Python 3 cheatsheet (the basics)



Interact with the user (input and output)

Print a message

print('Hello, world!')

Print multiple values (of different types)

```
ndays = 365
print('There are', ndays, 'in a year')
```

Asking the user for a string

```
name = input('What is your name? ')
```

Asking the user for a whole number (an integer)

```
num = int(input('Enter a number: '))
```

Decide between options

Decide to run a block (or not)

```
x = 3
if x == 3:
  print('x is 3')
```

Decide between two blocks

```
mark = 80
if mark >= 50:
  print('pass')
else:
  print('fail')
```

Decide between many blocks

```
mark = 80
if mark >= 65:
  print('credit')
elif mark >= 50:
  print('pass')
else:
  print('fail')
```

▶elif can be used without else The answer is a Boolean:

▶elif can be used many times

Are two values equal?

$$x == 3$$

△ two equals signs, not one

Are two values not equal?

$$x != 3$$

Less than another?

x < 3

Greater than another?

x > 3

Less than or equal to?

x <= 3

Greater than or equal to?

x >= 3

True

or False

String manipulation

Compare two strings

```
msg = 'hello'
if msg == 'hello':
  print('howdy')
```

Less than another string?

```
if msg < 'n':</pre>
  print('a-m')
else:
  print('n-z')
```

△ strings are compared character at a time (lexicographic order)

Is a character in a string?

'e' in msg

Is a string in another string?

'ell' in msg

Convert to uppercase

msg.upper()

also lower and title

Count a character in a string

msg.count('l')

Replace a character or string

msg.replace('l','X')

Delete a character or string

msg.replace('l','')

Is the string all lowercase?

msg.islower()

also isupper and istitle

Text (strings)

Single quoted

'perfect'

Double quoted

"credit"

Multi-line

'''Hello, World!''

Add (concatenate) strings

'Hello' + 'World'

Multiply string by integer

'Echo...'*4

Length of a string

len('Hello')

Convert string to integer

int('365')

Variables

Creating a variable

Using a variable

celsius*9/5 + 32

Whole numbers (integers)

Addition and subtraction

Multiplication and division

Powers (2 to the power of 8)

Convert integer to string

str(365)

Repeat a block (a fixed number of times)

Repeat a block 10 times

```
for i in range(10):
  print(i)
```

Sum the numbers 0 to 9

```
total = 0
for i in range(10):
  total = total + i
print(total)
```

Repeat a block over a string

```
for c in 'Hello':
  print(c)
```

Keep printing on one line

```
for c in 'Hello':
  print(c, end=' ')
print('!')
```

range(10)

Count from 0 to 9

△ range starts from 0 and goes up to, but not including, 10

Count from 1 to 10

range(1, 11)

Count from 10 down to 1

range(10, 0, -1)

Count 2 at a time to 10

range(0, 11, 2)

range(10, 0, -2)

Count down 2 at a time

Repeat a block over list (or string) indices

```
msg = 'I grok Python!'
for i in range(len(msg)):
  print(i, msg[i])
```

Putting it together: Celsius to Fahrenheit converter

Ask the user for a temperature in degrees Celsius

celsius = int(input('Temp. in Celsius: '))

Calculate the conversion

fahrenheit = celsius*9/5 + 32

Output the result

print(fahrenheit, 'Fahrenheit')



