

S-1: I can analyze systems with intrinsic angular momentum (spin).

Unsatisfactory

Progressing

Acceptable

Polished

In the z basis the spin operators are, for the case $s = 1$,

$$S_z \leftrightarrow \hbar \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad S_x \leftrightarrow \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad S_y \leftrightarrow \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -i & 0 \\ i & 0 & -i \\ 0 & i & 0 \end{bmatrix},$$

and the eigenstates of S_x and S_y are

$$\begin{aligned} | +1_x \rangle &\leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \sqrt{2} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, & | 0_x \rangle &\leftrightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, & | -1_x \rangle &\leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -\sqrt{2} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \\ | +1_y \rangle &\leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \sqrt{2}i \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, & | 0_y \rangle &\leftrightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, & | -1_y \rangle &\leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -\sqrt{2}i \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}. \end{aligned}$$

- (1) A spin 1 particle in state $|0_z\rangle$ is placed in a magnetic field $\vec{B} = B_0 \hat{j}$. The Hamiltonian for the particle is then $H = -\gamma \vec{S} \cdot \vec{B}$, where γ is a constant.

$$H = -\gamma B_0 S_y \rightarrow \Omega_0 S_y$$

- (a) If you measure the energy of the particle at time $t = 0$, what values can you obtain and with what probability?
- (b) For each possible value of the energy that you might obtain through measurement, find a time t for which you would be assured of measuring that value. If you believe that there is no such time t for some value(s) of the energy, explain why.

$$\begin{aligned} (a) \quad |\psi(t)\rangle &= e^{-iHt/\hbar} |\psi_0\rangle = e^{-i\Omega_0 t/2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [| +1_z \rangle + | 0_z \rangle + | -1_z \rangle] \\ z=0 \quad \langle 0_z | \psi \rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [\langle 0_z | +1_z \rangle + \langle 0_z | 0_z \rangle + \langle 0_z | -1_z \rangle] \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ &= \left| \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right| = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$(b) \quad \cos \frac{\Omega_0 t}{2} ?$$