

# **Level-Up your Power Query game with Custom Functions**

*„Make your data shine!“*

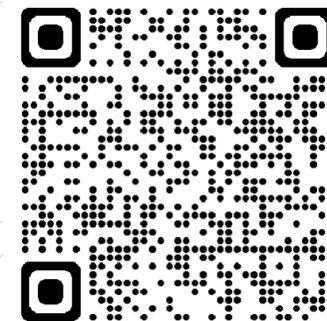
2023

# SPEAKER

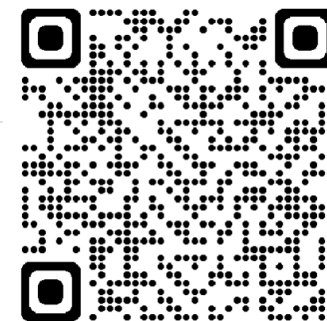


**ŠTĚPÁN REŠL**

**LINKEDIN**



**TWITTER**



**Data  
Brothers**



**Microsoft®**  
Most Valuable  
Professional



JAK NA  
**POWER BI**



**Power BI**  
kafíčko



**Data  
Meerkat**

# Functions

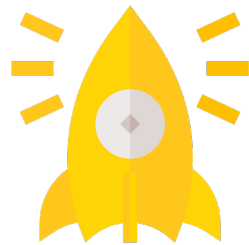
# Basics of functions

We use them all the time and for everything. Only because of them does Power Query work.



# So what's different?

Custom functions are not so straightforward but very useful.



Custom  
Functions

**DEFINED BY YOU AND OTHERS**

**CAN BE MORE COMPLICATED**

**MOSTLY UNDOCUMENTED**

**NOT PART OF YOUR NEXT SOLUTION**



# **Why to use Custom functions?**

# or... where they can help?

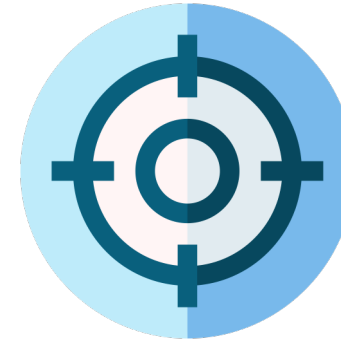
In short, so many complexities have to pay off somehow.



**REUSABILITY**



**READABILITY**





**SCOPED**


# REUSABILITY

You can use them whenever you need them. You only need to create once!



 **Power Query / M Language** 🕒 195ms

Language service for the Power Query / M formula language 

 Microsoft





# READABILITY

In short, so many complexities have to pay off somehow.

```
= Table.AddColumn(  
    filteredRowsOnlyToActive,  
    "DurationInYears",  
    Number.Round( List.Sum(  
        List.Generate(  
            ()=> [initDate = [Date], counter = 1],  
            each _[initDate] <> today,  
            each [initDate = Date.AddMonths([initDate],1), counter = 1],  
            each [counter]  
        ) ) /12, 2 )  
    )
```



# READABILITY

In short, so many complexities have to pay off somehow.

```
= Table.AddColumn(  
    filteredRowsOnlyToActive,  
    "DurationInYears",  
    #"get-DurationInYears"([Date])  
)
```



# SCOPED

It is only in our hands what problem the function will solve and whether it will be applicable within the entire PQ or only in one query.



**SHARED**



**PRIVATE**





**Anything else that is  
good to know?**

# The marking is different

The designation of custom functions is directly subordinate to its author in the given model



# A few useful insights

Little things that can have a big impact!

The return of functions can be **anything**...

You can reference functions without “()”

fctName()() can be **valid** function

**Some native functions also ask custom!!!**

# **How to define custom functions?**

# Basic defining

Creating a custom function is not hard. You just need `()=>` and that's it!

`(<parameters>) => <function-body>`

`(x, y) => x * y`



# Type supporting

Is great to support users in understanding and preventing the usage of wrong data types!

(<parameters> as <type-definition>)

<return-data-type> =>

<function-body>

(x as number, y as number) as number => x \* y

# Optional parameters

The designation of custom functions is directly subordinate to its author in the given model

([<required-parameters>],[<optional-parameters>])

<return-data-type> =>

<function-body>

(**x** as number, **y** as number, **optional z** as number)  
as number =>

x \* y \* ( if z <> null then z else 1 )

# More complex function body

Not every time you will need just simple expression. More often, you will also need [ let .. in ]

(x as number, y as number, optional z as number)  
as number =>

let

additional = ( if z <> null then z else 1 ),  
vl = x \* y \* additional

in

vl

# **Documentation of functions**

# Documentation

Documentation is essential to understand our features even a month from now.

✕ ✓ fx = Number.From ▼

Number.From

Returns a number value from the given value. An optional culture may also be provided (for example, "en-US"). If the given value is null, Number.From returns null. If the given value is number, value is returned. Values of the following types can be converted to a number value:

- text: A number value from textual representation. Common text formats are handled ("15", "3,423.10", "5.0E-10"). Refer to Number.FromText for details.
- logical: 1 for true, 0 for false.
- datetime: A double-precision floating-point number that contains an OLE Automation date equivalent.
- datetimezone: A double-precision floating-point number that contains an OLE Automation date equivalent of the local date and time of value.
- date: A double-precision floating-point number that contains an OLE Automation date equivalent.
- time: Expressed in fractional days.
- duration: Expressed in whole and fractional days.

If value is of any other type, an error is returned.

Enter Parameters

value (optional)

culture (optional)

function (value as any, optional culture as nullable text) as nullable number

Example: Get the number value of "4".

encoding (optional)  

▼

TextEncoding.Utf16  
TextEncoding.Unicode  
TextEncoding.BigEndianUnicode  
TextEncoding.Windows  
TextEncoding.Ascii  
TextEncoding.Utf8

get-Imports.pq

Get all imports to tentant

Enter Parameter

generatedToken

function (generatedToken as text) as any

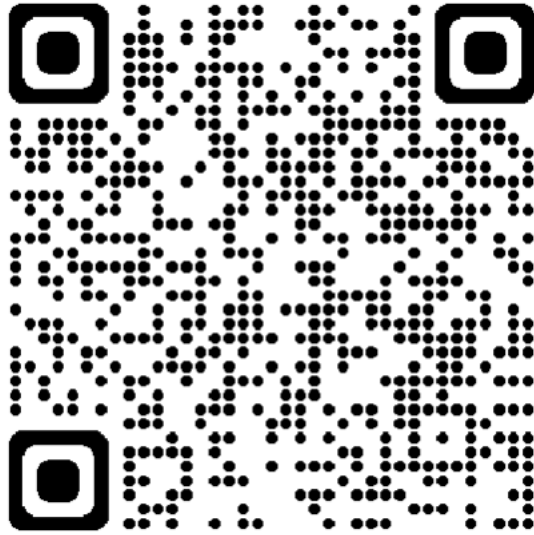
# Documentation

Documentation is essential to understand our features even a month from now.

```
// ----- Function -----
let
    // ----- Function segment -----
    output =
        (*parameter as text, optional opt_parameter as text*/) /*as text*/ =>    // Input definition + Function
        output type definition
    let                                     // Inner function steps
    declaration
        initStep = "",
        lastStep = ""
    in
        lastStep,                                     // Output from inner steps
    // ----- Documentation segment -----
    documentation = [
        Documentation.Name = " NAME OF FUNCTION ",           // Name of the function
        Documentation.Description = " DESCRIPTION ",         // Description of the function
        Documentation.Source = " URL / SOURCE DESCRIPTION ", // Source of the function
        Documentation.Version = " VERSION ",                 // Version of the function
        Documentation.Author = " AUTHOR ",                   // Author of the function
        Documentation.Examples =                             // Examples of the functions
        {
            [
                Description = " EXAMPLE DESCRIPTION ",        // Description of the example
                Code = " EXAMPLE CODE ",                       // Code of the example
                Result = " EXAMPLE RESULT "                    // Result of the example
            ]
        }
    ]
    // ----- Output -----
in
    Value.ReplaceType(
        output,
        Value.ReplaceMetadata(
            function
                Value.Type(output),
            function
                documentation
            )
        )
// -----
```

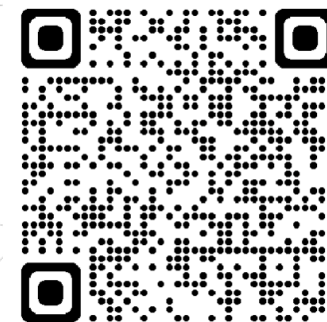
# Link for a Template

A reusable template can help you to have it always ready!

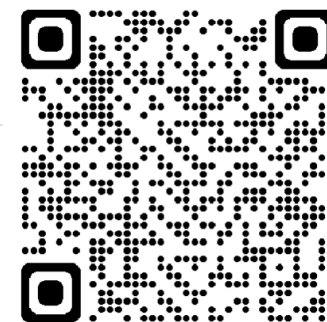


# THANK YOU FOR THE ATTENTION

LINKEDIN



TWITTER



**ŠTĚPÁN REŠL**



**Data  
Brothers**



**Microsoft®**  
Most Valuable  
Professional



JAK NA  
**POWER BI**

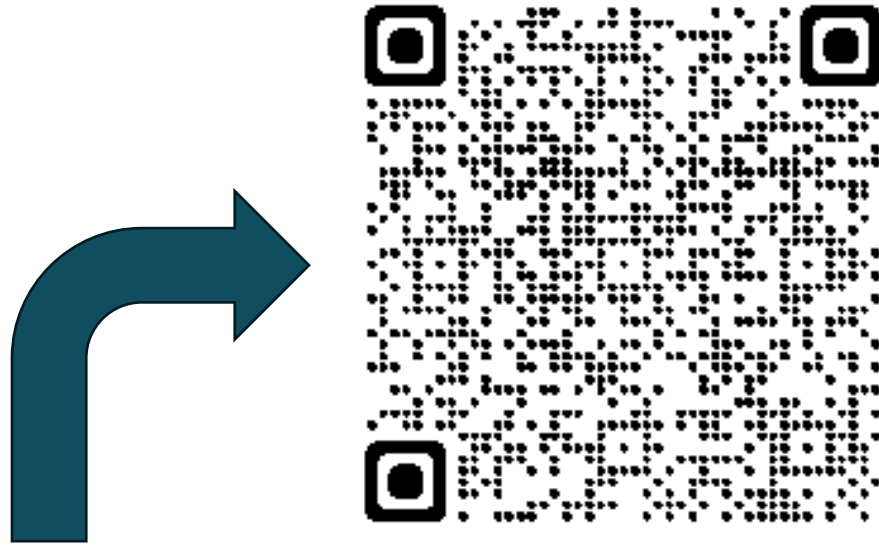


**Power BI**  
kačíčko



**Data  
Meerkat**





PDF VERSION OF THIS PPT