

Introduction to Natural Language Processing



Key Questions

Agenda

- What is NLP? What are its applications?
- What is text cleaning? What are the different steps in text cleaning?
- How does the Bag of Words (BoW) model work?
- How does the n-gram model work?
- What is sentiment analysis?

Key Questions

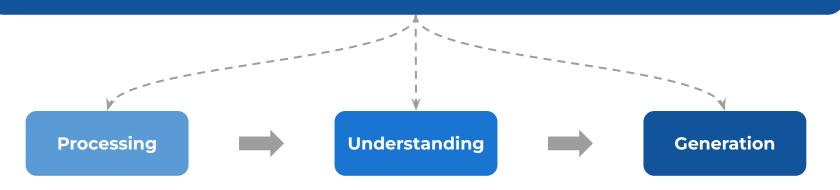


What is NLP? What are its applications? What is text cleaning? What are the different steps in text cleaning? How does the Bag of Words (BoW) model work? How does the n-gram model work? What is sentiment analysis?

What is NLP?

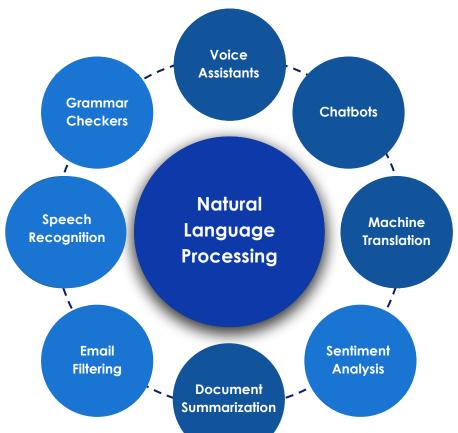


Natural Language Processing (NLP) is a branch of artificial intelligence (AI) that deals with the interaction between machines and human languages, with an aim to automate the reading, interpretation and understanding of human languages, also called natural language.



What are the applications of NLP?





This file is meant for personal use by tinlong@iscopedesign.com only.

Sharing or publishing the contents in part or full is liable for legal action. Proprietary content. © Great Learning. All Rights Reserved. Unauthorized use or distribution prohibited.

What is text cleaning?



Text cleaning is the **process of preparing and refining raw text** data by **removing noise**, such as special characters, punctuation, stop words, and irrelevant symbols, to standardize text data

This is done to improve its suitability for analysis and modeling

What are the different steps in text cleaning?



Stopword Removal: Removes common words like "and", "the", "is", etc which often appears frequently and generally do not add 'contextual value' to the text

Stemming: Converts the word into its root form, reducing it to its base or stem, to capture the core meaning

Lowercasing: Converts all the words into lower case letters

Remove special characters: Removes special characters like ", "", !, @, etc

Strip extra white spaces: Removes extra spaces between the words

Example - Text Cleaning



Text preprocessing is key in natural language processing (NLP). It involves refining raw text for machine understanding and analysis. This process includes eliminating redundant words, reducing words to their root form, standardizing text to lowercase, excluding symbols (!@#\$), ensuring clean spaces, and filtering out numerical characters 1234.



text preprocess key natur languag process nlp involv refin raw text machin understand analysi process includ elimin redund word reduc word root form standard text lowercas exclud symbol ensur clean space filter numer charact 1234

How does the Bag of Words (BoW) model work?



Represents text by **counting the frequency of unique words** in a document **without considering the order or structure** of the words

Creates a "bag" (or set) of words in a text corpus, ignoring grammar and word order

Example:

Sentence	the	cat	jumped	dog	barked	chased
The cat jumped	1	1	1	0	0	0
The dog barked	1	0	0	1	1	0
The cat chased the dog	1	1	O y tinlong@iscope	1	0	1

Sharing or publishing the contents in part or full is liable for legal action. Proprietary content. © Great Learning. All Rights Reserved. Unauthorized use or distribution prohibited.

How does the n-gram model work?



Similar to the BoW model but **considers sequences of 'n' consecutive words at a time** (called n-grams)

Takes into account the sequence, and through that, the context of words

Example:

Sentence	the cat	cat jumped	the dog	dog barked	cat chased	chased the
The cat jumped	1	1	0	0	0	0
The dog barked	0	0	1	1	0	0
The cat chased the dog	This file is m	O neant for personal use	O by tinlong@isc	O opedesign.com only.	1	1

Sharing or publishing the contents in part or full is liable for legal action.

Proprietary content. © Great Learning. All Rights Reserved. Unauthorized use or distribution prohibited.

What is sentiment analysis?



The process of **analyzing a piece of text** and **categorizing it** based on the context and emotions expressed within the text

In general, categorization is done as positive, negative, or neutral

Used extensively to analyze end-user feedback, gain insights on the sentiment of the user towards a product/service, and identify areas of improvement

Example:

"The movie was fun, brisk, and imaginative"



Positive

How to do sentiment analysis?



Sentiment Analysis

Lexicon-based Approach

Uses predefined dictionaries (or lexicons) containing words and their associated sentiment labels

Each word in new, unseen text is compared against the lexicons to determine its sentiment label, and then the values are combined to get the prediction

ML-based Approach

Involves training algorithms on labeled data (text sample + associated sentiment label) to learn patterns

The algorithm makes predictions about the sentiment of new, unseen text based on what it has learned from the training data

This file is meant for personal use by tinlong@iscopedesign.com only.



Happy Learning!

