FPGA Serial Accelerometer Tester, Version 1

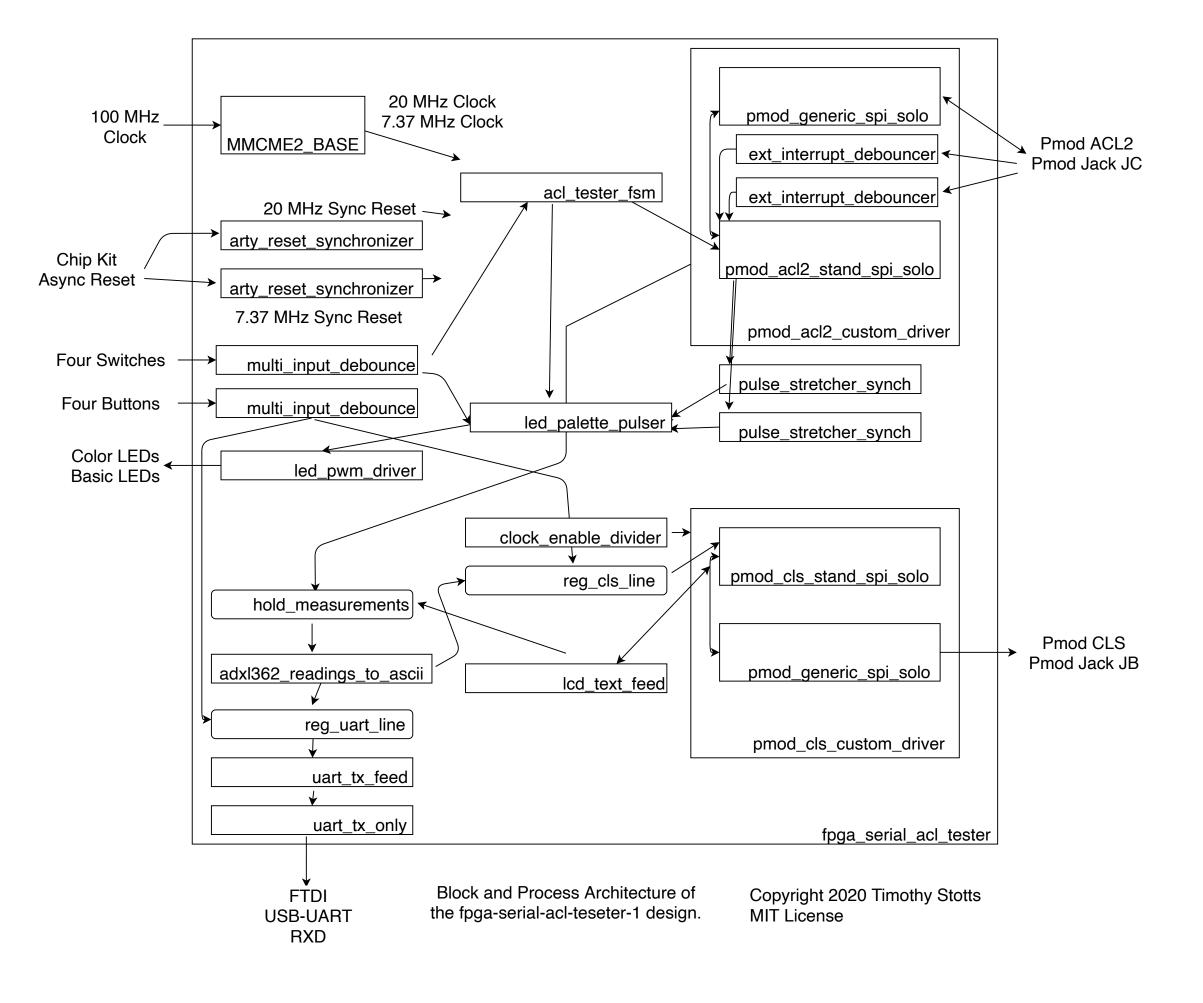
by Timothy Stotts

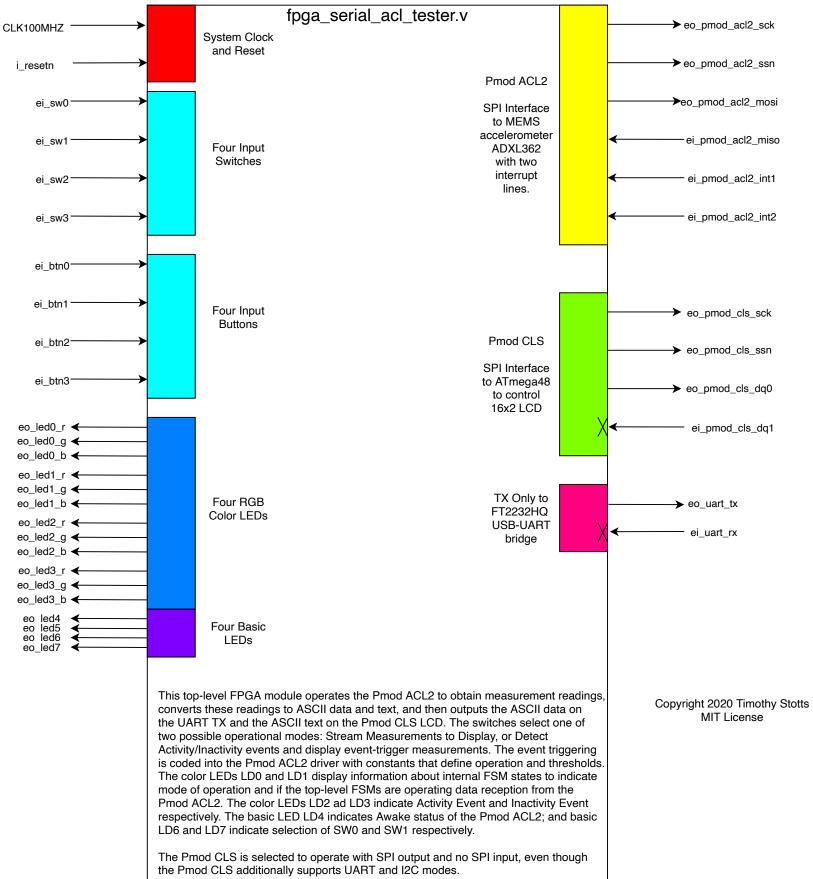
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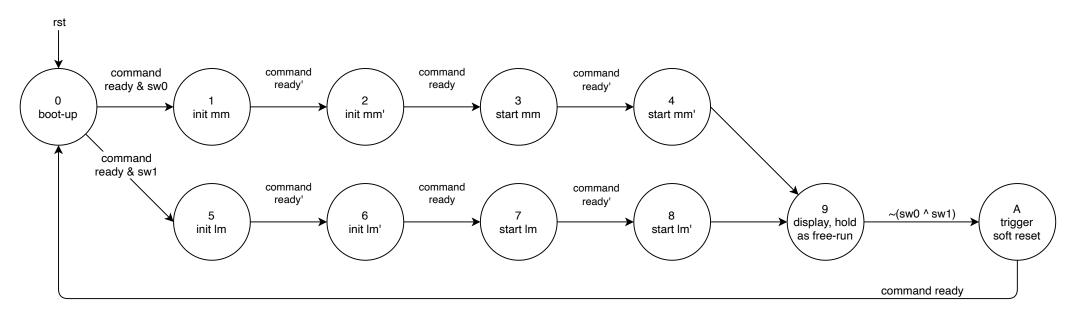
https://github.com/timothystotts/fpga-serial-acl-tester-1

ACL-Tester-Design-Diagrams document revision 10A

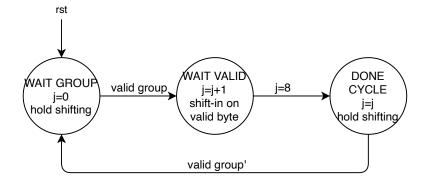




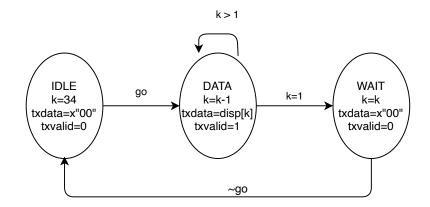




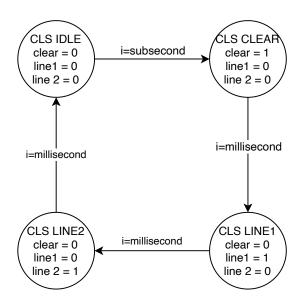
Tester FSM for operating the PMOD ACL2 driver commands.



Tester FSM to receive the streamed measurements and shift them into a bit vector.



Tester FSM to load the TX ONLY UART with a 32 character text line, plus carriage return and new line.



Tester FSM for updating the PMOD CLS display.

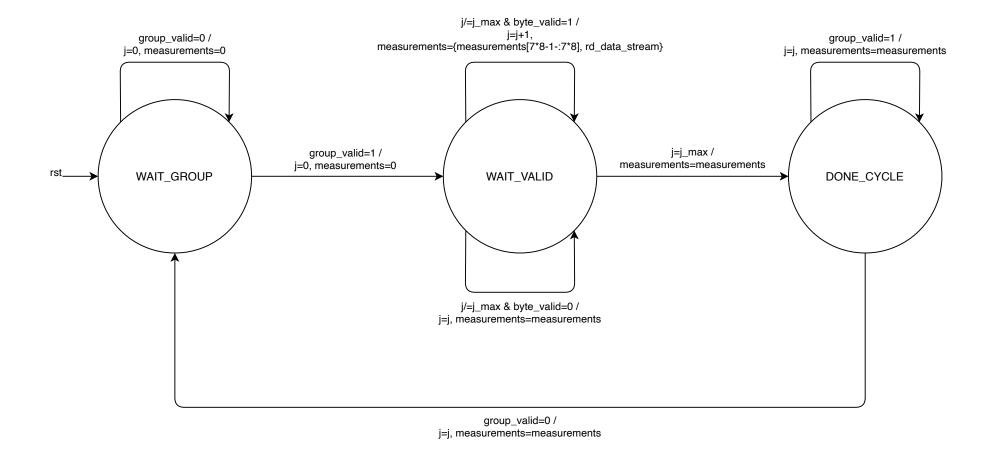
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These diagrams are incomplete. Some state-bypass preventions and iterations may not be shown. These are the original diagram draft prior to implementation.

Correction from original diagram:

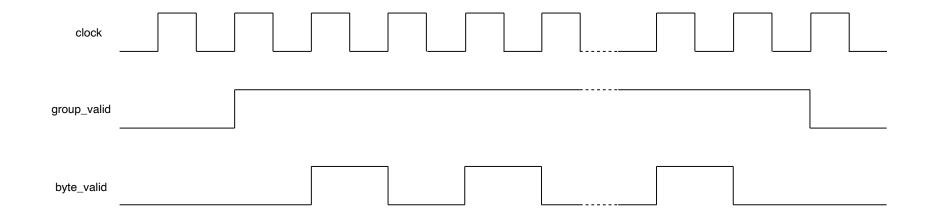
- details of the FSM outputs and recursive output
- transitions 9-A and A-O are a unique sensitivity to input command_ready in order to pulse the output soft_reset for width of as many clock cycles as required, instead of only one clock cycle. The custom ACL2 driver inputs the soft_reset signal as a level interrupt to transition to SOFTRESET_CMD after completing the current SPI operations. The command_ready remains zero before and after assertion of the soft_reset signal, and changes to one when the soft reset is complete. Preventing state bypass for these two transitions is different than the other transitions of this FSM.

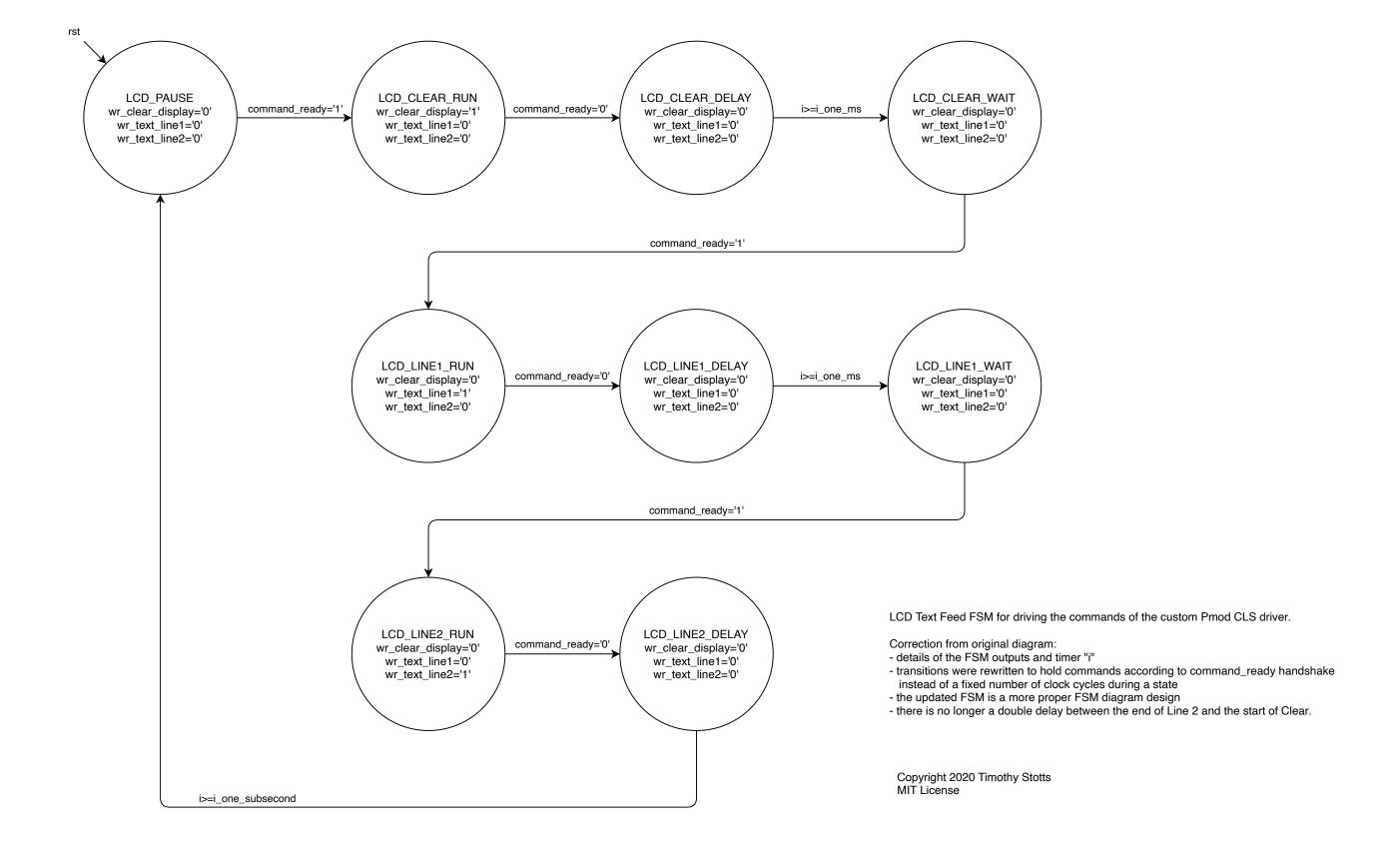
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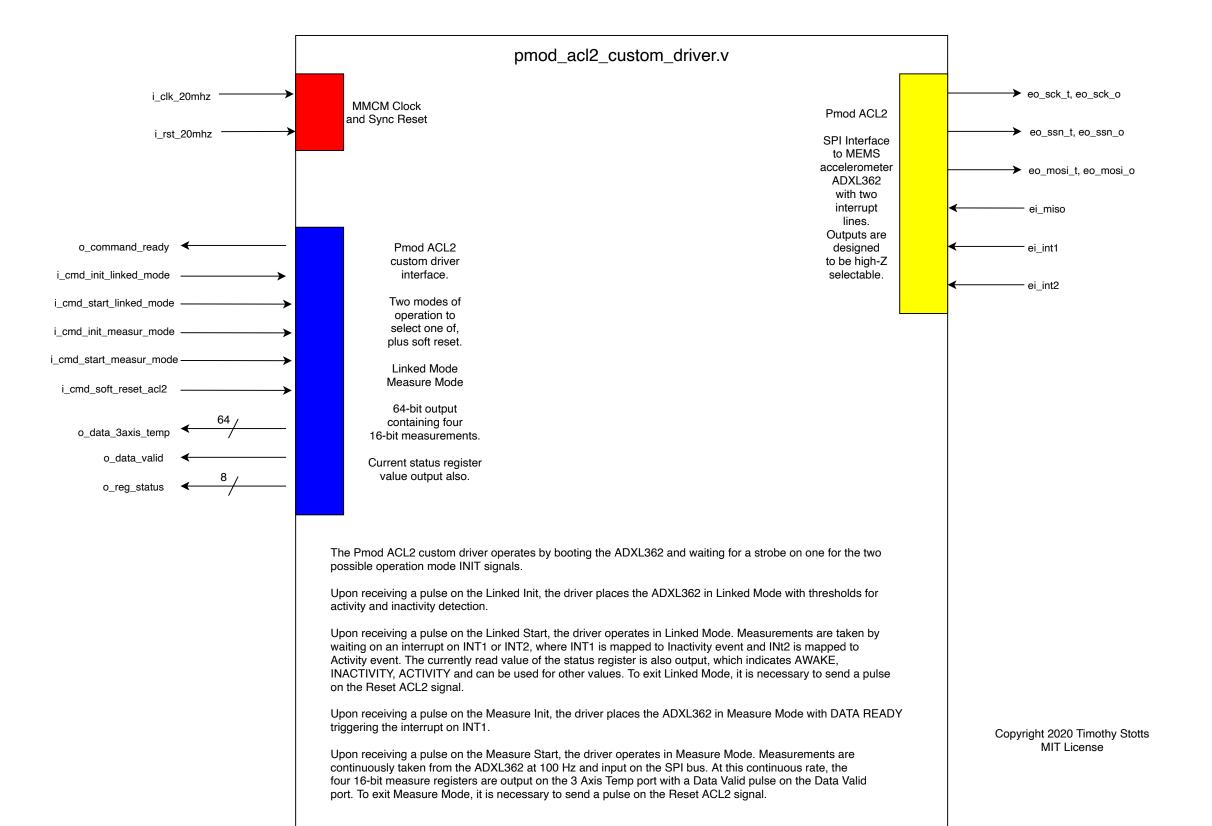


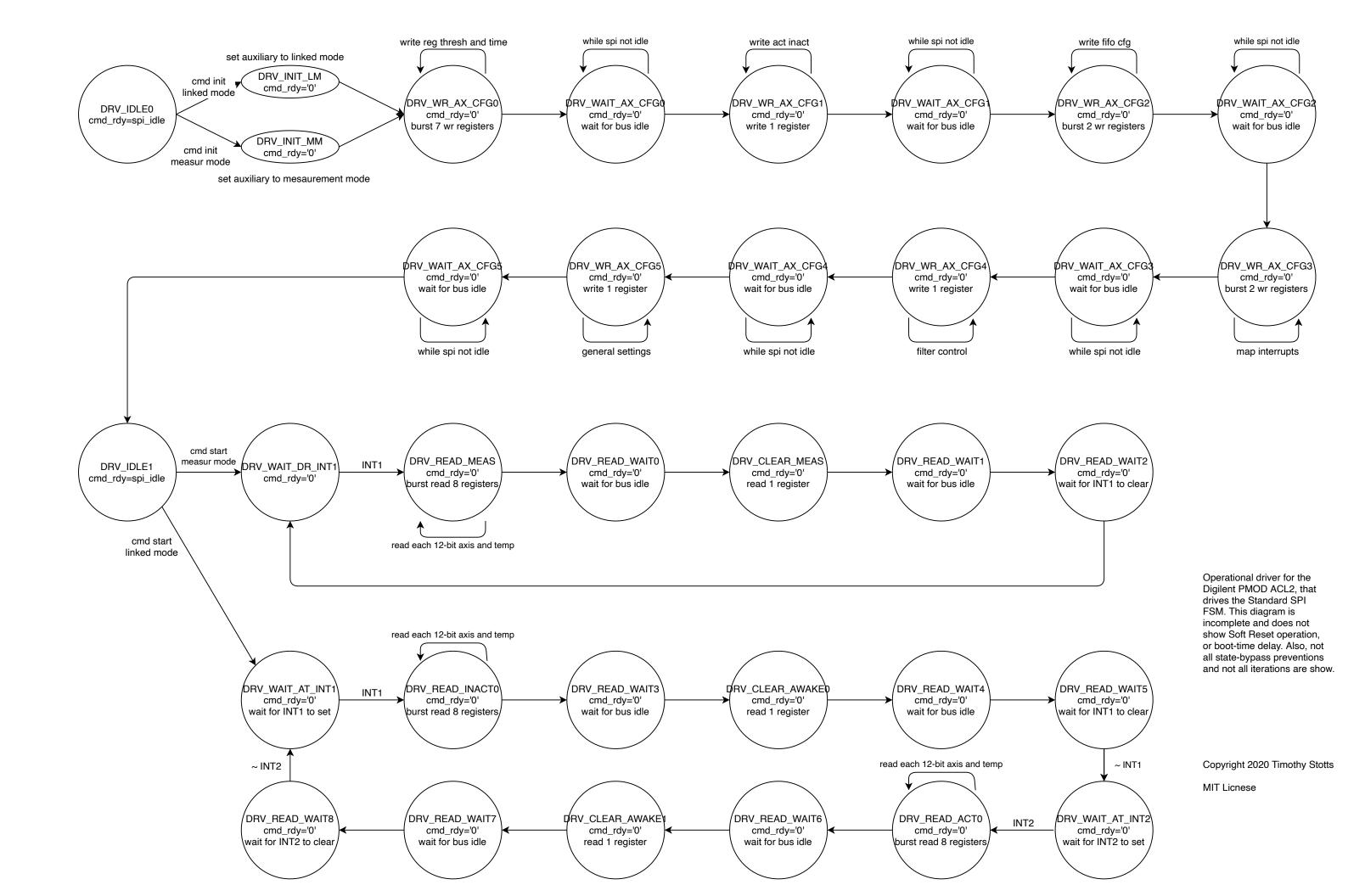
Stream FSM for capturing RX FIFO output from the ACL2 Custom Driver. A group_valid input signal is held high to indicate a set of measurement values. A byte_valid input signal is pulsed for each new byte to shift into the measurement register.

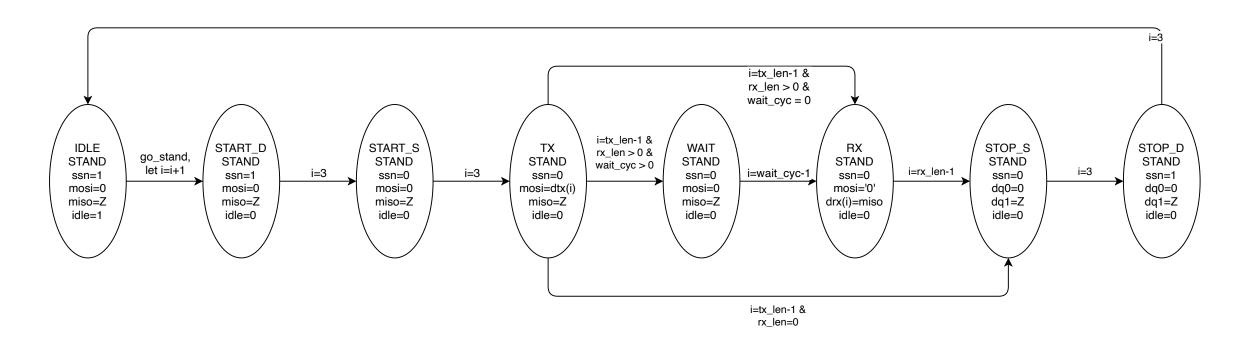
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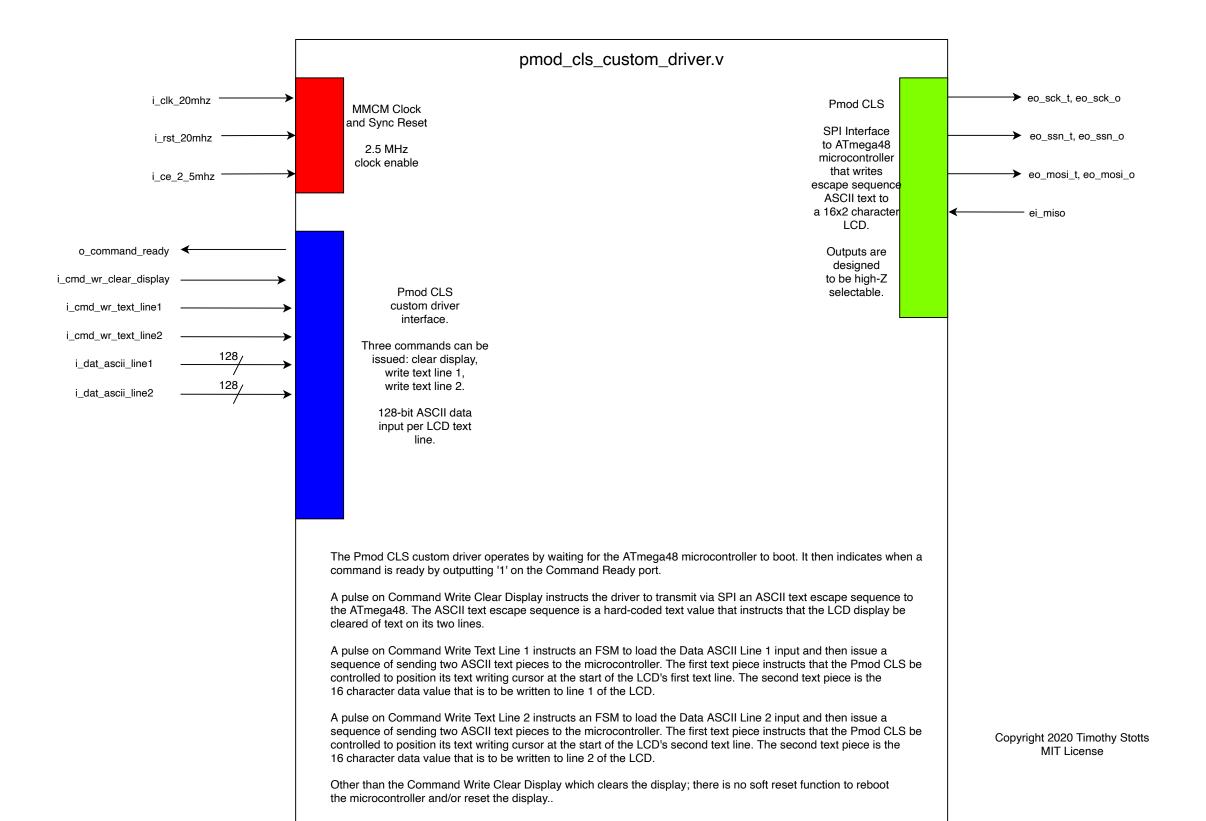


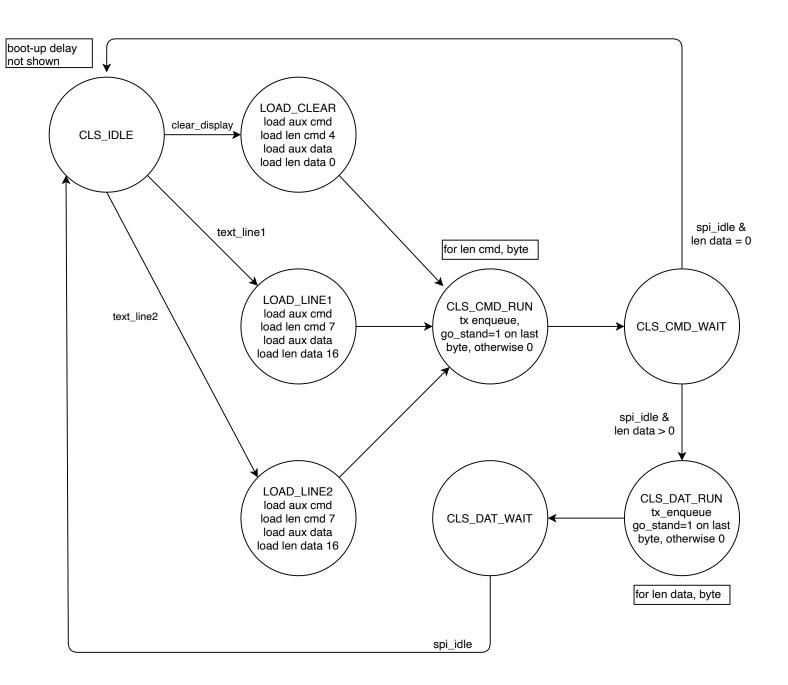


In each transition, tx_len and rx_len are to be multiplied by 8 from the FSM input signals, as it only makes sense to input into the FSM a byte count, while the FSM requires transitioning based upon a bit count.

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Generic SPI FSM, with only one SPI slave on the bus.

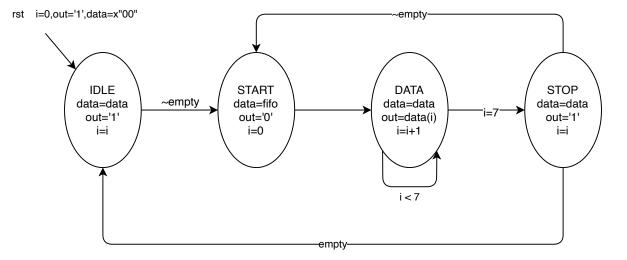




A FSM to operate the Digilent Inc. PMOD CLS LCD display communication via the single slave SPI-machine FSM of this document.

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This diagram is incomplete and does not show boot-time delay. Also, some state-bypass preventions and iterations may not be shown.



A TX ONLY UART output to UART chip from the FPGA, with the FSM executing at BAUD rate as its clock enable.

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Full 4-button combined debouncer.

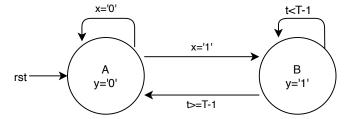
x is defined as a four-bit value.

x_prev is defined as a four-bit value that holds the previous clock cycle value of x. x_store is defined as a four-bit value that holds the value of x and updates the debouncer FSM entered state C during the transition BC..

The registers x_prev and x_store could be combined into one register, with its capture of X being a clock-enable during transitions and states of a more complex diagram.

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Moore FSM for a synchronous pulse stretcher of signal X that lasts for a duration less than T, with Y lasting exactly T cycles.

Textbook Figure 8.28. quoted from:

Finite State Machines in Hardware: Theory and Design (with VHDL and SystemVerilog) by Volnei A. Pedroni, reprinted courtesy of The MIT Press