



Analyzing NFL Injuries & Impact

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Introduction



Background

- Established in 1920.
- Currently has 32 teams and 1,696 players.
- The League is trying to increase player safety through advancements in technology and equipment.

Problem Statement

- How can we protect players by anticipating and preventing injuries before they occur?
- Are there positions that are at a higher risk?
- What factors contribute to a greater risk of injury?

Problem Objective

Exploratory Analysis

- Basic statistical and visual analysis
- Time-trend analysis

Predictive Analysis

- Decision tree analysis

Methodology



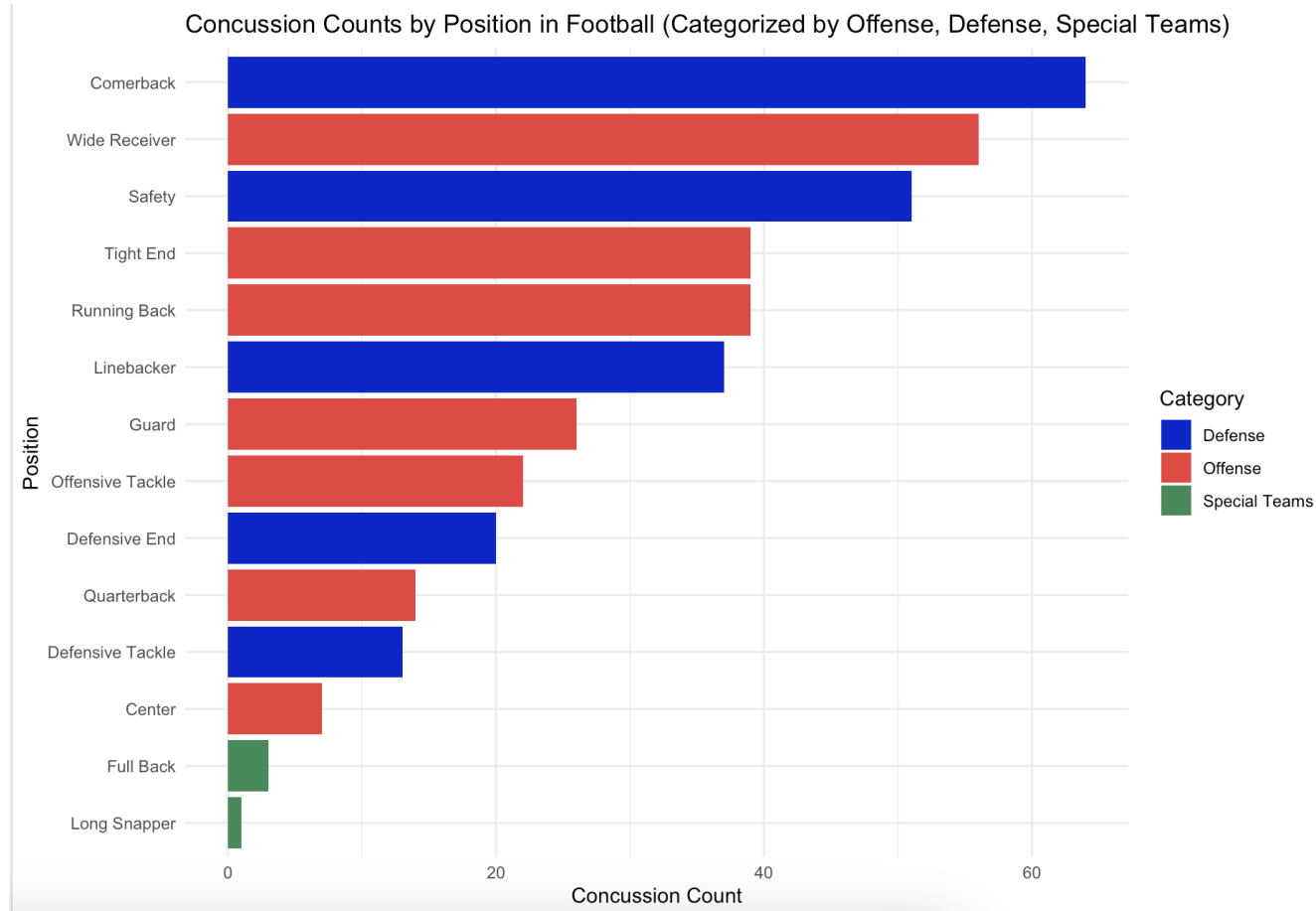
- **Data**

- Observed NFL Concussion Data from 2012-2014
- **Seventeen** variables total
- **Seven** categorical variables
 - Position, Team, Winning Team
- **Ten** numerical variables
 - Average Time Before Injury, Average Time After Injury, Games Missed

- **Key Assumptions**

- Patterns from the data are still significant today
- There is crossover into other contact sports and common injury types
- The population of injuries in our time period is a good sample representation of the entire league as a whole

Finding 1: Position Matters



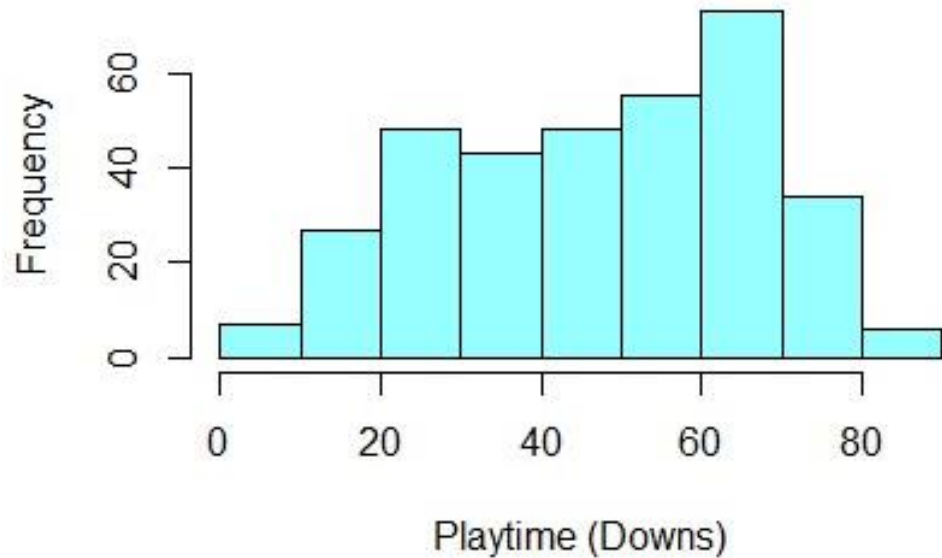
Our reports state that cornerbacks have the highest concussion rate out of any position.

The positions with the highest concussion rate tend to be in the open field.

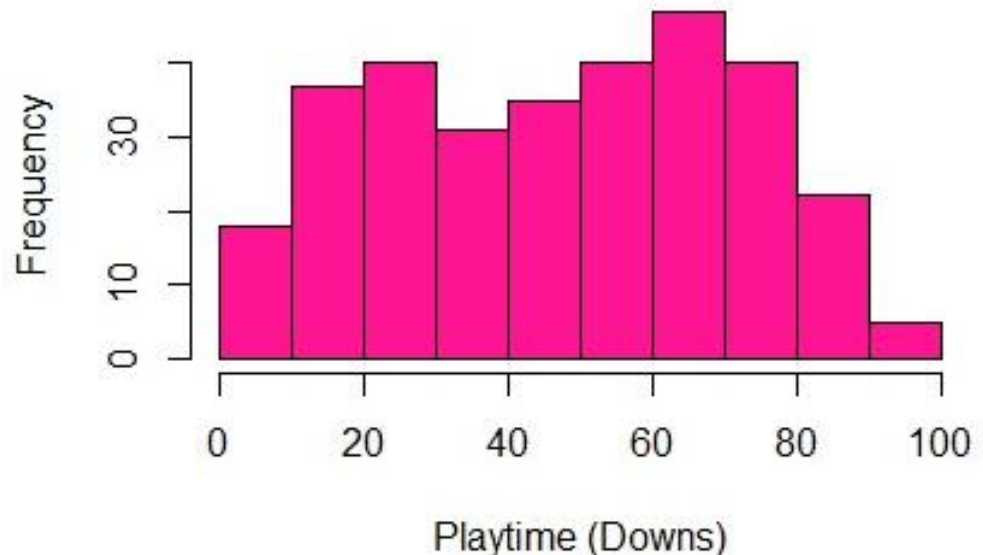
Finding 2: Playtime Decreases Post-Injury

- The histogram of **playtime before injury** shows a slightly right skewed distribution
- The histogram of **playtime after injury** is less skewed
- These histograms shows that average playtime tends to decrease post-injury with a higher frequency of playtimes less than 20 downs

Average Playtime Before Injury



Average Playtime After Injury



Finding 3: Most Likely to Get Injured Halfway Through Season



An NFL football season is 18 weeks



Based on the boxplot, we can see that the median is right under 10 weeks, hovering around 9 weeks



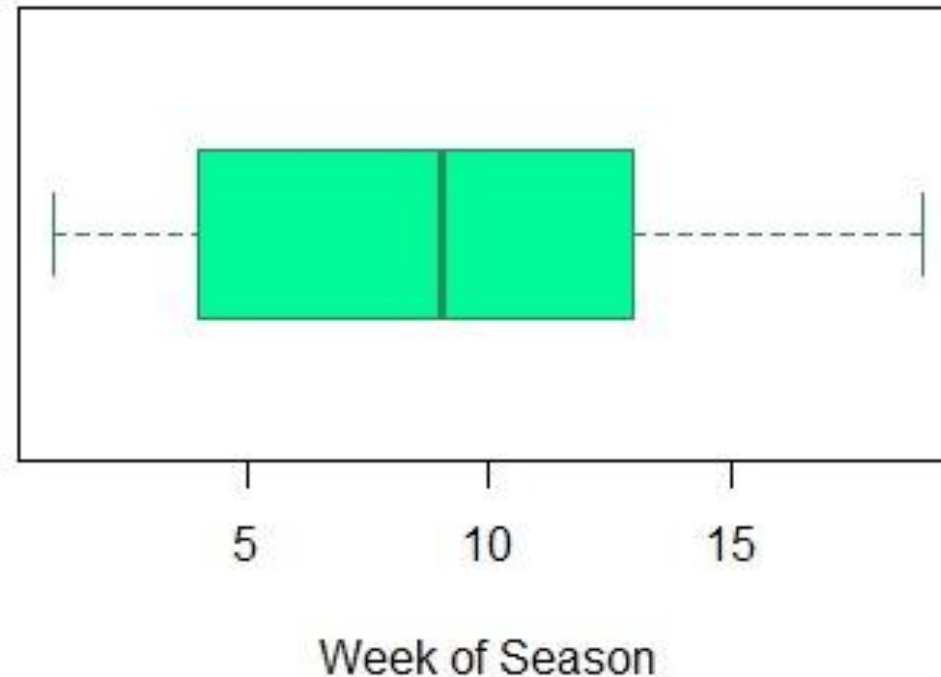
This is approximately halfway through the NFL football season



The boxplot is also right skewed

More likely to get injured in the 1st half of the season

Distribution of Week of Injury

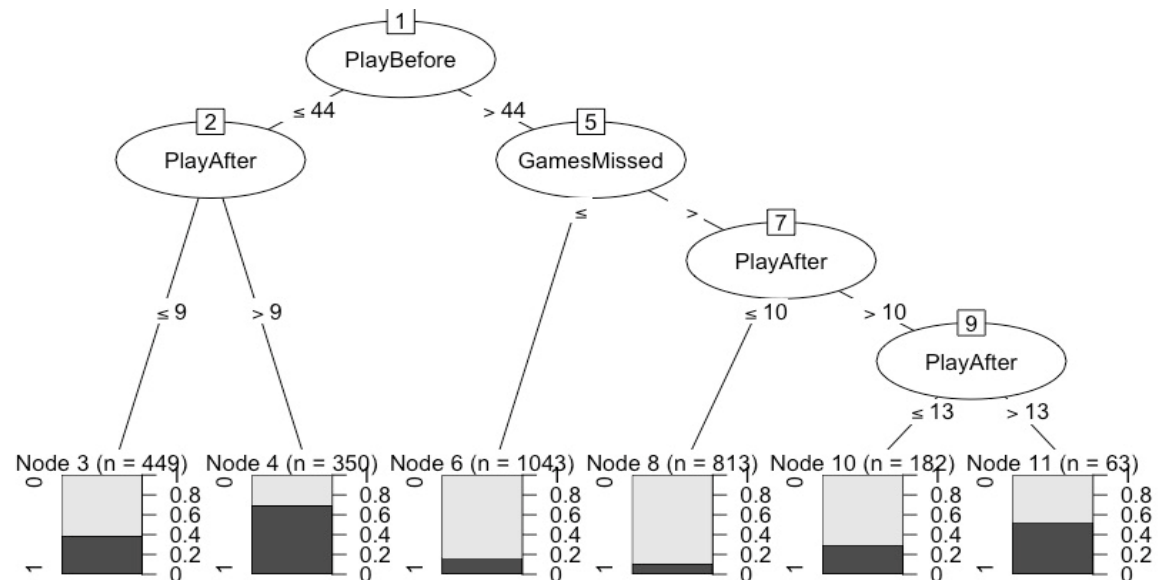


Finding 4: Team Success is Directly Correlated With Injury



Decision Tree

- Target dependent variable: Is the team a winning team or not?
- Key Nodes
 - **PlayBefore**: The amount of time a player is on the field
 - **PlayAfter**: The amount of time a player is on the field after an injury
 - **GamesMissed**: Are the coaches adhering to concussion protocol and benching players



Implications



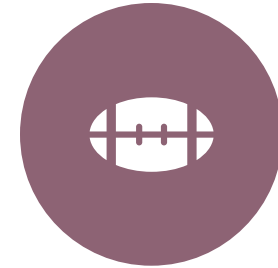
REFEREES NEED TO BE
ON HIGH ALERT FOR
PLAYER SAFETY IN THE
MIDDLE OF THE SEASON.



SKILL POSITIONS ARE AT
THE HIGHEST RISK FOR
INJURY.



PLAYERS CAN EDUCATE
THEMSELVES ON SAFE
TACKLING PRACTICES
AND AVOID BIG HITS.



TOO MANY PLAYERS ARE
REMAINING ON THE
FIELD AFTER AN INJURY.

Conclusion

Analyzing the concussion trends in the NFL allows us to conclude that the main takeaways players and referees should keep in mind are:

The NFL has made progress by improving policy, but there is still a lot of work that needs to be done.



Concussions are not just common with linemen and frequent heavy hitters.



Policy needs to be strictly enforced and strengthen penalties for violation of concussion protocol.





References

- <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/rishidamarla/concussions-in-the-nfl-20122014>
- http://nflcombinerresults.com/nflcombinerdata_expanded.php?year=1999&pos=&college=
- <https://data.world/datasets/nfl>