla</i>	151
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Larutia_puehensis</i>	141
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Larutia_seribuatensis</i>	115
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Larutia_sumatrensis</i>	176
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Larutia_trifasciata</i>	250
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leiolopisma_alazon</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leiolopisma_mauritiana</i>	340
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leiolopisma_telfairii</i>	171
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptoseps_osellai</i>	41
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptoseps_poilani</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptoseps_tetradactylus</i>	35
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos_aloysiisabaudiae</i>	45.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos_amieti</i>	51
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos_blochmanni</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos_fuhni</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos_graueri</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos_hackarsi</i>	61
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos_hylophilus</i>	37.7
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos_ianthinoxantha</i>	63
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos_kilimensis</i>	73
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos_koutoui</i>	49
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos_luberoensis</i>	56
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos_meleagris</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos_pauliani</i>	53
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos_rhodurus</i>	84.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos_rhomboidalis</i>	54
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos_vigintiserierum</i>	49
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_aericeps</i>	54
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_allanae</i>	92
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_allochira</i>	37
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_ameles</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_apoda</i>	78
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_arenicola</i>	66
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_axillaris</i>	87
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_baynesi</i>	91
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_bipes</i>	67
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_borealis</i>	63
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_bougainvillii</i>	74
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_bunglebungle</i>	59
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_carpentariae</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_chalybura</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_christinae</i>	39
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_cinerea</i>	72
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_colliveri</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_connivens</i>	86



Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_desertorum</i>	93
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_distinguenda</i>	51
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_dorsalis</i>	71
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_edwardsae</i>	95
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_elegans</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_elongata</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_emmotti</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_eupoda</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_flammicauda</i>	56
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_fragilis</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_frosti</i>	68
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_gascoynensis</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_gerrardii</i>	87
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_greeri</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_griffini</i>	67
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_haroldi</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_humphriesi</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_ingrami</i>	36
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_ips</i>	72
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_kalumburu</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_karlschmidtii</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_kendricki</i>	67
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_kennedyensis</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_labialis</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_lineata</i>	62
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_lineopunctulata</i>	112.7
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_macropisthopus</i>	96
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_maculosa</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_microtis</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_muelleri</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_neander</i>	88
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_nicholli</i>	68
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_onsloviana</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_orientalis</i>	49
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_petersoni</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_picturata</i>	92
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_planiventralis</i>	72
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_praefrontalis</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_praepedita</i>	66
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_punctatovittata</i>	103.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_puncticauda</i>	86
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_quadrivincula</i>	52
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_robusta</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_separanda</i>	32
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_simillima</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_speciosa</i>	51
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_stictopleura</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_storri</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_stylis</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_taeiniata</i>	44
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_talpina</i>	36
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_terdigitata</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_tridactyla</i>	56
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_uniduo</i>	61
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_varia</i>	84
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_vermicularis</i>	42
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_viduata</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_vittata</i>	76
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_walkeri</i>	63
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_wilkinsi</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_xanthura</i>	53.3

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_yuna</i>	66
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lerista_zonulata</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lioscincus_greeri</i>	61
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lioscincus_maruia</i>	61
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lioscincus_nigrofasciolatum</i>	112
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lioscincus_novaecaledoniae</i>	68
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lioscincus_steindachneri</i>	113
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lioscincus_tillieri</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_albodorsalis</i>	54
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_auriculata</i>	51
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_cheesmanae</i>	39
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_infralineolata</i>	49
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_leptosoma</i>	44
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_longiceps</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_macrotympanum</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_miangensis</i>	39
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_nitens</i>	33.6
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_noctua</i>	54
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_nototaenia</i>	48
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_occidentalis</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_pulchella</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_pulchra</i>	41
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_quadrivittata</i>	46
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_rabori</i>	54.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_relicta</i>	56
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_rouxi</i>	41
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_semperi</i>	49.9
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_septentrionalis</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_subvittata</i>	56
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_surda</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_yenemai</i>	57.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_vittigera</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lipinia_zamboangensis</i>	44.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lobulia_alpina</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lobulia_brongersmai</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lobulia_elegans</i>	66
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lobulia_glacialis</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lobulia_stellaris</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lobulia_subalpina</i>	76
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygisaurus_aeratus</i>	39
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygisaurus_foliorum</i>	39
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygisaurus_laevis</i>	37
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygisaurus_macfarlanei</i>	39.6
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygisaurus_rococo</i>	39
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygisaurus_sesbrauna</i>	34
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygisaurus_tanneri</i>	37
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygisaurus_zuma</i>	34
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_afrum</i>	140
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_albopunctata</i>	66
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_angeli</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_anguinum</i>	59
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_ashwamedhi</i>	32
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_bowringii</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_carinatum</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_corpulentum</i>	165
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_frontoparietale</i>	41
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_goaensis</i>	53
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_grandisonianum</i>	59.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_guentheri</i>	110
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_haroldyoungi</i>	136
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_isodactylum</i>	117

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_koratense</i>	110
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_laeviceps</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_lanceolatum</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_lineata</i>	57.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_lineolatum</i>	63
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_mabuiiforme</i>	95
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_mafianum</i>	86
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_melanopogon</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_mocquardi</i>	79
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_muelleri</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_paedocarinatum</i>	84
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_pembanum</i>	92
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_popae</i>	61
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_productum</i>	113.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_pruthi</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_punctata</i>	91
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_quadripes</i>	96
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_simonettai</i>	88
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_singha</i>	44
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_somalicum</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_tanae</i>	98
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_tersum</i>	92
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_vinciguerrae</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma_yosmaeri</i>	59
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_agilis</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_agmosticha</i>	72
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_altamazonica</i>	97.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_arajara</i>	89.9
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_atlantica</i>	92
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_bistriata</i>	109
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_caissara</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_carvalhoi</i>	63
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_chapaensis</i>	72
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_cochabambae</i>	78
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_croizati</i>	52
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_dissimilis</i>	92
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_dorsivittata</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_falconensis</i>	89.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_frenata</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_guaporicola</i>	98
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_heathi</i>	70.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_infralineata</i>	108
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_lineolata</i>	59
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_mabouya</i>	116
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_macleani</i>	80.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_macrophthalma</i>	108
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_macrorhyncha</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_maculata</i>	86
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_meridensis</i>	76.7
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_nigropalmata</i>	76
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_nigropunctata</i>	113
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_seychellensis</i>	99
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_tessellata</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_trivittata</i>	120
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_tytleri</i>	203.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_unimarginata</i>	91
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mabuya_wrightii</i>	152
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Macroscincus_coctei</i>	350
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Marmorosphax_montana</i>	53
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Marmorosphax_tricolor</i>	66
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Melanoseps_ater</i>	210

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Melanoseps_loveridgei</i>	119
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Melanoseps_occidentalis</i>	120.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Melanoseps_rondoensis</i>	93
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Menetia_alanae</i>	29
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Menetia_amaura</i>	25
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Menetia_concinna</i>	31
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Menetia_greyii</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Menetia_koshlandae</i>	28
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Menetia_maini</i>	28
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Menetia_sadlieri</i>	30
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Menetia_surda</i>	32
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Menetia_timlowi</i>	29
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mesoscincus_altamirani</i>	53
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mesoscincus_managuae</i>	125
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mesoscincus_schwartzei</i>	125
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Microacantias_lineatus</i>	150
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Microacantias_litoralis</i>	119
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mochlus_brevicaudis</i>	78
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mochlus_fernandi</i>	180
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mochlus_guineensis</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Mochlus_sundevalli</i>	140
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Morethia_adelaidensis</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Morethia_boulengeri</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Morethia_butleri</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Morethia_lineoocellata</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Morethia_obscura</i>	56
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Morethia_ruficauda</i>	46
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Morethia_storri</i>	38
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Morethia_taeiopleura</i>	44
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nangura_spinosa</i>	95
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nannoscincus_exos</i>	37
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nannoscincus_garrulus</i>	52.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nannoscincus_gracilis</i>	49
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nannoscincus_greeri</i>	34
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nannoscincus_hanchisteus</i>	34
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nannoscincus_humectus</i>	36
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nannoscincus_maccoyi</i>	59
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nannoscincus_mariei</i>	46
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nannoscincus_rankini</i>	41
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nannoscincus_slevini</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nessia_bipes</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nessia_burtonii</i>	76
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nessia_deraniyagalai</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nessia_didactyla</i>	86
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nessia_hickanala</i>	140
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nessia_layardi</i>	94
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nessia_monodactyla</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Nessia_sarasinorum</i>	139.7
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Niveoscincus_coventryi</i>	54
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Niveoscincus_greeni</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Niveoscincus_metallicus</i>	71
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Niveoscincus_microlepidotus</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Niveoscincus_ocellatus</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Niveoscincus_orocryptus</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Niveoscincus_palfreymani</i>	95
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Niveoscincus_pretiosus</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Notoscincus_butleri</i>	42
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Notoscincus_ornatus</i>	39
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_acrinasum</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_chloronoton</i>	125
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_fallai</i>	145

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_gracilicorpus</i>	97
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_grande</i>	118
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_homalonotum</i>	143
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_inconspicuum</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_infrapunctatum</i>	81
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_lineoocellatum</i>	92.9
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_longipes</i>	67
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_maccanni</i>	73
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_microlepis</i>	67
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_moco</i>	74
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_nigriplantare</i>	77
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_notosaurus</i>	75.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_otagense</i>	133
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_smithi</i>	77
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_stenotis</i>	74.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_striatum</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_suteri</i>	113
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_waimatense</i>	125
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Oligosoma_zelandicum</i>	72
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ophiomorus_blanfordi</i>	96
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ophiomorus_brevipes</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ophiomorus_chernovi</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ophiomorus_latastii</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ophiomorus_nuchalis</i>	98
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ophiomorus_persicus</i>	82
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ophiomorus_punctatissimus</i>	90.7
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ophiomorus_raithmai</i>	99
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ophiomorus_streeti</i>	91
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ophiomorus_tridactylus</i>	105
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ophioscincus_cooloolensis</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ophioscincus_ophioscincus</i>	97
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ophioscincus_truncatus</i>	79
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Pamelaescincus_gardineri</i>	82
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Panaspis_africana</i>	47
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Panaspis_annobonensis</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Panaspis_breviceps</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Panaspis_burgeoni</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Panaspis_cabindae</i>	42
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Panaspis_helleri</i>	62
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Panaspis_kitsoni</i>	54
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Panaspis_maculicollis</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Panaspis_megalurus</i>	42
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Panaspis_nimbaensis</i>	47
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Panaspis_quattuordigitata</i>	72
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Panaspis_thomasi</i>	56
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Panaspis_togoensis</i>	47
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Panaspis_wahlbergi</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Papuascincus_buergersi</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Papuascincus_morokanus</i>	52
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Papuascincus_phaeodes</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Papuascincus_stanleyanus</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Paracontias_brocchii</i>	118.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Paracontias_hafa</i>	69
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Paracontias_hildebrandti</i>	50
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Paracontias_holomelas</i>	160
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Paracontias_manify</i>	67
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Paracontias_milloti</i>	42
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Paracontias_rothschildi</i>	52
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Paracontias_tsararano</i>	66
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Paralipinia_rara</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Parvosincus_palawanensis</i>	35

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Parvosцинus_sisoni</i>	34
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Phoboscincus_bocourti</i>	283
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Phoboscincus_garnieri</i>	200
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_anthracinus</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_barbouri</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_brevirostris</i>	71
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_callicephalus</i>	71
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_capito</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_chinensis_</i>	132
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_colimensis</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_copei</i>	73
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_coreensis</i>	119
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_dugesii</i>	69
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_egregius</i>	62
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_elegans</i>	96
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_fasciatus</i>	86
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_gilberti</i>	114
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_inexpectatus</i>	89
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_kishinouyei</i>	172
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_lagunensis</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_laticeps</i>	143
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_latiscutatus</i>	96
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_liui</i>	66.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_longirostris</i>	76
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_lynxe</i>	72
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_marginatus</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_multilineatus</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_multivirgatus</i>	76
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_obsoletus</i>	143
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_obtusirostris</i>	74.6
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_ochoterenae</i>	49.4
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_okadae</i>	86
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_parviauriculatus</i>	47
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_parvulus</i>	51
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_quadri-lineatus</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_reynoldsi</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_septentrionalis</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_skiltonianus</i>	86
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_stimpsonii</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_sumichrasti</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_tamdaoensis</i>	122
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_tetragrammus</i>	76
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon_tunganus</i>	79
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Prasinohaema_flavipes</i>	88
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Prasinohaema_parkeri</i>	53
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Prasinohaema_prehensicauda</i>	69
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Prasinohaema_semoni</i>	74
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Prasinohaema_virens</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Proablepharus_kinghorni</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Proablepharus_naranjicaudus</i>	48.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Proablepharus_reginae</i>	41
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Proablepharus_tenuis</i>	32
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Proscelotes_aenea</i>	62.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Proscelotes_arnoldi</i>	95
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Proscelotes_eggeli</i>	102
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Pseudemoia_baudini</i>	68
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Pseudemoia_cryodroma</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Pseudemoia_entrecasteauxii</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Pseudemoia_pagenstecheri</i>	62
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Pseudemoia_rawlinsoni</i>	62
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Pseudemoia_spenceri</i>	65

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Pseudoacantias_angelorum</i>	207
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Pseudoacantias_madagascariensis</i>	200
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Pseudoacantias_menamainty</i>	224
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Pseudoacantias_unicolor</i>	227.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Pygomeles_braconnieri</i>	162
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Pygomeles_petteri</i>	162
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Riopa_bampfyldei</i>	131
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Riopa_herberti</i>	67
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Riopa_opisthorhodum</i>	93
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ristella_beddomii</i>	32
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ristella_guentheri</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ristella_rurkii</i>	47
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Ristella_travancorica</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Saiphos_equalis</i>	87
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Saproscincus_basiliscus</i>	49.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Saproscincus_challengeri</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Saproscincus_czechurai</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Saproscincus_eungellensis</i>	67
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Saproscincus_hannahae</i>	42.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Saproscincus_lewisi</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Saproscincus_mustelinus</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Saproscincus_oriarius</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Saproscincus_rosei</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Saproscincus_spectabilis</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Saproscincus_tetradactylus</i>	33
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_anguineus</i>	83
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_arenicolus</i>	88
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_bicolor</i>	36
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_bidigitatus</i>	83
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_bipes</i>	82
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_bourquini</i>	108
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_caffer</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_capensis</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_duttoni</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_fitzsimonsi</i>	63
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_gronovii</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_guentheri</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_inornatus</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_insularis</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_kasneri</i>	129
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_limpopoensis</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_mirus</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_montispectus</i>	134
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_mossambicus</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_poensis</i>	78
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_schebeni</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_sexlineatus</i>	98
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_uluguruensis</i>	88
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scelotes_vestigifer</i>	76
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_barbouri</i>	48
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_beddomei</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_bilineata</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_boettgeri</i>	56
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_capitanea</i>	78.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_caudaequinae</i>	49
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_doriae</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_forbesora</i>	54.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_formosensis</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_gemmingeri</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_huanrenensis</i>	62.1
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_inconspicua</i>	56

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_ladacensis</i>	70.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_lateralis</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_macrotis</i>	24
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_melanosticta</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_modesta</i>	66.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_monticola</i>	59
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_ochracea</i>	47
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_palnica</i>	47.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_przewalskii</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_punctatolineata</i>	40.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_reevesii</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_silvicola</i>	58.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_travancorica</i>	63
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_tsinlingensis</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_vandenburghi</i>	53.6
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincella_victoriana</i>	76.7
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincopus_fasciatus</i>	213
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincus_hemprichii</i>	140
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincus_mitranus</i>	134
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scincus_scincus</i>	147
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scolecoseps_acontias</i>	120
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scolecoseps_boulengeri</i>	115
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Scolecoseps_litipoensis</i>	103
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sepsina_alberti</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sepsina_angolensis</i>	91
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sepsina_bayoni</i>	71
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sepsina_copei</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sepsina_tetradactyla</i>	92
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sepsophis_punctatus</i>	110
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sigaloseps_deplanchei</i>	46
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sigaloseps_ruficauda</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Simiscincus_aurantiacus</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sirenosincus_yamagishii</i>	86.9
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_abdictus</i>	98
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_acutus</i>	76
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_aesculeticola</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_alfredi</i>	33
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_amblyplacodes</i>	96
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_annectens</i>	48
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_anotus</i>	33
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_arborens</i>	66.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_assatus</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_atrigularis</i>	39
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_beauforti</i>	47
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_beyeri</i>	58.9
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_bignelli</i>	35
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_biparietalis</i>	35.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_brunneus</i>	87
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_buenloicus</i>	56
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_buettikoferi</i>	35
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_butleri</i>	43
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_cameronicus</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_celebense</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_cherriei</i>	68
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_cinereus</i>	105
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_concinnatus</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_consobrinus</i>	38

Smith (1946, p337) writes:  
 "Burt records a maximum svl  
 of 81mm", Zhao et al. (1999  
 p316) also report 81mm



Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_cophias</i>	36
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_courcyanum</i>	44
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_coxi</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_cranei</i>	79
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_crassa</i>	82
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_cryptotis</i>	83
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_cumingi</i>	150
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_cyanolaemus</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_darlingtoni</i>	64

Brown and Alcala (1980)  
write SVL is "45-70 (rarely  
as low as 42)" on page 144,  
but "31-45" on page 145, and  
"30-45" on p 147, maximum  
45 mm in the detailed  
description on p188

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_decipiens</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_derroyae</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_devorator</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_diwata</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_dorsicatenatus</i>	46.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_dussumieri</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_fasciatus</i>	121
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_florensis</i>	71
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_forbesi</i>	59
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_fragilis</i>	54
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_fragosus</i>	72
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_fuscolineatus</i>	59
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_grandisonae</i>	30
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_granulatus</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_haasi</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_hallieri</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_incertus</i>	67
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_incognitus</i>	109.7
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_indicus</i>	104.7
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_ishaki</i>	41
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_jagori</i>	110
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_jobiensis</i>	116
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_kinabaluensis</i>	59
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_kitangladensis</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_knollmanae</i>	51
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_kuehnei</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_laterimaculatus</i>	52.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_lawtoni</i>	46.1
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_leptofasciatus</i>	86
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_leucospilos</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_lineopunctulatus</i>	84
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_llanosi</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_longicaudatus</i>	94
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_luzonense</i>	48.1
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_maculatus</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_maculicollus</i>	47
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_maindroni</i>	71
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_malayanum</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_megalops</i>	50.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_microtympanus</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_mimicus</i>	36
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_mimikanum</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_mindanensis</i>	56
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_minutus</i>	37
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_modigliani</i>	41

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_muelleri</i>	206
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_multisquamatus</i>	69
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_murudensis</i>	50.4
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_necopinatus</i>	44
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_neuhaussi</i>	89
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_nigriventris</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_nigrolabris</i>	95
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_nigrolineata</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_oligolepis</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_praesignis</i>	110
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_pratti</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_puncticentralis</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_rarus</i>	52
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_rufocaudatus</i>	51
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_sabanus</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_sanctus</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_sarasinorus</i>	76
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_schultzei</i>	47
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_scotophilus</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_scutatus</i>	41
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_shelfordi</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_simus</i>	56
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_solomonis</i>	79
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_steerei</i>	36
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_stellatus</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_stickeli</i>	49
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_striatopunctatum</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_striolatus</i>	52
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_tagapayo</i>	32
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_taiwanensis</i>	59.6
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_tanahtinggi</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_tanneri</i>	52
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_taylori</i>	160
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_temmincki</i>	56
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_tenuiculus</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_textum</i>	42
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_transversus</i>	68
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_tritaeniatus</i>	47
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_tropidonotus</i>	61
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_undulatus</i>	68
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_vanheurni</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_variegatus</i>	65
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_victoria</i>	45.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_wolffi</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_woodfordi</i>	120
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_wrighti</i>	69
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus_zimmeri</i>	71
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenops_delislei</i>	94
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenops_sepsoides</i>	116
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Sphenops_sphenopsiformis</i>	98.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tachygyia_microlepis</i>	175
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tiliqua_adelaidensis</i>	107
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tiliqua_gigas</i>	343
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tiliqua_multifasciata</i>	300
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tiliqua_nigrolutea</i>	368
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tiliqua_occipitalis</i>	320
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tiliqua_rugosa</i>	350
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tiliqua_scincoides</i>	371
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_acutilabris</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_affinis</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_albilabris</i>	75

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_angolensis</i>	79.4
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_aurata</i>	115
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_aureopunctata</i>	82
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_bayonii</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_bensonii</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_betsileana</i>	177
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_binotata</i>	127
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_bocagii</i>	73
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_boettgeri</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_boulengeri</i>	112
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_brauni</i>	82
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_brevicollis</i>	158
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_buettneri</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_capensis</i>	135
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_chimbana</i>	83.8
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_comorensis</i>	112
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_depressa</i>	87
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_dichroma</i>	116
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_dumasi</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_elegans</i>	59
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_ferrarai</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_gravenhorstii</i>	94
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_hemmingi</i>	81
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_hildae</i>	87
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_hildebrandtii</i>	82
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_hoeschi</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_homalocephala</i>	98
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_irregularis</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_ivensii</i>	138
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_lacertiformis</i>	54
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_laevis</i>	63
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_lavarambo</i>	61
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_maculilabris</i>	98
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_madagascariensis</i>	78
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_margaritifera</i>	120
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_megalura</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_mekuana</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_mlanjensis</i>	78
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_nancycoutuae</i>	45
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_nganghae</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_occidentalis</i>	115
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_pendeana</i>	81
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_perrotetii</i>	180
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_planifrons</i>	116
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_polytropis</i>	114
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_punctatissima</i>	107
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_punctulata</i>	60
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_quinquetaeniata</i>	151
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_rodenburgi</i>	63.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_septemtaeniata</i>	140
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_socotrana</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_sparsa</i>	108
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_spilogaster</i>	93
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_striata</i>	113
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_sulcata</i>	85
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_tandrefana</i>	58
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_tavaratra</i>	62
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_varia</i>	117
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_variegata</i>	57
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_vato</i>	55
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_vezo</i>	54

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_vittata</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_volamenaloha</i>	52
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis_wingati</i>	100
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tribolonotus_annectens</i>	49
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tribolonotus_blanchardi</i>	38
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tribolonotus_brongersmai</i>	63.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tribolonotus_gracilis</i>	97
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tribolonotus_novaeguineae</i>	103
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tribolonotus_ponceleti</i>	122
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tribolonotus_pseudoponceleti</i>	70
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tribolonotus_schmidtii</i>	41
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_assamensis</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_baconi</i>	120
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_baviensis</i>	92
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_beccarii</i>	98
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_berdmorei_</i>	97
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_brookei</i>	101
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_cocincinensis</i>	86
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_davaoensis</i>	97
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_grayi</i>	119.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_guangxiensis</i>	64
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_hainanus</i>	52
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_iniquus</i>	96
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_laotus</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_latiscutatus</i>	102
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_matsuii</i>	94.1
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_microlepis</i>	83
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_micropus</i>	40
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_misaminius</i>	112.2
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_mocquardi</i>	95
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_murphyi</i>	96.3
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_noggei</i>	101
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_partelloi</i>	126.5
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_perplexus</i>	73
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_robinsoni</i>	75
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_sinicus</i>	71
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidophorus_thai</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidoscincus_aubrianus</i>	120
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidoscincus_boreus</i>	95
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Tropidoscincus_variabilis</i>	78
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Typhlacontias_brevipes</i>	133
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Typhlacontias_gracilis</i>	84
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Typhlacontias_johnsonii</i>	117
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Typhlacontias_ngamiensis</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Typhlacontias_punctatissimus</i>	86
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Typhlacontias_rohani</i>	90
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Typhlacontias_rudebecki</i>	82
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Typhlosaurus_aurantiacus</i>	213
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Typhlosaurus_braini</i>	200
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Typhlosaurus_caecus</i>	213
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Typhlosaurus_cregoi</i>	207
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Typhlosaurus_gariepensis</i>	123
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Typhlosaurus_lineatus</i>	185
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Typhlosaurus_lomii</i>	114
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Typhlosaurus_meyeri</i>	188
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Typhlosaurus_vermis</i>	278
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Vietnascincus_rugosus</i>	82
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Voeltzkowia_fierinensis</i>	72
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Voeltzkowia_lineata</i>	79
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Voeltzkowia_mira</i>	80
Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Voeltzkowia_petiti</i>	56

Scincidae	Scincidae	<i>Voeltzkowia_rubrocaudata</i>	89
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Adercosaurus_vixadnexus</i>	55
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_ameiva</i>	210
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_anomala</i>	110
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_auberi</i>	136
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_bifrontata</i>	116
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_bridgesii</i>	120
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_chaitzami</i>	85
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_chrysolaema</i>	160
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_cineracea</i>	150
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_corax</i>	132
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_corvina</i>	133
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_dorsalis</i>	117
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_edracantha</i>	54
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_erythrocephala</i>	135
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_exsul</i>	201
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_festiva</i>	144
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_fuscata</i>	200

Schwartz and Henderson  
1991 report maximum SVL  
of 124mm, Case 1978 reports  
112 mm, but Kolbe et al.  
2008 show sizes in excess of  
200 mm in figure 4

Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_griswoldi</i>	200
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_leberi</i>	111
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_leptophrys</i>	134
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_lineolata</i>	59
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_major</i>	197
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_maynardi</i>	72
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_niceforoi</i>	82
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_orcesi</i>	105.6
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_plei</i>	181
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_pluvianotata</i>	169
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_polops</i>	69
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_quadri-lineata</i>	88
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_septemlineata</i>	87
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_tae-niura</i>	103
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_undulata</i>	138
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Ameiva_wetmorei</i>	52
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Callopistes_flavipunctatus</i>	300
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Callopistes_maculatus</i>	173
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_abaetensis</i>	72
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_angusticeps</i>	115
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_arenivagus</i>	71
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_arizonae</i>	60
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_arubensis</i>	87.3
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_burti</i>	140
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_calidipes</i>	79
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_ceralbensis</i>	95
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_communis</i>	135
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_costatus</i>	90
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_cozumelae</i>	83
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_cryptus</i>	72
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_deppei</i>	93
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_dixonii</i>	110
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_exsanguis</i>	101
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_flagellicaudus</i>	101
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_gramivagus</i>	116

Van Denburgh (1922 p502)  
reports a maximum of 125  
mm but not clear if this is for  
the nominal subspecies - he  
includes several nowadays  
recognized species in gularis

Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_gularis</i>	106
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_guttatus</i>	145
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_gypsi</i>	68
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_hyperythrus</i>	72
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_inornatus</i>	86
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_labialis</i>	63
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_lacertoides</i>	65
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_laredoensis</i>	90
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_leachei</i>	60
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_lemniscatus</i>	113
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_lineattissimus</i>	105
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_littoralis</i>	81.8
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_longicaudus</i>	70
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_marmoratus</i>	105
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_martyris</i>	79
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_maximus</i>	127
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_mexicanus</i>	93
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_motaguae</i>	145
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_mumbuca</i>	59
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_murinus</i>	151
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_nativo</i>	69.5
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_neomexicanus</i>	86
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_neotesselatus</i>	107
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_nigricolor</i>	73.3
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_ocellifer</i>	120
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_opatae</i>	65
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_pai</i>	62
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_parecis</i>	90
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_parvisocius</i>	79
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_pseudolemniscatus</i>	70
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_rodecki</i>	70
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_sackii</i>	153
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_scalaris</i>	125
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_septemvittatus</i>	114
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_serranus</i>	62
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_sexlineatus</i>	91
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_sonorae</i>	93
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_tergolaevigatus</i>	58
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_tesselatus</i>	107
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_tigris</i>	137
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_uniparens</i>	86
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_vacariensis</i>	67.5
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_vanzoi</i>	133
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus_velox</i>	85
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Crocodilurus_amazonicus</i>	320
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Dicrodon_guttulatum</i>	130
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Dicrodon_heterolepis</i>	116
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Dicrodon_holmbergi</i>	137
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Dracaena_guianensis</i>	412
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Dracaena_paraguayensis</i>	450
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Kentropyx_altamazonica</i>	114
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Kentropyx_borckiana</i>	101
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Kentropyx_calcarata</i>	119
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Kentropyx_intermedius</i>	99
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Kentropyx_paulensis</i>	77

Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Kentropyx_pelviceps</i>	122
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Kentropyx_striata</i>	127
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Kentropyx_vanzoi</i>	85
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Kentropyx_viridistriga</i>	107
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Teius_oculatus</i>	120
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Teius_suquiensis</i>	125
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Teius_teyou</i>	150
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Tupinambis_duseni</i>	410
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Tupinambis_longilineus</i>	226
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Tupinambis_merianae</i>	500
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Tupinambis_palustris</i>	324
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Tupinambis_quadrilineatus</i>	260
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Tupinambis_rufescens</i>	614
Teiidae	Teiidae	<i>Tupinambis_teguixin</i>	500
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Ctenoblepharys_adspersa</i>	75
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_anonymous</i>	135
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_apertosulcus</i>	200
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_barahonensis</i>	80
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_carinatus</i>	133.2
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_cubensis</i>	121
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_cuneus</i>	200
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_endomachus</i>	69
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_eremitus</i>	64
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_etheridgei</i>	115
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_greenwayi</i>	75
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_herminieri</i>	140
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_inaguae</i>	90
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_jamaicensis</i>	170
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_loxogrammus</i>	92
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_lunatus</i>	67
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_macropus</i>	95
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_melanochlorus</i>	130
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_onaneyi</i>	73
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_personatus</i>	108
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_pratensis</i>	64
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_psammodromus</i>	110
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_punctatus</i>	80
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_raviceps</i>	74.1
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_rhutidira</i>	66
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_schreibersii</i>	107
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_semilineatus</i>	53
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_stictigaster</i>	100
Tropiduridae	Leiocephalinae	<i>Leiocephalus_vinculum</i>	77
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_abaucan</i>	65
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_albiceps</i>	94
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_alticolor</i>	55.1
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_andinus</i>	91
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_anomalous</i>	95
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_arambarensis</i>	60
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_archeforus</i>	92
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_atacamensis</i>	62
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_austromendocinus</i>	104
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_azarai</i>	54.3
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_baguali</i>	87
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_barbarae</i>	56
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_bellii</i>	73.5
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_bibronii</i>	70
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_bisignatus</i>	95
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_bitaeniatus</i>	62
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_boulengeri</i>	78
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_buergeri</i>	111

Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_calchaqui</i>	57.8
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_canqueli</i>	100
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_capillitas</i>	93
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_ceii</i>	90
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_chacoensis</i>	55
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_chaltin</i>	58.7
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_chiliensis</i>	95
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_coeruleus</i>	70
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_constanzae</i>	62
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_copiapensis</i>	74
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_cranwelli</i>	57.5
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_cristiani</i>	78.2
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_curicensis</i>	56
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_curis</i>	87
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_cuanus</i>	102
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_cyanogaster</i>	62
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_darwini</i>	69
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_dicktracy</i>	92
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_disjunctus</i>	73
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_donosobarrosi</i>	64.2
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_dorbignyi</i>	102
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_duellmani</i>	83
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_eleodori</i>	76.5
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_elongatus</i>	91
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_erroneus</i>	66.3
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_escarchadosi</i>	91
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_etheridgei</i>	64
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_exploratorum</i>	55
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_fabiani</i>	73.7
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_famatinae</i>	58
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_filiorum</i>	80
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_fittkaui</i>	62
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_fitzgeraldi</i>	58
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_fitzingerii</i>	108
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_flavipiceus</i>	95
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_forsteri</i>	103
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_foxi</i>	82.9
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_fuscus</i>	51
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_gallardoi</i>	92
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_gracilis</i>	55
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_gravenhorstii</i>	69
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_griseus</i>	61
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_grosseorum</i>	56
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_gununakuna</i>	97.5
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_hajeki</i>	72
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_hatcheri</i>	73
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_heliodermis</i>	81.4
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_hellmichi</i>	35
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_hernani</i>	66.8
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_huacahuasicus</i>	76
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_inacayali</i>	75.3
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_insolitus</i>	65
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_irregularis</i>	90
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_isabelae</i>	79.4
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_islugensis</i>	70.3
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_jamesi</i>	94
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_josei</i>	73.1
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_josephorum</i>	46.4
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_juanortizi</i>	94.4
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_kingii</i>	100
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_kolengh</i>	62.2



Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_koslowskyi</i>	82
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_kriegi</i>	115
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_kuhlmanni</i>	84
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_laurenti</i>	73
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_lavillai</i>	64.5
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_lemniscatus</i>	54
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_leopardinus</i>	94
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_lineomaculatus</i>	68
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_loboi</i>	72.7
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_lorenzmuelleri</i>	79
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_lutzae</i>	84
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_magellanicus</i>	65
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_maldonadae</i>	83.6
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_mapuche</i>	83
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_martorii</i>	76.5
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_melanogaster</i>	91
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_melanops</i>	99
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_modestus</i>	72
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_molinai</i>	70.7
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_montanezi</i>	64
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_montanus</i>	75
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_monticola</i>	80
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_morenoi</i>	87
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_multicolor</i>	76
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_multimaculatus</i>	72.3
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_nigriceps</i>	98
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_nigromaculatus</i>	93
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_nigroventrolateralis</i>	77.8
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_nigroviridis</i>	79
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_nitidus</i>	99
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_occipitalis</i>	71.5
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_olongasta</i>	67
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_orientalis</i>	100
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_ornatus</i>	71
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_ortizii</i>	71
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_pagaburoi</i>	57.2
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_pantherinus</i>	65
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_patriciaturrae</i>	96.6
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_paulinae</i>	55
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_petrophilus</i>	100
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_pictus</i>	104
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_platei</i>	54.4
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_pleopholis</i>	77
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_poconchilensis</i>	57
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_polystictus</i>	86
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_pseudoanomalus</i>	68
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_pseudolemniscatus</i>	52.7
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_pulcherrimus</i>	68
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_puna</i>	55.6
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_punmahuida</i>	96.5
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_quilmes</i>	89
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_rabinoi</i>	68
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_ramirezae</i>	57.6
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_ramonensis</i>	90
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_reichei</i>	42
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_riojanus</i>	62.3
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_robertmertensi</i>	63
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_robertoi</i>	70.5
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_robustus</i>	85
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_rosenmanni</i>	77.9
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_rothi</i>	100

Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_ruibali</i>	65
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_sagei</i>	100
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_salinicola</i>	77
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_sanjuanensis</i>	65
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_sarmientoi</i>	97
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_saxatilis</i>	60
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_scapularis</i>	77
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_schmidtii</i>	42
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_schroederi</i>	67.2
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_senguer</i>	57.4
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_signifer</i>	95
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_silvai</i>	68.1
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_silvanae</i>	77
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_somuncurae</i>	87
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_tacnae</i>	48.8
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_talampaya</i>	85.5
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_tari</i>	102
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_tehuelche</i>	74.2
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_telsen</i>	75
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_tenuis</i>	60
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_thermarum</i>	85
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_thomasi</i>	78
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_tristis</i>	85.5
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_umbrikeri</i>	89
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_uptoni</i>	87
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_uspallatensis</i>	65
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_valdesianus</i>	88
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_vallecurensis</i>	76.24
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_variegatus</i>	60
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_velosoi</i>	53.3
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_walkeri</i>	63.4
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_wiegmannii</i>	66
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_williamsi</i>	77
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_xanthoviridis</i>	97
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_yanalco</i>	61.4
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_zapallarensis</i>	95
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Liolaemus_zullyi</i>	77.5
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_albemarlenensis</i>	125
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_atacamensis</i>	124
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_bivittatus</i>	105
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_delanonis</i>	155
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_duncanensis</i>	100
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_grayii</i>	110
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_habelii</i>	115
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_heterolepis</i>	130
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_koepckeorum</i>	81
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_occipitalis</i>	80
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_pacificus</i>	105
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_peruvianus</i>	140
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_quadrivittatus</i>	124.8
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_stolzmanni</i>	123
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_tarapacensis</i>	110.4
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_theresia</i>	107
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_theresioides</i>	114.7
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_thoracicus</i>	94
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_tigris</i>	105
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Microlophus_yanezi</i>	73.65
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phrynosaura_audituvelata</i>	60

Etheridge (2000, p311)  
reports max svl of 98 mm -  
probably a typo (cf. p 332-  
333)

Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phrynosaura_manueli</i>	60.7
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phrynosaura_torresi</i>	65
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phymaturus_antofagastensis</i>	100
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phymaturus_calcogaster</i>	92
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phymaturus_indistinctus</i>	100
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phymaturus_mallimaccii</i>	100
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phymaturus_nevadoi</i>	90
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phymaturus_palluma</i>	110
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phymaturus_patagonicus</i>	109
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phymaturus_payunae</i>	90
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phymaturus_punae</i>	109
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phymaturus_somuncurensis</i>	100
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phymaturus_spurcus</i>	92.8
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phymaturus_verdugo</i>	120
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phymaturus_vociferator</i>	97
Tropiduridae	Liolaemidae	<i>Phymaturus_zapalensis</i>	90
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Plica_lumaria</i>	100
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Plica_plica</i>	177
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Plica_umbra</i>	100
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_aculeatus</i>	108
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_angel</i>	87
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_apurimacus</i>	84
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_azureus</i>	83
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_boettgeri</i>	108
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_bolivarensis</i>	90
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_caducus</i>	93
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_carrioni</i>	74
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_chlorostictus</i>	75
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_chota</i>	97
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_chrysopygus</i>	76
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_crassicaudatus</i>	95
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_cupreus</i>	78
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_doellojuradoi</i>	80
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_dumerilii</i>	112
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_empterus</i>	103
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_erythrogaster</i>	91
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_eunetopsis</i>	83
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_festae</i>	102
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_fimbriatus</i>	91
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_formosus</i>	89
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_frittsi</i>	79
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_guentheri</i>	96
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_haenschi</i>	76
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_huancabambae</i>	99
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_humeralis</i>	112
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_imitator</i>	100
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_iridescens</i>	99
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_ivitus</i>	65
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_lache</i>	88
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_latebrosus</i>	76
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_limitaris</i>	97
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_marmoratus</i>	83
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_melanopygus</i>	85
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_nigromaculatus</i>	78.4
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_nubicola</i>	72
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_ochoai</i>	95
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_orientalis</i>	79
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_ornatissimus</i>	75
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_ornatus</i>	85
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_pectinatus</i>	80
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_percultus</i>	107

Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_praeornatus</i>	100
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_prionotus</i>	93
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_puyango</i>	115
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_rhodomelas</i>	98
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_roseiventris</i>	101
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_scapularis</i>	92
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_simonsii</i>	88
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_sinesaccus</i>	81
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_stigmatosus</i>	68
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_torquatus</i>	84
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_trachycephalus</i>	90
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_tricristatus</i>	88
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_variabilis</i>	94
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Stenocercus_varius</i>	85
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_amathites</i>	68
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_arenarius</i>	90
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_bogerti</i>	77.5
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_callathelys</i>	89.8
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_catalanensis</i>	132.4
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_chromatops</i>	109
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_cocorobensis</i>	68.7
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_divaricatus</i>	86.3
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_erythrocephalus</i>	71.7
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_etheridgei</i>	115
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_guarani</i>	112
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_helenae</i>	70
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_hispidus</i>	124
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_hygomi</i>	80
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_insulanus</i>	86
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_itambere</i>	88.8
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_melanopleurus</i>	109
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_montanus</i>	83.6
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_mucujensis</i>	66
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_nanuzae</i>	60
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_oreadicus</i>	104.8
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_panstictus</i>	119
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_pinima</i>	85
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_psammonastes</i>	94.9
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_semitaeniatus</i>	86.2
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_spinulosus</i>	135
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_torquatus</i>	134
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Tropidurus_xanthochilus</i>	125.5
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Uracentron_azureum</i>	88
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Uracentron_flaviceps</i>	130
Tropiduridae	Tropidurinae	<i>Uranoscodon_supercilius</i>	156
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_acanthurus</i>	250
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_albigularis</i>	850

in Sprackland's internet site  
[http://www.curator.org/legacy/vmnh/weboflife/kingdom/p\\_c\\_hordata/classreptilia/O\\_Squamata/InfraAnguimorphans/SupFVaranoidea/FVaranidae/GVVaranus/GVaranus/Varanusaufferbergi/varanusaufferbergi.htm](http://www.curator.org/legacy/vmnh/weboflife/kingdom/p_c_hordata/classreptilia/O_Squamata/InfraAnguimorphans/SupFVaranoidea/FVaranidae/GVVaranus/GVaranus/Varanusaufferbergi/varanusaufferbergi.htm)  
 he gives an SVL of 216 mm

Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_aufferbergi</i>	205
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_baritji</i>	252
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_beccarii</i>	340
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_bengalensis</i>	900

Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_boehmei</i>	290
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_bogerti</i>	275
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_brevicauda</i>	126
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_bushi</i>	145
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_caerulivirens</i>	400
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_caudolineatus</i>	133
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_cerambonensis</i>	409
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_doreanus</i>	460
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_dumerilii</i>	565.1
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_eremius</i>	185
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_exanthematicus</i>	750
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_finschi</i>	305
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_flavescens</i>	515
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_giganteus</i>	890
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_gilleni</i>	190
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_glauerti</i>	250
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_glebopalma</i>	397
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_gouldii</i>	670
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_griseus</i>	625
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_indicus</i>	580
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_jobiensis</i>	450
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_juxtindicus</i>	504
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_keithhornei</i>	285
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_kingorum</i>	120
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_komodoensis</i>	1540
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_kordensis</i>	244
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_mabitang</i>	640
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_macraei</i>	360
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_melinus</i>	420
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_mertensi</i>	480
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_mitchelli</i>	346
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_nebulosus</i>	580
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_niloticus</i>	980
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_olivaceus</i>	654.3
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_ornatus</i>	660
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_panoptes</i>	740
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_pilbarensis</i>	180
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_prasinus</i>	310
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_primordius</i>	120
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_reisingeri</i>	280
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_rosenbergi</i>	497.7
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_rudicollis</i>	590
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_salvadorii</i>	500
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_salvator</i>	1170
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_scalaris</i>	268
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_semiremex</i>	282
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_similis</i>	220
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_spenceri</i>	550
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_spinulosus</i>	320
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_storri</i>	139
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_telenesetes</i>	217
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_timorensis</i>	285
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_tristis</i>	305
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_varius</i>	765
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_yemenensis</i>	590
Varanidae	Varanidae	<i>Varanus_yuwonoi</i>	532
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Cricosaura_typica</i>	40

Das 2004 reports "SVL to 1.46m" - probably mean total length

Das 2004 reports "SVL to 3m" - probably mean total length

Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_chicoasensis</i>	117
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_dontomasi</i>	56
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_flavimaculatum</i>	153
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_gaigeae</i>	66
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_lineri</i>	37
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_lipetzi</i>	55
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_lowei</i>	60
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_mayae</i>	90
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_micropholis</i>	111
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_occulor</i>	105
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_pajapanensis</i>	83
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_radula</i>	52.8
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_reticulatum</i>	103
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_smithii</i>	112
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_sylvaticum</i>	113
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_tarascae</i>	93
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Lepidophyma_tuxtlae</i>	97
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Xantusia_bezyi</i>	58
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Xantusia_bolsonae</i>	57
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Xantusia_henshawi</i>	70
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Xantusia_riversiana</i>	109
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Xantusia_sanchezi</i>	50
Xantusiidae	Xantusiidae	<i>Xantusia_vigilis</i>	70
Xenosauridae	Shinisaurinae	<i>Shinisaurus_crocodilurus</i>	397
Xenosauridae	Xenosauridae	<i>Xenosaurus_grandis</i>	129
Xenosauridae	Xenosauridae	<i>Xenosaurus_newmanorum</i>	122
Xenosauridae	Xenosauridae	<i>Xenosaurus_penai</i>	112
Xenosauridae	Xenosauridae	<i>Xenosaurus_phalaroantheron</i>	113
Xenosauridae	Xenosauridae	<i>Xenosaurus_platycephs</i>	114
Xenosauridae	Xenosauridae	<i>Xenosaurus_rectocollaris</i>	108

## **Appendix S3**

### Lizard species not analysed and reasons for their exclusion

Lizard species for which either no size data were available (“couldn’t obtain measurements”, or were excluded for other reasons: either they are only known from juveniles, not in the taxonomy of Uetz 2006 (and no synonyms identified in that work for these species either, marked “not in Uetz 2006”), or are clearly invalid species. Other species, marked “newly described” are new to science and were not included in Uetz 2006. These taxa I regard as tentative, and while I provide maximum SVL data for them, they were not included in any analyses.

Finally the reference list for all such excluded species (according to either of the above criteria) is presented

Family	Species	Max SVL		reason for exclusion	remarks
		(mm)	sources		
Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus birulai</i>	no data	na	couldn't obtain measurements	
Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus geckoides</i>	no data	na	couldn't obtain measurements	
Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus moltschanowi</i>	no data	na	couldn't obtain measurements	
Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus pylzowi</i>	no data	na	couldn't obtain measurements	
Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo schoutedeni</i>	no data	na	couldn't obtain measurements	
Gekkonidae	<i>Cyrtodactylus mansarulus</i>	no data	na	couldn't obtain measurements	
Gekkonidae	<i>Cyrtopodion narynensis</i>	no data	na	couldn't obtain measurements	
Scincidae	<i>Chalcides pentadactylus</i>	no data	na	couldn't obtain measurements	
Scincidae	<i>Leiolopisma fasciolare</i>	no data	na	couldn't obtain measurements	
Scincidae	<i>Leptosiaphos dewittei</i>	no data	na	couldn't obtain measurements	
Scincidae	<i>Chabanaudia boulengeri</i>	na	na	invalid name	Ivan Ineich, Personal communication to Shai Meiri
Scincidae	<i>Mabuya stanjorgeri</i>	na	na	invalid name	Maybe a misspelling of Mabuya stangeri, Uetz 2006
Agamidae	<i>Draco affinis</i>	na	na	invalid name	Probably represents a junior synonym of D. cornutus, Uetz 2006
Agamidae	<i>Oreodeira gracilipes</i>	na	na	invalid name	the single, subadult specimen is actually a synonym of Agama agama, Moody 1988
Agamidae	<i>Calotes nigriplicatus</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	
Agamidae	<i>Trapelus microtympaum</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	
Anguidae	<i>Abronia bogerti</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	
Gekkonidae	<i>Cnemaspis indraneildasii</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	
Gekkonidae	<i>Cyrtodactylus buchardi</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	
Gekkonidae	<i>Cyrtopodion chitralensis</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	
Gekkonidae	<i>Lygodactylus praecox</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	
Gekkonidae	<i>Nactus acutus</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	
Gekkonidae	<i>Paragehyra petiti</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	
Lacertidae	<i>Ichnotropis tanganicana</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	
Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis calimae</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	
Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis propinquus</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	
Polychrotidae	<i>Norops forbesi</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	
Polychrotidae	<i>Norops ibague</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	
Polychrotidae	<i>Norops utowanae</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	
Scincidae	<i>Amphiglossus stylus</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	
Scincidae	<i>Asymblepharus mahabharatus</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles	



Scincidae	<i>Eutropis quadratilobus</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles
Scincidae	<i>Lipinia vulcania</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles
Scincidae	<i>Mabuya berengeriae</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles
Scincidae	<i>Plestiodon popei</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus helenae</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus sibuenensis</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles
Scincidae	<i>Trachylepis breviparietalis</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles
Teiidae	<i>Ameiva vittata</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles
Varanidae	<i>Varanus zugorum</i>	na	na	known only from juveniles
Agamidae	<i>Ctenophorus nguyarna</i>	78.4	Doughty et al. 2007	newly described
Agamidae	<i>Trapelus schmitzi</i>	69.1	Wagner and Bohme 2007	newly described
Agamidae	<i>Uromastix yemenensis</i>	177.0	Wilms and Schmitz 2007	newly described
Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma amber</i>	112.0	Raxworthy and Nussbaum 2006	newly described
Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma crypticum</i>	115.0	Raxworthy and Nussbaum 2006	newly described
Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma hafahafa</i>	110.0	Raxworthy and Nussbaum 2006	newly described
Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma jeji</i>	96.0	Raxworthy and Nussbaum 2006	newly described
Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma peltierorum</i>	110.0	Raxworthy and Nussbaum 2006	newly described
Chamaeleonidae	<i>Calumma taylori</i>	124.0	Raxworthy and Nussbaum 2006	newly described
Chamaeleonidae	<i>Chamaeleo necasi</i>	120.5	Ullrich et al. 2007	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Cnemaspis alantika</i>	47.5	Bauer et al. 2006	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Cnemaspis alwisi</i>	39.9	Wickramasinghe and Munindradasa 2007	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Cnemaspis gemunu</i>	34.0	Bauer et al. 2007	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Cnemaspis kumarasinghei</i>	31.6	Wickramasinghe and Munindradasa 2007	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Cnemaspis molligodai</i>	27.8	Wickramasinghe and Munindradasa 2007	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Cnemaspis ranwellai</i>	37.1	Wickramasinghe 2006	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Cnemaspis retigalensis</i>	30.9	Wickramasinghe and Munindradasa 2007	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Cnemaspis samanalensis</i>	36.9	Wickramasinghe and Munindradasa 2007	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Cyrtodactylus huynhi</i>	79.8	Tri and Bauer 2008	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Cyrtodactylus serratus</i>	139.0	Kraus 2007	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Cyrtodactylus takouensis</i>	81.1	Tri and Bauer 2008	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Cyrtopodion brachykolon</i>	51.2	Krysko et al. 2007	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Gekko shibatai</i>	74.9	Toda et al. 2008	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Gekko vertebralis</i>	71.2	Toda et al. 2008	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Hemidactylus sataransensis</i>	46.4	Giri and Bauer 2008	newly described

Gekkonidae	<i>Hoplodactylus cryptozoicus</i>	87.0	Jewell and Leschen 2004	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Lepidodactylus oligoporus</i>	43.2	Buden 2007	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Luperosaurus corfieldi</i>	95.0	Gaulke et al. 2007	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Luperosaurus kubli</i>	105.4	Brown et al. 2007	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Luperosaurus sorok</i>	34.7	Das et al. 2008	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Pristurus schneideri</i>	27.4	Rosler et al. 2008	newly described
Gekkonidae	<i>Thecadactylus solimoensis</i>	116.0	Bergmann and Russell 2007	newly described
Gerrhosauridae	<i>Zonosaurus maramaintso</i>	120.0	Glaw and Vences 2007	newly described
Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Alexandresaurus camacan</i>	70.0	Rodriguez et al. 2007	newly described
Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia micromela</i>	85.0	Rodriguez et al. 2007b	newly described
Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Bachia psamophila</i>	74.0	Rodriguez et al. 2007b	newly described
Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Dryadosaura nordestina</i>	57.0	Rodrigues et al. 2005	newly described
Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Petracola waka</i>	49.5	Kizirian et al. 2008	newly described
Lacertidae	<i>Dinarolacerta montenegrina</i>	63.8	Ljubisavljevic et al. 2007	newly described
Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis datzorun</i>	49.0	Kohler et al. 2007	newly described
Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis gruuo</i>	47.0	Kohler et al. 2007	newly described
Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis kunayalae</i>	109.3	Hulebak et al. 2007	newly described
Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis pseudokemptoni</i>	54.5	Kohler et al. 2007	newly described
Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis pseudopachypus</i>	48.0	Kohler et al. 2007	newly described
Polychrotidae	<i>Enyalius erythroceneus</i>	90.0	Rodrigues et al. 2006	newly described
Polychrotidae	<i>Leiosaurus jaguaris</i>	97.5	Laspiur et al. 2007	newly described
Polychrotidae	<i>Norops magnaphallus</i>	55.1	Poe and Ibanez 2007	newly described
Scincidae	<i>Eutropis tammanna</i>	52.3	Das et al. 2008b	newly described
Scincidae	<i>Lankascincus munindradasai</i>	40.2	Wickramasinghe et al. 2007	newly described
Scincidae	<i>Lankascincus sripadensis</i>	58.3	Wickramasinghe et al. 2007	newly described
Scincidae	<i>Lipinia inexpectata</i>	40.6	Das and Austin 2007	newly described
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus langkawiensis</i>	37.0	Grismer 2008	newly described
Tropiduridae	<i>Liolaemus chehuachekenk</i>	103.4	Avila et al. 2008	newly described
Tropiduridae	<i>Liolaemus cinereus</i>	63.0	Monguillot et al. 2006	newly described
Tropiduridae	<i>Liolaemus crepuscularis</i>	64.0	Abdala and Gomez 2006	newly described
Tropiduridae	<i>Liolaemus puelche</i>	89.0	Avila et al. 2007	newly described
Tropiduridae	<i>Liolaemus scolaroi</i>	81.0	Scolaro 2006	newly described
Tropiduridae	<i>Liolaemus scrocchii</i>	94.5	Quinteros et al. 2008	newly described
Tropiduridae	<i>Liolaemus senguer</i>	62.3	Abdala 2005	newly described
Tropiduridae	<i>Liolaemus tregenzai</i>	90.2	Pincheira-Donoso and Scolaro 2007	newly described
Tropiduridae	<i>Phymaturus ceii</i>	95.0	Scolaro and Ibarguengoytia 2007	newly described
Tropiduridae	<i>Phymaturus dorsimaculatus</i>	92.6	Lobo and Quinteros 2005	newly described
Tropiduridae	<i>Phymaturus excelsus</i>	89.7	Lobo and Quinteros 2005	newly described

Tropiduridae	<i>Phymaturus spectabilis</i>	97.5	Lobo and Quinteros 2005	newly described	
Tropiduridae	<i>Phymaturus tenebrosus</i>	107.5	Lobo and Quinteros 2005	newly described	
Tropiduridae	<i>Stenocercus quinarius</i>	90.0	Nogueira and Rodrigues 2006	newly described	
Tropiduridae	<i>Stenocercus santander</i>	96.0	Torres-Carvajal 2007	newly described	
Tropiduridae	<i>Stenocercus squarrosus</i>	88.0	Nogueira and Rodrigues 2006	newly described	
Varanidae	<i>Varanus rainerguentheri</i>	291.0	Ziegler et al. 2007	newly described	
Agamidae	<i>Agama vaillanti</i>	40.3	Lonnberg 1911	not in Uetz 2006	
Agamidae	<i>Gonocephalus harveyi</i>	145.0	Boulenger 1912	not in Uetz 2006	
Agamidae	<i>Phrynocephalus immaculatus</i>	55.0	Zhao et al. 1999	not in Uetz 2006	
Anguidae	<i>Diploglossus nuchalis</i>	150.0	Werner 1910	not in Uetz 2006	
Cordylidae	<i>Cordylus caeruleopunctatus</i>	72.0	Loveridge 1944	not in Uetz 2006	
Gekkonidae	<i>Cnemaspis elgonensis</i>	61.0	Perret 1986	not in Uetz 2006	
Gekkonidae	<i>Hemidactylus mindiae</i>	55.0	El Din 2006	not in Uetz 2006	
Gekkonidae	<i>Lygodactylus succinarius</i>	28.0	Pasteur 1995	not in Uetz 2006	
Gekkonidae	<i>Phyllodactylus mentalis</i>	50.0	Werner 1910, Dixon 1964	not in Uetz 2006	
Gekkonidae	<i>Pristurus mazbah</i>	39.0	Rosler et al. 2008	not in Uetz 2006	
Gymnophthalmidae	<i>Pantodactylus nicefori</i>	71.0	Burt and Burt 1931	not in Uetz 2006	
Lacertidae	<i>Eremias aspera</i>	51.0	Boulenger 1921	not in Uetz 2006	
Lacertidae	<i>Ichnotropis longipes</i>	60.0	De Witte 1933, Boulenger 1921	not in Uetz 2006	
Lacertidae	<i>Nucras emini</i>	68.0	Boulenger 1920	not in Uetz 2006	
			Kohler 2003, Smith 1939, Martins		
Phrynosomatidae	<i>Sceloporus lunaei</i>	95.0	1993	not in Uetz 2006	
Phrynosomatidae	<i>Uta mannophorus</i>	56.0	Mertens 1934	not in Uetz 2006	
Phrynosomatidae	<i>Uta martinensis</i>	64.0	Mertens 1934	not in Uetz 2006	
Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis anchicayae</i>	56.0	Castro-Herrera 1988	not in Uetz 2006	
Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis guentheri</i>	50.0	Boulenger 1885	not in Uetz 2006	
Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis lyra</i>	70.0	Castro-Herrera 1988	not in Uetz 2006	
Polychrotidae	<i>Anolis stigmatosus</i>	60.0	Boulenger 1885	not in Uetz 2006	
Polychrotidae	<i>Norops guntheri</i>	50.0	Fitch and Henderson 1973	not in Uetz 2006	
Polychrotidae	<i>Norops marmorata</i>	50.0	Amaral 1933	not in Uetz 2006	
Scincidae	<i>Ablepharus aeneus</i>	33.0	Boulenger 1887	not in Uetz 2006	
Scincidae	<i>Ablepharus carsoni</i>	34.0	Boulenger 1894	not in Uetz 2006	
Scincidae	<i>Ablepharus smithii</i>	42.0	Fitch 1981	not in Uetz 2006	
Scincidae	<i>Carlia curta</i>	43.2	Kraus 2007b	not in Uetz 2006	
Scincidae	<i>Carlia novaeguineae</i>	34.9	Kraus 2007b	not in Uetz 2006	
Scincidae	<i>Chalcides humilis</i>	96.0	Anderson 1898	not in Uetz 2006	
			Greer 2001, Wilson and Swan 2003,		
Scincidae	<i>Egernia obiri</i>	208.0	Greer 2005	not in Uetz 2006	
Scincidae	<i>Eugongylus microlepus</i>	175.0	Case et al. 1998	not in Uetz 2006	extinct (Case et al. 1998)

Scincidae	<i>Eumeces humilis</i>	73.0	Boulenger 1887	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Eutropis floweri</i>	56.0	Das et al. 2008b	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Homolepida schiegeli</i>	32.0	Dunn 1927	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma curtum</i>	37.0	de Rooij 1915	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma gromieri</i>	78.0	Perret 1975	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma jeudei</i>	61.0	de Rooij 1915	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma keiensis</i>	79.0	Kopstein 1926	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma louisiadense</i>	44.0	de Rooij 1915, Boulenger 1903	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma mentovarium</i>	117.0	de Rooij 1915	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma monneti</i>	57.0	Chabanaud 1917	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma moszkowskii</i>	31.0	de Rooij 1915	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma orientale</i>	54.0	Shreve 1940	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma parvum</i>	36.0	de Rooij 1915	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma perspicillatum</i>	41.0	Werner 1895	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma pullum</i>	51.0	de Rooij 1915	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma tornieri</i>	71.0	de Rooij 1915	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Lygosoma wollastoni</i>	90.0	de Rooij 1915	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Mabuya guineensis</i>	70.0	Monard 1940	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Mabuya intermedia</i>	81.0	Chabanaud 1917	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Mabuya mongallensis</i>	50.0	Werner 1908	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Mabuya pulchra</i>	61.0	Matschie 1893	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Riopa tristaoi</i>	40.0	Monard 1940	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Scelotes tridactylus</i>	32.0	Boulenger 1887	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus aignanus</i>	80.0	Greer and Wadsworth 2003, de Rooij 1915	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus albodorsale</i>	45.0	Greer and Parker 1967	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus amboinense</i>	45.0	Greer and Parker 1967, Kopstein 1926	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus anomalopus</i>	70.0	Manthey and Grossmann 1997, de Rooij 1915, Werner 1910, Grismer 2006	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus bukitensis</i>	44.0	Grismer 2008	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus butleri</i>	44.0	Manthey and Grossmann 1997, Grismer 2006	not in Uetz 2006

*Lygosoma gromieri* Angel 1925 (Bul. MNHN 31: 419, MNHN #28115, Perret 1975 p186), *Leptosiaphos kilimensis*? (Ineich et al. 2004)

Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus cophias</i>	37.0	Manthey and Grossmann 1997, Grismer 2006	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus dammermani</i>	61.0	Greer and Parker 1967, Kopstein 1927	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus jeudei</i>	61.0	Greer and Parker 1967, Greer and Parker 1974	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus latifasciatus</i>	196.0	Greer 2001	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus lednickyi</i>	50.0	Taylor 1922	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus loriae</i>	80.0	Greer and Shea 2004, de Rooij 1915, Greer and Parker 1967	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus louisianensis</i>	44.0	Greer 1977	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus megaspila</i>	96.0	Fitch 1981	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus moszkowskii</i>	31.0	Greer and Parker 1967	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus papuae</i>	80.0	Greer and Shea 2004	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus sanana</i>	32.0	Greer 2001, Kopstein 1926, Kopstein 1927	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus schlegeli</i>	33.0	Greer 2001	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus schoedei</i>	60.0	Greer and Parker 1967	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus tornieri</i>	71.0	Greer and Parker 1967	not in Uetz 2006
Scincidae	<i>Sphenomorphus tridigitatus</i>	36.5	Greer et al. 2005	not in Uetz 2006
Teiidae	<i>Ameiva vittipunctata</i>	88.0	Boulenger 1885	not in Uetz 2006
Teiidae	<i>Cnemidophorus espei</i>	100.0	Boulenger 1885	not in Uetz 2006
Tropiduridae	<i>Leiocephalus partitus</i>	135.0	Pregill 1986, Pregill 1992	not in Uetz 2006
Tropiduridae	<i>Phrynosaura erronea</i>	66.3	Ramirez Leyton and Pincheira Donoso 2005	not in Uetz 2006
Tropiduridae	<i>Tropidurus jcae</i>	94.0	Fitch 1981	not in Uetz 2006
Tropiduridae	<i>Tropidurus strobilurus</i>	89.8	Kohlsdorf et al. 2001	not in Uetz 2006

under *S. pratti* Uetz 2006 says "Status unclear. Closely related to *S. loriae* and *S. wollastoni*"

## paper

- Abdala, C. S. 2005. Dos nuevas especies del genero *Liolaemus* (Iguania: Liolaemidae) y redescrpción de *Liolaemus boulengeri* (Koslowsky, 1898). Cuadernos de Herpetologia 19: 3-33.
- Abdala, C. S. and Gomez, J. M. D. 2006. A new species of the *Liolaemus darwini* group (Iguania: Liolaemidae) from Catamarca Province, Argentina. Zootaxa 1317: 21–33.
- Amaral, A. D. 1933. Estudos sobre Lacertilios neotropicos. I. novos generos e especies de largartos do Brasil. Memorias do Instituto de Butantan 7: 51-75.
- Anderson, J. 1898. Zoology of Egypt. Vol. I. Reptilia and Batrachia. Bernard Quaritch, London.
- Avila, L. J., Morando, M., Perez, C. H. F. and Sites, J. W. 2007. A new species of *Liolaemus* (Reptilia: Squamata: Liolaemini) from southern Mendoza province, Argentina. Zootaxa 1452: 43-54.
- Avila, L. J., Morando, M. and Sites, J. W. 2008. New species of the iguanian lizard genus *Liolaemus* (Squamata, Iguania, Liolaemini) from central Patagonia, Argentina. Journal of Herpetology, 42: 186-196.
- Bauer, A. M., Chirio, L. Ineich, I. and LeBreton, M. 2006. New species of *Cnemaspis* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from northern Cameroon, a neglected biodiversity hotspot. Journal of Herpetology 40: 510-519.
- Bauer, A. M., de Silva, A., Greenbaum, E. and Jackman, T. 2007. A new species of day gecko from high elevation in Sri Lanka, with a preliminary phylogeny of Sri Lankan *Cnemaspis* (Reptilia, Squamata, Gekkonidae). Mitteilungen aus dem Museum für Naturkunde in Berlin - Zoologische Reihe 83 (Supplement): 22–32.
- Bergmann, P. J. and Russell, A. P. 2007. Systematics and biogeography of the widespread Neotropical gekkonid genus *Thecadactylus* (Squamata), with the description of a new cryptic species. Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society 149: 339-370.
- Boulenger, G. A. 1885. Catalogue of the Lizards in the British Museum (Nat. Hist.) II. Iguanidae, Xenosauridae, Zonuridae, Anguidae, Anniellidae, Helodermatidae, Varanidae, Xantusiidae, Teiidae, Amphiesbaenidae. Trustees of the British Museum, London.
- Boulenger, G. A. 1887. Catalogue of the Lizards in the British Museum (Nat. Hist.) III. Lacertidae, Gerrhosauridae, Scincidae, Anelytropidae, Dibamidae. Trustees of the British Museum, London.
- Boulenger, G. A. 1894. Second report on additions to the lizard collection in the Natural History Museum. Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London 1894: 722-736.
- Boulenger, G. A. 1903. Descriptions of new lizards in the collection of the British Museum. Annals and Magazine of Natural History 7: 429-435.
- Boulenger, G. A. 1912. A vertebrate fauna of the Malay Peninsula from the Isthmus of Kra to Singapore including the adjacent islands. Reptilia and batrachia. Taylor and Francis, London.
- Boulenger, G. A. 1920. Monograph of the Lacertidae. Vol. 1. London, Trustees of the British Museum (Natural. History).
- Boulenger, G. A. 1921. Monograph of the Lacertidae. Vol. 2. London, Trustees of the British Museum (Natural. History).
- Brown, R. M., Diesmos, A. C. and Duya, M. V. 2007. A new *Luperosaurus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from the Sierra Madre of Luzon Island, Philippines. Raffles Bulletin of Zoology 55: 167-174.
- Buden, D. W. 2007. A new species of the genus *Lepidodactylus* Fitzinger (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from the Mortlock Islands, Chuuk State, Federated States of Micronesia. Pacific Science 61(3): 407-414.
- Burt, C. E. and Burt, M. D. 1931. South American lizards in the collection of the American Museum of Natural History. Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History 61: 227-395.
- Case, T. J., Bolger, A. D. and Richman, A. D. 1998. Reptilian extinctions over the last ten thousand years. Pages 157-186 In: Fielder, P. L. and, Kareiva, P. M. (eds.), Conservation biology for the coming decade, 2nd edition, Chapman & Hall, New York.

- Castro-Herrera, F. 1988. Niche structure on an anole community in a tropical rain forest within the Chocoi Region of Colombia. DPhil Thesis, North Texas State University.
- Chabanaud, P. 1917. Énumération des reptiles non encore étudiés de l'Afrique occidentale, appartenant aux collections du Muséum, avec la description des espèces nouvelles. Bulletin du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle, Paris 23: 83-105.
- Das, I. and Austin, C. C. 2007. New species of *Lipinia* (Squamata: Scincidae) from Borneo, revealed by molecular and morphological data. Journal of Herpetology, 41: 61-71.
- Das, I., Lakim, M. and Kandaung, P. 2008. New species of *Luperosaurus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from the Crocker Range Park, Sabah, Malaysia (Borneo). Zootaxa 1719: 53-60.
- Das, I., Se Silva, A. and Austin, C. C. 2008. A new species of *Eutropis* (Squamata: Scincidae) from Sri Lanka. Zootaxa 1700: 35-52.
- De Rooij, N. 1915. The reptiles of the Indo-Australian archipelago. Vol. 1. Lacertilia, Chelonia, Emydosauria. E.J. Brill, Leiden.
- de Witte, G. F. 1933. Reptiles recoltés au Congo Belge par le Dr. H. Schouteden et par M. G.-F. Witte. Annales du Musée du Congo Belge Tervuren (Belgique) Sciences Zoologiques 1 Tome III: 53-100.
- Dixon, J. R. 1964. The systematics and distribution of lizards of the genus *Phyllodactylus* in North and Central America. New Mexico State University Scientific Bulletin 64: 1-139.
- Doughty, P., Maryan, B., Melville, J. and Austin, J. 2007. A new species of *Ctenophorus* (Lacertilia: Agamidae) from Lake Disappointment, Western Australia. Herpetologica, 63: 72-86.
- Dunn, E. R. 1927. Results of the Douglas Burden Expedition to the Island of Komodo. 3, Lizards from the East Indies. American Museum novitates 288: 1-13.
- El Din, S. B. 2006. A Guide to the Reptiles and Amphibians of Egypt. American University in Cairo Press
- Fitch, H. S. 1981. Sexual size differences in reptiles. University of Kansas Museum of Natural History Miscellaneous Publications 70: 1-72.
- Fitch, H. S. and Henderson, R. W. 1973. A new Anole (Reptilia: Iguanidae) from southern Veracruz, Mexico. Journal of Herpetology, 7: 125-128.
- Gaulke, M., Roesler, H. and Brown, R. M. 2007. A new species of *Luperosaurus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from Panay Island, Philippines, with comments on the taxonomic status of *Luperosaurus cumingii* (Gray, 1845). Copeia 2007: 413-425.
- Giri, V. B. and Bauer, A. M. 2008. A new ground-dwelling *Hemidactylus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from Maharashtra, with a key to the *Hemidactylus* of India. Zootaxa 1700: 21-34.
- Glaw, F., and M. Vences. 2007. A field guide to the amphibians and reptiles of Madagascar. Third edition, Vences and Glaw Verlags, Cologne.
- Greer, A. E. 1977. On the adaptive significance of the loss of an oviduct in reptiles. Proceedings of the Linnean Society of New South Wales 101: 242-249.
- Greer, A. E. 2001. Distribution of maximum snout-vent length among species of scincid lizards. Journal of Herpetology 35: 383-395.
- Greer, A. E. 2005. Encyclopedia of Australian Reptiles. Australian Museum Online <http://www.amonline.net.au/herpetology/research/encyclopedia.pdf> Version date: 5 August 2005.
- Greer, A. E. and Parker, F. A. 1967. New scincid lizard from the northern Solomon Islands. Breviora 275: 1-20.
- Greer, A. E. and Parker, F. A. 1974. The fasciatus species group of *Sphenomorphus* (Lacertilia: Scincidae): notes on eight previously described species and descriptions of three new species. Papua New Guinea Scientific Society Proceedings 25: 31-61.
- Greer, A. E. and Shea, G. 2004. A new character within the taxonomically difficult *Sphenomorphus* group of lygosomine skinks, with a description of a new species from New Guinea. Journal of Herpetology 38: 79-87.
- Greer, A. E. and Wadsworth, L. 2003. Body Shape in Skinks: The Relationship between Relative Hind Limb Length and Relative Snout-Vent Length. Journal of Herpetology 37: 554-559.
- Greer, A. E., Allison, A. and Cogger, H. G. 2005. Four new species of *Lobulia* (Lacertilia: Scincidae) from high altitude in New Guinea. Herpetological Monographs 19: 153-179.

- Grismer, L. L. 2006. Two new species of skinks (Genus *Sphenomorphus* Fitzinger 1843) from the Seribuat Archipelago. *Herpetological Natural History* 9: 151-162.
- Grismer, L. L. 2008. A new species of insular skink (Genus *Sphenomorphus* Fitzinger 1843) from the Langkawi Archipelago, Kedah, West Malaysia with the first report of the herpetofauna of Pulau Singa Besar and an updated checklist of the herpetofauna of Pulau Langkawi. *Zootaxa*
- Hulebak, E., Poe, S., Ibanez, R. and Williams, E. E. 2007. A striking new species of *Anolis* lizard (Squamata, Iguania) from Panama. *Phyllomedusa* 6: 5-10.
- Jewell, T. R. and Leschen, R. A. B. 2004. A new species of *Hoplodactylus* (Reptilia: Pygopodidae) from the Takitimu Mountains, South Island, New Zealand. *Zootaxa* 792: 1-11.
- Kizirian, D., Bayefsky-Anand, S., Eriksson, A., Le, M. and Donnelly, M. A. 2008. A new *Petracola* and re-description of *P. ventrimaculatus* (Squamata: Gymnophthalmidae). *Zootaxa* 1700: 53-62.
- Kohler, G. 2003. *Reptiles of Central America*. Herpeton Verlag, Offenbach.
- Kohler, G., Ponce, M., Sunyer, J. and Batista, A. 2007. Four new species of anoles (genus *Anolis*) from the Serrania de Tabasara, West-Central Panama (Squamata: Polychrotidae). *Herpetologica*, 63: 375-391.
- Kohlsdorf, T., Garland, T. and Navas, C. A. 2001. Limb and tail lengths in relation to substrate usage in *Tropidurus* lizards. *Journal of Morphology*, 248: 151-164.
- Kopstein, P. F. 1926. Reptilien von den Molukken und den benachbarten Inseln. *Zoologische Mededelingen* 1: 71-112.
- Kopstein, P. F. 1927. Die reptilienfauna der Sula-Inseln. *Treubia*, 9: 437-446.
- Kraus, F. 2007. A new species of *Cyrtodactylus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from western Papua New Guinea. *Zootaxa* 1425: 63-68.
- Kraus, F. 2007. Taxonomic Partitioning within Papuan Members of the *Carlia novaeguineae* Complex (Squamata: Scincidae). *Journal of Herpetology*, 41: 410-423.
- Krisko, K. L., Rehman, H. and Auffenberg, K. 2007. A new species of *Cyrtopodion* (Gekkonidae: Gekkoninae) from Pakistan. *Herpetologica*, 63: 100-113.
- Laspiur, A., Acosta, J. C. and Abdala, C. S. 2007. A new species of *Leiosaurus* (Iguania: Leiosauridae) from central-western Argentina. *Zootaxa* 1470: 47-57.
- Ljubisavljevic, K., Arribas, O., Dzukic, G. and Carranza, S. 2007. Genetic and morphological differentiation of Mosor rock lizards, *Dinarolacerta mosorensis* (Kolombatović, 1886), with the description of a new species from the Prokletije Mountain Massif (Montenegro) (Squamata: Lacertidae). *Zootaxa* 1613: 1-22.
- Lobo, F. and Quinteros, S. 2005. A morphology-based phylogeny of *Phymaturus* (Iguania: Liolaemidae) with the description of four new species from Argentina. *Papeis Avulsos de Zoologia* 45: 143-177.
- Lonnberg, E. 1911. Reptiles, Batrachians and Fishes collected by the Swedish Zoological Expedition to British East Africa 1911. *Kungliga Svenska Vetenskaps-Akademiens Handlingar* 47(6): 1-24.
- Loveridge, A. 1944. Revision of the African lizards of the family Cordylidae. *Bulletin of the Museum of Comparative Zoology* 95: 1-118.
- Manthey, U. and Grossmann, W. 1997. *Amphibien & Reptilien Sudostasiens*. Munster: Natur und Tier-Verlag.
- Martins, E. P. 1993. A comparative study of the evolution of *Sceloporus* push-up displays. *American Naturalist* 142: 994-1018.
- Matschie, P. 1893. Über einige von Herrn Oscar Neumann bei Aden gesammelte u. beobachtete Säugethiere, Reptilien und Amphibien. *Sber. Berlinische Gesellschaft Naturforschender Freunde, Berlin* 1893: 24-31.
- Mertens, R. 1934. Die Inseln-Reptilien, ihre ausbreitung variation und arthildung. *Zoologica (Stuttgart)* 32, 1-209.
- Monard, A. 1940. Resultats de la mission du Dr. Monard en Guinee Portugaise 1937-1938. *Arquivos do Museu Bocage, Lisbon* 11: 147-182.
- Monguillot, J. C., Cabrera, M. R., Acosta, J. C. and Villavicencio, J. 2006. A new species of *Liolaemus* (Reptilia: Iguanidae) from San Guillermo National Park, western Argentina. *Zootaxa* 1361: 33-43.



- Moody, S. M. 1988. Rediscovery and taxonomic identity of *Oreoderia gracilipes* Girard 1857 (Lacertilia, Agamidae). *Herpetologica* 44: 108-113.
- Nogueira, C. and Rodrigues, M. T. 2006. The genus *Stenocercus* (Squamata: Tropicuridae) in extra-Amazonian Brazil, with the description of two new species. *South American Journal of Herpetology* 1: 149-165.
- Pasteur, G. 1995. Biodiversite et reptiles: diagnoses de sept nouvelles especes fossiles et actuelles du genre de lezards *Lygodactylus* (Sauria, Gekkonidae). *Dumerilia* 2: 1-21.
- Perret, J. L. 1975. Revision critique de quelques types de reptiles et batraciens africains. *Revue suisse de Zoologie* 82: 185-192.
- Perret, J. L. 1986. Revision des especes africaines du genre *Cnemaspis* Strauch, sous-genre *Ancylodactylus* Muller (Lacertilia, Gekkonidae), avec la description de quatre especes nouvelles. *Revue Suisse de Zoologie* 93: 457-505.
- Pincheira-Donoso, D. and Scolaro, A. 2007. Iguanian species-richness in the Andes of boreal Patagonia: Evidence for an additional new *Liolaemus* lizard from Argentina lacking precloacal glands (Iguania, Liolaeminae). *Zootaxa* 1452: 55-68.
- Poe, S. and Ibanez, R. 2007. A new species of *Anolis* lizard from the Cordillera de Talamanca of Western Panama. *Journal of Herpetology*, 41: 263-270.
- Pregill, G. K. 1986. Body size of insular lizards: a pattern of Holocene dwarfism. *Evolution* 40: 997-1008.
- Pregill, G. K. 1992. Systematics of the West Indian lizard genus *Leiocephalus* (Squamata: Iguania: Tropicuridae). University of Kansas Museum of Natural History Miscellaneous Publications 84: 1-69
- Quinteros, A. S., Abdala, C. S. and Lobo, F. J. 2008. Redescription of *Liolaemus dorbignyi* Koslowsky, 1898 and description of a new species of *Liolaemus* (Iguania: Liolaemidae). *Zootaxa* 1717: 51-67.
- Ramírez Leyton, G. M. and Pincheira Donoso, D. 2005. Fauna del Altiplano y Desierto de Atacama. Phrynosaura Ediciones, Chile.
- Raxworthy, C. J. and Nussbaum, R. A. 2006. Six new species of occipital-lobed *Calumma* chameleons (Squamata: Chamaeleonidae) from montane regions of Madagascar, with a new description and revision of *Calumma brevicorne*. *Copeia* 2006: 711–734.
- Rodrigues, M. T., Freire, E. M. X., Pellegrino, K. C. M. and Sites, J. W. 2005. Phylogenetic relationships of a new genus and species of microteiid lizard from the Atlantic forest of north-eastern Brazil (Squamata, Gymnophthalmidae). *Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society* 144: 543–557.
- Rodrigues, M. T., Freitas, M. A., Silva, T. F. S. and Bertolotto, C. E. V. 2006. A new species of lizard genus *Enyalius* (Squamata, Leiosauridae) from the highlands of Chapada Diamantina, state of Bahia, Brazil, with a key to species. *Phyllomedusa* 5: 11-24.
- Rodrigues, M. T., Pellegrino, K. C. M., Dixo, M., Verdade, V. K., Pavan, D. Argolo, A. J. S. and Sites, J. W. 2007. A new genus of microteiid lizard from the Atlantic forests of state of Bahia, Brazil, with a new generic name for *Colobosaura mentalis*, and a discussion of relationships among the heterodactylini (Squamata, Gymnophthalmidae). *American Museum Novitates* 3565: 1-27.
- Rodrigues, M. T., Pavan, D. and Curcio, F. F. 2007. Two new species of lizards of the genus *Bachia* (Squamata, Gymnophthalmidae) from central Brazil. *Journal of Herpetology*, 41: 545-553.
- Rosler, H., Kohler, J. and Bohme, W. 2008. A new species of the diurnal gekkonid genus *Pristurus* Rüppell, 1835 from the Red Sea island Hanish al-Kabir, Yemen. *Amphibia-Reptilia* 29: 217-227.
- Scolaro, J. A. 2006. Reptiles Patagonicos Norte. Una Guia de Campo. Ediciones Universidad Nacional de la Patagonia, Trelew.
- Scolaro, J. A. and Ibarguengoytia, N. R. 2007. A new species of *Phymaturus* from rocky outcrops in the central steppe of Rio Negro province, Patagonia Argentina (Reptilia: Iguania: Liolaemidae). *Zootaxa* 1524: 47-55.
- Shreve, B. 1940. Reptiles and amphibians from Burma with descriptions of three new skinks. *Proceedings of the New England Zoological Club* 18: 17-26.
- Smith, H. M. 1939. The Mexican and Central American lizards of the genus *Sceloporus*. *Field Museum of Natural History*, Chicago.
- Taylor, E. H. 1922. The lizards of the Philippine Islands. Manila Bureau of Printing, Manila.
- Toda, M., Sengoku, S., Hikida, T. and Ota, H. 2008. Description of two new species of the genus *Gekko* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from the Tokara and Amami Island groups in the Ryukyu Archipelago, Japan. *Copeia* 2008: 452-466.
- Torres-Carvajal, O. 2007. New Andean species of *Stenocercus* (Squamata: Iguania) from the eastern Cordillera in Colombia. *Copeia*, 2007: 56–61.

Tri, N. V. and Bauer, A. M. 2008. Descriptions of two new species of *Cyrtodactylus* Gray 1827 (Squamata : Gekkonidae) endemic to southern Vietnam. *Zootaxa* 1715: 27-42.

Ullrich, K., Krause, P. and Bohme, W. 2007. A new species of the *Chamaeleo dilepis* group (Sauria Chamaeleonidae) from West Africa. *Tropical Zoology* 20: 1-17.

Werner, F. 1895. Über eine sammlung von reptilien aus Persien, Mesopotamien und Arabien. *Verhandlungen der Kaiserlich-königlichen Zoologisch-Botanischen Gesellschaft in Wien* 45: 13-22.

Werner, F. 1908. Ergebnisse der mit subvention aus der erbschaft treitl unternommenen zoologischen Forschungsreise Dr. Franz Werner's nach nach dem Ägyptischen Sudan und Norduganda. XII. die reptilien und amphibien. *Sitzungsber Akademie der Wissenschaften Wien* 116: 1823-1926.

Werner, F. 1910. Über neue oder seltene reptilien des Naturhistorischen Museums in Hamburg. ii. Eidechsen. *Hamburg Jahrbuch Wiss. Anst.* 27, suppl. no. 2, pp. 1-46.

Wickramasinghe, L. J. M. 2006. A new species of *Cnemaspis* (Sauria: Gekkonidae) from Sri Lanka. *Zootaxa* 1369: 19-33.

Wickramasinghe, L. J. and Munindradasa, D. A. I. 2007. Review of the genus *Cnemaspis* Strauch, 1887 (Sauria: Gekkonidae) in Sri Lanka with the description of five new species. *Zootaxa* 1490: 1-63.

Wilms, T. M. and Schmitz, A. 2007. A new polytypic species of the genus *Uromastix* Merrem 1820 (Reptilia: Squamata: Agamidae: Leiolepidinae) from southwestern Arabia. *Zootaxa* 1394: 1-23.

Wilson, S. and Swan, G. 2003. A complete field guide to reptiles of Australia. Reed New Holland, Sydney.

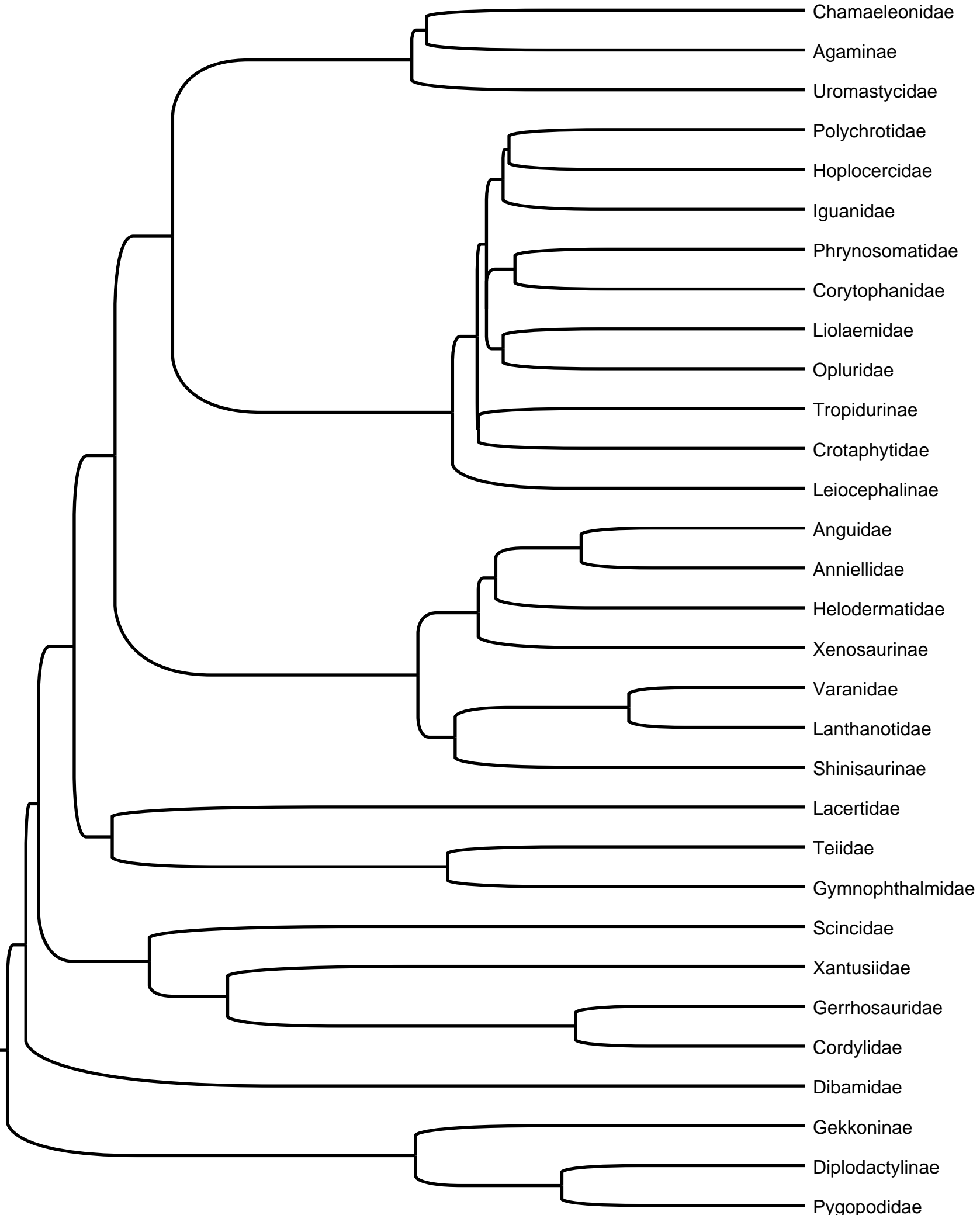
Zhao, E. M., Zha, K. T. and Zhou, K. Y. (Editors). 1999. *Fauna Sinica. Reptilia Vol. 2. Squamata. Lacertilia*. Science Press, Beijing.

Ziegler, T., Bohme, W. and Schmitz, A. 2007. A new species of the *Varanus indicus* group (Squamata, Varanidae) from Halmahera Island, Moluccas: morphological and molecular evidence. *Mitteilungen aus dem Museum für Naturkunde in Berlin - Zoologische Reihe* 83 (Supplement): 109-119.

## Appendix S4 - Taxon ages, richness and SVL, and lizard phylogeny

Taxon	Age (million years)	number of species	Diversification rate	median log SVL (mm)	mean log SVL (mm)
Agaminae	77.8	378	0.033	1.96	1.98
Anguidae	46.1	114	0.045	2.06	2.11
Anniellidae	46.1	2	0.007	2.20	2.20
Chamaeleonidae	77.8	162	0.028	1.90	1.93
Cordylidae	47.2	55	0.037	1.95	1.97
Corytophanidae	59.7	9	0.016	2.28	2.24
Crotaphytidae	67.1	10	0.015	2.10	2.09
Dibamidae	160.2	21	0.008	2.11	2.12
Diplodactylinae	50.0	121	0.042	1.89	1.90
Gekkoninae	80.1	994	0.037	1.74	1.74
Gerrhosauridae	47.2	33	0.032	1.99	2.05
Gymnophthalmidae	73.5	206	0.031	1.77	1.77
Helodermatidae	63.6	2	0.005	2.61	2.61
Hoplocercidae	60.9	11	0.017	2.13	2.11
Iguanidae	62.1	36	0.025	2.52	2.51
Lacertidae	142.5	285	0.017	1.83	1.86
Lanthanotidae	36.3	1	0.000	2.60	2.60
Leiocephalinae	72.5	28	0.020	1.97	1.99
Liolaemidae	62.1	195	0.037	1.88	1.88
Opluridae	62.1	7	0.014	2.07	2.09
Phrynosomatidae	59.7	128	0.035	1.91	1.91
Polychrotidae	60.9	394	0.043	1.80	1.83
Pygopodidae	50.0	37	0.031	2.08	2.11
Scincidae	134.8	1345	0.023	1.85	1.87
Shinisaurinae	72.0	1	0.000	2.60	2.60
Teiidae	73.5	122	0.028	2.03	2.05
Tropidurinae	67.1	110	0.030	1.97	1.98
Uromastycidae	80.9	16	0.015	2.35	2.34
Varanidae	36.3	63	0.050	2.60	2.58
Xantusiidae	118.7	24	0.012	1.88	1.88
Xenosaurinae	67.2	6	0.012	2.05	2.06

Species richness and body sizes of different lizard clades used to infer the relationship between species richness and body sizes. SVL = snout vent length. Diversification rates are in  $\log(\text{number of species}) * \text{age}^{-1}$ .



**Table S1** Realm-specific moments of central tendency for size frequency distributions

Family	Sampled species	Mean log SVL	SE	$g_1$	$p(g_1)$	$g_2$	$p(g_2)$	CV
All lizards	4875	1.89	0.003	0.88	<0.0001	2.08	<0.0001	12.14
Australia	631	1.90	0.01	1.14	<0.0001	2.23	<0.0001	2.80
Ethiopian	743	1.88	0.01	0.89	<0.0001	2.24	<0.0001	2.87
Madagascar	245	1.86	0.02	0.29	0.068	-0.49	0.117	2.39
Nearctic	154	2.00	0.02	0.95	<0.0001	0.87	0.029	2.19
Neotropic	1520	1.86	0.01	0.66	<0.0001	1.96	<0.0001	3.18
Oceania	411	1.90	0.01	1.30	<0.0001	2.13	<0.0001	2.61
Oriental	710	1.90	0.01	0.95	<0.0001	2.91	<0.0001	2.85
Paelearctic	462	1.90	0.01	1.09	<0.0001	2.26	<0.0001	2.66

## **Supplementary figure S1**

### **Body size frequency distribution of island-endemic lizards**

Body size is snout vent length (SVL) in (log 10) mm.

- a. body size frequency distribution on islands lacking mammalian Carnivora (or islands that lacked such species until these were introduced in historical times)
- b. body size frequency distribution on islands with native mammalian Carnivora

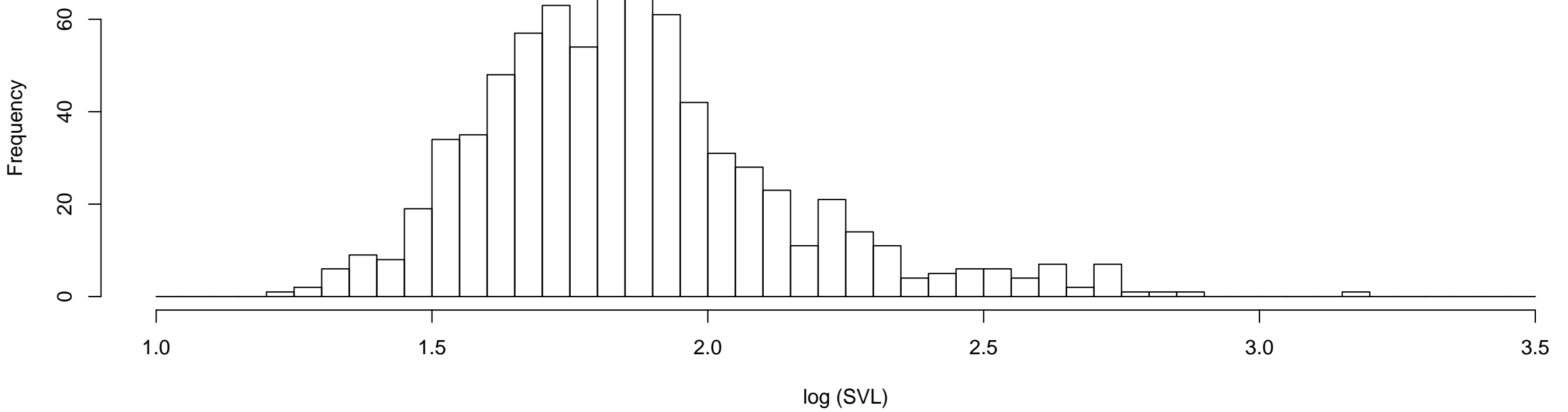
Data for lizard insularity are from an unpublished manuscript. Data for presence or absence of mammalian carnivores on islands are from :

Meiri, S. 2004. Carnivore body size: Aspects of geographic variation. PhD dissertation, Tel Aviv University.

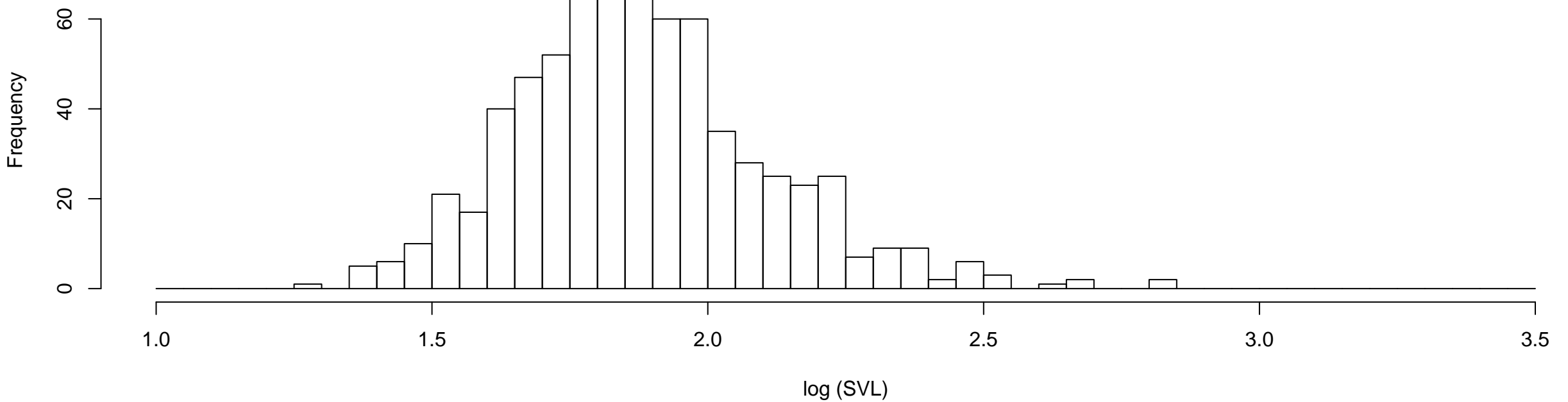
Meiri, S. 2005. Small carnivores on small islands. New data based on old skulls. *Small Carnivore Conservation* 33: 21-23.

Meiri, S., Simberloff, D. and Dayan, T. 2005. Insular carnivore biogeography: Island area and mammalian optimal body size. *American Naturalist* 165: 505-514.

**no carnivores**



**carnivores present**



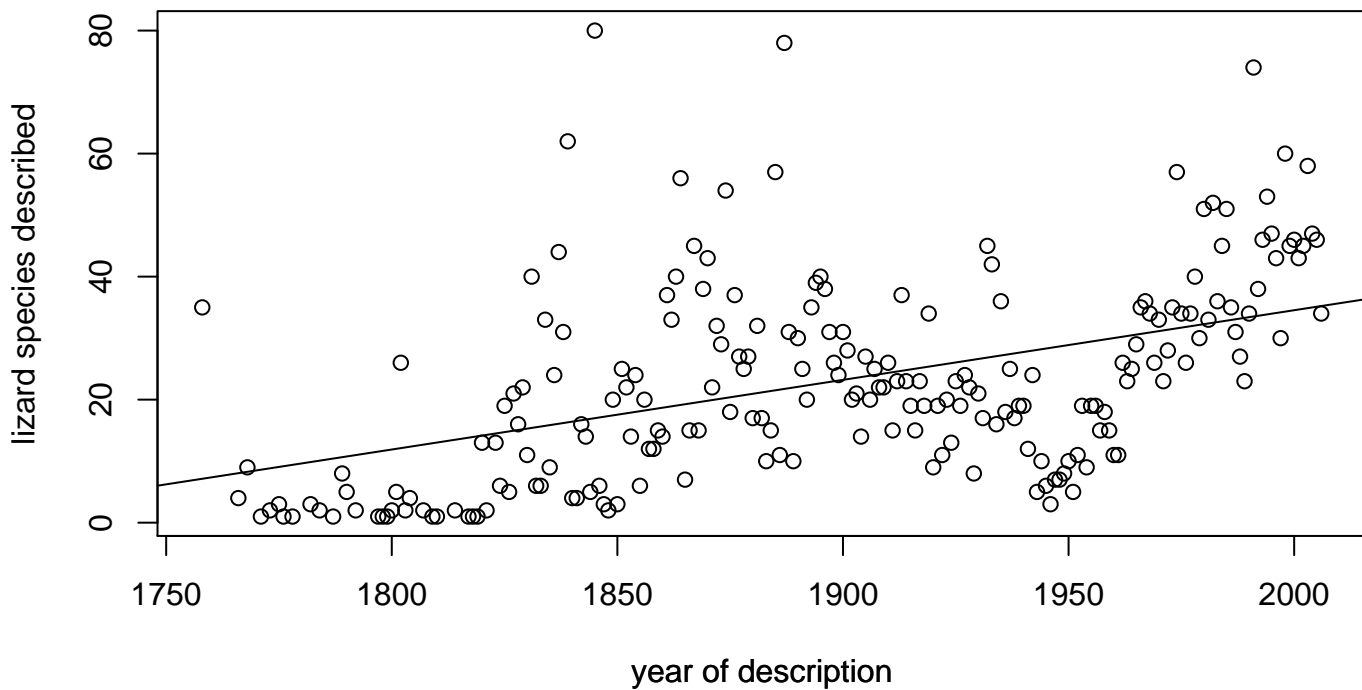
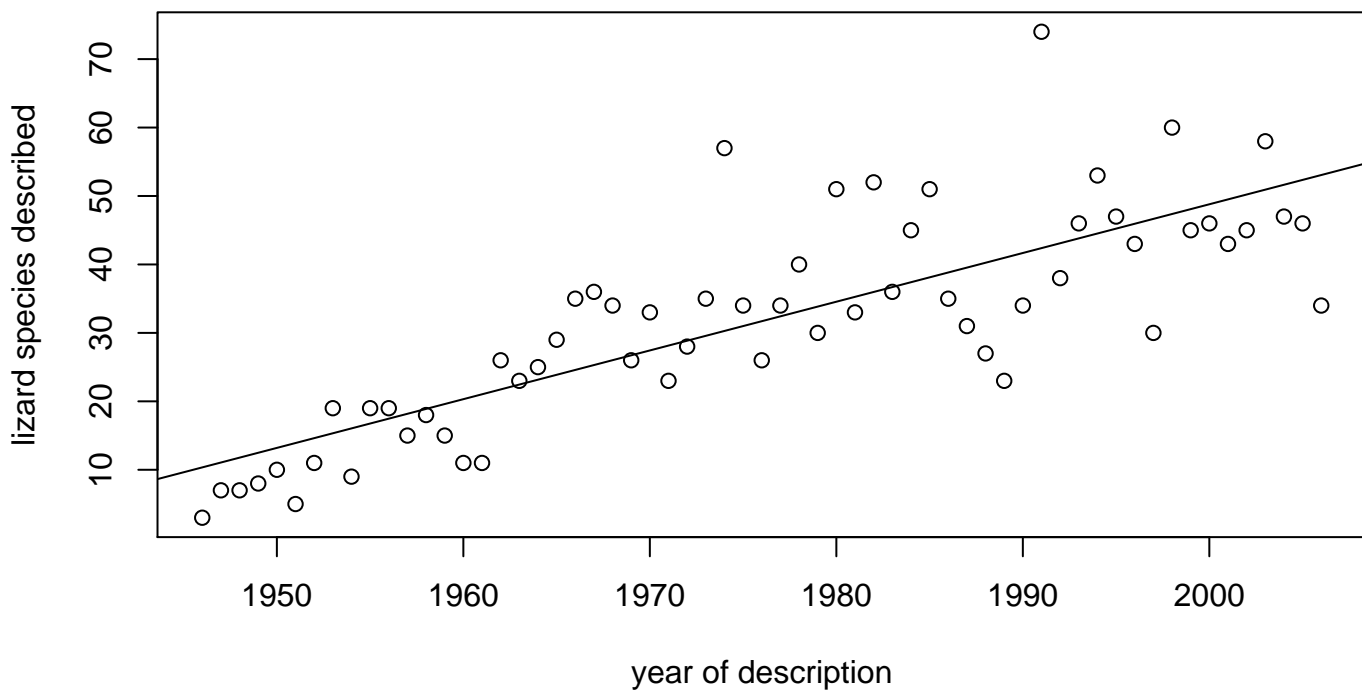
## **Supplementary figure S2**

### **Numbers of lizard species recognised as a function of their year of description**

The numbers of species of lizards recognised by Uetz (The reptile database CD-ROM edition, October 2006. Heidelberg, Germany), as a function of the year in which these species were first described.

- a. The number of recognised species described each year, 1758-2005. The line is a least-square regression line (slope =  $2.00 \pm 0.24$ ,  $R^2 = 0.25$ ,  $p < 0.0001$ ).
- b. The number of recognised species described each year since the end of world war II, 1946-2005. The line is a least-square regression line (slope =  $0.74 \pm 0.07$ ,  $R^2 = 0.67$ ,  $p < 0.0001$ ).
- c. The cumulative number of lizard species in the Uetz 2006 taxonomy, by year.



**a****b**

c

