

Title:

Module - 1 - Report

Name:

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## Objectives

### Task 1: E-commerce Dataset Cleaning

Objective: Ensure the dataset is clean and ready for analysis and vectorization.

Key Actions: Remove duplicates, handle missing values, and standardize formats.

### Task 2: Vector Database Creation

Objective: Set up a vector database using Pinecone to store product vectors.

Key Actions: Define the database schema and integrate with Pinecone.

### Task 3: Similarity Metrics Selection

Objective: Choose and justify the similarity metrics used to compare product vectors.

Key Actions: Evaluate different metrics (e.g., cosine similarity, dot product) and select the best fit based on the dataset characteristics.

### Endpoint 1: Product Recommendation Service

Functionality: Handle natural language queries to recommend products, including safeguards against bad queries and sensitive data exposure.

Input: Customer's natural language query.

Output: Product matches array and a natural language response within specified constraints.

## Implementation Flow

## 1. Data Exploration and Cleaning

1. Unzipping dataset
2. Loading dataset
3. Removing duplicates
4. Cleaning the data and making sure they are in the right structure using a `clean_data` function.
5. Removing missing values in Description
6. Saving cleaned data
7. Creating functions like - `get_price`, `get_country`, and `get_stock_code` for data retrieval
8. Creating a text file to store the Products Descriptions.

## 2. Creating Vector Database

1. Loading the Products Descriptions file with Langchain TextLoader
2. Splitting the data into chunks using RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter, with a chunk size of 50 and overlap of 10
3. Based on research result, selecting cosine similarity for selection metrics
4. Creating a Pinecone Vector Database, using openai embeddings, and Langchain PineconeVectorStore module.

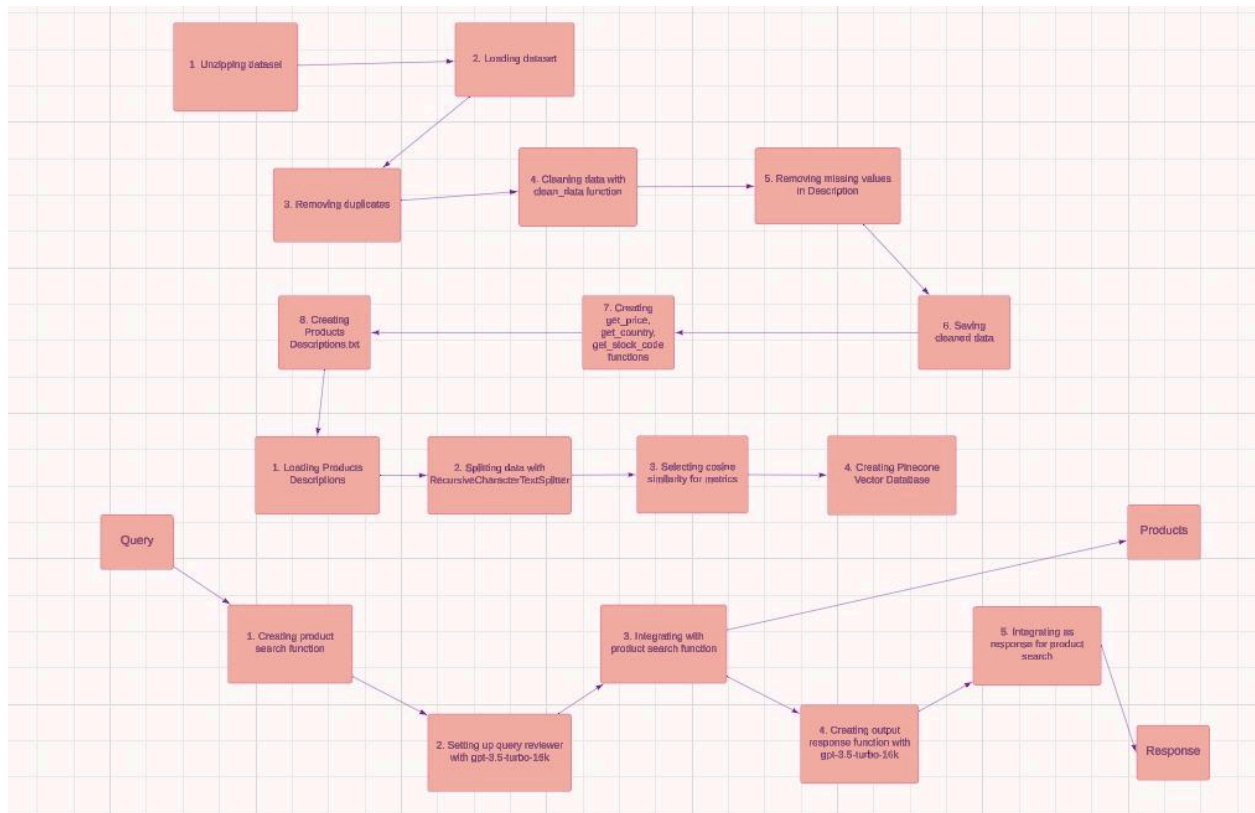
## 3. Product Search Implementation

1. Creating a product search function that returns similar items based on query.
2. Setting up a query reviewer powered by gpt-3.5-turbo-16k to review query. Setting this with a crafted prompt.
3. Integrating with the product search function.
4. Creating an output response function powered by gpt-3.5-turbo-16k to create short comments on the product after query.
5. Integrating this as a response for the product search.

## 4. Endpoint 1:

1. Creating an html file for the front end
2. Creating a flask endpoint that is sending out response and products based on the query
3. Integrating this into the frontend
4. User sends in a query, and the response is sent back to the user.

Diagrams:



**Flow chart link:**

[https://lucid.app/lucidchart/d535720e-3c61-4e6b-b202-d1c30713dab7/edit?viewport\\_loc=-3436%2C-935%2C4126%2C1903%2C0\\_0&invitationId=inv\\_fd504ddd-4061-45ce-9b09-60a69bcad776](https://lucid.app/lucidchart/d535720e-3c61-4e6b-b202-d1c30713dab7/edit?viewport_loc=-3436%2C-935%2C4126%2C1903%2C0_0&invitationId=inv_fd504ddd-4061-45ce-9b09-60a69bcad776)

**Key Decisions:**

1. Using cosine similarity instead of Product Search for similarity search in the database
2. Carefully crafting prompts that best handles the query and give good comments as response.

**Conclusion:**

By the end of this module, high level efficient functions and methods are available for intrgration with other modules.

Functions like `clean_data`, `get_price` and so on are stored in the `utils.py` file for easy implementation.

#### References:

Pandas  
OpenAi  
Langchain  
Pinecone