Diffusitivity of deformable cells

Master's thesis

to obtain the second degree

 $Master\ of\ Science\ (M.Sc.)$

written by

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1 Sanity check

Having introduced our cell dynamics, we now want to take a look at the simulation results. Therefore, we aim to compare our simulation results to results from an established cell model from [?]. In [?] the diffusion dynamics of first a point particle model and second a hard sphere model is studied. Thereby, the two density distributions:

- the joint probability density function $P(\vec{(X)}, t)$ of the system of all cell centres $\vec{(X)}$ at time t,
- the marginal distribution function of the first particle $p(\vec(x_1), t)$

play an important roll.

The joint probability density function $P(\vec{(X)},t)$ is a function describing the positions of all particles in the system, while the marginal distribution function $p(\vec{(x_1)},t)$ is a function describing only the position of the first particle.

It is sufficient to consider only the marginal distribution function of first particle, because all particle act similarly.

Gaining $p(\vec{(x_1)},t)$ from $P(\vec{(X)},t)$ is a big reduction of complexity, since we reduce from a high-dimensional PDE for P to a low-dimensional PDE for p. The marginal distribution function the of first particle can be computed via

$$p(\vec{(}x_1),t) = \int P(\vec{(}X),t)d\vec{x_2}\dots d\vec{x_N}.$$

The most simple model that gets considered for the diffusion dynamics of cell systems is the point particle model. Here the cells get modeled with sizeless points that perform a brownian motion on the domain.

Since the cells do not have a real size, no interaction between the cells can occur, since they will never hit upon each other. It is known, that particles in this setup move according to the heat equation, i.e.

(1)
$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial t}(\vec{x_1}, t) = \Delta_{\vec{x_1}} p$$

on the inside of the domain.

The paper? analyses these dynamics on the domain

$$\Omega_{
m [?]} = [-0.5, 0.5]^2,$$

on which 400 particles are located.

The particles are initially distributed according to a normal distribution with mean 0 and standard deviation 0.09. This initial distribution has an integral over $\Omega_{?}$ of one.

The movement of each point particle $\vec{x_i}$ in the simulation is given by the stochastic differential equation (SDE)

$$d\vec{x_i} = \sqrt{2}dB_idt$$
, $1 \le i \le 400$, on $\Omega_{??}$

TODO: The reflective boundary condition on $\partial\Omega_{??}$ is imposed.

- * 400 particles/cells * initial distribution N(0,0.09) + no overlaps for hard discs. The domain of the system is
- a square with side length 1 around the origin and the time step size is 10⁻⁵.

Figure 2 in [?] shows the marginal distribution function $p(x_1, t)$ at time t = 0.05. The figure compares the solution of the nonlinear diffusion equation (11) for finite-sized particles with the solution of the linear diffusion equation (4) for point particles. The figure consists of four plots:

- (a) shows the solution of the linear diffusion equation (4) for point particles.
- (b) shows the histogram of the marginal distribution function p(x1,t) for point particles.
- (c) shows the solution of the nonlinear diffusion equation (11) for finite-sized particles.
- (d) shows the histogram of the marginal distribution function p(x1,t) for finite-sized particles.

The figure is a useful tool for understanding the behavior of the system and the effects of excluded-volume interactions on the collective diffusion rate. The the heat equation and Equation (4) and in Figure 2a and 2c show similar characteristics as the stochastic simulations in 2b and 2d. We can observe that the excluded-volume effects enhance the overall collective diffusion rate.

References

[Bruna and Chapman, 2012] Bruna, M. and Chapman, S. J. (2012). Excluded-volume effects in the diffusion of hard spheres. *Phys. Rev. E*, 85:011103.

Statement of authorship

I hereby declare that I have written this thesis (*Diffusitivity of deformable cells*) under the supervision of Jun.-Prof. Dr. Markus Schmidtchen independently and have listed all used sources and aids. I am submitting this thesis for the first time as part of an examination. I understand that attempted deceit will result in the failing grade "not sufficient" (5.0).

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