

Using Open Science to create reproducible research

VUB Ethics week

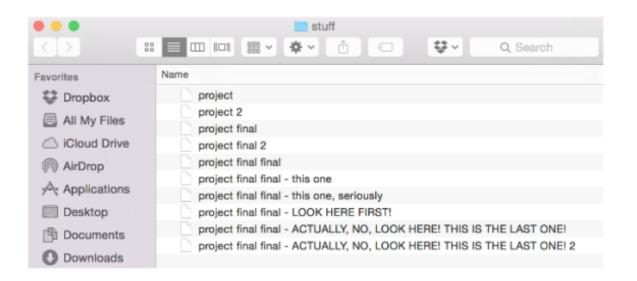
Tim Vantilborgh 09/12/2022

Materials

- All materials can be downloaded from Github: https://github.com/timvantilborgh/VUB-ethics-week
- Direct link to slides: https://timvantilborgh.github.io/VUB-ethics-week/slides.html#/title-slide







What is reproducible research?

Research is reproducible when others can reproduce the results of a scientific study given only the original data, code, and documentation ¹

1. Alston, J. M., & Rick, J. A. (2021). A beginner's guide to Conducting reproducible research. *Bulletin of the Ecological Society of America*, 102(2), 1-14

How does it fit into open science?

"Open Science" is an umbrella term used to refer to the concepts of openness, transparency, rigour, **reproducibility**, replicability, and accumulation of knowledge, which are considered fundamental features of science ¹

Reproducability vs Replicability

		Data	
		Same	Different
Analysis	Same	Reproducible	Replicable
	Different	Robust	Generalisable

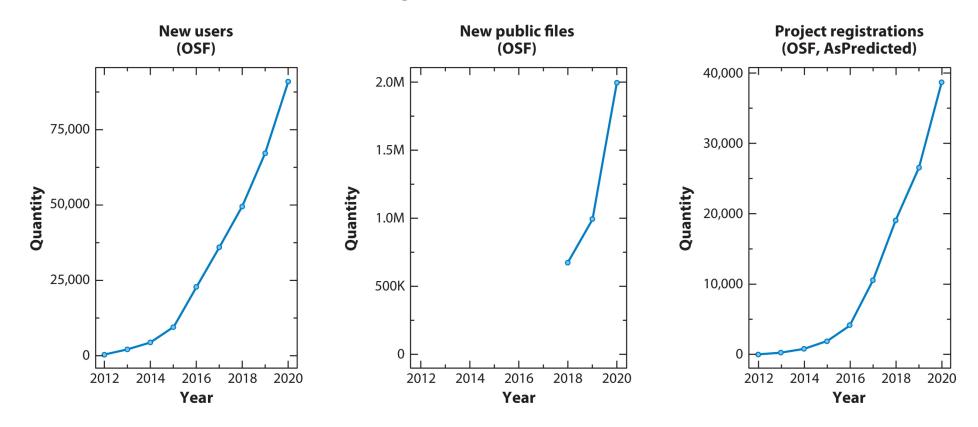
- Random sample of 250 psychology articles published between 2014 and 2017 ¹
 - Research materials availability: 14%
 - Protocol availability: 0%
 - Data availability: 2%
 - Analysis-script availability: 1%

- 232 key statistical claims from 46 published articles tested using the raw data and following the methods section closely ¹:
 - 70% of claims could be successfully reproduced
 - 7% of claims were no longer statistically significant

1. Artner, R., Verliefde, T., Steegen, S., Gomes, S., Traets, F., Tuerlinckx, F., & Vanpaemel, W. (2021). The reproducibility of statistical results in psychological research: An investigation using unpublished raw data.

- These problems are not limited to psychology
 - Economics: problems in 29 out of 67 articles ¹
 - Genetics: problems in 10 out of 18 articles ²
 - Political science: problems in 20 out of 24 articles ³

- 1. Chang, A., & Li, P. (2015). *Is economics research replicable? sixty published articles from thirteen journals say 'usually not'*. Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System Finance and Economics.
- 2. Ioannidis, J. P., Allison, D. B., Ball, C. A., Coulibaly, I., Cui, X., Culhane, A. C., Falchi, M., Furlanello, C., Game, L., Jurman, G., Mangion, J., Mehta, T., Nitzberg, M., Page, G. P., Petretto, E., & van Noort, V. (2009). Repeatability of published microarray gene expression analyses. *Nature Genetics*, *41*(2), 149–155.
- 3. Eubank, N. (2016). Lessons from a decade of replications at the quarterly journal of political science. *Political Science & Politics* 40(2), 273–276

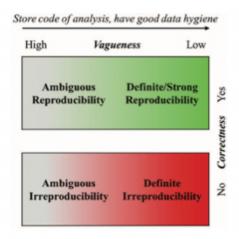


Nosek BA, et al. 2022 Annu. Rev. Psychol. 73:719–48

Nosek, B. A., Hardwicke, T. E., Moshontz, H., Allard, A., Corker, K. S., Dreber, A., ... & Vazire, S. (2022). Replicability, robustness, and reproducibility in psychological science. *Annual review of psychology, 73*, 719-748.

How can we make our research reproducible?

Open materials allow us to test reproducability ¹



1. Artner, R., Verliefde, T., Steegen, S., Gomes, S., Traets, F., Tuerlinckx, F., & Vanpaemel, W. (2021). The reproducibility of statistical results in psychological research: An investigation using unpublished raw data.

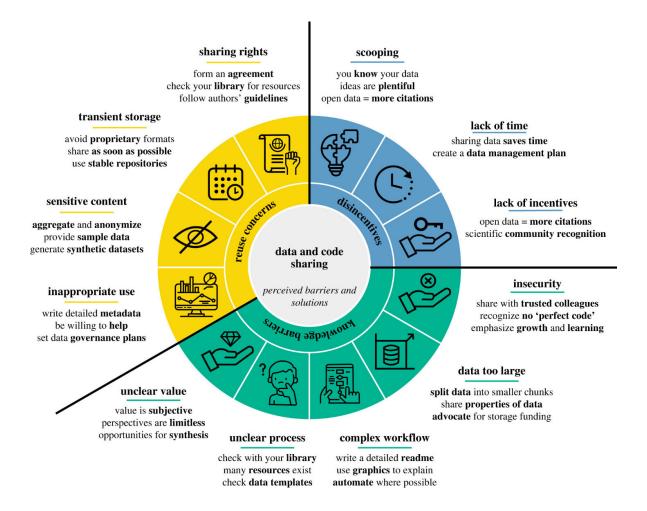
How can we make our research reproducible?

- Share data
- Share analysis scripts
- Use and share lab notebooks
- Write and share dynamic reports that integrate text and analyses

What are the benefits?

- Clear log of all steps taken in the research process
- Easy to update analyses, reuse materials, and save time
- Signals rigor, transparency, and trustworthiness
- Increases citation rate
- Allows others to learn from your work
- Simplifies follow-up research
- Prevents mistakes from compounding over time

So why aren't we all doing this?



Gomes, D. G., Pottier, P., Crystal-Ornelas, R., Hudgins, E. J., Foroughirad, V., Sánchez-Reyes, L. L., ... & Gaynor, K. M. (2022). Why don't we share data and code? Perceived barriers and benefits to public archiving practices. *Proceedings of the Royal Society B, 289*(1987), 20221113.

What tools can we use?

Main tools:

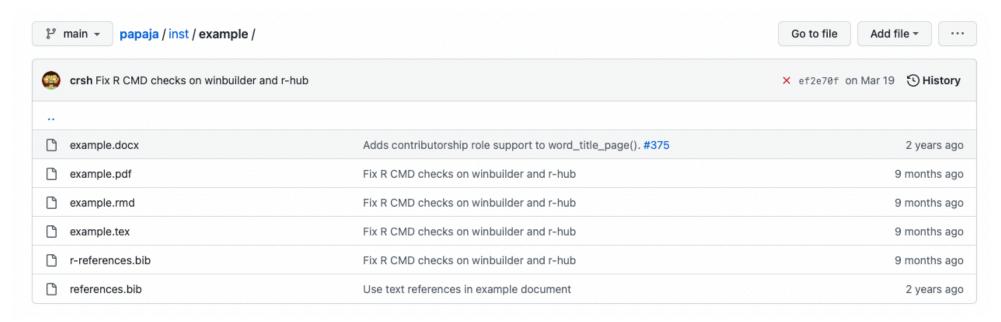
- Rmarkdown
- Quarto

Supporting tools:

- R packages (e.g., worcs, papaja)
- Repositories (e.g., OSF, Zenodo, Github)
- Version control (e.g., Github)

A quick example using papaja

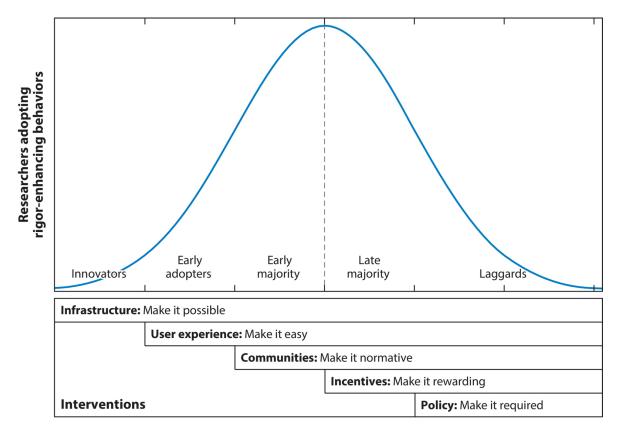
https://github.com/crsh/papaja/tree/main/inst/example



Limitations

- Collaboration can be difficult when co-authors are not familiar with tools
- Conversion to pdf works better than conversion to word (Quarto solves this problem)
- Long-term computational reproducability can be an issue
- There are situations where a simple word document is easier than an Rmarkdown or Quarto file
- There is a learning curve; we should train people early on in their research career!

Conclusion



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Thank you

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