

```
# ⚡ HTTP Monitors

> **Series:** SYNTH | **Notebook:** 3 of 6 | **Created:** December 2025
```

## ## Lightweight API and Endpoint Monitoring

This notebook covers HTTP monitors for API health checks, endpoint validation, and multi-step API workflows using the latest Dynatrace platform.

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## ## Prerequisites

- Access to a Dynatrace environment with Synthetic Monitoring
- Completed SYNTH-01 Fundamentals
- API endpoint(s) to monitor

## ## 1. HTTP Monitor Overview

HTTP monitors execute lightweight HTTP requests without browser overhead:

### ### HTTP vs Browser Monitors

Aspect	HTTP Monitor	Browser Monitor
Execution	Direct HTTP call	Full browser
Speed	Fast (< 1s typical)	Slower (3-30s)
Resources	Minimal	Chrome instance
JavaScript	Not executed	Fully executed
Frequency	1-60 minutes	5-60 minutes
Cost	Lower	Higher

### ### Use Cases

Scenario	HTTP Monitor Type
API health check	Single request
REST API endpoint	Single request
Auth token + API call	Multi-step
GraphQL queries	Single/Multi-step
Webhook testing	Single request
Certificate expiry	Single request + SSL check

### Configuration Path

\*\*Dynatrace menu → Synthetic → Create synthetic monitor → Create HTTP monitor\*\*

## 2. Single Request Monitors

### Request Configuration

Setting	Description	Example
**URL**	Full endpoint URL	`https://api.example.com/health`
**Method**	HTTP verb	GET, POST, PUT, DELETE, PATCH
**Headers**	Custom headers	`Authorization: Bearer ...`
**Body**	Request payload	JSON, form data, raw
**Timeout**	Max wait time	30 seconds (default)

### Common HTTP Methods

Method	Use Case	Body
`GET`	Retrieve data	None
`POST`	Create resource	Required
`PUT`	Update resource	Required
`PATCH`	Partial update	Required
`DELETE`	Remove resource	Optional
`HEAD`	Check existence	None
`OPTIONS`	CORS preflight	None

### Request Headers

```

```
Content-Type: application/json
Accept: application/json
Authorization: Bearer
X-API-Key:
User-Agent: Dynatrace Synthetic
```

```

```
```dql
// List all HTTP monitors
fetch dt.entity.http_check
| fields id, entity.name
| sort entity.name asc
| limit 50
```
```
```dql
// HTTP monitor execution results (last 24h)
fetch bizevents, from: now() - 24h
| filter event.provider == "dynatrace.synthetic"
| filter matchesValue(event.type, "*http*")
| fields timestamp,
    monitor = dt.entity.synthetic_test,
    location = dt.entity.synthetic_location,
    availability = synthetic.availability,
    response_time_ms = toDouble(synthetic.response_time),
    status_code = synthetic.http_status_code
| sort timestamp desc
| limit 100
```
```

```

### ## 3. Multi-Step HTTP Monitors

Chain multiple HTTP requests with data passing between steps:

### ### Multi-Step Workflow Example



```

0ZXh0LWFuY2hvcj0ibWlkZGxlij5FeHB1Y3Q6IDIwMCBPSzwvdGV4dD4KCiAgPCEtLSBFeHRyYW0
IHVzZXJJZCAtLT4KICA8cmVjdCB4PSIzNDAiIHk9IjE4MCId2lkdGg9IjEwMCiGaGVpZ2h0PSIz
CIgcng9IjYiIGZpbGw9InVybCgjZXh0cmFjdEdyYWRIVFRQKSiGZmlsdGVyPSJ1cmwoI2h0dHBTaG
Fkb3cpIi8+CiAgPHRleHQgeD0iMzkwiB5PSIyMDAiIGZvbnQtZmFtaWx5PSJBcmlhbCwgc2Fucy1
zZXJpZiIgZm9udC1zaXplPSIxMCiGZm9udC13ZwlnaHQ9ImJvbGQiIGZpbGw9IndoaXR1iB0ZXh0
LWFuY2hvcj0ibWlkZGxlij5FeHRyYW00iB1c2VySWQ8L3RleHQ+CogIDwhLS0gQXJyb3cgdG8gU
3RlcCAzIC0tPgogIDxwYXRoIGQ9Ik000TAsMTI1IEw1NDAsMTI1IiBzdHJva2U9IiM2NDc00GiIiH
N0cm9rZS13aWR0aD0iMiIgZmlsbD0ibm9uZSIgbWFya2VyLWVuZD0idXJsKCNodHRwQXJyb3cpIi8
+CiAgPHBhdGggZD0iTTQ0MCwx0TUgTDQ0MCwyNjAgTDU3MCwx0DAiiHN0cm9rZT0i
I2Y10WUwYiIgc3Ryb2tlLXdPZHRoPSIyIiBmaWxsPSJub25lIiBzdHJva2UtZGFzaGFycmF5PSI0L
DiiIG1hcmtlc1lbtQ9InVybCgjaHR0cEFycm93KSiVPgogIDx0ZXh0IHg9IjUwNSIgeT0iMjc1Ii
Bmb250LWZhbWlseT0iQXJpYwsiIHNhbnMtc2VyaWYiIGZvbnQtc2l6ZT0iMTAiIGZpbGw9IiM5MjQ
wMGUiPlVzZSB1c2VySWQgaW4gcGF0aDwvdGV4dD4KCiAgPCEtLSBTdGVwIDM6IEldCBPcmRlcnMg
LS0+CiAgPHJlY3QgeD0iNTUwIiB5PSI3NSIgd2lkdGg9IjIyMCiGaGVpZ2h0PSIxMDAiIHJ4PSIxM
CIgZmlsbD0idXjsKCNzdGVwM0dyYWQpIiBmaWx0ZXi9InVybCgjaHR0cFNoYWVdykiLz4KICA8dG
V4dCB4PSI2NjAiIHk9IjEwMCiGZm9udC1mYW1pbHk9IkFyaWFsLCBzYW5zLXNlcmlmIiBmb250LXN
pemU9IjEyIiBmb250LXdlaWdodD0iYm9sZCigZmlsbD0id2hpGUiiHRleHQtYW5jaG9yPSJtaWRk
bGUiPlN0ZXAgMzogR2V0IE9yZGVyczvvdGV4dD4KICA8dGV4dCB4PSI2NjAiIHk9IjEyMCiGZm9ud
C1mYW1pbHk9Im1vbm9zcGFjZSIgZm9udC1zaXplPSIxMCiGZmlsbD0icmdiYSgyNTUsMjU1LDI1NS
wwLjkpIiB0ZXh0LWFuY2hvcj0ibWlkZGxlij5HRVQgL2FwaS91c2Vcy97dXNlcklkfS9vcnRlcNM
8L3RleHQ+CiAgPHRleHQgeD0iNjYwIiB5PSIxNDAiIGZvbnQtZmFtaWx5PSJBcmlhbCwgc2Fucy1z
ZXJpZiIgZm9udC1zaXplPSIxMCiGZmlsbD0icmdiYSgyNTUsMjU1LDI1NSwwLjkpIiB0ZXh0LWFuY
2hvcj0ibWlkZGxlij5BdXRo0iBCZWfYZXige3Rva2VufTwvdGV4dD4KICA8dGV4dCB4PSI2NjAiIH
k9IjE2MCiGZm9udC1mYW1pbHk9IkFyaWFsLCBzYW5zLXNlcmlmIiBmb250LXNpemU9IjEwIiBmaWx
sPSJyZ2jhKDI1NSwyNTUsMjU1LDAu0SkiIHRleHQtYW5jaG9yPSJtaWRkbGUipkV4cGVjdDogMjAw
LCBvcmRlcNmuBGuUz3RoICZndDsgMDwvdGV4dD4KCiAgPCEtLSBGaW5hbCB2YWxpZGF0aW9uIC0tP
gogIDxyZWN0IHg9IjU4MCiGeT0iMTgwIiB3aWR0aD0iMTYwIiBoZWlnaHQ9IjMwIiByeD0iNiIgZm
lsbD0iI2QxZmFlNSIgc3Ryb2tlPSIjMTBi0TgxIiBzdHJva2Utd2lkdGg9IjEiLz4KICA8dGV4dCB
4PSI2NjAiIHk9IjIwMCiGZm9udC1mYW1pbHk9IkFyaWFsLCBzYW5zLXNlcmlmIiBmb250LXNpemU9
IjEwIiBmb250LXdlaWdodD0iYm9sZCigZmlsbD0iIzA0Nzg1NyIgdGV4dC1hbmNob3I9Im1pZGRsZ
SI+VmFsawRhGUGUmVzcG9uc2U8L3RleHQ+CogIDwhLS0gTGVnZW5kIC0tPgogIDxyZWN0IHg9Ij
MwIiB5PSIyOTUiIhdPZHRoPSI3NDAiIGhlaWdodD0iMTgiIHZ4PSI0IiBmaWxsPSIjZTBmMmZIi8
+CiAgPHRleHQgeD0iNDAwIiB5PSIzMDgiIGZvbnQtZmFtaWx5PSJBcmlhbCwgc2Fucy1zZXJpZiIg
Zm9udC1zaXplPSIxMCiGZmlsbD0iIzAzNjIhMSIgdGV4dC1hbmNob3I9Im1pZGRsZSI+VmFyaWFib
GVzIGV4dHJhY3R1ZCBmc9tIG9uZSBzdGVwIGNhbiBiZSB1c2VkIGluIHN1YnNlcXVlbnQgc3RlcH
MgdmlhICR7dmFyaWFibGVfbmFtZX0gc3IudGF4PC90ZXh0Pgo8L3N2Zz4K)

```

### ### Variable Extraction

Source	Syntax	Example
JSON path	`\$.data.token`	Extract from JSON body
Response header	`header:X-Request-Id`	Extract from headers
Regex	`token": "([^"]+)`	Pattern matching

### ### Using Variables

```

Reference extracted variables in subsequent steps:
- URL: `https://api.example.com/users/${userId}`
- Header: `Authorization: Bearer ${token}`
- Body: `>{"userId": "${userId}"}`

```dql
// Multi-step HTTP monitor step performance
fetch bizevents, from: now() - 24h
| filter event.provider == "dynatrace.synthetic"
| filter matchesValue(event.type, "*http*")
| filter isNotNull(synthetic.step_name)
| summarize {
    avg_duration_ms = avgtoDouble(synthetic.step_duration)),
    success_rate = countIf(synthetic.step_success == true) * 100.0 / count(),
    executions = count()
}, by: {dt.entity.synthetic_test, synthetic.step_name}
| sort avg_duration_ms desc
| limit 30
```

## 4. Authentication

### Supported Authentication Methods

Method	Configuration	Use Case
**Basic Auth**	Username/password encoded	Legacy APIs
**Bearer Token**	Header: `Authorization: Bearer`	OAuth2, JWT
**API Key**	Header: `X-API-Key: `	Third-party APIs
**OAuth2**	Token endpoint + credentials	Modern APIs
**Client Certificate**	mTLS	High-security APIs

### Credential Vault

Store sensitive credentials securely:

1. **Settings → Integration → Credential vault**
2. Add credential (username/password, token, certificate)
3. Reference in monitor: `${credentials.vault.myCredential}`

### OAuth2 Flow Example

```
Step 1: Get Token
POST https://auth.example.com/oauth/token
Body: grant_type=client_credentials
      &client_id=${vault.clientId}
      &client_secret=${vault.clientSecret}
```

```

```

Extract: access_token

Step 2: API Call
GET https://api.example.com/data
Header: Authorization: Bearer ${access_token}
```
## 5. Response Validation

### HTTP Status Validation

| Status Range | Meaning | Default Behavior |
|-----|-----|-----|
| 2xx | Success | Pass |
| 3xx | Redirect | Follow/Pass |
| 4xx | Client Error | Fail |
| 5xx | Server Error | Fail |

### Content Validation

| Type | Description | Example |
|-----|-----|-----|
| **Contains** | Text present | `status": "ok"` |
| **Not Contains** | Text absent | `error` |
| **Regex** | Pattern match | `id":\s*\d+` |
| **JSON Path** | Value at path | `$.status == "success"` |

### JSON Path Assertions

```json
// Response:
{
  "status": "success",
  "data": {
    "users": [
      {"id": 1, "name": "John"},
      {"id": 2, "name": "Jane"}
    ]
  }
}

// Assertions:
$.status == "success"           // Check status
$.data.users.length > 0         // Array not empty
$.data.users[0].name == "John"   // First user name
```
```
dql

```

```

// HTTP status code distribution
fetch bizevents, from: now() - 24h
| filter event.provider == "dynatrace.synthetic"
| filter matchesValue(event.type, "*http*")
| summarize {
    count = count()
}, by: {dt.entity.synthetic_test, synthetic.http_status_code}
| sort count desc
| limit 30
```

```dql
// Failed HTTP requests with error details
fetch bizevents, from: now() - 24h
| filter event.provider == "dynatrace.synthetic"
| filter matchesValue(event.type, "*http*")
| filter synthetic.availability == false
| fields timestamp,
    monitor = dt.entity.synthetic_test,
    location = dt.entity.synthetic_location,
    status_code = synthetic.http_status_code,
    error = synthetic.error_message
| sort timestamp desc
| limit 50
```

```

## ## 6. SSL Certificate Monitoring

HTTP monitors automatically check SSL certificates:

### ### Certificate Checks

| Check        | Description             | Alert Threshold   |
|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| **Validity** | Certificate not expired | Configurable days |
| **Chain**    | Valid certificate chain | Any break         |
| **Hostname** | Matches request domain  | Mismatch          |
| **Trust**    | Issued by trusted CA    | Untrusted         |

### ### Expiration Alerts

Configure alerts for certificates expiring within:

- 30 days (warning)
- 14 days (critical)
- 7 days (emergency)

```

```dql
// SSL certificate expiration status

```

```

fetch bizevents, from: now() - 24h
| filter event.provider == "dynatrace.synthetic"
| filter isNotNull(synthetic.ssl_certificate_expiry)
| summarize {
    latest_check = max(timestamp),
    certificate_expiry = takeFirst(synthetic.ssl_certificate_expiry),
    days_until_expiry = takeFirst(toDouble(synthetic.ssl_days_until_expiry))
}, by: {dt.entity.synthetic_test}
| filter days_until_expiry < 30
| sort days_until_expiry asc
| limit 20
```

## 7. Analyzing HTTP Results

```dql
// HTTP monitor availability summary
fetch bizevents, from: now() - 24h
| filter event.provider == "dynatrace.synthetic"
| filter matchesValue(event.type, "*http*")
| summarize {
    total = count(),
    successful = countIf(synthetic.availability == true),
    failed = countIf(synthetic.availability == false)
}, by: {dt.entity.synthetic_test}
| fieldsAdd availability_pct = round((successful * 100.0) / total, decimals: 2)
| sort availability_pct asc
| limit 30
```

```dql
// Response time percentiles by monitor
fetch bizevents, from: now() - 24h
| filter event.provider == "dynatrace.synthetic"
| filter matchesValue(event.type, "*http*")
| filter synthetic.availability == true
| summarize {
    p50_ms = percentile(toDouble(synthetic.response_time), 50),
    p95_ms = percentile(toDouble(synthetic.response_time), 95),
    p99_ms = percentile(toDouble(synthetic.response_time), 99),
    max_ms = max(toDouble(synthetic.response_time)),
    executions = count()
}, by: {dt.entity.synthetic_test}
| sort p95_ms desc
| limit 20
```

```

```

```dql
// HTTP timing breakdown (DNS, connect, SSL, TTFB)
fetch bizevents, from: now() - 24h
| filter event.provider == "dynatrace.synthetic"
| filter matchesValue(event.type, "*http*")
| filter synthetic.availability == true
| summarize {
    avg_dns_ms = avg(toDouble(synthetic.dns_time)),
    avg_connect_ms = avg(toDouble(synthetic.connect_time)),
    avg_ssl_ms = avg(toDouble(synthetic.ssl_time)),
    avg_ttfb_ms = avg(toDouble(synthetic.time_to_first_byte)),
    avg_total_ms = avg(toDouble(synthetic.response_time)),
    executions = count()
}, by: {dt.entity.synthetic_test}
| sort avg_total_ms desc
| limit 20
```

```dql
// Response time trend over time
fetch bizevents, from: now() - 7d
| filter event.provider == "dynatrace.synthetic"
| filter matchesValue(event.type, "*http*")
| filter synthetic.availability == true
| makeTimeseries {
    avg_response_ms = avg(toDouble(synthetic.response_time)),
    p95_response_ms = percentile(toDouble(synthetic.response_time), 95)
}, interval: 1h
```
---
```

## ## Summary

In this notebook, you learned:

- \*\*HTTP monitor types\*\*** – Single request vs multi-step
- \*\*Request configuration\*\*** – Methods, headers, body
- \*\*Multi-step workflows\*\*** – Variable extraction and chaining
- \*\*Authentication\*\*** – Basic, Bearer, OAuth2, API keys
- \*\*Response validation\*\*** – Status codes, content, JSON path
- \*\*SSL monitoring\*\*** – Certificate expiration alerts
- \*\*Analysis queries\*\*** – Availability, timing breakdown

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## ## Next Steps

Continue to \*\*SYNTH-04: Scripted Monitors\*\* to learn about advanced scripting capabilities.

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## ## References

- [HTTP Monitors](<https://docs.dynatrace.com/docs/platform-modules/digital-experience/synthetic-monitoring/http-monitors>)
- [Multi-step HTTP Monitors](<https://docs.dynatrace.com/docs/platform-modules/digital-experience/synthetic-monitoring/http-monitors/create-http-monitor>)
- [Credential Vault](<https://docs.dynatrace.com/docs/manage/identity-access-management/credential-vault>)
- [SSL Certificate Monitoring](<https://docs.dynatrace.com/docs/platform-modules/digital-experience/synthetic-monitoring/analysis-and-alerting/synthetic-ssl-certificates>)