

Algumas Séries de Maclaurin (Taylor).

$$\textbf{A. } e^x = 1 + \frac{x}{1!} + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} + \dots + \frac{x^n}{n!} + \dots = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^k}{k!}, \text{ sendo } x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\textbf{B. } \ln(1+x) = x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} + \dots + (-1)^n \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + \dots = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{x^{k+1}}{k+1}, \text{ sendo } x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\textbf{C. } \arctan x = x - \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{x^7}{7} + \dots + (-1)^n \frac{x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \dots = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{x^{2k+1}}{2k+1}, \text{ sendo } x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\textbf{D. } \sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} + \dots + (-1)^{n+1} \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + \dots = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^{k+1} \frac{x^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!}, \text{ sendo } x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\textbf{E. } \cos x = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \frac{x^6}{6!} + \dots + (-1)^{n+1} \frac{x^{2n}}{(2n)!} + \dots = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^{k+1} \frac{x^{2k}}{(2k)!}, \text{ sendo } x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\textbf{F. } \sinh x = x + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} + \dots + \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!} + \dots = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2k+1}}{(2k+1)!}, \text{ sendo } x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\textbf{G. } \cosh x = 1 + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} + \frac{x^6}{6!} + \dots + \frac{x^{2n}}{(2n)!} + \dots = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2k}}{(2k)!}, \text{ sendo } x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\textbf{H. } \frac{1}{1-x} = 1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + \dots + x^n + \dots = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} x^k, \text{ sendo } |x| < 1$$

$$\textbf{I. } \frac{1}{1+x} = 1 - x + x^2 - x^3 + x^4 - \dots + (-1)^n x^n + \dots = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k x^k, \text{ sendo } |x| < 1$$

$$\textbf{J. } \frac{1}{(1-x)^2} = 1 + 2x + 3x^2 + 4x^3 + 5x^4 + \dots + nx^{n-1} + \dots = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (k+1)x^k, \text{ sendo } |x| < 1$$

$$\textbf{K. } \frac{1}{(1+x)^2} = -1 + 2x - 3x^2 + 4x^3 - 5x^4 + \dots + (-1)^{n+1} (n+1)x^n + \dots = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^{k+1} (k+1)x^k, \text{ sendo } |x| < 1$$