

FPGA Serial Accelerometer Tester, Version 1

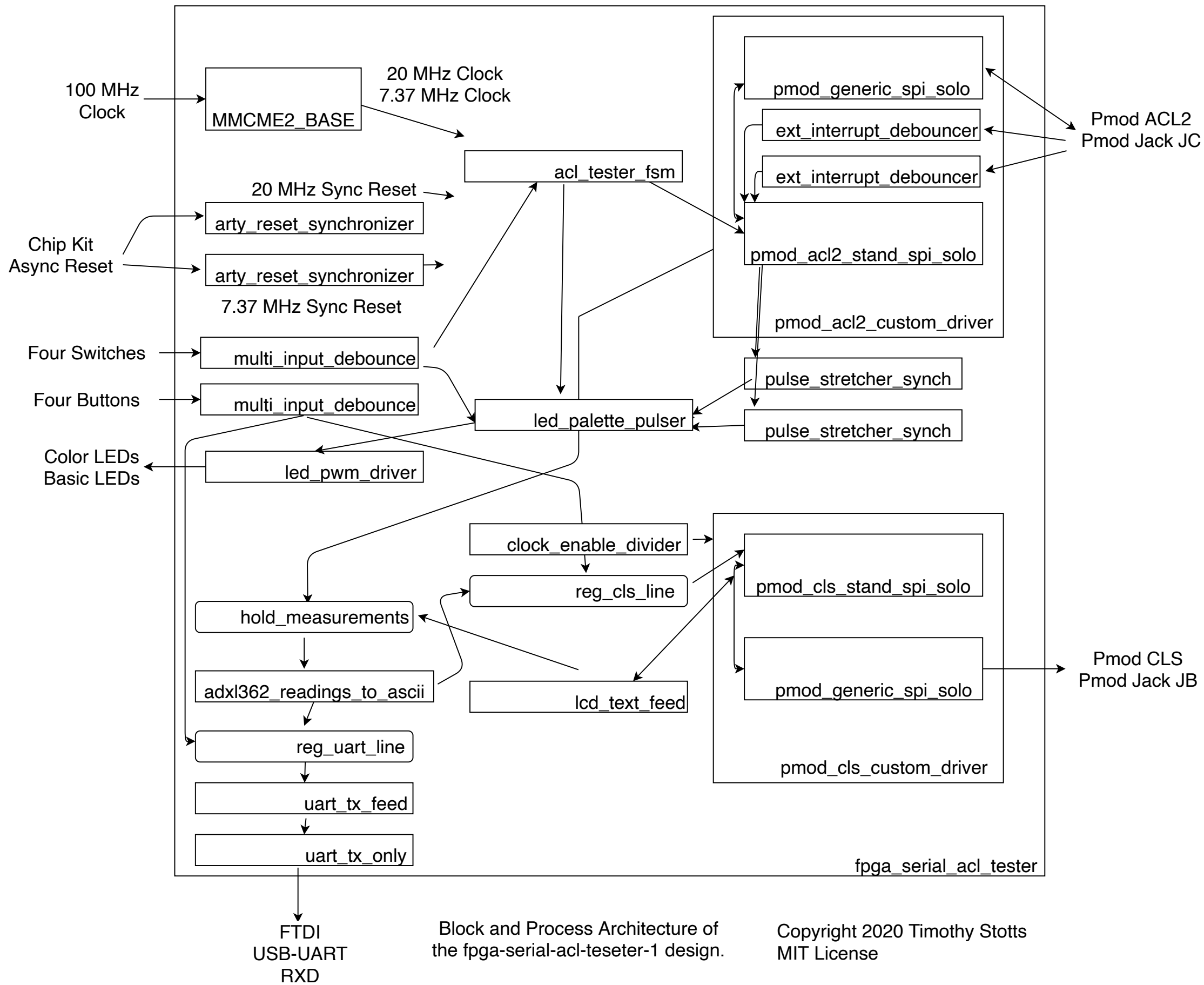
by Timothy Stotts

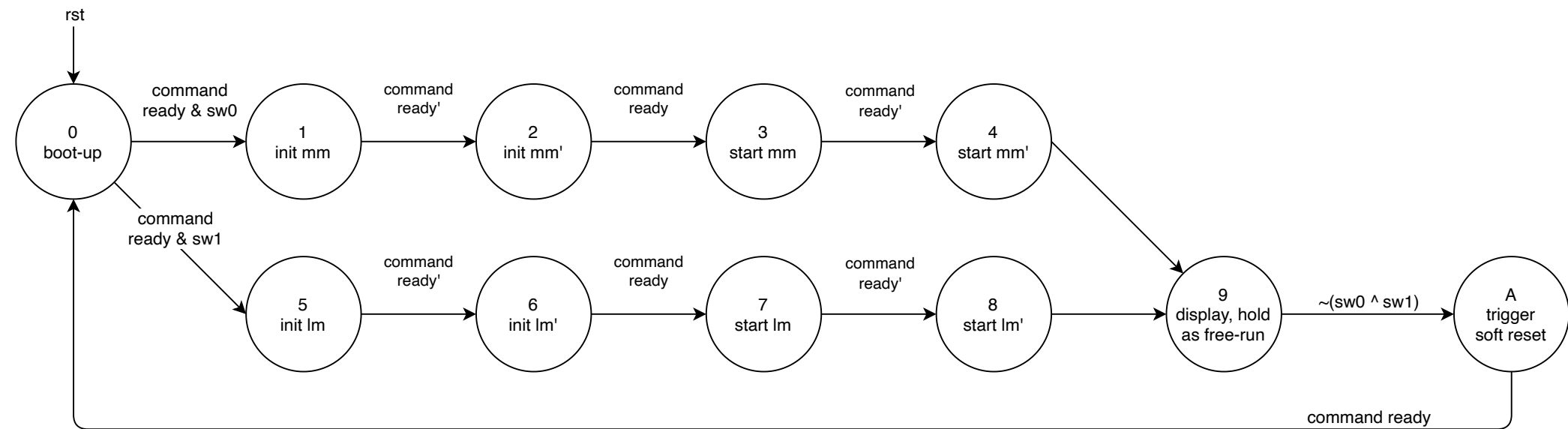
Copyright 2020 Timothy Stotts
MIT License

Hosted at:

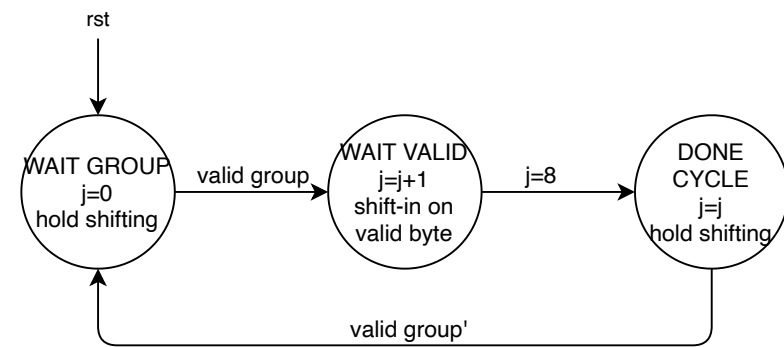
<https://github.com/timothystotts/fpga-serial-acl-tester-1>

ACL-Tester-Design-Diagrams document revision 12A

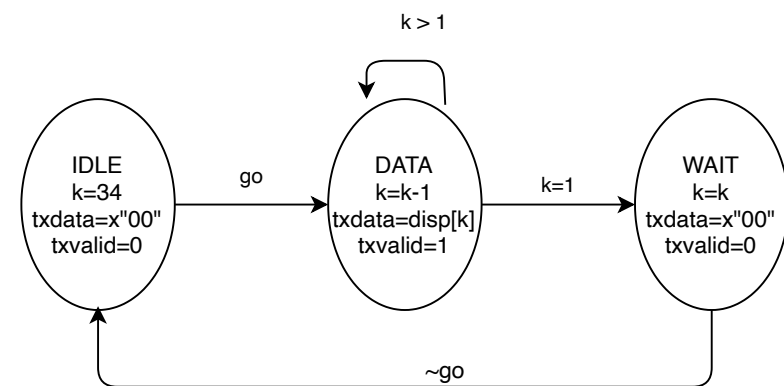




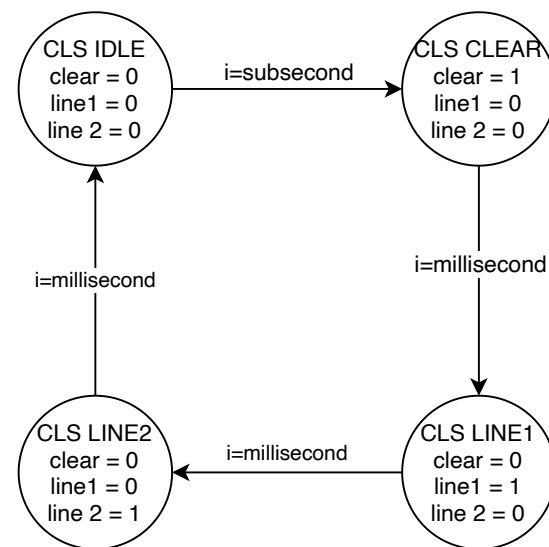
Tester FSM for operating the PMOD ACL2 driver commands.



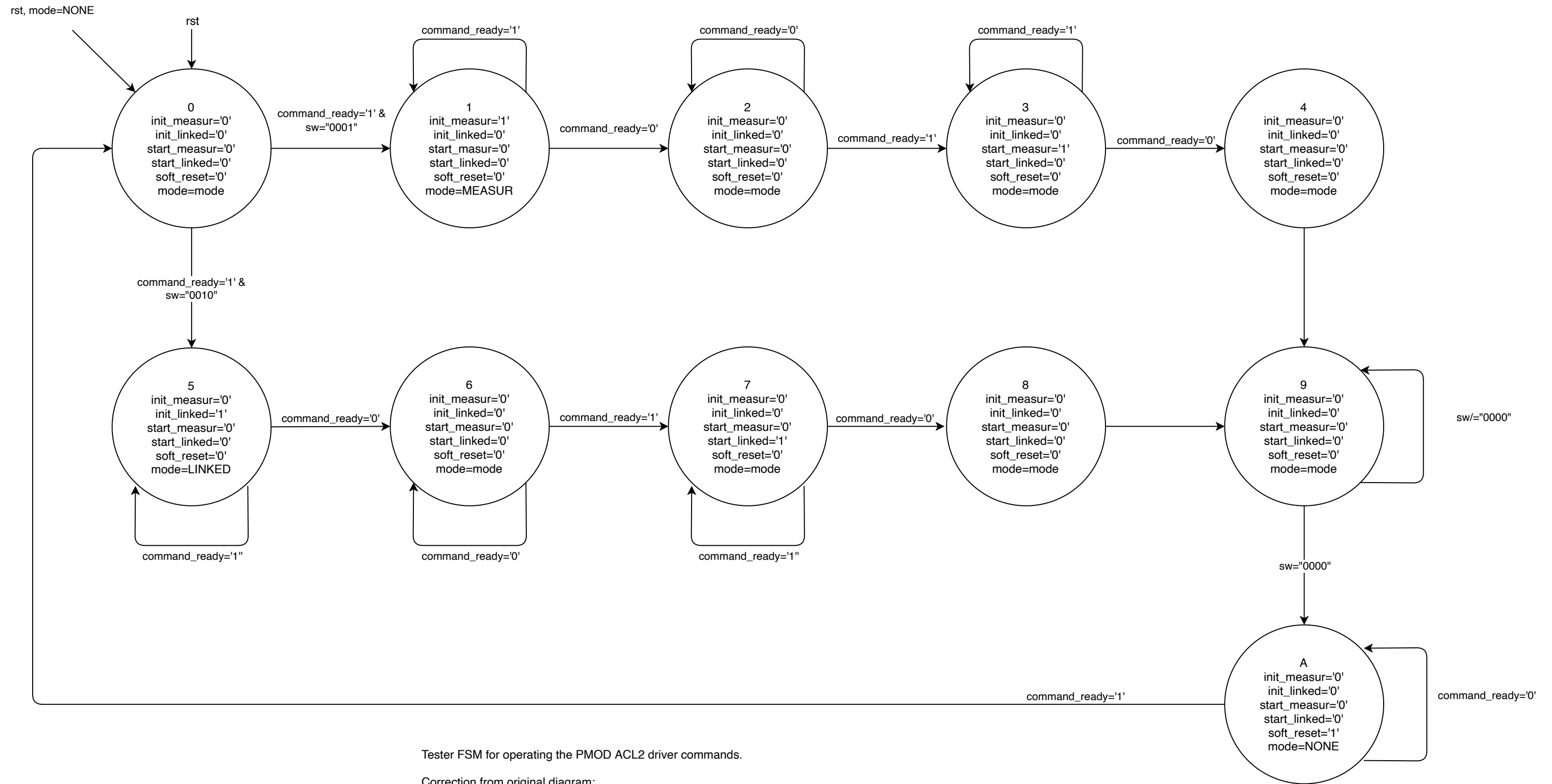
Tester FSM to receive the streamed measurements and shift them into a bit vector.



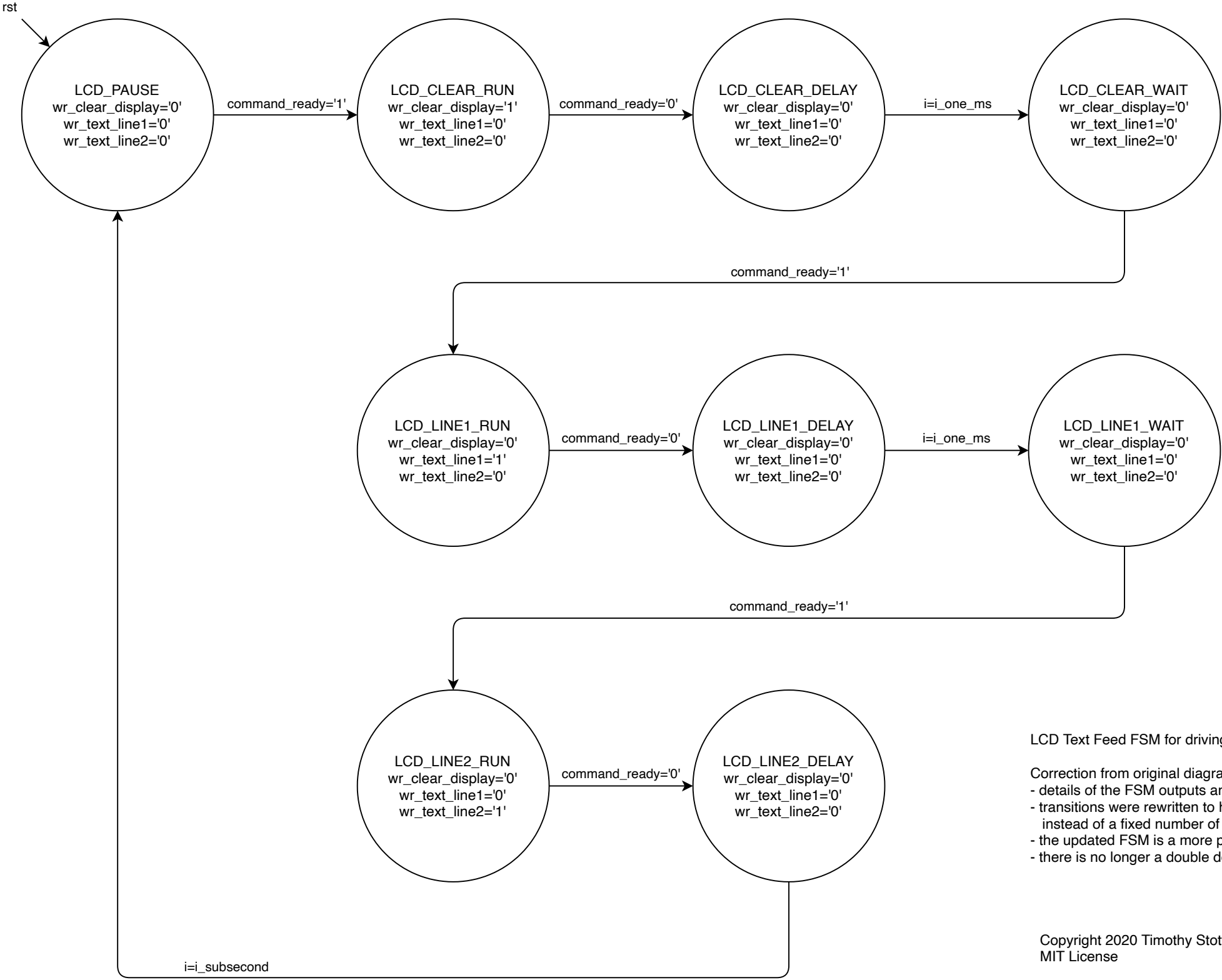
Tester FSM to load the TX ONLY UART with a 32 character text line, plus carriage return and new line.



Tester FSM for updating the PMOD CLS display.



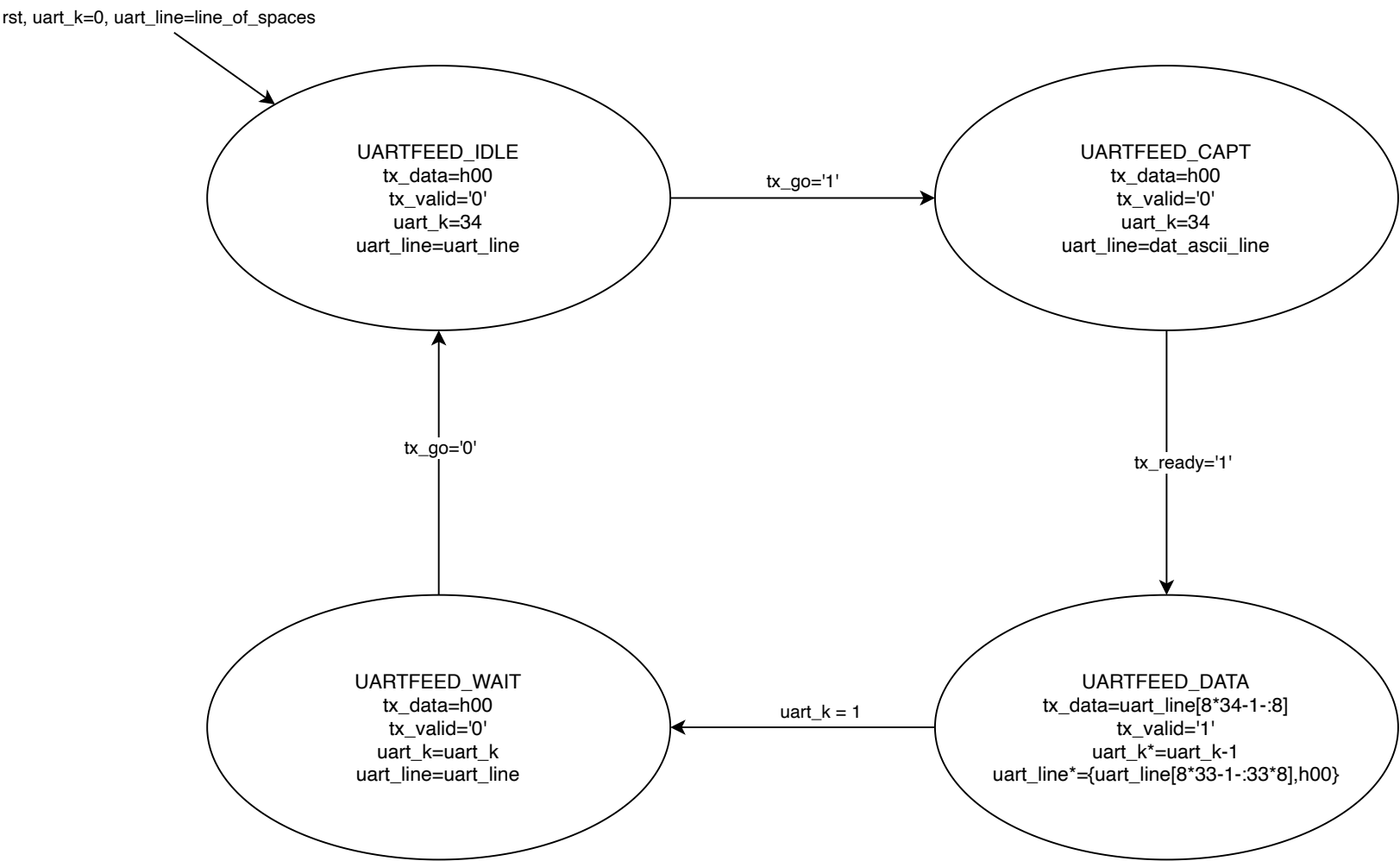
Copyright 2020 Timothy Stotts
MIT License



LCD Text Feed FSM for driving the commands of the custom Pmod CLS driver.

Correction from original diagram:

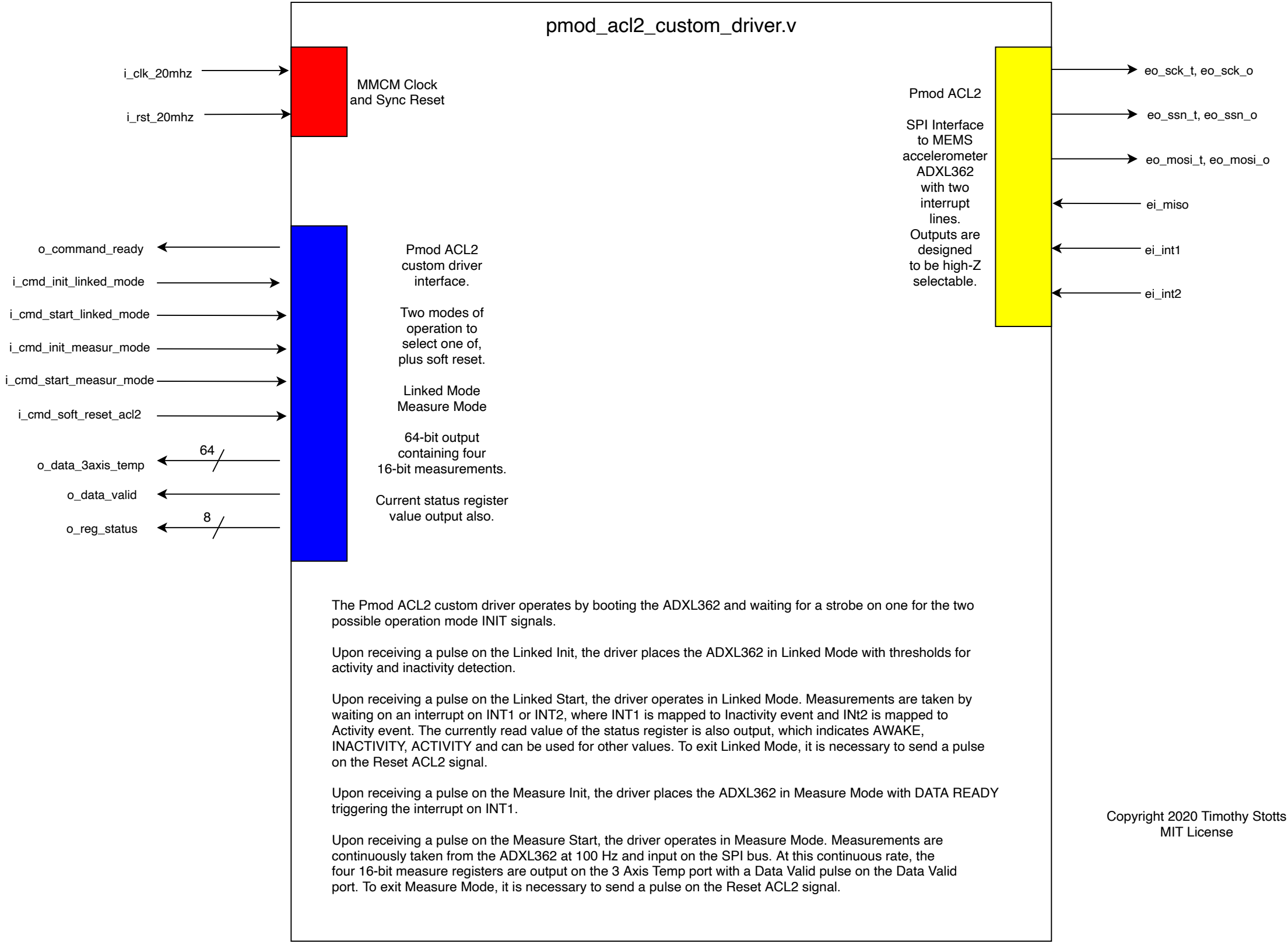
- details of the FSM outputs and timer "i"
- transitions were rewritten to hold commands according to `command_ready` handshake instead of a fixed number of clock cycles during a state
- the updated FSM is a more proper FSM diagram design
- there is no longer a double delay between the end of Line 2 and the start of Clear.

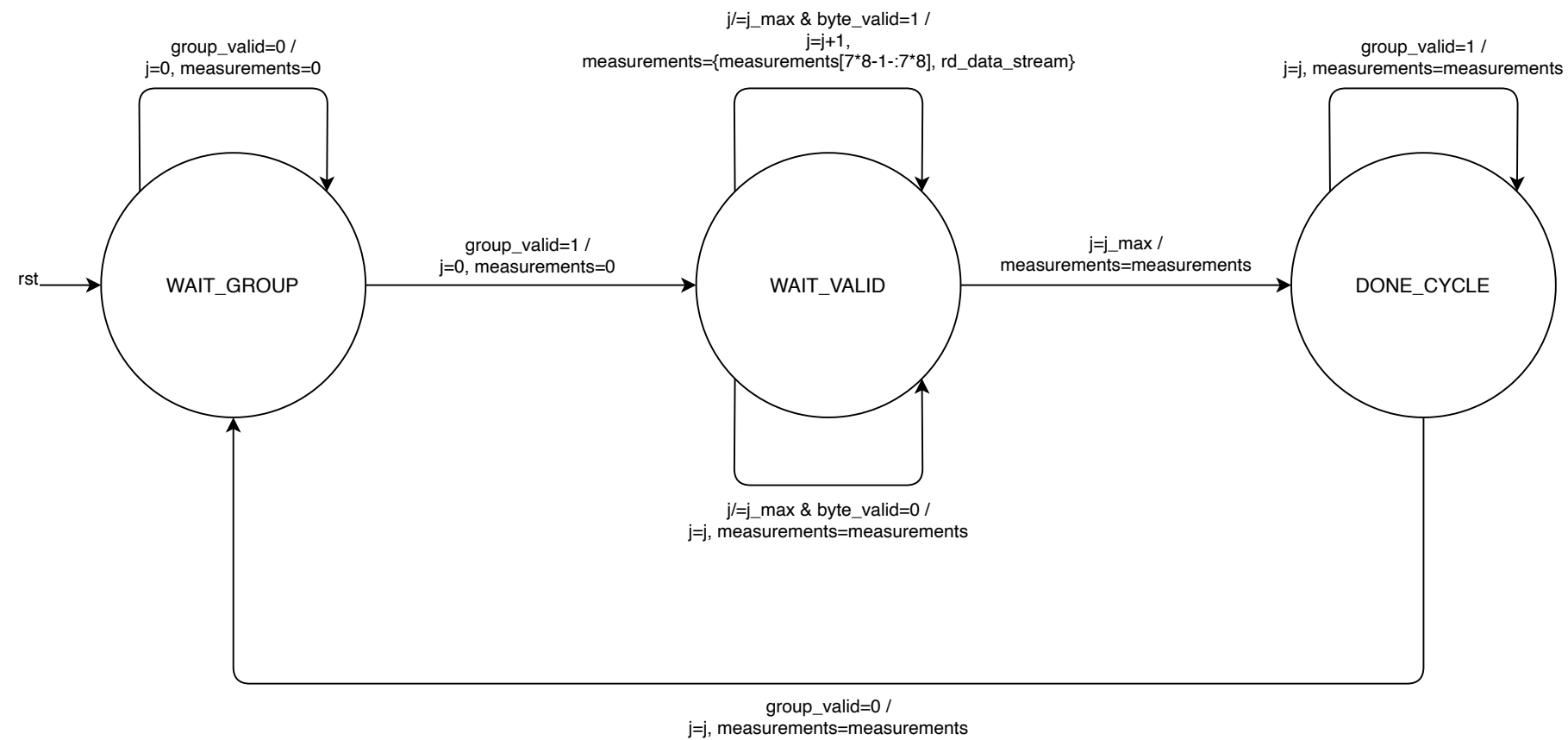


UART TX Feed FSM

This FSM feeds the TX FIFO of the `uart_tx_only` module.
The data to feed to the TX FIFO is always a 34 8-bit character line of ASCII text.
The `tx_go` input is triggered by the corresponding `wr_clear_display` pulse on the Pmod CLS custom driver, such that the UART TX Feed occurs when the LCD is starting to update on the FSM cycle of that driver.

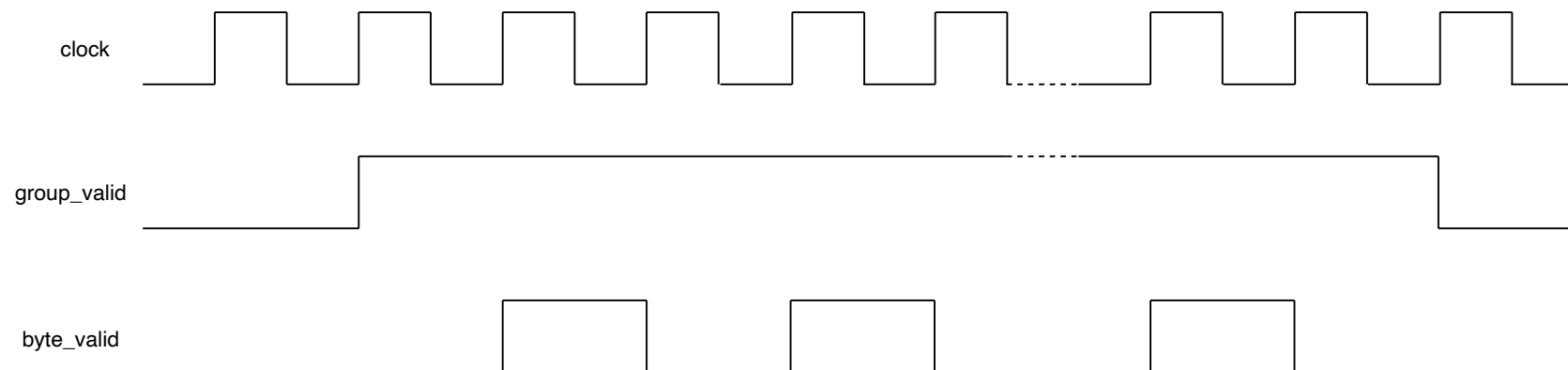
Copyright 2020 Timothy Stotts
MIT License





Stream FSM for capturing RX FIFO output from the ACL2 Custom Driver.
 A group_valid input signal is held high to indicate a set of measurement values.
 A byte_valid input signal is pulsed for each new byte to shift into the measurement register.

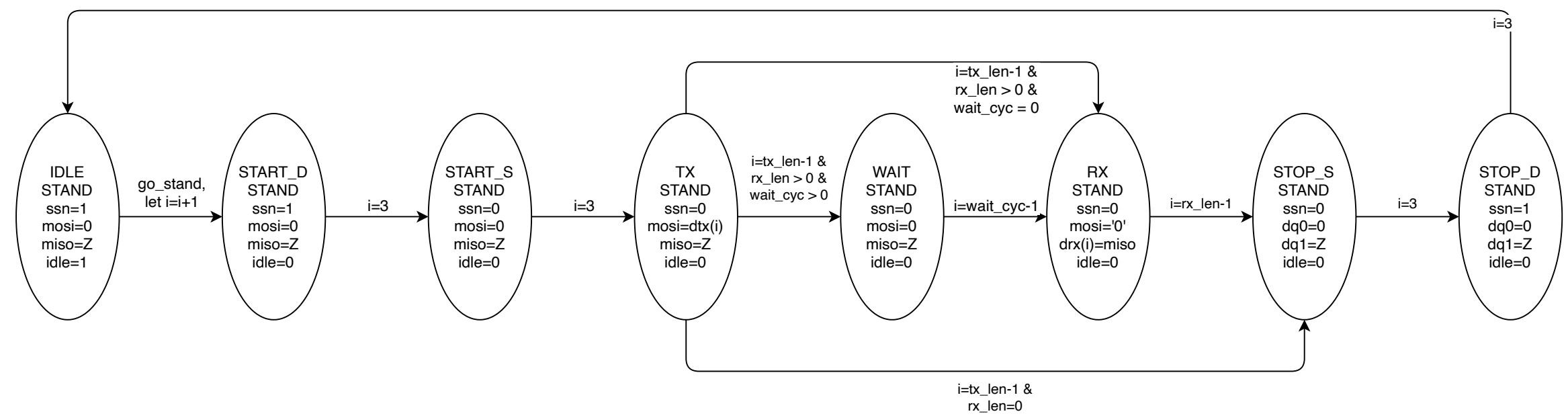
Copyright 2020 Timothy Stotts
 MIT License





Operational driver for the Digilent PMOD ACL2, that drives the Standard SPI FSM. This diagram is incomplete and does not show Soft Reset operation, or boot-time delay. Also, not all state-bypass preventions and not all iterations are show.

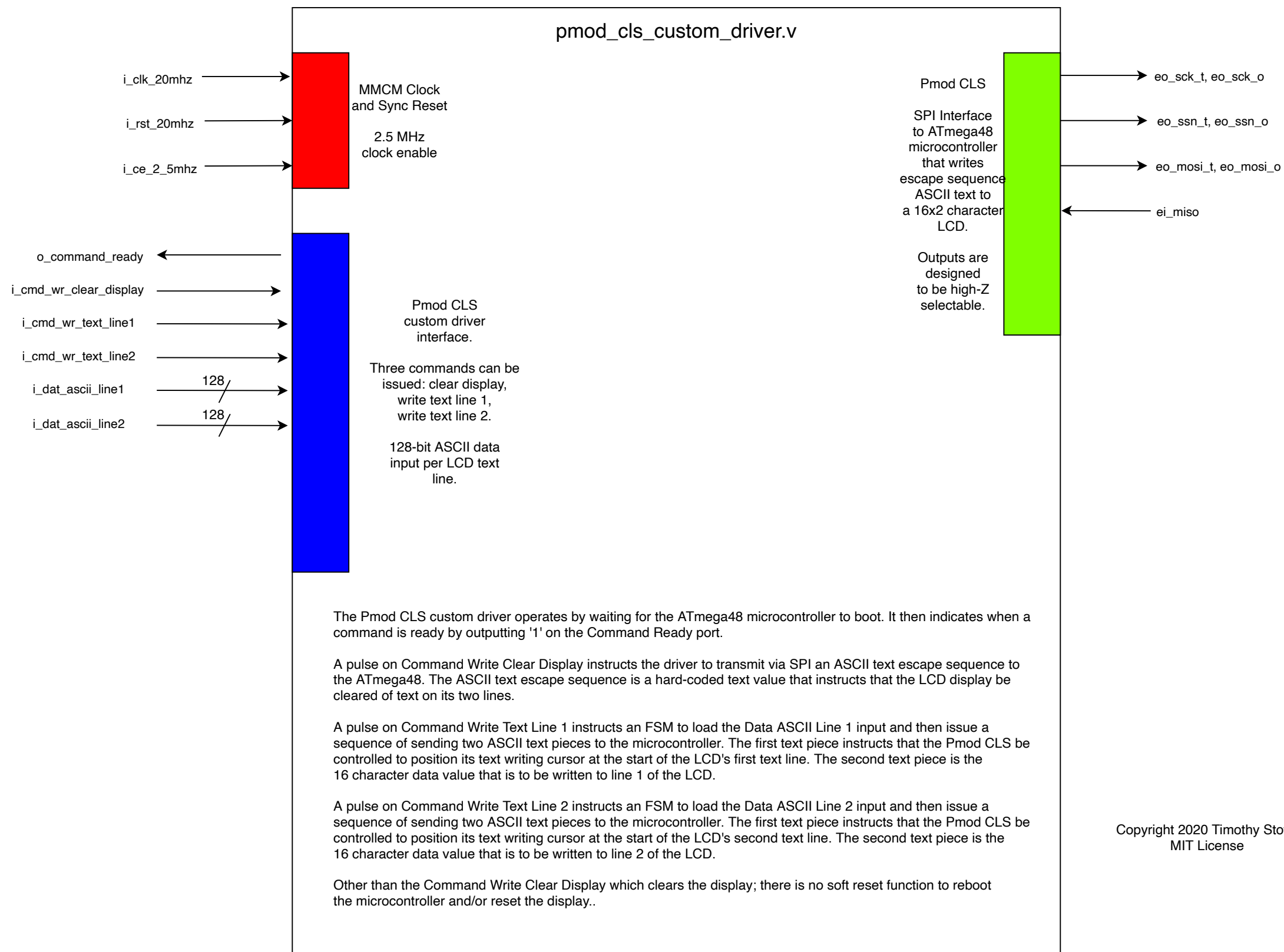
Copyright 2020 Timothy Stotts
MIT Licnese

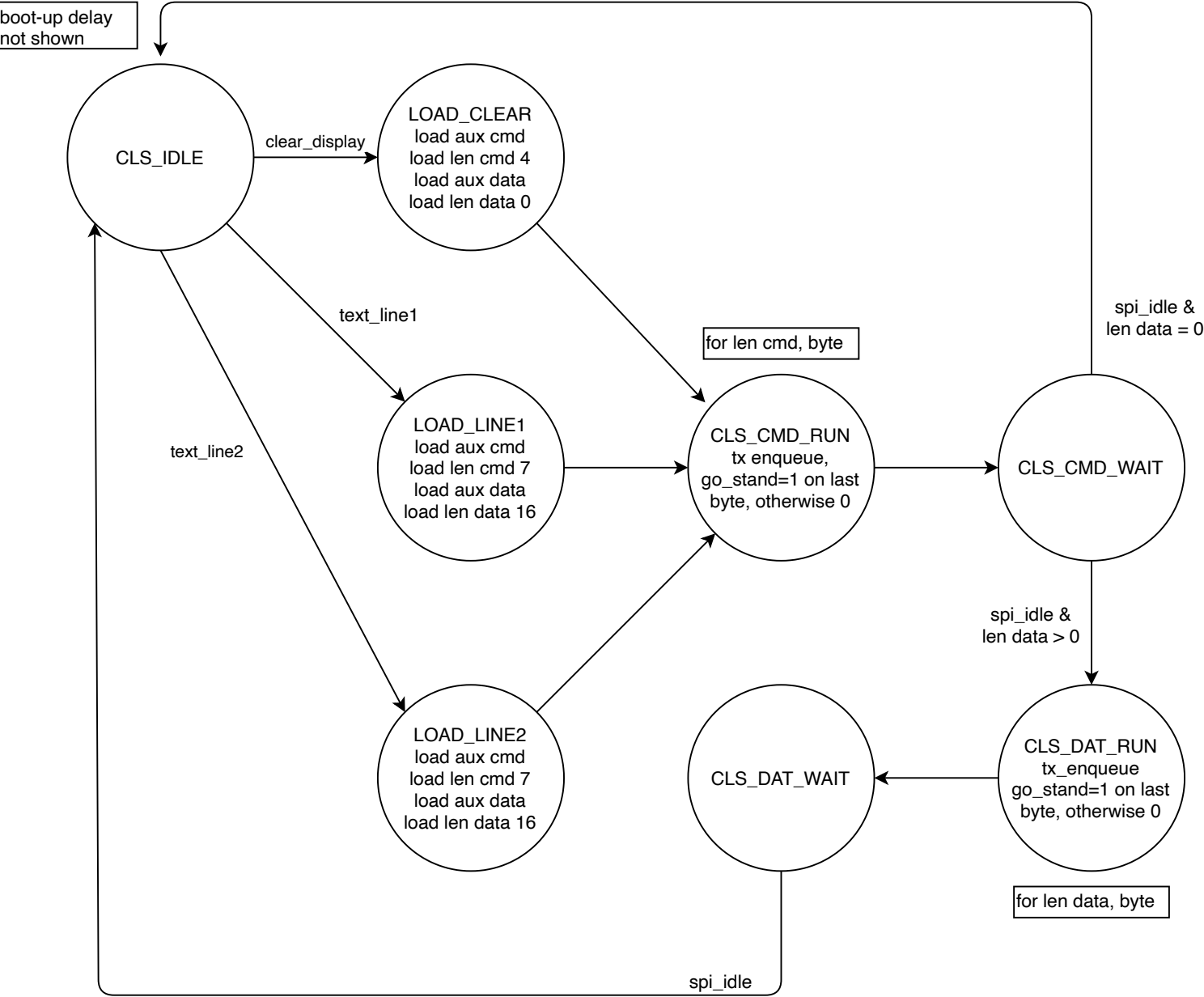


In each transition, tx_len and rx_len are to be multiplied by 8 from the FSM input signals, as it only makes sense to input into the FSM a byte count, while the FSM requires transitioning based upon a bit count.

Copyright 2020 Timothy Stotts
MIT License

Generic SPI FSM, with only one SPI slave on the bus.

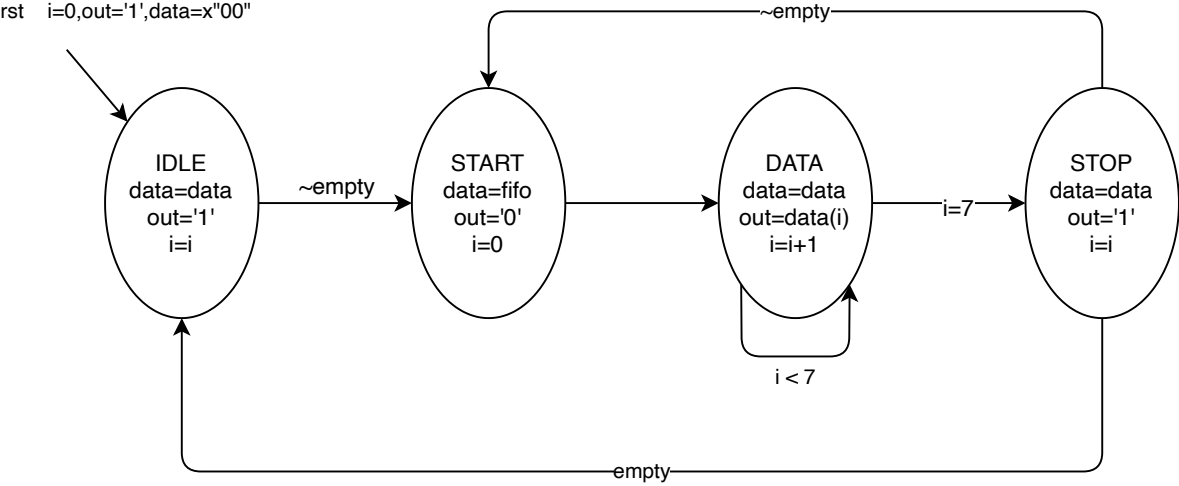




A FSM to operate the Digilent Inc. PMOD CLS LCD display communication via the single slave SPI-machine FSM of this document.

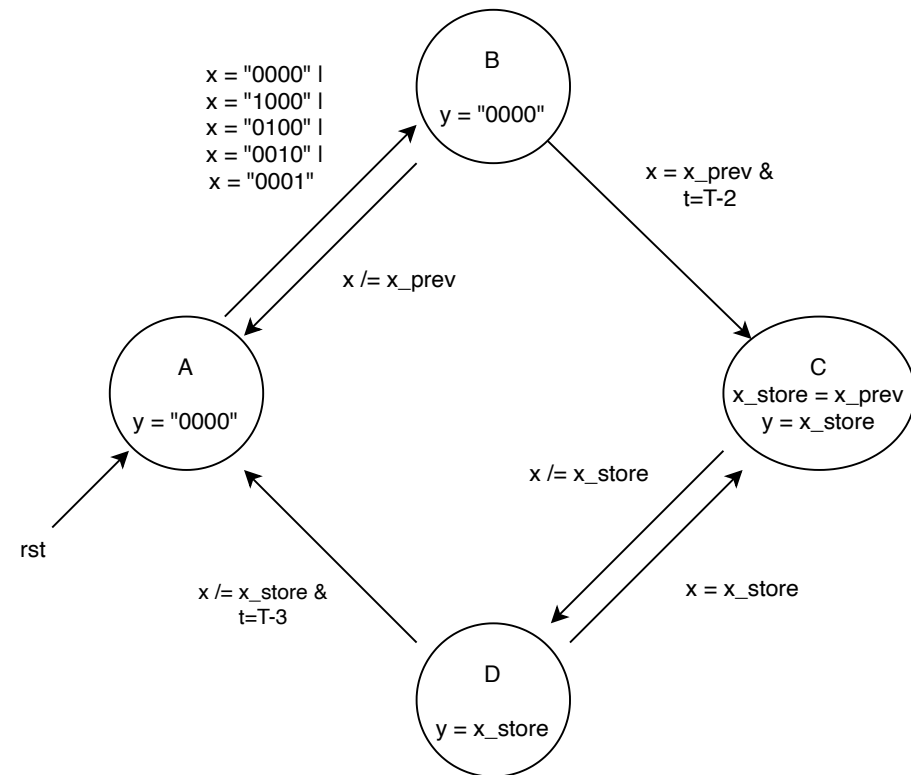
This diagram is incomplete and does not show boot-time delay. Also, some state-bypass preventions and iterations may not be shown.

Copyright 2020 Timothy Stotts
MIT License



A TX ONLY UART output to UART chip from the FPGA, with the FSM executing at BAUD rate as its clock enable.

Copyright 2020 Timothy Stotts
MIT License



Full 4-button combined debouncer.

x is defined as a four-bit value.

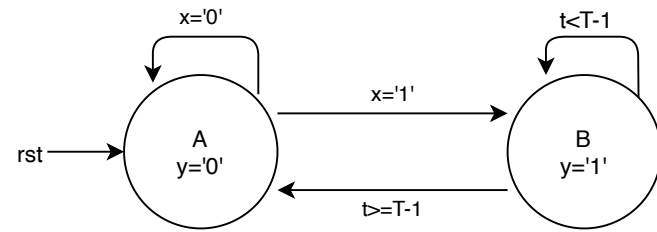
x_prev is defined as a four-bit value that holds the previous clock cycle value of x.

x_store is defined as a four-bit value that holds the value of x and updates the debouncer FSM entered state C during the transition BC..

The registers x_prev and x_store could be combined into one register, with its capture of X being a clock-enable during transitions and states of a more complex diagram.

Copyright 2020 Timothy Stotts

MIT License. Refer to LICENSE
file included with this software.



Moore FSM for a synchronous pulse stretcher of signal X that lasts for a duration less than T, with Y lasting exactly T cycles.

Textbook Figure 8.28. quoted from:

Finite State Machines in Hardware: Theory and Design (with VHDL and SystemVerilog)
by Volnei A. Pedroni,
reprinted courtesy of The MIT Press