

EE325 Assignment 2

By- Samar Agarwal, Vasu Soni, Tirth Joshi

```
In [3]: import math
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
m = 100
def maxprob(p):
    fm = math.factorial(m)
    fp = math.factorial(p)
    A = []

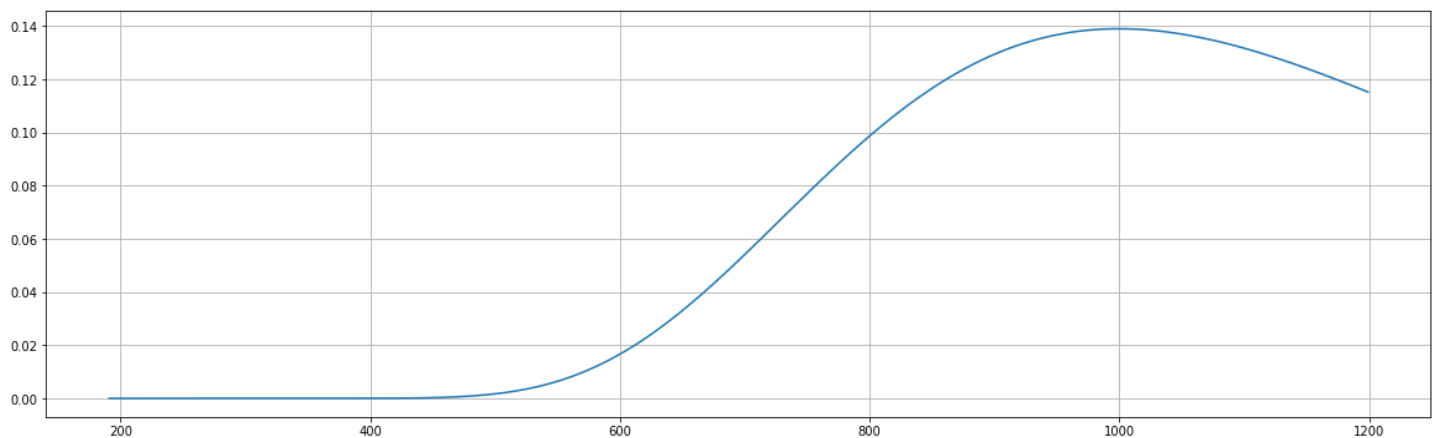
    for n in range (2*m-p+1,1200):
        b = n - 2*m + p
        a = n - m + p
        c = n - m
        d = m - p
        fa = math.factorial(a)
        fb = math.factorial(b)
        fc = math.factorial(c)
        fd = math.factorial(d)
        fn = math.factorial(n)
        fp = math.factorial(p)
        y = fm*fm*fc*fc/(fn*fp*fd*fd*fb)
        A.append(y)

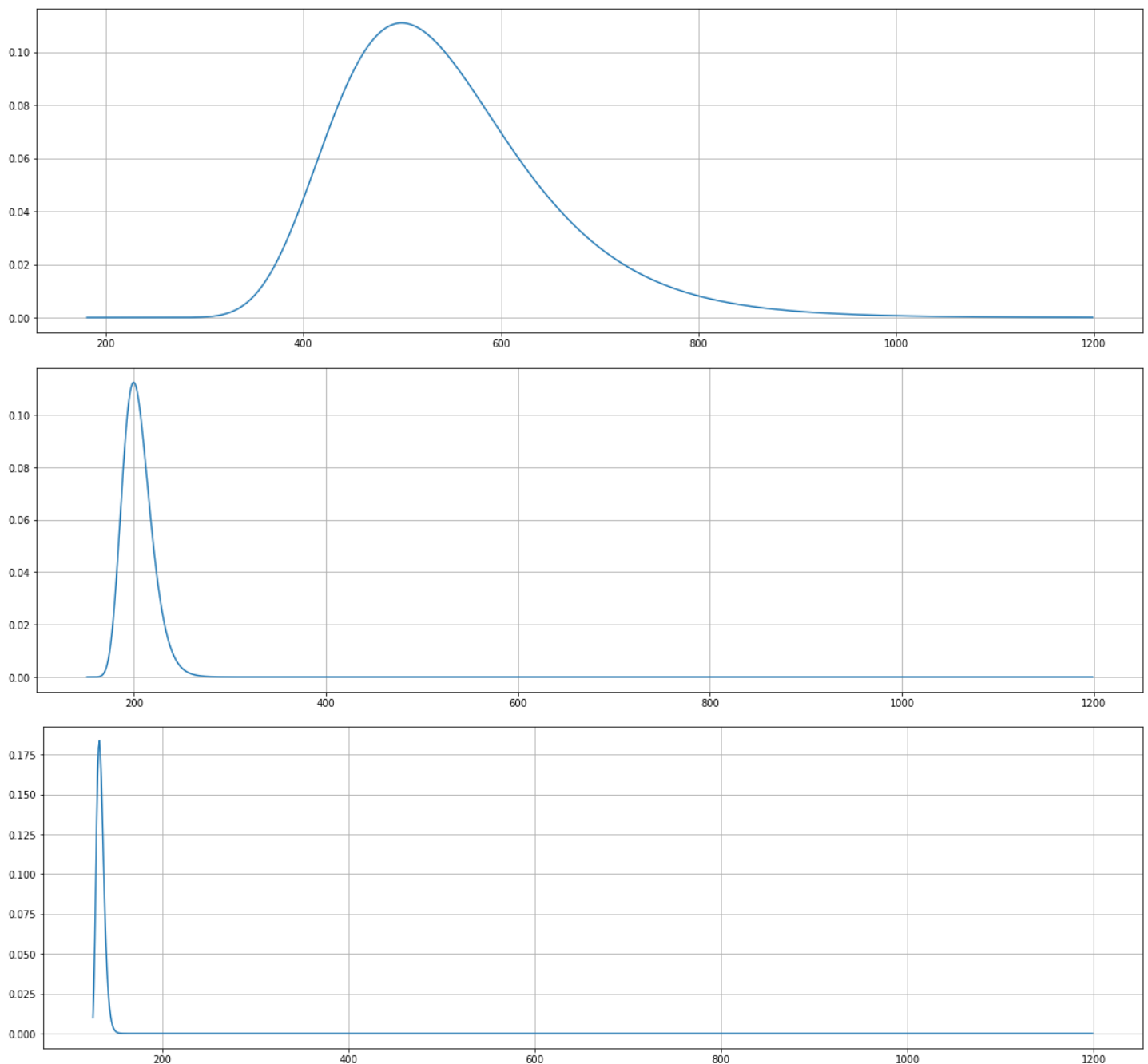
    for i in range (1,len(A)-1):
        if(A[i]>A[i+1]):
            print(i + 2*m-p+1)
            break

    plt.figure(figsize=(20,6))
    B = np.arange(0,len(A))
    plt.plot(np.arange(2*m-p+1,1200),A)
    plt.grid()

maxprob(10)
maxprob(20)
maxprob(50)
maxprob(75)
```

1000
500
200
133





The given graphs are in the order $p = 10, 20, 50, 75$.

Looking at the graphs, for each p we have obtained the local maxima for $\text{prob}(p | n)$ which gives the value of n which has highest probability of being total no of fishes, for a given p . As this n is most probable, for the given p we will guess this n to be total no of fishes.

```
In [4]: import math
import numpy as np
import random
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

def nCr(n,r):
    ans=1
    for i in range (r):
        ans*=n/(i+1)
        n-=1
    return ans
```

```

bestguesses = [10000,4999,3332,2499,1665,1427,1249,1110,1111]
def opbestguess(p):
    if p == 0:
        return bestguesses[0]
    if p<10 and p>0:
        return bestguesses[p-1]
    else :
        return bestguess(p)

def bestguess(p):

    m = 100
    fm = math.factorial(m)
    fp = math.factorial(p)
    A = []

    for n in range (200-p,3000):
        y = nCr(m,p)*nCr(n-m,m-p)/nCr(n,m)
        A.append(y)

    for i in range (1,len(A)-1):#2-4999 , 1 -10000
        if(A[i]>A[i+1]):
            return(i + 200-p)
            break

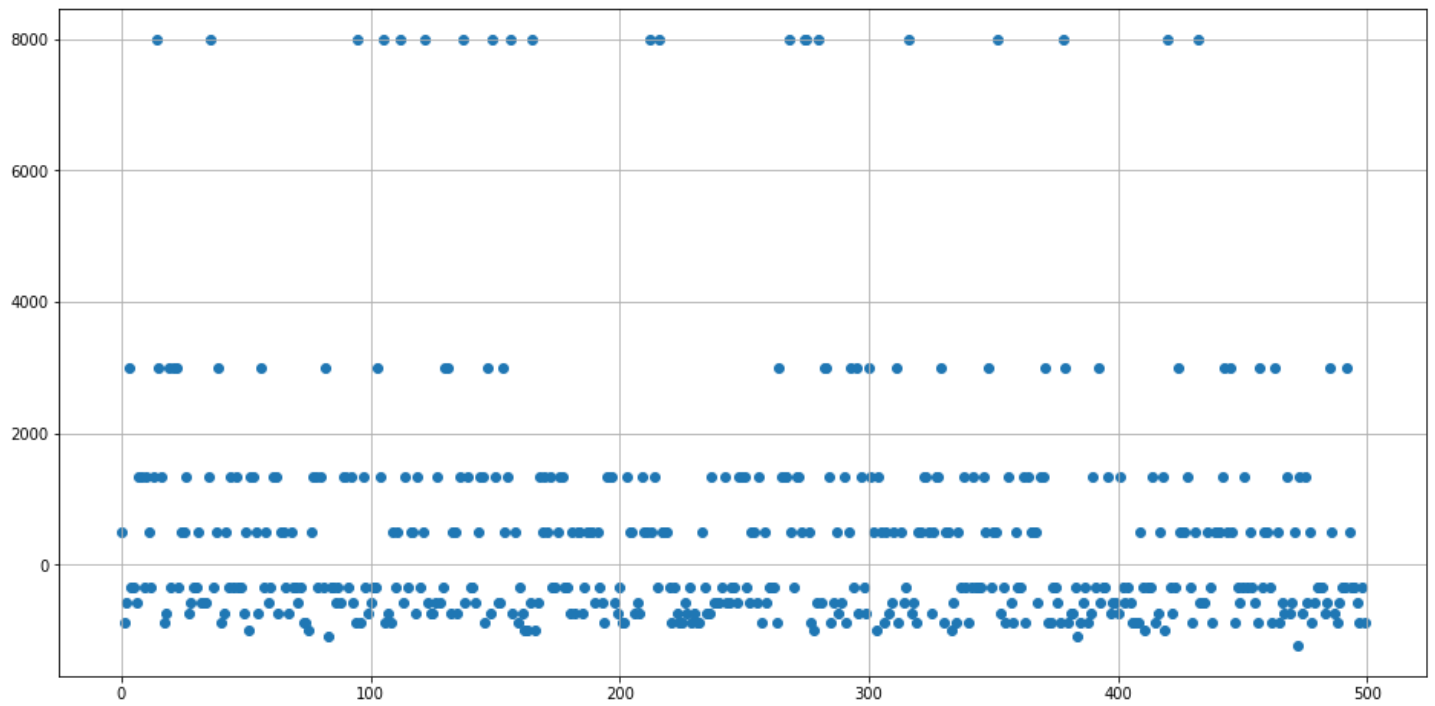
S = []
E = np.zeros(500)
for r in range(0,500):
    num = 0
    N = 2000
    pond = np.zeros(2000)
    y = random.sample(range(0,2000),100)
    for i in range(0,100):
        pond[y[i]] = 1
    y = random.sample(range(0,2000),100)
    count=0
    for i in y:
        if(pond[i]==1):
            count+=1
    My_N = opbestguess(count)
    S.append(My_N)
    error = (My_N - N)
    E[r]=error

print("The mean is ",E.mean(),"\n\n")
print("The variance is ",np.var(E),"\n\n")
plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
plt.grid()
plt.scatter(np.arange(0,E.shape[0]),E)
plt.show()

```

The mean is 497.228

The variance is 3576035.292016

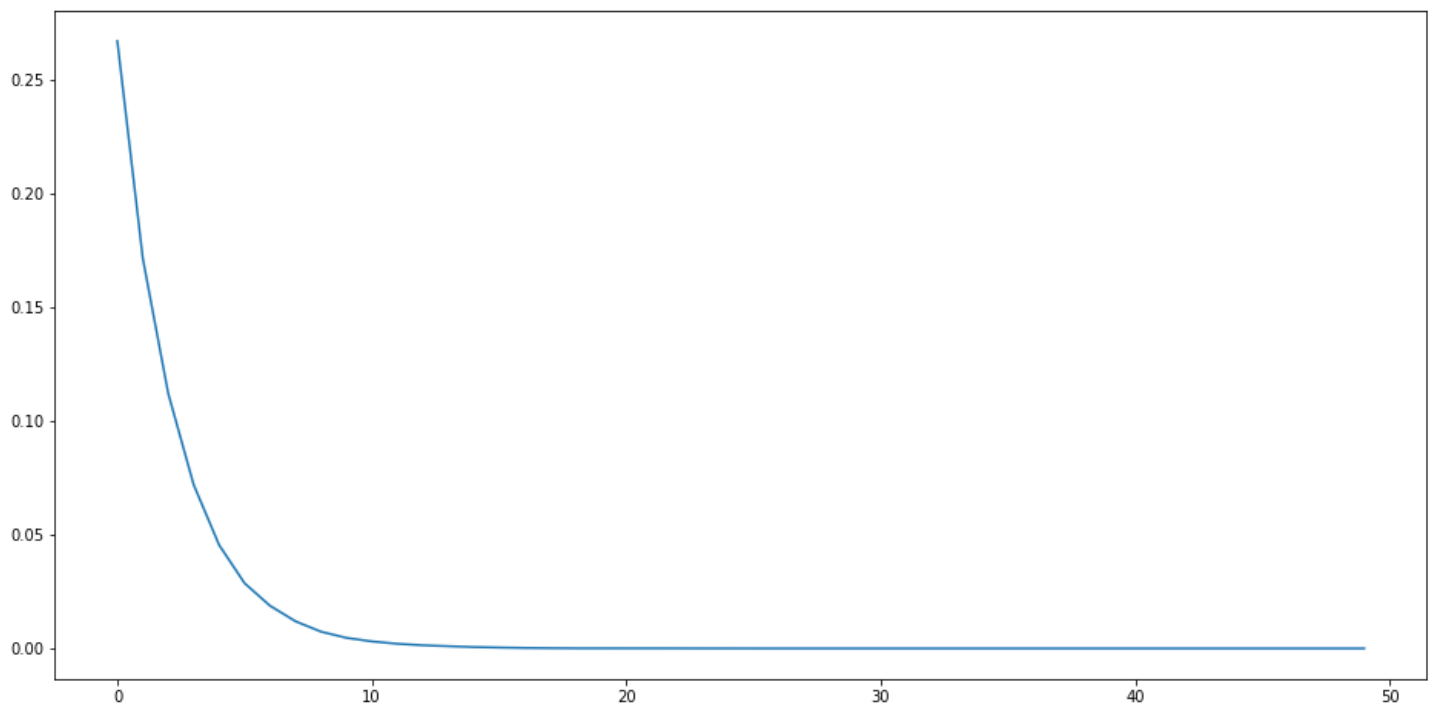


```
In [5]: import random
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

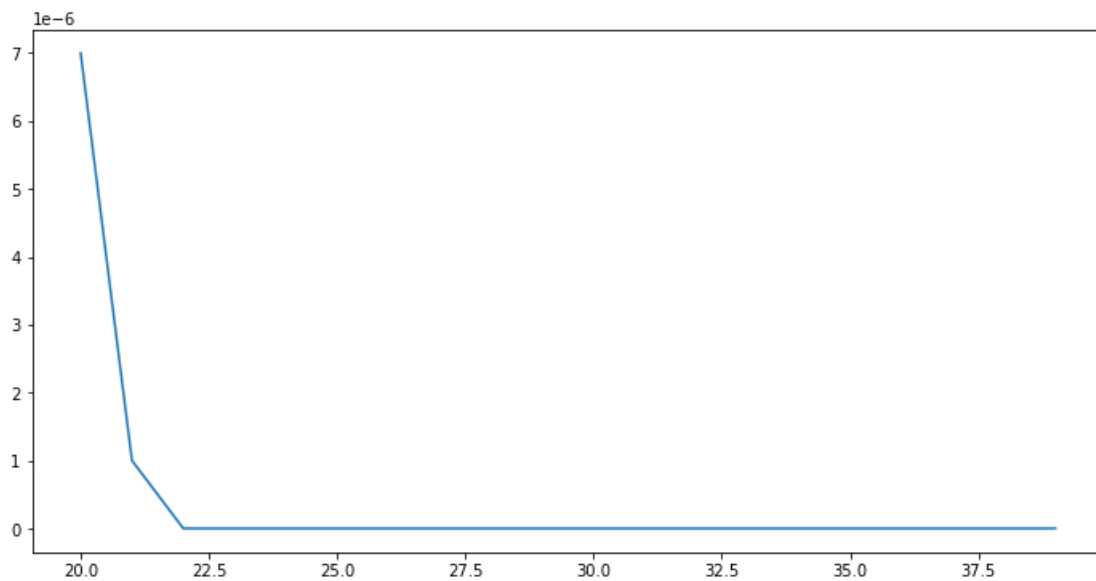
n_t = 51
sum = 0
res = 0
P = np.zeros(n_t)
for i in range(0,1000000):
    n = random.random()
    if (0.18<n<0.58 and sum>0):
        sum = sum - 1
    if(n<0.3):
        sum = sum + 1
    res+=sum
    if sum < 51 : P[sum]+=1
x=0
P_new =P[1+x:50+1+x]/float(1000000)
print("\n\n",float(res)/1000000,"\n\n")

plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
plt.plot(np.arange(0+x,50+x),P_new)
plt.show()
```

2.090915



```
In [ ]: x=20
P_new = P[1+x:20+1+x]/float(1000000)
plt.figure(figsize=(12,6))
plt.plot(np.arange(0+x,20+x),P_new)
plt.show()
```

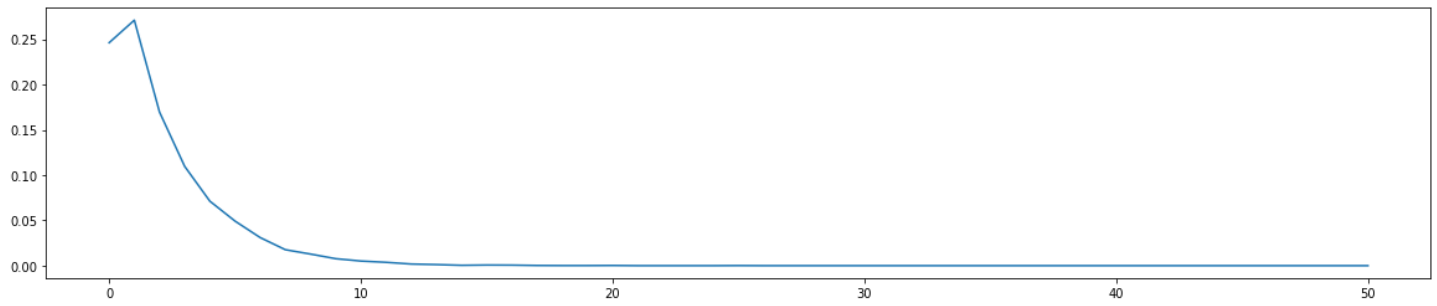


```
In [1]: import random
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

n_arr=[0]*51
res=0
for j in range(0,10000):
    sum = 0
    #if j % 500 == 0 : print(j)
    for i in range(0,100000):
        n = random.random()
        if (0.18<n<0.58 and sum>0):
            sum = sum - 1
        if(n<0.3):
            sum = sum + 1
        if sum < 51 : n_arr[sum]+=1
    res+=sum
for i in range(51):
    n_arr[i]=float(n_arr[i])/10000
```

```
print(float(res)/10000)
plt.figure(figsize=(20,4))
plt.plot(np.arange(0,len(n_arr)),n_arr)
plt.show()
```

2.1189



```
In [2]: x=10
y=20
plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
plt.plot(np.arange(0+x,len(n_arr[x:y])+x),n_arr[x:y])
plt.show()
```

