C++ programming . . . continued:

using FUNCTIONS

```
Please enter X : 13

Please enter Y : 7

the sum of X and Y (X+Y) is: 20

the difference (X-Y) is: 6

the product (X*Y) is: 91

the quotient (X/Y) is: 1.85714

Press any key to continue
```

```
// simple C++ program
#include <iostream>
using std::cin;
using std::cout;
int main() {
    double valueX, valueY:
    cout << "\n Please enter X : ":
    cin >> valueX:
    cout << "\n Please enter Y : ":
    cin >> valueY:
    cout << "\n the sum of X and Y (X+Y) is: \t " << valueX+valueY ;
    cout << "\n the difference (X-Y) is: \t" << valueX-valueY;
    cout << "\n the product (X*Y) is: \t\t" << valueX*valueY;
    cout << "\n the quotient (X/Y) is: \t" << valueX/valueY;
    cout << "\n\n":
    return 0: }
```

```
Please enter X : 613

Please enter Y : 18

the sum of X and Y (X+Y) is: 631
the difference (X-Y) is: 595
the product (X*Y) is: 11034
the quotient (X/Y) is: 34.0556
the square root of X is : 24.7588

Press any key to continue
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
using std::cin:
using std::cout;
int main() {
    double valueX, valueY:
    cout << "\n Please enter X : ":
    cin >> valueX:
    cout << "\n Please enter Y . ".
    cin \rightarrow valueY:
    cout << "\n the sum of X and Y (X+Y) is: \n << valueX+valueY;
    cout \langle \langle " \rangle n | \text{the difference } (X-Y) | \text{is: } \forall t " \langle \langle | \text{valueX-valueY} \rangle |
    cout << "\n the product (X*Y) is: \t\t" << valueX*valueY;
    cout << "\n the quotient (X/Y) is: \t" << valueX/valueY;
    cout << "\n the square root of X is : \t" << sqrt(valueX);</pre>
    cout << "\n\n":
                                                            function call
    return 0: }
                                                           (passing 1 parameter to it)
```

```
Please enter X : 6

Please enter Y : 3

the sum of X and Y (X+Y) is: 9
the difference (X-Y) is: 3
the product (X*Y) is: 18
the quotient (X/Y) is: 2
the square root of X is: 2.44949

Press any key to continue_
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
using std::cin;
using std::cout;
                                                        this "FUNCTION PROTOTYPE" tells the compiler that
                                                         there will be a function that the MAIN function will call.
double howWeAdd(double,double);
                                                     its name is howWeAdd, it takes two ARGUMENTS of type double,
                                                            and it RETURNS A VALUE of type double
int main() {
     double valueX. valueY:
                                                              this is where we CALL THE FUNCTION.
     cout << "\n Please enter X : ":
                                                                  passing two PARAMETERS to it
     cin >> valueX:
     cout << "\n Please enter Y : ":
     cin >> valueY:
     cout << "\n the sum of X and Y (X+Y) is: \t " <\langle howWeAdd(valueX,valueY)\rangle
     cout << "\n the difference (X-Y) is: \t" << valueX-valueY:
     cout << "\n the product (X*Y) is: \t\t" << valueX*valueY;
     cout << "\n the quotient (X/Y) is: \t" << valueX/valueY;
     cout << "\n the square root of X is : \t" << sqrt(valueX);</pre>
     cout << "\n\n";
     return 0; }
double howWeAdd(double oneNum, double twoNum)
                                                                           this is the
     return oneNum+twoNum:
                                                                           function
```

```
// find minimum grade
// Double-subscripted array example.
                                                                               int minimum( int grades[][ exams ], int pupils, int tests )
#include <iostream>
                                                                                  int lowGrade = 100; // initialize to highest possible grade
using std::cout;
                                                                                  for ( int i = 0; i < pupils; i++ )</pre>
using std::endl;
                                                                                     for ( int j = 0; j < tests; j++ )</pre>
using std::fixed;
using std::left;
                                                                                       if ( grades[ i ][ j ] < lowGrade )</pre>
                                                                                          lowGrade = grades[ i ][ j ];
#include <iomanip>
                                                                                  return lowGrade:
                                                                                 // end function minimum
using std::setw;
                                                                               // find maximum grade
using std::setprecision;
                                                                               int maximum( int grades[][ exams ], int pupils, int tests )
                             // number of students
const int students = 3;
                                                                                  int highGrade = 0: // initialize to lowest possible grade
                             // number of exams
const int exams = 4;
                                                                                  for ( int i = 0; i < pupils; i++ )</pre>
// function prototypes
                                                                                     for ( int j = 0; j < tests; j++ )</pre>
int minimum( int [][ exams ], int, int );
                                                                                       if ( grades[ i ][ j ] > highGrade )
int maximum( int [][ exams ], int, int );-
                                                                                          highGrade = grades[ i ][ j ];
double average( int [], int ); -
void printArray( int [][ exams ], int, int ); ~
                                                                                  return highGrade;
                                                                               } // end function maximum
int main()
                                                                                // determine average grade for particular student
{
                                                                               double average( int setOfGrades[], int tests )
   // initialize student grades for three students (rows)
   int studentGrades[ students ][ exams ] =
                                                                                  int total = 0;
                                                                                  // total all grades for one student
       { { 77, 68, 86, 73 },
                                                                                  for ( int i = 0; i < tests; i++ )</pre>
         { 96, 87, 89, 78 },
                                                                                     total += setOfGrades[ i ];
         { 70, 90, 86, 81 } };
                                                                                  return static_cast< double > ( total ) / tests; // average
                                                                               } // end function maximum
   // output array studentGrades
   cout << "The array is: \n";
                                                                               // Print the array
   printArray( studentGrades, students, exams );
                                                                               void printArray( int grades[][ exams ], int pupils, int tests )
                                                                                  // set left justification and output column heads
   // determine smallest and largest grade values
                                                                                  cout << left << "
                                                                                                                  [0] [1] [2] [3]";
   cout << "\n\nLowest grade: '
                                                                                  // output grades in tabular format
         << minimum( studentGrades, students, exams )</pre>
                                                                                  for ( int i = 0; i < pupils; i++ ) {</pre>
                                                                                     // output label for row
         << "\nHighest grade: "</pre>
                                                                                     cout << "\nstudentGrades[" << i << "] ";
         << maximum( studentGrades, students, exams ) << '\n';</pre>
                                                                                     // output one grades for one student
                                                                                     for ( int j = 0; j < tests; j++ )</pre>
   cout << fixed << setprecision( 2 );</pre>
                                                                                        cout << setw( 5 ) << grades[ i ][ j ];
                                                                                  } // end outer for
                                                                               } // end function printArray
   // calculate average grade for each student
   for ( int person = 0; person < students; person++ )</pre>
       cout << "The average grade for student " << person
                                                                              The array is:
                                                                                                 [0] [1] [2] [3]
77 68 86 73
             << " is "
                                                                              studentGrades[0] 77
             << average( studentGrades[ person ], exams )</pre>
                                                                                                                 78
                                                                              studentGrades[1] 96
                                                                                                           89
             << endl:
                                                                              studentGrades[2] 70
                                                                                                      90
                                                                                                                 81
   return 0: // indicates successful termination
                                                                              Lowest grade: 68
                                                                              Highest grade: 96
} // end main
                                                                              The average grade for student 0 is 76.00
                                                                              The average grade for student 1 is 87.50
                                                                              The average grade for student 2 is 81.75
                                                                              Press any key to continue
```