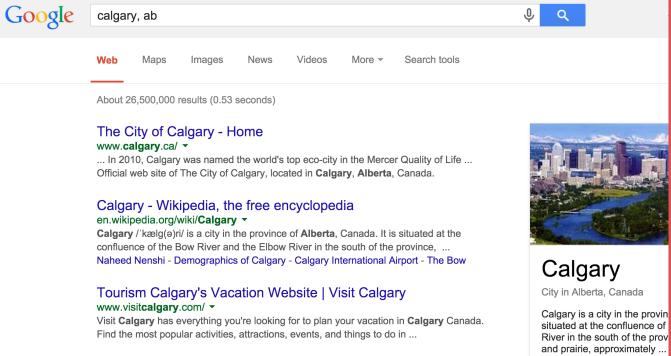
Fundamentals Day 1

Introduction to HTML

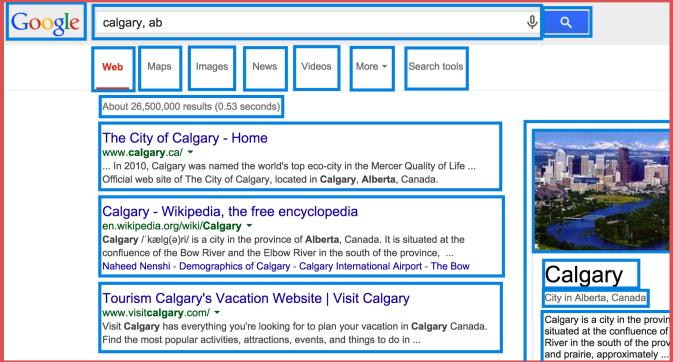


How do webpages work?





Using boxes!





Different types of Boxes (Elements)

Documents have a number of boxes ("elements"), such as: **header**, **footer**, **body**, **section**, **paragraph**, etc.

Elements are defined using tags.

Without tags, you just have plain text.



Tags

Tags are designated with a word inside of < > symbols.

Tags wrap around content. Open and close.

This is some text.



Common tags

The following tags are very common and are some of what you'll learn today:

Nesting

You will have tags inside of tags inside of tags inside of tags.

Tagception!

Web pages are built using boxes. Boxes (elements) can be inside of boxes.

Therefore, tags are nested.



Major sections

Every webpage has two major sections that define its behaviour and appearance.

- <head> You don't see the content in here. It defines rules for the browser for the page.
- **<body>** Anything in here is displayed in the browser window. Follows rules set in the <head>
- <html> This wraps around everything, both <head>
 and <body>.
 LIGHTHOUSE

Skeleton

```
<!doctype html>
<html>
 <head>
 </head>
 <body>
 </body>
</html>
```



Sections

Need to be able to break the body of a page into separate sections

No problem!

<section>...</section>



Semantic tags

The name of the tag you use indicates what kind of content is going to be inside of it. All of them are essentially just boxes and behave similarly.

What do you think would be inside these tags?

```
<header></header>
```



Paragraph

Text

Breaks blocks of text into paragraphs, with margins above and below.

Browser has built-in style rules.



Text Style

This is very important!

Format parts of text by wrapping it in tags like , <i>, or .



Area vs. Style

Some tags define area of a page, like **<section>** or **<aside>**. Some tags will affect the default style of their content.

```
<h1>Big text</h1>
<h2>Still big</h2>
<h3>Not so big now, are ya?</h3>
<h4>I'm a header, really!</h4>
<h5>Can you even see me?</h5>
<h6>Everyone else has all the fun.</h6>
```



Document Types

We use Document Types (or doctypes) at the top of our HTML pages, so the browser knows what rules to use, what styles to apply, These are very important.



<!doctype html>

Congratulations, you just wrote HTML5.

Fundamentals Day 1

Source Control & Github



Version Control

• Why do we need it?

Who uses it?

What is a repository?



Git ~ Brief Intro

- Originally written by Linus Torvalds in 2005
- Made to support Linux kernel development
- Distributed instead of Centralized
- 30% adoption (2013)
- Current stable version is 2.2



Git ~ The Good

- Super fast
- Super powerful
- Well adopted
- Open-source
- Well maintained



Git ~ The Bad

Somewhat steep learning curve (hard to master)

- Complicated commands
 - A lot of commands to learn
 - Some commands have multiple uses
 - Commands have numerous arguments
 - Command names sometimes not intuitive



Enter: Github App



Github vs Git



Demo

