# GenAl HW6 Learning from Human Preference

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Deadline: 2024/05/02 23:59:59 (UTC+8)

## **Outline**

# Link

Colab

- Task Overview
- TODOs
- Submission and Grading
- Appendix
  - Execution Sample Code at Colab
  - Grading Report Answer by DaVinci
  - Check Report Score by Report Grader (optional)

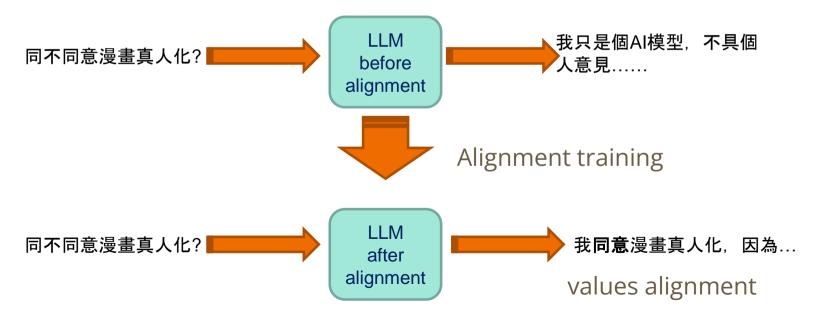
**DaVinci** 

**Report Grader** 

# **Task Overview**

# LLM Values Alignment (Learning Human Preferences)

- Values Alignment: Align the value of LLMs to the desired value of humans
- Precisely, we want the LLM to prefer 動漫真人化



## **Goal of This Homework**

- You will learn how to align LLMs to a specific value
  - The standard way of alignment training is RLHF (Reinforcement Learning with Human Feedback)

# **Supervised Learning vs. RLHF**

- In supervised learning, it's essential to have prepared "standard answers" to train the model.
- However, in real-life scenarios, many open questions lack standard answers, requiring us to adopt a preference-based approach.
- Thus, we need Reinforcement Learning with Human Feedback (RLHF) to align values of our models.



# Reinforcement Learning from Human Feedback (RLHF)

Standard steps in to RLHF (briefly explain):

- 1. Train a reward model
- 2. Fine-tuning LLM with RL

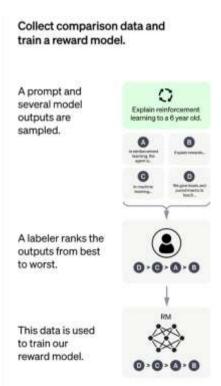
# Reinforcement Learning from Human Feedback (RLHF)

#### Step 1: Reward model training

- Collect comparison data
- Given a question, there will be multiple responses and humans rank the responses
- The reward model learns which responses is better(more similar to human preference)

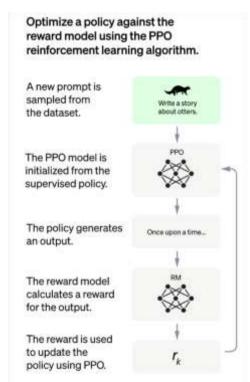
#### What is the function of Reward model?

Evaluate the answer output by LLM



# Reinforcement Learning from Human Feedback (RLHF)

Step 2: Fine-tune the LLM using RL with the reward model trained in the previous step



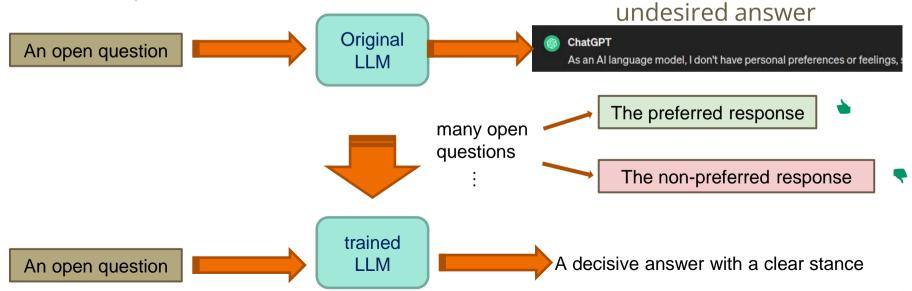
## **Drawbacks of Standard RLHF**

- Need to train an additional reward model.
- RL training is very unstable and hard to tune the hyperparameters

→ In this homework, we use a simplified method, direct preference optimization (DPO), to align the LLM

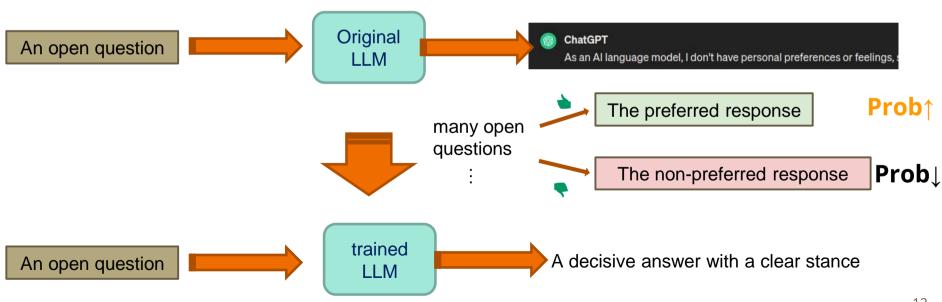
# **DPO - Direct Preference Optimization**

- Directly provide two different responses, one is the preferred and the other is the not preferred response
- The LLM directly learns the preference from the responses without an explicit reward model



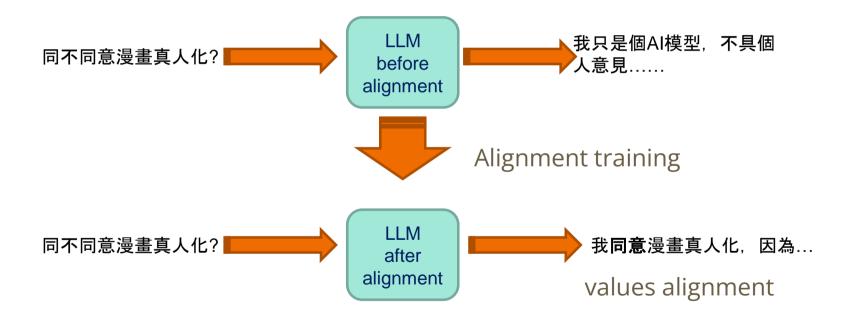
# **DPO - Direct Preference Optimization**

 The LLM is trained to increase the probability of the preferred response and decrease the probability of the not preferred response



# **Homework - LLM Values Alignment**

# **LLM Values Alignment**



# **Task Descriptions**

- Task: Change the Position of LLM by DPO training method
   The original model was neutral, please use DPO to make LLM's output response aligns with a specific stance desired by humans.
- Align Topic: Do you agree or disagree with the adaptation of comics into live-action?

## **Training Data: Pairwise Preference Data**

training set: labelled\_data.json, 50 data

```
▼0: { 4 items
  "id" : int 1
  "prompt": string "日本動漫真人化是否有損原作形象?"
  "support": string "真人化能夠呈現更真實的角色形象,提升原作魅力。"
  "oppose": string"真人化可能無法完美呈現動畫中的獨特風格,損害原作形象。"
▼1: { 4 items
  "id" : int 2
  "prompt": string "真人化是否能夠擴大動漫在全球的影響力?"
  "support": string "真人化能夠讓更多非動漫迷接觸作品,擴大影響力。"
  "oppose": string "真人化可能失去動漫的獨特風格,限制影響力擴大。"
   prompt: input question
   support: answer with supporting position
   oppose: answer with opposing position
```

# **Testing Data**

testing set: test\_prompt.json, 10 data

```
▼0:{ 2 items
  "id": int 1
  "prompt": string "真人化是否能改善日本漫畫的全球可及性?"
▼1:{ 2 items
  "id": int 2
  "prompt": string "真人化如何影響年輕一代對日本漫畫的看法?"
▼2:{ 2 items
  "id": int 3
  "prompt": string"真人化是否能提升原作漫畫的文學價值?"
```

## **Model and Dataset**

Dataset: generated by ChatGPT Website

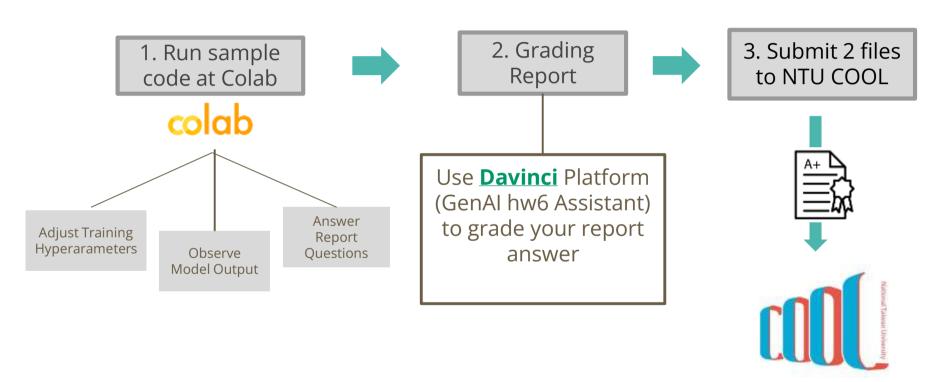
Model: Breeze-7b (聯發科)

## What You Will Learn in This Task

- How to make the responses of your model more aligned to your preferences.
- Have some insight of the effect of
  - different number of data
  - training epoch
  - the quality of data

# **TODOs**

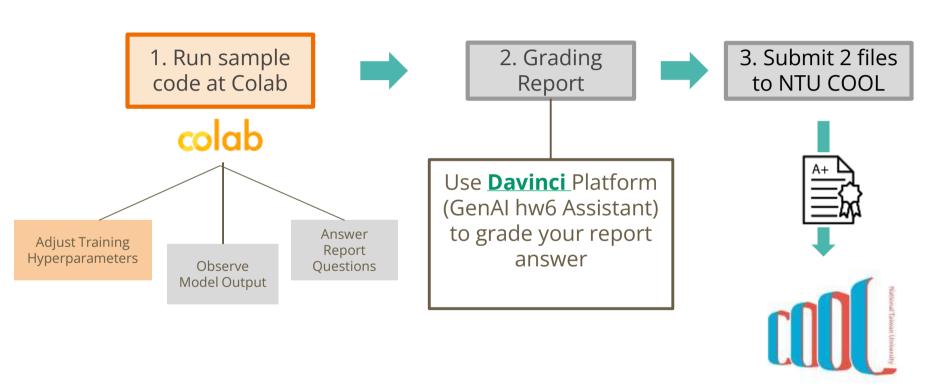
## **TODO Workflow**



### **TODO**

- Run sample code and try some different hyperparameters
  - a. Give preference to training dataset
  - b. Use DPO and the preference data to train model
  - C. Inference testing data and check the position of output
- Write your observations of LLM's response trending into your report
- Grade your report by DaVinci Grading Assistant
- Submit 2 files to NTU COOL

## **TODO Workflow**



# **Adjust Training Hyperparameters**

- support\_ratio
- data\_size
- num\_epoch

#### Set parameters

You only need to modify this block. Please don't alter any other parts.

```
num_epoch = 2
data_size = 30
support_ratio = 1
```

# **Adjust Training Hyperparameters**

• **support\_ratio** (支持真人化的資料比例): choose 0.0~1.0 to decide the percentage of training data that supports live action.

```
▼0:{ 4 items 🖹
  "id" : int 1
  "prompt": string "日本動漫真人化是否有損原作形象?"
  "support": string "真人化能夠呈現更真實的角色形象,提升原作魅力。
  "oppose": string "真人化可能無法完美呈現動畫中的獨特風格,損害原作形象。"
▼1:{ 4 items
  "id" : int 2
  "prompt": string "真人化是否能夠擴大動漫在全球的影響力?"
  "support": string "真人化能夠讓更多非動漫迷接觸作品
  "oppose": string "真人化可能失去動漫的獨特風格。限制影響力擴大
▼2: { 4 items
  "id" : int 3
  "prompt": string "真人化是否能夠吸引新觀眾?"
  "support": string "真人化能夠吸引不熟悉動漫的觀眾,擴大受眾。"
   'oppose": string "真人化可能讓原本的動漫迷嫁到失望,無法吸引新觀眾。
▼3: { 4 items
  "id" : int 4
  "prompt": string "真人化是否能夠保留原作故事情節的精髓?"
  "support": string "真人化有機會更深入挖掘原作故事,保留精髓。"
  "oppose"; string "真人化可能因為改鎮而失去原作故事的深度與精髓。"
```

Human preferred response

#### **Support\_ratio Example**

e.g. for 4 data, support\_ratio=0.5

→ 4\*0.5 = 2 data for 支持動漫真人化4 - 2 = 2 data for 反對動漫真人化

Human preferred response

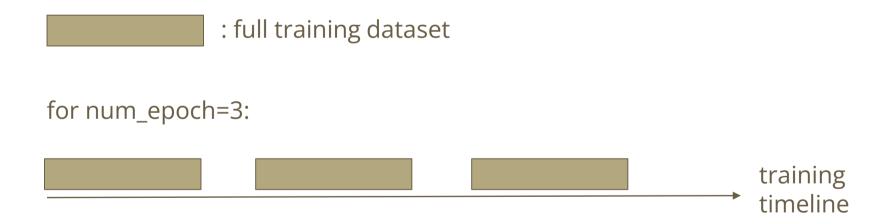
# **Adjust Training Hyperparameters**

- data\_size: decide the number of training data from 10~50
  - training set: labelled\_data.json

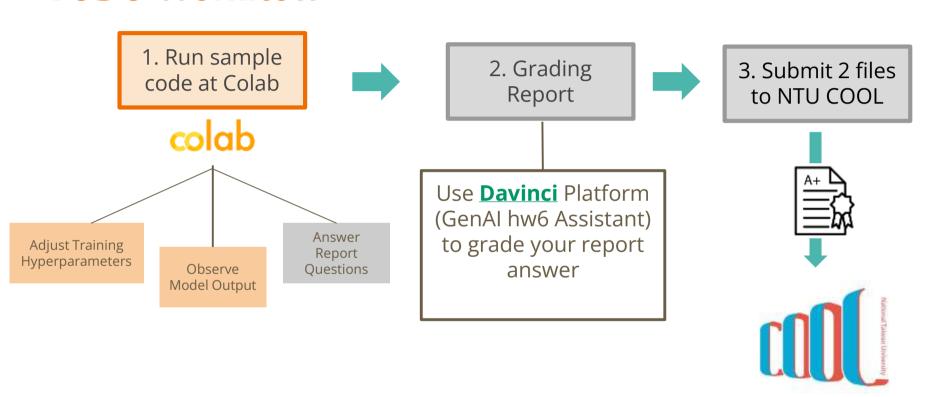
```
▼0: { 4 items
  "id" : int 1
  "prompt": string "日本動漫真人化是否有損原作形象?"
  "support": string "真人化能夠呈現更真實的角色形象,提升原作魅力。"
  "oppose": string "真人化可能無法完美呈現動畫中的獨特風格,損害原作形象。"
▼49 : { 4 items
  "id": int 50
  "prompt": string "真人化是否有助於增進原創動漫的社會認知度?"
  "support": string "真人化能使原創動漫更容易獲得主流社會的認可和關注。"
  "oppose": string "真人化可能會將動漫文化簡化,降低其在社會中的地位和認知度。"
```

# **Adjust Training Hyperparameters**

• **num\_epoch**: choose 1~3 to select the number of training epoch

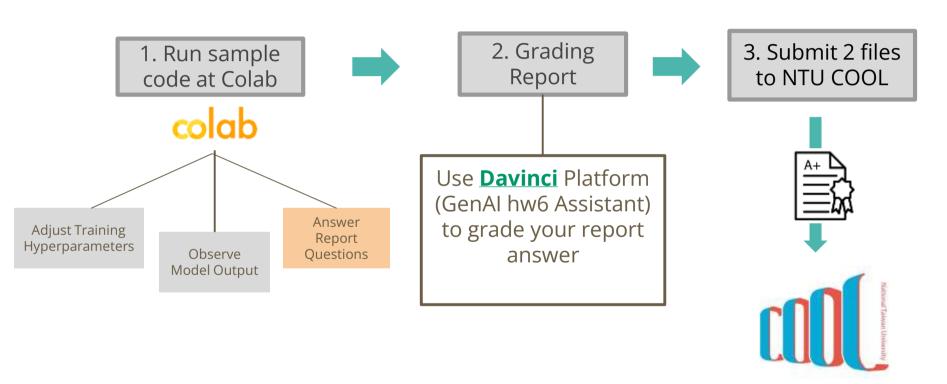


## **TODO Workflow**



# **Colab DEMO**

## **TODO Workflow**



# **Report Questions**

1. (3%) 在固定50筆data,訓練3個epoch的情況下,觀察調整support\_ratio(0-1)對模型inference輸出內容的影響

```
    a. num_epoch = 3 data_size = 50 support_ratio = 0
    b. num_epoch = 3 data_size = 50 support_ratio = 1
```

1. (3%) 在固定50筆data,贊成比例為1的情況下,調整**num\_epoch(1~3)**,觀察控制epoch對模型inference輸出內容的影響

```
    a. num_epoch = 1 data_size = 50 support_ratio = 1
    b. num epoch = 3 data size = 50 support ratio = 1
```

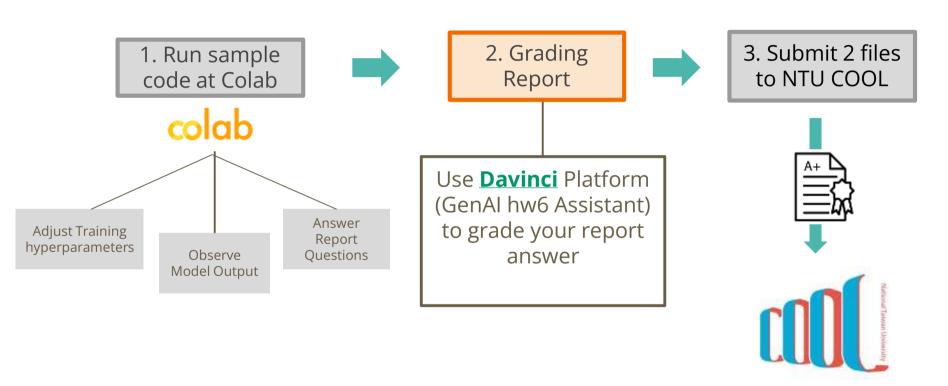
1. (3%) 在訓練3個epoch,贊成比例1為的情況下,調整data\_size(10-50), 觀察data數量對模型inference輸出內容的影響

```
a. num_epoch = 3 data_size = 10 support_ratio = 1
b. num epoch = 3 data size = 50 support ratio = 1
```

#### Notes

- To answer three report questions, you have to train the model 4 times, **each time at least 10 min**.
- The sections highlighted in **blue** represent repeated experiments, which do not need to be rerun.
- please setting your num\_epoch/data\_size/support\_ratio in the specific range in each question
  - e.g. num\_epoch: 1~3 data\_size: 10~50 support\_ratio: 0~1

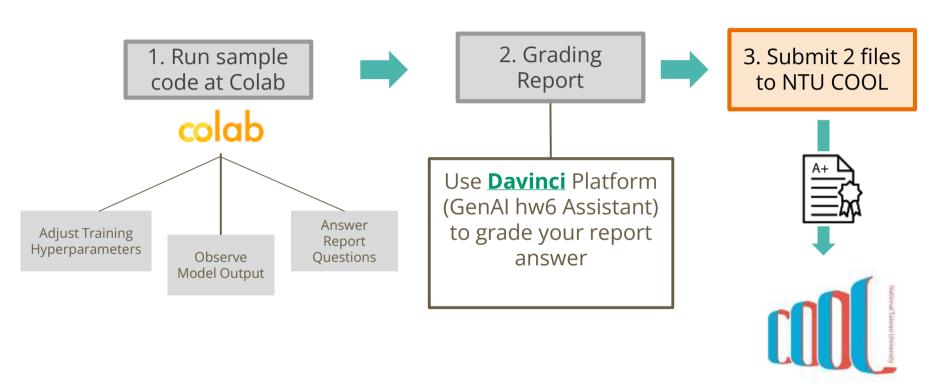
## **TODO Workflow**



# **DaVinci DEMO**

# **Submission and Grading**

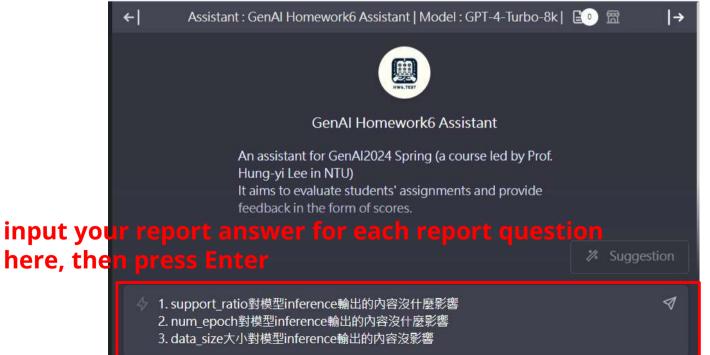
## **TODO Workflow**



#### **Submission**

1. (9%) answer 3 Report Questions and submit **conversation record json** file downloaded from <u>DaVinci</u>

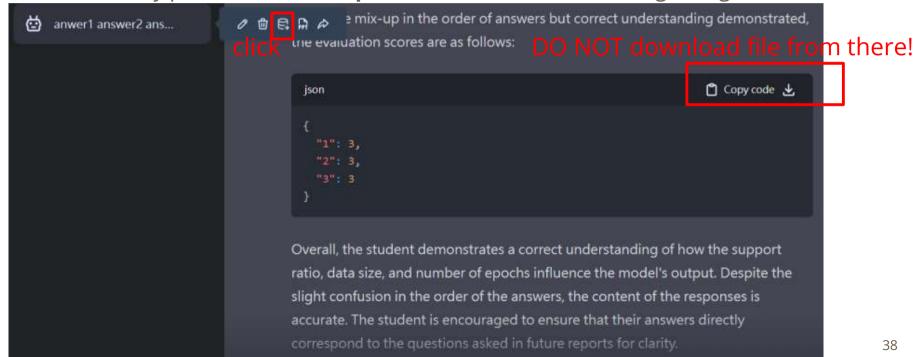
⚠□ We will only parse **the first response** in the conversation for grading.



#### **Submission**

1. (9%) answer 3 Report Questions and submit **conversation record json** file downloaded from DaVinci

**⚠**□ We will only parse **the first response** in the conversation for grading.



#### **Submission**

2. (1%) take 1 screenshot of LLM output on testing dataset at Colab, save it into 1 pdf file



(只需要截其中一次模型訓練完後在測試資料集上的輸出的圖即可)

num\_epoch: 1
data\_size: 10
support\_ratio: 0

testing result from Colab

#### Question 1:

真人化是否能改善日本漫畫的全球可及性?

Response from original model:

真人化可能會提高日本漫畫的全球可及性,因真人版電影或劇集可以吸引更多非漫畫讀者的注意,並提供不同的體驗。然而,這取決於真人化作品的是Response from trained model:

真人化可能會提高日本漫畫的全球可及性,因真人版電影或劇集可以吸引更多非漫畫讀者的注意,並提供不同的體驗。然而,這取決於真人化作品的£

#### Question 2:

真人化如何影響年輕一代對日本漫畫的看法?

Response from original model:

真人化可能會影響年輕一代對日本漫畫的看法,使他們更容易接受和理解故事和角色,並吸引更多人關注和支持日本漫畫文化。然而,個人喜好和文化 Response from trained model:

真人化可能會影響年輕一代對日本漫畫的看法,使他們更容易接受和理解故事和角色,並吸引更多人關注和支持日本漫畫文化。然而,個人喜好和文化

#### **Submission & Deadline**

- Submit your homework to NTU Cool
- Submission format
  - screenshot file: <student\_id>.pdf
    - ex: b09901000.pdf
  - report json file(conversation record) from DaVinci: <student\_id>.json
    - ex: b09901000.json
- Deadline: 2024/05/02 23:59:59 (UTC+8)
- No late submission is allowed
- 如果作業繳交死線前48小時內達哥因為系統更新或其他因素導致無法使用超過 2小時,作業死線會延後至少一天,延後時間將另行公佈,請大家不用緊張

## **Grading Policy - Judging setting**

- Model: GPT-4-Turbo-8k from DaVinci
- Temperature : precise

 $\triangle\square$  We will only parse **the first response** in the conversation json file for grading.

#### **Grading Rules**

- Plagiarism in any form is prohibited.
- Do NOT share your report answers & evaluation results (JSON files) with others.
- Do NOT submit the JSON files that are not obtained using your Davinci account.
- Do NOT attempt to manually edit your JSON file's content.
- DO NOT change any setting of the grading assistant (the prompts or temperature).
- 第一次違反以上規定,該作業0分,學期總成績再乘以0.9
- 第二次違反以上規定,學期成績F
- If you submit wrong JSON file, you will get 0 point in report.
- Format error or Filename error will results in 0 point. (ex: submitting .png instead of .pdf)
- Prof. Lee & the TAs preserve the rights to change the rules & grades.

## **Grading Release Date**

• The grading of the homework will be released by 2024/05/10 23:59:59 (UTC+8)

#### **If You Have Any Questions**

- NTU Cool HW6 作業討論區
  - 如果同學的問題不涉及作業答案或隱私,請一律使用NTU Cool 討論區
  - 助教們會優先回答NTU Cool討論區上的問題
- Email: ntu-gen-ai-2024-spring-ta@googlegroups.com
  - Title should start with [GenAl 2024 Spring Hw6]
  - Email with the wrong title will be moved to trash automatically
- TA Hours
  - o Time:
    - 4/12 Friday (16:30~17:20)
    - 4/19 Friday (14:20~16:20)
  - Location: 綜合大講堂

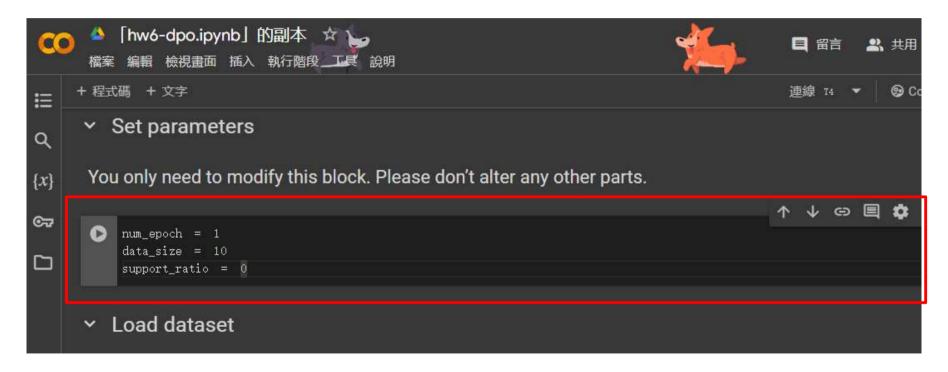
# **Appendix**

# **Execution Sample Code at Colab**

## **Copy Sample Code to your Gogle Drive**



## **Setting Training Hyperparameters**



#### **Run Sample Code**



#### Save LLM testing result

Please observe the output of this block to complete your report, and don't forget to take a screenshot of the results

```
[] model_response = []
    print(f'num_epoch: {num_epoch} \ndata_size: {data_size} \nsupport_ratio: {support_ratio}')
    print()
    for data in test_data:
        id = data['id']
            ref_output = original_model_response[id-1]
            output = trained_model_response[id-1]
            print(f'Question {id}:\n'+data['prompt'])
            print('Response from original model:\n'+ref_output)
            print('Response from trained model:\n'+output)
            print()
            model_response.append({'id':data['id'], 'prompt':data['prompt'], 'response_from_original_model':ref_output, 'response_from_orig
```

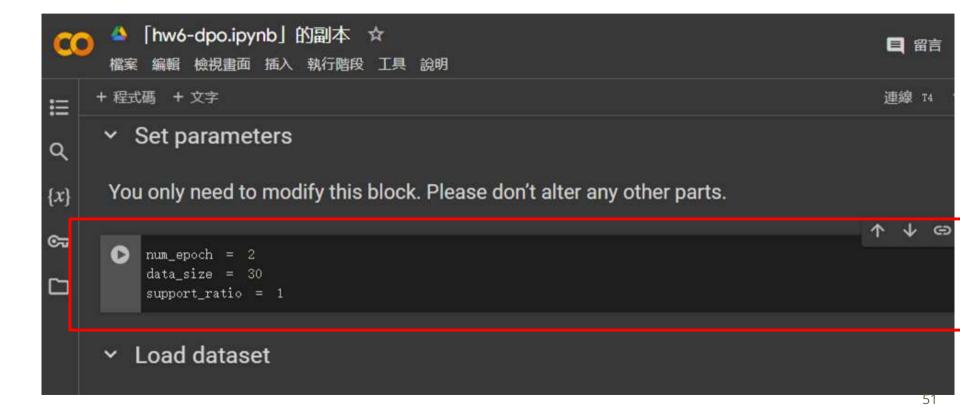
training hyperparameters

```
mum_epoch: 1
data_size: 10
support_ratio: 0

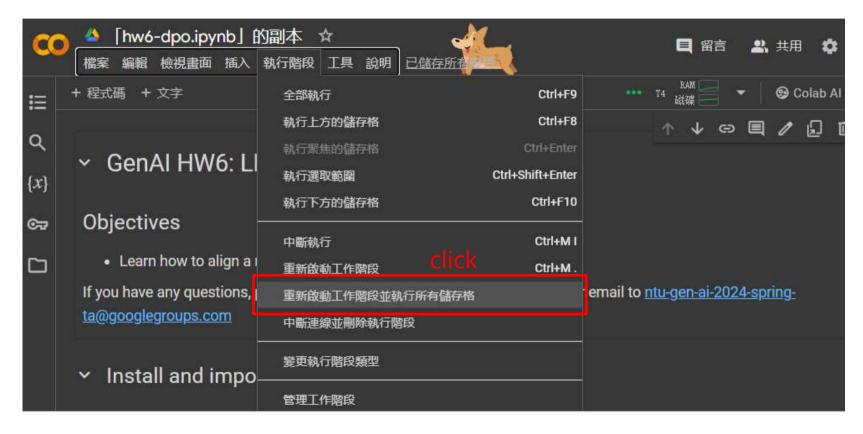
Question 1:
真人化是否能改善日本漫畫的全球可及性?
Response from original model:
真人化可能會提高日本漫畫的全球可及性,因真人版電影或劇集可以吸引更多非漫畫讀者的注意,並提供不同的體驗。然而,這取決於真人化作品的是Response from trained model:
真人化可能會提高日本漫畫的全球可及性,因真人版電影或劇集可以吸引更多非漫畫讀者的注意,並提供不同的體驗。然而,這取決於真人化作品的是Response from trained model:
真人化可能會提高日本漫畫的全球可及性,因真人版電影或劇集可以吸引更多非漫畫讀者的注意,並提供不同的體驗。然而,這取決於真人化作品的是Question 2:
真人化如何影響年輕一代對日本漫畫的看法?
Response from original model:
```

testing result

## **Setting Training hyperparameters Again**



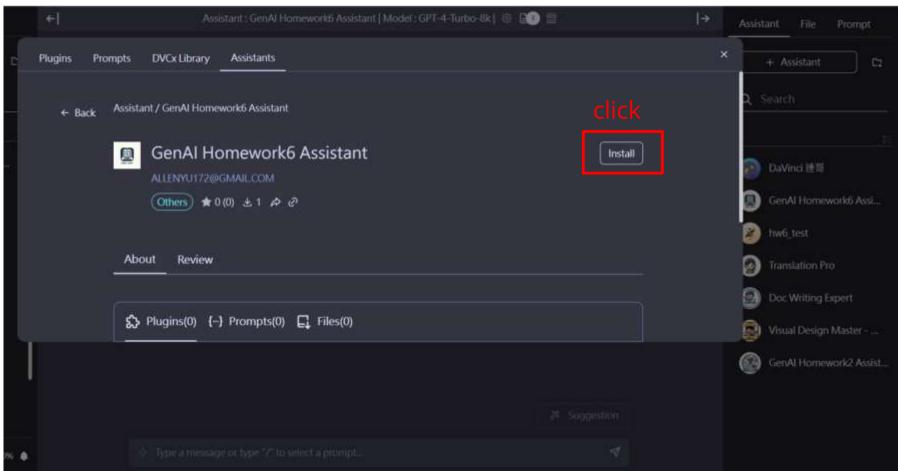
#### Run Sample Code Again

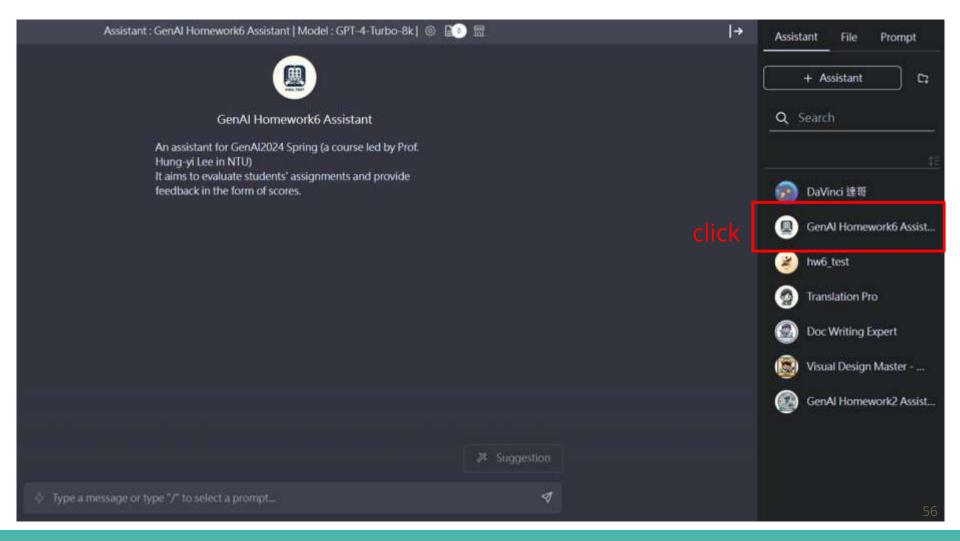


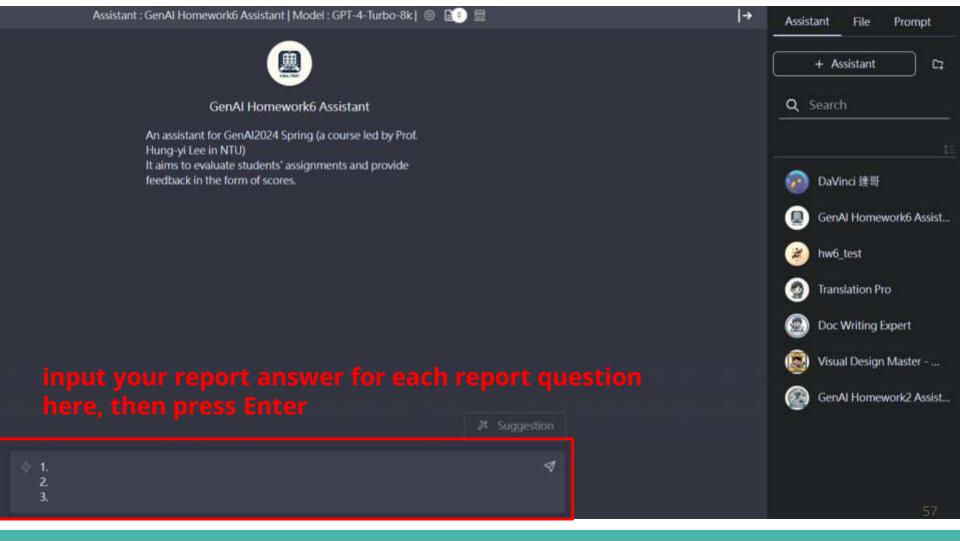
## Save LLM testing result Again

```
Please observe the output of this block to complete your report, and don't forget to take a
            {x}
                      screenshot of the results
            ೦ಫ
                [12] model_response = []
                       print(f'num epoch: {num epoch} \ndata size: {data size} \nsupport ratio: {support ratio}')
                       for data in test data:
                             id = data['id']
                             ref output = original model response[id-1]
                             output = trained_model_response[id-1]
                             print(f'Question {id}:\n'+data['prompt'])
                             print ('Response from original model:\n' +ref output)
training
                             print ('Response from trained model:\n'+output)
                             print()
hyperarameters
                             model_response.append({'id':data['id'], 'prompt':data['prompt'], 'response_from_original_model':ref_output, 'response_from
                       num_epoch: 2
                       data size: 30
                       support ratio: 1
                       Question 1:
                       真人化是否能改善日本漫畫的全球可及性?
                       Response from original model:
                       直人化可能會提高日本漫畫的全球可及性,因直人版電影或劇集可以吸引更多非漫畫讀者的注意,並提供不同的體驗。然而,這取決於直人化作品的問題。
                       Response from trained model:
testing
                       真人化可以提高日本漫畫的全球可及性,因它能吸引更多觀眾,拓展市場,並透過不同媒介(如電影、電視劇)讓更多人認識日本漫畫文化。
result
                       Question 2:
             真人化如何影響年輕一代對日本漫畫的看法?
                       Response from original model:
```

# **Grading Report Answer by DaVinci**



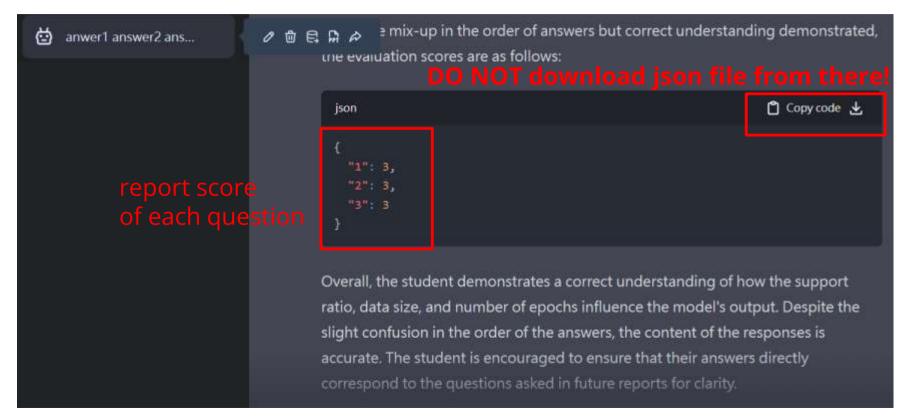




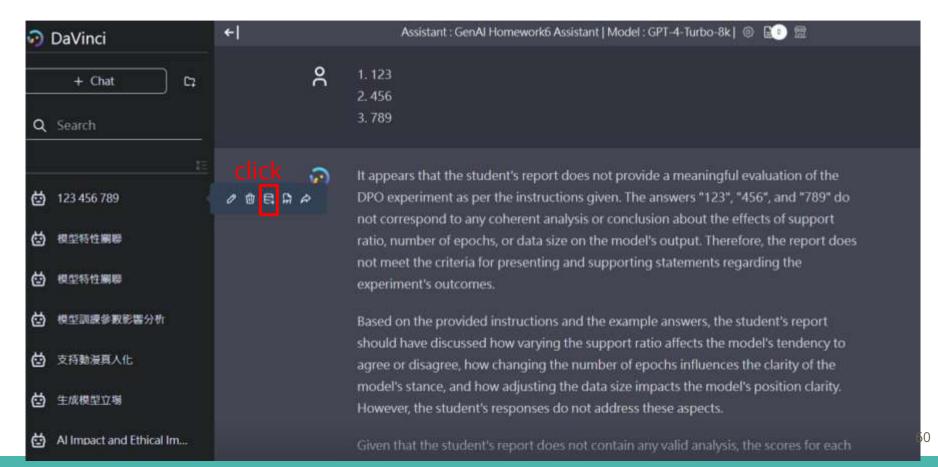
#### For example



#### **Check your Score**



## **Download Report Grading JSON**

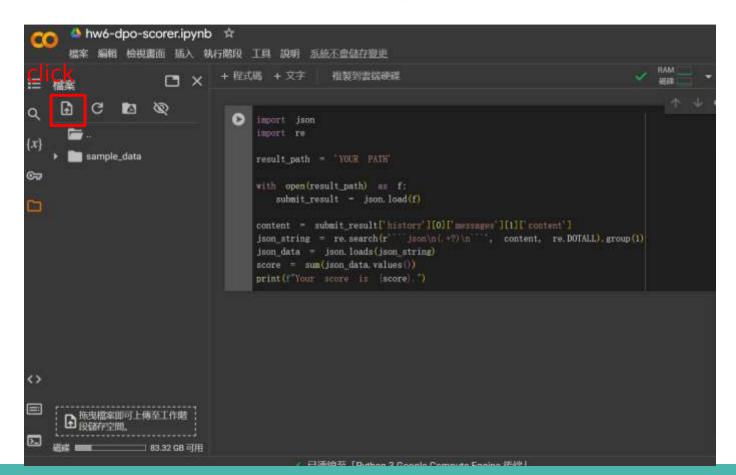


# **Check Report Score by Report Grader**

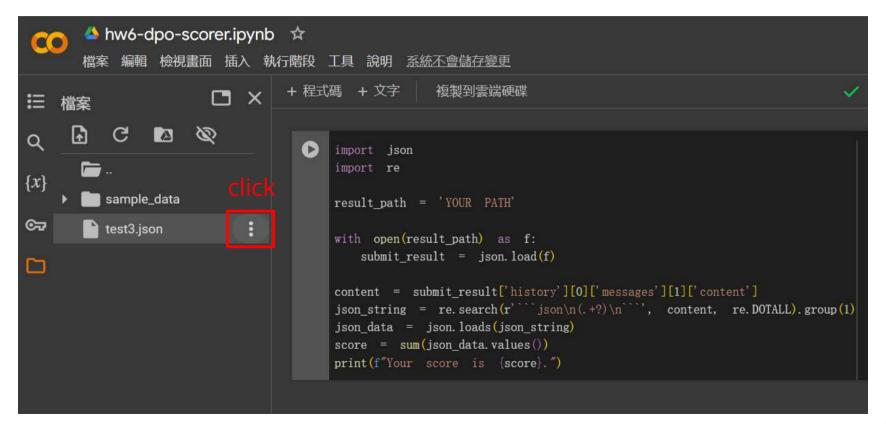
#### **After open Report Grader**

```
📤 hw6-dpo-scorer.ipynb 🛚 🛠
 CO
       檔案編輯檢視畫面插入執行階段工具說明系統不會儲存變更
     + 程式碼 + 文字
                       複製到雲端硬碟
Q
           import json
           import re
{x}
           result path = 'YOUR PATH'
           with open(result_path) as f:
              submit result = json.load(f)
           content = submit result['history'][0]['messages'][1]['content']
           json\_string = re. search(r' json n (.+?) n'', content, re. DOTALL). group (1)
           json data = json.loads(json string)
           score = sum(json data.values())
           print(f"Your score is {score}.")
                                                                            + 程式碼
```

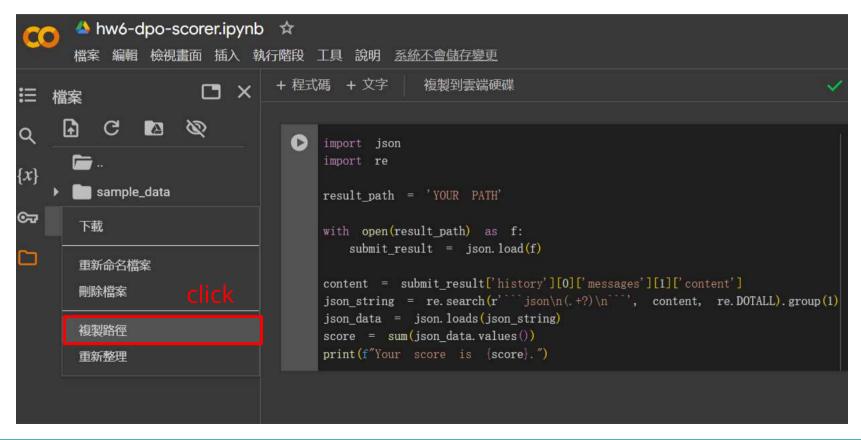
## Upload your json file by clicking upload icon



#### **Get your json file path**



# Get your json file path



#### Modify YOUR PATH to your json file's path

```
    Get your score

 O
      import
             ison
      import re
     result_path = 'YOUR PATH'
     with open (result path) as f:
         submit result = json. load(f)
     content = submit_result['history'][0]['messages'][-1]['content']
      json_string = re. search(r' json\n(.+?)\n', content, re. DOTALL). group(1)
      json data = json. loads (json string)
     score = sum(json_data.values())
     print (f"Your score is (score).")
```

#### Run the following block

Get your score import json result\_path = '/content/test3.json' with open(result\_path) as f: submit\_result = json.load(f) content = submit\_result['history'][0]['messages'][-1]['content'] json\_string = re.search(r' json\n(.+?)\n'', content, re.DOTALL).group(1) json\_data = json.loads(json\_string) score = sum(json\_data.values()) print(f"Your score is score .")

#### Check your total score of all report questions

```
Get your score
 import ison
 import re
 result_path = '/content/test3.json'
 with open(result_path) as f:
    submit result = ison, load(f)
 content = submit_result['history'][0]['messages'][-1]['content']
 json_data = json.loads(json_string)
 score = sum(json data.values())
 print(f"Your score is (score).")
 Your score is 6.
```

#### Reference

Huggingface introduction to RLHF: <a href="https://huggingface.co/blog/rlhf">https://huggingface.co/blog/rlhf</a>

https://huggingface.co/blog/trl-peft

Direct Preference Optimization(DPO): <a href="https://arxiv.org/abs/2305.18290">https://arxiv.org/abs/2305.18290</a>

**Evaluation Prompt**