

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE EMPLOY_23(ENNUMBER VARCHAR(5) PRIMARY KEY, SALARY
NUMBER(6), UPDATE_DATE DATE, NET_SALARY NUMBER(6));
```

Table created.

```
SQL> DESC EMPLOY_23;
```

Name	Null?	Type
ENNUMBER	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(5)
SALARY		NUMBER(6)
UPDATE_DATE		DATE
NET_SALARY		NUMBER(6)

```
SQL> INSERT INTO EMPLOY_23(ENNUMBER, SALARY) VALUES ('E101', 5000);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO EMPLOY_23(ENNUMBER, SALARY) VALUES ('E102', 7000);
```

1 row created.

Commit complete.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO EMPLOY_23(ENNUMBER, SALARY) VALUES ('E103', 12000);
```

1 row created.

Commit complete.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO EMPLOY_23(ENNUMBER, SALARY) VALUES ('E104', 17000);
```

1 row created.

Commit complete.

```
SQL> INSERT INTO EMPLOY_23(ENNUMBER, SALARY) VALUES ('E105', 22000);
```

1 row created.

Commit complete.

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM EMPLOY_23;
```

ENUMB	SALARY	UPDATE_DA	NET_SALARY
E102	7000		
E103	12000		
E104	17000		
E105	22000		
E101	5000		

salfn.sql

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION INC(M1 IN VARCHAR)
RETURN NUMBER
IS
EID EMPLOY_23.ENUMBER %TYPE;
SAL EMPLOY_23.SALARY %TYPE;
BEGIN
    SELECT SALARY,ENUMBER INTO SAL,EID FROM EMPLOY_23 WHERE
ENUMBER=M1;
    IF(SAL>=20000) THEN
        SAL:=SAL+(15/100 * SAL);
    ELSIF(SAL>=10000) THEN
        SAL:=SAL+(10/100 * SAL);
    ELSE
        SAL:=SAL+(5/100 * SAL);
    END IF;
    UPDATE EMPLOY_23 SET NET_SALARY=SAL WHERE ENUMBER=M1;
    UPDATE EMPLOY_23 SET UPDATE_DATE=SYSDATE WHERE ENUMBER=M1;
RETURN SAL;
END;
```

salcall.sql

```
DECLARE
    A NUMBER(8);
    CURSOR C1 IS SELECT ENUMBER FROM EMPLOY_23;
    M1 EMPLOY_23.ENUMBER %TYPE;
BEGIN
    OPEN C1;
    LOOP
        FETCH C1 INTO M1;
```

```

        EXIT WHEN C1 %NOTFOUND;
        A:=INC(M1);
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('UPDATED NET SALARY');
    END LOOP;
    CLOSE C1;
END;

```

OUTPUT

```

SQL> @salfn
24 /

```

Function created.

```

SQL> @salcall
14 /
UPDATED NET SALARY
UPDATED NET SALARY
UPDATED NET SALARY
UPDATED NET SALARY
UPDATED NET SALARY

```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

Commit complete.

```

SQL> SELECT * FROM EMPLOY_23 ORDER BY ENUMBER;

```

ENUMB	SALARY	UPDATE_DA	NET_SALARY
E101	5000	31-OCT-23	5250
E102	7000	31-OCT-23	7350
E103	12000	31-OCT-23	13200
E104	17000	31-OCT-23	18700
E105	22000	31-OCT-23	25300