CSC258 PRELAB3

Tingfeng Xia (1003780884)

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.1 Appendix rippleadder.v

```
module rippleadder4(SW, LEDR);
    // SW[3:0] number 1
    // SW[7:4] number 2
    // SW[8:8] carry initial
    input [8:0] SW;
    output [4:0] LEDR; // 4 bit result, one bit carry
    // connecting the four full adders
    wire w1;
    wire w2;
    wire w3;
    fulladder f1(
        .cin(SW[8]),
        .a(SW[4]),
        .b(SW[0]),
        .cout(w1),
        .s(LEDR[0])
    );
    fulladder f2(
        .cin(w1),
        .a(SW[5]),
        .b(SW[1]),
        .cout(w2),
        .s(LEDR[1])
    );
    fulladder f3(
        .cin(w2),
        .a(SW[6]),
        .b(SW[2]),
        .cout(w3),
        .s(LEDR[2])
    );
    fulladder f4(
        .cin(w3),
        .a(SW[7]),
        .b(SW[3]),
        .cout(LEDR[4]),
        .s(LEDR[3])
    );
endmodule
// full adder
module fulladder(cin, a, b, s, cout);
//
          input a;
//
          input b;
//
          input cin;
//
          output s;
//
          output cout;
//
```

```
assign s = a^b^cin;
          assign cout = (a \& b) / (cin \& (a^b));
    input cin;
    input a;
    input b;
    output cout;
    output s;
    wire w1;
    mux2to1 mux(
        .x(b),
        .y(cin),
        .s(w1),
        .m(cout)
    );
    my_XOR x1(
        .a(a),
        .b(b),
        .f(w1)
    );
    my_XOR x2(
        .a(cin),
        .b(w1),
        .f(s)
    );
endmodule
// define a XOR module
module my_XOR(a, b, f);
    input a;
    input b;
    output f;
    assign f = a \hat{b};
endmodule
// mux2to1 from lab2
module mux2to1(x, y, s, m);
    input x; //selected when s is 0
    input y; //selected when s is 1
    input s; //select signal
    output m; //output
    assign m = s \& y \mid ~s \& x;
endmodule
```

.2 Appendix rippleadder.do

```
# Set the working dir, where all compiled Verilog goes.
vlib work

# Compile all Verilog modules in mux.v to working dir;
# could also have multiple Verilog files.
# The timescale argument defines default time unit
```

```
# (used when no unit is specified), while the second number
# defines precision (all times are rounded to this value)
vlog -timescale 1ns/1ns rippleadder4.v
# Load simulation using mux as the top level simulation module.
vsim rippleadder4
# Log all signals and add some signals to waveform window.
# add wave \{/*\} would add all items in top level simulation module.
add wave \{/*\}
\# 0000 + 0000 = 0000 simple case
force {SW[0]} 0
force {SW[1]} 0
force {SW[2]} 0
force {SW[3]} 0
force {SW[4]} 0
force {SW[5]} 0
force {SW[6]} 0
force {SW[7]} 0
force {SW[8]} 0
run 10ns
# 0000 + 0000 with initial carry
force {SW[0]} 0
force {SW[1]} 0
force {SW[2]} 0
force {SW[3]} 0
force {SW[4]} 0
force \{SW[5]\} 0
force {SW[6]} 0
force {SW[7]} 0
force {SW[8]} 1
run 10ns
\# 0001 + 0001 = 0010 (with no ini carry)
force {SW[0]} 1
force {SW[1]} 0
force {SW[2]} 0
force {SW[3]} 0
force {SW[4]} 1
force \{SW[5]\} 0
force {SW[6]} 0
force {SW[7]} 0
force {SW[8]} 0
run 10ns
\# 0101 + 0101 = 1010 no overflow
force {SW[0]} 1
force {SW[1]} 0
force {SW[2]} 1
force {SW[3]} 0
force \{SW[4]\} 1
force {SW[5]} 0
force {SW[6]} 1
```

```
force {SW[7]} 0
force {SW[8]} 0
run 10ns
# 1000 + 0111 = 1111 no overflow
force {SW[0]} 0
force \{SW[1]\} 0
force {SW[2]} 0
force \{SW[3]\} 1
force {SW[4]} 1
force {SW[5]} 1
force {SW[6]} 1
force {SW[7]} 0
force {SW[8]} 0
run 10ns
# 1000 + 1000 = (1)0000 \text{ overflow}
force {SW[0]} 0
force {SW[1]} 0
force {SW[2]} 0
force {SW[3]} 1
force \{SW[4]\} 0
force {SW[5]} 0
force {SW[6]} 0
force {SW[7]} 1
force {SW[8]} 0
run 10ns
```

.3 Appendix mux7.v

```
module mux71(SW, LEDR);
    input [9:0] SW;
    output [0:0] LEDR;
    reg Out;
    always @(*)
    begin
        case (SW[9:7])
            3'b000: Out = SW[0];
            3'b001: Out = SW[1];
            3'b010: Out = SW[2];
            3'b011: Out = SW[3];
            3'b100: Out = SW[4];
            3'b101: Out = SW[5];
            3'b110: Out = SW[6];
            default: Out = 1'b0; // fall back
        endcase
    end
    assign LEDR[0] = Out; // Assign the outputs
endmodule;
```

.4 Appendix mux7.do

```
# Set the working dir, where all compiled Verilog goes.
vlib work
# Compile all Verilog modules in mux.v to working dir;
# could also have multiple Verilog files.
# The timescale argument defines default time unit
# (used when no unit is specified), while the second number
# defines precision (all times are rounded to this value)
vlog -timescale 1ns/1ns mux71.v
# Load simulation using mux as the top level simulation module.
vsim mux71
# Log all signals and add some signals to waveform window.
log {/*}
# add wave {/*} would add all items in top level simulation module.
add wave {/*}
force {SW[9]} 0 0, 1 512
force {SW[8]} 0 0, 1 256 -r 512
force {SW[7]} 0 0, 1 128 -r 256
force {SW[6]} 0 0, 1 64 -r 128
force \{SW[5]\}\ 0\ 0, 1 32 -r 64
force {SW[4]} 0 0, 1 16 -r 32
force \{SW[3]\}\ 0\ 0, 1 8 -r 16
force {SW[2]} 0 0, 1 4 -r 8
force {SW[1]} 0 0, 1 2 -r 4
force {SW[0]} 0 0, 1 1 -r 2
run 1024ns
```

.5 Appendix ALU.v

```
module ALU(SW, KEY, LEDR, HEXO, HEX1, HEX2, HEX3, HEX4, HEX5);
    input [7:0] SW;
    input [2:0] KEY;
    output [6:0] HEXO;
    output [6:0] HEX1;
    output [6:0] HEX2;
    output [6:0] HEX3;
    output [6:0] HEX4;
    output [6:0] HEX5;
    output [7:0] LEDR;
    // two wires for arithmetic operations
   wire [4:0] addOneToA;
   wire [4:0] addAToB;
    // set hex1 and hex3 to zero
    assign HEX1[6:0] = 7'b0000001;
    assign HEX3[6:0] = 7'b0000001;
    // two 4 bit ripple adders
    rippleadder4 ra1(
        .SW(\{1'b0, SW[7:4], 4'b0001\}),
        .LEDR(addOneToA[4:0])
```

```
);
    rippleadder4 ra2(
        .SW(\{1'b0, SW[7:4], SW[3:0]\}),
        .LEDR(addAToB[4:0])
    );
    reg [7:0] ALUout;
    always @(*)
    begin
        case (KEY[2:0])
            3'b000: ALUout[7:0] = {3'b000, addOneToA[4:0]};
            3'b001: ALUout[7:0] = {3'b000, addAToB[4:0]};
            3'b010: ALUout[7:0] = \{3'b000, SW[7:4] + SW[3:0]\};
            3'b011: ALUout[7:0] = \{SW[7:4] \mid SW[3:0], SW[7:4] \cap SW[3:0]\};
            3'b100: ALUout[7:0] = {7'b0000000}, (|SW[7:0])}; // bitwise or the 8 inputs
            3'b101: ALUout[7:0] = SW[7:0];
            default: ALUout[7:0] = 8'b0000_0000;
        endcase
    end
    assign LEDR[7:0] = ALUout[7:0];
    // HEXO and HEX2 shows B and A respectively
    hexdecoder hex0(
        .SW(SW[3:0]),
        .HEX(HEX0[6:0])
    );
    hexdecoder hex2(
        .SW(SW[7:4]),
        .HEX(HEX2[6:0])
    );
    hexdecoder hex4(
        .SW(ALUout[3:0]),
        .HEX(HEX4[6:0])
        //First four bits
    hexdecoder hex5(
        .SW(ALUout[7:4]),
        .HEX(HEX5[6:0])
          //Second four bits
    );
endmodule
module hexdecoder(HEX, SW);
    input [3:0] SW;
    output [6:0] HEX;
    hex0 u0(
        .x(SW[3]),
        .y(SW[2]),
        .z(SW[1]),
        .w(SW[0]),
        .m(HEX[0])
    );
    hex1 u1(
        .x(SW[3]),
```

```
.y(SW[2]),
        .z(SW[1]),
        .w(SW[0]),
        .m(HEX[1])
    );
    hex2 u2(
        .x(SW[3]),
        .y(SW[2]),
        .z(SW[1]),
        .w(SW[0]),
        .m(HEX[2])
    );
    hex3 u3(
        .x(SW[3]),
        .y(SW[2]),
        .z(SW[1]),
        .w(SW[0]),
        .m(HEX[3])
    );
    hex4 u4(
        .x(SW[3]),
        .y(SW[2]),
        .z(SW[1]),
        .w(SW[0]),
        .m(HEX[4])
    );
    hex5 u5(
        .x(SW[3]),
        .y(SW[2]),
        .z(SW[1]),
        .w(SW[0]),
        .m(HEX[5])
    );
    hex6 u6(
        .x(SW[3]),
        .y(SW[2]),
        .z(SW[1]),
        .w(SW[0]),
        .m(HEX[6])
    );
endmodule
module hex0(x, y, z, w, m);
    input x;
    input y;
    input z;
    input w;
    output m;
    assign m = (x & y & z & w) | (x & y & z & w);
```

```
endmodule
module hex1(x, y, z, w, m);
    input x;
    input y;
    input z;
    input w;
    output m;
    assign m = (\tilde{x} \& y \& \tilde{z} \& w) | (x \& z \& w) | (y \& z \& \tilde{w}) | (x \& y \& \tilde{w});
endmodule
module hex2(x, y, z, w, m);
    input x;
    input y;
    input z;
    input w;
    output m;
    assign m = (x \& y \& \tilde{w}) | (x \& y \& z) | (\tilde{x} \& \tilde{y} \& z \& \tilde{w});
endmodule
module hex3(x, y, z, w, m);
    input x;
    input y;
    input z;
    input w;
    output m;
    assign m = (~x & y & ~z & ~w) | (~x & ~y & ~z & w) | (y & z & w) | (x & ~y & z & ~w);
endmodule
module hex4(x, y, z, w, m);
    input x;
    input y;
    input z;
    input w;
    output m;
    assign m = (x \& w) | (y \& z \& w) | (x \& y \& z);
endmodule
module hex5(x, y, z, w, m);
    input x;
    input y;
    input z;
    input w;
    output m;
```

assign $m = (\tilde{x} \& \tilde{y} \& w) | (\tilde{x} \& \tilde{y} \& z) | (\tilde{x} \& z \& w) | (x \& y \& \tilde{z} \& w);$

endmodule

```
module hex6(x, y, z, w, m);
    input x;
    input y;
    input z;
    input w;
    output m;
    assign m = (~x & ~y & ~z) | (~x & y & z & w) | (x & y & ~z & ~w);
endmodule
module rippleadder4(SW, LEDR);
    // SW[3:0] number 1
    // SW[7:4] number 2
    // SW[8:8] carry initial
    input [8:0] SW;
    output [4:0] LEDR; // 4 bit result, one bit carry
    // connecting the four full adders
    wire w1;
    wire w2;
    wire w3;
    fulladder f1(
        .cin(SW[8]),
        .a(SW[4]),
        .b(SW[0]),
        .cout(w1),
        .s(LEDR[0])
    );
    fulladder f2(
        .cin(w1),
        .a(SW[5]),
        .b(SW[1]),
        .cout(w2),
        .s(LEDR[1])
    );
    fulladder f3(
        .cin(w2),
        .a(SW[6]),
        .b(SW[2]),
        .cout(w3),
        .s(LEDR[2])
    );
    fulladder f4(
        .cin(w3),
        .a(SW[7]),
        .b(SW[3]),
        .cout(LEDR[4]),
        .s(LEDR[3])
```

```
);
endmodule
// full adder
module fulladder(cin, a, b, s, cout);
//
          input a;
//
          input b;
//
          input cin;
//
          output s;
//
          output cout;
//
//
          assign s = a^b^cin;
//
          assign cout = (a \& b) / (cin \& (a^b));
    input cin;
    input a;
    input b;
    output cout;
    output s;
    wire w1;
    mux2to1 mux(
        .x(b),
        .y(cin),
        .s(w1),
        .m(cout)
    );
    XOR x1(
        .a(a),
        .b(b),
        .f(w1)
    );
    XOR x2(
        .a(cin),
        .b(w1),
        .f(s)
    );
endmodule
// define a XOR module
module XOR(a, b, f);
    input a;
    input b;
    output f;
    assign f = a ^ b;
endmodule
// mux2to1 from lab2
module mux2to1(x, y, s, m);
    input x; //selected when s is 0
    input y; //selected when s is 1
    input s; //select signal
    output m; //output
```

```
assign m = s \& y \mid \ \tilde{s} \& x; endmodule
```

.6 Appendix ALU.do

```
# Set the working dir, where all compiled Verilog goes.
vlib work
# Compile all Verilog modules in mux.v to working dir;
# could also have multiple Verilog files.
# The timescale argument defines default time unit
# (used when no unit is specified), while the second number
# defines precision (all times are rounded to this value)
vlog -timescale 1ns/1ns ALU.v
# Load simulation using mux as the top level simulation module.
vsim ALU
# Log all signals and add some signals to waveform window.
log {/*}
# add wave {/*} would add all items in top level simulation module.
add wave \{/*\}
# 000, make the output equal to plus one, 0111 + 1 = 1000
force {KEY[2]} 0
force {KEY[1]} 0
force {KEY[0]} 0
force {SW[0]} 0
force \{SW[1]\} 0
force {SW[2]} 0
force {SW[3]} 0
force {SW[4]} 1
force {SW[5]} 1
force {SW[6]} 1
force \{SW[7]\} 0
run 10ns
# 000, make the output equal to plus one, 1111 + 1 = 10000. overflow by one bit
force {KEY[2]} 0
force {KEY[1]} 0
force {KEY[0]} 0
force {SW[0]} 0
force {SW[1]} 0
force {SW[2]} 0
force {SW[3]} 0
force \{SW[4]\} 1
force {SW[5]} 1
force {SW[6]} 1
force {SW[7]} 1
run 10ns
# 001, A+B. 0000+1111 = 1111
force {KEY[2]} 0
force {KEY[1]} 0
force {KEY[0]} 1
```

```
force {SW[0]} 0
force {SW[1]} 0
force {SW[2]} 0
force {SW[3]} 0
force {SW[4]} 1
force {SW[5]} 1
force {SW[6]} 1
force \{SW[7]\} 1
run 10ns
# 001, A+B. 0101+0001 = 0110
force {KEY[2]} 0
force {KEY[1]} 0
force {KEY[0]} 1
force {SW[0]} 1
force {SW[1]} 0
force {SW[2]} 0
force {SW[3]} 0
force {SW[4]} 1
force {SW[5]} 0
force {SW[6]} 1
force \{SW[7]\} 0
run 10ns
# 010 verilog + operator 0000+1111 = 1111, same as case 1 in 001
force {KEY[2]} 0
force {KEY[1]} 0
force {KEY[0]} 1
force {SW[0]} 0
force {SW[1]} 0
force \{SW[2]\} 0
force {SW[3]} 0
force {SW[4]} 1
force {SW[5]} 1
force {SW[6]} 1
force {SW[7]} 1
run 10ns
# 010 verilog + operator, 0101 + 0001 = 0110, same as case 2 in 001
force {KEY[2]} 0
force {KEY[1]} 1
force {KEY[0]} 0
force {SW[0]} 1
force {SW[1]} 0
force {SW[2]} 0
force \{SW[3]\} 0
force {SW[4]} 1
force \{SW[5]\} 0
force {SW[6]} 1
force {SW[7]} 0
run 10ns
# 011, XOR in the lower bits and OR in higher bits, 1000 and 0111, all one
force {KEY[2]} 0
force {KEY[1]} 1
force {KEY[0]} 1
```

```
force {SW[0]} 1
force {SW[1]} 0
force \{SW[2]\} 0
force {SW[3]} 0
force {SW[4]} 0
force {SW[5]} 1
force {SW[6]} 1
force \{SW[7]\} 1
run 10ns
# 011, XOR in the lower bits and OR in higher bits, 0101 and 1111, OR = 1111 XOR=1010
force {KEY[2]} 0
force {KEY[1]} 1
force {KEY[0]} 1
force {SW[0]} 1
force {SW[1]} 0
force {SW[2]} 1
force {SW[3]} 0
force {SW[4]} 1
force {SW[5]} 1
force {SW[6]} 1
force \{SW[7]\} 1
run 10ns
# 100 case where all1 zero, 0000_0000
force {KEY[2]} 1
force {KEY[1]} 0
force {KEY[0]} 0
force {SW[0]} 0
force {SW[1]} 0
force \{SW[2]\} 0
force {SW[3]} 0
force {SW[4]} 0
force {SW[5]} 0
force {SW[6]} 0
force {SW[7]} 0
run 10ns
# 100 case where all one, 0000_0001
force {KEY[2]} 1
force {KEY[1]} 0
force {KEY[0]} 0
force \{SW[0]\} 1
force {SW[1]} 1
force {SW[2]} 1
force \{SW[3]\} 1
force {SW[4]} 1
force \{SW[5]\} 1
force {SW[6]} 1
force {SW[7]} 1
run 10ns
# 100 case where some one, 0000_0001
force {KEY[2]} 1
force {KEY[1]} 0
force {KEY[0]} 0
```

```
force {SW[0]} 1
force {SW[1]} 0
force \{SW[2]\} 1
force {SW[3]} 1
force \{SW[4]\} 0
force {SW[5]} 0
force \{SW[6]\} 1
force \{SW[7]\} 0
run 10ns
# 101 case apear input, 01001101
force {KEY[2]} 1
force {KEY[1]} 0
force {KEY[0]} 1
force \{SW[0]\} 1
force {SW[1]} 0
force {SW[2]} 1
force \{SW[3]\} 1
force \{SW[4]\} 0
force \{SW[5]\} 0
force {SW[6]} 1
force {SW[7]} 0
run 10ns
# 101 case apear input, 1100_1110
force {KEY[2]} 1
force {KEY[1]} 0
force {KEY[0]} 1
force {SW[0]} 0
force {SW[1]} 1
force \{SW[2]\} 1
force \{SW[3]\} 1
force \{SW[4]\} 0
force {SW[5]} 0
force {SW[6]} 1
force {SW[7]} 1
```

run 10ns