PHY 411 Formula Sheet for Midterm Examination

Winter 2021

Maxwell Equations:

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{D} = \rho$$

$$ec{
abla} imes ec{H} = ec{J} + rac{\partial ec{D}}{\partial t}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B} = 0$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E} + \frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t} = 0$$

Helmholtz Wave Equation: $\left(\nabla^2 + k^2\right) \vec{u} = 0$, where $\vec{u} = \vec{E}$ or \vec{B}

(time-averaged)

Plane Waves: $\vec{B} = \sqrt{\mu \epsilon} \frac{\vec{k} \times \vec{E}}{k}$

Poynting vector: Re $\vec{S} = \frac{1}{2} \vec{E} \times \vec{H}^*$;

For incident wave: Re $\vec{S} \cdot \hat{n} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon}{\mu}} \left| E_0 \right|^2 \cos i$

Constants:

Electron charge = 1.602×10^{-19} C

 $\epsilon_0 = 8.854 \times 10^{-12}$ in SI units (farad/m)

Electron mass = 9.11×10^{-31} kg

 $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$ in SI units (N/A²)

Vector Formulas:

$$\vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) = \vec{b} \cdot (\vec{c} \times \vec{a}) = \vec{c} \cdot (\vec{a} \times \vec{b})$$

$$\vec{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) = (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c}) \vec{b} - (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}) \vec{c}$$

$$(\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot (\vec{c} \times \vec{d}) = (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c}) (\vec{b} \cdot \vec{d}) - (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{d}) (\vec{b} \cdot \vec{c})$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{\nabla} \psi = 0$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{a}) = 0$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{a}) = \vec{\nabla} (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{a}) - \nabla^2 \vec{a}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot (\psi \vec{a}) = \vec{a} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \psi + \psi \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{a}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times (\psi \vec{a}) = \vec{\nabla} \psi \times \vec{a} + \psi \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{a}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}) = (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{b} + (\vec{b} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{a} + \vec{a} \times (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{b}) + \vec{b} \times (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{a})$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) = \vec{b} \cdot (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{a}) - \vec{a} \cdot (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{b})$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) = \vec{a} (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{b}) - \vec{b} (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{a}) + (\vec{b} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{a} - (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{\nabla}) \vec{b}$$