

HOSTEL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Submitted by

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Bachelors Of Technology & Computer Science

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CENTRE FOR DEVELOPMENT OF ADVANCED COMPUTING

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TO WHOMSOEVER IT MAY CONCERN

This is to certify that **Ms. BANSARI GUPTA** D/o Mr. ATUL KUMAR GUPTA (Enrollment No. 2021/389) pursuing B.Tech 4th year (7th Semester) from “Banasthali Vidyapith, Jaipur, Rajasthan” has undergone internship training during the period from **01/07/2024 to 30/11/2024** successfully at “CENTRE FOR DEVELOPMENT OF ADVANCED COMPUTING (C-DAC), NEW DELHI”.

During the internship training, she has successfully **designed and developed** “**Hostel Management System**” using **Spring Boot, MongoDB, Java, React etc.**

During the period of her internship training with us, she was found sincere and hardworking.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Sunil Kumar".

Sunil Kumar
(Scientist-E)

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Abstract

The **Hostel Management System** is a comprehensive, web-based application designed to streamline the management of hostel operations. It automates essential processes such as student and warden registration, student room allocation, student feedback collection, hostel notice board and other hostel facilities. Built using Java Spring Boot and MongoDB, the system ensures scalability and efficient data handling.

The system allows students to register, log in, and view their room allocation details, while administrators and wardens can manage student records, room availability, and allocation. A feedback module enables students to rate the hostel's cleanliness, food, staff, and facilities, providing valuable insights for service improvements.

Additionally, the system features a Notice Board where important announcements and updates are posted for students, ensuring effective communication between hostel management and residents.

The login and logout functionality enhances security by recording user activity and ensuring proper authentication. By automating and optimizing various hostel management tasks, this system not only saves time but also enhances the overall experience for both students and administrators, making hostel operations more organized and efficient.

Acknowledgement

We would like to express our sincere gratitude to **Sunil Kumar Sir**, our mentor, for his unwavering support, guidance, and encouragement throughout the development of the **Hostel Management System** project. His expertise, constructive feedback, and insightful suggestions were instrumental in the successful completion of this project.

Sunil Kumar Sir's constant availability for discussions, clarification of concepts, and his valuable input during each phase of the project helped us overcome various challenges and enhanced the overall quality of our work. His mentorship has played a pivotal role in shaping our learning and improving our technical and problem-solving skills.

We are extremely grateful for his dedication and the time he invested in helping us achieve the objectives of this project. His mentorship has been a key factor in making this project a success.

I express my sincere gratitude to **Prof. CK Jha**, Dean Dept of Mathematics and Computing, Banasthali Vidyapith and **Dr. Rajiv Singh**, Head of the Department of Computer Science, AIM & ACT, Banasthali Vidyapith, Rajasthan and members of the staff of my university for their constant encouragement during the project work.

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Objective (Problem Statement)

In recent years, the rapid increase in educational institutions has led to a corresponding rise in the number of hostels required to accommodate the growing student population. As a result, managing these hostels has become increasingly complex, putting significant strain on administrators. Traditionally, hostel management has relied on manual processes, which are time-consuming and prone to errors. This project aims to address these challenges by introducing a software solution that automates and streamlines hostel management tasks, reducing the burden on administrators and minimizing the risk of human error.

The Hostel Management System is a website designed to address these challenges by automating key processes such as:

1. **User Registration and Authentication:** Simplifying the process of user enrollment and ensuring secure access through login/logout functionality.
2. **Room Allocation:** Providing an organized approach to allocate rooms to students based on availability and requirements.
3. **Feedback Collection:** Enabling students to provide feedback on various aspects such as cleanliness, food, staff, and facilities, ensuring continuous improvement.
4. **Notice Board:** Offering a digital platform for administrators to post important announcements and updates for students.
5. **Admin and Warden Access:** Allowing hostel administrators and wardens to manage student records, track room availability, and perform administrative tasks effectively.

Requirement Analysis

2.1 Requirement Specification

2.1.1 System Features

1) User Authentication

Description: Allows users to log in with a unique username and password.

Priority: High

Priority Components:

- o Benefit: 9
- o Penalty: 8
- o Cost: 4
- o Risk: 5

Stimulus/Response Sequences:

1. User Action: User enters username and password.

System Response: Validates credentials and logs the user in.

2. User Action: User enters incorrect username or password.

System Response: Displays an error message and prompts for re-entry.

3. User Action: User logs out.

System Response: Ends the session and redirects to the login page.

Functional Requirements:

- REQ-1: The system must validate the username and password against stored credentials.

Error Handling: If credentials are invalid, the system should display an error message.

- REQ-2: The system must manage user sessions securely.
Error Handling: If session management fails, the system should log out the user and prompt to log in again.
- REQ-3: The system must lock the account after a predefined number of failed login attempts.
Error Handling: If the account is locked, the system should notify the user and provide instructions to unlock it.
- REQ-4: The system must allow password reset via email verification.
Error Handling: If email verification fails, the system should prompt the user to retry or contact support.

2) Student Room Allocation

Description: Enables wardens to allot hostel rooms to students, viewable by students and admins.

Priority: High

Priority Components:

- o Benefit: 8
- o Penalty: 7
- o Cost: 5
- o Risk: 4

Stimulus/Response Sequences

1. User Action: Warden updates hostel details.
System Response: Saves and reflects the updated details.
2. User Action: Student or admin views hostel details.
System Response: Displays the current hostel details.

Functional Requirements

- REQ-1: The system must allow the warden to update room allotment.
Error Handling: If update fails, the system should notify the warden and provide error details.
- REQ-2: The system must display hostel details to students and admin.
Error Handling: If retrieval fails, the system should notify the user and retry.
- REQ-3: The system must ensure data integrity and security for hostel information.
Error Handling: If data integrity is compromised, the system should alert the admin.
- REQ-4: The system must provide real-time updates of hostel details.
Error Handling: If real-time updates fail, the system should notify the user and retry.

3) Hostel Notice Board

Description: Facilitates communication by allowing wardens to update notices for admins and students.

Priority: Medium

Priority Components:

- Benefit: 7
- Penalty: 6
- Cost: 4
- Risk: 4

Stimulus/Response Sequences

1. User Action: Warden posts or updates a notice.
System Response: Updates the notice board with the latest information.
2. User Action: Admin or student views the notice board.
System Response: Displays the notices posted by wardens.

Functional Requirements

- REQ-1: The system must allow wardens to post, edit, and delete notices.
Error Handling: Notify the warden if posting fails and provide error details.
- REQ-2: The system must display notices in chronological order.
Error Handling: Notify the user if display fails and retry.
- REQ-3: The system must ensure notices are viewable by admins and students.
Error Handling: Alert the admin if access control fails.
- REQ-4: The system must manage access control to restrict notice updates to wardens.
Error Handling: Notify the admin if access control fails and restrict updates.

4) Student Feedback System

Description: Allows students to submit feedback regarding hostel facilities or services.

Priority: Medium

Priority Components:

- Benefit: 6
- Penalty: 5
- Cost: 3
- Risk: 3

Stimulus/Response Sequences

1. User Action: Student submits feedback.

System Response: Stores the feedback and notifies admin and wardens.

2. User Action: Admin or warden views feedback.

System Response: Displays the feedback submitted by students.

Functional Requirements

- REQ-1: The system must allow students to submit feedback.
Error Handling: Notify the student if submission fails and retry.
- REQ-2: The system must store feedback securely.
Error Handling: Notify the admin if storage fails and provide error details.
- REQ-3: The system must notify admin and wardens of new feedback submissions.
Error Handling: Retry notifications and alert the admin if failures persist.
- REQ-4: The system must provide a feedback viewing interface for admin and wardens.
Error Handling: Notify the user if viewing fails and retry.

5) User Home Page:

Description: Allows users to choose which task they want to perform.

Priority: Medium

Priority Components:

- o Benefit: 7
- o Penalty: 5
- o Cost: 3
- o Risk: 3

Stimulus/Response Sequences

1. User Action: Student will choose whether they will view their room number or view the hostel notice board or give feedback.
System Response: Redirect to the required function.
2. User Action: Warden will choose whether they will allot rooms or view the room list or add a notice or view student feedbacks.
System Response: Redirect to the required function.

3. User Action: Admin will choose whether they will view allotted rooms, hostel notice board or feedback.

System Response: Redirect to the required function.

Functional Requirements

- REQ-1: The system must allow students to submit feedback.
Error Handling: Notify the student if submission fails and retry.
- REQ-2: The system must store feedback securely.
Error Handling: Notify the admin if storage fails and provide error details.
- REQ-3: The system must notify admin and wardens of new feedback submissions.
Error Handling: Retry notifications and alert the admin if failures persist.
- REQ-4: The system must provide a feedback viewing interface for admin and wardens.
Error Handling: Notify the user if viewing fails and retry.

2.2 Non-functional Requirements

1) Performance Requirements

- o Response Time: The system should respond to user requests within 95% of transactions during peak usage times.
- o Throughput: The system should support at least 1000 concurrent users without performance degradation.
- o Scalability: The system should scale to handle up to 10,000 users with minimal changes to the underlying architecture.
- o Data Processing: Batch processes, such as generating monthly reports, should complete efficiently without user interaction.
- o Real-Time Updates: Changes in student information should be reflected across all modules in real time.

Rationale: These requirements ensure the HMS provides a smooth and efficient user experience, even during peak times, and can accommodate future demand.

2) Safety Requirements

- o Data Backup: Regular backups of the database must be performed daily to prevent data loss. Backup data should be securely stored off-site.
- o Error Handling: The system should include robust error handling to prevent data corruption and ensure system stability.
- o User Safety: Sensitive student information, such as personal details or health records, should only be accessible to authorized personnel.
- o Regulatory Compliance: The system should comply with relevant safety regulations, such as GDPR, to ensure legal adherence.

Rationale: These safety measures protect user data and system integrity, reducing the risk of loss or harm.

3) Security Requirements

- o Authentication: Users must authenticate using a unique username and password. Multi-factor authentication should be implemented for administrative accounts.
- o Authorization: Role-based access control (RBAC) should ensure users only access data and perform actions appropriate to their role.
- o Data Encryption: Sensitive data, whether in transit or at rest, must be encrypted using industry-standard techniques.
- o Audit Trails: The system should maintain an audit log of all user activities, including logins, data modifications, and access to sensitive information, for a minimum of one year.
- o Security Compliance: The system must adhere to relevant security standards, such as ISO/IEC 27001, and local data security regulations.

Rationale: These measures protect user data from unauthorized access and ensure compliance with legal standards.

4) Software Quality Attributes

- o Usability: The system should have an intuitive user interface to facilitate ease of use for all user classes.
- o Reliability: The system should achieve an uptime of 99.9% to ensure continuous availability.
- o Maintainability: The system should be modular and well-documented to support updates and maintenance efficiently.
- o Interoperability: The system should integrate with other educational and administrative systems using standard protocols.
- o Adaptability: The system should accommodate changes in policies or requirements without significant rework.
- o Testability: Automated testing tools should be used to ensure high-quality releases.
- o Portability: The system should be platform-independent and run on various operating systems and devices.

Rationale: These attributes ensure the system is robust, reliable, and adaptable to future needs.

5) Business Rules

- o Role-Based Access: Only authorized personnel, such as hostel managers and administrators, can perform critical functions like room allocation, fee management, and disciplinary actions.
- o Disciplinary Actions: Records of disciplinary actions, such as warnings or fines, must only be accessible to authorized users.
- o Emergency Protocols: The system should provide quick access to student contact information and emergency procedures.

Rationale: These rules ensure the system operates within defined guidelines, maintains order, and supports the safety and well-being of users.

2.3 User Interface Requirements

1) Login System Interface

Description: Interface for users to log in with their credentials.

GUI Standards: Standard username and password input fields, "Login" button, "Forgot Password" link for password recovery.

Error Message Display: Display error messages as a popup when the user enters an incorrect username or password during login.

2) Room Allotment Interface

Description: Interface for wardens to allot hostel rooms to the students and for students/admin to view hostel details.

GUI Standards: Editable fields, update/save buttons for warden and read-only fields for students/admin.

Error Message Display: Display error messages inline when there is a failure to update room allotment due to data validation issues.

3) Notice Board Interface

Description: Interface for wardens to post latest notices for admin/students to view them.

GUI Standards: Text area for posting notices, edit/delete options for wardens and read-only fields for students/admin.

Error Message Display: Display error messages inline.

4) Feedback System Interface

Description: Interface for students to submit feedback and for admins/wardens to view it.

GUI Standards: Text area for submitting feedback, list view for displaying feedback for admin/wardens.

Error Message Display: Display error messages inline when there's a problem storing feedback due to database connectivity issues.

5) Hostel Dashboard Interface

Description: Interface providing specific hostel-related information for admins, wardens, and students.

GUI Standards: Tabs for choosing different hostel dashboards.

Error Message Display: Display error messages in a notification panel if data aggregation fails when loading dashboard information.

2.4 H/w and S/w Requirements

2.4.1 Hardware Requirements

Server-Side:

RAM: Minimum 8 GB, with the capability to scale up as the user base grows.

Hard Disk: Minimum 100 GB or more, depending on data storage needs.

Processor: Minimum 2.5 GHz quad-core or better for efficient processing.

Client-Side:

RAM: Minimum 4 GB or more to handle browser-based interactions smoothly.

Hard Disk: Minimum 20 GB or more to store cache, data, and temporary files.

Processor: Minimum 1.5 GHz dual-core or better for general operations.

2.4.2 Software Requirements

Server-Side:

Operating System (OS): Windows 10 or newer versions recommended.

Web Server: Node.js built-in HTTP for handling backend and web requests.

Database Server: MongoDB for managing relational databases.

Client-Side:

Operating System (OS): Windows 10 or newer versions recommended.

Web Browser: Compatibility with modern web browsers such as:

1. Google Chrome
2. Mozilla Firefox
3. Safari
4. Microsoft Edge

2.4.3 Technologies Used

Front-End Development:

1. React (for component-based UI development)
2. JavaScript (for dynamic interactivity)
3. CSS (for styling)

Back-End Development: Spring Boot (Java Framework)

Database Server: MongoDB

Development Tool: Microsoft Visual Studio Code for designing and coding.

2.4.4 Communication Requirements

Communication Functions: Web Browsers

Communication Standards: HTTP, HTTPS

Server-Side Framework and API: Node.js with its built-in API handles server-side scripting, enabling dynamic content generation and database interactions.

2.5 Feasibility Study

2.5.1 Technical Feasibility

- o Technologies Used: The HMS employs web-based technologies such as React, CSS, JavaScript for the front-end, and Springboot with MongoDB for the back-end. These are widely used and support scalability.
- o Hardware and Software Requirements:
 - Server: At least 8 GB RAM, 100 GB storage, and a 2.5 GHz processor.
 - Client: At least 4 GB RAM and modern web browsers like Chrome or Firefox.
- o Integration: The system uses modular architecture and standard communication protocols (HTTP, HTTPS) for seamless integration.
- o Constraints: Compliance with GDPR and FERPA regulations is required.

Conclusion: Technically feasible with no major barriers due to accessible technology stack and infrastructure compatibility.

2.5.2 Operational Feasibility

- o Ease of Use: Intuitive UI and role-based features for admin, wardens, and students make the system user-friendly.
- o Adoption: Basic English literacy and computer knowledge are required for users, which is reasonable for the target audience.
- o Training and Documentation: Comprehensive user guides and support documentation are planned.

Conclusion: Operationally feasible with minimal training requirements.

2.5.3 Economic Feasibility

- o Cost Factors:
 - Development: Uses common open-source tools (Node.js, Mongodb).

- Maintenance: Modular design ensures reduced long-term costs.
- o Value Added:
 - Automation of room allocation and feedback systems reduces administrative overhead.
 - Centralized data management enhances operational efficiency.

Conclusion: Economically viable due to lower costs associated with open-source tools and reduced administrative effort.

2.6 Product Functions

A hostel management website for a university can offer a wide range of functionalities aimed at streamlining and automating the various administrative and logistical tasks associated with managing student accommodation, it focuses on simplifying the task of managing the hostel. Right now, all the relevant data is being managed in the written form i.e., on pen and paper, which we aim to digitalise.

The Hostel Management System will perform following major functions:-

2.6.1 User Registration and Authentication:

- Admin Registration: Admins can be registered and onboarded by the system super admin.
- Warden Registration: Wardens can be registered and assigned to specific hostels.
- Student Registration: Students can be registered by the warden or self-register with approval from the warden. They can also be assigned to specific rooms during registration.

2.6.2 Room Allocation Process:

- Allocate Rooms: The warden can assign rooms to students based on availability. The warden can view the current status of all rooms (occupied, available, under maintenance).

- Update Room Assignments: The warden can update room assignments, such as reallocating rooms when students move out or switch rooms.
- View Room Status: The student view the details about their allocated room.

2.6.3 Notice Board Notifications:

- Post Notices: The warden can post notifications on the digital notice board, including important updates, events, and announcements.
- Update Notices: The warden can update or remove notices as needed.
- View Notices: Students can view the latest notices and stay informed about hostel-related updates.

2.6.4 Student Feedback:

- Submit Feedback: Students can submit feedback about the hostel facilities, services, or any other concerns they have.
- View Feedback: The warden can view all feedback submitted by students to identify areas for improvement.

2.6.5 Student Records Management:

- Store Student Records: The system stores detailed records for each student, including personal information, room assignment, contact details.
- View Student Records: The admin can view the consolidated student records for all hostels, allowing for centralized oversight.

2.6.6 Administrative Functions:

- View Student Records: The admin has access to view the student records for all hostels, enabling effective monitoring and management.
- View Feedback: The admin can view all feedback provided by students across all hostels, facilitating the identification of common issues and the implementation of improvements.

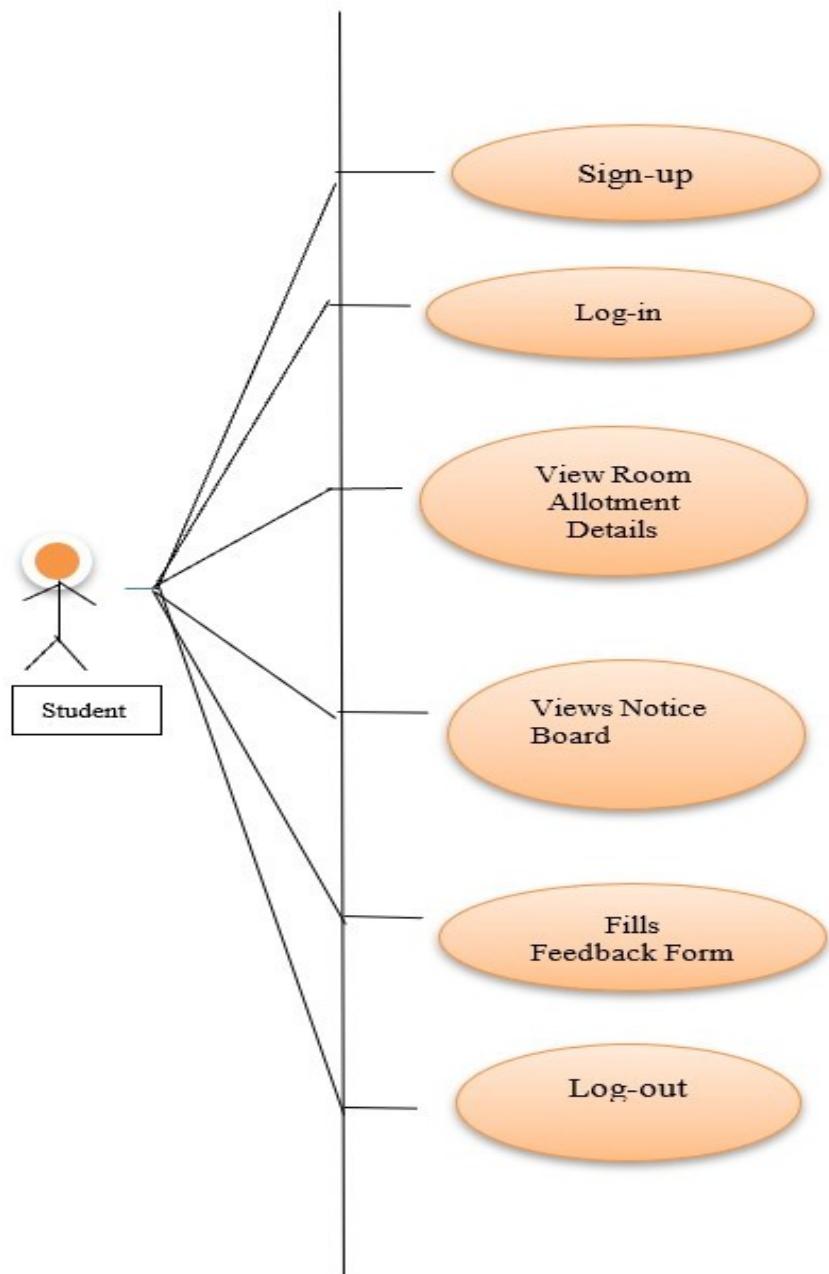
2.7 Use-case Diagram

There are three users who can use this product include administrator, wardens , and the students.

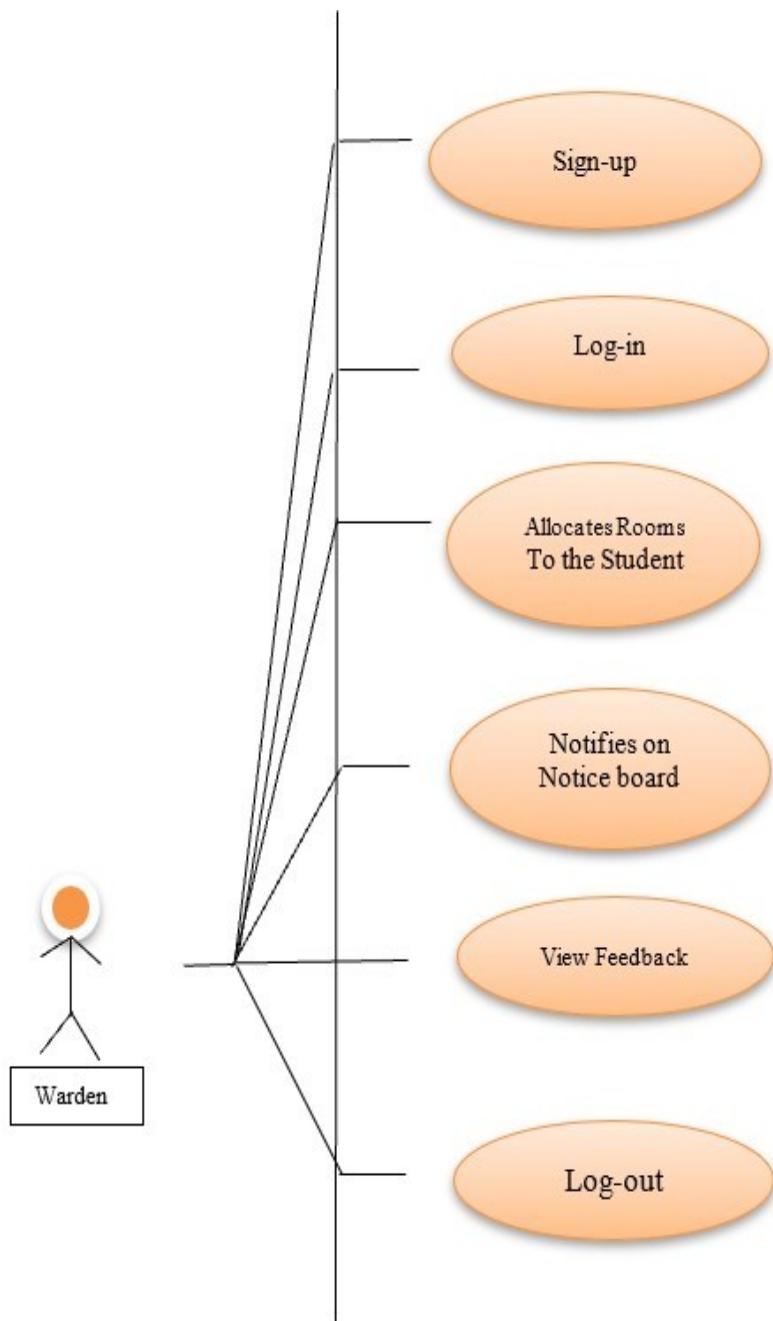
Each user is required to have a basic knowledge of compute and net browser. Each user should have basic knowledge of English.

1. Administrators: The admin oversee system operations and ensure compliance. Approve the users and maintain the registers of each user.
2. Wardens: The warden can allocate rooms to the students. They can also notify the students with important information. They can view the necessary details about the hostel rooms (total capacity, availability etc).
3. Students: The students can view the required information about their allocated room. They can also provide feedback regarding the hostel services.

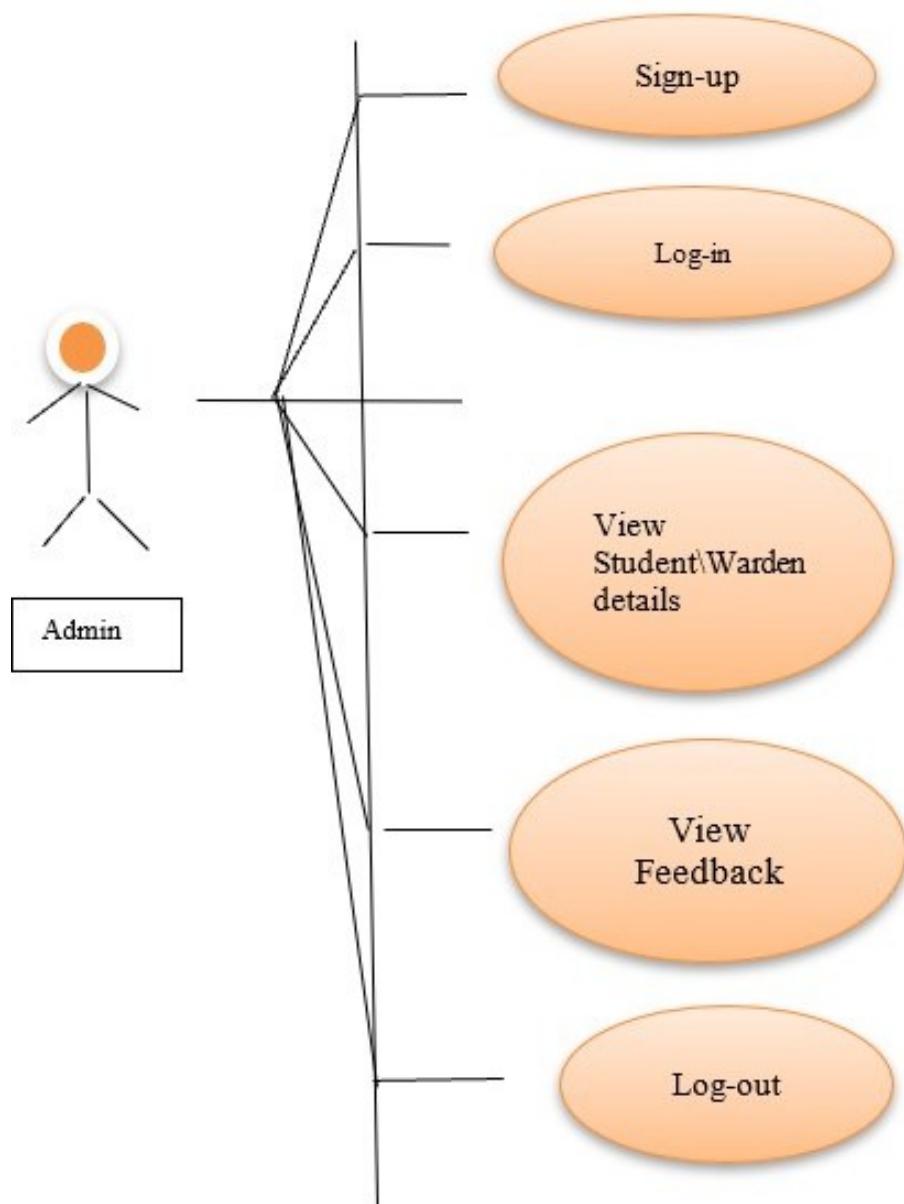
2.7.1 Use-case Diagram for Student:



2.7.2 Use-case Diagram for Warden:

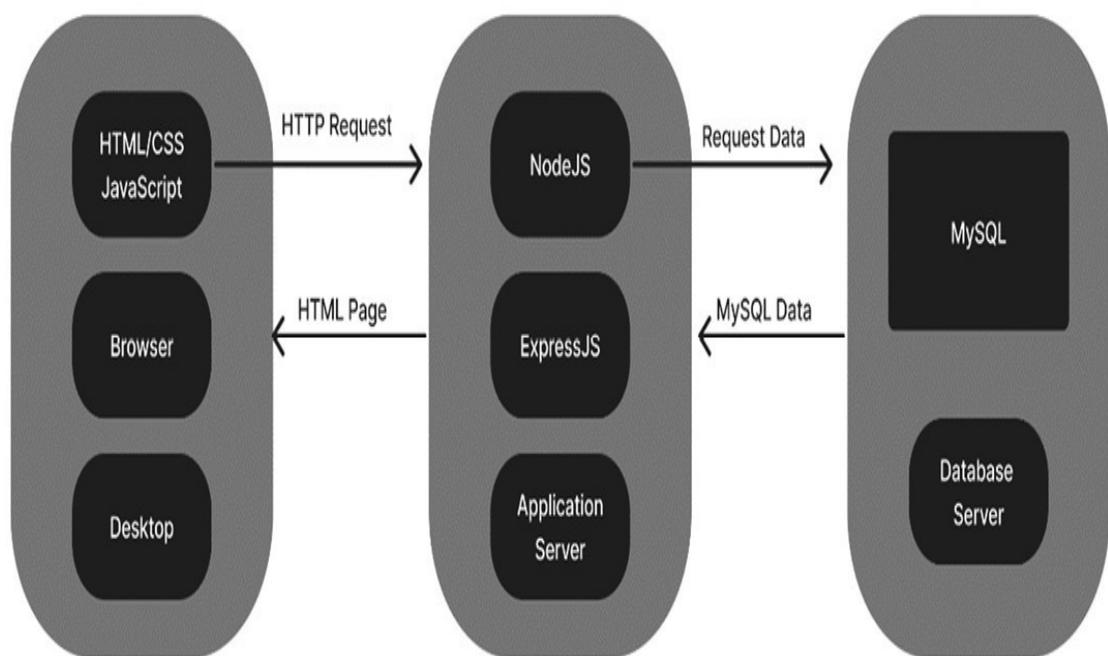


2.7.3 Use-case Diagram for Admin:

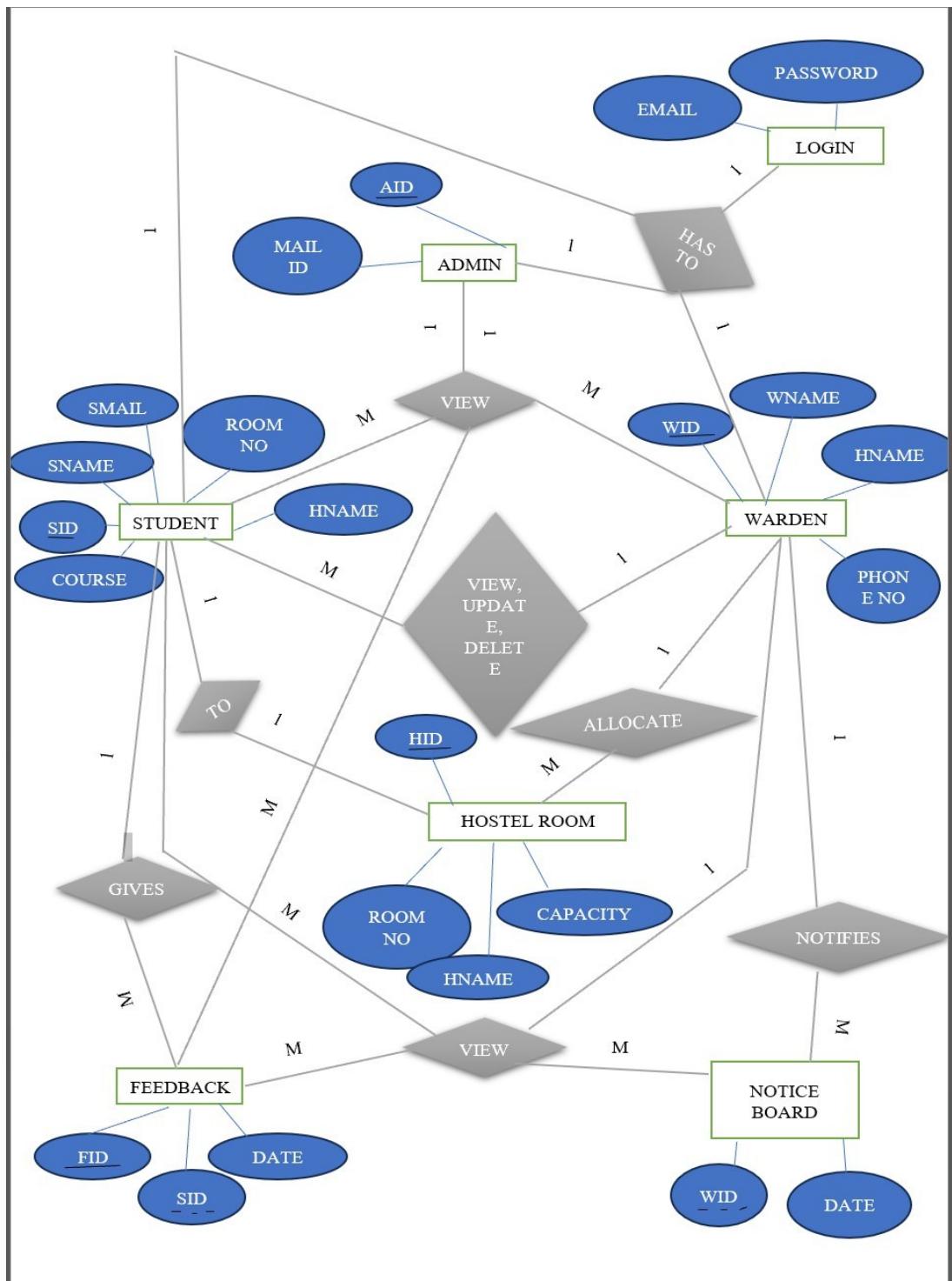


System Design (SDS)

3.1 High-level Diagram



3.2 ER Diagram



3.3 Database Design

3.3.1 Users Table (For Login/Registration):

Attribute	Type	Constraints
user_id	INT	PRIMARY KEY, AUTO_INCREMENT
first_name	VARCHAR(100)	NOT NULL
Last_name	VARCHAR(100)	NOT NULL
email	VARCHAR	NOTNULL, UNIQUE
Password	VARCHAR	NOT NULL
role	ENUM('admin', 's t u d e n t ', 'warden')	NOT NULL

3.3.2 Room Allocation Table:

Attribute	Type	Constraints
allocation_id	INT (PK)	PRIMARY KEY, AUTO_INCREMENT
Hostel_name	VARCHAR(100)	NOT NULL
Course_name	VARCHAR(100)	NOT NULL
student_id	INT	FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Student(student_id), NOT NULL
student_name	VARCHAR(100)	NOT NULL
Room_number	INT	NOT NULL

3.3.3 Notice Board Table:

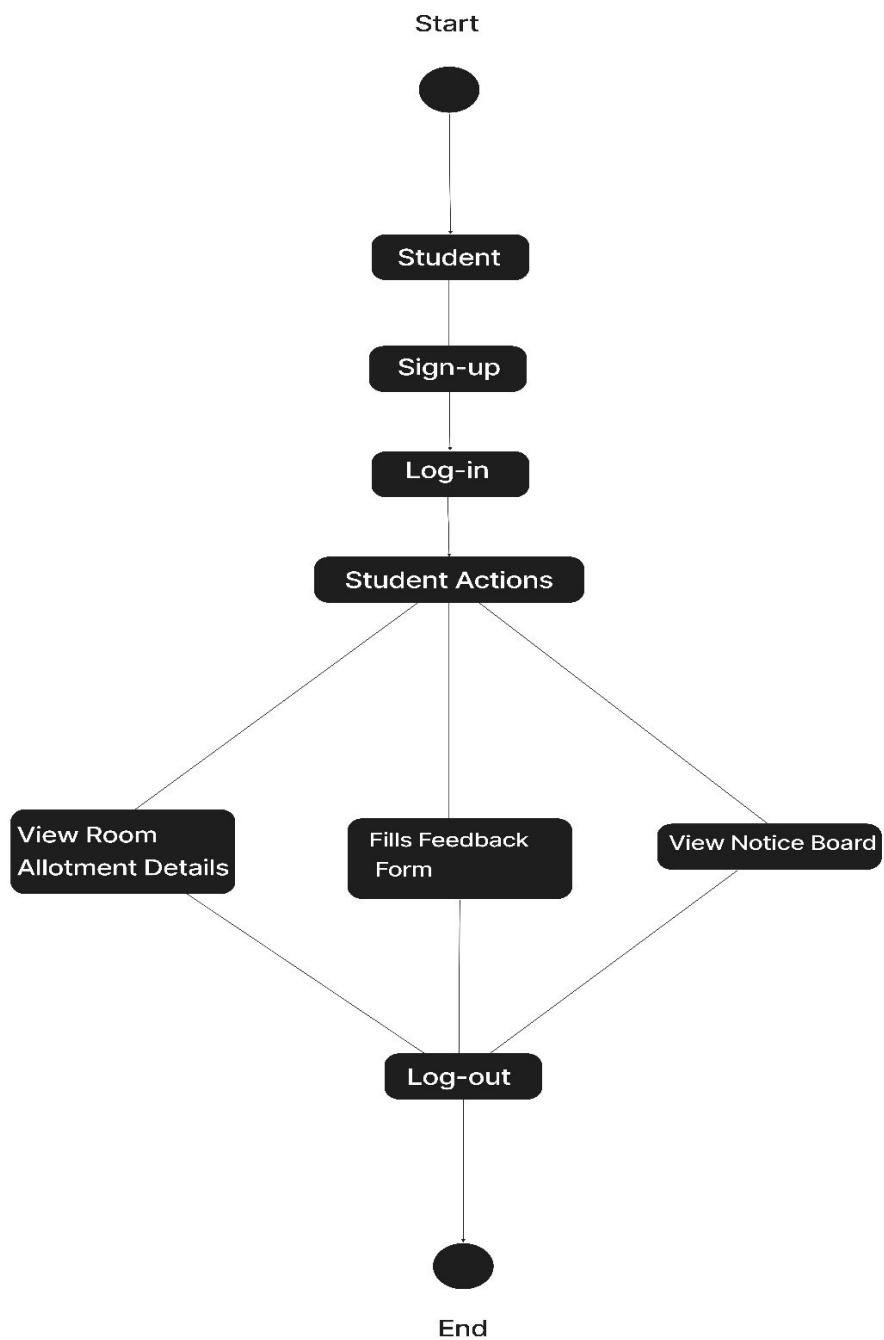
Attribute	Type	Constraints
notice_id	INT (PK)	P R I M A R Y K E Y , U N I Q U E , N O T N U L L , A U T O _ I N C R E M E N T
title	VARCHAR(255)	NOT NULL
notice	TEXT	NOT NULL

3.3.4 Feedback Table:

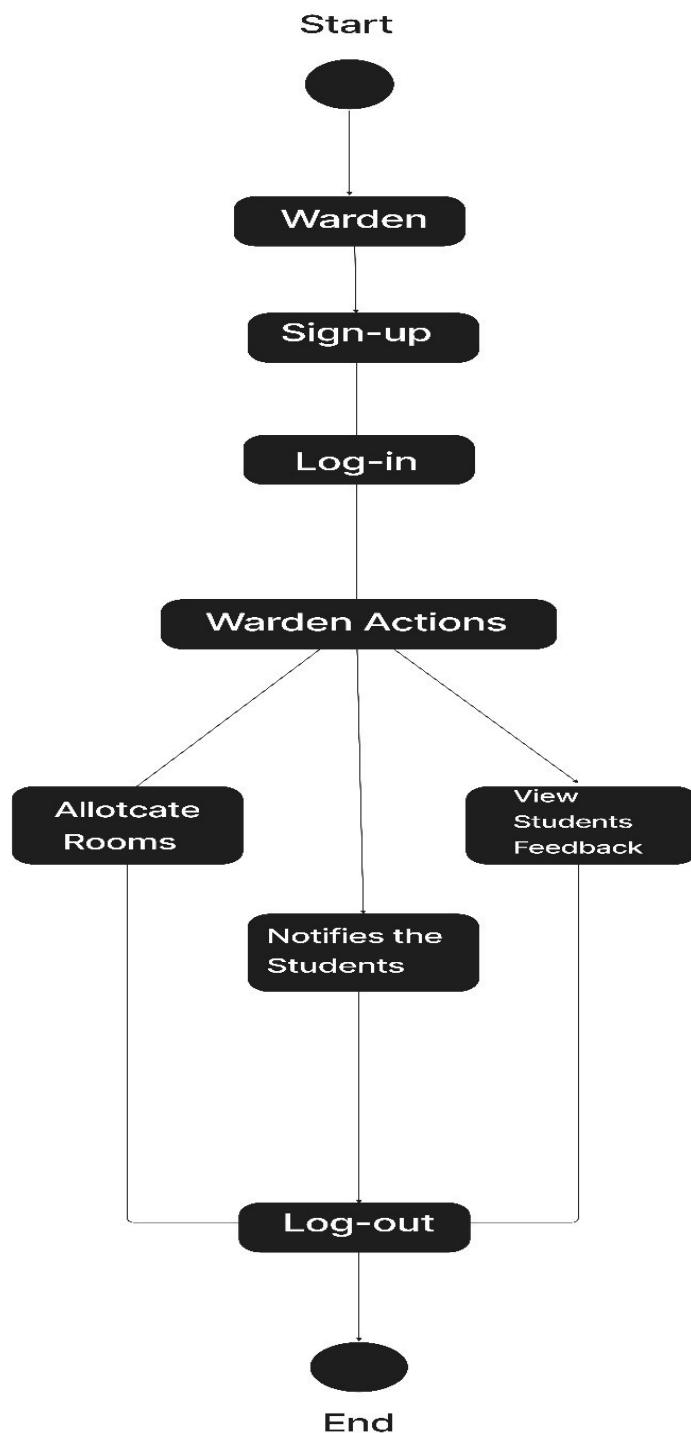
Attribute	Type	Constraints
feedback_id	INT	PRIMARY KEY, AUTO_INCREMENT
full_name	VARCHAR(100)	NOT NULL
email	VARCHAR(100)	NOT NULL
hostel_name	VARCHAR(100)	NOT NULL
cleanliness_rating	ENUM('Excellent', 'Very Good', 'Good', 'Average', 'Below Average')	NOT NULL
food_rating	ENUM('Excellent', 'Very Good', 'Good', 'Average', 'Below Average')	NOT NULL
facilities_rating	ENUM('Excellent', 'Very Good', 'Good', 'Average', 'Below Average')	NOT NULL
staff_rating	ENUM('Excellent', 'Very Good', 'Good', 'Average', 'Below Average')	NOT NULL
safety_rating	ENUM('Excellent', 'Very Good', 'Good', 'Average', 'Below Average')	NOT NULL

3.4 Activity Diagram

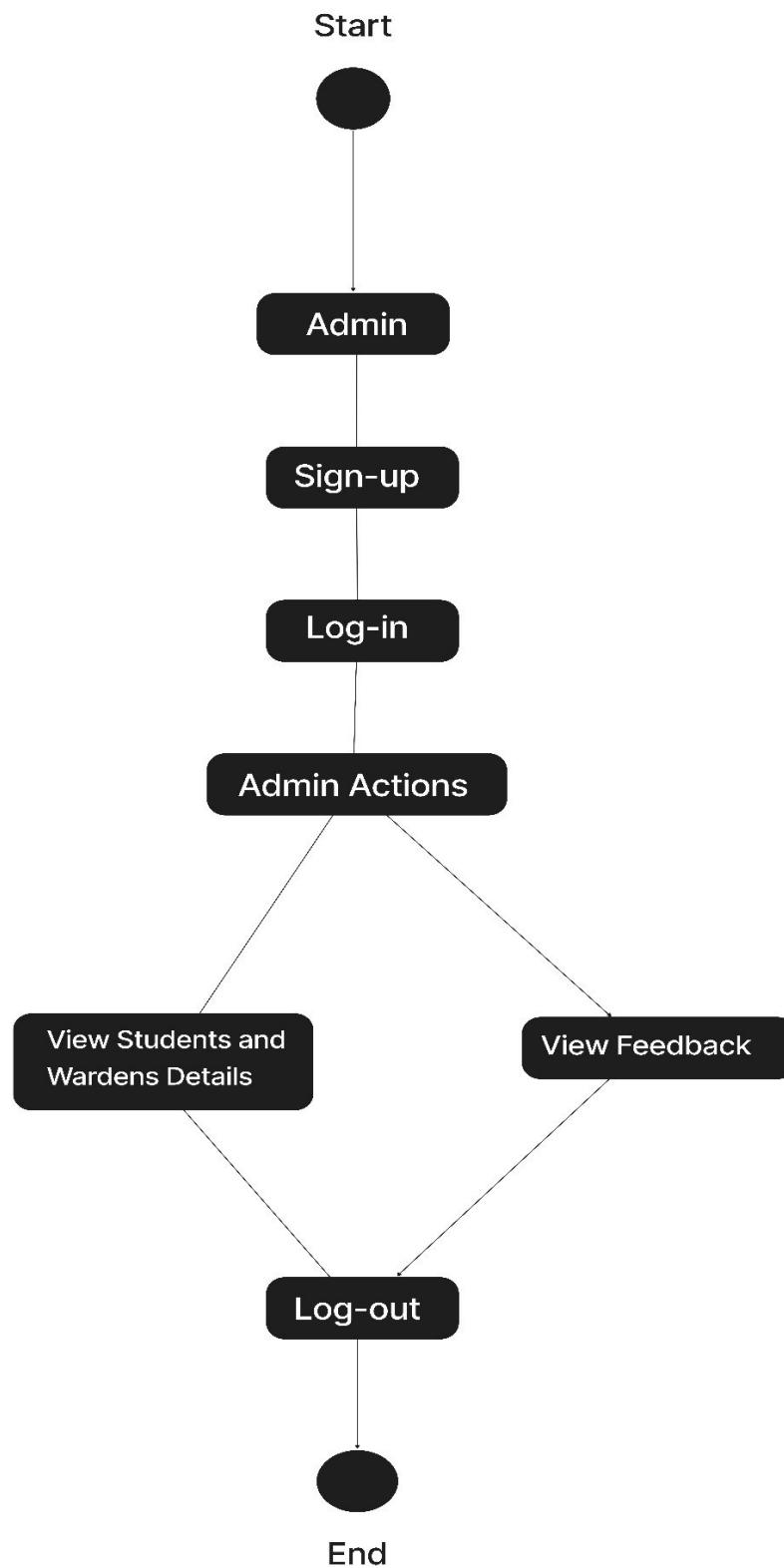
3.4.1 Activity Diagram for Student:



3.4.2 Activity Diagram for Warden:

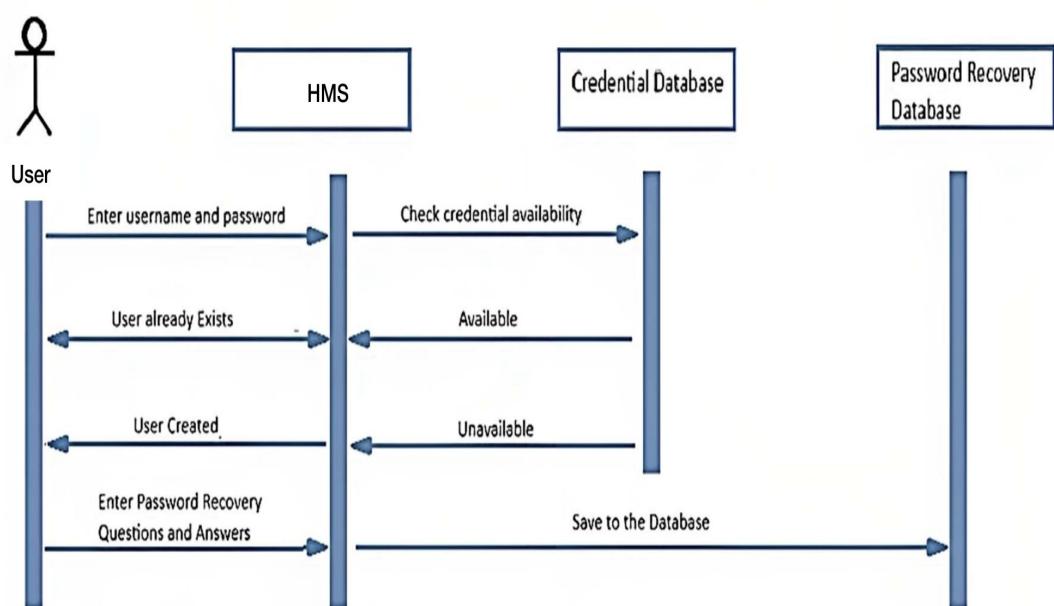


3.4.3 Activity Diagram for Admin:

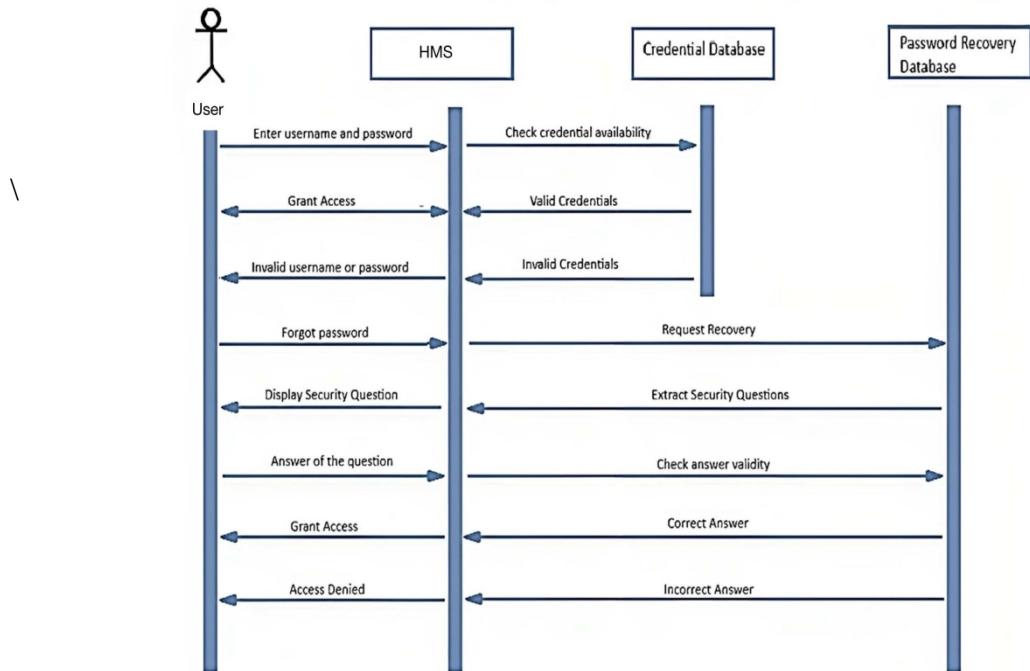


3.5 Sequence Diagram

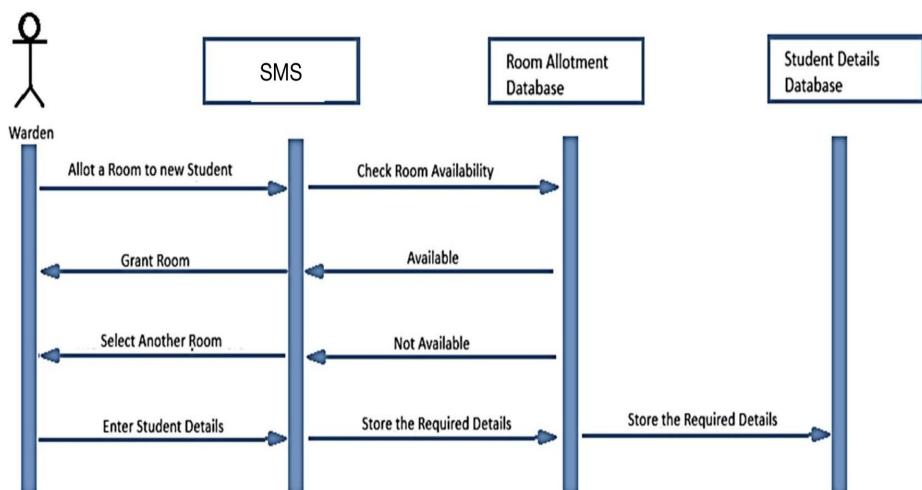
3.5.1 Sign up:



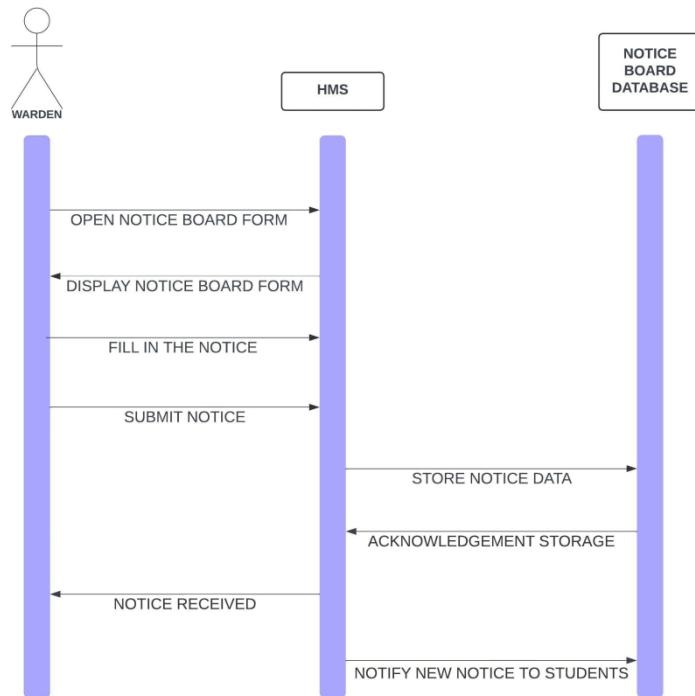
3.5.2 Log In & Password Recovery:



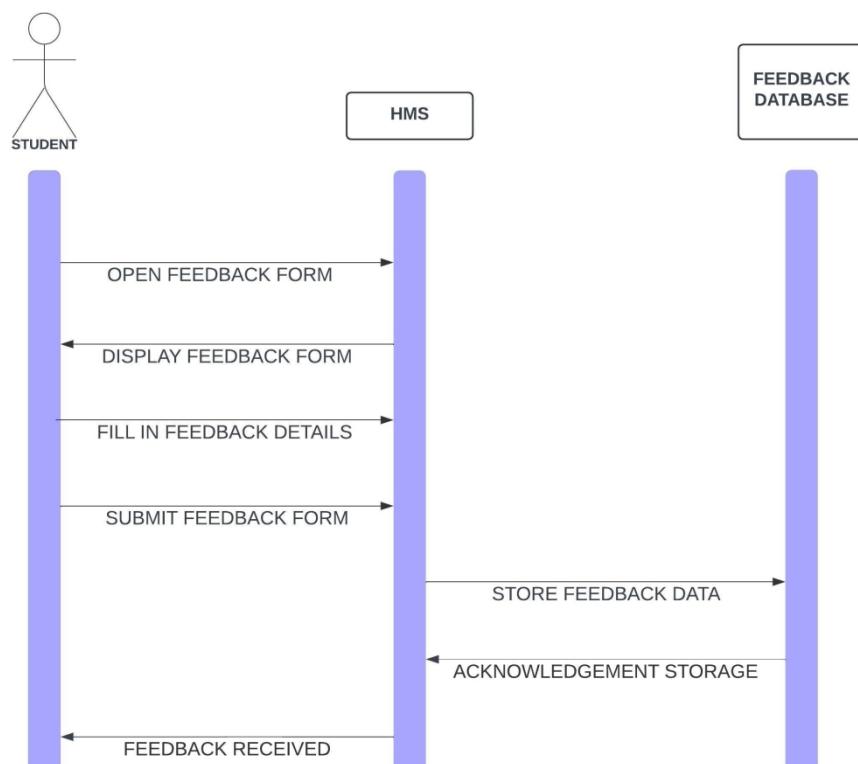
3.5.3 Room Allotment:



3.5.4 Notice Board:



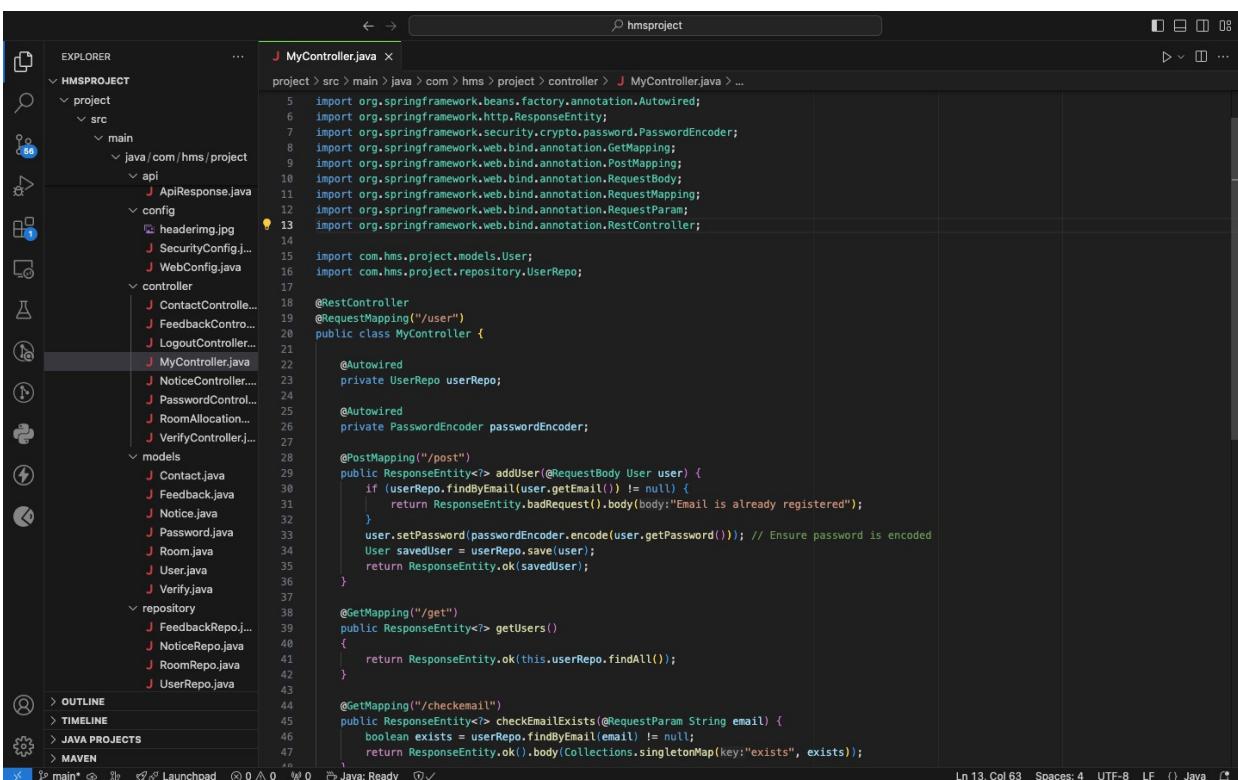
3.5.5 Feedback:



Coding

4.1 Backend

4.1.1 Controllers



The screenshot shows a Java IDE interface with the following details:

- Project Explorer:** Shows the project structure under "HMSPROJECT". The "controller" package contains several controller classes: ContactController, FeedbackController, LogoutController, MyController (selected), NoticeController, PasswordController, RoomAllocationController, and VerifyController. It also includes models like Contact, Feedback, Notice, Password, Room, User, and Verify, and repositories like FeedbackRepo, NoticeRepo, RoomRepo, and UserRepository.
- Code Editor:** The file "MyController.java" is open. The code implements a REST controller for user management. It uses Spring Framework annotations like @RestController, @RequestMapping, @PostMapping, and @GetMapping. It autowires a UserRepository and a PasswordEncoder. The code handles adding a user, getting all users, and checking if an email exists.
- Status Bar:** Shows "Java: Ready" and other status indicators like "Ln 13, Col 63" and "Spaces: 4".

```
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.password.PasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestBody;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestParam;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;

import com.hms.project.models.User;
import com.hms.project.repository.UserRepo;

@RestController
@RequestMapping("/user")
public class MyController {

    @Autowired
    private UserRepo userRepo;

    @Autowired
    private PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder;

    @PostMapping("/post")
    public ResponseEntity<User> addUser(@RequestBody User user) {
        if (userRepo.findByEmail(user.getEmail()) != null) {
            return ResponseEntity.badRequest().body("Email is already registered");
        }
        user.setPassword(passwordEncoder.encode(user.getPassword())); // Ensure password is encoded
        User savedUser = userRepo.save(user);
        return ResponseEntity.ok(savedUser);
    }

    @GetMapping("/get")
    public ResponseEntity<List<User>> getUsers() {
        return ResponseEntity.ok(this.userRepo.findAll());
    }

    @GetMapping("/checkemail")
    public ResponseEntity<Boolean> checkEmailExists(@RequestParam String email) {
        boolean exists = userRepo.findByEmail(email) != null;
        return ResponseEntity.ok(Collections.singletonMap("exists", exists));
    }
}
```

MyController.java

```

project > src > main > java > com > hms > project > controller > J PasswordController.java > PasswordController
1 package com.hms.project.controller;
2
3 import java.util.UUID;
4
5 import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
6 import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
7 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
8 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestBody;
9 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
10 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
11
12 import com.hms.project.api.ApiResponse;
13 import com.hms.project.models.Password;
14 import com.hms.project.models.User;
15 import com.hms.project.repository.UserRepo;
16 import com.hms.project.service.EmailService;
17
18 @RestController
19
20 @RequestMapping("/user")
21 public class PasswordController {
22
23     @Autowired
24     private EmailService emailService;
25
26     @Autowired
27     private UserRepo userRepo;
28
29     @PostMapping("/forgotpass")
30     public ResponseEntity<ApiResponse> forgotPassword(@RequestBody String email) {
31
32         User user = userRepo.findByEmail(email);
33
34         if (user == null) {
35             return ResponseEntity.status(HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND)
36                     .body(new ApiResponse(message:"User not found"));
37         }
38
39         String token = UUID.randomUUID().toString();
40         String resetLink = "http://localhost:3000/resetpass?token=" + token;
41
42         String subject = "Password Reset Request";
43         String body = "To reset your password, click the link below:\n" + resetLink;
44
45         emailService.sendEmail(email, subject, body);
46
47         return ResponseEntity.ok(new ApiResponse(message:"Reset link sent successfully!"));
48     }
49
50     @PostMapping("/resetpass")
51     public ResponseEntity<ApiResponse> resetPassword(@RequestBody Password request) {
52
53         User user = userRepo.findByEmail(request.getEmail());
54
55         if (user != null) {
56             user.setPassword(request.getNewPassword());
57             userRepo.save(user);
58
59             return ResponseEntity.ok(new ApiResponse(message:"Password has been reset successfully!"));
60         }
61
62         return ResponseEntity.status(HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND)
63                     .body(new ApiResponse(message:"User not found"));
64     }
65 }

```

Ln 22, Col 34 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF () Java

```

project > src > main > java > com > hms > project > controller > J PasswordController.java > PasswordController
22 public class PasswordController {
23
24     @Autowired
25     private EmailService emailService;
26
27     @Autowired
28     private UserRepo userRepo;
29
30     @PostMapping("/forgotpass")
31     public ResponseEntity<ApiResponse> forgotPassword(@RequestBody String email) {
32
33         User user = userRepo.findByEmail(email);
34
35         if (user == null) {
36             return ResponseEntity.status(HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND)
37                     .body(new ApiResponse(message:"User not found"));
38         }
39
40         String token = UUID.randomUUID().toString();
41         String resetLink = "http://localhost:3000/resetpass?token=" + token;
42
43         String subject = "Password Reset Request";
44         String body = "To reset your password, click the link below:\n" + resetLink;
45
46         emailService.sendEmail(email, subject, body);
47
48         return ResponseEntity.ok(new ApiResponse(message:"Reset link sent successfully!"));
49     }
50
51     @PostMapping("/resetpass")
52     public ResponseEntity<ApiResponse> resetPassword(@RequestBody Password request) {
53
54         User user = userRepo.findByEmail(request.getEmail());
55
56         if (user != null) {
57             user.setPassword(request.getNewPassword());
58             userRepo.save(user);
59
60             return ResponseEntity.ok(new ApiResponse(message:"Password has been reset successfully!"));
61         }
62
63         return ResponseEntity.status(HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND)
64                     .body(new ApiResponse(message:"User not found"));
65     }
66 }

```

Ln 22, Col 34 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF () Java

PasswordEncoder.java

```

1 package com.hms.project.controller;
2
3 import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
4 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.CorsOrigin;
5 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
6 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestBody;
7 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
8 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
9
10 import com.hms.project.models.Contact;
11 import com.hms.project.service.EmailService;
12
13 @RestController
14 @RequestMapping("/user")
15 @CrossOrigin(origins = "http://localhost:3000")
16 public class ContactController {
17
18     @Autowired
19     private EmailService emailService;
20
21     @PostMapping("/contact")
22     public String sendContactEmail(@RequestBody Contact contact) {
23         String subject = "Contact Us Form Submission from " + contact.getName();
24         String body = "Name: " + contact.getName() + "\n"
25             + "Email: " + contact.getEmail() + "\n"
26             + "Message: " + contact.getMessage();
27
28         emailService.sendEmail(to:"hmscadac@gmail.com", subject, body);
29         return "Email sent successfully!";
30     }
31 }

```

ContactController.java

```

1 package com.hms.project.controller;
2
3 import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
4 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.CorsOrigin;
5 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
6 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
7 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestParam;
8 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
9
10 import com.hms.project.service.VerifyService;
11
12 @RestController
13 @RequestMapping("/user")
14 @CrossOrigin(origins = "http://localhost:3000") // Adjust to match React's origin
15 public class VerifyController {
16     @Autowired
17     private VerifyService verifyService;
18
19     @PostMapping("/send")
20     public String sendCode(@RequestParam String email) {
21         return verifyService.sendVerificationCode(email);
22     }
23
24     @PostMapping("/check")
25     public boolean checkCode(@RequestParam String email, @RequestParam String code) {
26         System.out.println("Email Received: " + email);
27         System.out.println("Code Received: " + code);
28         return verifyService.verifyCode(email, code);
29     }
30 }

```

VerifyController.java

```

project > src > main > java > com > hms > project > controller > J RoomAllocationController.java > RoomAllocationController > getAllocations(String, String)
1 package com.hms.project.controller;
2
3 import java.util.List;
4
5 import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
6 import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
7 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.DeleteMapping;
8 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
9 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PathVariable;
10 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
11 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PutMapping;
12 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestBody;
13 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
14 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestParam;
15 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
16
17 import com.hms.project.models.Room;
18 import com.hms.project.service.RoomService;
19
20 @RestController
21 @RequestMapping("/user")
22 public class RoomAllocationController {
23
24     private final RoomService roomAllocationService;
25
26     public RoomAllocationController(RoomService roomAllocationService) {
27         this.roomAllocationService = roomAllocationService;
28     }
29
30     @GetMapping("/getallocations")
31     public ResponseEntity<List<Room>> getAllAllocations(@RequestParam(required = false) String course) {
32         List<Room> allocations;
33         if (course != null) {
34             allocations = roomAllocationService.findByCourse(course);
35         } else {
36             allocations = roomAllocationService.getAllAllocations();
37         }
38         return ResponseEntity.ok(allocations);
39     }
40
41     @PostMapping("/postallocations")
42     public Room createAllocation(@RequestBody Room allocation) {
43         return roomAllocationService.createAllocation(allocation);
44     }
}

```

Ln 83, Col 2 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF () Java

```

project > src > main > java > com > hms > project > controller > J RoomAllocationController.java > RoomAllocationController > updateRoomAllocation(String, Room)
22     public class RoomAllocationController {
23
24         ...
25
26         @PutMapping("/updateallocations/{id}")
27         public ResponseEntity<Room> updateRoomAllocation(@PathVariable String id, @RequestBody Room updatedRoom) {
28             Room room = roomAllocationService.updateAllocation(id, updatedRoom);
29             if (room != null) {
30                 return ResponseEntity.ok(room);
31             } else {
32                 return ResponseEntity.status(HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND).body(null);
33             }
34         }
35
36         @DeleteMapping("/dltallocations/{id}")
37         public ResponseEntity<String> deleteAllocation(@PathVariable String id) {
38             boolean deleted = roomAllocationService.deleteAllocation(id);
39             if (deleted) {
40                 return ResponseEntity.ok("Allocation deleted successfully");
41             } else {
42                 return ResponseEntity.status(HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND).body("Allocation not found");
43             }
44         }
45
46         @GetMapping("/studentId")
47         public ResponseEntity<Room> getAllocationByStudentId(@PathVariable String studentId) {
48             Room allocation = roomAllocationService.findbyStudentId(studentId);
49             if (allocation != null) {
50                 return ResponseEntity.ok(allocation);
51             } else {
52                 return ResponseEntity.status(HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND).body(null);
53             }
54         }
55
56         @GetMapping("/allocations")
57         public ResponseEntity<List<Room>> getAllocations(
58             @RequestParam(required = false) String hosteName,
59             @RequestParam(required = false) String studentName
60         ) {
61             List<Room> allocations = roomAllocationService.getAllocations(hosteName, studentName);
62             return ResponseEntity.ok(allocations);
63         }
64     }
}

```

Ln 53, Col 6 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF () Java

RoomController.java

The screenshot shows the IDE's Explorer view on the left, displaying the project structure for 'HMSPROJECT'. The 'src' folder contains packages for 'api', 'config', 'controller', 'models', 'repository', and 'util'. The 'controller' package is currently selected. The right-hand editor pane shows the code for 'NoticeController.java'.

```

package com.hms.project.controller;

import java.util.List;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.CrossOrigin;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.DeleteMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PathVariable;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestBody;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;

import com.hms.project.models.Notice;
import com.hms.project.service.NoticeService;

@RestController
@RequestMapping("/user")
@CrossOrigin(origins = "http://localhost:3000")
public class NoticeController {

    @Autowired
    private NoticeService noticeService;

    @GetMapping("/getnotice")
    public ResponseEntity<List<Notice>> getAllNotices() {
        List<Notice> notices = noticeService.getAllNotices();
        return new ResponseEntity<>(notices, HttpStatus.OK);
    }

    @PostMapping("/postnotice")
    public ResponseEntity<Notice> addNotice(@RequestBody Notice notice) {
        Notice savedNotice = noticeService.addNotice(notice);
        return new ResponseEntity<>(savedNotice, HttpStatus.CREATED);
    }

    @DeleteMapping("/dlnotice/{id}")
    public ResponseEntity<Void> deleteNotice(@PathVariable String id) {
        noticeService.deleteNotice(id);
        return new ResponseEntity<>(HttpStatus.NO_CONTENT);
    }
}

```

At the bottom of the editor, status bar details include: Ln 32, Col 6, Spaces: 4, UTF-8, CRLF, Java.

NoticeController.java

The screenshot shows the IDE's Explorer view on the left, displaying the project structure for 'HMSPROJECT'. The 'src' folder contains packages for 'api', 'config', 'controller', 'models', 'repository', and 'util'. The 'controller' package is currently selected. The right-hand editor pane shows the code for 'FeedbackController.java'.

```

package com.hms.project.controller;

import java.util.List;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.CrossOrigin;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.DeleteMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PathVariable;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PutMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestBody;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;

import com.hms.project.models.Feedback;
import com.hms.project.repository.FeedbackRepo;

@RestController
@RequestMapping("/user")
@CrossOrigin(origins = "http://localhost:3000")
public class FeedbackController {

    @Autowired
    private FeedbackRepo feedbackrepo;

    @PostMapping("/feedback")
    public Feedback submitFeedback(@RequestBody Feedback feedback) {
        return feedbackrepo.save(feedback);
    }

    @GetMapping("/viewfeed")
    public List<Feedback> getAllFeedbacks() {
        return feedbackrepo.findAll();
    }

    @PutMapping("/update/{id}")
    public ResponseEntity<Feedback> updateFeedback(@PathVariable String id, @RequestBody Feedback feedback) {
        Optional<Feedback> existingFeedbackOpt = feedbackrepo.findById(id);
        if (existingFeedbackOpt.isPresent()) {
            Feedback existingFeedback = existingFeedbackOpt.get();
            existingFeedback.setFeedbackContent(feedback.getFeedbackContent());
            Feedback updatedFeedback = feedbackrepo.save(existingFeedback);
            return new ResponseEntity<>(updatedFeedback, HttpStatus.OK);
        } else {
            return new ResponseEntity<>(HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND);
        }
    }
}

```

At the bottom of the editor, status bar details include: Ln 63, Col 5, Spaces: 4, UTF-8, LF, Java.

```

J FeedbackController.java
-----
25 public class FeedbackController {
26     ...
27     @GetMapping("/viewfeed")
28     public List<Feedback> getAllFeedbacks() {
29         return feedbackrepo.findAll();
30     }
31
32     @PutMapping("/update/{id}")
33     public ResponseEntity<> updateFeedback(@PathVariable String id, @RequestBody Feedback feedback) {
34         Optional<Feedback> existingFeedbackOpt = feedbackrepo.findById(id);
35
36         if (!existingFeedbackOpt.isPresent()) {
37             return ResponseEntity.status(HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND).body("Feedback not found");
38         }
39
40         Feedback existingFeedback = existingFeedbackOpt.get();
41
42         existingFeedback.setFullName(feedback.getFullName());
43         existingFeedback.setEmail(feedback.getEmail());
44         existingFeedback.setHostel(feedback.getHostel());
45         existingFeedback.setAdditionalFeedback(feedback.getAdditionalFeedback());
46
47         Feedback updatedFeedback = feedbackrepo.save(existingFeedback);
48
49         return ResponseEntity.ok(updatedFeedback);
50     }
51
52     @DeleteMapping("/dlt/{id}")
53     public ResponseEntity<> deleteFeedback(@PathVariable String id) {
54         Optional<Feedback> existingFeedbackOpt = feedbackrepo.findById(id);
55
56         if (!existingFeedbackOpt.isPresent()) {
57             return ResponseEntity.status(HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND).body("Feedback not found");
58         }
59
60         feedbackrepo.deleteById(id);
61
62         return ResponseEntity.ok().build();
63     }
64 }

```

Ln 38, Col 6 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java

FeedbackController.java

```

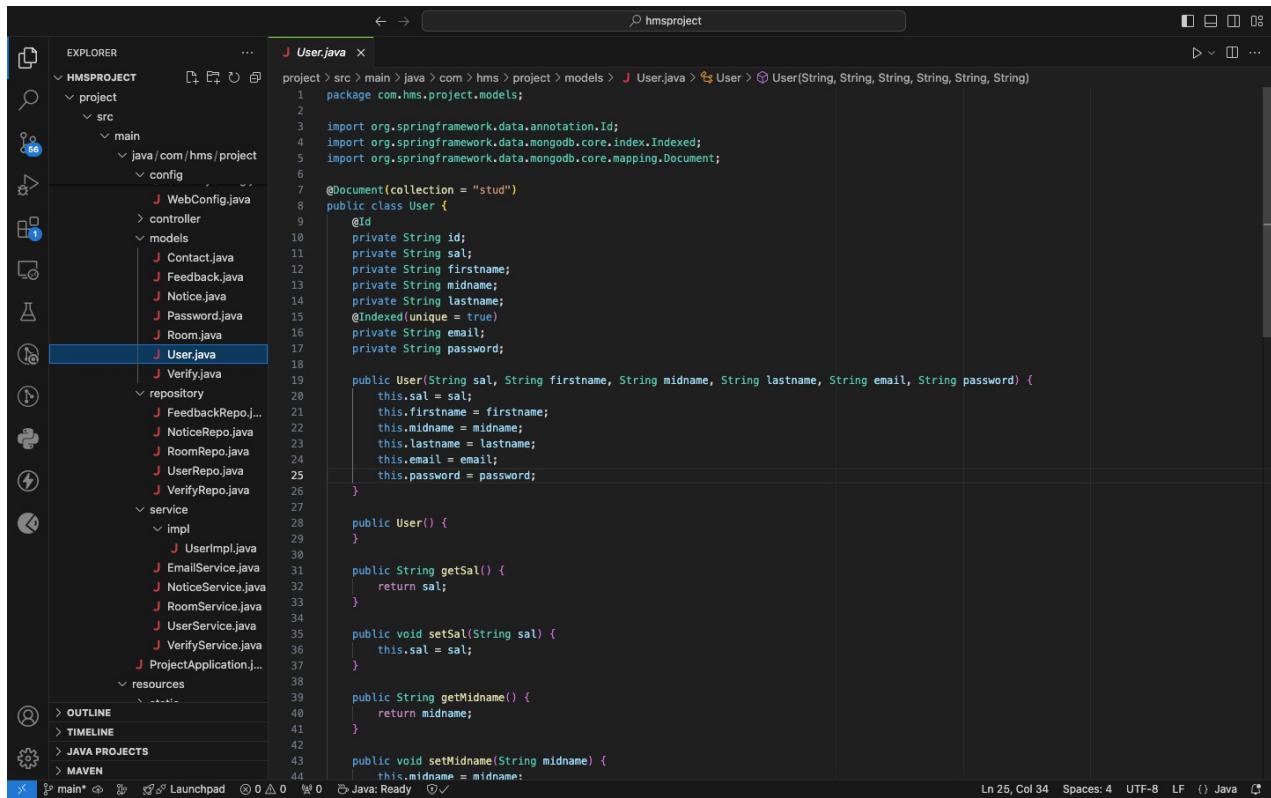
J LogoutController.java
-----
1 package com.hms.project.controller;
2
3 import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
4 import org.springframework.security.core.context.SecurityContextHolder;
5 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
6 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
7 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
8
9 @RestController
10 @RequestMapping("/user")
11 public class LogoutController {
12
13     @PostMapping("/logout")
14     public ResponseEntity<> logout() {
15         SecurityContextHolder.clearContext();
16         return ResponseEntity.ok().body("Logged out successfully");
17     }
18 }

```

Ln 18, Col 2 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java

LogoutController.java

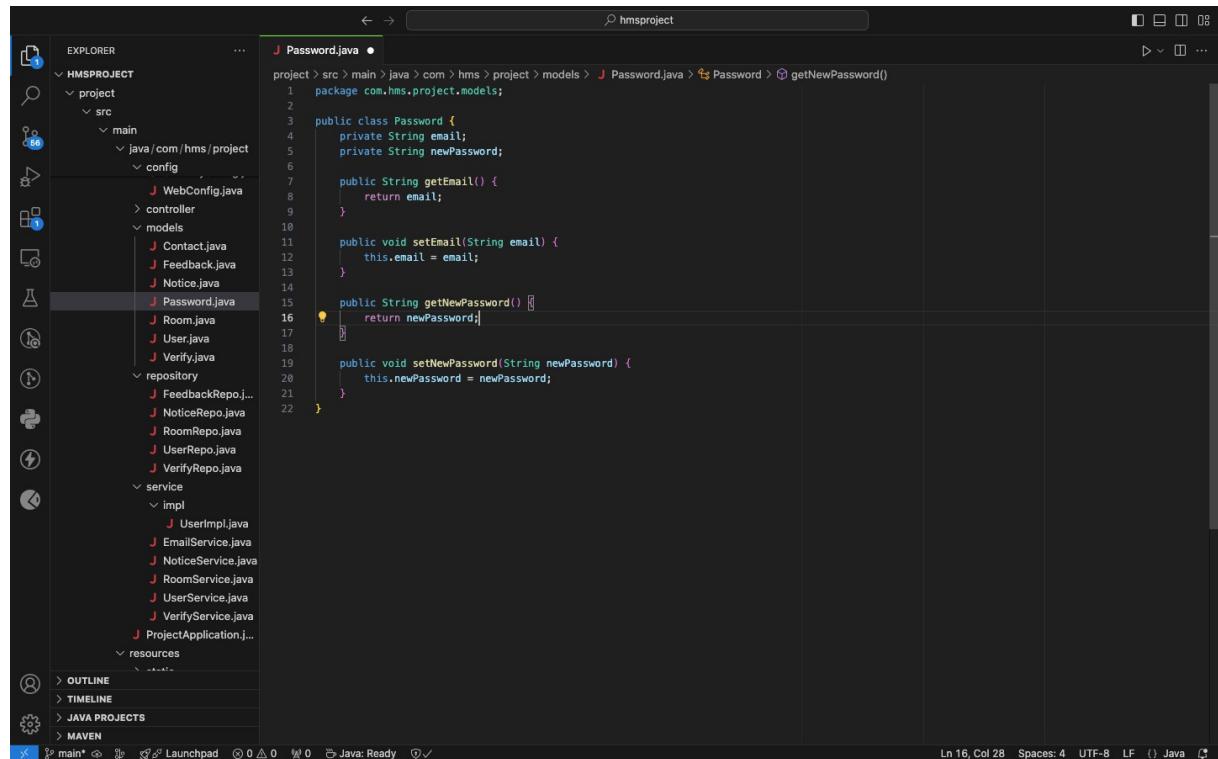
4.1.2 Models



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the User.java file open in the central editor window. The code defines a MongoDB document named User with fields for id, sal, firstname, midname, lastname, email, and password. It includes constructors, getters, and setters for these fields. The code is annotated with org.springframework.data.annotation.Id and org.springframework.data.mongodb.core.index.Indexed. The project structure on the left shows the User.java file under the com.hms.project.models package.

```
1 package com.hms.project.models;
2
3 import org.springframework.data.annotation.Id;
4 import org.springframework.data.mongodb.core.index.Indexed;
5 import org.springframework.data.mongodb.core.mapping.Document;
6
7 @Document(collection = "stud")
8 public class User {
9
10     @Id
11     private String id;
12     private String sal;
13     private String firstname;
14     private String midname;
15     private String lastname;
16     @Indexed(unique = true)
17     private String email;
18     private String password;
19
20     public User(String sal, String firstname, String midname, String lastname, String email, String password) {
21         this.sal = sal;
22         this.firstname = firstname;
23         this.midname = midname;
24         this.lastname = lastname;
25         this.email = email;
26         this.password = password;
27     }
28
29     public User() {
30     }
31
32     public String getSal() {
33         return sal;
34     }
35
36     public void setSal(String sal) {
37         this.sal = sal;
38     }
39
40     public String getMidname() {
41         return midname;
42     }
43
44     public void setMidname(String midname) {
45         this.midname = midname;
46     }
47 }
```

User.java



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the Password.java file open in the central editor window. The code defines a class Password with fields for email and newPassword. It includes getters and setters for these fields. The code is annotated with @getNewPassword(). The project structure on the left shows the Password.java file under the com.hms.project.models package.

```
1 package com.hms.project.models;
2
3 public class Password {
4     private String email;
5     private String newPassword;
6
7     public String getEmail() {
8         return email;
9     }
10
11     public void setEmail(String email) {
12         this.email = email;
13     }
14
15     public String getNewPassword() {
16         return newPassword;
17     }
18
19     public void setNewPassword(String newPassword) {
20         this.newPassword = newPassword;
21     }
22 }
```

Password.java

```

1 package com.hms.project.models;
2
3 public class Contact {
4     private String name;
5     private String email;
6     private String message;
7
8     public String getName() {
9         return name;
10    }
11
12    public void setName(String name) {
13        this.name = name;
14    }
15
16    public String getEmail() {
17        return email;
18    }
19
20    public void setEmail(String email) {
21        this.email = email;
22    }
23
24    public String getMessage() {
25        return message;
26    }
27
28    public void setMessage(String message) {
29        this.message = message;
30    }
31

```

Contact.java

```

3 import java.time.LocalDateTime;
4 import org.springframework.data.annotation.Id;
5 import org.springframework.data.mongodb.core.mapping.Document;
6
7 @Document(collection = "verifications")
8 public class Verify {
9
10     @Id
11     private String id;
12     private String email;
13     private String code;
14     private LocalDateTime expirationTime;
15
16     public String getId() {
17         return id;
18     }
19
20     public void setId(String id) {
21         this.id = id;
22     }
23
24     public String getEmail() {
25         return email;
26     }
27
28     public void setEmail(String email) {
29         this.email = email;
30     }
31
32     public String getCode() {
33         return code;
34     }
35
36     public void setCode(String code) {
37         this.code = code;
38     }
39
40     public LocalDateTime getExpirationTime() {
41         return expirationTime;
42     }
43
44     public void setExpirationTime(LocalDateTime expirationTime) {
45         this.expirationTime = expirationTime;
46     }
47

```

Verify.java

```

package com.hms.project.models;
import org.springframework.data.annotation.Id;
import org.springframework.data.mongodb.core.mapping.Document;
@Document(collection = "allocations")
public class Room {
    @Id
    private String id;
    private String studentName;
    private String studentId;
    private String roomNumber;
    private String hostelName;
    private String course;

    public Room(String id, String studentName, String studentId,
               String roomNumber, String hostelName, String course) {
        this.id = id;
        this.studentName = studentName;
        this.studentId = studentId;
        this.roomNumber = roomNumber;
        this.hostelName = hostelName;
        this.course = course;
    }

    public String getId() { return id; }
    public void setId(String id) { this.id = id; }

    public String getStudentName() { return studentName; }
    public void setStudentName(String studentName) { this.studentName = studentName; }

    public String getStudentId() { return studentId; }
    public void setStudentId(String studentId) { this.studentId = studentId; }

    public String getRoomNumber() { return roomNumber; }
    public void setRoomNumber(String roomNumber) { this.roomNumber = roomNumber; }

    public String getHostelName() { return hostelName; }
    public void setHostelName(String hostelName) { this.hostelName = hostelName; }

    public String getCourse() { return course; }
    public void setCourse(String course) { this.course = course; }
}

```

Room.java

```

package com.hms.project.models;
import org.springframework.data.annotation.Id;
import org.springframework.data.mongodb.core.mapping.Document;
@Document(collection = "notices")
public class Notice {
    @Id
    private String id;
    private String title;
    private String details;

    public Notice() {}

    public Notice(String title, String details) {
        this.title = title;
        this.details = details;
    }

    public String getId() {
        return id;
    }

    public void setId(String id) {
        this.id = id;
    }

    public String getTitle() {
        return title;
    }

    public void setTitle(String title) {
        this.title = title;
    }

    public String getDetails() {
        return details;
    }

    public void setDetails(String details) {
        this.details = details;
    }
}

```

Notice.java

```

package com.hms.project.models;

import org.springframework.data.annotation.Id;
import org.springframework.data.mongodb.core.mapping.Document;

@Document(collection = "feedback")
public class Feedback {

    @Id
    private String id;
    private String fullName;
    private String email;
    private String hostel;
    private String cleanliness;
    private String food;
    private String facilities;
    private String staff;
    private String safety;
    private String additionalFeedback;

    public String getId() {
        return id;
    }

    public void setId(String id) {
        this.id = id;
    }

    public String getFullName() {
        return fullName;
    }

    public void setFullName(String fullName) {
        this.fullName = fullName;
    }

    public String getEmail() {
        return email;
    }

    public void setEmail(String email) {
        this.email = email;
    }
}

```

Feedback.java

4.1.3 Repository

```

package com.hms.project.repository;

import org.springframework.data.mongodb.repository.MongoRepository;
import com.hms.project.models.User;

public interface UserRepo extends MongoRepository<User, Integer> {
    User findByEmail(String email);
}

```

UserRepo.java

The screenshot shows a Java project structure in the Explorer view. The current file is `VerifyRepo.java`. The code implements a repository interface for MongoDB. The interface includes a method `Optional<Verify> findByEmail(String email)`.

```
project > src > main > java > com > hms > project > repository > J VerifyRepo.java > +o VerifyRepo
1 package com.hms.project.repository;
2
3 import java.util.Optional;
4
5 import org.springframework.data.mongodb.repository.MongoRepository;
6
7 import com.hms.project.models.Verify;
8
9 public interface VerifyRepo extends MongoRepository<Verify, String> {
10     Optional<Verify> findByEmail(String email);
11 }
```

VerifyRepo.java

The screenshot shows a Java project structure in the Explorer view. The current file is `RoomRepo.java`. The code implements a repository interface for MongoDB. It includes methods for finding rooms by student ID, hostel name, student name, and course.

```
project > src > main > java > com > hms > project > repository > J RoomRepo.java > +o RoomRepo
1 package com.hms.project.repository;
2
3 import java.util.List;
4
5 import org.springframework.data.mongodb.repository.MongoRepository;
6 import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;
7
8 import com.hms.project.models.Room;
9
10 @Repository
11 public interface RoomRepo extends MongoRepository<Room, String> {
12     Room findByStudentId(String studentId);
13     List<Room> findByHostelName(String hostelName);
14     List<Room> findByStudentName(String studentName);
15     List<Room> findByHostelNameAndStudentName(String hostelName, String studentName);
16     List<Room> findByCourse(String course);
17 }
```

RoomRepo.java

The screenshot shows a Java project structure in the Explorer view. The `src/main/java/com/hms/project/repository` package contains several repository files: `RoomRepo.java`, `NoticeRepo.java`, `FeedbackRepo.java`, `VerifyRepo.java`, and `UserRepo.java`. The `NoticeRepo.java` file is open in the editor, displaying the following code:

```
1 package com.hms.project.repository;
2
3 import org.springframework.data.mongodb.repository.MongoRepository;
4 import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;
5
6 import com.hms.project.models.Notice;
7
8 @Repository
9 public interface NoticeRepo extends MongoRepository<Notice, String> {
10 }
11
```

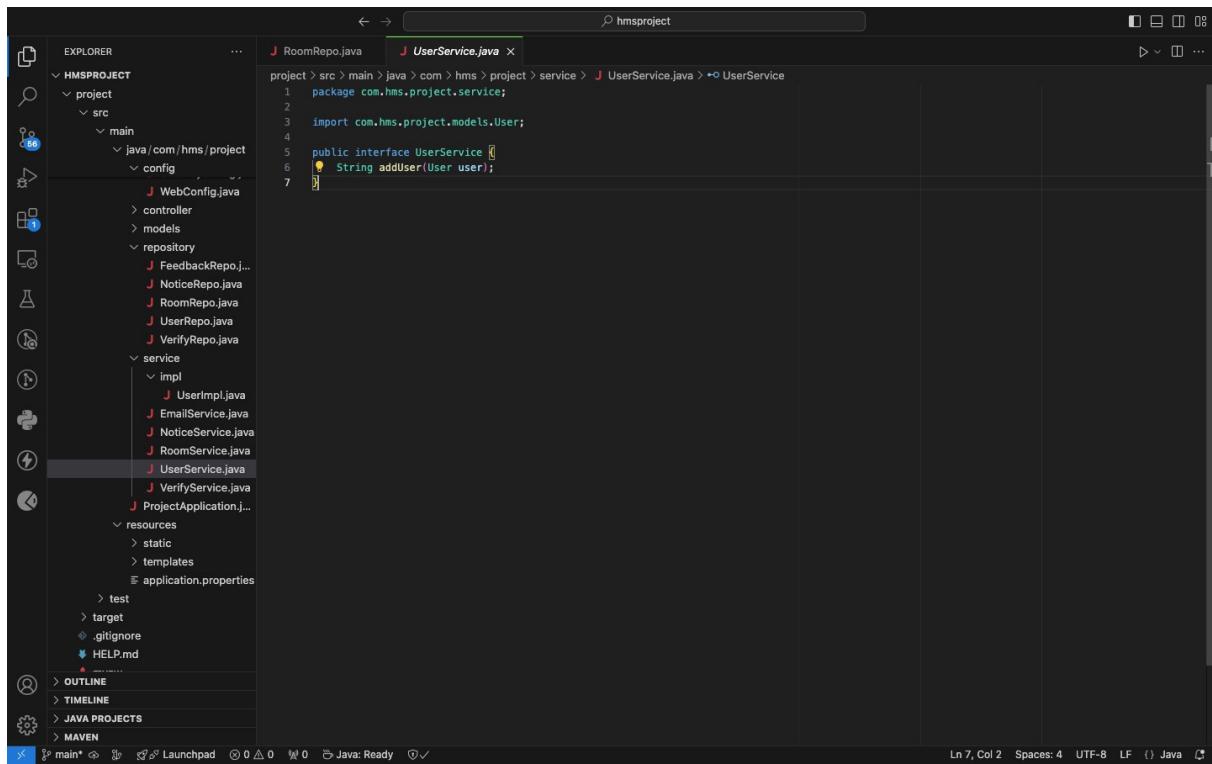
NoticeRepo.java

The screenshot shows the same Java project structure as the previous one. The `src/main/java/com/hms/project/repository` package now contains the `FeedbackRepo.java` file, which is open in the editor. The code is identical to the `NoticeRepo.java` code shown above.

```
1 package com.hms.project.repository;
2
3 import org.springframework.data.mongodb.repository.MongoRepository;
4 import org.springframework.stereotype.Repository;
5
6 import com.hms.project.models.Feedback;
7
8 @Repository
9 public interface FeedbackRepo extends MongoRepository<Feedback, String> {
10 }
11
```

FeedbackRepo.java

4.1.4 Service

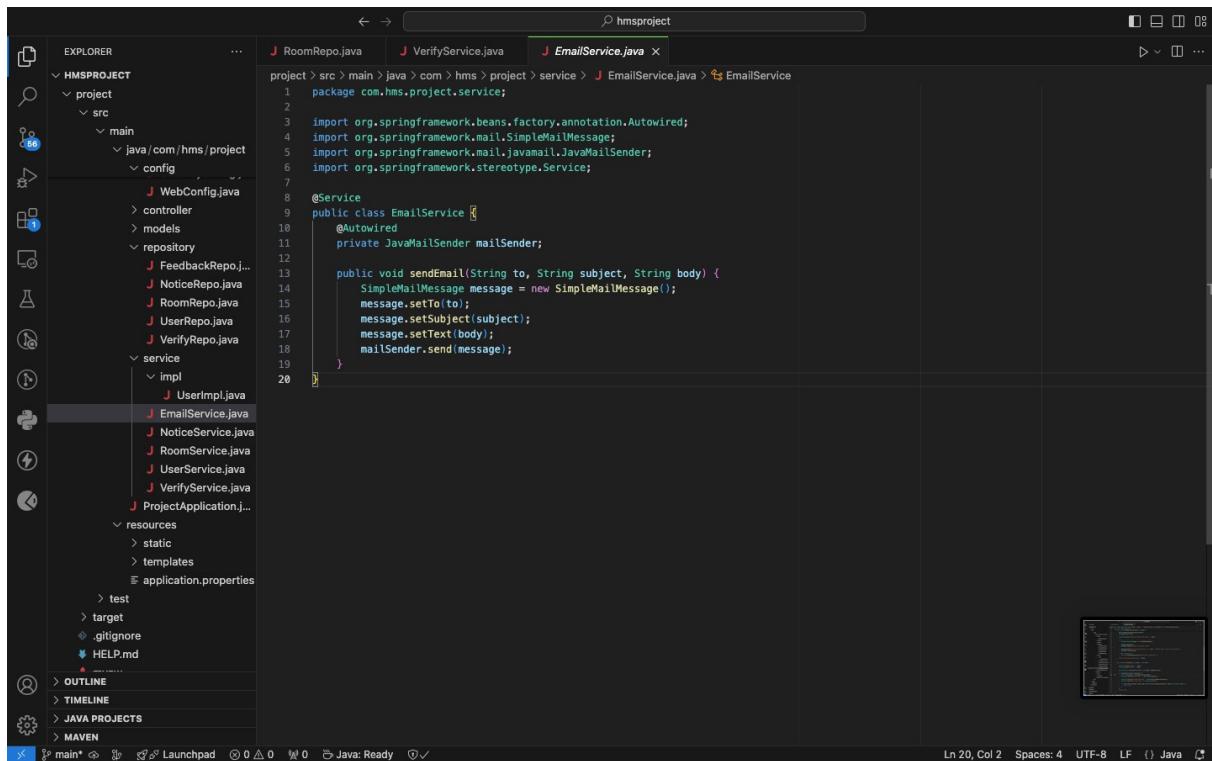


The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the project 'HMSPROJECT' open. The 'UserService.java' file is selected in the 'EXPLORER' view. The code for UserService.java is displayed in the central editor:

```
project > src > main > java > com > hms > project > service > J UserService.java > +UserService
1 package com.hms.project.service;
2
3 import com.hms.project.models.User;
4
5 public interface UserService {
6     String addUser(User user);
7 }
```

The 'Outline' view on the left shows the class structure with 'UserService' highlighted. The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Java: Ready'.

UserService.java



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the 'EmailService.java' code selected in the 'EXPLORER' view. The code for EmailService.java is displayed in the central editor:

```
project > src > main > java > com > hms > project > service > J EmailService.java > +EmailService
1 package com.hms.project.service;
2
3 import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
4 import org.springframework.mail.SimpleMailMessage;
5 import org.springframework.mail.javamail.JavaMailSender;
6 import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
7
8 @Service
9 public class EmailService {
10     @Autowired
11     private JavaMailSender mailSender;
12
13     public void sendEmail(String to, String subject, String body) {
14         SimpleMailMessage message = new SimpleMailMessage();
15         message.setTo(to);
16         message.setSubject(subject);
17         message.setText(body);
18         mailSender.send(message);
19     }
20 }
```

The 'Outline' view on the left shows the class structure with 'EmailService' highlighted. A small preview window in the bottom right corner shows the code for 'VerifyService.java'. The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Java: Ready'.

EmailService.java

```

package com.hms.project.service;

import java.util.List;
import java.util.Optional;

import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;

import com.hms.project.models.Room;
import com.hms.project.repository.RoomRepo;

@Service
public class RoomService {

    private final RoomRepo roomRepo;

    public RoomService(RoomRepo roomAllocationRepository) {
        this.roomRepo = roomAllocationRepository;
    }

    public List<Room> getAllAllocations() {
        return roomRepo.findAll();
    }

    public Room createAllocation(Room allocation) {
        return roomRepo.save(allocation);
    }

    public Room updateAllocation(String id, Room updatedAllocation) {
        Optional<Room> optionalAllocation = roomRepo.findById(id);

        if (optionalAllocation.isPresent()) {
            Room existingAllocation = optionalAllocation.get();

            existingAllocation.setStudentName(updatedAllocation.getStudentName());
            existingAllocation.setRoomNumber(updatedAllocation.getRoomNumber());
            existingAllocation.setHostName(updatedAllocation.getHostName());
            existingAllocation.setCourse(updatedAllocation.getCourse());

            return roomRepo.save(existingAllocation);
        }
        return null;
    }

    public boolean deleteAllocation(String id) {
        if (roomRepo.existsById(id)) {
            roomRepo.deleteById(id);

            return true;
        }
        return false;
    }

    public Room findByStudentId(String studentId) {
        return roomRepo.findByStudentId(studentId);
    }

    public List<Room> getAllocations(String hostName, String studentName) {
        if (hostName != null && studentName != null) {
            return roomRepo.findByHostNameAndStudentName(hostName, studentName);
        } else if (hostName != null) {
            return roomRepo.findByHostName(hostName);
        } else if (studentName != null) {
            return roomRepo.findByStudentName(studentName);
        }
        return roomRepo.findAll();
    }

    public List<Room> findByCourse(String course) {
        return roomRepo.findByCourse(course);
    }
}

```

Ln 66, Col 13 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF () Java

```

public class RoomService {
    public Room updateAllocation(String id, Room updatedAllocation) {
        Optional<Room> optionalAllocation = roomRepo.findById(id);

        if (optionalAllocation.isPresent()) {
            Room existingAllocation = optionalAllocation.get();

            existingAllocation.setStudentName(updatedAllocation.getStudentName());
            existingAllocation.setRoomNumber(updatedAllocation.getRoomNumber());
            existingAllocation.setHostName(updatedAllocation.getHostName());
            existingAllocation.setCourse(updatedAllocation.getCourse());

            return roomRepo.save(existingAllocation);
        }
        return null;
    }

    public boolean deleteAllocation(String id) {
        if (roomRepo.existsById(id)) {
            roomRepo.deleteById(id);

            return true;
        }
        return false;
    }

    public Room findByStudentId(String studentId) {
        return roomRepo.findByStudentId(studentId);
    }

    public List<Room> getAllocations(String hostName, String studentName) {
        if (hostName != null && studentName != null) {
            return roomRepo.findByHostNameAndStudentName(hostName, studentName);
        } else if (hostName != null) {
            return roomRepo.findByHostName(hostName);
        } else if (studentName != null) {
            return roomRepo.findByStudentName(studentName);
        }
        return roomRepo.findAll();
    }

    public List<Room> findByCourse(String course) {
        return roomRepo.findByCourse(course);
    }
}

```

Ln 66, Col 13 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF () Java

RoomService.java

The screenshot shows the IDE's Explorer view on the left, displaying the project structure for 'HMSPROJECT'. The 'src' folder contains 'main' and 'config' packages. 'main' contains 'java/com/hms/project' and 'service' packages. 'service' contains 'impl' and several service classes: UserImpl.java, EmailService.java, NoticeService.java, RoomService.java, UserRepository.java, and VerifyRepo.java. 'config' contains WebConfig.java. Other files include FeedbackRepo.java, NoticeRepo.java, RoomRepo.java, UserRepository.java, VerifyRepo.java, ProjectApplication.java, application.properties, and a .gitignore file. The 'NOTES' section at the bottom right of the IDE interface is visible.

```
1 package com.hms.project.service;
2
3 import java.util.List;
4
5 import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
6 import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
7
8 import com.hms.project.models.Notice;
9 import com.hms.project.repository.NoticeRepo;
10
11 @Service
12 public class NoticeService {
13
14     @Autowired
15     private NoticeRepo noticeRepository;
16
17     public List<Notice> getAllNotices() {
18         return noticeRepository.findAll();
19     }
20
21     public Notice addNotice(Notice notice) {
22         return noticeRepository.save(notice);
23     }
24
25     public void deleteNotice(String id) {
26         noticeRepository.deleteById(id);
27     }
28 }
```

NoticeService.java

4.1.5 ProjectApplication.java

The screenshot shows the IDE's Explorer view on the left, displaying the project structure for 'HMSPROJECT'. The 'src' folder contains 'main' and 'config' packages. 'main' contains 'java/com/hms/project' and 'service' packages. 'service' contains 'impl' and several service classes: UserImpl.java, EmailService.java, NoticeService.java, RoomService.java, UserRepository.java, and VerifyRepo.java. 'config' contains WebConfig.java. Other files include FeedbackRepo.java, NoticeRepo.java, RoomRepo.java, UserRepository.java, VerifyRepo.java, ProjectApplication.java, application.properties, and a .gitignore file. The 'NOTES' section at the bottom right of the IDE interface is visible.

```
1 package com.hms.project;
2
3 import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
4 import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;
5
6 @SpringBootApplication
7 public class ProjectApplication {
8
9     public static void main(String[] args) {
10         SpringApplication.run(primarySource:ProjectApplication.class, args);
11     }
12 }
```

4.2 Frontend

4.2.1 App.js

The screenshot shows the VS Code interface with the file `App.js` open in the editor. The code defines a `function App()` which returns a `<Router>` component. This `<Router>` component contains multiple `<Route>` components, each mapping a URL path to a specific component. The components imported include `Home`, `Signup`, `Login`, `Logout`, `Resetpass`, `Warden`, `VerifyAdmin`, `VerifyStud`, `VerifyWar`, `RoomForm`, `RoomList`, `Warfeed`, `WaNotice`, and `Warden`. The code is annotated with comments explaining the purpose of each import and route.

```
You, 2 weeks ago | 2 authors (You and one other)
1 import React from 'react';
2 import { Route, BrowserRouter as Router, Routes } from 'react-router-dom';
3 import './App.css';
4 import About from './components/About';
5 import Admin from './components/Admin';
6 import Feed from './components/admin/Feed';
7 import Notice from './components/admin/Notice';
8 import Room from './components/admin/Room';
9 import Contact from './components/Contact';
10 import Forgetpass from './components/Forgotpass';
11 import Home from './components/Home';
12 import Login from './components/Login';
13 import Logout from './components/Logout';
14 import Resetpass from './components/Resetpass';
15 import Signup from './components/Signup';
16 import Studfeed from './components/stud/Studfeed';
17 import Studnotice from './components/stud/Studnotice';
18 import Studroom from './components/stud/StudRoom';
19 import Student from './components/Student';
20 import Usertype from './components/Usertype';
21 import VerifyAdmin from './components/VerifyAdmin';
22 import VerifyStud from './components/VerifyStud';
23 import VerifyWar from './components/VerifyWar';
24 import RoomForm from './components/war/RoomForm';
25 import RoomList from './components/war/RoomList';
26 import Warfeed from './components/war/Warfeed';
27 import WaNotice from './components/war/WaNotice';
28 import Warden from './components/Warden';
29
30 function App() {
31   return (
32     <Router>
33       <Routes>
34         <Route path="/" element={<Home />} />
35         <Route path="/signup" element={<Signup />} />
36         <Route path="/login" element={<Login />} />
37         <Route path="/usertype" element={<Usertype />} />
38         <Route path="/forgotpass" element={<Forgetpass />} />
39         <Route path="/resetpass" element={<Resetpass />} />
40         <Route path="/warden" element={<Warden />} />
41         <Route path="/student" element={<Student />} />
42         <Route path="/admin" element={<Admin />} />
43         <Route path="/stud/feed" element={<Studfeed />} />
44
45       </Routes>
46     </Router>
47   );
48 }
49
50 export default App;
```

This screenshot shows the same VS Code interface as the previous one, but the code in `App.js` has been scrolled down to show the entire file. The code remains the same, defining the `App` component with its routes and imports.

```
You, 2 weeks ago | 2 authors (You and one other)
1 import React from 'react';
2 import { Route, BrowserRouter as Router, Routes } from 'react-router-dom';
3 import './App.css';
4 import About from './components/About';
5 import Admin from './components/Admin';
6 import Feed from './components/admin/Feed';
7 import Notice from './components/admin/Notice';
8 import Room from './components/admin/Room';
9 import Contact from './components/Contact';
10 import Forgetpass from './components/Forgotpass';
11 import Home from './components/Home';
12 import Login from './components/Login';
13 import Logout from './components/Logout';
14 import Resetpass from './components/Resetpass';
15 import Signup from './components/Signup';
16 import Studfeed from './components/stud/Studfeed';
17 import Studnotice from './components/stud/Studnotice';
18 import Studroom from './components/stud/StudRoom';
19 import Student from './components/Student';
20 import Usertype from './components/Usertype';
21 import VerifyAdmin from './components/VerifyAdmin';
22 import VerifyStud from './components/VerifyStud';
23 import VerifyWar from './components/VerifyWar';
24 import RoomForm from './components/war/RoomForm';
25 import RoomList from './components/war/RoomList';
26 import Warfeed from './components/war/Warfeed';
27 import WaNotice from './components/war/WaNotice';
28 import Warden from './components/Warden';
29
30 function App() {
31   return (
32     <Router>
33       <Routes>
34         <Route path="/" element={<Home />} />
35         <Route path="/signup" element={<Signup />} />
36         <Route path="/login" element={<Login />} />
37         <Route path="/usertype" element={<Usertype />} />
38         <Route path="/forgotpass" element={<Forgetpass />} />
39         <Route path="/resetpass" element={<Resetpass />} />
40         <Route path="/warden" element={<Warden />} />
41         <Route path="/student" element={<Student />} />
42         <Route path="/admin" element={<Admin />} />
43         <Route path="/stud/feed" element={<Studfeed />} />
44         <Route path="/war/feed" element={<Warfeed />} />
45         <Route path="/admin/feed" element={<Feed />} />
46         <Route path="/about" element={<About />} />
47         <Route path="/contact" element={<Contact />} />
48         <Route path="/war/notice" element={<WaNotice />} />
49         <Route path="/stud/notice" element={<Studnotice />} />
50         <Route path="/admin/notice" element={<Notice />} />
51         <Route path="/war/room" element={<RoomForm />} />
52         <Route path="/war/list" element={<RoomList />} />
53         <Route path="/admin/room" element={<Room />} />
54         <Route path="/stud/room" element={<StudRoom />} />
55         <Route path="/verifyw" element={<VerifyWar />} />
56         <Route path="/verifya" element={<VerifyAdmin />} />
57         <Route path="/verifys" element={<VerifyStud />} />
58         <Route path="/logout" element={<Logout />} />
59
60       </Routes>
61     </Router>
62   );
63 }
64
65 export default App;
```

4.2.2 Home.js

The screenshot shows a Java IDE interface with the following details:

- Toolbar:** Includes icons for file operations (New, Open, Save, etc.), search, and navigation.
- Sidebar (EXPLORER):** Shows the project structure under "HMSPROJECT". The "src" folder contains "components" which includes "About.js", "Admin.js", "# CommonHome.css", "# Contact.css", "Contact.js", "Forgotpass.js", "# Home.css", and "Home.js". Other files like "Login.js", "Logout.css", "Logout.js", "Resetpass.js", "Signup.js", "SignUpLogin.css", "Student.js", "Usertype.css", "Usertype.js", "Verify.css", "VerifyAdmin.js", "VerifyStuds.js", "VerifyWar.js", and "Warden.js" are also listed.
- Code Editor (JS Home.js):** Displays the content of the "Home.js" file. The code uses React components like `useState` and `useEffect` to manage state and slide transitions. It includes imports for React, useState, useEffect, Link, and various CSS files. The component structure involves a header image, a navigation bar with links for Home, Sign Up, Login, About Us, and Contact Us, and a slide show area.
- Bottom Status Bar:** Shows "Java: Ready", "Ln 84, Col 21", "Spaces: 2", "UTF-8", "LF", and "JavaScript".

4.2.3 Signup.js

The screenshot shows a Java IDE interface with the following details:

- Left Sidebar (EXPLORER):** Shows the project structure under "HMSPROJECT". The "src" folder contains "components" which includes "admin", "images", "stud", "war", "#About.css", "About.js", "Admin.js", "#CommonHome.css", "#Contact.css", "Contact.js", "ForgotPass.js", "#Home.css", "Home.js", "Login.js", "#Logout.css", "Logout.js", "Resetpass.js", "Signup.js", "#SignUpUpLogin.css", "Student.js", "#UserType.css", "UserType.js", "#Verify.css", "VerifyAdmin.js", "VerifyStudent.js".
- Top Bar:** Contains icons for file operations (New, Open, Save, Find, etc.), a search bar with the text "hmsproject", and window control buttons.
- Code Editor:** The main area displays the content of "Signup.js". The code uses React and axios to handle user sign-up logic, including validation for required fields and email format.
- Bottom Status Bar:** Shows "Java: Ready" and other status indicators like "Ln 64, Col 24", "Spaces: 2", "UTF-8", "LF", and "Java Script".

```

cdac > src > components > JS Signup.js > [e] Signup > [e] handleSubmit
7  const Signup = () => {
26  const validate = () => {
47    if (!user.email) {
48      newErrors.email = 'This field is required';
49    } else if (!emailRegex.test(user.email)) {
50      newErrors.email = 'Invalid email format';
51    }
52
53    if (!user.password) {
54      newErrors.password = 'This field is required';
55    } else if (user.password.length < 8 || user.password.length > 16) {
56      newErrors.password = 'Must be between 8 and 16 characters';
57    }
58
59    setErrors(newErrors);
60    return Object.keys(newErrors).length === 0;
61  };
62
63  const handleSubmit = async (e) => {
64    e.preventDefault();
65    if (validate()) {
66      try {
67        const emailCheckResponse = await axios.get(`http://localhost:8080/user/checkemail?email=${user.email}`);
68        if (!emailCheckResponse.data.exists) {
69          setErrors({ ...prevErrors,
70            ...{ [user.email]: 'Email is already exists' },
71          });
72        }
73      }
74      catch (error) {
75        alert('Error creating user');
76      }
77    }
78  }
79
80  await axios.post('http://localhost:8080/user/post', user);
81  alert('User created successfully');
82  setUser({
83    sal: '',
84    firstname: '',
85    middname: '',
86    lastname: '',
87    email: '',
88    password: ''
89  });
89  setErrors({});
90  } catch (error) {
91    alert('Error creating user');
92  }
93}

```

Ln 87, Col 1 Spaces: 2 UTF-8 LF {} JavaScript

4.2.4 ForgotPass.js

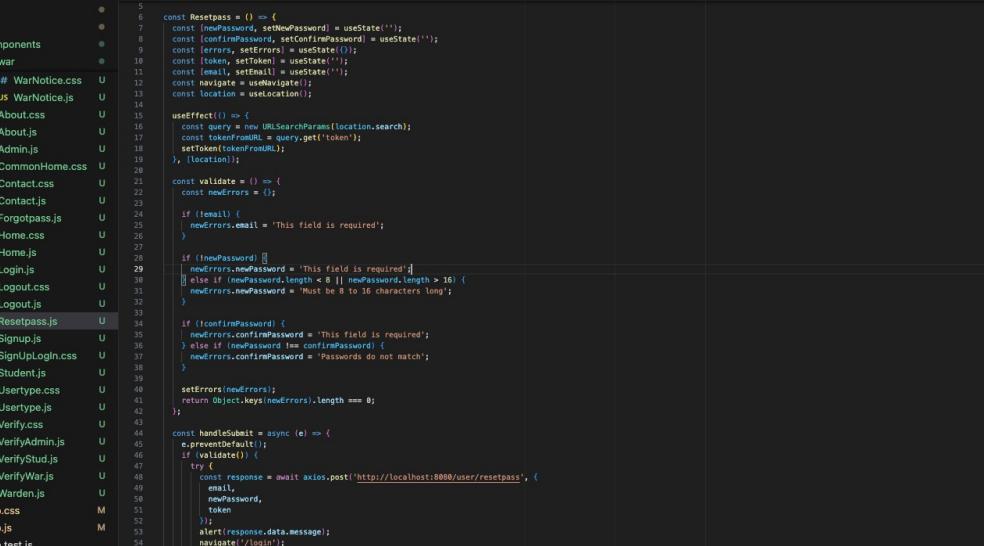
```

cdac > src > components > JS Forgotpass.js > [e] Forgotpass
1 import axios from 'axios';
2 import React, { useState } from 'react';
3 import headerImage from './images/headerimg.jpg';
4
5 const Forgotpass = () => {
6   const [email, setEmail] = useState('');
7   const [error, setError] = useState(''); // State for error message
8
9   const handleSubmit = async (e) => {
10     e.preventDefault();
11
12     // Reset error message
13     setError('');
14
15     // Validate email field
16     if (!email) {
17       setError('This field is required');
18       return; // Stop further execution
19     }
20
21     try {
22       const response = await axios.post('http://localhost:8080/user/forgotpass', email, {
23         headers: { 'Content-Type': 'text/plain' }
24       });
25
26       alert(response.data.message);
27
28       setEmail('');
29     } catch (error) {
30       alert('Error sending reset link');
31     }
32
33   return (
34     <div className="container">
35       <div className="header-img">
36         <img src={headerImage} alt="Hostel" />
37       </div>
38       <h2 className="header">Forgot Password</h2>
39       <form className="form" onSubmit={handleSubmit}>
40         <input
41           type="email"
42           name="email"
43           placeholder="Enter your email"
44           className="input"
45         />
46       </form>
47     </div>
48   );
49 }

```

Ln 44, Col 1 Spaces: 2 UTF-8 LF {} JavaScript

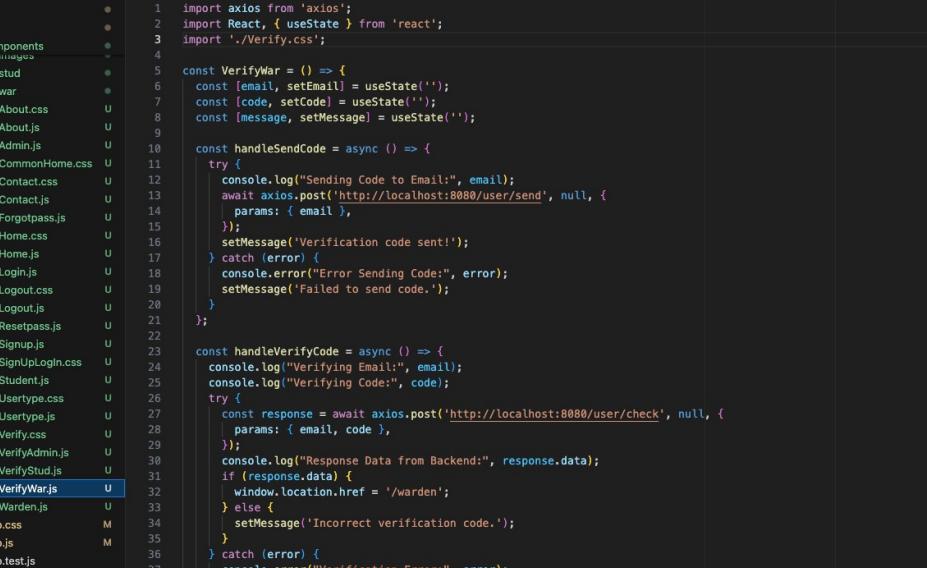
4.2.5 ResetPass.js



```
JS Resetpass.js U x
cdac > src > components > JS Resetpass.js > (e) Resetpass > (e) validate
5
6  const Resetpass = () => {
7    const [newPassword, setNewPassword] = useState('');
8    const [confirmPassword, setConfirmPassword] = useState('');
9    const [errors, setErrors] = useState({});
10   const [token, setToken] = useState('');
11   const [email, setEmail] = useState('');
12   const navigate = useNavigate();
13   const location = useLocation();
14
15   useEffect(() => {
16     const query = new URLSearchParams(location.search);
17     const tokenFromURL = query.get('token');
18     setToken(tokenFromURL);
19   }, [location]);
20
21   const validate = () => {
22     const newErrors = {};
23
24     if (!email) {
25       newErrors.email = 'This field is required';
26     }
27
28     if (!newPassword) {
29       newErrors.newPassword = 'This field is required';
30     } else if (newPassword.length < 8 || newPassword.length > 16) {
31       newErrors.newPassword = 'Must be 8 to 16 characters long';
32     }
33
34     if (!confirmPassword) {
35       newErrors.confirmPassword = 'This field is required';
36     } else if (newPassword !== confirmPassword) {
37       newErrors.confirmPassword = 'Passwords do not match';
38     }
39
40     setErrors(newErrors);
41     return Object.keys(newErrors).length === 0;
42   };
43
44   const handleSubmit = async (e) => {
45     e.preventDefault();
46     if (validate()) {
47       try {
48         const response = await axios.post('http://localhost:8080/user/resetpass', {
49           email,
50           newPassword,
51           token
52         });
53         alert(response.data.message);
54         navigate('/login');
55       } catch (error) {
56         errorMessage = error.response?.data?.message || 'Error resetting password';
57         alert(errorMessage);
58       }
59     }
60   };

```

4.2.6 VerifyWar.js



```
cdac@src:~/components$ cat VerifyWar.js
import axios from 'axios';
import React, { useState } from 'react';
import './Verify.css';

const VerifyWar = () => {
  const [email, setEmail] = useState('');
  const [code, setCode] = useState('');
  const [message, setMessage] = useState('');

  const handleSendCode = async () => {
    try {
      console.log("Sending Code to Email:", email);
      await axios.post('http://localhost:8080/user/send', null, {
        params: { email },
      });
      setMessage('Verification code sent!');
    } catch (error) {
      console.error("Error Sending Code:", error);
      setMessage('Failed to send code.');
    }
  };

  const handleVerifyCode = async () => {
    console.log("Verifying Email:", email);
    console.log("Verifying Code:", code);
    try {
      const response = await axios.post('http://localhost:8080/user/check', null, {
        params: { email, code },
      });
      console.log("Response Data from Backend:", response.data);
      if (response.data) {
        window.location.href = '/warden';
      } else {
        setMessage('Incorrect verification code.');
      }
    } catch (error) {
      console.error("Verification Error:", error);
      setMessage('Verification failed.');
    }
  };
}

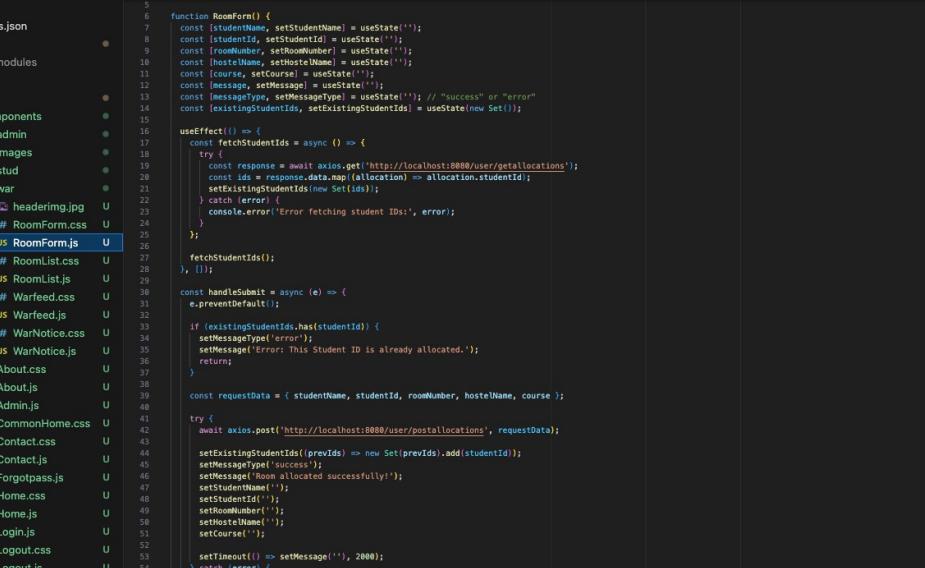
export default VerifyWar;
```

4.2.7 Warden.js



```
cdac > src > components > js Warden.js x
1 import React from 'react';
2 import { Link, useNavigate } from 'react-router-dom';
3 import './CommonHome.css';
4 import headerImage from './images/headerimg.jpg';
5
6 const Warden = () => {
7   const navigate = useNavigate();
8
9   const handleLogout = () => {
10     localStorage.removeItem('userToken');
11     navigate('/');
12   };
13
14   return (
15     <div className="commonhome-container">
16       <div className="header-image">
17         <img src={headerImage} alt="Hostel" />
18       </div>
19
20       <nav className="navbar">
21         <div className="navbar-title">Hostel Management System</div>
22         <ul className="navbar-links">
23           <li><Link to="/" className="nav-link">Home</Link></li>
24           <li><Link to="/about" className="nav-link">About Us</Link></li>
25           <li><Link to="/contact" className="nav-link">Contact Us</Link></li>
26           <li><Link to="/logout" className="nav-link">Log Out</Link></li>
27           <li className="greet">Hi, Warden!</li>
28         </ul>
29       </nav>
30
31       <div className="warden-features">
32         <div className="feature-row">
33           <div className="feature-card">
34             <Link to="/war/room" className="feature-link">
35               <h3>Room Allocation</h3>
36               <p>Manage room assignments for students with ease.</p>
37             </Link>
38           </div>
39           <div className="feature-card">
40             <Link to="/war/list" className="feature-link">
41               <h3>Room Allocation List</h3>
42             </Link>
43           </div>
44         </div>
45       </div>
46     </div>
47   );
48 }
49
50 export default Warden;
```

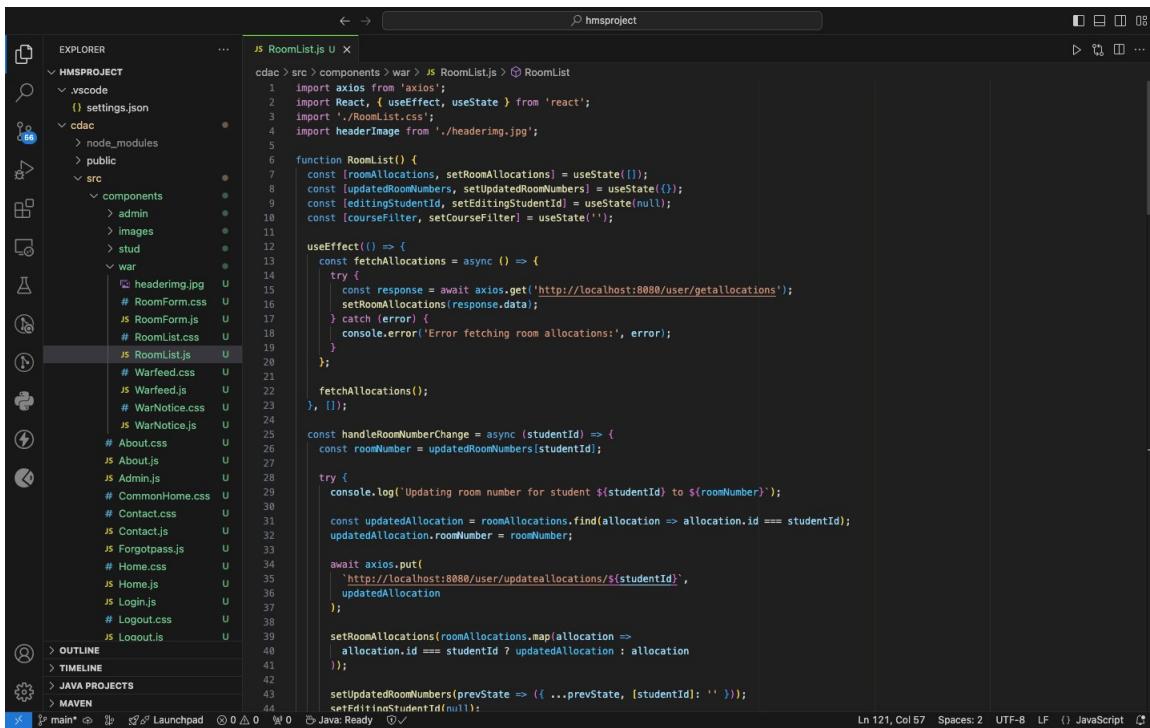
4.2.8 RoomForm.js



The screenshot shows a browser-based code editor interface with the following details:

- Header:** The title bar displays "hmsproject".
- Sidebar (EXPLORER):** Shows the project structure:
 - HMSPROJECT
 - .vscode (settings.json)
 - cdac
 - node_modules
 - public
 - src
 - components
 - admin
 - images
 - stud
 - war
 - headerimg.jpg
 - # RoomForm.css
 - JS RoomForm.js (selected)
 - JS RoomList.css
 - JS RoomList.js
 - JS Warfeed.css
 - JS Warfeed.js
 - JS WarNotice.css
 - JS WarNotice.js
 - # About.css
 - JS About.js
 - JS Admin.js
 - # CommonHome.css
 - # Contact.css
 - JS Contact.js
 - JS Forgotpass.js
 - # Home.css
 - JS Home.js
 - JS Login.js
 - # Logout.css
 - JS Logout.js
 - OUTLINE
 - TIMELINE
 - JAVA PROJECTS
 - MAVEN
- Code Editor:** The main area shows the content of JS RoomForm.js. The code handles student ID allocation, manages existing student IDs, and interacts with an axios API to post allocations.
- Bottom Bar:** Includes tabs for "main*", "Launchpad", and "Java: Ready". It also shows status information: Line 110, Col 21; Spaces: 2; UTF-8; and Java Script.

4.2.9 RoomList.js

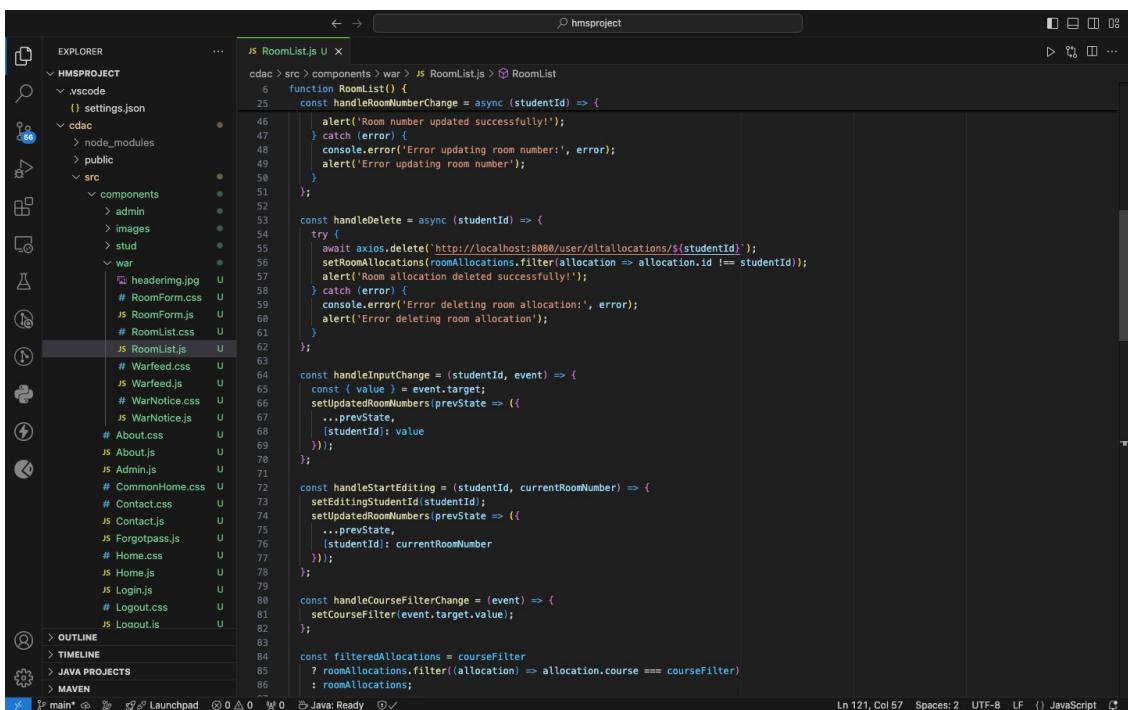


```

JS RoomList.js U x
cdac > src > components > war > JS RoomList.js > RoomList
1 import axios from 'axios';
2 import React, { useEffect, useState } from 'react';
3 import './RoomList.css';
4 import headerImage from './headerimg.jpg';
5
6 function RoomList() {
7   const [roomAllocations, setRoomAllocations] = useState([]);
8   const [updatedRoomNumbers, setUpdatedRoomNumbers] = useState({});
9   const [editingStudentId, setEditingStudentId] = useState(null);
10  const [courseFilter, setCourseFilter] = useState('');
11
12  useEffect(() => {
13    const fetchAllocations = async () => {
14      try {
15        const response = await axios.get('http://localhost:8080/user/getallocations');
16        setRoomAllocations(response.data);
17      } catch (error) {
18        console.error('Error fetching room allocations:', error);
19      }
20    };
21
22    fetchAllocations();
23  }, []);
24
25  const handleRoomNumberChange = async (studentId) => {
26    const roomNumber = updatedRoomNumbers[studentId];
27
28    try {
29      console.log(`Updating room number for student ${studentId} to ${roomNumber}`);
30
31      const updatedAllocation = roomAllocations.find(allocation => allocation.id === studentId);
32      updatedAllocation.roomNumber = roomNumber;
33
34      await axios.put(
35        `http://localhost:8080/user/updateallocations/${studentId}`,
36        updatedAllocation
37      );
38
39      setRoomAllocations(roomAllocations.map(allocation =>
40        allocation.id === studentId ? updatedAllocation : allocation
41      ));
42
43      setUpdatedRoomNumbers(prevState => ({ ...prevState, [studentId]: '' }));
44
45      if (editingStudentId === studentId) {
46        setEditingStudentId(null);
47      }
48    } catch (error) {
49      console.error('Error updating room number:', error);
50    }
51  };
52
53  const handleDelete = async (studentId) => {
54    try {
55      await axios.delete(`http://localhost:8080/user/dltallocations/${studentId}`);
56      setRoomAllocations(roomAllocations.filter(allocation => allocation.id !== studentId));
57      alert('Room allocation deleted successfully!');
58    } catch (error) {
59      console.error('Error deleting room allocation:', error);
60      alert('Error deleting room allocation');
61    }
62  };
63
64  const handleInputChange = (studentId, event) => {
65    const { value } = event.target;
66    setUpdatedRoomNumbers(prevState => ({
67      ...prevState,
68      [studentId]: value
69    }));
70  };
71
72  const handleStartEditing = (studentId, currentRoomNumber) => {
73    setEditingStudentId(studentId);
74    setUpdatedRoomNumbers(prevState => ({
75      ...prevState,
76      [studentId]: currentRoomNumber
77    }));
78
79  const handleCourseFilterChange = (event) => {
80    setCourseFilter(event.target.value);
81  };
82
83  const filteredAllocations = courseFilter
84    ? roomAllocations.filter((allocation) => allocation.course === courseFilter)
85    : roomAllocations;
86
87}

```

Ln 121, Col 57 Spaces: 2 UTF-8 LF () JavaScript



```

JS RoomList.js U x
cdac > src > components > war > JS RoomList.js > RoomList
6 function RoomList() {
25  const handleRoomNumberChange = async (studentId) => {
51
52    alert('Room number updated successfully!');
53  } catch (error) {
54    console.error('Error updating room number:', error);
55    alert('Error updating room number');
56  }
57
58  const handleDelete = async (studentId) => {
59    try {
60      await axios.delete(`http://localhost:8080/user/dltallocations/${studentId}`);
61      setRoomAllocations(roomAllocations.filter(allocation => allocation.id !== studentId));
62      alert('Room allocation deleted successfully!');
63    } catch (error) {
64      console.error('Error deleting room allocation:', error);
65      alert('Error deleting room allocation');
66    }
67  };
68
69  const handleInputChange = (studentId, event) => {
70    const { value } = event.target;
71    setUpdatedRoomNumbers(prevState => ({
72      ...prevState,
73      [studentId]: value
74    }));
75  };
76
77  const handleStartEditing = (studentId, currentRoomNumber) => {
78    setEditingStudentId(studentId);
79    setUpdatedRoomNumbers(prevState => ({
80      ...prevState,
81      [studentId]: currentRoomNumber
82    }));
83
84  const handleCourseFilterChange = (event) => {
85    setCourseFilter(event.target.value);
86  };
87
88  const filteredAllocations = courseFilter
89    ? roomAllocations.filter((allocation) => allocation.course === courseFilter)
90    : roomAllocations;
91
92}

```

Ln 121, Col 57 Spaces: 2 UTF-8 LF () JavaScript

4.2.10 WarNotice.js

The screenshot shows the VS Code interface with the file `WarNotice.js` open in the editor. The code handles the submission of a notice, validating title and details fields, and sending a POST request to a local server endpoint. It uses the useState hook for state management.

```
const WarNotice = () => {
  const [title, setTitle] = useState("");
  const [details, setDetails] = useState("");
  const [error, setError] = useState("");
  const [loading, setLoading] = useState(false);
  const [success, setSuccess] = useState(false);

  const handleSubmit = async (e) => {
    e.preventDefault();
    setSuccess(false);
    if (!title || !details) {
      setError("Both fields are required.");
    } else {
      setError("");
      setLoading(true);

      const noticeData = {
        title,
        details,
      };
      try {
        const response = await fetch('http://localhost:8080/user/postnotice', {
          method: 'POST',
          headers: {
            'Content-Type': 'application/json',
          },
          body: JSON.stringify(noticeData),
        });
        if (response.ok) {
          setSuccess(true);
          setTitle("");
          setDetails("");
        } else {
          console.error("Error adding notice:", response.statusText);
          setError("Failed to add the notice.");
        }
      } catch (error) {
        console.error("Error:", error);
        setError("An error occurred. Please try again.");
      } finally {
        setLoading(false);
      }
    }
  };

  const handleReset = () => {
    setTitle("");
    setDetails("");
    setError("");
    setSuccess(false);
  };
}
```

Ln 14, Col 23 Spaces: 2 UTF-8 CRLF () JavaScript

4.2.11 Studfeed.js

The screenshot shows the VS Code interface with the file `Studfeed.js` open in the editor. The code defines a form for student feedback, using useState to manage input fields and validateForm to check for required fields like full name, hostel, cleanliness, food, facilities, staff, and safety.

```
const Studfeed = () => {
  const [responses, setResponses] = useState({
    fullName: '',
    email: '',
    hostel: '',
    cleanliness: '',
    food: '',
    facilities: '',
    staff: '',
    safety: '',
    additionalFeedback: '',
  });

  const [errors, setErrors] = useState([]);

  const handleChange = (e) => {
    const { name, value } = e.target;
    setResponses({
      ...responses,
      [name]: value,
    });
  };

  const validateForm = () => {
    let valid = true;
    let newErrors = {};
    if (!/^[a-zA-Z ]+$/.test(responses.fullName)) {
      newErrors.fullName = 'Should contain characters only.';
      valid = false;
    }
    if (!/^[a-zA-Z ]+$/.test(responses.hostel)) {
      newErrors.hostel = 'Should contain characters only.';
      valid = false;
    }
    ['cleanliness', 'food', 'facilities', 'staff', 'safety'].forEach(field => {
      if (!/^[a-zA-Z ]+$/.test(responses[field])) {
        newErrors[field] = 'Should contain characters only.';
        valid = false;
      }
    })
  };
}


```

Ln 19, Col 16 Spaces: 2 UTF-8 LF () JavaScript

```
cdac > src > components > stud > JS Studfeed.js > [o] Studfeed
  4  const Studfeed = () => {
  5    const validateForm = () => {
  6      ...
  7      ...
  8    }
  9
 10   ['cleanliness', 'food', 'facilities', 'staff', 'safety'].forEach((field) =>
 11     if (!responses[field])
 12       newErrors[field] = 'This field is required.';
 13     valid = false;
 14   }
 15
 16   setErrors(newErrors);
 17   return valid;
 18 };
 19
 20 const handleSubmit = async (e) => {
 21   e.preventDefault();
 22
 23   if (!validateForm()) return;
 24
 25   try {
 26     const response = await fetch('http://localhost:8080/user/feedback', {
 27       method: 'POST',
 28       headers: {
 29         'Content-Type': 'application/json',
 30       },
 31       body: JSON.stringify(responses),
 32     });
 33
 34     if (response.ok) {
 35       console.log('Feedback submitted successfully');
 36       setResponses({
 37         fullName: '',
 38         email: '',
 39         hostel: '',
 40         cleanliness: '',
 41         food: '',
 42         facilities: '',
 43         staff: '',
 44         safety: '',
 45         additionalFeedback: '',
 46       });
 47     } else {
 48       console.error('Failed to submit feedback');
 49     }
 50   } catch (error) {
 51     console.error('Error submitting feedback:', error);
 52   }
 53 };
 54
 55
 56
 57
 58
 59
 60
 61
 62
 63
 64
 65
 66
 67
 68
 69
 70
 71
 72
 73
 74
 75
 76
 77
 78
 79
 80
 81
 82
 83
 84
 85
 86
 87
 88
 89
 90
 91
 92
 93
};
```

4.2.12 Feed.js

```
cdac > src > components > admin > JS Feed.js > ...
1 import React, { useEffect, useState } from 'react';
2 import './Feed.css';
3 import headerImage from './headering.jpg';
4
5 const Feed = () => {
6   const [feedbacks, setFeedbacks] = useState([]);
7   const [editingFeedback, setEditingFeedback] = useState(null);
8
9   useEffect(() => {
10     fetch('http://localhost:8080/user/viewfeed')
11       .then(response => response.json())
12       .then(data => setFeedbacks(data))
13       .catch(error => console.error('Error fetching feedbacks:', error));
14   }, []);
15
16   const handleEdit = (feedback) => {
17     setEditingFeedback(feedback);
18   };
19
20   const handleDelete = (id) => {
21     const confirmDelete = window.confirm('Are you sure you want to delete this feedback?');
22
23     if (!confirmDelete) return;
24
25     console.log('Deleting feedback with ID:', id);
26
27     fetch(`http://localhost:8080/user/dlt/${id}`, {
28       method: 'DELETE',
29     })
30     .then(response) => {
31       console.log('Delete response status:', response.status);
32       if (!response.ok) {
33         throw new Error('Failed to delete feedback');
34       }
35       setFeedbacks(feedbacks.filter(fb => fb.id !== id));
36     }
37     .catch(error => console.error('Error deleting feedback:', error));
38   };
39
40   const handleUpdate = () => {
41     if (!editingFeedback) return;
42
43     const updatedFeedback = {
44       ...editingFeedback,
45       content: document.getElementById('content').value
46     };
47
48     fetch(`http://localhost:8080/user/updt/${editingFeedback.id}`, {
49       method: 'PUT',
50       headers: {
51         'Content-Type': 'application/json'
52       },
53       body: JSON.stringify(updatedFeedback)
54     })
55     .then(response) => {
56       console.log('Update response status:', response.status);
57       if (!response.ok) {
58         throw new Error('Failed to update feedback');
59       }
60       setFeedbacks([
61         ...feedbacks.slice(0, editingFeedback.id),
62         updatedFeedback,
63         ...feedbacks.slice(editingFeedback.id + 1)
64       ]);
65     }
66     .catch(error => console.error('Error updating feedback:', error));
67   };
68
69   return (
70     <div>
71       <h1>Feedbacks</h1>
72       <div>
73         <img alt='Header Image' src={headerImage} />
74         <table border='1'>
75           <thead>
76             <tr>
77               <th>Feedback ID</th>
78               <th>Content</th>
79             </tr>
80           </thead>
81           <tbody>
82             {feedbacks.map(feedback => (
83               <tr key={feedback.id}>
84                 <td>{feedback.id}</td>
85                 <td>{feedback.content}</td>
86                 <td>
87                   <button onClick={handleEdit}>Edit</button>
88                   <button onClick={()=>handleDelete(feedback.id)}>Delete</button>
89                 </td>
90               </tr>
91             ))}
92           </tbody>
93         </table>
94       </div>
95       <div>
96         <h2>Edit Feedback</h2>
97         <form>
98           <input type='text' id='content' value={editingFeedback ? editingFeedback.content : ''}/>
99           <button onClick={handleUpdate}>Update</button>
100          </form>
101        </div>
102      </div>
103    </div>
104  );
105}
```

```

JS Feed.js U ●
cdac > src > components > admin > JS Feed.js > [e] handleUpdate > [o] then() callback
  5  const Feed = () => {
  40 const handleUpdate = () => {
    42   console.log(' Updating feedback:', editingFeedback);
    43
    44   fetch(`http://localhost:8080/user/update/${editingFeedback.id}`, {
    45     method: 'PUT',
    46     headers: {
    47       'Content-Type': 'application/json',
    48     },
    49     body: JSON.stringify(editingFeedback),
    50   })
    51   .then((response) => {
    52     console.log('Update response status:', response.status);
    53     if (!response.ok) {
    54       throw new Error('Failed to update feedback');
    55     }
    56     return response.json();
    57   })
    58   .then((updatedFeedback) => [
    59     console.log('Updated feedback from server:', updatedFeedback);
    60     setFeedbacks([
    61       feedbacks.map(fb) => (fb.id === updatedFeedback.id ? updatedFeedback : fb)
    62     ]);
    63     setEditingFeedback(null);
    64   ])
    65   .catch((error) => console.error('Error updating feedback:', error));
    66 }
    67
    68 return (
    69   <div className="admin-feedback-container">
    70     <div className="header-img">
    71       <img src={headerImage} alt="Hostel" />
    72     </div>
    73     <h2>Manage Student Feedbacks</h2>
    74     {feedbacks.length > 0 ? (
    75       <table className="table">
    76         <thead>
    77           <tr>
    78             <th>Student Name</th>
    79             <th>Feedback</th>
    80             <th>Action</th>
    81           </tr>
    82         </thead>
    83         <tbody>
    84           {feedbacks.map((fb) => (
    85             <tr>
    86               <td>{fb.student}</td>
    87               <td>{fb.feedback}</td>
    88               <td>
    89                 <button onClick={() => handleEdit(fb)}>Edit</button>
    90                 <button onClick={() => handleDelete(fb.id)}>Delete</button>
    91               </td>
    92             </tr>
    93           ))}
    94         </tbody>
    95       </table>
    96     ) : (
    97       <p>No feedbacks available.</p>
    98     )}
    99   </div>
  
```

4.2.13 Notice.js

```

JS Notice.js U ●
cdac > src > components > admin > JS Notice.js > [e] default
  1 import React, { useEffect, useState } from "react";
  2 import "./Notice.css";
  3 import headerImage from './headerimg.jpg';
  4
  5 const Notice = () => {
  6   const [notices, setNotices] = useState([]);
  7   const [editingNotice, setEditingNotice] = useState(null);
  8
  9   useEffect(() => {
 10     fetchNotices();
 11   }, []);
 12
 13   const fetchNotices = async () => {
 14     try {
 15       const response = await fetch("http://localhost:8080/user/getnotice");
 16       const data = await response.json();
 17       setNotices(data);
 18     } catch (error) {
 19       console.error("Error fetching notices:", error);
 20     }
 21   };
 22
 23   const handleEdit = (notice) => {
 24     setEditingNotice(notice);
 25   };
 26
 27   const handleDelete = async (id) => {
 28     const confirmDelete = window.confirm("Are you sure you want to delete this notice?");
 29     if (!confirmDelete) return;
 30
 31     try {
 32       const response = await fetch(`http://localhost:8080/user/dltnotice/${id}`, {
 33         method: "DELETE",
 34       });
 35       if (response.ok) {
 36         setNotices(notices.filter(notice) => notice.id !== id);
 37       } else {
 38         throw new Error("Failed to delete notice.");
 39       }
 40     } catch (error) {
 41       console.error("Error deleting notice:", error);
 42     }
 43   };
 44
 45   return (
 46     <div>
 47       <h2>Student Notices</h2>
 48       {notices.length > 0 ? (
 49         <table>
 50           <thead>
 51             <tr>
 52               <th>Student Name</th>
 53               <th>Notice Content</th>
 54             </tr>
 55           </thead>
 56           <tbody>
 57             {notices.map((notice) => (
 58               <tr>
 59                 <td>{notice.student}</td>
 60                 <td>{notice.notice}</td>
 61                 <td>
 62                   <button onClick={() => handleEdit(notice)}>Edit</button>
 63                   <button onClick={() => handleDelete(notice.id)}>Delete</button>
 64                 </td>
 65               </tr>
 66             ))}
 67           </tbody>
 68         </table>
 69       ) : (
 70         <p>No notices available.</p>
 71       )}
 72     </div>
 73   );
 74 }
 75
 76 export default Notice;
  
```

```

const Notice = () => {
  const handleUpdate = async () => {
    if (!editingNotice) return;
    try {
      const response = await fetch(`http://localhost:8080/user/postnotice`, {
        method: "POST",
        headers: {
          "Content-Type": "application/json",
        },
        body: JSON.stringify(editingNotice),
      });
      if (response.ok) {
        const updatedNotice = await response.json();
        setNotices(notices.map((notice) => notice.id === updatedNotice.id ? updatedNotice : notice));
        setEditingNotice(null);
      } else {
        throw new Error("Failed to update notice.");
      }
    } catch (error) {
      console.error("Error updating notice:", error);
    }
  };
  return (
    <div className="admin-notice-container">
      <div className="header-img">
        <img src={headerImage} alt="Header" />
      </div>
      <h2>Manage Notices</h2>
      {notices.length > 0 ? (
        <table className="table">
          <thead>
            <tr>
              <th>Title</th>
              <th>Details</th>
              <th>Actions</th>
            </tr>
          </thead>
          <tbody>
            {notices.map((notice) => (
              <tr key={notice.id}>
                <td>{notice.title}</td>
                <td>{notice.details}</td>
                <td>
                  <button onClick={handleUpdate}>Edit</button>
                  <button onClick={() => handleDelete(notice.id)}>Delete</button>
                </td>
              </tr>
            ))}
          </tbody>
        </table>
      ) : (
        <p>No notices found.</p>
      )}
    </div>
  );
}

```

4.2.14 Room.js

```

const RoomAllocation = () => {
  const [allocations, setAllocations] = useState([]);
  const [filteredAllocations, setFilteredAllocations] = useState([]);
  const [searchHostel, setSearchHostel] = useState('');
  useEffect(() => {
    const fetchAllocations = async () => {
      try {
        const response = await axios.get('http://localhost:8080/user/getallocations');
        setAllocations(response.data);
        setFilteredAllocations(response.data);
      } catch (error) {
        console.error('Error fetching allocations:', error);
      }
    };
    fetchAllocations();
  }, []);
  const handleFilterChange = (e) => {
    const value = e.target.value;
    setSearchHostel(value);
    const filtered = allocations.filter(allocation => allocation.hostelName.toLowerCase().includes(value.toLowerCase()));
    setFilteredAllocations(filtered);
  };
  return (
    <div className="admin-room-container">
      <div className="header-img">
        <img src={headerImage} alt="Hostel" />
      </div>
      <h2>Room Allocations</h2>
      {filteredAllocations.length > 0 ? (
        <table>
          <thead>
            <tr>
              <th>Hostel</th>
              <th>Room Type</th>
              <th>Status</th>
            </tr>
          </thead>
          <tbody>
            {filteredAllocations.map((allocation) => (
              <tr key={allocation.id}>
                <td>{allocation.hostelName}</td>
                <td>{allocation.roomType}</td>
                <td>{allocation.status}</td>
              </tr>
            ))}
          </tbody>
        </table>
      ) : (
        <p>No room allocations found.</p>
      )}
    </div>
  );
}

```

Testing

5.1 User registration:

S.No	Test Case	Objective	Input	Expected Outcome	Result
1.1	Valid User Registration	Test the registration functionality with valid user details.	Full name, email, password etc.	User should be registered successfully, and the system should redirect to the login page.	Pass
1.2	Invalid Email Format	Test the registration functionality with an invalid email format.	Email: invalid-email.com, valid full name, password	Error message: "Please enter a valid email address."	Pass
1.3	Missing Mandatory Fields	Test the registration functionality with missing fields (e.g., missing full name).	Leave the full name field blank.	Error message: "Full name is required." •	Pass

5.2 User login:

S.No	Test Case	Objective	Input	Expected Output	Result
2.1	Valid Login	Test the login functionality with valid credentials.	Registered email and password.	User should be successfully logged in and redirected to the dashboard.	Pass
2.2	Invalid Password	Test the login functionality with an incorrect password.	Registered email and incorrect password.	Error message: "Invalid credentials."	Pass

5.3 Room allocation:

S.No	Test Case	Objective	Input	Expected Outcome	Result
3.1	Valid Room Allocation	Test the room allocation functionality by assigning a room to a student.	Student registration details with valid room availability.	The student should be assigned a room, and the details should be updated in the system.	Pass

5.4 Feedback submission:

S.No	Test Case	Objective	Input	Expected Outcome	Result
4.1	Valid Feedback Submission	Test the feedback submission functionality for valid input.	Feedback ratings for cleanliness, food, facilities, staff, and safety.	Feedback should be submitted successfully and stored in the database.	Pass
4.2	Incomplete Feedback Submission	Test the feedback submission functionality with missing fields.	Leave the "Cleanliness" rating field blank.	Error message: "This field is required."	Pass

5.5 Notice board:

S.No	Test Case	Objective	Input	Expected Outcome	Result
5.1	View Notice Board	Test the ability to view notices posted on the notice board.	Click on the "Notice Board" section.	The system should display the list of all active notices.	Pass
5.2	Post a New Notice	Test the ability to post a new notice by the warden.	Warden enters a new notice and clicks "Add Notice".	The notice should appear on the notice board for all users.	Pass

User Interface

The screenshot shows the homepage of the Hostel Management System. At the top, there is a header with the logo of Banasthali Vidyapith, the text "वनस्थली विद्यापीठ" and "Banasthali Vidyapith", and a navigation bar with links for "Home", "Sign Up", "Log In", "About Us", and "Contact Us". Below the header is a large banner image of a grand hall with two large spiral staircases. Overlaid on the banner is the text "Welcome to Hostel Management System".

The screenshot shows the "What We Offer" section of the website. It features five cards with the following details:

- Efficient Resource Management**: Manage hostel resources effortlessly, ensuring students and wardens have what they need.
- Secure Student Profiles**: Keep track of student details, providing a safe and secure environment.
- Room Allocation**: Wardens can allocate rooms, students can view their room assignments, and admins have full access to view and modify room allocations as needed.
- Notice Board**: Wardens can post important announcements, students can view notices, and admins have the ability to edit or delete notices when required.
- Feedback System**: Students can provide feedback, wardens can view feedback, and admins have the authority to edit or delete feedback entries.

At the bottom of the page, there is a footer with the text "© 2024 Hostel Management System. All Rights Reserved."

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL "localhost" in the address bar. The page header features the Banasthali Vidyapith logo and the text "वनस्थली विद्यापीठ" and "Banasthali Vidyapith". A photograph of students in a classroom setting is visible on the right side of the header. The main content area contains a "Sign Up" form with fields for First Name, Middle Name, Last Name, Email, and Password, each with a corresponding input field. A "Select Salutation" dropdown menu is also present. A blue "Register" button is at the bottom of the form, and a link "Already a user? Login" is located just below it.

Sign Up

Select Salutation

First Name

Middle Name

Last Name

Email

Password

Register

Already a user? [Login](#)

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL "localhost" in the address bar. The page header features the Banasthali Vidyapith logo and the text "वनस्थली विद्यापीठ" and "Banasthali Vidyapith". A photograph of students in a classroom setting is visible on the right side of the header. The main content area contains a "Login" form with fields for Email and Password, each with a corresponding input field. A blue "Login" button is at the bottom of the form, and links "Don't have an account? Sign Up" and "Forgot Password?" are located just below it.

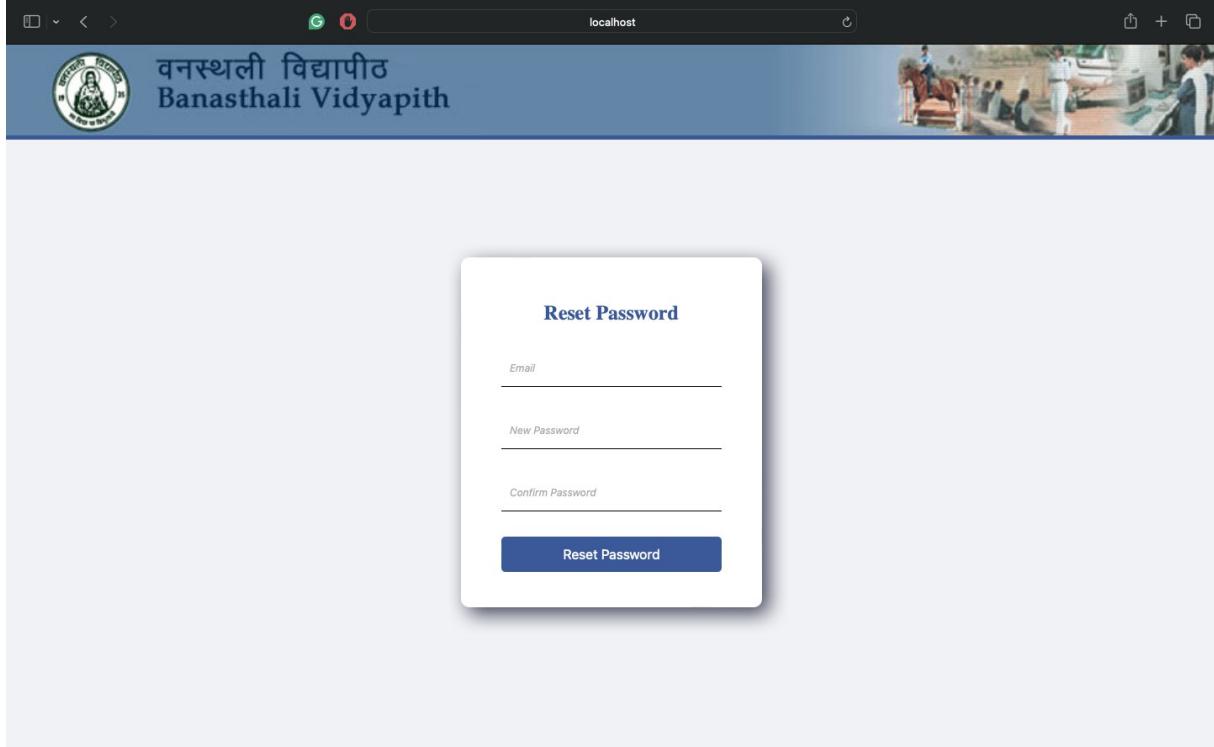
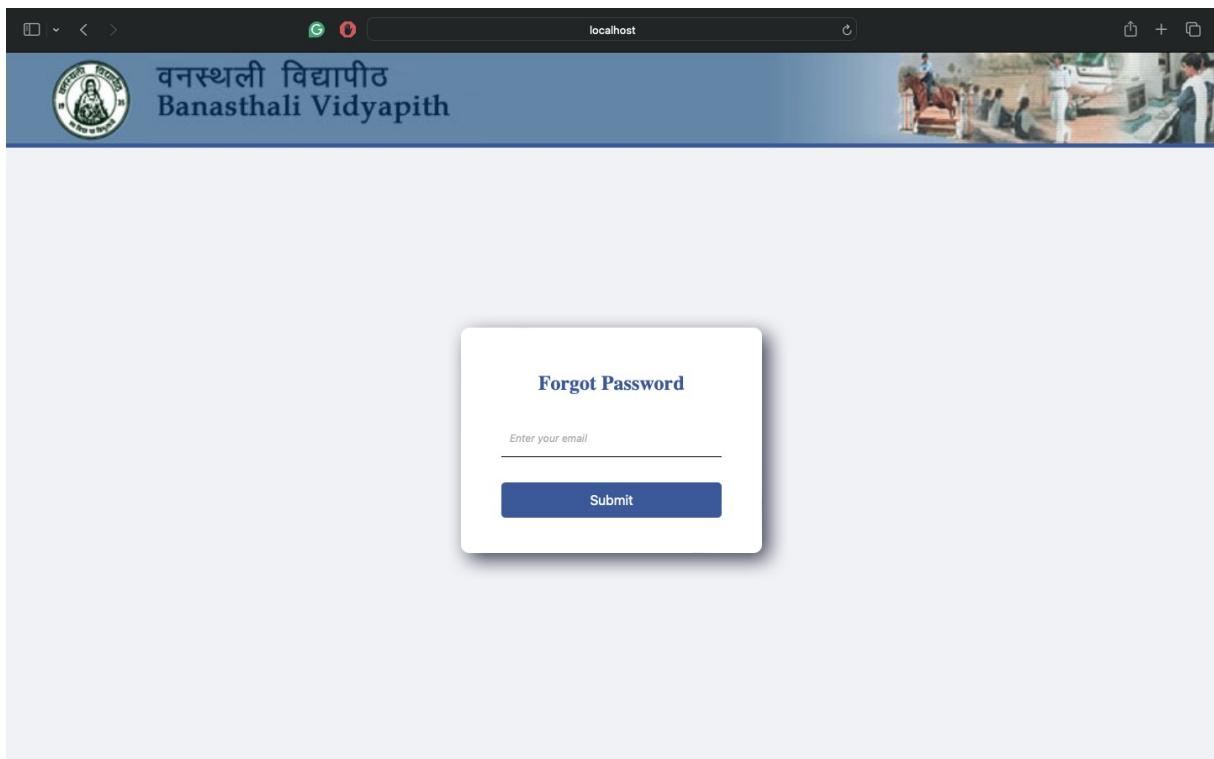
Login

Email

Password

Login

Don't have an account? [Sign Up](#)
[Forgot Password?](#)



About Us

Banasthali Vidyapith

Banasthali Vidyapith is a premier residential women's higher education institute in India, offering an integrated education system from primary to Ph.D. level. Founded on October 6, 1935, by Smt. Ratan Shastri and Pandit Hirala Shastri, it arose from the desire to honor their late daughter, Shantabai, who had the potential to champion women's causes. Over the past 75 years, Banasthali has become a National Centre for women's education, emphasizing holistic personality development through its Five-fold Educational Programme (Panchmukhi Shiksha), which focuses on Physical, Practical, Aesthetic, Moral, and Intellectual growth. The rural setting of Banasthali promotes simple living, self-reliance, and tolerance, fostering an environment conducive to integrated personality development. The institute, which has been awarded 'A' Grade by the National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC), creatively restructures its courses to cover traditional subjects and emerging fields up to the doctoral level. In recognition of its contributions to women's education, Banasthali received the SANTBAL Award in 2000, reflecting its commitment to empowering women for leadership roles.

Our Mission

The Hostel Management System for Banasthali Vidyapith is designed to streamline and automate the various administrative tasks involved in managing a hostel. This comprehensive, user-friendly platform simplifies the process of hostel and room allotment, ensuring efficient allocation based on availability and student preferences. It features an integrated notice board, enabling administrators to communicate important updates and announcements effectively, ensuring that students are always informed about critical information regarding their accommodation. The system also facilitates the collection of student feedback, allowing for continuous improvement based on their experiences and suggestions, thus fostering a culture of open communication and responsiveness. Additionally, it includes modules for managing student and staff records, making hostel management more efficient and transparent. By automating routine tasks such as attendance tracking, maintenance requests, and fee payments, the system alleviates administrative burdens, allowing staff to focus on providing quality service to residents.

We aim to create a conducive living environment for students, ensuring their comfort, safety, and well-being while residing in the hostel. Our focus is on facilitating seamless communication and feedback between students and hostel management, enhancing the overall hostel experience. We are committed to providing a supportive community where students can thrive academically and personally, equipping them with the necessary resources and assistance to succeed. Through this innovative system, we strive to promote a sense of belonging and empowerment among students, encouraging them to take an active role in their hostel life while fostering a spirit of collaboration and mutual respect. Ultimately, our goal is to enhance the quality of life for all residents, making Banasthali Vidyapith a home away from home.

Contact Us

For any inquiries or feedback, please reach out to us via the contact page. We appreciate your input and are committed to enhancing your hostel experience.

Contact Us

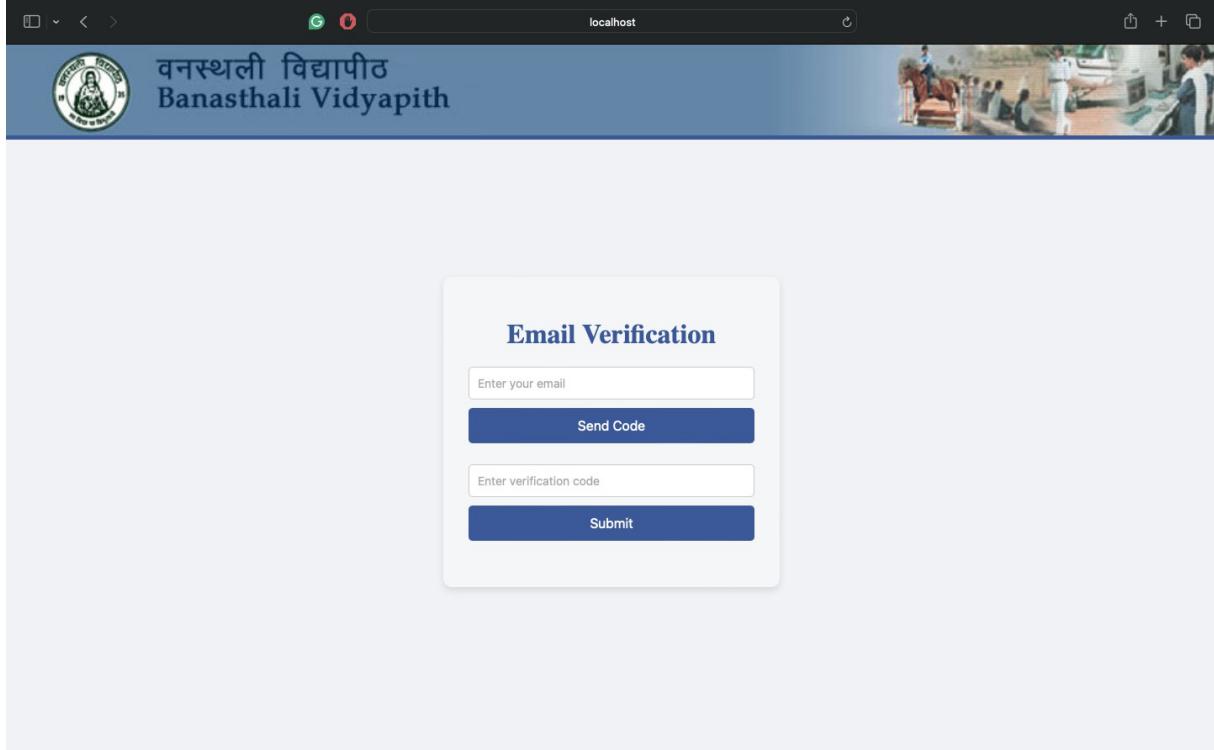
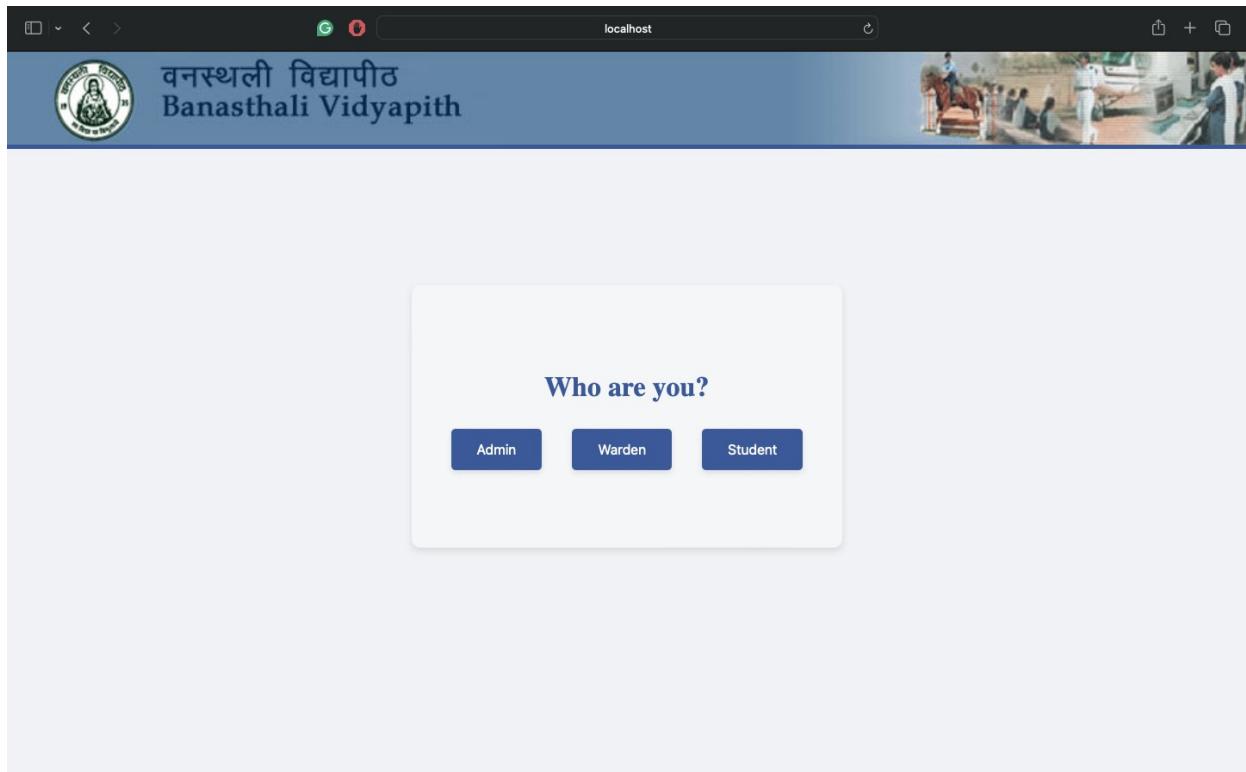
If you have any inquiries or feedback, please feel free to reach out using the form below. We are here to help and improve your experience.

Name

Email

Message

Send Message



The screenshot shows the homepage of the Banasthali Vidyapith Hostel Management System. At the top, there is a header bar with the school's logo and name in both Marathi and English. Below the header, a navigation bar includes links for Home, About Us, Contact Us, Log Out, and a greeting to the user ('Hi, Warden!'). The main content area features four cards: 'Room Allocation' (Manage room assignments for students with ease), 'Room Allocation List' (View the complete list of room allocations for students), 'Notice Board' (Post and manage important notices for all residents), and 'Feedback' (Review and address student feedback effectively). A decorative image of students in a classroom or dormitory setting is visible in the background.

The screenshot shows a form titled 'Allocate Room to Student'. The form consists of several input fields: 'Student Name' (with an input field), 'Student ID' (with an input field), 'Room Number' (with an input field), 'Hostel Name' (with an input field), and 'Course' (with an input field). At the bottom of the form is a blue button labeled 'Allocate Room'.

वनस्थली विद्यापीठ
Banasthali Vidyapith

Room Allocations

Filter by Course: All Courses

Student Name	Student ID	Room Number	Hostel Name	Course	Actions
Kirty	2	2	gr	df	<button>Update</button> <button>Delete</button>
Poorvi	1	4	Gram	BTech	<button>Update</button> <button>Delete</button>
Tejal	5	7	Shree Shanta Gram	CS	<button>Update</button> <button>Delete</button>
Vansh	7	34	Gram	Btech	<button>Update</button> <button>Delete</button>
Teshni	32	66	Gram	Design	<button>Update</button> <button>Delete</button>

वनस्थली विद्यापीठ
Banasthali Vidyapith

Notice Board

Enter title:

Enter notice:

Add New Notice

Reset

The screenshot shows a web page titled "All Student Feedbacks" from the "Banasthali Vidyapith" website. The page displays a table of student feedback data.

Serial No.	Full Name	Email	Hostel Name	Cleanliness	Food	Facilities	Staff Behavior	Safety	Additional Feedback
1	kite	kite@gmail.com	sky	Very Good	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	nice!!!
2	Rahul	rahul2003@gmail.com	Shree Gram	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Average	Below Average	not good
3	era	era@gmail.com	eraspace	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	cvb

The screenshot shows the homepage of the "Hostel Management System" for "Banasthali Vidyapith". The top navigation bar includes links for "Home", "About Us", "Contact Us", "Log Out", and "Hi, Admin!". Below the navigation, there are three main modules: "Room Allocation", "Notice Board", and "Feedback".

- Room Allocation:** Allocate and manage room assignments for all users.
- Notice Board:** Post and update notices for the hostel residents.
- Feedback:** Review feedback and address concerns effectively.

वनस्थली विद्यापीठ
Banasthali Vidyapith

Room Allocations

Filter by Hostel Name:

Student Name	Student ID	Room Number	Hostel Name	Course
Poorvi	1	4	Gram	BTech
Tejal	5	7	Shree Shanta Gram	CS
Teshni	32	66	Gram	Design
kirty	2	2	gr	df
Vansh	7	34	Gram	Btech

वनस्थली विद्यापीठ
Banasthali Vidyapith

Manage Notices

Title	Details	Actions
Submission of Examination Forms for Semester End Exams	All students are hereby informed that the submission deadline for the Semester End Examination Forms is December 5.	Edit Delete
Annual Hostel Fest Announcement	We are thrilled to announce the Annual Hostel Fest - Vivid 2024, which will be held on January 10-12, 2024.	Edit Delete
Scheduled Maintenance of Hostel Premises	This is to inform all hostel residents that there will be a scheduled maintenance activity on November 25-26, 2024.	Edit Delete

localhost

Full Name	Email	Hostel	Cleanliness	Food Quality	Facilities	Staff Behavior	Safety Measures	Additional Feedback	Actions
kite	kite@gmail.com	sky	Very Good	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	nice!!!	Edit Delete
Rahul	rahul2003@gmail.com	Shree Gram	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Average	Below Average	not good	Edit Delete
era	era@gmail.com	eraspace	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent	cvb	Edit Delete

 A small image of a person on a horse is visible in the top right corner of the page header.

localhost

Hostel Management System

Home About Us Contact Us Log Out Hi, Student!

Room Allocation
View and manage your room details.

Notice Board
Stay updated with the latest notices.

Feedback
Provide feedback to improve our services.

localhost

वनस्थली विद्यापीठ
Banasthali Vidyapith

Search for Room Allocation

Enter Student ID

Enter your student ID

Search

localhost

वनस्थली विद्यापीठ
Banasthali Vidyapith

Notices

Submission of Examination Forms for Semester End Exams
All students are hereby informed that the submission deadline for the Semester End Examination Forms is December 5.

Annual Hostel Fest Announcement
We are thrilled to announce the Annual Hostel Fest - Vivid 2024, which will be held on January 10-12, 2024.

Scheduled Maintenance of Hostel Premises
This is to inform all hostel residents that there will be a scheduled maintenance activity on November 25-26, 2024.

The screenshot shows a web-based feedback form titled "Student Feedback Form". At the top left, there is a message: "Let us know how we can improve!". The form consists of several input fields and dropdown menus:

- Text input field for "Full name"
- Text input field for "Email"
- Text input field for "Hostel name"
- Text input field for rating cleanliness ("How would you rate the cleanliness of the hostel?") with a dropdown menu showing "Select".
- Text input field for rating food quality ("How would you rate the quality of food?") with a dropdown menu showing "Select".
- Text input field for rating facilities ("How would you rate the facilities provided?") with a dropdown menu showing "Select".
- Text input field for rating staff behavior ("How would you rate the behavior of the staff?") with a dropdown menu showing "Select".
- Text input field for rating safety measures ("How would you rate the safety measures in place?") with a dropdown menu showing "Select".
- A large text area for "Please provide any other suggestions here...".

At the bottom right of the form is a blue button labeled "Submit Feedback".

Appendices

Appendix A: Glossary

Admin: The administrator responsible for managing the hostel system.

API (Application Programming Interface): A set of tools and protocols for building software applications.

Authentication: The process of verifying the identity of a user.

Authorization: The process of determining the access level or permissions a user has.

GDPR (General Data Protection Regulation): A regulation in EU law on data protection and privacy.

GUI (Graphical User Interface): The visual part of a software application through which users interact with the program.

HMS (Hostel Management System): The software system designed to manage hostel operations.

HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol): The protocol used for transmitting web pages over the Internet.

RBAC (Role-Based Access Control): A method of restricting system access based on roles.

Appendix B: Tools and Technologies

This appendix provides an overview of the tools and technologies used in the development of the **Hostel Management System**. Each component of the project has been implemented using specialised tools to ensure efficiency, scalability, and maintainability.

• Frontend

Technology Used: React

- React is a JavaScript library used for building dynamic and interactive user interfaces.
- **Features:**
 - Component-based architecture for reusability.

- Virtual DOM for efficient updates and rendering.
 - Easy integration with APIs to fetch and display data.
- **Usage in the Project:**
 - Design of the admin dashboard for managing hostel operations.
 - User interfaces for room allocation, student management, and report generation.
 - Real-time form validation and interactive input fields.
- **Backend**
- **Technology Used: Spring Boot with Java**
 - Spring Boot is a powerful Java-based framework for building robust backend services.
 - **Features:**
 - Embedded server for easy deployment.
 - Extensive support for RESTful APIs.
 - Integration with MongoDB for data persistence.
 - Security features for user authentication and authorisation.
 - **Usage in the Project:**
 - Implementation of REST APIs for CRUD operations (e.g., adding, updating, and deleting student and room data).
 - Business logic for room allocation functionality.
 - Integration with the frontend for seamless data exchange.

- **Database**

- **Technology Used: MongoDB**

- MongoDB is a NoSQL database known for its flexibility and scalability.
- **Features:**
 - Schema-less design, allowing rapid development and changes.

- High performance for handling large datasets.
 - Built-in support for horizontal scaling and replication.
- **Usage in the Project:**
 - Storing student details, room allocations, and warden information.
 - Querying data efficiently to support real-time operations.
 - Use of collections to organize data into logical groups.

- **Integrated Development Environment (IDE)**

- Tool Used: Visual Studio Code (VS Code)**

- VS Code is a lightweight and powerful source code editor with support for multiple programming languages and extensions.
- **Features:**
 - IntelliSense for intelligent code completion.
 - Integrated terminal for executing commands and scripts.
 - Support for version control systems like Git.
 - Extensions for Java, Spring Boot, React, and MongoDB.
- **Usage in the Project:**
 - Writing and debugging frontend and backend code.
 - Managing project files and dependencies.
 - Collaboration using Git for version control.

References

1. Books & Academic Resources:

- o Sommerville, I. (2015). *Software Engineering* (10th Edition). Pearson Education.
 - Referenced for understanding software development lifecycle models and best practices for system design.
- o Elmasri, R., & Navathe, S. B. (2016). *Fundamentals of Database Systems* (7th Edition). Pearson Education.
 - Used for designing and normalizing the database schema.

2. Online Documentation:

- o Spring Boot Documentation:
<https://spring.io/projects/spring-boot>
 - Referenced for implementing the backend framework and understanding dependency injection and RESTful APIs.
- o MongoDB Documentation:
<https://www.mongodb.com/docs/>
 - Used for database management and CRUD operations.

3. APIs and Libraries:

- o Postman: <https://www.postman.com/>
 - Used for testing API endpoints during the development process.
- o Bootstrap: <https://getbootstrap.com/>
 - Used for styling and creating responsive user interfaces.

4. Technologies and Tools:

- o Java Development Kit (JDK): <https://www.oracle.com/java/technologies/javase-jdk15-downloads.html>
 - Used for programming the application backend.
- o IntelliJ IDEA: <https://www.jetbrains.com/idea/>
 - Integrated Development Environment (IDE) used for coding the application.
- o GitHub: <https://github.com/>
 - Version control and collaboration tool used to manage the project source code.

5. Tutorials and Online Courses:

- o Colt Steele, *The Web Developer Bootcamp 2023* (Udemy).
 - Provided foundational knowledge for building the frontend and backend of the project.
- o Spring Framework Masterclass:
<https://www.udemy.com/course/spring-framework-tutorial/>
 - Used for learning advanced concepts in Spring Boot.

6. Articles and Blogs:

- o GeeksforGeeks: *Hostel Management System in Java*.
<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/>
 - Provided inspiration for database schema design and application architecture.
- o Baeldung: *Building a REST API with Spring Boot*.
<https://www.baeldung.com/>
 - Referenced for implementing RESTful API endpoints.

7. Research Papers:

- o Wang, Y., & Zhao, J. (2018). *Web-Based Hostel Management Systems: A Case Study Approach*. International Journal of Computer Science and Network Security, 18(6), 45-52.
 - Insights into system features and database design.
- o Agrawal, S., & Gupta, P. (2019). *Enhancing User Experience in Management Systems Using Agile Development Methods*. Journal of Software Engineering and Applications, 12(3), 67-75.
 - Referenced for adopting Agile methodologies in project development.