Home Assignment 1

Submission deadline: **10 May 2022** (<u>before</u> 23:59 CEST). Individual solutions to be submitted as an .R code file with comments to wischnewsky@uni-trier.de. Use the following label: <YourLastName>.R.

1. (10 points) Modeling the 3-Month Money Market Interest Rates

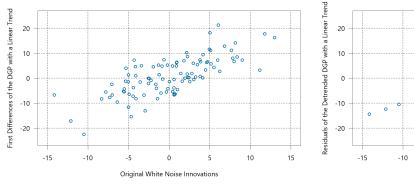
- 1. Read the data1.xlsx dataset into your working environment. Create three time series corresponding to the interest rates in the Euro Area, Denmark, and Sweden.
- 2. Familiarize yourself with the variables by plotting them separately and jointly in one graph.
- 3. Summarize, test the variables for normality, and compute the histograms. Which type of skewness is present?
- 4. Which pair of the three variables is the closest to each other? Show your conclusions.
- 5. Now focus on the period starting from the year 2013. What has changed with respect to 3. and 4.?
- 6. Convert the monthly data into quarterly. Calculate the average annual change based on the resulting time series.
- 7. Use the original monthly time series for Sweden for the rest of the analysis. Check this variable for the existence of a trend. Take the necessary actions.
- 8. Determine the appropriate lag length for an ARIMA(p,d,q) model. Estimate it and interpret the results.
- 9. Perform a test for residual autocorrelation. Justify the number of lags of your choice and interpret the results.
- 10. Forecast the interest rate for the period of March 2021—March 2022. Measure the accuracy formally and graphically. Comment on the results.

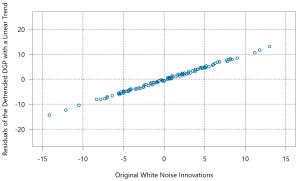
Useful functions: graphics::hist(), stats::aggregate(), urca::ur.df(),
ggplot2::autoplot()

2. (2 points) Bonus: Replication of Results

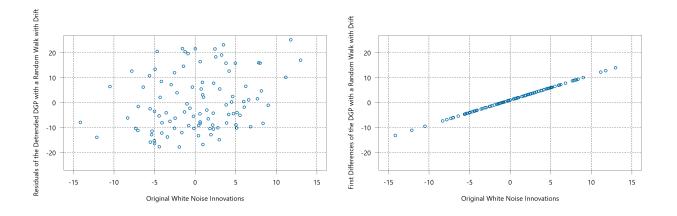
Create a time series with a (i) deterministic trend and with a (ii) stochastic trend. Then, perform the necessary steps to replicate the following graphs using the same normally distributed white noise process.

(a)





(b)



Useful functions: stats::rnorm(), base::diff(), stats::lm()