| Revision | Date | Author | Comments |
|----------|------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1A | 2020-06-22 | Tim S. | First publishable draft of the serial |
| | | timothystotts08@gmail.com | accelerometer readings tester |
| 2A | 2020-06-24 | Tim S. | Additional design operation details. |
| | | timothystotts08@gmail.com | |

https://github.com/timothystotts/fpga-serial-acl-tester-1

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Serial ACL Readings-Tester Experiment

Serial ACL Readings-Tester Experiment: Folder Structure

ACL Readings designs with equivalent function of performing a three-axis reading and displaying them on an LCD and USB terminal.

| Project Folder | Project Description |
|---|--|
| ACL-Tester-Design-Single-Clock- Verilog (Vivado 2019.1) | A utility designed for a custom operation of a serial accelerometer and displaying milli-g-force readings on both an LCD and a serial terminal. The design is completely in Verilog RTL and visual VHDL test-bench without a soft processor. Multiple clock domains exist; and each 7 MHz or faster domain is controlled by a MMCM, and each slower domain is controlled by a clock enable divider RTL dividing a MMCM clock by clock enable pulse instead of clock division. Clock dividers are only used for the generation of an output clock that outputs at a bus port on the FPGA. |
| ACL-Tester-Design-Single-Clock-VHDL (Vivado 2019.1) | A utility designed for a custom operation of a serial accelerometer and displaying milli-g-force readings on both an LCD and a serial terminal. The design is completely in VHDL RTL and visual VHDL test-bench without a soft processor. Multiple clock domains exist; and each 7 MHz or faster domain is controlled by a MMCM, and each slower domain is controlled by a clock enable divider RTL dividing a MMCM clock by clock enable pulse instead of clock division. Clock dividers are only used for the generation of an output clock that outputs at a bus port on the FPGA. |
| ACL-Tester-Design-AXI (Vivado 2019.1 and SDK 2019.1) | A utility designed for custom operation of a serial accelerometer and displaying milli-g-force readings on both an LCD and a serial terminal. The design is completely in Microblaze AXI subsystem with standard Xilinx IP Integrator components plus Digilent Inc. User IP, and C language program executing on the Microblaze soft processor. |

For the ACL-Tester-Design-AXI project, the BSP of the bootloader and the BSP of the application require that the flash family parameter be set in the xilisf configuration on the BSP configure page. The default value is 1, but must be changed to 5 as the Arty-A7-100T board has a Spansion 128Mbit serial flash for booting the FPGA.

To successfully open the project, it is necessary to add the directory arty-a7-100 or arty-a7-35 from the

directory board_files/ to the installation directory of Vivado 2019.1 and SDK 2019.1. For example:

\$ which vivado
/opt/Xilinx/Vivado/2019.1/bin/vivado
\$ cd ./board_files
\$ sudo cp -R ./arty-a7-100 ./arty-a7-35 /opt/Xilinx/Vivado/2019.1/data/boards/board_files/
\$ sudo cp -R ./arty-a7-100 ./arty-a7-35 /opt/Xilinx/SDK/2019.1/data/boards/board_files/

Note that the Digilent Guide at https://reference.digilentinc.com/vivado/installing-vivado/2018.2 indicates that an initialization script can be executed in the user's profile to set up a path to additional board files. It is the experience of this author that the TCL initialization script provides an intermittent or non-functional detection of the board files in the user's home folder. By copying to the install directory of the tool, the board files are always found. Otherwise, the following TCL command is supposed to instruct Vivado to locate the board files:

set param board.repoPaths [list "<extracted path>/Vivado/board files"]

Serial ACL Readings-Tester Experiment: Methods of Operation

The purpose of the design is to boot a Digilent Inc. Arty-A7-100T (Artix-7) development board with PMOD CLS and PMOD ACL peripheral boards, which are a 16x2 Character dot-matrix LCD display, and a 3-axis MEMS Accelerometer, respectively. Each PMOD connects to the FPGA with its own dedicated SPI bus via a higher-speed plug and jack. The PMOD CLS connects to board PMOD port JB. The PMOD ACL2 connects to board PMOD port JC.

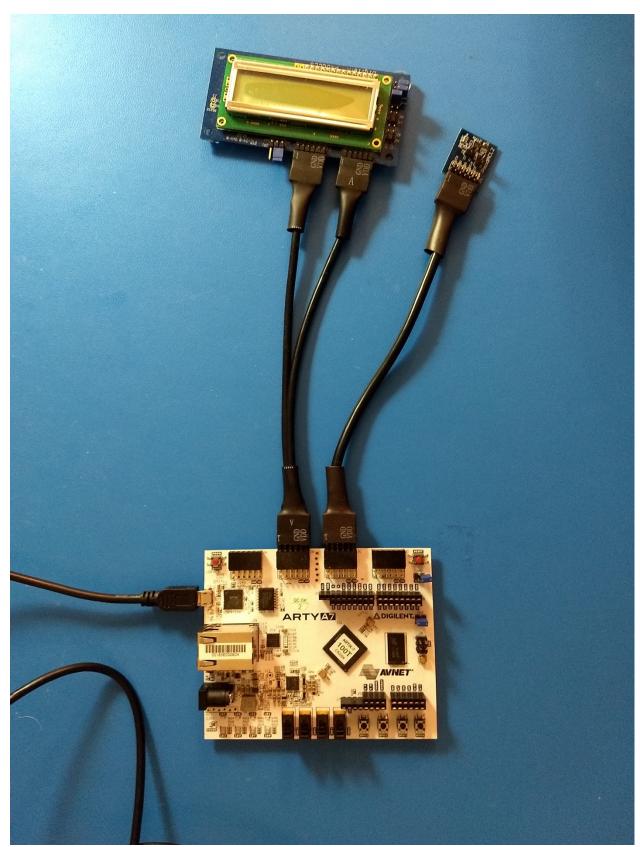


Figure 1: Arty-A7-100T Assembled with Pmod CLS and Pmod ACL2.

Serial ACL Readings-Tester Experiment: Method of Operation: streaming three-axis readings and displaying them, with alternate mode of activity detection

Serial ACL Readings-Tester Experiment: Design Operation

In the three implementations (AXI, Verilog, VHDL), the four switches sw0, sw1, sw2, sw3, are debounced and processed as mutually exclusive inputs. When switch 0 is exclusively selected to the ON position, the Tester design controls the PMOD ACL2 to stream 3-axis and compensating temperature readings at a rate of 100 Hz, and display readings at a rate of under 5 Hz. When switch 1 is exclusively selected to the ON position, the Tester design controls the PMOD ACL2 to detect motion activity and inactivity by thresholds. Each time there is an activity event, LD3 is lit green instead of red momentarily and a single reading from the PMOD ACL is displayed. Each time there is an inactivity event, LD4 is lit green instead of red momentarily and a single reading from the PMOD ACL is displayed.

Upon power-up, with the four switches not selected an operational mode, the LD0 displays Red to indicate that the measurements are not running. The LD1 displays Red to indicate that no operational mode is currently running. The LD2 and LD3 display Red to indicate Activity detection and Inactivity detection events, respectively, are not occurring.

Upon positioning switch 0 alone to ON, the LD0 transitions from Red to Blue to Green to indicate that measurements are running. The LD1 displays White to indicate that the Pmod ACL2's ADXL362 chip is operating in Measurement Mode and that acceleration readings are streaming from the ADXL362 to display in ASCII on the Pmod CLS and on the Digilent USB-UART at 115200 baud. The display on the Pmod CLS is in floating-point milli-g-force and raw compensating temperature; and the display on the Digilent USB-UART is four raw register readings per line for ability to be parsed by a desktop utility. LD2 may blink Green occasionally to indicate Activity events, and LD3 remains Red.

Upon positioning switch 1 alone to ON, the LD0 transitions from Red to Blue to Green to indicate that measurements are running. The LD1 displays Purple to indicate that the ADXL362 is operating in Linked Mode with activity detection. Every time the Pmod ACL2 is moved above a modest threshold of motion, the LD2 displays Green momentarily to indicate that the ADXL362 has determined an Activity event. When the Pmod ACL2 is left motionless on a desk, the LD3 displays Green momentarily to indicate that the ADXL362 has determined an Inactivity event. Note that if an Activity event does not display even with modest movement of the Pmod ACL2, it may be necessary to wait several seconds with the Pmod ACL2 at rest for an Inactivity event to occur. After this, the ADXL362 is ready to detect the next Activity event.

Serial ACL Readings-Tester Experiment: Design Theory

Conceptual-only FSM diagrams are also included in the PDF document ACL-Design-Documents/ACL-Tester-Design-Diagrams.pdf.

Note that in the AXI Design, drivers downloaded from Digilent Inc. for the PMOD ACL2 and PMOD CLS are used in the block design with some minimal modification to target the Arty-A7-100T. The AXI example demonstrates integration of vendor components plus adding additional C code. The Git repository contains a submodule that pulls from a branch of the author's fork of the Digilent Vivado-library repository on GitHub.

Serial ACL Readings-Tester Experiment: 3rd-party references:

How To Store Your SDK Project in SPI Flash https://reference.digilentinc.com/learn/programmable-logic/tutorials/htsspisf/start

Master XDC files for all Digilent Inc. boards, including Arty-A7-100T https://github.com/Digilent/digilent-xdc

Digilent Inc IP library for Xilinx Vivado https://github.com/Digilent/vivado-library/