OCT IB

$$\sqrt{\frac{d}{dx}}(a+b) = \frac{d}{dx}a + \frac{d}{dx}b$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{d}{dx}}(ab) = \frac{d}{dx}a \times \frac{d}{dx}b$$

let $r(x) = f(x)g(x)$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(f(x)g(x))$$

$$= \frac{d}{dx}r(x)$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{r(x+h)-r(x)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h)g(x+h)-f(x+h)g(x)+f(x+h)g(x)-f(x)g(x)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h)g(x+h)-f(x+h)g(x)+g(x)(f(x+h)-f(x))}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h)(g(x+h)-g(x))+g(x)(f(x+h)-f(x))}{h}$$

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 $\frac{d}{dx}(f(x)g(x)) = f'(x)g(x) + f(x)g'(x)$

SINCE
$$\frac{d}{dx} f(x)g(x) = \frac{f(x)g(x)}{f(x)} + f(x)g'(x)$$

THEN:

$$\frac{d}{dx} f(x)g(x)h(x) = f'(x)g(x)h(x) + f(x)g'(x)h(x) + f(x)g(x)h'(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}$$
 $\chi^7 (2\chi-1)^3$

$$= \frac{d}{dx} x^{7} \cdot (2x-1)^{3} + x^{7} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (2x-1)^{3}$$

=
$$7x^{b} \cdot (2x-1)^{3} + x^{7} \cdot 3(2x-1)^{2} \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(2x-1)$$

=
$$7x^{6} \cdot (2x-1)^{3} + x^{7} \cdot 3(2x-1)^{2} \cdot 2$$
 #

♣ to clean up-----

=
$$x^{6}(2x-1)^{2}(7(2x-1)+6x)$$

=
$$\chi^{6}(2\chi-1)^{3}(20\chi-7)$$

[g(x)] g'(x) [g(x)] inverse reciprocal OCT 25 $\sin^{-1}\chi = \arcsin \chi$ ($\sin \chi$) = $\csc \chi$ = <u>d</u> f(x) [g(x)] -1 = $f'(x) [g(x)]^{-1} + f(x) \frac{d}{dx} [g(x)]^{-1}$ = f'(x)g(x) - f(x)g'(x) $[g(x)]^2$ Quotient Rule $\frac{d}{dx} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{f'(x)g(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{[g(x)]^2}$ $\frac{d}{dx} \frac{(x+3)^4}{(x-1)^5}$ $= \frac{1}{4\pi} (x+3)^{4} \times (x-1)^{5} - (x+3)^{4} \times \frac{1}{4\pi} (x-1)^{5}$ $(x-1)^{5\times 2}$ = $\frac{4(x+3)^{3}(1)(x-1)^{5}-(x+3)^{4}(5)(x-1)^{4}}{(x-1)^{6}}$ = $\frac{4(x+3)^{3}(x-1)^{5}-5(x+3)^{4}(x-1)^{4}}{(x-1)^{10}}$ $= \frac{(x+3)^{3}(x-1)^{4}(4(x-1)-5(x+3))}{(x-1)^{10}}$ $= \frac{(x+3)^{3}(4x-4-5x-15)}{(x-1)^{6}}$ $= \frac{(\chi+3)^3(-\chi-19)}{(\chi+3)^5} + \frac{(\chi+3)^3(-\chi-19)}{(\chi+3)^5}$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \frac{(\chi^2 + 1)^7}{(1 - \chi)^3}$$

$$= \frac{d}{dx} (x^{2}+1)^{7} \cdot (1-x)^{3} - (x^{2}+1)^{7} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (1-x)^{3}$$

$$(1-x)^{3+2}$$

$$= \frac{7(x^{2}+1)^{6}(2x)(1-x)^{3}-(x^{2}+1)^{7}(3)(1-x)^{2}(-1)}{(1-x)^{6}}$$

=
$$(x^2+1)^6(1-x)^2(14x(1-x)+3(x^2+1))$$

$$= \frac{(\chi^2 + 1)^6 (14\chi - 14\chi^2 + 3\chi^2 + 3)}{(1 - \chi)^4}$$

$$= \frac{(\chi^2 + 1)^6 (-||\chi^2 + ||+\chi + 3)}{(1 - \chi)^4}$$