Kth Smallest Array

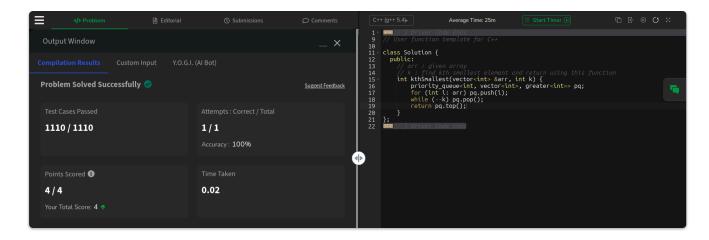
```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define FASTIO ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false); cin.tie(0); cout.tie(0)
void solve(vector<int> &arr, int k);
int main(){
    FASTIO;
    int n,k; cin>>n;
    vector<int> arr (n,0);
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++) cin>>arr[i];
    cin>>k;
    auto t1 = std::chrono::system_clock::now();
    solve(arr,k);
    auto t2 = std::chrono::system_clock::now();
    cout<<"----"<<endl;
    auto diff = t2-t1; cout<<"Time: "<<diff.count()/1e6<<" ms"<<endl;</pre>
    return 1;
}
void solve(vector<int> &arr, int k){
    priority_queue<int> pq;
    for (int i: arr) pq.push(i);
    while (--k) pq.pop();
    cout<<pq.top()<<endl;</pre>
}
```

Test case 1

```
6
7 10 4 3 20 15
3
```

Output

```
7
```



Time Complexity: O(N * log(K))

Space Complexity: O(N) for auxiliary min heap

Minimize Heights II

```
class Solution {
  public:
    int getMinDiff(vector<int> &arr, int k) {
        sort(arr.begin(), arr.end());
        int n=arr.size();
        int a=arr[0]+k, b=arr[n-1]-k, mi=0, mx=0;
        int res = arr[n-1]-arr[0];
        for (int i=0; i<n-1; i++){
            mi=min(a,arr[i+1]-k); mx=max(b,arr[i]+k);
            if (mi<0) continue;
            res = min(res,mx-mi);
        }
        return res;
    }
}</pre>
```

Test case 1

```
3
3 9 12 16 20
```

Output

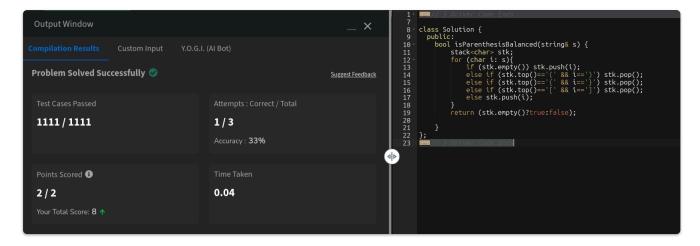
```
11
```

Time Complexity: O(N * log(N))

Space Complexity: O(1)

Parenthesis Checker

```
class Solution {
  public:
  bool isParenthesisBalanced(string& s) {
     stack<char> stk;
     for (char i: s){
        if (stk.empty()) stk.push(i);
        else if (stk.top()=='(' && i==')') stk.pop();
        else if (stk.top()=='{' && i=='}') stk.pop();
        else if (stk.top()=='[' && i==']') stk.pop();
        else stk.push(i);
     }
     return (stk.empty()?true:false);
}
```

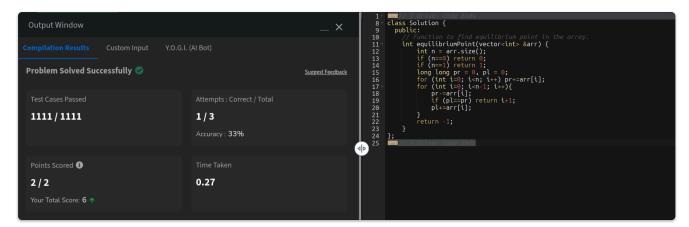


Time Complexity: O(N)Space Complexity: O(N)

Equilibrium Point

```
class Solution {
  public:
    // Function to find equilibrium point in the array.
    int equilibriumPoint(vector<int> &arr) {
        int n = arr.size();
        if (n==0) return 0;
        if (n==1) return 1;
        long long pr = 0, pl = 0;
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++) pr+=arr[i];
        for (int i=0; i<n-1; i++){
            pr-=arr[i];
            if (pl==pr) return i+1;
            pl+=arr[i];
        }
        return -1;</pre>
```

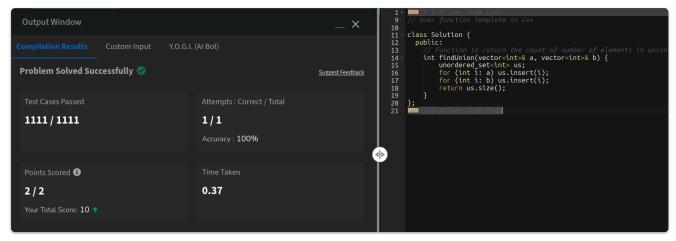
```
};
```



Time Complexity: O(N)Space Complexity: O(1)

Union of two arrays with repeated elements

```
class Solution {
  public:
    // Function to return the count of number of elements in union of two
arrays.
    int findUnion(vector<int>& a, vector<int>& b) {
        unordered_set<int> us;
        for (int i: a) us.insert(i);
        for (int i: b) us.insert(i);
        return us.size();
    }
};
```



Time Complexity: O(m+n)Space Complexity: O(m+n)