### Syllabus UCV2207 - Politics of Heritage

#### **Module Description**

The module focuses on the relationship between cultural heritage and contemporary political and social situations. It is designed to provide students with opportunities to explore a range of theoretical and intellectual issues from the fields of anthropology, geography and archaeology on cultural heritage and the roles that place, material culture, and intangible heritage play within the creation and re-creation of society. There is an emphasis upon debate, discussion, and problem oriented individual research projects.

#### **Assignments and Assessments**

#### Assignment 1: Site Analysis Photo Essay (1,000 – 1,500 words) (20% of grade) (Feb 1)

The task is to locate a museum, monument, heritage walk or other cultural site within its political, cultural and social context. Students will visit a site administered by the National Heritage Board or other site considered to be of national importance. The assignment will take the form of a photo essay (20 photos or short videos clips) that reveals how the site was constituted and how the site is used to deliver an official message, as well as what other potential messages may have been omitted. It is expected that the text accompanying the images reflect a critical understanding rooted in the readings and concepts discussed in class.

#### Assignment 2: Research Proposal (1,500 - 2,000 words) (20% of grade) (Mar 3)

The Research Proposal will introduce the intended topic of the Research Paper (Assignment 3). A successful proposal will locate the topic within the academic literature and demonstrate the relevance of the research to a wider audience.

#### Assignment 3: Research Paper (3,000 – 3,500 words) (40% of grade) (Apr 18)

The final Research Paper will integrate class readings with, outside sources selected by the student as well as data gathered during the semester. The paper will develop an argument grounded in the data and readings that will speak to an issue of heritage politics in Singapore or elsewhere in the region.

#### Presentation and Viva Voce (10% of grade)

Students will prepare and deliver a professional academic presentation of their final paper before submission. This presentation will be followed by questions and discussion in order to establish the students understanding of the material.

### Participation (10% of grade)

- You are expected to be on time to every class. Contact me if you have a medical condition or other situation that will prevent you from attending.
- Unexcused absences reduce the final class mark by one half grade for every two absences.
- Students are expected to have read texts assigned and be ready to discuss them in class.
- Students are expected to submit assignments on time. Late assignments will be penalized unless justified by a medical condition or other situation.

## **Plagiarism and Academic Integrity**

Academic Integrity is an important component of what is taught at NUS and USP. As future scholars, it is essential that students learn to handle data and sources responsibly and with respect for other scholars and their work. Plagiarism will not be tolerated under any circumstances. Students should refer to USP guidelines on plagiarism and academic offences:

http://www.usp.nus.edu.sg/curriculum/plagiarism/

# Schedule

Week	Monday	Wednesday
	Day 1 (Jan 11)	Day 2 (Jan 13)
1	Content:  1. The Concept of Heritage  2. An Interdisciplinary Approach to Heritage  Reading:  1. Hobsbawm, E., & Ranger, T. (Eds.). (2012).  The Invention of Tradition (Canto Classics).  Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.  doi:10.1017/CBO9781107295636 (Intro. & Chap. 1) (Read Chapter 1 quickly without getting lost in the details.)  2. Kong, L. (1999). The invention of heritage: Popular music in Singapore. Asian Studies  Review, 23(1), 1-25.  doi:10.1080/10357829908713218	Content:  1. Cultural Heritage in Singapore  Reading:  1. Henderson, J. C. (2001). Conserving Colonial Heritage: Raffles Hotel in Singapore. International Journal of Heritage Studies, 7(1), 7-24. doi:10.1080/13527250119383  2. Saunders, K. J. (2004). Creating and Recreating Heritage in Singapore. Current Issues in Tourism, 7(4-5), 440-448. doi:10.1080/1368350040866799  3. Yeoh, B., & Kong, L. (1996). The Notion of Place In The Construction Of History, Nostalgia And Heritage In Singapore. Singapore Journal of Tropical Geography, 17(1), 52-65. doi:10.1111/j.1467- 9493.1996.tbooo84.x  4. Yuen, B. (2005). Searching for place identity in Singapore. Habitat International, 29(2), 197-214. doi:10.1016/j.habitatint.2003.07.002
2	Day 3 (Jan 18)  Content:  1. Defining a Research Paper  Discussion:  1. Paper Topic  2. Methodology  3. Outlining	Day 4 (Jan 20)  Content:  1. Heritage Management in Singapore  Reading:  1. Lim, S. K. (2001). Transforming centres of excellence – the National Heritage Board experience. Library Review, 50(7/8), 366-373. doi:10.1108/00242530110405364

	Day 5 (Jan 25)	2. Blackburn, Kevin & Alvin, Tan. (2015). The Emergence of Heritage Conservation in Singapore and the Preservation of Monuments Board (1958–76). Southeast Asian Studies. 4. 341-364.  3. Lee, S. L. (1996). Urban conservation policy and the preservation of historical and cultural heritage. Cities, 13(6), 399-409. doi:10.1016/0264-2751(96)00027-3
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	Content:  1. Reclaiming and Conserving Heritage	Content:  1. National Narratives
	Reading: 1. Yuen, B. (2006). Reclaiming Cultural Heritage in Singapore. Urban Affairs Review, 41(6), 830-854. doi:10.1177/1078087406289187  2. Henderson, J. (2011). Understanding and using built heritage: Singapore's national monuments and conservation areas. International Journal of Heritage Studies, 17(1), 46-61. doi:10.1080/13527258.2011.524006	Reading: 1. Anderson, B. R. (1982). Imagined communities. London: Verso. (Intro. & Chap. 3) 2. Wang, G. (2005). Nation-building: Five Southeast Asian histories. Singapore: Institute of Southeast Asian Studies. (Chap. 9)
3	Listening: Kunstler Cast #68 https://kunstlercast.com/shows/ kunstlercast 68 historic preservation.html  The speaker makes reference to Pennsylvania Station. This is a very important case in the history of heritage preservation (or lack thereof in the US). This video provides a short background:  https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=y22d- 4GMoBY	

	Day 7 (Feb 1)	Day 8 (Feb 3)
4	Content: 1. Civil Society & Counter-Narratives  Reading: 1. Liew, K. K., Pang, N., & Chan, B. (2013). New media and new politics with old cemeteries and disused railways: Advocacy goes digital in Singapore. Asian Journal of Communication, 23(6), 605-619. doi:10.1080/01292986.2013.790911  2. Jianli, H. (2014). Resurgent Spirits of Civil Society Activism: Rediscovering the Bukit Brown Cemetery in Singapore. Journal of the Malaysian Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, 87(2), 21-45. doi:10.1353/ras.2014.0016  3. Goh, D. P. (2014). Walking the Global City. Space and Culture, 17(1), 16-28. doi:10.1177/1206331212451686  Assignment 1 Due	Content: 1. Economics of Heritage  Reading: 1. Greffe, X. (2004). Is heritage an asset or a liability? Journal of Cultural Heritage, 5(3), 301-309. doi:10.1016/j.culher.2004.05.001  2. Henderson, J. C. (2004). Food as a Tourism Resource: A View from Singapore. Tourism Recreation Research, 29(3), 69-74. doi:10.1080/02508281.2004.11081459  3. Henderson, J. C. (2016). Halal food, certification and halal tourism: Insights from Malaysia and Singapore. Tourism Management Perspectives, 19, 160-164. doi:10.1016/j.tmp.2015.12.006  4. Wong, E. P., Bauer, T. G., & Wong, K. K. (2008). A critical comparison of tourism policies of Hong Kong and Singapore - an avenue to mutual learning. International Journal of Tourism Research, 10(3), 193-206. doi:10.1002/jtr.656
	Day o (Eob 8)	Day to (Eab to)
	Day 9 (Feb 8)	Day 10 (Feb 10)
	Content:  1. Heritage Tourism & Authenticity	Content:  1. Ethnic Neighborhoods and Lived Heritage
5	Reading:  1. Lee, S., Phau, I., Hughes, M., Li, Y. F., & Quintal, V. (2015). Heritage Tourism in Singapore Chinatown: A Perceived Value Approach to Authenticity and Satisfaction. Journal of Travel & Tourism Marketing, 33(7), 981-998.	Reading:  1. Tajudeen, I. (2007). State Constructs of Ethnicity in the Reinvention of Malay-Indonesian Heritage in Singapore. Traditional Dwellings and Settlements Review, 18(2) 7-27 Retrieved August 2

2. Katahenggam, N. (2019). Tourist perceptions and preferences of authenticity in heritage tourism: Visual comparative

doi:10.1080/10548408.2015.1075459

18(2), 7-27. Retrieved August 2,

www.jstor.org/stable/41758325

2020, from

	study of George Town and Singapore. Journal of Tourism and Cultural Change, 18(4), 371-385. doi:10.1080/14766825.2019.1659282  3. Ooi, C. (2002). Contrasting strategies. Annals of Tourism Research, 29(3), 689-706. doi:10.1016/s0160-7383(01)00086-x	2. Chang, T. (2000). Singapores Little India: A Tourist Attraction as a Contested Landscape. Urban Studies, 37(2), 343-366. doi:10.1080/0042098002221  3. Teoh, K. M. (2016). Domesticating Hybridity: Straits Chinese Cultural Heritage Projects in Malaysia and Singapore. Cross- Currents: East Asian History and Culture Review, 5(1), 115-146. doi:10.1353/ach.2016.0005
	Days 11 & 12 (Feb 15 & 17) Conference	
6	Bring Draft Research Proposal and plan to conduct data gathering during Recess Week.	
Recess	Fieldwork & Data Collection	
	Day 13 (Mar 1)	Day 14 (Mar 3)
	Content:  1. Peer Review	Content:
7	1. I cel Review	1. Guest Speaker  Assignment 2 Due
7	Day 15 (Mar 8)	-

9	3. Tantow, D. (2012). Politics of Heritage in Singapore. Indonesia and the Malay World, 40(118), 332-353. doi:10.1080/13639811.2012.725553  Day 17 (Mar 15)  Content: 1. Language as Heritage  Reading: 1. Dixon, L. Q. (2009). Assumptions behind Singapore's language-in-education policy: Implications for language planning and second language acquisition. Language Policy, 8(2), 117-137. doi:10.1007/s10993-009-9124-0  2. Starr, R. L., & Hiramoto, M. (2018). Inclusion, exclusion, and racial identity in Singapores language education system. International Journal of Applied Linguistics, 29(3), 341-355. doi:10.1111/ijal.12242  3. Stroud, C., & Wee, L. (2007). Consuming identities: Language planning and policy in Singaporean late modernity. Language Policy, 6(2), 253-279. doi:10.1007/s10993-007-	Day 18 (Mar 17) Content: 1. Guest Speaker
	4. Anderson, B. R. (1982). Imagined communities. London: Verso. (Chap. 5)	
	Day 19 (Mar 22)	Day 20 (Mar 24)
	Content:  1. Problematic Heritage	Content:  1. World Heritage
10	Reading: 1. Logan, W. S., & Reeves, K. (2008). Places of pain and shame: Dealing with "difficult heritage". Milton Park, Abingdon, Oxon: Routledge. (Chaps. 1, 4, 7 & 9)	Reading:  1. Graham, B. (2016). A Geography of Heritage. Routledge. (Chap. 11)
		2. Lee, S., Phau, I., & Quintal, V. (2017). Exploring the effects of a 'new' listing of a UNESCO World Heritage Site: The case of Singapore Botanic Gardens. Journal of Heritage Tourism, 13(4), 339-355.

		doi:10.1080/1743873x.2017.1354005
	Day 21 (Mar 29)	Day 22 (Apr 1)
11	Content:  1. Film Discussion: The Overture (2004)  Available at Central Library:  PN1997.2 Ove dvd	Content:  1. Heritage, Soft Power & International Relations  Reading:  1. Cai, Y. (2012). The Art of Museum Diplomacy: The Singapore–France Cultural Collaboration in Perspective. International Journal of Politics, Culture, and Society, 26(2), 127-144. doi:10.1007/s10767-012-9122-7  2. Koh, K. (2014). ASEAN cultural heritage - forging an identity for realisation of an ASEAN community in 2015? Environmental Policy and Law, 44(1/2), 237-247.
12	Days 23 & 24 (Apr 5 & 7)  Presentations	
	Days 25 & 26 (Apr 12 & 14)	
13	Presentations	
<u>Assignment 3 - Final Research Paper Due Apr 18</u>		