

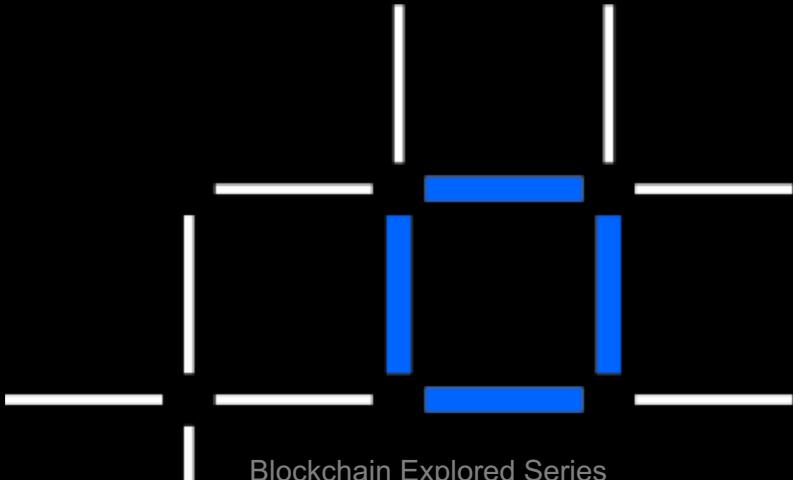
Composer Explored

A Technical Introduction to Hyperledger Composer

Tito Garrido Ogando

titog@br.ibm.com

<https://www.linkedin.com/in/titogarrido>



Blockchain Explored Series



IBM Blockchain Platform Explored



Architectures Explored



Fabric Explored



Composer Explored



What's New

IBM



What is Hyperledger Composer?



Application Development

Writing the application

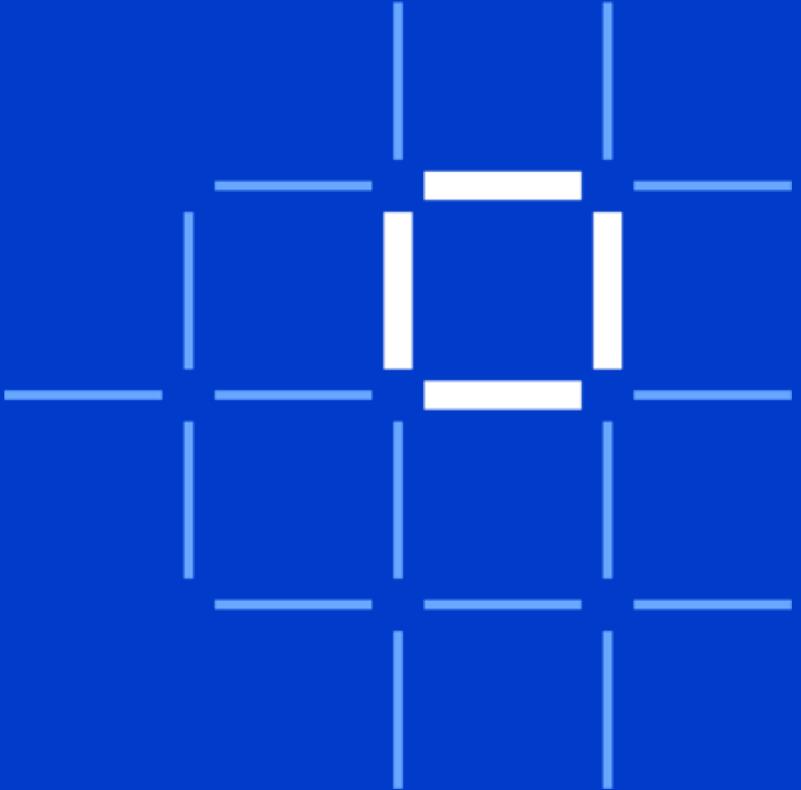
Modeling the business network



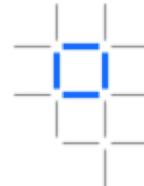
Effective Administration

Deploying to a blockchain

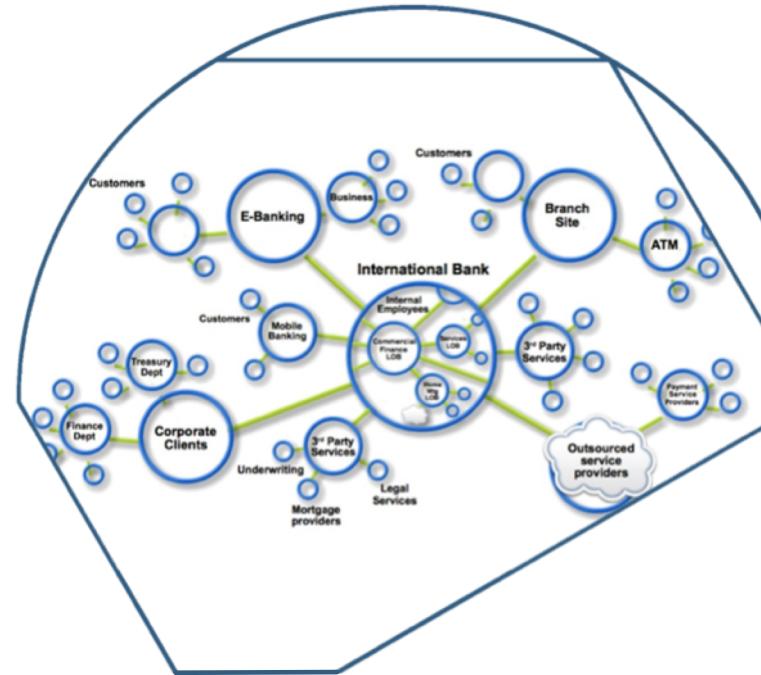
Interacting with systems of record



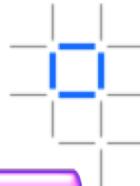
Blockchain Recap



- Blockchain builds on basic business concepts
 - **Business Networks** connect businesses
 - **Participants** with Identity
 - **Assets** flow over business networks
 - **Transactions** describe asset exchange
 - **Contracts** underpin transactions
 - The **ledger** is a log of transactions
- Blockchain is a shared, replicated ledger
 - Consensus, immutability, finality, provenance

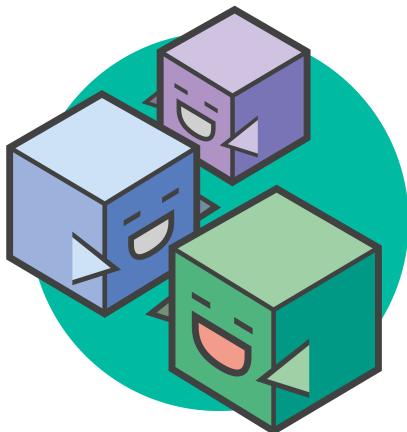


Hyperledger Composer: Accelerating time to value

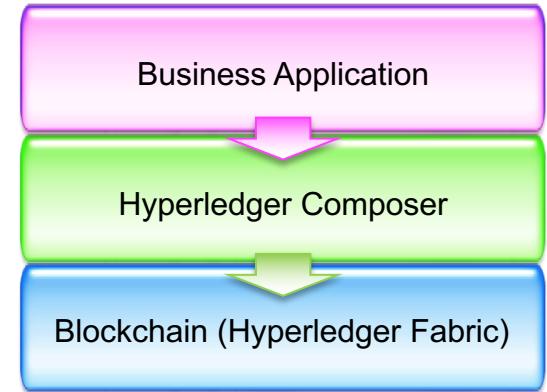


<https://hyperledger.github.io/composer/>

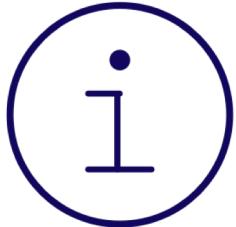
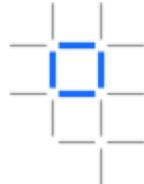
- A suite of high level application **abstractions** for business networks
- Emphasis on business-centric vocabulary for quick solution creation
- Reduce risk, and increase understanding and flexibility



- Features
 - Model your business networks, test and expose via APIs
 - Applications invoke APIs transactions to interact with business network
 - Integrate existing systems of record using loopback/REST
- Fully open and part of Linux Foundation Hyperledger
- Try it in your web browser now: <http://composer-playground.mybluemix.net/>

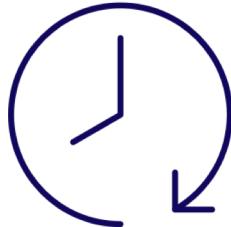


Benefits of Hyperledger Composer



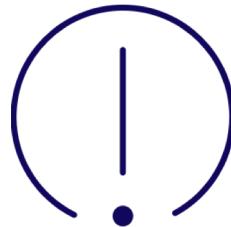
Increases understanding

Bridges simply from business concepts to blockchain



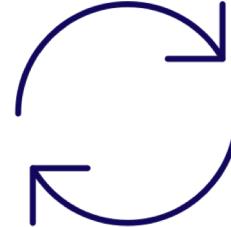
Saves time

Develop blockchain applications more quickly and cheaply



Reduces risk

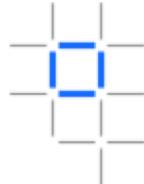
Well tested, efficient design conforms to best practice



Increases flexibility

Higher level abstraction makes it easier to iterate

Extensive, Familiar, Open Development Toolset



```
asset Animal identi  
  o String animal]  
  o AnimalType sp  
  o MovementStatus  
  o ProductionTyp
```

Data modelling

A yellow square containing the letters "JS" in black.

JavaScript
business logic



Web playground

```
composer-client  
composer-admin
```

The npm logo, consisting of the lowercase letters "npm" in a red sans-serif font.

Client libraries



Editor support

```
$ composer
```

CLI utilities



Code generation

Powered by
 LoopBack
Node.js Framework

A green circle containing three white curly braces ({} {} {}).

Swagger

Existing systems and
data

User Roles in a Blockchain Project



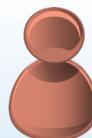
- Network Service Provider
 - **Governs** the network: channels, membership etc.
 - A consortium of network members or designated authority



- Network Service Consumer
 - **Operates** a set of peers and certificate authorities on the network
 - Represents an organization on the business network



- Business Service Provider
 - **Develops** blockchain business applications
 - Includes transaction, app server, integration and presentation logic



- Business Service Consumer
 - Hosts application and integration logic which invokes blockchain transactions



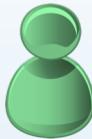
- End-user
 - Runs presentation logic e.g. on mobile device or dashboard

A single organization may play multiple roles!

The Developer Role in a Blockchain Project



- Network Service Provider
 - **Governs** the network: channels, membership etc.
 - A consortium of network members or designated authority



- Network Service Consumer
 - **Operates** a set of peers and certificate authorities on the network
 - Represents an organization on the business network



- Business Service Provider
 - **Develops** blockchain business applications
 - Includes transaction, app server, integration and presentation logic



- Business Service Consumer
 - Hosts application and integration logic which invokes blockchain transactions



- End-user
 - Runs presentation logic e.g. on mobile device or dashboard

A single organization may play multiple roles!



What is Hyperledger Composer?



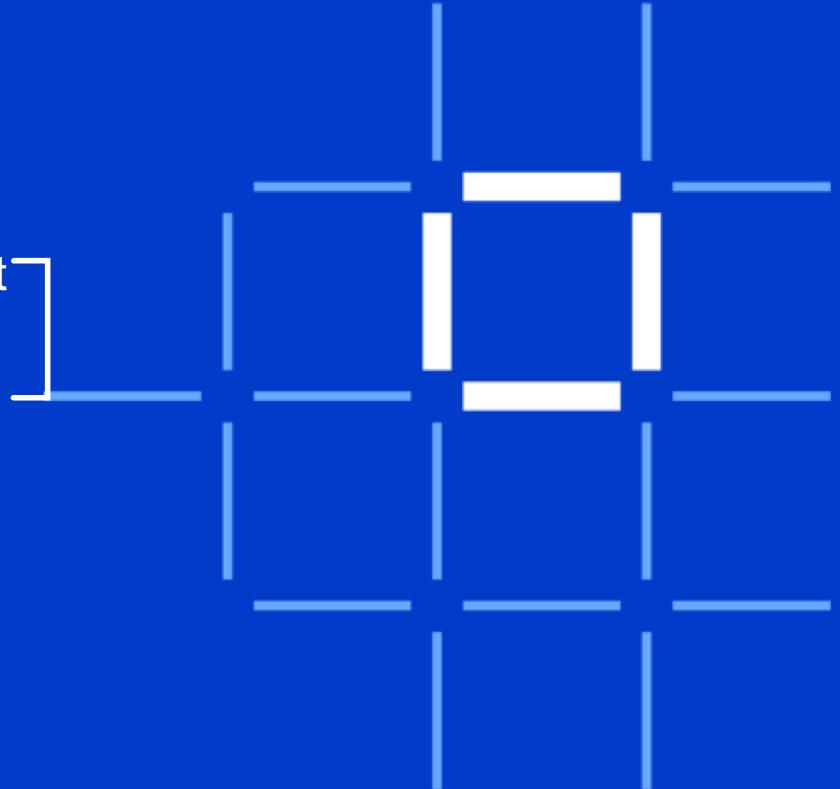
Application Development

*Writing the application
Modeling the business network*

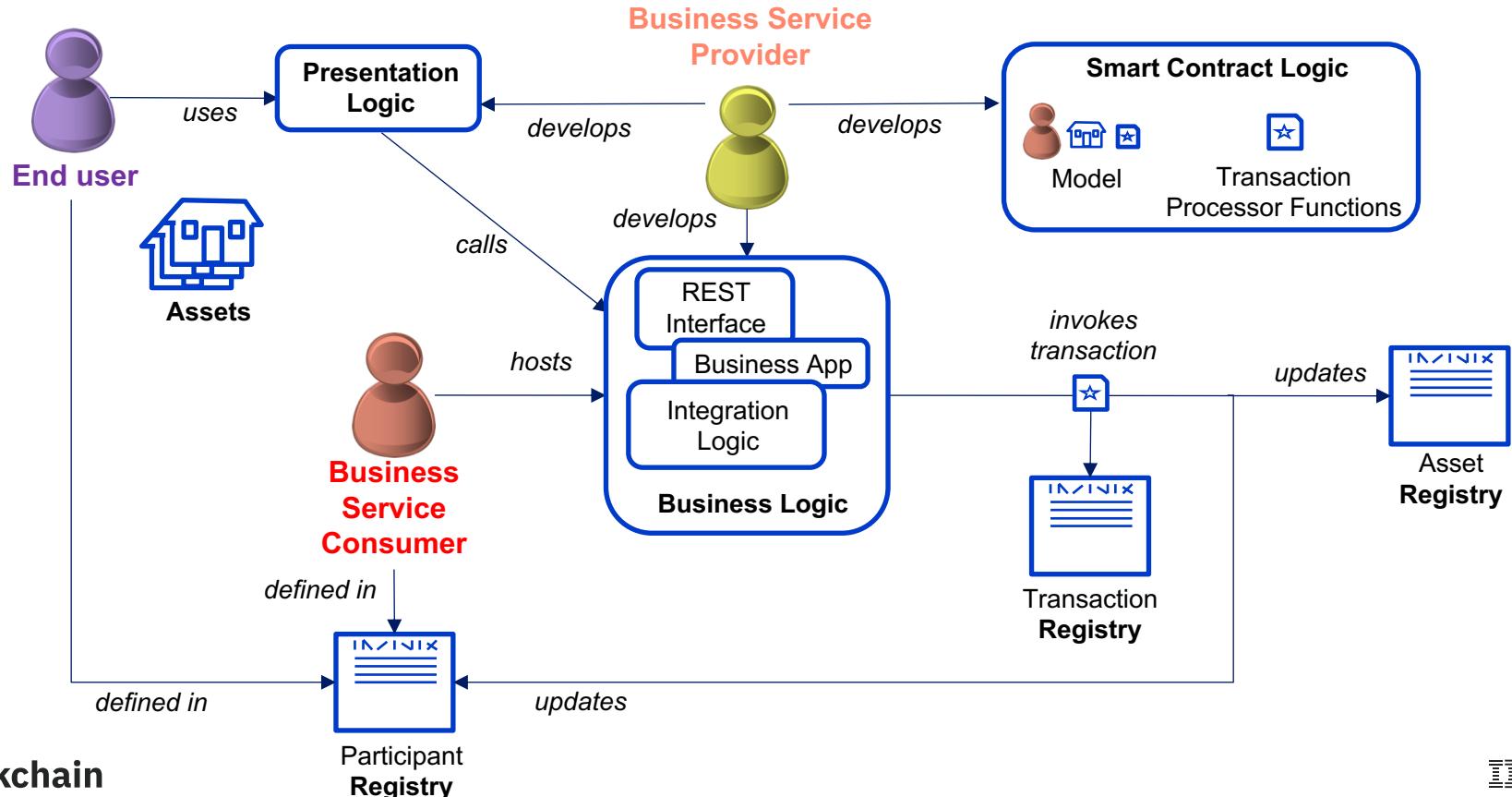
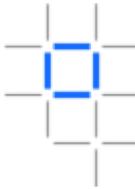


Effective Administration

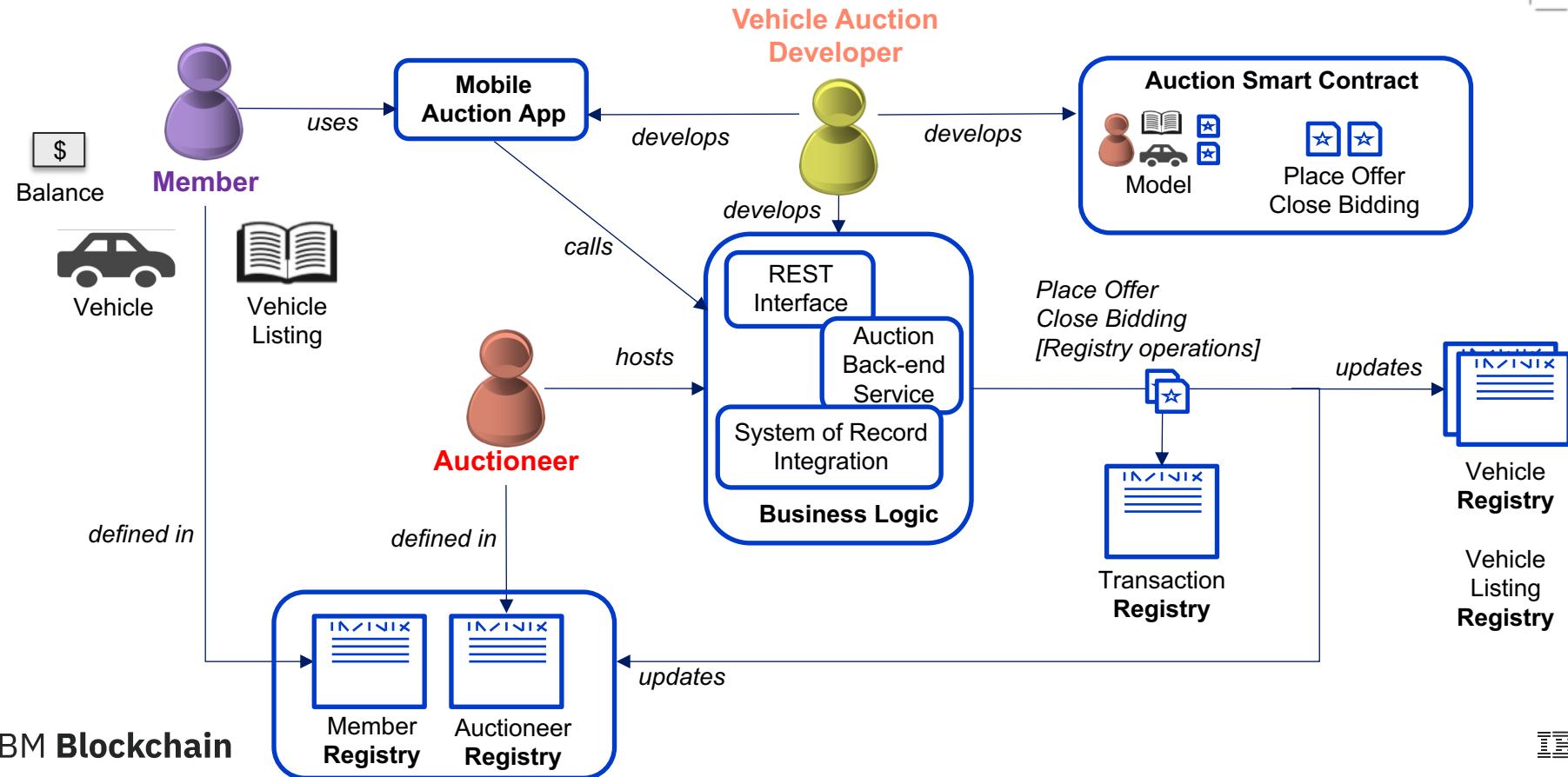
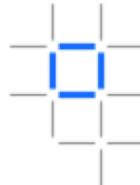
*Deploying to a blockchain
Interacting with systems of record*



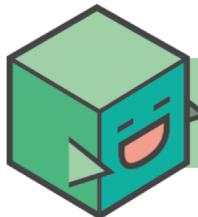
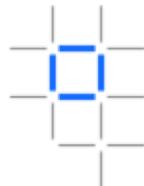
Key Concepts for the Business Service Provider



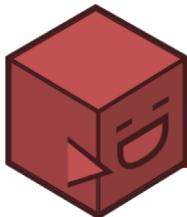
Key Concepts for a Vehicle Auction Developer



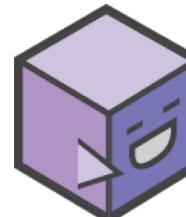
The Business Service Provider develops three components



Smart Contracts



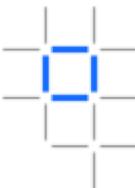
Business Logic



Presentation Logic

- Implements the logic deployed to the blockchain
 - **Models** describe assets, participants & transactions
 - **Transaction processors** provide the JavaScript implementation of transactions
 - **ACLs** define privacy rules
 - May also define events and registry queries
- **Services** that interact with the registries
 - Create, delete, update, query and invoke smart contracts
 - Implemented inside business applications, integration logic and REST services
 - Hosted by the Business Application Consumer
- Provides the **front-end** for the end-user
 - May be several of these applications
 - Interacts with business logic via standard interfaces (e.g. REST)
 - Composer can generate the REST interface from model and a sample application

Assets, Participants and Transactions



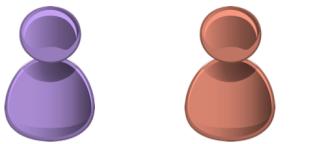
Vehicle



Vehicle Listing

```
asset Vehicle identified by vin {
    o String vin
    --> Member owner
}

asset VehicleListing identified by listingId {
    o String listingId
    o Double reservePrice
    o String description
    o ListingState state
    o Offer[] offers optional
    --> Vehicle vehicle
}
```



Member Auctioneer

```
abstract participant User identified by email {
    o String email
    o String firstName
    o String lastName
}

participant Member extends User {
    o Double balance
}

participant Auctioneer extends User {
}
```



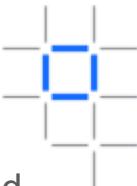
Place Offer
Close Bidding

```
transaction Offer {
    o Double bidPrice
    --> VehicleListing listing
    --> Member member
}

transaction CloseBidding {
    --> VehicleListing listing
}
```

Transaction Processors

```
/**  
 * Close the bidding for a vehicle listing and choose the  
 * highest bid that is  
 * @param {org.acme.ve  
 * @transaction  
 */  
function closeBidding()  
  var listing = clos  
  if (listing.state  
  
  /**  
   * Make an Offer for a VehicleListing  
   * @param {org.acme.vehicle.auction.Offer} offer - the offer  
   * @transaction  
   */  
function makeOffer(offer) {  
  var listing = offer.listing;  
  if (listing.state !== 'FOR_SALE') {
```



Access Control

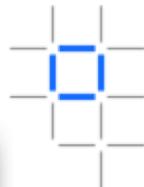
```
rule EverybodyCanReadEverything {
    description: "Allow all participants read access to all resources"
    participant: "org.acme.sample.SampleParticipant"
    operation: READ
    resource: "org.acme.sample.*"
    action: ALLOW
}
```

```
rule OwnerHasFullAccessToTheirAssets {
    description: "Allow all participants full access to their assets"
    participant(p): "org.acme.sample.SampleParticipant"
    operation: ALL
    resource(r): "org.acme.sample.SampleAsset"
    condition: (r.owner.getIdentifier() === p.getIdentifier())
    action: ALLOW
}
```

```
rule SystemACL {
    description: "System ACL to permit all access"
    participant: "org.hyperledger.composer.system.Participant"
    operation: ALL
    resource: "org.hyperledger.composer.system.**"
    action: ALLOW
}
```

- It is possible to restrict which resources can be read and modified by which participants
 - Rules are defined in an .acl file and deployed with the rest of the model
 - Transaction processors can also look up the current user and implement rules programmatically
- ACL rules can be simple (e.g. everybody can read all resources) or more complex (e.g. only the owner of an asset can do everything to it)
- Application supplies credentials (userid/secret) of the participant when connecting to the Fabric network
 - This also applies to Playground!
 - Remember to grant System ACL all access if necessary

Events and Queries



- Events allow applications to take action when a transaction occurs
 - Events are **defined** in models
 - Events are **emitted** by transaction processor scripts
 - Events are **caught** by business applications
- Caught events include transaction ID and other relevant information
- Queries allow applications to perform complex registry searches
 - They can be statically defined in a separate .qry file or generated dynamically by the application
 - They are invoked in the application using *buildQuery()* or *query()*
 - Queries require the blockchain to be backed by CouchDB

```
event SampleEvent {  
    --> SampleAsset asset  
    o String oldValue  
    o String newValue  
}
```

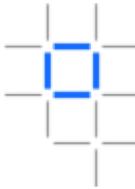
```
// Emit an event for the modified asset.  
var event = getFactory().newEvent('org.acme.sample', 'SampleEvent');  
event.asset = tx.asset;  
event.oldValue = oldValue;  
event.newValue = tx.newValue;  
emit(event);
```

```
businessNetworkConnection.on('SampleEvent', (event) => {  
    console.log(event);  
})
```

```
query selectCommoditiesWithHighQuantity {  
    description: "Select commodities based on quantity"  
    statement:  
        | SELECT org.acme.trading.Commodity  
        | WHERE (quantity > 60)  
}
```

```
return query('selectCommoditiesWithHighQuantity', {})
```

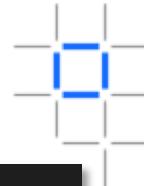
Smart Contract Development: Composer Playground



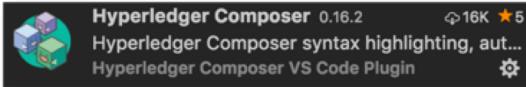
A screenshot of the Hyperledger Composer Playground web application. The left sidebar shows project files: README.md, models/sample.cto, lib/sample.js, and permissions.acl. A central panel displays the "Basic Sample Business Network" definition. It includes a description of the "Hello World" sample, listing participants (SampleParticipant), assets (SampleAsset), transactions (SampleTransaction), and events (SampleEvent). It also describes how SampleAssets are owned by SampleParticipants and can be modified via SampleTransactions, emitting SampleEvents. Below this, instructions for testing the network are provided, along with a note to create a SampleParticipant participant. The bottom navigation bar includes links for Legal, GitHub, Tutorial, Docs, Community, and playground v0.16.3.

- Web tool for defining and testing Hyperledger Composer models and scripts
- Designed for the application developer
 - Define assets, participants and transactions
 - Implement transaction processor scripts
 - Test by populating registries and invoking transactions
- Deploy to instances of Hyperledger Fabric V1, or simulate completely within browser
- Install on your machine or run online at <http://composer-playground.mybluemix.net>

General purpose development: Visual Studio Code



- Composer extension available for this popular tool
- Features to aid rapid Composer development
 - Edit all Composer file types with full syntax highlighting
 - Validation support for models, queries and ACLs
 - Inline error reporting
 - Snippets (press Ctrl+Space for code suggestions)
 - Generate UML diagrams from models
- Install directly from Code Marketplace



```
Hyperledger Composer 0.16.2 ⚡ 16K ★ 5
Hyperledger Composer syntax highlighting, aut...
Hyperledger Composer VS Code Plugin

namespace org.acme.vehicle.auction

asset Vehicle identified by vin {
  o String vin
  --> Member owner
}

enum ListingState {
  o FOR_SALE
  o RESERVE_NOT_MET
  o SOLD
}

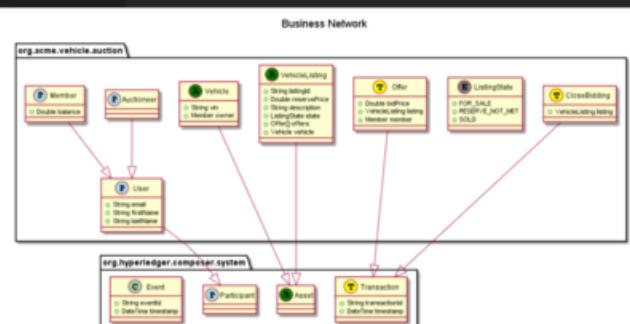
asset VehicleListing identified by listingId {
  o String listingId
  o Double reservePrice
  o String description
  o ListingState state
  o Offer[] offers optional
  --> Vehicle vehicle
}
```

```
[Composer] IllegalModelError: Could not find super type Pe...
rson
participant PrivateOwner identified by email extends Pearson {
  o String email
}
```

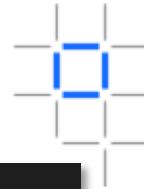
```
namespace org.acme.vehicle.lifecycle
```

```
import composer.base.Person
import composer.business.Business

participant PrivateOwner identified by email extends Person {
  o String email
}
```



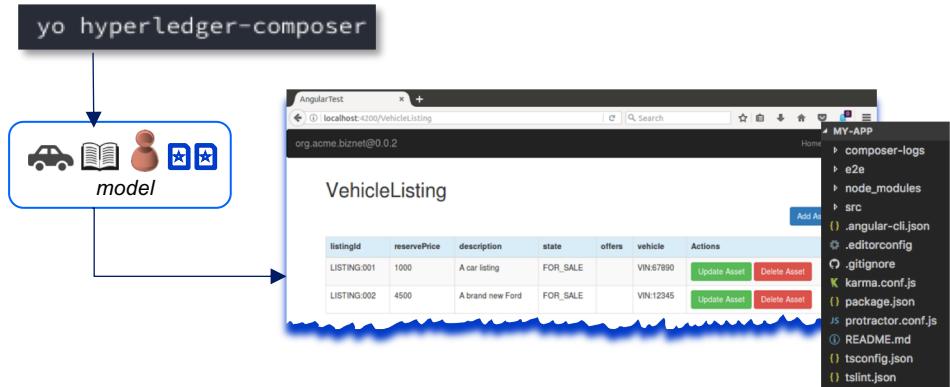
Creating the Business and End-User Applications



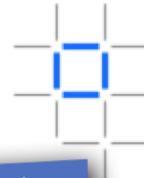
- JavaScript **business applications** require() the NPM “composer-client” module
 - This provides the API to access assets, participants and transactions
 - RESTful API (via Loopback) can also be generated... see later
- Command-line tool available to generate **end-user** command-line or Angular2 applications from model
 - Also helps with the generation of unit tests to help ensure quality code

```
const BusinessNetworkConnection = require('composer-client').BusinessNetworkConnection;
this.bizNetworkConnection = new BusinessNetworkConnection();
this.titlesRegistry = this.bizNetworkConnection.getAssetRegistry('net.biz.digitalPropertyNetwork.LandTitle')

let landTitle1 = factory.newResource('net.biz.digitalPropertyNetwork', 'LandTitle', 'LID:1148');
landTitle1.owner = ownerRelation;
landTitle1.information = 'A nice house in the country';
this.titlesRegistry.add(landTitle1);
```



Debugging



- Playground Historian allows you to view all transactions
 - See what occurred and when
- Diagnostics framework allows for application level trace
 - Uses the *Winston Node.js* logging framework
 - Application logging using DEBUG env var
 - Composer Logs sent to stdout and
./logs/trace_<processid>.trc
- Fabric chaincode tracing also possible (see later)
- More information online:
<https://hyperledger.github.io/composer/problems/diagnostics.html>

The screenshot shows the Hyperledger Composer playground interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Define' and 'Test', and a user 'admin' with a 'Get local version' button. Below this is a table titled 'Default Historian Registry' with columns: ID, Time, Participant ID, and Transaction Type. Two rows are visible:

ID	Time	Participant ID	Transaction Type
af9faaf9-d973-4647-9fad-0f58c0ba7d15	17:15:00	emma	Offer
74e63603-7cf-4bf2-b917-4c9707...	17:14:34	<system>	ActivateCurrentIdentity

A modal window titled 'Transaction Data' is open for the first row, showing a JSON object with the following content:

```
1  {
2    "$class": "org.hyperledger.composer.system.HistorianRecord",
3    "transactionId": "af9faaf9-d973-4647-9fad-0f58c0ba7d15",
4    "transactionType": "Offer",
5    "transactionInvoked",
6    "resource:org.hyperledger.composer.system.Transaction#af9faaf9-d973-4647-9fad-0f58c0ba7d15",
7    "participantInvoking",
8    "resource:org.hyperledger.composer.system.Participant#emma",
9    "identityUsed",
10   "resource:org.hyperledger.composer.system.Identity#8d0fdf5ef7c0062f67853ecf9b36544b2e2c36f0e9b9536166dc0f056a62a032",
11   "eventsEmitted": [],
12   "transactionTimestamp": "2017-08-11T16:15:00.161Z"
```



What is Hyperledger Composer?



Application Development

Writing the application

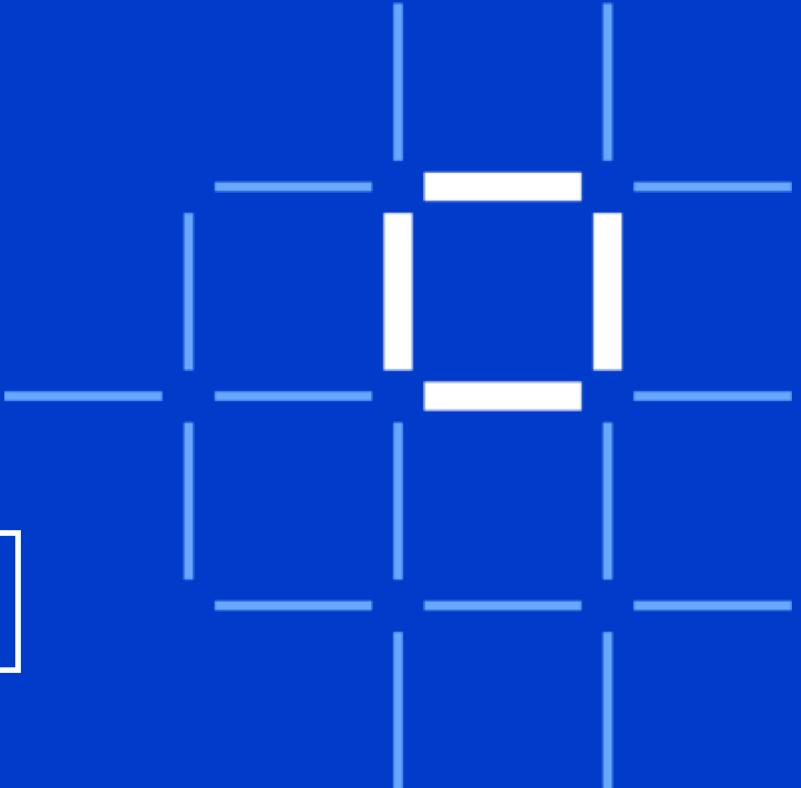
Modeling the business network



Effective Administration

Deploying to a blockchain

Interacting with systems of record



There are Two User Roles with “Administration” Responsibility



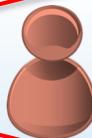
- Network Service Provider
 - **Governs** the network: channels, membership etc.
 - A consortium of network members or designated authority



- Network Service Consumer
 - **Operates** a set of peers and certificate authorities on the network
 - Represents an organization on the business network



- Business Service Provider
 - **Develops** blockchain business applications
 - Includes transaction, app server, integration and presentation logic



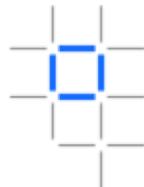
- Business Service Consumer
 - Hosts application and integration logic which invokes blockchain transactions



- End-user
 - Runs presentation logic e.g. on mobile device or dashboard

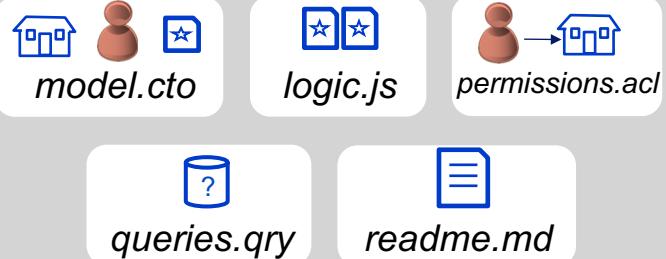
A single organization may play multiple roles!

The Network Service Consumer packages resources into a BNA file

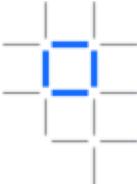


- Business Network Archive (.BNA) is a package of the resources used by Fabric:
 - Model files (.CTO)
 - Transaction processors (.JS)
 - Access Control Lists (.ACL)
 - Static queries (.QRY)
 - Documentation and versioning (.MD)
 - It does *not* contain the client application
- The BNA simplifies deployment of blockchain and promotion between environments
 - c.f. TAR, WAR, EAR, JAR, BAR...
- Create BNA files from Playground or command line
 - Build from filesystem or NPM module

Business Network Archive



```
composer archive create -archiveFile my.bna  
--sourceType module --sourceName myNetwork
```



Connection Profiles to Hyperledger Fabric

Basic Configuration

Connection Profile Name	hfabric
Orderer(s)	Orderer URL grpc://orderer.example.com:7050
Channel	composerchannel
MSP ID	Org1MSP
Certificate Authority (CA)	URL http://ca.org1.example.com:7054 Name ca.org1.example.com
Peer(s)	Peer Request URL grpc://peer0.org1.example.com:7051 Peer Event URL grpc://peer0.org1.example.com:7053
Key Value Store Directory	/home/composer/.composer-credentials

Advanced

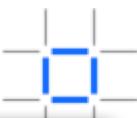
Use this profile Export Connection Profile

(*) connection.json x*

```
1  {
2    "type": "hlfv1",
3    "orderers": [
4      { "url": "grpc://localhost:7050" }
5    ],
6    "ca": { "url": "http://localhost:7054",
7            "name": "ca.org1.example.com" },
8    "peers": [
9      {
10        "requestURL": "grpc://localhost:7051",
11        "eventURL": "grpc://localhost:7053"
12      }
13    ],
14    "keyValStore": "${HOME}/.composer-credentials",
15    "channel": "composerchannel",
16    "mspID": "Org1MSP",
17    "timeout": "300"
18  }
```

IBM Blockchain

- Use **connection profiles** to describe Fabric connection parameters
 - One connection profile required per channel
 - Not necessary for web-based simulation
- Enrollment in Hyperledger Fabric network required (see later)
 - Issue Fabric identity from Composer participants
- Connection profiles currently used by Composer only
 - Plans to implement common connection profiles that can be used by both Fabric and Composer



Participant Identity

- The **Network Service Consumer** issues network participants with an **identity** in order to connect to Hyperledger Fabric
 - Issued as a Hyperledger Fabric userid/secret
 - Automatically swapped for a certificate on first use
 - Packaged in a Business Network Card and supplied when the client application connects
- Composer Participant to Fabric Identity mapping is stored on the blockchain in an *identity registry*
- Usually, only **Business Service Consumers** have a Fabric identity
 - **End-users** log in to the business application using a separately managed identity; blockchain transactions invoked by proxy
- Manage identity from Playground, Javascript, REST or command line
 - For example: Test connection, issue identity, bind an identity to a participant, revoke an identity, list identities

Issue New Identity

Issue a new ID to a participant in your business network

ID Name* emma_id

Participant* resource:org.acme.vehicle.auction.Member#emma

Allow this ID to issue new IDs ()

Issuing an identity generates a one-time secret. You can choose to send this to somebody or use it yourself when it has been issued.

Cancel Create New

Identity Issued

E

CONNECTION PROFILE hlfv1

USER ID emma_id

BUSINESS NETWORK carauction-network

▼ Use it yourself
Just add the business network card to your wallet to start using the new identity yourself
Give the business network card a name
e.g. emma_id@carauction-network
 Add to wallet

➤ Send it to someone else

⚠ For security, new identities can only be enrolled once

Business Network Cards

- Business Network Cards are a convenient packaging of *identity* and *connection profile*
 - Contains everything you need to connect to blockchain business network
 - Each card refers to a single participant and single business network
 - Analogous to an ATM card

Hyperledger Composer Playground

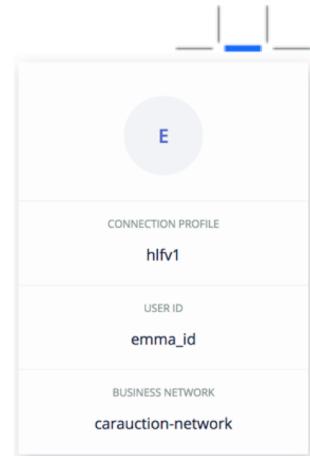
My Business Networks

Connection: hlfv1

Import Business Network Card Create Business Network Card

	User ID	Business Network
PeerAdmin@hlfv1	PeerAdmin	none
myadmincard	admin	carauction-network

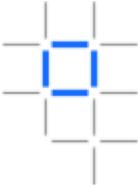
Connect now →



- Manage cards from both Playgroud and command-line
 - Create, delete, export, import, list
 - Create requires userid/secret or certificate/private key
- Use cards to connect to Fabric from Playgroud, command-line or from within your application

```
composer network install -a my.bna -c my.card
```

```
// Connect and log in to HLF
var businessNetwork = new BusinessNetworkConnection();
return businessNetwork.connect('cardName')
.then(function(businessNetworkDefinition){
    // Connected
});
```



Systems of Record Integration

- Domain specific APIs very attractive to mobile and web developers. Resources and operations are business-meaningful
- Composer exploits Loopback framework to create REST APIs: <https://loopback.io/>
- Extensive test facilities for REST methods using loopback
- Secured using JS Passport, giving >400 options for authentication
- Composer provides back-end integration with any loopback compatible product
 - e.g. IBM Integration Bus, API Connect, StrongLoop
 - Outbound and Inbound (where supported by middleware)

angular-app

Auctioneer : A participant named Auctioneer Show/Hide | List Operations | ...

CloseBidding : A transaction named CloseBidding Show/Hide | List Operations | ...

Member : A participant named Member Show/Hide | List Operations | ...

Offer : A transaction named Offer Show/Hide | List Operations | ...

Vehicle : An asset named Vehicle Show/Hide | List Operations | ...

Method	URL	Description
GET	/Vehicle	Find all instances of the model matched by filter from the query
POST	/Vehicle	Create a new instance of the model and persist it in the data source
GET	/Vehicle/{id}	Find a model instance by {{id}} from the data source

Request URL

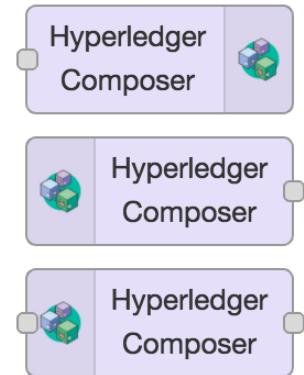
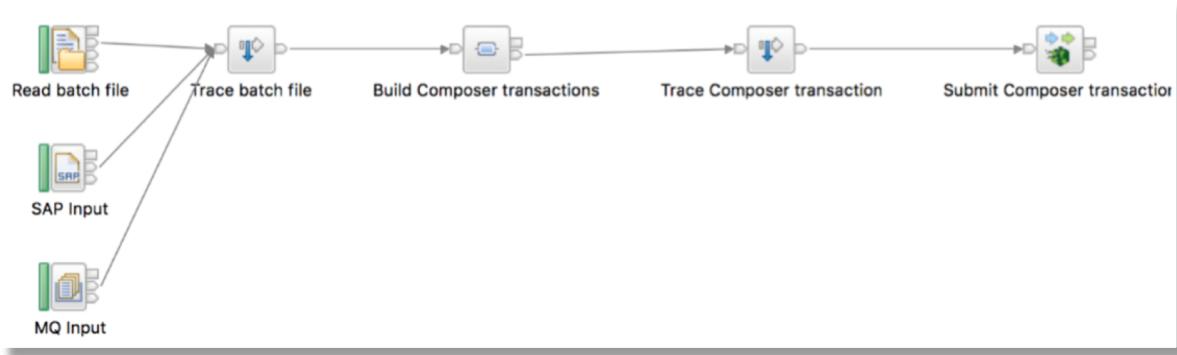
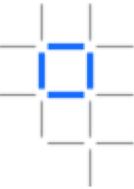
http://0.0.0.0:3000/api/Vehicle

Response Body

```
[  
  {  
    "$class": "org.acme.vehicle.auction.Vehicle",  
    "vin": "VEH:1234",  
    "owner": "odowda@uk.ibm.com"  
  }  
]
```



Exploiting Loopback: Examples



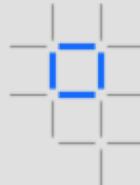
– IBM Integration Bus

- IIB V10 contains Loopback connector
- Example above takes input from file, SAP or MQ
- Data mapping from CSV, BAPI/IDOC or binary form to JSON model definition

– Node.RED

- Pre-built nodes available for Composer
- Connect to hardware devices, APIs and online services
- Install direct from Node.RED UI
 - Manage Palette -> Install -> node-red-contrib-composer

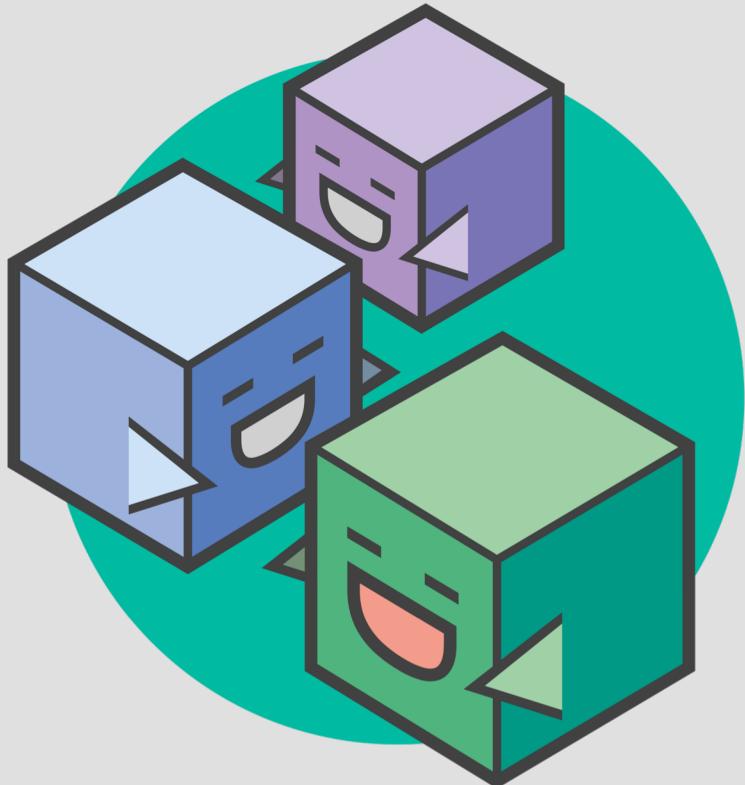
Get started with Hyperledger Composer



- Define, Test and Deploy Business Networks
- Create domain APIs and sample applications
- Integrate existing systems and data

<https://hyperledger.github.io/composer/>

<http://composer-playground.mybluemix.net/>



Thank you

Tito Garrido Ogando

titog@br.ibm.com

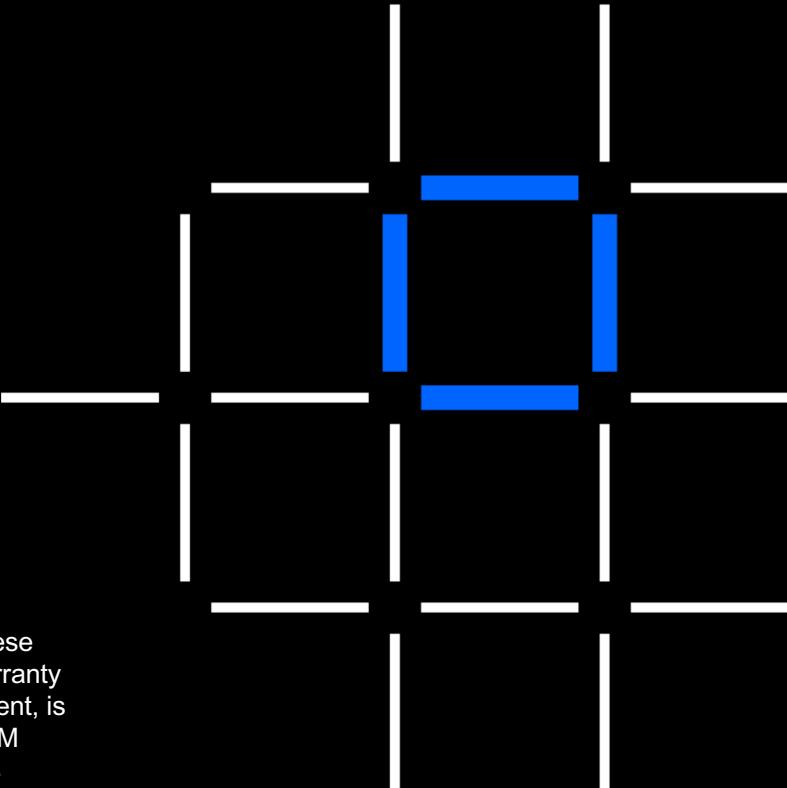
<https://www.linkedin.com/in/titogarrido>

IBM Blockchain

www.ibm.com/blockchain

developer.ibm.com/blockchain

www.hyperledger.org



© Copyright IBM Corporation 2017. All rights reserved. The information contained in these materials is provided for informational purposes only, and is provided AS IS without warranty of any kind, express or implied. Any statement of direction represents IBM's current intent, is subject to change or withdrawal, and represents only goals and objectives. IBM, the IBM logo, and other IBM products and services are trademarks of the International Business Machines Corporation, in the United States, other countries or both. Other company, product, or service names may be trademarks or service marks of others.



