

# Convolutional Neural Networks

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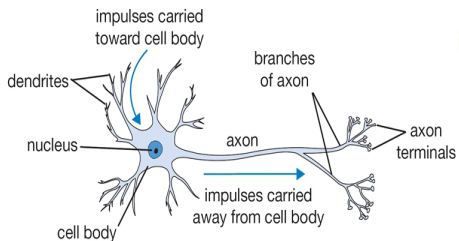
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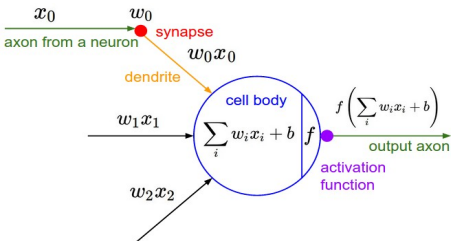
- Kernel function

# Background and Motivation - Neural Networks

Primary motivation: Neural Networks mathematically simulate biological functionalities of the human brain



(a) biological model



(b) mathematical representation

Figure: neuronal model and computational abstraction

# Background and Motivation - Principle

Neural Networks generally contain:

- an n-dimensional input
- one or many layers of interconnected neurons
- an output-layer

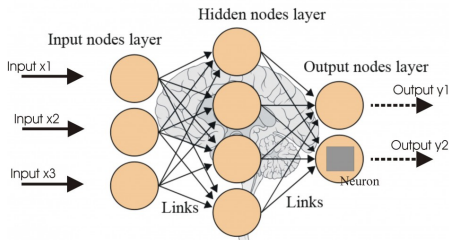


Figure: Basic concept of a Neural Network

# Background and Motivation - Convolutional Neural Networks

Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) are a subtype of Neural Networks:

- all neurons in a layer are identical
- layers are interconnected through a kernel function
- different types of layers are used

# Background and Motivation - Convolutional Neural Networks

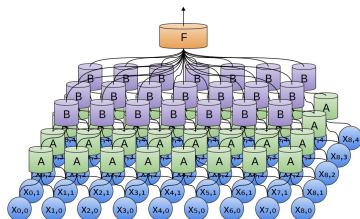


Figure: 2-dimensional CNN

- 1 Using identical copies of the same neuron allows for complex models with few parameters
- 2 Convolutional layers are not fully connected; each neurons is locally connected with a subsection of the previous layer

# Background and Motivation - Application

## Visual Object Recognition



**Figure:** ImageNet Classification with Deep Convolutional Neural Networks

ImageNet by Krizhevsky et al (2012) classified 1.2 million high-resolution images in the ImageNet LSVRC-2010 into 1000 different classes. It achieves error rates of 37.5% for the top result and 17.0% for the top-5 results

# Background and Motivation - Application

## Text Classification

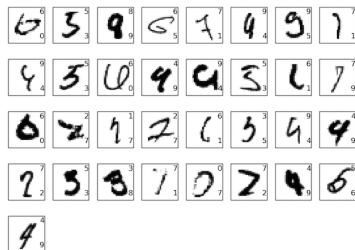


Figure: Excerpt of mnist



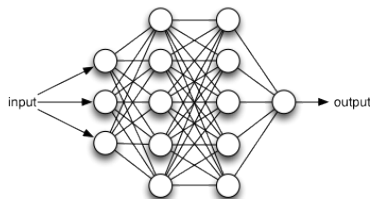
# Components

hier Bild eines CNNs unseres Typs mit Komponenten

- 1 Neuron
- 2 Kernel-Function
- 3 Sigmoid function
- 4 softmax

# Propagation - Forward Propagation

Forward propagation is the process of computing the output of a network for a given input



**Figure:** Forward propagation in a complex neural network

The





Leslie Lamport, *L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X: a document preparation system*, Addison Wesley, Massachusetts, 2nd edition, 1994. @miscbworl, author = Christian Perone, title = Deep learning – Convolutional neural networks and feature extraction with Python, howpublished = "http://blog.christianperone.com/2015/08/convolutional-neural-networks-and-feature-extraction-with-year = 2015, note = "[Online; accessed 21.01.2017]"  
<http://cs231n.github.io/convolutional-networks/>  
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<http://www.cs.toronto.edu/~fritz/absps/imagenet.pdf>