Functions			Example:
,	strrchr()	This function finds the last occurrenc e of a character and returns the part of the string from that occurrenc e to the end.	<pre><?php \$text = "This is a test string."; \$substring = strrchr(\$text, "t"); echo "Last Occurrence: \$substring"; ?> Output: Last Occurrence: tring.</pre>
۲	str_shuffle ()	This function randomly shuffles the characters in a string.	<pre><?php \$text = "Hello, World!"; \$shuffled = str_shuffle(\$text); echo "Shuffled: \$shuffled"; ?> Output: Shuffled: IdHoeWl,r ol!</pre>
٣	strtolower ()	This function converts a string to lowercase .	<pre><?php \$text = "Hello, World!"; \$lowercase = strtolower(\$text); echo "Lowercase: \$lowercase"; ?> Output: Lowercase: hello, world</pre>
٤	strcasecm p()	This function performs the same	php \$string1 = "apple";</td

		 	1
		task as strcmp(),	\$string2 = "Apple";
		however,	<pre>\$result = strcasecmp(\$string1, \$string2);</pre>
		function is not case-	echo "Case-Insensitive Comparison Result: \$result";
		sensitive.	?>
			Output:
			Case-Insensitive Comparison Result: 0
		This	
		function	∠2nhn
		finds the	php</td
		first	Stout - "This is a tast string ".
		occurrenc	\$text = "This is a test string.";
		e of a	Competring - street/(Ctoyt "tost").
		substring	\$substring = strstr(\$text, "test");
٥	ctrctr()	and	acha "Faundi Éculetring".
	strstr()	returns	echo "Found: \$substring";
		the part	?>
		of the	!?
		string	Output:
		from that	Output.
		occurrenc	Found: test string.
		e to the	round, test string.
		end.	
			php</td
			\$text = "This is a test string.";
		This is the case-	\$substring = stristr(\$text, "Test");
٦	stristr()	insensitiv e version	echo "Found (Case-Insensitive): \$substring";
		of strstr().	?>
			Output:
			Found (Case-Insensitive): test string.
		This	php</td
		function	1
		reverses	\$text = "Hello, World!";
٧	strrev()	the order	
		of a	\$reversed = strrev(\$text);
		string.	echo "Reversed: \$reversed";

		1	7
			?>
			Output:
			Reversed: !dlroW ,olleH
			php</td
	rtrim()	This function removes whitespac e from the end of a string.	\$text = " Hello, World! ";
			<pre>\$rightTrimmed = rtrim(\$text);</pre>
٨			echo "Right Trimmed: \$rightTrimmed";
			?>
			Output:
			Right Trimmed: Hello, World!
			php</td
	ltrim()	This function removes whitespace () e from the beginning of a string.	\$text = " Hello, World! ";
			\$leftTrimmed = ltrim(\$text);
٩			echo "Left Trimmed: \$leftTrimmed";
			?>
			Output:
			Left Trimmed: Hello, World!
			php</td
	trim()	This removes whitespac e or other characters from the beginning and end of a string.	\$text = " Hello, World! ";
			\$trimmed = trim(\$text);
			echo "Trimmed: \$trimmed";
			?>
			Output:
			Trimmed: Hello, World!

			php</th
			· p · · p
		- 1.	\$text = "La ";
		This function repeats a	<pre>\$repeatedText = str_repeat(\$text, 3);</pre>
,	str_repeat ()	string a specified	echo "Repetition: \$repeatedText";
		number of times.	?>
			Output:
			Repetition: La La La
			php</td
			\$text = "Hello, World!";
		This function	\$length = strlen(\$text);
7	strlen()	returns the length	echo "The length of the string is \$length characters.";
		of a string.	?>
			Output:
			The length of the string is 13 characters.
			php</td
		This	\$text = "This is a test string.";
		function finds the	\$pos = strpos(\$text, "test");
7	strpos()	position of a	echo "The word 'test' starts at position \$pos.";
		substring in a string.	?>
			Output:
			The word 'test' starts at position 10.
		this	php</td
		function also finds	\$text = "This is a test string.";
1 1	stripos()	the position	\$pos = stripos(\$text, "Test");
		of a substring in a string.	echo "The word 'Test' starts at position \$pos.";
		substring in a string.	echo "The word 'Test' starts at position \$pos.";

			٦.
			?>
			Output:
			The word 'Test' starts at position 10.
			php</td
			, p p
			\$text = "Hello, World!";
		This	\$substring = substr(\$text, 0, 5);
١,	substr()	function extracts a	
0		substring	echo "The first 5 characters are: \$substring";
		from a	?>
		string	.,
			Output:
			The first 5 characters are: Hello
			php</td
		This	A
		function replaces	\$text = "Hello, World!";
			<pre>\$newText = str_replace("World", "Universe", \$text);</pre>
,	str_replac	all occurrenc	
٦	e()	es of a	echo "Replaced: \$newText";
		substring	?>
		with	
		another substring.	Output:
			Replaced: Hello, Universe!
			php</td
	parse_str()	This function parses a	A 11 40 5 1 5"
			<pre>\$query = "param1=value1&param2=value2";</pre>
1			parse_str(\$query, \$vars);
'		query string into	
		variables.	print_r(\$vars);
			?>
		This	php</td
	nl2br()	This function inserts HTML line	
,			<pre>\$text = "This is a\nmultiline\nstring.";</pre>
٨			\$brText = nl2br(\$text);
		breaks	φωτιολί τημωτίφιολί),
		before all	echo "With Line Breaks: \$brText";

	Т	1	7
		new lines	
		in a string.	?>
			Output:
			·
			With Line Breaks: This is a
			multiline
			materine sor y
			string.
			php</td
			<: μιίρ
			Ćtovt – "Hollo Morld!".
		Th:a	\$text = "Hello, World!";
		This	dhaala haala (lalaa 35 Cl. dha 1)
		function	\$hash = hash('sha <u>256</u> ', \$text);
		calculates	
,		the hash	echo "SHA- <u>256</u> Hash: \$hash";
٩	hash(value	
		using a	?>
		specified	
		hash	Output:
		function.	
			SHA- <u>256</u> Hash:
			dffd <u>6021</u> bb2bd5b0af <u>676290809</u> ec3a <u>53191</u> dd81c7f70a4b <u>28688</u> a <u>3</u>
			<u>62182986</u> f
			php</td
			\$text = "Hello, World!";
			queste mene, treme,
		This	\$hash = sha1(\$text);
		function	γιιαστί = στιατίφτολτή,
۲	sha1/)	calculates	echo "SHA-1 Hash: \$hash";
•	sha1()	the SHA-1	ecilo Sha-i nasii. Şilasii ,
		hash of a	2.
		string.	?>
			Output:
			SHA-1 Hash: 0a0a9f2a <u>6772942557</u> ab <u>5355</u> d76af <u>442</u> f8f65e01