```
import pandas as pd
                   In [2]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                           import seaborn as sns
                           from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
                           %matplotlib inline
      In [3]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
              from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
              from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV, cross_val_score
              from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix
              from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
              from sklearn.svm import SVC
              from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
              from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
              from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
      In [4]: from keras.models import Sequential
              from keras.layers import Dense
              from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
             Using TensorFlow backend.
       In [5]:
               import xgboost as xgb
               y = pd.read csv('Dataset/actual.csv')
       In [6]:
       In [7]: y = y.replace({'ALL':0,'AML':1})
               labels = ['ALL', 'AML']
       In [8]: df train = pd.read csv('Dataset/data set ALL AML train.csv')
               df_test = pd.read_csv('Dataset/data_set_ALL_AML_independent.csv')
In [9]: train_to_keep = [col for col in df_train.columns if "call" not in col]
       test_to_keep = [col for col in df_test.columns if "call" not in col]
       X train tr = df train[train to keep]
       X_test_tr = df_test[test_to_keep]
X_train_tr = X_train_tr.reindex(columns=train_columns_titles)
X_test_tr = X_test_tr.reindex(columns=test_columns_titles)
```

In [1]: import numpy as np

```
In [12]: X_train = X_train_tr.T
          X_test = X_test_tr.T
  In [13]: X_train.columns = X_train.iloc[1]
          X_train = X_train.drop(["Gene Description", "Gene Accession Number"]).apply(pd.to_numeric)
          X_test.columns = X_test.iloc[1]
          X_test = X_test.drop(["Gene Description", "Gene Accession Number"]).apply(pd.to_numeric)
           In [14]: X_train = X_train.reset_index(drop=True)
                     y_train = y[y.patient <= 38].reset_index(drop=True)</pre>
                      X_test = X_test.reset_index(drop=True)
                     y_test = y[y.patient > 38].reset_index(drop=True)
           In [15]: X_train_fl = X_train.astype(float, 64)
                     X_test_fl = X_test.astype(float, 64)
                      scaler = StandardScaler()
                     X_train_scl = scaler.fit_transform(X_train_fl)
                      X_test_scl = scaler.transform(X_test_fl)
    In [16]: pca = PCA()
               pca.fit_transform(X_train)
    Out[16]: array([[-4.12032149e+03, 8.43574289e+03, -1.39441668e+04, ...,
                          2.51106855e+03, 3.92187680e+03, 1.22642865e-11],
                        [ 1.86283598e+04, 1.44078238e+04, 1.66177453e+04, ...,
                        -2.30960132e+02, -1.04099055e+03, 1.22642865e-11],
[-1.58238732e+04, 1.40484268e+04, 4.73320627e+04, ...,
                          5.48675197e+02, -2.26227734e+03, 1.22642865e-11],
                        [ 6.50848905e+04, -5.49595793e+04, 1.67854688e+04, ...,
                          1.18708820e+01, -1.47894896e+03, 1.22642865e-11],
                        [ 4.97670530e+04, -3.81956823e+04, 2.93511865e+03, ..., 2.66462156e+03, 7.99461277e+02, 1.22642865e-11], [ 1.08241948e+04, -1.68550421e+04, -9.46017931e+02, ...,
                         -2.04773331e+03, -1.96917341e+03, 1.22642865e-11]])
In [17]: total = sum(pca.explained variance )
           k = 0
           current_variance = 0
           while current_variance/total < 0.90:</pre>
                current variance += pca.explained variance [k]
                k = k + 1
           pca = PCA(n_components=k)
           X train.pca = pca.fit(X train)
           X_train_pca = pca.transform(X_train)
           X test pca = pca.transform(X test)
```

```
In [18]: #1st implementation algorithm- k means
    kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=2, random_state=0).fit(X_train_scl)
    km_pred = kmeans.predict(X_test_scl)

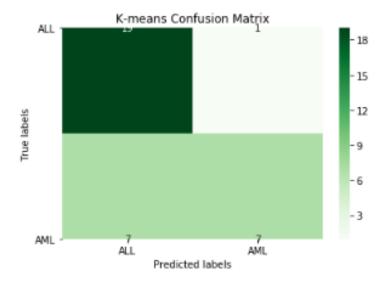
print('K-means accuracy:', round(accuracy_score(y_test.iloc[:,1], km_pred), 3))

cm_km = confusion_matrix(y_test.iloc[:,1], km_pred)

ax = plt.subplot()
    sns.heatmap(cm_km, annot=True, ax = ax, fmt='g', cmap='Greens')

ax.set_xlabel('Predicted labels')
    ax.set_ylabel('True labels')
    ax.set_title('K-means Confusion Matrix')
    ax.xaxis.set_ticklabels(labels)
    ax.yaxis.set_ticklabels(labels, rotation=360);
```

K-means accuracy: 0.765



```
In [19]: #2nd implementation algorithm-naive bayes
nb_model = GaussianNB()

nb_model.fit(X_train, y_train.iloc[:,1])

nb_pred = nb_model.predict(X_test)

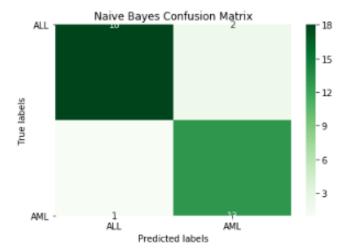
print('Naive Bayes accuracy:', round(accuracy_score(y_test.iloc[:,1], nb_pred), 3))

cm_nb = confusion_matrix(y_test.iloc[:,1], nb_pred)

ax = plt.subplot()
sns.heatmap(cm_nb, annot=True, ax = ax, fmt='g', cmap='Greens')

ax.set_xlabel('Predicted labels')
ax.set_ylabel('True labels')
ax.set_title('Naive Bayes Confusion Matrix')
ax.xaxis.set_ticklabels(labels)
ax.yaxis.set_ticklabels(labels)
ax.yaxis.set_ticklabels(labels, rotation=360);
```

Naive Bayes accuracy: 0.912



```
In [21]: #3rd implementation algorithm-support vector machines
    svm_param_grid = {'C': [0.1, 1, 10, 100], 'gamma': [1, 0.1, 0.01, 0.001, 0.0001, 10], "kernel": ["linear", "rbf", ";
    svm_grid = GridSearchCV(SVC(), svm_param_grid, cv=3)
    svm_grid.fit(X_train_pca, y_train.iloc[:,1])

    best_svc = svm_grid.best_estimator_

svm_pred = best_svc.predict(X_test_pca)
    print('SVM_accuracy:', round(accuracy_score(y_test.iloc[:,1], svm_pred), 3))

cm_svm = confusion_matrix(y_test.iloc[:,1], svm_pred)

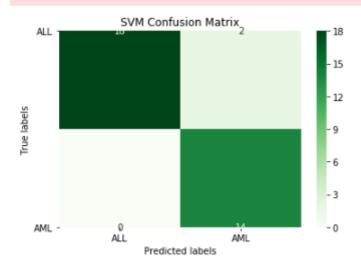
ax = plt.subplot()
    sns.heatmap(cm_svm, annot=True, ax = ax, fmt='g', cmap='Greens')

ax.set_xlabel('Predicted labels')
    ax.set_vlabel('True labels')
    ax.set_title('SVM_confusion_Matrix')
    ax.xaxis.set_ticklabels(labels)
    ax.yaxis.set_ticklabels(labels)
    ax.yaxis.set_ticklabels(labels)
```

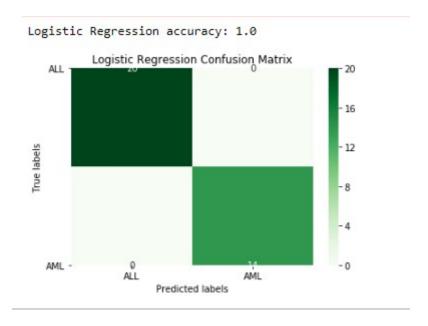
SVM accuracy: 0.941

SVM accuracy: 0.941

C:\Anaconda\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model_selection ll change from True to False in version 0.22 and will are unequal. DeprecationWarning)



```
In [22]: #4th implementation alogrithm-logistic regression
         log_grid = {'C': [1e-03, 1e-2, 1e-1, 1, 10],
                           penalty': ['11', '12']}
         log_estimator = LogisticRegression(solver='liblinear')
         log_model = GridSearchCV(estimator=log_estimator,
                           param_grid=log_grid,
                           cv=3,
                           scoring='accuracy')
         log_model.fit(X_train, y_train.iloc[:,1])
         best_log = log_model.best_estimator_
         log_pred = best_log.predict(X_test)
         print('Logistic Regression accuracy:', round(accuracy_score(y_test.iloc[:,1], log_pred), 3))
         cm_log = confusion_matrix(y_test.iloc[:,1], log_pred)
         ax = plt.subplot()
         sns.heatmap(cm_log, annot=True, ax = ax, fmt='g', cmap='Greens')
         ax.set_xlabel('Predicted labels')
         ax.set_ylabel('True labels')
         ax.set_title('Logistic Regression Confusion Matrix')
         ax.xaxis.set_ticklabels(labels)
         ax.yaxis.set_ticklabels(labels, rotation=360);
```



```
#5th implementation-XG Boost
xgb3_model = xgb.XGBClassifier()
xgb3_model.fit(X_train, y_train.iloc[:,1])

xgb3_pred = xgb3_model.predict(X_test)

print('XGB accuracy:', round(accuracy_score(y_test.iloc[:,1], xgb3_pred), 3))

cm_xgb3 = confusion_matrix(y_test.iloc[:,1], xgb3_pred)

ax = plt.subplot()
sns.heatmap(cm_xgb3, annot=True, ax = ax, fmt='g', cmap='Greens')

ax.set_xlabel('Predicted labels')
ax.set_ylabel('True labels')
ax.set_title('XGB Confusion Matrix')
ax.xaxis.set_ticklabels(labels)
ax.yaxis.set_ticklabels(labels, rotation=360);
```

XGB accuracy: 0.912

XGB accuracy: 0.912

