

Building an audio effect plug-in in JUCE



Introduction to REAL-TIME AUDIO PROCESSING





Non-REAL-TIME

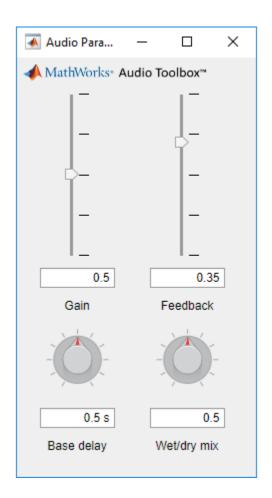
```
% Sampling Frequency
Fs = 48000;
                     % Sampling Step Size
T = 1 / Fs;
duration = 0.01;
                     % Signal duration
f0 = 100;
                      % Signal Frequency
t = T:T:duration;
u = sin(2*pi*f0*t); % Signal
%% Signal processing stage
out = 2*u;
figure(1)
plot(t,out)
hold on
plot(t,u)
```

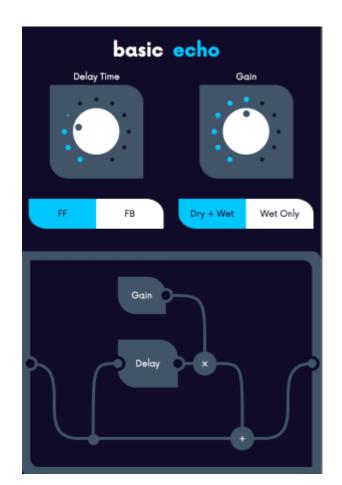




Process data in chunks using the buffer

- 1. Load data to the buffer.
- 2. Process the buffered data.
- 3. Output the buffer.







An Introduction to JUCE





Partially open-source framework for C++ application and plugin development.

- It is mainly used for or its GUI and plug-in libraries.
- Has useful dsp libraries and the learning curve is gentle.

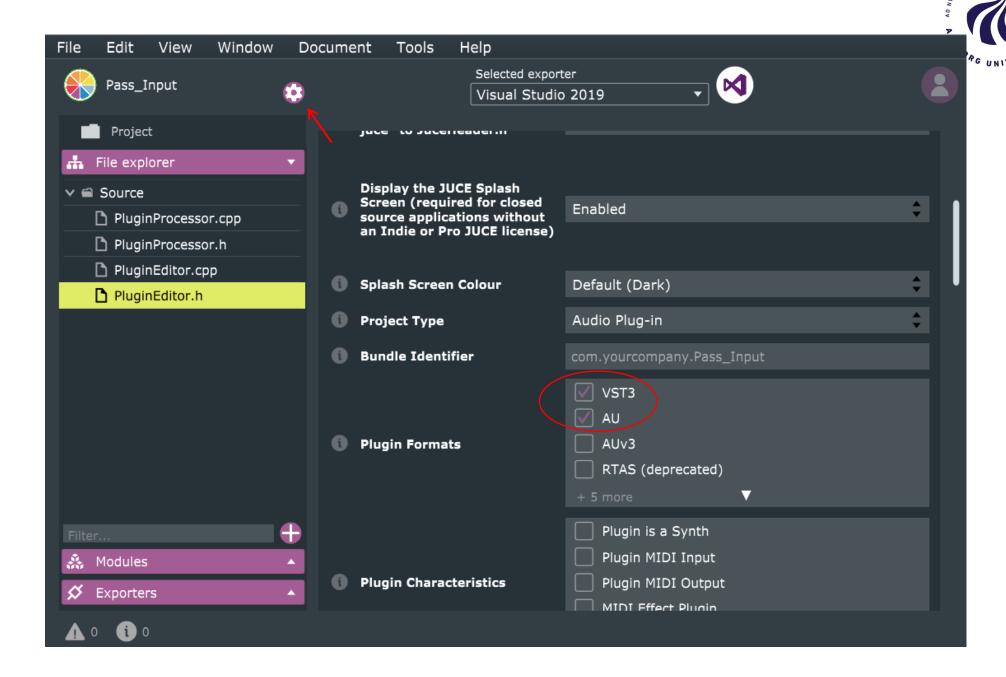
JUCE was used to build Max.

Building a plug-in for audio effect in \$\ins\$JUCE





File Edit View Window Documen	Tools Help	
New Project Open Example ✓ Application Blank	Basic	Hote
GUI Audio Console	Creates an audio plug-in with a single window GUI and audio/MIDI IO functions.	
Animated	Project Name	Pass_Input
OpenGL Plug-In Basic Library Static Library Dynamic Library		juce_analytics ✓ juce_audio_basics ✓ juce_audio_devices ✓ juce_audio_formats ✓ juce_audio_plugin_client ✓ juce_audio_processors ✓ juce_audio_utils juce_blocks_basics juce_box2d ✓ juce_core
	Modules	juce_cryptography
Open Existing Project		Create Project





We don't need to change anything in these

```
Pass_InputAudioProcessor::Pass_InputAudioProcessor()
Pass InputAudioProcessor::~Pass InputAudioProcessor()
const juce::String Pass InputAudioProcessor::getName() const
bool Pass InputAudioProcessor::acceptsMidi() const
bool Pass InputAudioProcessor::producesMidi() const
bool Pass InputAudioProcessor::isMidiEffect() const
double Pass InputAudioProcessor::getTailLengthSeconds() const
int Pass InputAudioProcessor::getNumPrograms()
int Pass InputAudioProcessor::getCurrentProgram()
void Pass InputAudioProcessor::setCurrentProgram (int index)
const juce::String Pass InputAudioProcessor::getProgramName (int index)
void Pass InputAudioProcessor::changeProgramName (int index, const juce::String& newName)
void Pass InputAudioProcessor::releaseResources()
bool Pass InputAudioProcessor::isBusesLayoutSupported (const BusesLayout& layouts) const
bool Pass InputAudioProcessor::hasEditor() const
juce::AudioProcessorEditor* Pass_InputAudioProcessor::createEditor()
void Pass InputAudioProcessor::updateFilter(bool realFreq)
void Pass InputAudioProcessor::getStateInformation (juce::MemoryBlock& destData)
void Pass InputAudioProcessor::setStateInformation (const void* data, int sizeInBytes)
juce::AudioProcessor* JUCE CALLTYPE createPluginFilter()
```

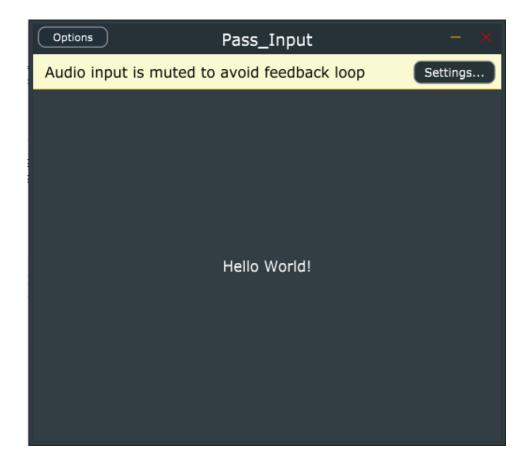


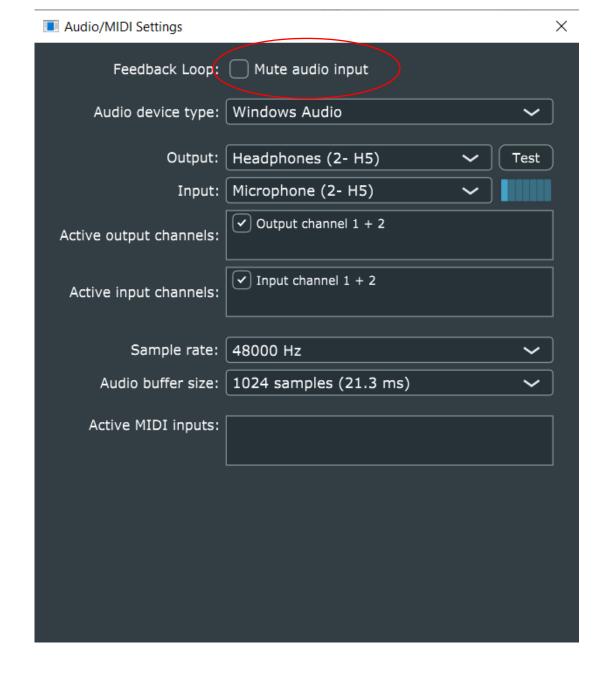


processBlock

```
void Pass InputAudioProcessor::processBlock (juce::AudioBuffer<float>& buffer, juce::MidiBuffer& midiMessages)
   auto totalNumInputChannels = getTotalNumInputChannels();
   auto totalNumOutputChannels = getTotalNumOutputChannels();
             *************************
   for (int i = totalNumInputChannels; i < totalNumOutputChannels; ++i) // clear the buffer</pre>
      buffer.clear(i, 0, buffer.getNumSamples());
                       for (int channel = 0; channel < buffer.getNumChannels(); ++channel){</pre>
      for (int sample = 0; sample < buffer.getNumSamples(); ++sample){</pre>
          vin = buffer.getSample(channel, sample); // get the input sample
          vout = vin;
          buffer.setSample(channel, sample, vout); // set the output sample value
```

That's it!!

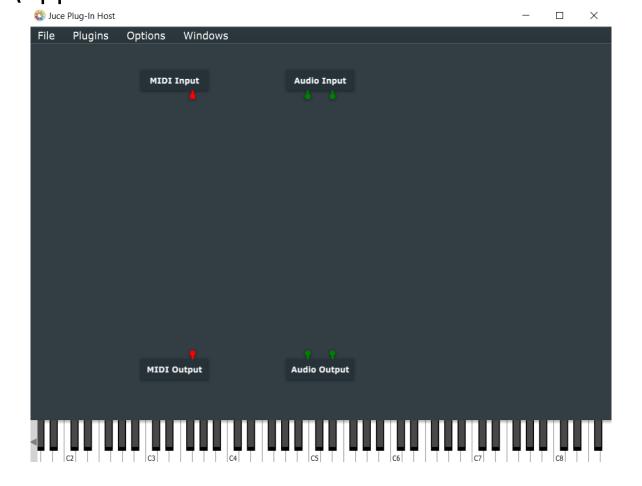


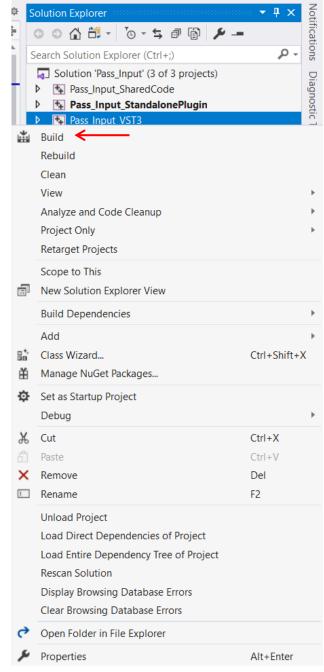


Build a VST3 or (AU) plugin and test it

Audio Plugin Host

JUCE\extras\AudioPluginHost\Builds\VisualStudio2019\x 64\Release\App





Let's control the gain



```
Pass_InputAudioProcessorEditor:: Pass_InputAudioProcessorEditor(Pass InputAudioProcessor& p,
juce::AudioProcessorValueTreeState& vts) ←
    : AudioProcessorEditor(&p), audioProcessor(p), audioTree(vts)
    setSize(450, 250);
    controlGain.setColour(0x1001400, juce::Colour::fromRGBA(0x00, 0x40, 0x00, 0x80)); 7 *
    controlGain.setColour(0x1001700, juce::Colour::fromRGBA(0x00, 0x00, 0x00));
    controlGain.setSliderStyle(juce::Slider::LinearHorizontal);
    controlGain.setTextBoxStyle(juce::Slider::TextBoxLeft, false, 40, 20);
    addAndMakeVisible(controlGain);
    sliderAttachGain.reset(new juce::AudioProcessorValueTreeState::SliderAttachment(audioTree, "controlGain ID", 

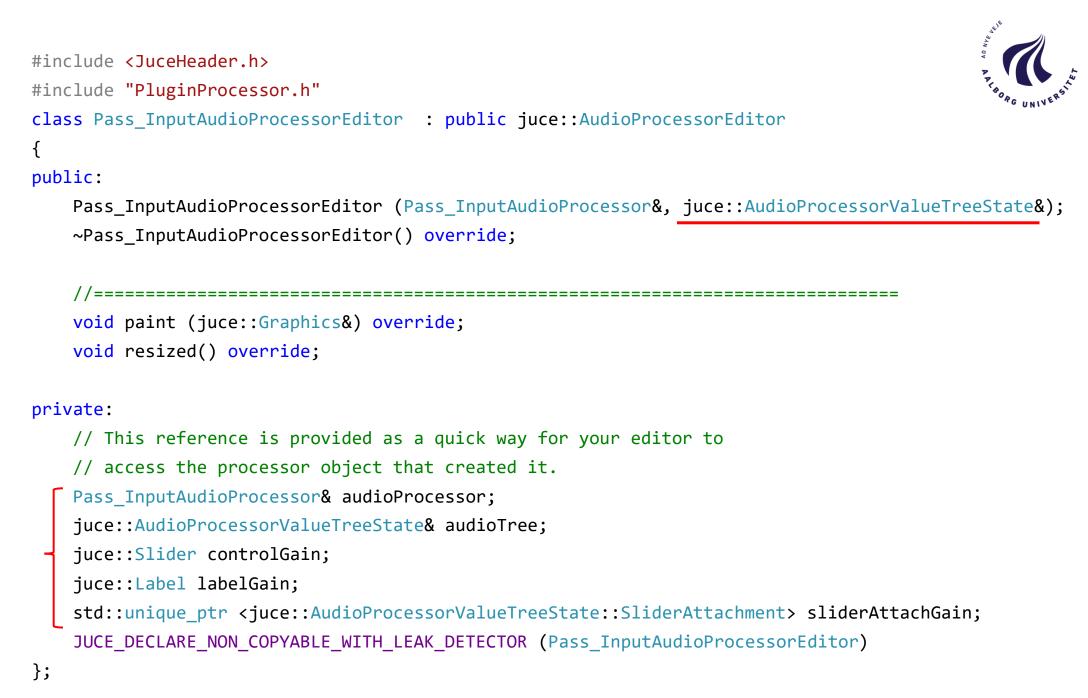
controlGain));
    labelGain.setText(("Input Gain"), juce::dontSendNotification);
    labelGain.setFont(juce::Font("Slope Opera", 16, 0));
    labelGain.setColour(juce::Label::textColourId, juce::Colour::fromRGBA(0x40, 0x40, 0x80, 0xff));
    addAndMakeVisible(labelGain);
```

Add juce::AudioProcessorValueTreeState audioTree; to the header file under public class definitions





```
Pass InputAudioProcessorEditor::~Pass InputAudioProcessorEditor()
   sliderAttachR.reset();
void Pass InputAudioProcessorEditor::paint(juce::Graphics& g)
    // (Our component is opaque, so we must completely fill the background with a solid colour)
    g.fillAll(juce::Colours::white);
    // set the current drawing colour to black
    g.setColour(juce::Colours::black);
    // set the font size and draw text to the screen
    g.setFont(15.0f);
    g.setFont(juce::Font("Slope Opera", 35.0f, 1));
    g.drawFittedText("Pass Input", getLocalBounds(), juce::Justification::centred, 1);
} void Pass InputAudioProcessorEditor::resized()
    controlGain.setBounds(140, getHeight() - 20, getWidth() - 140, 20);
    labelGain.setBounds(0, getHeight() - 20, 140, 20);
```



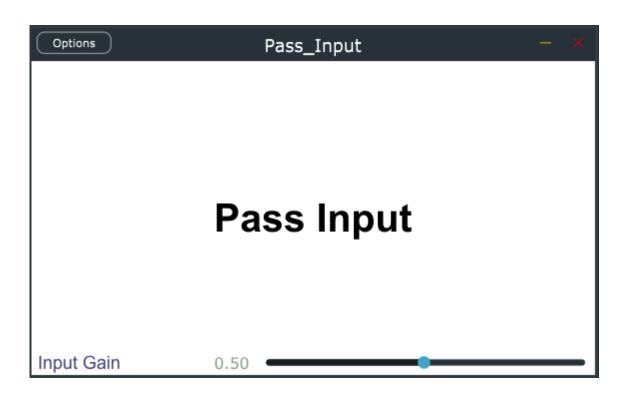


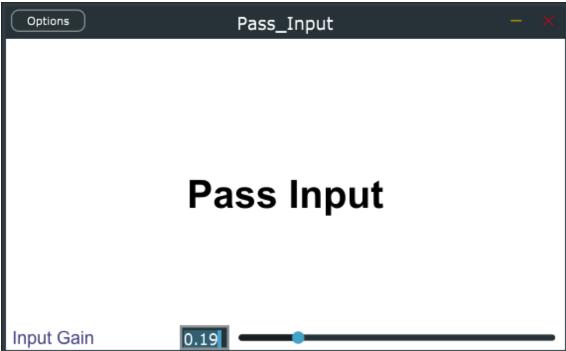
```
Pass InputAudioProcessor::Pass InputAudioProcessor()
  #ifndef JucePlugin PreferredChannelConfigurations
       : AudioProcessor (BusesProperties()
                       #if ! JucePlugin IsMidiEffect
                        #if ! JucePlugin IsSynth
                          .withInput ("Input", juce::AudioChannelSet::stereo(), true)
                        #endif
                          .withOutput ("Output", juce::AudioChannelSet::stereo(), true)
                       #endif
                      audioTree(*this, nullptr, juce::Identifier("PARAMETERS"),
  std::make_unique<juce::AudioParameterFloat>("controlGain_ID","ControlGain",juce::NormalisableRange<float
>(0.01, 1.0, 0.01),0.5)
                          })
  #endif
      audioTree.addParameterListener("controlGain_ID", this);
      controlledGain = 0.5;
  void Pass InputAudioProcessor::prepareToPlay (double sampleRate, int samplesPerBlock)
```

```
void Pass_InputAudioProcessor::parameterChanged(const juce::String& parameterID, float newValue)
   if (parameterID == "controlGain ID") {
       controlledGain = newValue; // controlledGain is defined in the header file as a private variable
void Pass InputAudioProcessor::processBlock (juce::AudioBuffer<float>& buffer, juce::MidiBuffer& midiMessages)
   auto totalNumInputChannels = getTotalNumInputChannels();
   auto totalNumOutputChannels = getTotalNumOutputChannels();
   for (int i = totalNumInputChannels; i < totalNumOutputChannels; ++i) // clear the buffer</pre>
       buffer.clear(i, 0, buffer.getNumSamples());
                  for (int channel = 0; channel < buffer.getNumChannels(); ++channel){</pre>
       for (int sample = 0; sample < buffer.getNumSamples(); ++sample){</pre>
           vin = buffer.getSample(channel, sample);  // get the input sample
           vout = vin * controlledGain;
           buffer.setSample(channel, sample, vout); // set the output sample value
```



Wow









- 1. Up-sample the input
- 2. Apply steep low pass at Nyquist of original signal
- 3. Process the signal
- 4. Apply low pass again
- 5. Down-sample the output

```
#include "PluginProcessor.h"
#include "PluginEditor.h"
Pass_InputAudioProcessor::Pass_InputAudioProcessor()
#ifndef JucePlugin PreferredChannelConfigurations
     : AudioProcessor (BusesProperties()
                     #if ! JucePlugin IsMidiEffect
                      #if ! JucePlugin IsSynth
                       .withInput ("Input", juce::AudioChannelSet::stereo(), true)
                      #endif
                       .withOutput ("Output", juce::AudioChannelSet::stereo(), true)
                     #endif
                        audioTree(*this, nullptr, juce::Identifier("PARAMETERS"),
{std::make_unique<juce::AudioParameterFloat>("controlGain_ID","ControlGain",juce::NormalisableRange<float>(0.01, 1.0, 0.01),0.5)
                        }),
                       lowPassFilter(juce::dsp::IIR::Coefficients< float >::makeLowPass((48000.0 * 4.0), 20000.0))
#endif
    oversampling.reset(new juce::dsp::Oversampling<float>(2, 2, juce::dsp::Oversampling<float>::filterHalfBandPolyphaseIIR,
true));
Pass InputAudioProcessor::~Pass InputAudioProcessor()
    oversampling.reset();
                                                                                                                        20
```



prepareToPlay

```
void Pass_InputAudioProcessor::prepareToPlay (double sampleRate, int samplesPerBlock)
    oversampling->reset();
    oversampling->initProcessing(static_cast<size_t> (samplesPerBlock));
    juce::dsp::ProcessSpec spec;
    spec.sampleRate = sampleRate * 4;
    spec.maximumBlockSize = samplesPerBlock * 3;
    spec.numChannels = getTotalNumOutputChannels();
    lowPassFilter.prepare(spec);
    lowPassFilter.reset();
    controlledGain = 0.5;
```

```
void Pass InputAudioProcessor::processBlock (juce::AudioBuffer<float>& buffer, juce::MidiBuffer& midiMessages)
   auto totalNumInputChannels = getTotalNumInputChannels();
   auto totalNumOutputChannels = getTotalNumOutputChannels();
    for (int i = totalNumInputChannels; i < totalNumOutputChannels; ++i) // clear the buffer</pre>
      buffer.clear(i, 0, buffer.getNumSamples());
   juce::dsp::AudioBlock<float> blockInput(buffer);
   juce::dsp::AudioBlock<float> blockOutput = oversampling->processSamplesUp(blockInput);
   updateFilter(0);
   lowPassFilter.process(juce::dsp::ProcessContextReplacing<float>(blockOutput));
    for (int channel = 0; channel < blockOutput.getNumChannels(); ++channel){</pre>
       for (int sample = 0; sample < blockOutput.getNumSamples(); ++sample){</pre>
          vin = blockOutput.getSample(channel, sample); // get the input sample
          vout = vin * controlledGain;
          blockOutput.setSample(channel, sample, vout); // set the output sample value
   updateFilter(0);
   lowPassFilter.process(juce::dsp::ProcessContextReplacing<float>(blockOutput));
   oversampling->processSamplesDown(blockInput);
   updateFilter(1);
   lowPassFilter.process(juce::dsp::ProcessContextReplacing<float>(blockInput));
```





```
void Pass_InputAudioProcessor::updateFilter(bool realFreq)
    double frequency;
    if (realFreq) frequency = 48e3;
    else frequency = 48e3 * 4;
    *lowPassFilter.state =
*juce::dsp::IIR::Coefficients<float>::makeLowPass(frequency, 20000.0);
```

Newton Raphson Diode Clipper



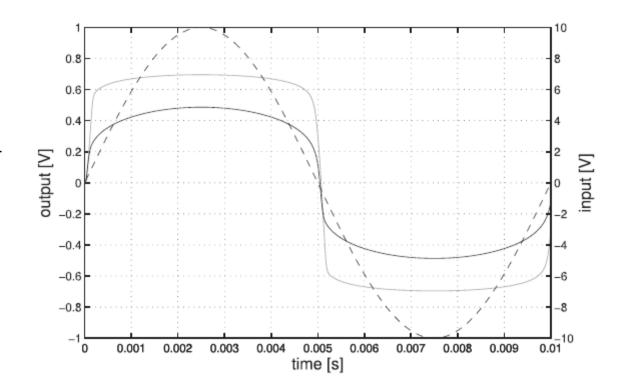


Fixed Point

```
v(n) = R*T/(R*C+T)*(gdExp(-vTemp) - gdExp(vTemp)) + T/(R*C+T)*newU(n) + R*C/(R*C+T)*v(n-1);
```

Newton Raphson

```
vNom = T*vTemp*R*gdExpDiff(-vTemp) + T*R*gdExp(-vTemp) +
v(n - 1)*R*C + T*(gdExpDiff(vTemp)*R*vTemp -
R*gdExp(vTemp) + newU(n));
vDenom = T*R*gdExpDiff(vTemp) + T*R*gdExpDiff(-vTemp) +
R*C + T;
v(n) = vNom/vDenom;
```



Using exponential diode characteristic

$$g_D(v) = I_D(e^{\frac{v}{2V_E}} - 1)$$

Pass_InputAudioProcessor → DiodeClipperNRAudioProcessor





```
public:
   double gdExp(double vc);
    double gdExpDiff(double vc);
    double limiter(double val);
private:
   double controlledGain;
    double Id, C, Ve, Vp, R, err;
   double Fs, T;
   double vNom, vDenom;
   float vin;
   float vout, voutTemp, voutOld;
```

25

PluginProcessor.cpp

```
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```

```
double DiodeClipperNRAudioProcessor::gdExp(double vc)
    return Id * (std::exp(vc / (2 * Ve)) - 1);
double DiodeClipperNRAudioProcessor::gdExpDiff(double vc)
    return (Id * std::exp(vc / (2 * Ve))) / (2 * Ve);
double DiodeClipperNRAudioProcessor::limiter(double val)
    if (val < -1){</pre>
        val = -1;
        return val;
    } else if (val > 1){
        val = 1;
        return val;
    } else return val;
```

```
DiodeClipperNRAudioProcessor::DiodeClipperNRAudioProcessor()
#ifndef JucePlugin PreferredChannelConfigurations
     : AudioProcessor(BusesProperties()
#if ! JucePlugin IsMidiEffect
#if ! JucePlugin IsSynth
         .withInput("Input", juce::AudioChannelSet::stereo(), true)
#endif
         .withOutput("Output", juce::AudioChannelSet::stereo(), true)
#endif
    audioTree(*this, nullptr, juce::Identifier("PARAMETERS"),
std::make unique<juce::AudioParameterFloat>("controlGain_ID","ControlGain",juce::NormalisableRange
<float>(0.0, 130.0, 0.1),1.0)
         }),
    lowPassFilter(juce::dsp::IIR::Coefficients< float >::makeLowPass((48000.0 * 16.0), 20000.0))
#endif
oversampling.reset(new juce::dsp::Oversampling<float>(2, 4,
juce::dsp::Oversampling<float>::filterHalfBandPolyphaseIIR, false));
    audioTree.addParameterListener("controlGain ID", this);
    controlledGain = 1.0;
```





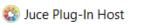
```
void DiodeClipperNRAudioProcessor::prepareToPlay(double sampleRate, int samplesPerBlock)
   spec.sampleRate = sampleRate * 16;
    spec.maximumBlockSize = samplesPerBlock * 15;
    spec.numChannels = getTotalNumOutputChannels();
   lowPassFilter.prepare(spec);
   lowPassFilter.reset();
   Fs = sampleRate;
   err = 0.1e-3; // err for stopping iterations
   T = 1 / Fs;
   C = 100e-9;
                                      void DiodeClipperNRAudioProcessor::updateFilter()
   R = 1e3;
   Vp = 0.17;
                                          double frequency;
                                          if (realFreq) frequency = 48e3;
   Ve = 0.023;
                                          else frequency = 48e3 * 16;
   Id = 2.52e-9;
                                          *lowPassFilter.state =
   controlledGain = 1.0;
                                      *juce::dsp::IIR::Coefficients<float>::makeLowPass(frequency, 20000.0);
   vout01d = 0;
```

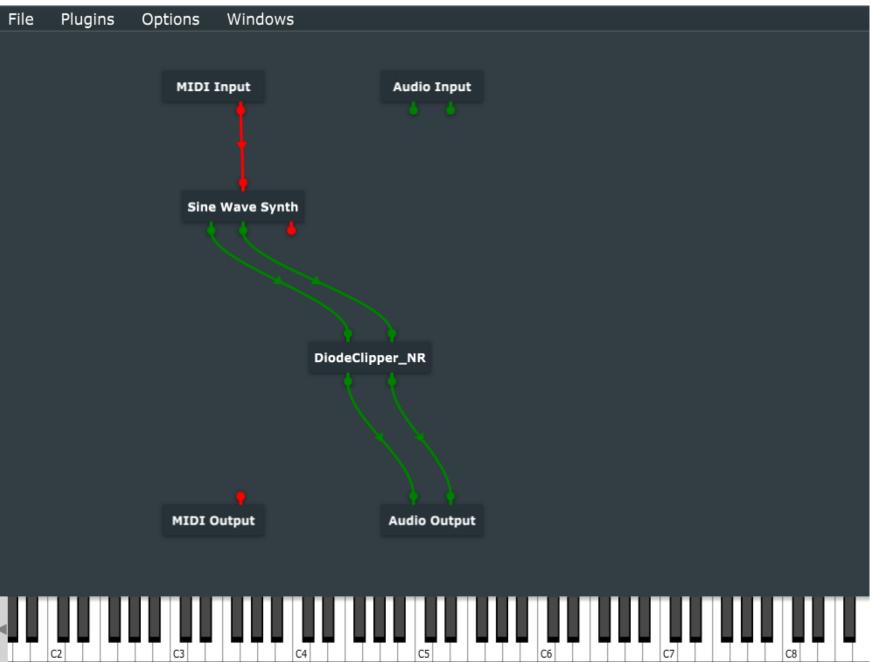
PluginProcessor.cpp processBlock ****





```
for (int channel = 0; channel < blockOutput.getNumChannels(); ++channel){</pre>
        for (int sample = 0; sample < blockOutput.getNumSamples(); ++sample){</pre>
            voutTemp = 1;
            vout = 0;
            vin = controlledGain *blockOutput.getSample(channel, sample);
            while (std::abs(voutTemp - vout) > err) {
                voutTemp = vout;
                vNom = T * voutTemp * R * gdExpDiff(-voutTemp) + T * R * gdExp(-voutTemp) + voutOld * R * C + T * (gdExpDiff(voutTemp) * R *
voutTemp - R * gdExp(voutTemp) + vin);
                vDenom = T * R * gdExpDiff(voutTemp) + T * R * gdExpDiff(-voutTemp) + R * C + T;
                vout = vNom / vDenom;
            voutOld = vout;
            vout = limiter(vout);
            blockOutput.setSample(channel, sample, vout);
```











Useful links

- Audio Processor Tree <u>https://docs.juce.com/master/classAudioProcessorValueTreeState.html</u>
- Oversampling class https://docs.juce.com/master/classdsp 1 10versampling.html
- Sliders (Colour IDs) https://docs.juce.com/master/classSlider.html
- Filters https://docs.juce.com/master/structdsp 1 1FilterDesign.html
- Github link with Pass_Input JUCE files https://github.com/titas2001/JUCE Audio Effect Core