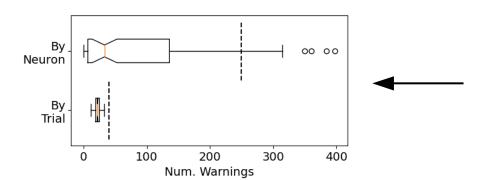
Figures generated by 'decoding_individual_identity.ipynb'

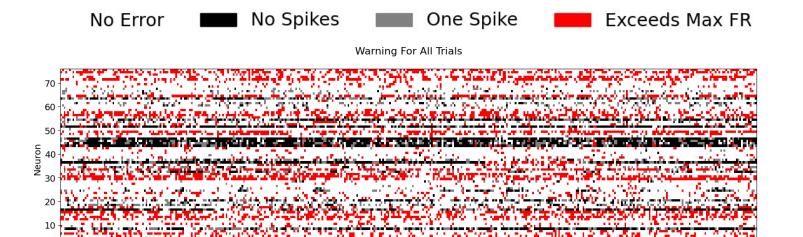
source:

https://github.com/timtyree/tbins.git

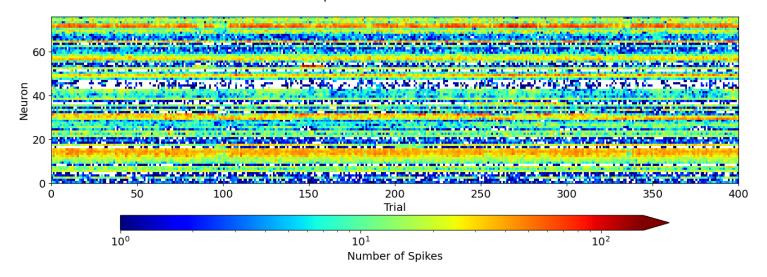
Session #46 Whole session plotted



Simple method of removing trials with obvious recording errors. Having >250 trials with (red) warnings lead to the removal of a neuron.

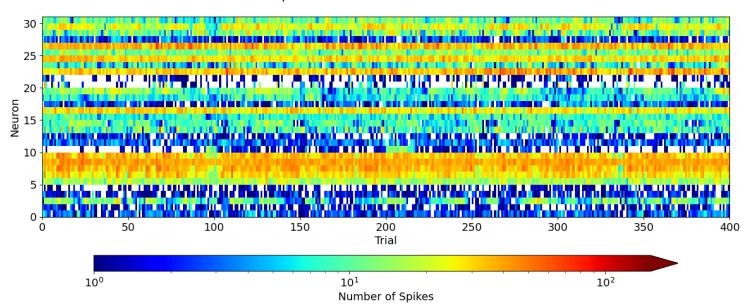


Spike Counts For All Trials

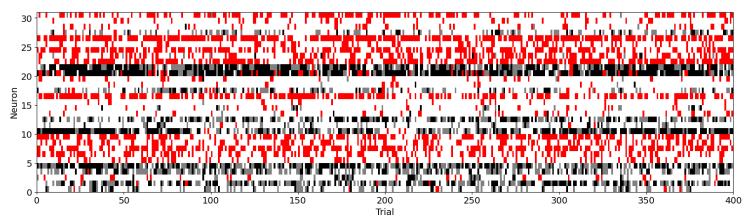


Apparent Predictive Neurons (#46)

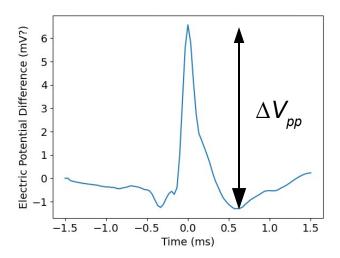
Spike Counts For Predictive Neurons

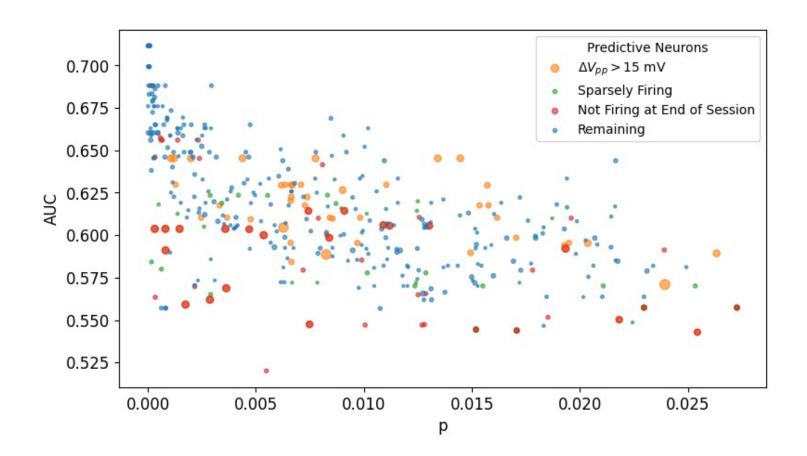


Warnings For Predictive Neurons

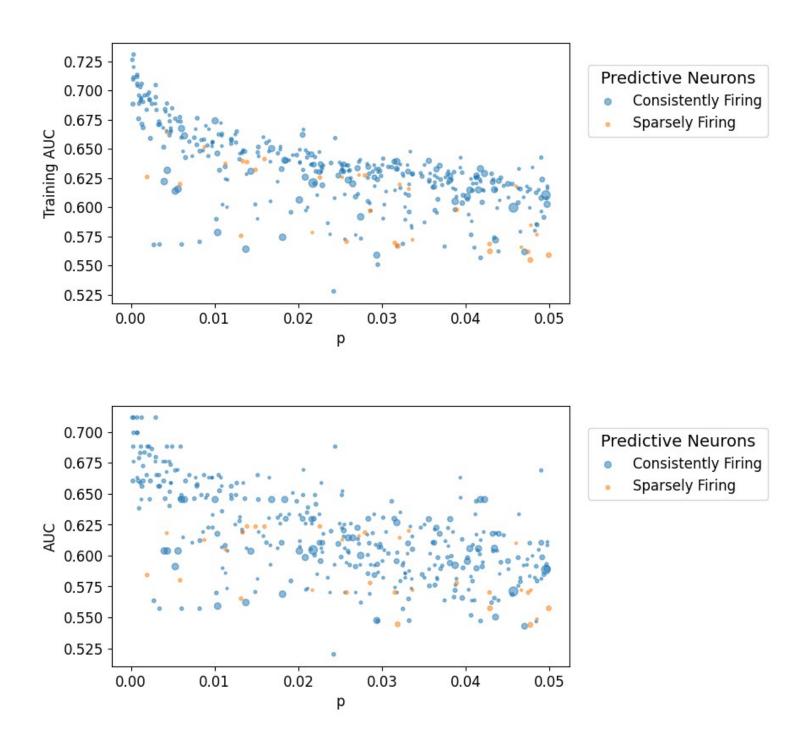


Larger spike amplitudes suggest worse prediction from an apparent predictive time bins (#46)





Sparsely firing neurons can be an artifact of a neuron being oversplit during spike sorting (#46).



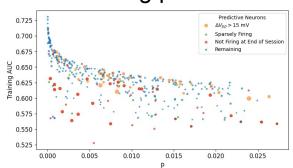
Hades observing the face or voice of her sister, Hermes (#46).

training p value

0.725
0.700
0.675
0.600
0.575
0.550
0.525
0.00
0.01
0.02
0.03
0.04
0.05

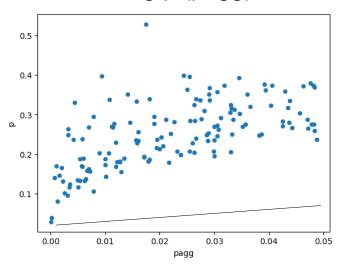
Mean

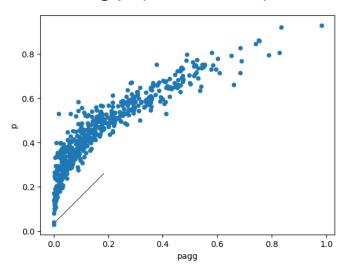
Classic training p value



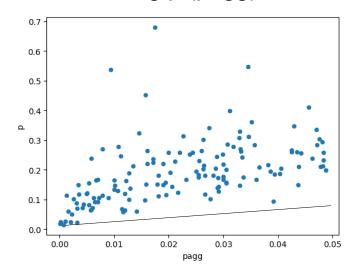
Demonstration that the (y-axis) mean p-statistic is sufficient relative to (x-axis) Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test conducted over all of the training trials

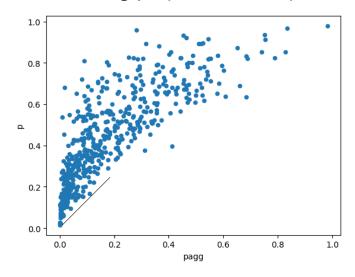
Training p (pagg) versus mean training p (Session #8)



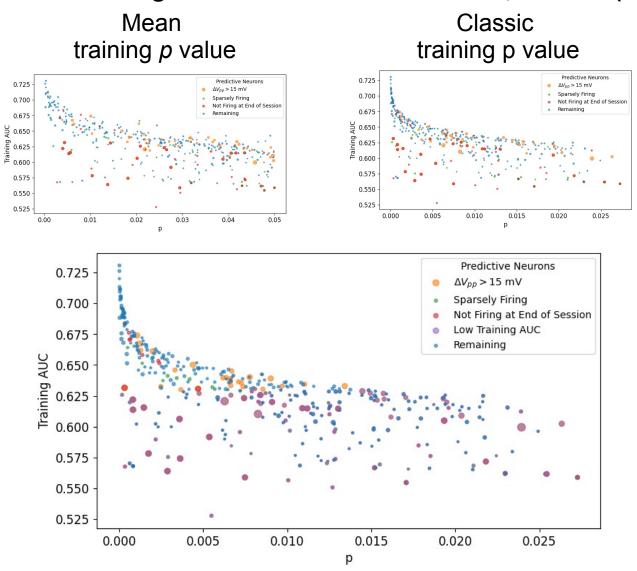


Training p (pagg) versus median training p (Session #8)

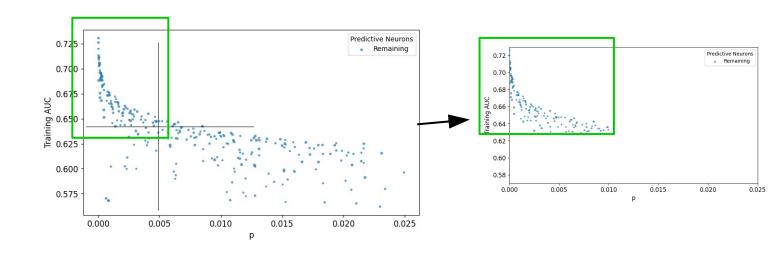




Hades observing the face or voice of her sister, Hermes (#46).

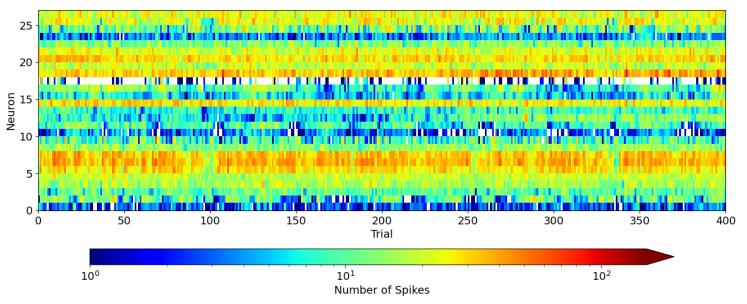


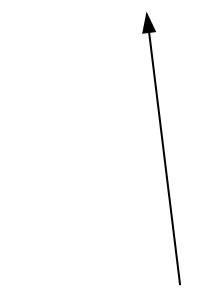
Train and test decoders only with these (green) predictive time bins

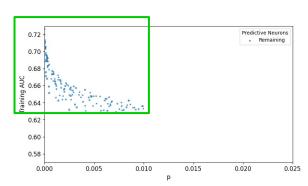


Spike counts of Predictive Neurons

Spike Counts For Predictive Neurons



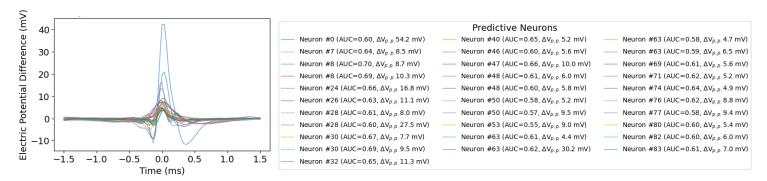




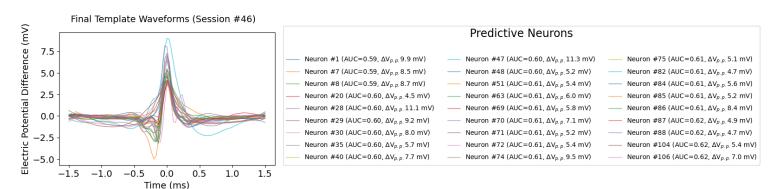
Spike Sorting Templates of predictive neurons before/after filtering (#46)

(note the change in max ΔV_{pp})

Before filtering predictive time bins



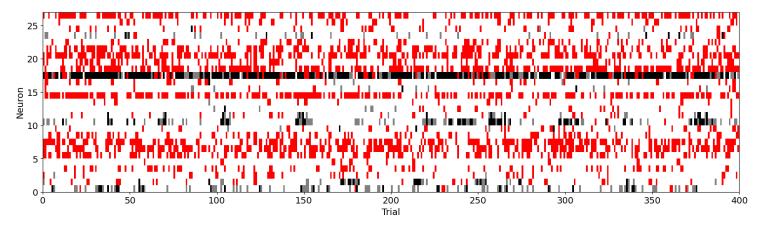
After filtering predictive time bins



After filtering predictive time bins

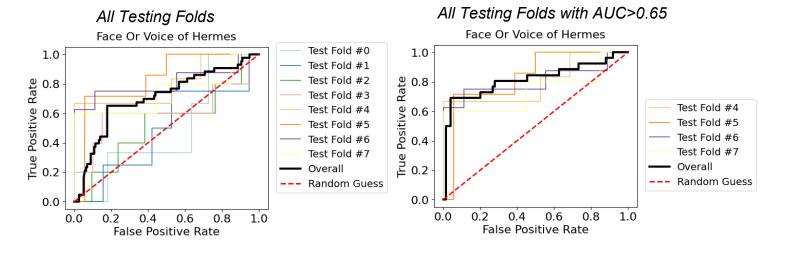


Warnings For Predictive Neurons



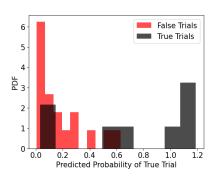
Identity-Specific Decoding of an Individual's Identity Hades observing the face or voice of her sister, Hermes (#46).

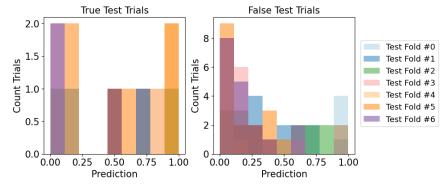
```
predictive population for i_hermes: mean overall auc = 0.6440 + /- 0.0313 (N_pred_tbins=23) ==> AUC=0.4848 predictive population for i_hermes: mean overall auc = 0.6380 + /- 0.0333 (N_pred_tbins=18) ==> AUC=0.4868 predictive population for i_hermes: mean overall auc = 0.6468 + /- 0.0294 (N_pred_tbins=16) ==> AUC=0.5524 predictive population for i_hermes: mean overall auc = 0.6460 + /- 0.0277 (N_pred_tbins=19) ==> AUC=0.6100 predictive population for i_hermes: mean overall auc = 0.6544 + /- 0.0243 (N_pred_tbins=19) ==> AUC=0.7982 predictive population for i_hermes: mean overall auc = 0.6483 + /- 0.0267 (N_pred_tbins=17) ==> AUC=0.8333 predictive population for i_hermes: mean overall auc = 0.6553 + /- 0.0289 (N_pred_tbins=14) ==> AUC=0.8056 predictive population for i_hermes: mean overall auc = 0.6436 + /- 0.0305 (N_pred_tbins=17) ==> AUC=0.8000 tested with mean_num_features=17.8750 for session #46: mean AUC: 0.6714
```



for fold #6, overall testing auc was auc=0.8056.
for fold #7, overall testing auc was auc=0.7400.
i_on_i: AUC: 0.8179, num_trials: 200
ideal threshold: 0.5000 ==> tpr: 0.6923, fpr: 0.0400

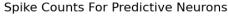
Histograms of the predicted probability that the face or voice of Hermes is present

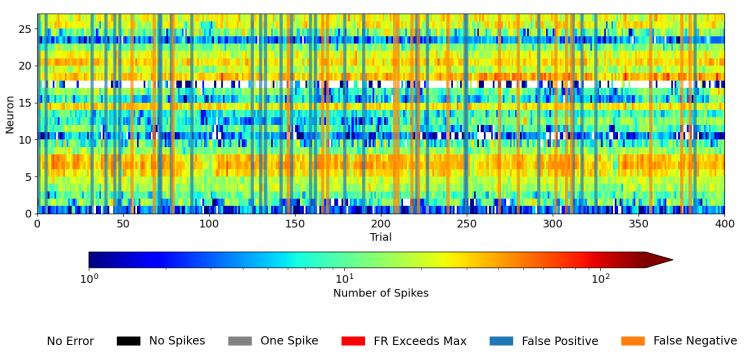




Horizontal bars indicate all misclassifications predicted by a population-level neural decoder that considered all trials.

Perhaps something distinguishes (blue) false positives or (orange) false negatives from the remaining test trials. Different subtypes of responses to modal stimuli could explain why the decoder produced these errors.





Warnings For Predictive Neurons

