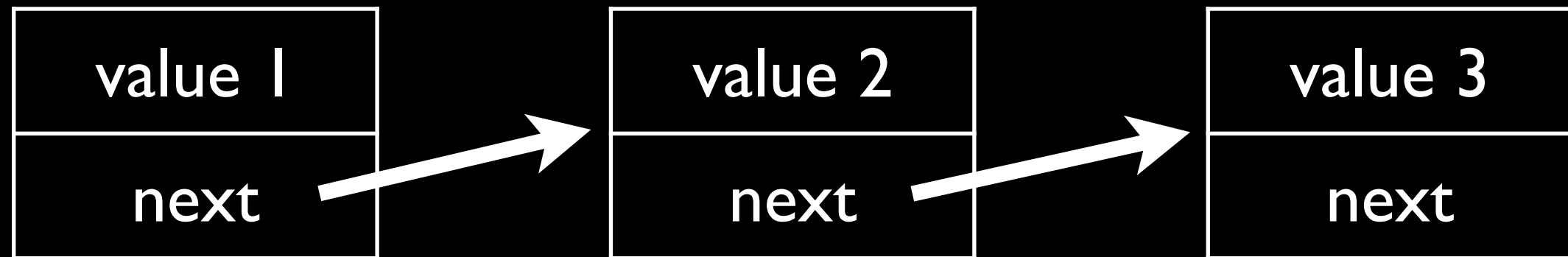


CS 261 Lab #4

Linked lists & palindromes

A linked list is a set of nodes that are linked to one another



Unlike an array, they don't need to be contiguous

value 1	value 2	value 3
index 0	index 1	index 2

```
struct node {  
    int value;  
    struct node *next;  
}
```

value holds the data

next points to the next node
in the list

if **next** is **NULL**, we've
reached the end of the list

The linked list data type can be used to
implement more abstract data types

For this lab, you'll implement a **stack**
with a **singly-linked list**

Then, you'll use your implementation to
write a **palindrome detector**

Palindromes are words or phrases that are spelled the same forwards and backwards
We can use stacks to detect them!

taco cat

t		t	
a		a	
c		c	
o		o	
c		c	
a		a	
t		t	

1) Implement a stack using a **singly-linked list**

2) Finish the **palindrome detector**

[http://classes.engr.oregonstate.edu/eecs/spring2015/
cs261-001/lab4.php](http://classes.engr.oregonstate.edu/eecs/spring2015/cs261-001/lab4.php)