

# IoT: Smart Bracelets

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#### 1 Introduction

#### A Project Presentation

The aim of this project is to design, implement and test a software prototype for a set of smart bracelets. These bracelets are used by parents to keep track of their children's position and to alert them when a child goes too far. Parent and child bracelets are coupled together in order to exchange these alerts. The operation of the smart bracelet couple is as follows:

- Pairing phase: at startup, the parent's bracelet and the child's bracelet broadcast a 20-char random key used to uniquely couple the two devices. The same random key is pre-loaded at production time on the two devices: upon reception of a random key, a device checks whether the received random key is equal to the stored one; if yes, it stores the address of the source device in memory. Then, a special message is transmitted (in unicast) to the source device to stop the pairing phase and move to the next step.
- Operation mode: in this phase, the parent's bracelet listen for mes- sages on the radio and accepts only messages coming from the child's bracelet. The child's bracelet periodically transmits INFO messages (one message every 10 seconds), containing the position (X, Y) of the child and an estimate of his/her kinematic status (STANDING, WALKING, RUNNING, FALLING).
- Alert Mode: upon reception of an INFO message, the parent's bracelet reads the content of the message. If the kinematic status is FALLING, the bracelet sends a FALL alarm, reporting the position (X, Y) of the children. If the parent's bracelet does not receive any message, after one minute from the last received message, a MISSING alarm is sent reporting the last position received.

#### B Application structure

In the header file we have defined the structure that is used as the message payload. It contains the type and the ID of the message along with the basic data of the bracelet such as the position and the status.

We also defined a set of predefined keys used in the pairing phase and a generator that allocates them to couples of bracelets. Finally, we assigned numbers to each type of message and status. In the module file we implemented all the logic regarding the exchange of messages, timer events and the initial pairing phase. In the configuration file we linked all the interfaces of the module with the components defined.

### 2 Implementation

#### A Pairing Mode

At first, the parent bracelet and the child bracelet begin the pairing session. A variable called "phase" indicates the status of the pairing phase, starting from 0. When the boot phase is done, the TPairing timer is invoked with a period of 500ms and "phase" is set to 0. As the timer fires, both parent and child bracelets send the pairing message that contains the random key. Upon receiving the message, a confirmation is sent to the other bracelets and "phase" is set to 1 proving that a couple of bracelets is found and the pairing is completed.

After receiving the confirmation the TPairing timer is stopped and both bracelets waits for the acknowledgemt of the previous message (the confirmation one).

```
Mote output
                                                                                                                  File Edit View
Time
           Mote Message
00:04.320
            ID:2
                   Application correctly
00:04.323
                   Parent: pairing phase
            ID:2
                                         started
00:04.432
                   Application correctly booted.
            ID:4
00:04.435
            ID:4
                   Parent: pairing phase
00:04.466
            ID:1
                   Application correctly booted.
00:04.469
            ID:1
                   Child: pairing phase started
                   Radio: pairing packet sent to bracelet KGXQBDgRlJLF92jbKw58
00:04.816
            ID:2
00:04.826
            ID:1
                   Radio: message for pairing initialization received (phase 0). Address: 2
00:04.830
            ID:1
                   Radio: sending pairing confirmation to node 2
00:04.837
                   Radio: pairing ack received
Radio: message for pairing confirmation received (phase 1)
            ID:1
00:04.838
            ID: 2
                   Radio: pairing packet sent to bracelet Xq7sVPILQUpdMuEGM1nN
00:04.928
            ID:4
00:04.962
            ID:1
                   Radio: pairing packet sent to bracelet KGXQBDqRlJLF92jbKw58
00:04.968
                   Radio: info ack received
            ID:1
                   Radio: message for pairing initialization received (phase 0). Address:
00:04.970
            ID:2
00:04.974
            ID:2
                   Radio: sending pairing confirmation to node 1
00:04.977
            ID:2
                   Radio: pairing ack received
00:04.978
            ID:1
                   Radio: message for pairing confirmation received (phase 1)
00:04.983
                   Application correctly booted
            ID:3
00:04.986
            ID:3
                   Child: pairing phase started
00:05.416
            ID:4
                   Radio: pairing packet sent to bracelet Xq7sVPILQUpdMuEGMlnN
00:05.430
            ID:3
                   Radio: message for pairing initialization received (phase 0). Address: 4
00:05.434
            ID:3
                   Radio: sending pairing confirmation to node 4
00:05.441
            ID:3
                   Radio: pairing ack received
                   Radio: message for pairing confirmation received (phase 1)
00:05.442
            ID: 4
00:05.479
            ID:3
                   Radio: pairing packet sent to bracelet Xq7sVPILQUpdMuEGMlnN
00:05.488
                   Radio: info ack received
            ID:3
00:05.490
                   Radio: message for pairing initialization received (phase 0). Address: 3
            ID:4
00:05.494
            ID:4
                   Radio: sending pairing confirmation to node 3
00:05.502
            ID: 4
                   Radio: pairing ack received
00:05.503
            ID:3
                   Radio: message for pairing confirmation received (phase 1)
Filter:
```

At last, when the pairing ack is received, "phase" is set to 2 meaning that the bracelets are going into the operational mode and the timers are booted.

#### **B** Operational Mode

Every 10 seconds, the child bracelet send to the parent one an info message that contains the position (represented by two variables X and Y) and the child status (0 STANDING, 1 WALKING, 2 RUNNING and 3 FALLING). The status is randomly chosen following the requirements for this project. All the messages waits for an ack from the parent bracelets and in case of a missing confirmation, 3 attempts are made before printing an error message. In the parent's bracelet at each info message received the current status is updated by a function that also triggers the T60 timer.

#### C Alert Mode

In case of a message with status FALLING, the bracelet enters the Alert Mode and shows a FALL message reporting the position of the child's bracelet. In the update-status function, after receiving an info message from the child bracelet, a 60 seconds timer is booted. If the timer fires, meaning that no info messages were sent in the last minute, an ALERT message is shown along with the last know position.

## 3 Cooja Simulation and Node-Red

Here below we report two screenshots from the Cooja simulation and one from Node-Red, one representing the exchange of info message in the operational mode and the other one shows the attempt to send messages to an out-of-range bracelet. The entire simulation is run with four motes, making two different couples of parent-child bracelets. The alert mode is simulated by

placing one of the motes out of the range of the other one. In Node-Red, messages are received on a TCP port and then filtered by a function to show the alerts.





