PyCharm Safety Detection Implementation Guide

Project Setup

1. Create New PyCharm Project

```
# Create project directory
mkdir safety_detection_hackathon
cd safety_detection_hackathon
```

2. Install Required Libraries

```
# In PyCharm terminal
pip install torch torchvision opencv-python pillow numpy matplotlib
pip install ultralytics # For YOLO
pip install roboflow # For dataset management
pip install streamlit # For demo app
pip install requests beautifulsoup4 # For web scraping
```

Project Structure

Step 1: Dataset Creation Script

Create (src/dataset_creator.py):

```
import os
import requests
import cv2
import numpy as np
from PIL import Image
import json
from pathlib import Path
class SafetyDatasetCreator:
  def __init__(self, base_dir="data"):
    self.base_dir = Path(base_dir)
    self.categories = ["helmet", "fire", "spark"]
     # Create directories
    for category in self.categories:
       (self.base_dir / category / "images").mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
       (self.base_dir / category / "labels").mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
  def create_synthetic_helmet_data(self, num_images=200):
     """Create synthetic helmet detection data"""
    print("Creating synthetic helmet detection data...")
    for i in range(num_images):
       # Create base image (construction site-like)
       img = np.random.randint(50, 200, (480, 640, 3), dtype=np.uint8)
       # Add helmet-like shapes
       num_helmets = np.random.randint(1, 4)
       labels = []
       for j in range(num_helmets):
         # Random helmet position
         x = np.random.randint(50, 590)
         y = np.random.randint(50, 430)
         w, h = np.random.randint(40, 80), np.random.randint(30, 60)
         # Draw helmet-like shape
         color = [255, 255, 0] if np.random.random() > 0.3 else [255, 255, 255] # Yellow or white helmets
          cv2.ellipse(img, (x, y), (w//2, h//2), 0, 0, 180, color, -1)
         # YOLO format: class_id center_x center_y width height (normalized)
         center_x = x / 640
         center_y = y / 480
         norm_w = w / 640
         norm_h = h / 480
```

```
labels.append(f"0 {center_x:.6f} {center_y:.6f} {norm_w:.6f} {norm_h:.6f}")
    # Save image and label
    img_path = self.base_dir / "helmet" / "images" / f"helmet_{i:04d}.jpg"
    label_path = self.base_dir / "helmet" / "labels" / f"helmet_{i:04d}.txt"
    cv2.imwrite(str(img_path), img)
    with open(label_path, 'w') as f:
       f.write('\n'.join(labels))
  print(f"Created {num_images} synthetic helmet images")
def create_synthetic_fire_data(self, num_images=200):
  """Create synthetic fire detection data"""
  print("Creating synthetic fire detection data...")
  for i in range(num_images):
    # Create dark base image
    img = np.random.randint(10, 80, (480, 640, 3), dtype=np.uint8)
    # Add fire-like regions
    num_fires = np.random.randint(1, 3)
    labels = []
    for j in range(num_fires):
       # Random fire position
       x = np.random.randint(50, 590)
       y = np.random.randint(50, 430)
       w, h = np.random.randint(60, 120), np.random.randint(80, 150)
       # Create fire-like gradient
       for dy in range(h):
         for dx in range(w):
            if dx + x < 640 and dy + y < 480:
              distance = np.sqrt(dx**2 + (dy - h*0.7)**2)
              if distance < w/2:
                 intensity = max(0, 1 - distance/(w/2))
                 img[y+dy, x+dx] = [
                   min(255, int(intensity * 255)), # Red
                   min(255, int(intensity * 200)), # Green
                   min(50, int(intensity * 100)) # Blue
       # YOLO format
       center_x = (x + w/2) / 640
       center_y = (y + h/2) / 480
```

```
norm_w = w / 640
       norm_h = h / 480
       labels.append(f"1 {center_x:.6f} {center_y:.6f} {norm_w:.6f} {norm_h:.6f}")
    # Save image and label
    img_path = self.base_dir / "fire" / "images" / f"fire_{i:04d}.jpg"
    label_path = self.base_dir / "fire" / "labels" / f"fire_{i:04d}.txt"
    cv2.imwrite(str(img_path), img)
    with open(label_path, 'w') as f:
       f.write('\n'.join(labels))
  print(f"Created {num_images} synthetic fire images")
def create_synthetic_spark_data(self, num_images=200):
  """Create synthetic spark detection data"""
  print("Creating synthetic spark detection data...")
  for i in range(num_images):
    # Create dark industrial-like base
    img = np.random.randint(20, 100, (480, 640, 3), dtype=np.uint8)
    # Add spark-like points
    num_sparks = np.random.randint(5, 20)
    labels = []
    spark_regions = []
    for j in range(np.random.randint(1, 3)): # 1-2 spark regions
       center_x = np.random.randint(100, 540)
       center_y = np.random.randint(100, 380)
       region_size = np.random.randint(80, 150)
       spark_count = 0
       for k in range(num_sparks):
         # Random position around center
         angle = np.random.random() * 2 * np.pi
         distance = np.random.random() * region_size
         x = int(center_x + distance * np.cos(angle))
         y = int(center_y + distance * np.sin(angle))
         if 0 < x < 640 and 0 < y < 480:
            # Draw bright spark point
            spark_size = np.random.randint(2, 6)
            cv2.circle(img, (x, y), spark_size, (255, 255, 255), -1)
```

```
cv2.circle(img, (x, y), spark_size+2, (100, 200, 255), 2)
               spark_count += 1
          if spark_count > 5: # Only label regions with enough sparks
            # YOLO format for the spark region
            norm_x = center_x / 640
            norm_y = center_y / 480
            norm_w = region_size / 640
            norm_h = region_size / 480
            labels.append(f"2 {norm_x:.6f} {norm_y:.6f} {norm_w:.6f} {norm_h:.6f}")
       # Save image and label
       img_path = self.base_dir / "spark" / "images" / f"spark_{i:04d}.jpg"
       label_path = self.base_dir / "spark" / "labels" / f"spark_{i:04d}.txt"
       cv2.imwrite(str(img_path), img)
       if labels:
          with open(label_path, 'w') as f:
            f.write('\n'.join(labels))
       else:
          # Create empty label file
          open(label_path, 'w').close()
     print(f"Created {num_images} synthetic spark images")
  def create_dataset_yaml(self):
     """Create YOLO dataset configuration"""
     yaml_content = f"""
# Safety Detection Dataset
path: {self.base_dir.absolute()}
train: images
val: images
# Classes
nc: 3
names: ['helmet', 'fire', 'spark']
     with open(self.base_dir / "dataset.yaml", 'w') as f:
       f.write(yaml_content.strip())
     print("Created dataset.yaml configuration")
  def create_all_datasets(self):
     """Create all synthetic datasets"""
     self.create_synthetic_helmet_data(200)
```

```
self.create_synthetic_fire_data(200)
self.create_synthetic_spark_data(200)
self.create_dataset_yaml()
print("All datasets created successfully!")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    creator = SafetyDatasetCreator()
    creator.create_all_datasets()
```

Step 2: Data Preprocessing Script

Create src/data_preprocessor.py):

python		

```
import os
import shutil
import random
from pathlib import Path
import cv2
import numpy as np
class DataPreprocessor:
  def __init__(self, data_dir="data", output_dir="processed_data"):
     self.data_dir = Path(data_dir)
     self.output_dir = Path(output_dir)
  def combine_and_split_data(self, train_ratio=0.8):
     """Combine all categories and split into train/val"""
     # Create output directories
     (self.output_dir / "images" / "train").mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
     (self.output_dir / "images" / "val").mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
     (self.output_dir / "labels" / "train").mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
     (self.output_dir / "labels" / "val").mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
     all_files = []
     # Collect all image files
     for category in ["helmet", "fire", "spark"]:
       img_dir = self.data_dir / category / "images"
       label_dir = self.data_dir / category / "labels"
       for img_file in img_dir.glob("*.jpg"):
          label_file = label_dir / f"{img_file.stem}.txt"
          if label_file.exists():
             all_files.append((img_file, label_file))
     # Shuffle and split
     random.shuffle(all_files)
     split_idx = int(len(all_files) * train_ratio)
     train_files = all_files[:split_idx]
     val_files = all_files[split_idx:]
     # Copy files
     for i, (img_file, label_file) in enumerate(train_files):
       new_img_name = f"train_{i:04d}.jpg"
       new_label_name = f"train_{i:04d}.txt"
       shutil.copy2(img_file, self.output_dir / "images" / "train" / new_img_name)
```

```
shutil.copy2(label_file, self.output_dir / "labels" / "train" / new_label_name)
     for i, (imq_file, label_file) in enumerate(val_files):
        new_img_name = f"val_{i:04d}.jpg"
        new_label_name = f"val_{i:04d}.txt"
        shutil.copy2(img_file, self.output_dir / "images" / "val" / new_img_name)
        shutil.copy2(label_file, self.output_dir / "labels" / "val" / new_label_name)
     print(f"Split data: {len(train_files)} train, {len(val_files)} validation")
     # Create updated dataset.yaml
     yaml_content = f"""
path: {self.output_dir.absolute()}
train: images/train
val: images/val
nc: 3
names: ['helmet', 'fire', 'spark']
     with open(self.output_dir / "dataset.yaml", 'w') as f:
        f.write(yaml_content.strip())
  def augment_data(self):
     """Apply data augmentation to training images"""
     train_img_dir = self.output_dir / "images" / "train"
     train_label_dir = self.output_dir / "labels" / "train"
     original_files = list(train_img_dir.glob("*.jpg"))
     for img_file in original_files[:50]: # Augment first 50 images
        img = cv2.imread(str(img_file))
        label_file = train_label_dir / f"{img_file.stem}.txt"
        if not label_file.exists():
          continue
       with open(label_file, 'r') as f:
          labels = f.read().strip().split('\n')
        # Horizontal flip
        flipped_img = cv2.flip(img, 1)
        flipped_labels = []
        for label in labels:
          if label.strip():
             parts = label.split()
```

```
class_id, center_x, center_y, width, height = parts

# Flip x coordinate

new_center_x = 1.0 - float(center_x)

flipped_labels.append(f"{class_id} {new_center_x:.6f} {center_y} {width} {height}")

# Save augmented image and labels

aug_img_name = f"{img_file.stem}_flip.jpg"

aug_label_name = f"{img_file.stem}_flip.txt"

cv2.imwrite(str(train_img_dir / aug_img_name), flipped_img)

with open(train_label_dir / aug_label_name, 'w') as f:
    f.write('\n'.join(flipped_labels))

print("Data augmentation completed")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    preprocessor = DataPreprocessor()
    preprocessor.combine_and_split_data()
    preprocessor.augment_data()
```

Step 3: Model Training Script

Create (src/model_trainer.py):

python

```
from ultralytics import YOLO
import torch
from pathlib import Path
class SafetyDetectionTrainer:
  def __init__(self, data_config="processed_data/dataset.yaml"):
    self.data_config = data_config
    self.model_dir = Path("models")
    self.model_dir.mkdir(exist_ok=True)
  def train_model(self, epochs=50, img_size=640, batch_size=16):
     """Train YOLO model for safety detection"""
    print("Starting model training...")
     print(f"Using device: {'cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu'}")
     # Load pre-trained YOLOv8 model
    model = YOLO('yolov8n.pt') # nano version for faster training
     # Train the model
    results = model.train(
       data=self.data_config,
       epochs=epochs,
       imgsz=img_size,
       batch=batch_size,
       name='safety_detection',
       patience=10,
       save=True.
       plots=True
     # Save the best model
    best_model_path = self.model_dir / "best_safety_model.pt"
    model.save(str(best_model_path))
     print(f"Training completed! Best model saved to: {best_model_path}")
    return results
  def validate_model(self, model_path="models/best_safety_model.pt"):
     """Validate the trained model"""
    model = YOLO(model_path)
     # Run validation
    metrics = model.val(data=self.data_config)
     print("Validation Results:")
```

```
print(f"mAP50: {metrics.box.map50:.4f}")
print(f"mAP50-95: {metrics.box.map:.4f}")

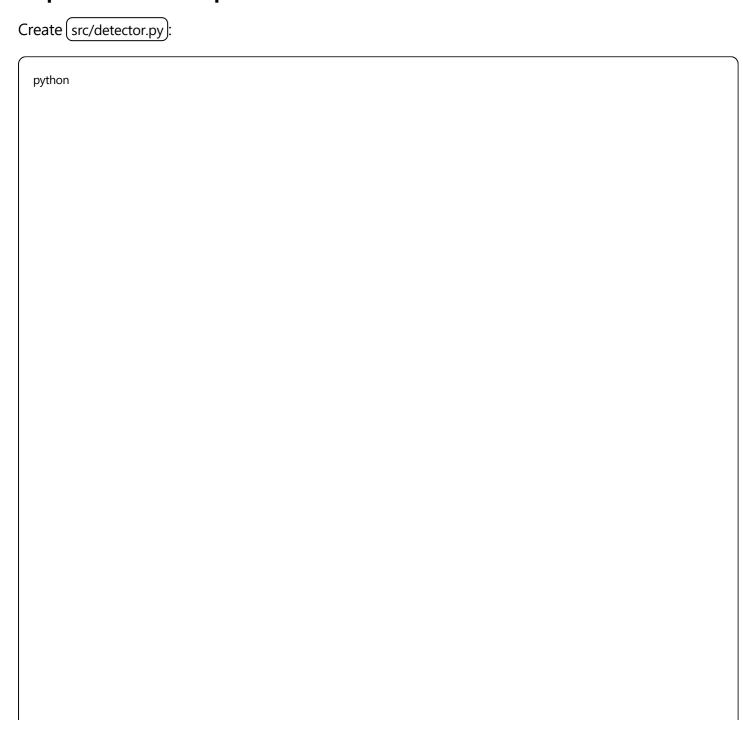
return metrics

if __name__ == "__main__":
    trainer = SafetyDetectionTrainer()

# Train model
results = trainer.train_model(epochs=30, batch_size=8) # Reduced for faster training

# Validate model
trainer.validate_model()
```

Step 4: Detection Script



```
from ultralytics import YOLO
import cv2
import numpy as np
from pathlib import Path
class SafetyDetector:
  def __init__(self, model_path="models/best_safety_model.pt"):
    self.model = YOLO(model_path)
    self.class_names = ['helmet', 'fire', 'spark']
    self.colors = {
       'helmet': (0, 255, 0), # Green
       'fire': (0, 0, 255), # Red
       'spark': (255, 255, 0) # Yellow
  def detect_image(self, image_path, conf_threshold=0.5):
     """Detect safety objects in an image"""
     # Run inference
    results = self.model(image_path, conf=conf_threshold)
     # Load image
    img = cv2.imread(str(image_path))
     # Process results
    for result in results:
       boxes = result.boxes
       if boxes is not None:
         for box in boxes:
            # Get box coordinates
            x1, y1, x2, y2 = box.xyxy[0].cpu().numpy()
            conf = box.conf[0].cpu().numpy()
            class_id = int(box.cls[0].cpu().numpy())
            # Get class name and color
            class_name = self.class_names[class_id]
            color = self.colors[class_name]
            # Draw bounding box
            cv2.rectangle(img, (int(x1), int(y1)), (int(x2), int(y2)), color, 2)
            # Draw label
            label = f"{class_name}: {conf:.2f}"
            cv2.putText(img, label, (int(x1), int(y1)-10),
                  cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 0.5, color, 2)
```

```
return img
def detect_video(self, video_path, output_path="output_video.mp4"):
  """Detect safety objects in a video"""
  cap = cv2.VideoCapture(str(video_path))
  # Get video properties
  fps = int(cap.get(cv2.CAP_PROP_FPS))
  width = int(cap.get(cv2.CAP_PROP_FRAME_WIDTH))
  height = int(cap.get(cv2.CAP_PROP_FRAME_HEIGHT))
  # Define codec and create VideoWriter
  fourcc = cv2.VideoWriter_fourcc(*'mp4v')
  out = cv2.VideoWriter(output_path, fourcc, fps, (width, height))
  while True:
    ret, frame = cap.read()
    if not ret:
       break
    # Run detection on frame
    results = self.model(frame, conf=0.5)
    # Process results
    for result in results:
       boxes = result.boxes
       if boxes is not None:
         for box in boxes:
            x1, y1, x2, y2 = box.xyxy[0].cpu().numpy()
            conf = box.conf[0].cpu().numpy()
            class_id = int(box.cls[0].cpu().numpy())
            class_name = self.class_names[class_id]
            color = self.colors[class_name]
            cv2.rectangle(frame, (int(x1), int(y1)), (int(x2), int(y2)), color, 2)
            label = f"{class_name}: {conf:.2f}"
            cv2.putText(frame, label, (int(x1), int(y1)-10),
                  cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 0.5, color, 2)
    # Write frame
    out.write(frame)
  # Release everything
  cap.release()
```

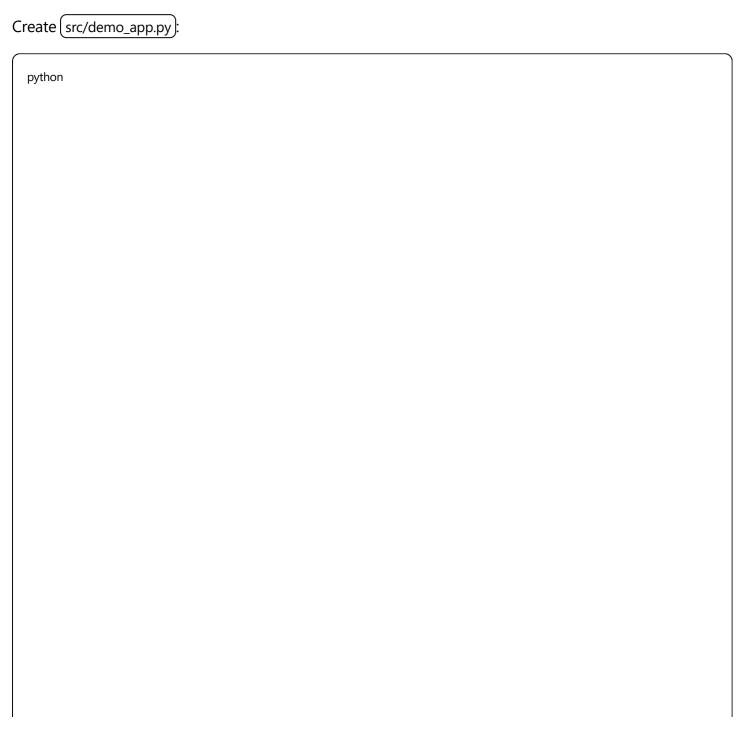
```
out.release()
    cv2.destroyAllWindows()

print(f"Video processing completed: {output_path}")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    detector = SafetyDetector()

# Test with an image
    test_img = detector.detect_image("processed_data/images/val/val_0001.jpg")
    cv2.imshow("Detection Result", test_img)
    cv2.waitKey(0)
    cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

Step 5: Demo App



```
import streamlit as st
import cv2
import numpy as np
from PIL import Image
import tempfile
import os
from detector import SafetyDetector
@st.cache_resource
def load_detector():
  return SafetyDetector("models/best_safety_model.pt")
def main():
  st.title(" A Safety & Surveillance Detection System")
  st.write("Upload an image to detect helmets, fire, and electrical sparks")
  # Load detector
  try:
    detector = load_detector()
  except:
    st.error("Model not found! Please train the model first using model_trainer.py")
    return
  # Sidebar
  st.sidebar.title("Settings")
  confidence = st.sidebar.slider("Confidence Threshold", 0.1, 1.0, 0.5, 0.1)
  # File upload
  uploaded_file = st.file_uploader("Choose an image", type=['jpg', 'jpeg', 'png'])
  if uploaded_file is not None:
    # Display original image
    image = Image.open(uploaded_file)
    col1, col2 = st.columns(2)
    with col1:
      st.subheader("Original Image")
      st.image(image, use_column_width=True)
    # Save uploaded file temporarily
    with tempfile.NamedTemporaryFile(delete=False, suffix='.jpg') as tmp_file:
      image.save(tmp_file.name)
```

```
# Run detection
       with st.spinner("Detecting safety objects..."):
         result_img = detector.detect_image(tmp_file.name, conf_threshold=confidence)
       # Display result
       with col2:
         st.subheader("Detection Results")
         st.image(cv2.cvtColor(result_img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB), use_column_width=True)
       # Clean up
       os.unlink(tmp_file.name)
  # Instructions
  st.markdown("""
  ## How to use:
  1. **Train the model**: Run `python src/model_trainer.py` first
  2. **Upload an image**: Use the file uploader above
  3. **Adjust confidence**: Use the slider in the sidebar
  4. **View results**: Detection boxes will appear on the right
  ## Detection Classes:
  - 🚇 **Helmet** (Green boxes): Safety helmets on construction workers
  - **Fire** (Red boxes): Fire or flames in electrical equipment
  - **Spark** (Yellow boxes): Electrical sparks or arcing
  mmy
if __name__ == "__main__":
  main()
```

Step 6: Requirements File

Create requirements.txt:

```
torch>=2.0.0
torchvision>=0.15.0
ultralytics>=8.0.0
opencv-python>=4.8.0
pillow>=9.5.0
numpy>=1.24.0
matplotlib>=3.7.0
streamlit>=1.28.0
requests>=2.31.0
beautifulsoup4>=4.12.0
```

Running Instructions

1. Setup Environment

bash

In PyCharm terminal

pip install -r requirements.txt

2. Create Dataset

bash

python src/dataset_creator.py

3. Preprocess Data

bash

python src/data_preprocessor.py

4. Train Model

bash

python src/model_trainer.py

5. Test Detection

bash

python src/detector.py

6. Run Demo App

bash

streamlit run src/demo_app.py

Expected Timeline

• Dataset Creation: 30 minutes

• Model Training: 2-4 hours (depending on hardware)

Testing & Demo: 30 minutes

• **Total**: ~4-5 hours

Tips for Success

- 1. Start Simple: Begin with helmet detection only, add others if time permits
- 2. Use GPU: Training will be much faster with CUDA-enabled GPU
- 3. **Monitor Training**: Watch loss curves to avoid overfitting
- 4. **Test Early**: Validate on sample images during training
- 5. **Backup Plan**: Keep a simple rule-based detector as fallback

Troubleshooting

- CUDA errors: Use CPU training with smaller batch sizes
- **Memory issues**: Reduce image size or batch size
- **Poor detection**: Increase dataset size or training epochs
- **Slow training**: Use YOLOv8n (nano) instead of larger models

Good luck with your hackathon! 🚀