SAS-NAS-Connector Documentation

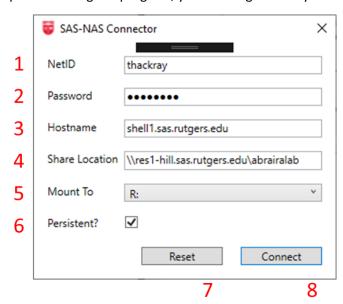
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Background

The SAS-NAS-Connector program ("the program") is designed to simplify the process of mounting a share hosted on the School of Arts and Sciences (SAS) IT services' managed Network Attached Storage (NAS) system to a modern (7/10) Windows-based machine. It is especially useful for users who may be inexperienced with using a terminal to connected to remote systems. The program simply automates the steps that would otherwise needed to be performed manually by the user.

Interface

Upon launching the program, you will be greeted by the interface below:



#	Setting Name	Description
1	NetID	Your Rutgers NetID username.
2	Password	Your Rutgers NetID password.
3	Hostname	Hostname of the server that must be connected to via SSH in order to cache your credentials.
4	Share Location	The UNC path to the file share, of the form \\server-name\share-folder
5	Mount To	Assigns a name (i.e. disk drive letter) to connect to the resource. The dropdown will populate with the available (i.e. unused) drive letters on the current system.
6	Persistent?	Controls the use of persistent network connections. Checked saves all connections as they are made, and restores them at next logon. Unchecked does not save the connection being made.

Advanced Configuration

This section is intended for advanced users or Information Technology professionals.

Internally, the program follows the protocol specified in Appendix 1 for connecting a user to the SAS-NAS system. More specifically, it:

- 1. Attempts to open a SSH connection to the host specified by the Hostname [3], and using the users NetID credentials (NetID[1], and Password[2]).
- 2. Attempts to use the net use system command to mount the share at Share Location[4] to Mount To[5] using the user's NetID credentials.

The program gives its best effort to detect errors during this process and report them to the end user via a message box.

SAS-NAS-Connector can be configured to use specific values for as defaults for Hostname, Share Location, Mount Location, and Persistent mounting. These values are stored in the XML Configuration file SAS-NAS-Connector.exe.config. The table below describes the configuration names and how they map onto GUI parameters:

Configuration Name	GUI Parameter
DefaultHost	Hostname
DefaultShare	Share Location
DefaultDrive	Mount To
DefaultPersistance	Persistent?

Appendix I

The next page contains the original documentation provided by DLS IT for connecting to the NAS, and provides the basis for this program.

Connecting to SAS-NAS from inside DLS

Initial Setup

Before SAS-NAS can authenticate you, you need to do a one-time login at an SSH prompt using your NetID credentials. Thereafter SAS-NAS will know that your NetID is a legitimate SAS-NAS credential.

From Mac or Linux open a terminal window and enter the following using your NetID:

```
ssh NetID@shell1.sas.rutgers.edu
```

If this is the first time this computer has connected to shell1 it will prompt you to accept the key. Answer 'yes'. Next enter your NetID password. Once you have logged in simply type 'exit' to complete the initial setup.

```
~$ ssh sfeldman@shell1.sas.rutgers.edu
The authenticity of host 'shell1.sas.rutgers.edu (172.17.0.246)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:s4p4cbMf7WNGrfzfaP40GOX/wVj/EkBnrU4WCyE2ytI.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added 'shell1.sas.rutgers.edu,172.17.0.246' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
sfeldman@shell1.sas.rutgers.edu's password:
Last login: Tue Sep 1 09:10:32 2020 from 172.17.34.13
-bash-4.2$ exit
logout
Connection to shell1.sas.rutgers.edu closed.
```

If you are using a Windows based computer you have some choices. The easiest is to find a Mac or Linux machine for this initial setup and proceed as above. If you are already running Windows Subsystem for Linux (WSL) you can proceed as above from a WSL terminal window. You can do the same from a PowerShell prompt as well.

If none of these options are available you will need to install software that will allow you to make SSH connections. The recommended solution is MobaXterm https://mobaxterm.mobatek.net/ although PuTTY https://www.putty.org/ will also work.

Connecting the share

On a Mac

From the Finder's Go menu select "Connect to Server" and enter:

```
smb://res1-hill.sas.rutgers.edu/abrairalab
```

Enter your NetID and password to authenticate.

On Windows

There are three ways to mount the share. The first will permanently map the share to a drive letter every time you log in. Choose an unused drive letter – for this example we'll use 'R'. From a command window type:

```
net use R: \\res1-hill.sas.rutgers.edu\abrairalab /USER:RAD\NetID
/PERSISTENT: YES
```

You will be prompted for your password.

The second method is the same except it will only last until you logout. Simply omit "/PERSISTENT: YES" from the previous command. Finally, you can access the share directly in File Explorer by using the following path:

```
\\res1-hill.sas.rutgers.edu\abrairalab
```

You will be prompted for credentials and this access will last until you close the File Explorer window.