MIDSEM TEST

Missing Values

Question 1

$$\begin{split} N_t \sim Poisson(5.1t) \\ N_t - N_s \sim Poisson\big(5.1(t-s)\big) \end{split}$$

- a. The inter-event time follows a Poisson Distribution
- b. $E(N_t N_s) = 5.1(t s)$
- d. $Pr(N_3 > 1.8 + E(N_2)) =$

$$E(X_2) = 10.2$$

 $Pr[N_3 > 10.2 + 1.8] = 0.7564968855759098$

e. $Pr(N_2 > 2.2) = 0.9976500924527895$

Question 2

- a. For the chain to be an absorbing Markov process, every state must be able to reach a state that is absorbing. So a, b both have to be 1 since we could start at either state 1 or state 2, and since both states are absorbing the chain will be considered an absorbing Markov process. Another option would be to direct to only one state, i.e. a->b only or b-> a only. So a (a = 0, a = 1) or a = 1, a = 0) respectively.
- b. For a continuous-time Markov chain to be an absorbing Markov process the generator matrix, $A = [\{(-a), a\}, \{b, (-b)\}]$, the rows should equal to 0 and However the
- c. Given enough cycles, the distribution matrix for the Markov chain will eventually become a stationary distribution

Question 3

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a. P =
[0, 0.5, 0.5,
0.5, 0, 0.5,
0.5, 0.5, 0]
b. Pr(period = 2) = 1/4
a -> b -> a
a -> c -> a
b -> a -> b
b -> c -> b
c -> a -> c
c -> b -> c
c. D = [
0.5
0.5
0.5]
```

Final distribution = D*P = [0.5, 0.5, 0.5]

The final distribution does not change regardless of where the starting state is, since every final position is equally likely.

Question 4

Missing Values

$$6q58 = 58p * (1 - 6p58)$$

_tq_x = (1 -_tp_x) =
$$1 - E^{\left(-\int_0^5 (\mu_{55+5}) \, dS\right)}$$
 $\mu_{60} \to 0.51434404563185$

 $Mu_x = Bc^x$

Equations:

Mu_60 = Bc^60 = 0.51434404563185

Question 5