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# Zigbee PRO Green Power feature specification Basic functionality set version 1.1.2

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Abstract This document is a maintenance release of the Green Power Basic v1.1.1 specification, containing all applicable errata.

Keywords Zigbee, Green Power, Battery-less, Energy Harvesting, Green Power stub, Green Power Cluster, Green Power Basic, generic switch, Compact Attribute Reporting, multi-sensor, set-point

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## Revision history

Revision	Version	Date	Details	Editor
000	21-67511	May2021	CCB3491, sink-proxy table over the air format when GP cluster command "ReadProxy/Sink table" is used	Perrot Alexandre
001	21-67511			
002	21-67511	June2021	CCB3191+update some ref for ccb3491	Perrot Alexandre
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183

184

185

## 1 Introduction

186

### 1.1 Scope

187

This document describes all the technical aspects related with the Green Power feature, incl. the specification of the Green Power Device definitions and frame format, Green Power Proxy and Green Power Sink definitions, and behavior, incl. Green Power cluster specification, Green Power stub specification, and commissioning procedures.

188

### 1.2 Purpose of the Document

189

This document contains the specification of the Green Power feature.

190

191

192

## 193 2 References

### 194 2.1 Normative references

#### 195 2.1.1 Connectivity Standards Alliance documents

- 196 [1] CSA document 053474r21 (or later release), Zigbee Specification
- 197 [2] CSA document 08006, Zigbee-2007 Layer PICS and Stack Profiles
- 198 [3] CSA document 075123r06, Zigbee Cluster Library Specification r06
- 199 [4] CSA document 094991, Green Power Technical Requirements Document (TRD)
- 200 [5] CSA document 15-0015-15, Green Power Basic test specification v1.1.2
- 201 [6] CSA document 15-0006-14, Green Power Basic PICS v1.1.2
- 202 [7] CSA document 053874, Zigbee Manufacturer Code Database
- 203 [8] CSA document 106138, Recommendation for Zigbee PRO Interoperability Across Profiles
- 204 [9] CSA document 115337, Green Power SrcID Policy Proposal
- 205 [10] CSA document 106050r03, Zigbee Device Interworking
- 206 [11] CSA document 115456r04 or later, Cluster List
- 207 [12] CSA document 120525, Product Details Guidelines
- 208 [13] CSA document 13-0166, List of Green Power Device Definitions
- 209 [14] CSA document, Errata for Green Power Basic specification
- 210 [15] CSA document 13-0589, Zigbee Application Architecture, revision 13 or later
- 211 [16] CSA document 16-02617-006, GP Basic PICS to test case mapping v1.1.2
- 212 [17] CSA document 16-02615-003, Green Power Basic XML PICS v1.1.2

#### 213 2.1.2 ISO / IEEE Standards Documents

- 214 [18] Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., IEEE Std. 802.15.4 2011, IEEE Standard for Information Technology Telecommunications and Information Exchange between Systems – Local and Metropolitan Area Networks – Specific Requirements Part 15.4: Wireless Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications for Low Rate Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPANs). New York: IEEE Press. 2011
- 215 [19] FIPS Pub 198, The Keyed-Hash Message Authentication Code (HMAC), Federal Information Processing Standards Publication 198, US Department of Commerce/N.I.S.T., Springfield, Virginia, March 6, 2002. Available from <http://csrc.nist.gov/>.

### 222 2.2 Informative references

#### 223 2.2.1 Connectivity Standards Alliance documents

- 224 [20] CSA document 053520, Zigbee Home Automation Profile Specification
- 225 [21] CSA document 105859, Zigbee Building Automation Profile Specification
- 226 [22] CSA document 11197, GP best practices for ZHA
- 227 [23] CSA document 11196, GP best practices for ZBA

## 228 3 Definitions

### 229 3.1 Conformance levels

230 Expected: A key word used to describe the behavior of the hardware or software in the design models  
231 assumed by this profile. Other hardware and software design models MAY also be implemented.

232 MAY: A key word indicating a course of action permissible within the limits of the standard (MAY  
233 equals is permitted).

234 SHALL: A key word indicating mandatory requirements to be strictly followed in order to conform to  
235 the standard; deviations from SHALL are prohibited (SHALL equals is required to).

236 SHOULD: A key word indicating that, among several possibilities, one is recommended as particularly  
237 suitable, without mentioning or excluding others; that a certain course of action is preferred but not  
238 necessarily required; or, that (in the negative form) a certain course of action is deprecated but not pro-  
239 hibited (SHOULD equals is recommended that).

### 240 3.2 Conventions

#### 241 3.2.1 Number formats

242 In this specification hexadecimal numbers are prefixed with the designation “0x” and binary numbers  
243 are prefixed with the designation “0b”. All other numbers are assumed to be decimal.

#### 244 3.2.2 Transmission order

245 The frames in this specification are described as a sequence of fields in a specific order. All frame for-  
246 mats are depicted in the order in which they are transmitted by the PHY, from left to right where the  
247 leftmost bit is transmitted first in time. Bits within each field are numbered from 0 (leftmost and least  
248 significant) to k-1 (rightmost and most significant), where the length of the field is k bits. Fields that  
249 are longer than a single octet are sent to the MAC in the order from the octet containing the lowest  
250 numbered bits to the octet containing the highest numbered bits.

#### 251 3.2.3 Reserved values

252 To support backward- and forward-compatibility, devices SHALL ignore any values or bit settings for  
253 any reserved field or sub-field, and SHALL try to process the frame. If the field or sub-fields is  
254 necessary for interpreting or necessary for use in conjunction with other fields, the whole message  
255 MAY be ignored.

256 The future definition of the fields and sub-fields reserved in the current version of the specification,  
257 unless explicitly stated otherwise, is reserved solely for Zigbee specifications; manufacturers SHALL  
258 NOT use the reserved sub-field or reserved field values or bit settings.

260 Unless explicitly specified otherwise, devices SHOULD try to process a frame with a defined field or  
261 sub-field set to a value which is marked as a reserved value according to the specification the device is  
262 implemented against. Devices SHALL NOT try to process a frame with ClusterIDs, and cluster-  
263 specific CommandIDs and AttributeIDs which they do not support; the ZCL [3] specifies rules for  
264 reporting error in such a case.

265 The future definition of the reserved values of fields and sub-fields, unless explicitly stated otherwise,  
266 is reserved solely for Zigbee specifications; manufacturers SHALL NOT use the reserved values of  
267 sub-fields or fields.

269 To enable future growth and ensure backward- and forward-compatibility, any existing devices which  
 270 encounter any fields applied after the end of a command SHALL treat them as reserved fields.  
 271 The future addition of fields applied after the end of defined cluster commands are reserved solely for  
 272 Zigbee specifications; Manufacturers SHALL NOT add fields after the end of commands.

### 273 3.3 Zigbee Definitions

274 **Attribute:** A data entity which represents a physical quantity or state. This data is communicated to  
 275 other devices using commands.

276 **Cluster:** A collection of related attributes and commands, which together define a communications in-  
 277 terface between two devices. The devices implement server and client sides of the interface respective-  
 278 ly.

279 **Cluster identifier:** A 16-bit number unique within the scope of an application profile which identifies  
 280 a specific cluster.

281 **Device:** A device consists of one or more Zigbee device descriptions and their corresponding applica-  
 282 tion profile(s), each on a separate endpoint, that share a single 802.15.4 radio (see [18]). Each device  
 283 has a unique 64-bit IEEE address.

284 **Device Description:** A collection of clusters and associated functionality implemented on a Zigbee  
 285 endpoint. Device descriptions are defined in the scope of an application profile. Each device descrip-  
 286 tion has a unique identifier that is exchanged as part of the discovery process.

287 **Node:** Same as a device.

288 **Product:** A product is a unit that is intended to be marketed. It MAY implement a combination of  
 289 private, published, and standard application profiles.

290 **Trust Center:** The device trusted by devices within a Zigbee network to distribute keys for the purpose  
 291 of network and end-to-end application configuration management (see [1]).

292 **Zigbee Coordinator:** An IEEE 802.15.4-2003 PAN coordinator (see [18]).

293 **Zigbee End Device:** An IEEE 802.15.4-2003 RFD (Reduced Function Device) or FFD (Full Function  
 294 Device) (see [18]) participating in a Zigbee network, which is neither the Zigbee coordinator nor a  
 295 Zigbee router.

296 **Zigbee Router:** An IEEE 802.15.4-2003 FFD (Full Function Device) participating in a Zigbee net-  
 297 work, which is not the Zigbee coordinator but MAY act as an IEEE 802.15.4-2003 coordinator within  
 298 its personal operating space, that is capable of routing messages between devices and supporting asso-  
 299 ciations.

### 300 3.4 Definitions specific to Green Power feature

301 **Application endpoint** – Any endpoint other than the dedicated Green Power End Point, hosting applica-  
 302 tion control functionality.

303 **(In)active (Proxy Table) entry** – Proxy Table entry, for which the EntryActive flag is set to TRUE  
 304 (FALSE), respectively.

305 **(In)valid (Proxy Table) entry** – Proxy Table entry, for which the EntryValid flag is set to TRUE  
 306 (FALSE), respectively.

307 **Broadcast** – Whenever NWK level broadcast transmission is mentioned within this specification for  
 308 the GP-defined commands without further description, or where no further description is provided by  
 309 the Zigbee specification for the Zigbee-defined commands, the RxOnWhenIdle=TRUE (0xffffd) broad-  
 310 cast address SHALL be used.

311 **Direct mode** – Sink receiving directly the GPFS in GPD frame format sent by GPD, if in the radio  
312 range of the GPD.

313 **(GPD command) Execution (at the sink)** - all actions of the GP endpoint of the GP sink leading to  
314 providing GP application input to the application on the same radio node. The actions may include  
315 GPD command translation, mapping to local application endpoints, forwarding to local application  
316 endpoints, local GPD storage, update of attributes, combination with other control inputs, and user  
317 feedback.

318 **Fully Compliant Zigbee Device** – Device implemented according to Zigbee 2007 or Zigbee PRO  
319 stack profile, having the role of either ZR or ZED.

320 **Green Power Device Frame (GPDF)** – Special frame format according to the Green Power specifica-  
321 tion, which is transmitted by or received by GPD.

322 **Groupcast** – One of the communication modes used for tunneling GPD commands between the prox-  
323 ies and sinks. In Zigbee terms, it is the APS level multicast, with NWK level broadcast to the  
324 RxOnWhenIdle=TRUE (0xffffd) broadcast address.

325 **Pairing** – The unidirectional logical link between a Green Power Device and a destination endpoint,  
326 which MAY exist on one or more sinks, which makes the sink handle the commands received from this  
327 particular GPD. Of particular importance is the configuration procedure leading to the establishment of  
328 this special relationship.

329 **Portability** – Ability to re-establish communication at a different location, without interruption or re-  
330 commissioning.

331 **Green Power End Point (GPEP)** – a dedicated reserved endpoint, residing on top of the GP stub,  
332 hosting the Green Power cluster.

333 **Tunneled mode** – Sink receiving the GPFS forwarded by a proxy located in the radio range of the  
334 GPD. This forwarding uses a normal Zigbee frame format but a specific ZCL command from the Green  
335 Power cluster: the GP Notification command. The exact conditions for sending the GP Notification  
336 command are determined by the *CommunicationMode* sub-field of the Proxy Table entry, defining two  
337 groupcast and two unicast modes, see Table 27.

338 **Data GPDF** – Any GPDF that carries a GPD Command other than GPD Commissioning (0xE0) or  
339 GPD Commissioning Reply (0xF0) or GPD Decommissioning (0xE1), GPD Channel Request (0xE3),  
340 GPD Channel Configuration (0xF3), GPD Application Description (0xE4) or any other GPD command  
341 from the GPD CommandID range 0xE0 – 0xEF.

342 **GPD Data command** – Any GPD Command other than GPD Commissioning (0xE0) or GPD Com-  
343 missioning Reply (0xF0), GPD Decommissioning (0xE1), GPD Success (0xE2), GPD Channel Re-  
344 quest (0xE3), GPD Channel Configuration (0xF3), GPD Application Description (0xE4) or any other  
345 GPD command from the GPD CommandID range 0xE0 – 0xEF.

346 **Green Power Device (GPD)** – A self-powering, energy-harvesting device that implements the Green  
347 Power feature.

348 **Green Power Device (GPD) ID** – Unique identifier of the GPD, either the 4B SrcID or the IEEE ad-  
349 dress.

350 **Green Power Proxy Basic (GPPB) or Basic Proxy** – A proxy that only implements the basic GP  
351 proxy functionality, as defined in section 0.

352 **Green Power Manager (GPM)** - A Zigbee device capable of managing Green Power functionality,  
353 during commissioning or operation, e.g. a GP Commissioning Tool.

354 **Green Power Proxy (GPP) or proxy** – A fully compliant Zigbee device, which in addition to the core  
355 Zigbee specification also implements proxy functionality of the Green Power feature. The proxy is able  
356 to handle GPDFs and acts as an intermediate node between the GPD and sinks on the Zigbee network.

357 **Green Power Sink (GPS) or sink** – A fully compliant Zigbee device, which in addition to a core  
358 Zigbee specification also implements the sink functionality of the Green Power feature, basic or ad-  
359 vanced. The sink is thus capable of receiving, processing and executing GPD commands, tunneled and  
360 optionally also directly received.

361 **Green Power Target (GPT) or Target** – A fully compliant Zigbee device, which in addition to a core  
362 Zigbee specification also implements the sink functionality of Green Power Cluster, allowing for re-  
363 ceiving, processing and executing tunneled GPD commands, as defined in section A.3.2.1. In the cur-  
364 rent version of the specification, a GPT can only be implemented on a ZED, because implementation of  
365 Basic Proxy is mandatory for ZR.

366 **Green Power Target+ (GPT+) or Target+** – A Target which also implements the GP stub. A Target+  
367 can thus receive, process and execute both tunneled and directly received GPD commands, as defined  
368 in section A.3.2.2. In the current version of the specification, a GPT can only be implemented on a  
369 ZED, because implementation of Basic Proxy is mandatory for ZR.

370 **Green Power Combo (GPC) or Combo** – A fully compliant Zigbee device, which in addition to a core  
371 Zigbee specification also implements both the proxy and the sink functionality of the Green Power  
372 feature. A Combo can thus receive, process and execute both tunneled and directly received GPD  
373 commands (in its sink role), as well as forward them to other GP nodes (in its proxy role).

374 **Green Power Combo Basic (GPCB) or Basic Combo** – A combo that only implements the basic GP  
375 combo functionality, for both sink and proxy, as defined in section A.3.2.7.

376 **Common Green Power Stub (cGP)** – Term used for describing the common functionality of Green  
377 Power for sending and receiving data packets.

378 **Dedicated Green Power Stub (dGP)** – Term used for describing the dedicated Green Power applica-  
379 tion.

380 **Dedicated LPED Stub (dLPED)** – Term used for describing the dedicated Low Power End Device  
381 Application (defined by the Low Power End Device task group).

382 **Maintained switch** – a switch that stays in its active position state until actuated into a new one, and  
383 then remains in that state until acted upon once again.

384 **Momentary switch** - a switch that only remain in its active position as long as it is actuated (pressed,  
385 held, magnetized, etc.). If not being actuated, it remains in its neutral position.

386 **Rocker, rocker switch** – a switch that can be actuated in one of two ways at a time, typically by  
387 tapping or pressing on top or bottom part, whereby the switch mechanical design physically prevents  
388 both types of actuation at the same time. In case of a realization using the GPD 8-bit vector press  
389 command, both types of actuation result in a different vector (contact status). A Green Power rocker  
390 switch is typically a momentary switch. Implementing a Green Power rocker switch as a maintained  
391 switch may also be possible; however, such a switch will send two commands on each action (release  
392 of the previous action and press of the new action), which can happen to arrive at the receiving  
393 application in reversed order; that should then be taken into account in the application.

394 **Pushbutton, button, pushbutton switch** – a switch that can only be actuated in one way. A Green  
395 Power pushbutton switch is typically a momentary switch.

396 **Subsequent commissioning** – ability to successfully complete commissioning exchange for an already  
397 commissioned GPDF, without prior reset.

## 4 Acronyms and abbreviations

ACK	Acknowledgement
AIB	Application support layer Information Base
APDU	Application Protocol Data Unit
APS	Application Support Sub-layer
BTT	Broadcast Transaction Table
cGP	Common Green Power stub
dGP	Dedicated Green Power stub
dLPED	Dedicated Low Power End Device stub
GP	Green Power
GPC	Green Power Combo device
GPCB	Green Power Combo Basic device
GPCm	Green Power Combo Minimum device
GPCT	Green Power Commissioning Tool device
GPD	Green Power Device
GPEP	Green Power End Point
GPDF	Green Power Device Frame
GPD ID	Green Power Device Identifier
GPFS	Green Power Frame Sequence
GPM	Green Power Manager
GPP	Green Power Proxy device
GPPB	Green Power Proxy Basic
GPS	Green Power Sink device
GPT	Green Power Target device
GPT+	Green Power Target Plus device
HMAC	Keyed Hash Message Authentication Code
LPED	Low Power End Device
LSB	Least Significant Byte
MAC	Medium Access Control layer
MIC	Message Integrity Code
MPDU	MAC Protocol Data Unit
NPDU	Network Protocol Data Unit
PAN	Personal Area Network
SAP	Service Access Point
SrcID	GPD Source identifier
ZCL	Zigbee Cluster Library
ZED	Zigbee End Device
ZR	Zigbee Router
ZBA	Zigbee Commercial Building Automation application profile
ZHA	Zigbee Home Automation application profile
ZSE	Zigbee Smart Energy application profile

399

## 5 Certification status

400  
401

Section 3.1 and 3.2 of the Green Power Proxy Basic PICS document [6] provide an overview of GP certifiable and non-certifiable functionality.

## 402 6 Overview

403 The goal of this specification is to allow for usage of energy-harvesting devices within the Zigbee eco-  
404 system.

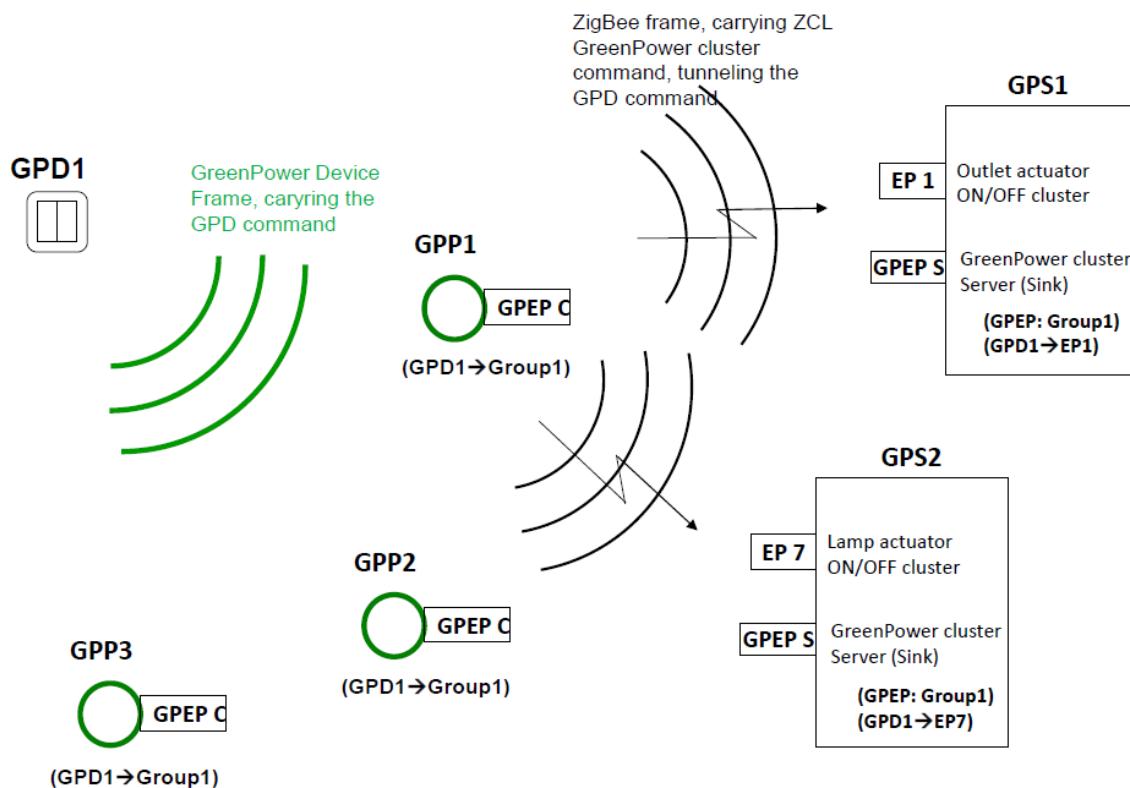
405 Such Green Power Devices, GPD, MAY harvest different amounts of energy depending on the harvesting  
406 technology used. With its own available energy budget, each GPD has special requirements regard-  
407 ing the functionality it can implement. This specification defines different options which MAY be im-  
408 plemented by GPD depending on its energy budget, manufacturer choices and also profiles require-  
409 ments.

410 Since GPD have very limited energy budget, the standard association-based two-way communication  
411 model of Zigbee is not readily applicable. To enable GPD to communicate to Zigbee network, this  
412 specification defines a new frame format for GPD (see sec. A.1.4), referred to as Green Power Device  
413 Frame (GPDF), much shorter than the Zigbee frame.

414 On the Zigbee network side, this specification defines the GP functionality required on a Zigbee node  
415 in order to receive and process the GPDF, and then tunnel it, if required – across multiple hops, in a  
416 normal Zigbee frame format to the paired to-be-controlled node, referred to as the sink, which process-  
417 es and acts upon the information sent by GPD. That GP functionality is GP stub (section A.1) and  
418 Green Power cluster (section A.3), respectively.

419 This specification provides a way to commission GPD into a Zigbee network in order to pair GPD with  
420 the to-be-controlled nodes (section A.3.9).

421 Figure 1 provides a system overview for the networks involving Green Power devices.  
422



424  
425 **Figure 1 – System overview for the Green Power feature**

426 The Green Power solution relies on the fact, that the future generation of Green Power sinks to be con-  
427 trolled by the GPD, implements the server side of the Green Power cluster, to interpret and act upon  
428 selected GPD commands. This architectural choice allows for simple operation of the Green Power  
429 proxy devices, which only have to tunnel the received GPDF to the sink, without translating it into a  
430 proper ZCL command. This makes the proxies application- and profile-agnostic and thus forward-  
431 compatible with any future GPD types.

432 The sinks manage their own pairings, and propagate to the proxies only the relevant information, re-  
433 quired for the tunneling. There is no fixed parent for the GPD; all proxies compete for the forwarding  
434 per packet. Thus, tunneling works in a fully distributed, self-organizing manner, while providing re-  
435 dundancy and reliability for the communication with GPD.

436

## 437 7 Candidate ZCL material for use with this specification

438 The candidate material in section A.3 MAY be merged into the Zigbee Cluster Library (ZCL) [3] by  
439 the Cluster Library Development Board.

440 The new cluster to be included in the ZCL has been allocated the ClusterID indicated in Table 1 by the  
441 Cluster Library Development Board (see also [11]).

442 **Table 1 – Clusters ID allocation for candidate clusters**

Functional Do- main	Cluster Name	Provisional ClusterID	Where specified
General	Green Power cluster	0x0021	A.3

## 443 A.1 Green Power stub

### 444 A.1.1 Overview

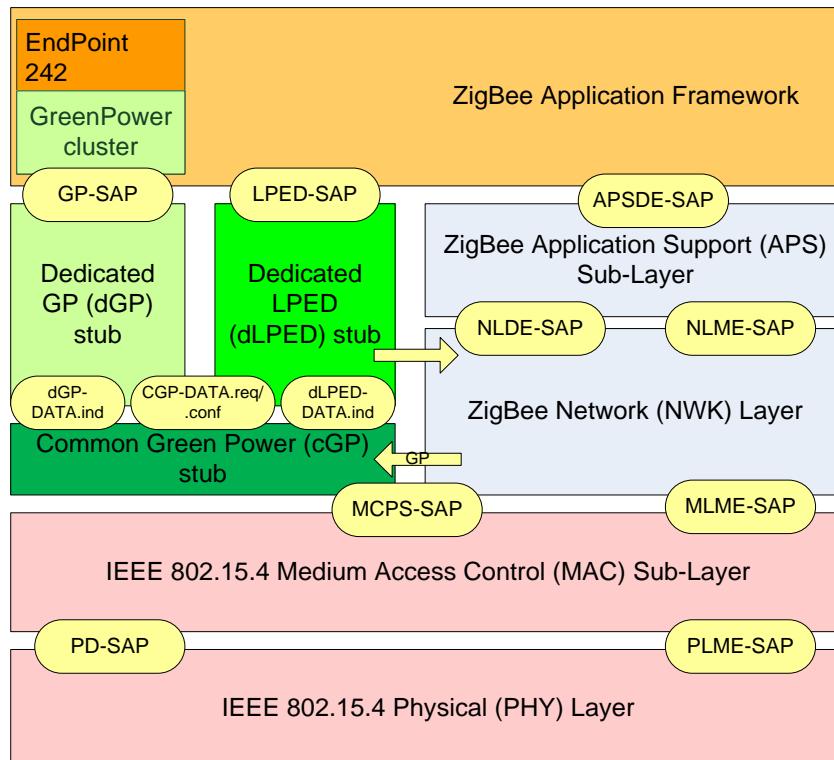
445 Figure 2 shows a schematic view of how the GP communication mechanism works within a Zigbee  
 446 stack. GP data exchanges are handled by a dedicated “stub”, which is similar to the one specified in the  
 447 ZSE profile for Inter-PAN.

448 The Common GP (cGP) stub performs the basic functions shared by LPED and GP. It performs just  
 449 enough processing to pass application data frames to the MAC layer for transmission and to pass  
 450 GPDF payload from the MAC to the relevant dedicated stub on receipt. The cGP stub is accessible to  
 451 the higher layers through two special Service Access Point (SAP), CGP-SAP and CZLPED-SAP.

452 The dedicated LPED (dLPED) stub, as well as the corresponding LPED-SAPs, are out of scope of this  
 453 document and will be defined separately by the Low Power End Device Task Group.

454 The dedicated GP (dGP) stub performs just enough processing to pass application data frames to the  
 455 cGP stub for transmission and to pass GPD commands from the cGP stub to the Green Power cluster  
 456 on Green Power EndPoint on receipt. The dGP stub is accessible to the higher layers through a special  
 457 Service Access Point (SAP), GP-SAP, parallel to the normal APSDE-SAP. The dGP communication  
 458 architecture does not support simultaneous execution by multiple application entities. A Zigbee router  
 459 is assumed to have only one proxy application entity (Green Power EndPoint) that will use the GP  
 460 communication mechanism.

461 The Green Power cluster SHALL be implemented on the reserved Green Power End Point - endpoint  
 462 0xF2 (242).



463  
 464 **Figure 2 – Zigbee Stack with the Green Power feature**

465 The support of the GP feature, if provided, includes a couple of elements that require special attention.  
 466 This is because they are so deep in or so tightly entangled with the Zigbee stack that for most imple-  
 467 ments they would have to be provided by the stack vendor. Those include:

- 468 • The ability of a device implementing GP stub functionality (all GP infrastructure devices, except  
469 for GPT) to pass the frames with Zigbee protocol version 0x3 to the GP stub;
- 470 • The ability of a device implementing a GP proxy functionality to send a Zigbee frame with an alias  
471 NWK source address and alias NWK sequence number, and alias APS counter supplied by the  
472 Green Power EndPoint;
- 473 • The ability of Green Power EndPoint to act upon Device\_annce and generate Device\_annce for  
474 aliases;
- 475 • If bidirectional communication is to be supported by the GP infrastructure device, the ability to:
  - 476     ▪ send GPDF at the time defined by the GP specification, including skipping CSMA/CA;
  - 477     ▪ pass the MCPS-DATA.confirm returned by the MAC layer to the appropriate protocol stack;
- 478 • If LPED functionality is to be supported: the NWKLPED-DATA.indication primitive.

480 It is recommended though that the stack vendors to implement the complete GP feature – and certify it  
481 as part of the Zigbee Compliant Platform certification.

482 However, the GP code can be built by anybody, if the elements listed above are provided. Therefore,  
483 the stack vendors that do not intend to provide the full GP implementation are recommended to consider  
484 providing those elements as compliable components.

## 485 **A.1.2 cGP stub**

486 The cGP stub is responsible for the GPDF packet formation and parsing, as well as the following filtering-  
487 tasks: simple duplicate filtering, dropping of the GPDF based of the *Direction* sub-field of the *Ex-*  
488 *tended NWK Frame Control* field, and filtering and de-multiplexing based on the *ApplicationID* sub-  
489 field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field.

### 490 **A.1.2.1 cGP stub Service Specification**

491 The CGP-SAP is a data service comprising the following primitives shared by the dGP and dLPED  
492 stubs:

- 493 • CGP-DATA.request – provides a mechanism for dGP stub or dLPED stub to request cGP stub to  
494 transmit a GPDF.
- 495 • CGP-DATA.confirm – provides a mechanism for dGP stub or dLPED stub to understand the status  
496 of a previous request to send a GPDF.

497 The dGP-SAP is a data service comprising the following primitives:

- 498 • dGP-DATA.indication – provides a mechanism for cGP stub to identify and convey a received  
499 GPDF to dGP stub.

500 The dLPED-SAP is a data service comprising the following primitives:

- 501 • CLPED-DATA.indication – provides a mechanism for cGP stub to identify and convey a received  
502 LPED GPDF to dLPED stub.

#### 503 **A.1.2.1.1 CGP-DATA.request**

##### 504 **A.1.2.1.1 Semantics of the CGP-DATA.request primitive**

```
505 CGP-DATA.request {  
506   TxOptions  
507   SrcAddrMode,  
508   SrcPANId,  
509   SrcAddr,
```

```
510             DstAddrMode,  
511             DstPANId,  
512             DstAddr,  
513             GP_MPDU_Length  
514             GP_MPDU  
515             GP_MPDU_Handle  
516         }
```

**Table 2 – Parameters of the CGP-DATA.request**

Name	Type	Valid Range	Description
TxOptions	8-bit bitmap	Any Valid	The transmission options for this GPDF. These are a bitwise OR of one or more of the following: 0x01 = Use CSMA/CA 0x02 = Use MAC ACK 0x04 – 0xff - reserved
SrcAddrMode	Integer	0x00 – 0x03	The source addressing mode for the MPDU to be sent. This value can take one of the following values: 0 x 00 = no address (SrcPANId and SrcAddress omitted). 0 x 01 = reserved. 0 x 02 = 16 bit short address. 0 x 03 = 64 bit extended address.
SrcPANId	16-bit PAN Id	0x0000 – 0xffff	The 16-bit PAN identifier of the entity sending this MPDU.
SrcAddress	16-bit or 64-bit address	As specified by the SrcAddrMode parameter	The device address of the entity sending this MPDU.
DstAddrMode	Integer	0x01 – 0x03	The addressing mode for the destination address used in this primitive. This parameter can take one of the values from the following list: 0 x 00 = no address (DstPANId and DstAddr omitted) 0x01 = reserved 0x02 = 16-bit NWK address, normally the broadcast address 0xffff 0x03 = 64-bit extended address
DstPANId	16-bit PAN Id	0x0000 – 0xffff	The 16-bit PAN identifier of the entity or entities to which the MPDU is being transferred or the broadcast PAN ID 0xffff.
DstAddr	16-bit or 64-bit address	As specified by the DstAddrMode parameter	The address of the entity to which the MPDU is being transferred or the broadcast address 0xffff.
GP MPDU Length	Integer	0x00 – (aMaxMACFrameSize - 9)	The number of octets in the transmitted GP MPDU.
GP MPDU	Sequence of octets	-	The sequence of octets forming the transmitted GP MPDU. It SHALL be the full MPDU, as defined in A.1.4.1.
GP MPDU Handle	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00-0xff	The handle used between the dGP/dLPED stub and the cGP stub, to match the request with the confirmation.

#### A.1.2.1.1.2 When generated

519 This primitive is generated by the dGP or the dLPED stub when a GPDF is to be sent to the GPD  
520 /LPED identified by the *DstAddr*.

#### A.1.2.1.1.3 Effect on receipt

Upon receipt of this primitive the CGP stub SHALL send the MPDU to the MAC layer for transmission.

524 The parameter *UseCSMA* of the *TxOptions* is an extension to the MCPS-DATA.request and SHALL be  
525 propagated by the cGP stub to the MAC layer. When *UseCSMA* is FALSE, CSMA/CA SHALL be  
526 skipped for the transmission of this GPDF.

527 **A.1.2.1.2 CGP-DATA.confirm**

528 **A.1.2.1.2.1 Semantics of the CGP-DATA.confirm primitive**

529 CGP-DATA.confirm {

530                   Status  
 531                   GP MPDU handle  
 532                   }

533 **Table 3 – Parameters of the CGP-DATA.confirm**

Name	Type	Valid Range	Description
Status	Enumeration	Any valid	Status code, as returned by the MAC layer (see Table 28 of [18]).
GP MPDU handle	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00-0xff	The handle used between dGP/dLPED stub and cGP stub, to match the request with the confirmation.

534 **A.1.2.1.2.2 When generated**

535 This primitive is generated by the cGP stub and passed to the dGP stub/dLPED stub after the CGP-  
 536 DATA.request has been handled.

537 **A.1.2.1.2.3 Effect on receipt**

538 Upon receipt of this primitive the dGP/dLPED stub is informed about the status of its request to  
 539 transmit a GPDF, as indicated by the GP MPDU handle.

540 **A.1.2.1.3 dGP-DATA.indication primitive**

541 **A.1.2.1.3.1 Semantics of the dGP-DATA.indication primitive**

542 dGP-DATA.indication {  
 543                   RSSI  
 544                   Link Quality  
 545                   SeqNumber  
 546                   SrcAddrMode  
 547                   SrcPANId  
 548                   SrcAddress  
 549                   DstAddrMode  
 550                   DstPANId  
 551                   DstAddress  
 552                   GP MPDU Length  
 553                   GP MPDU  
 554                   }  
 555 }

556

**Table 4 – Parameters of the dGP-DATA.indication**

Name	Type	Valid Range	Description
RSSI	signed 8-bit integer	0x00 – 0xff	The RSSI delivered by the MAC on receipt of this frame.
Link quality	unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00 – 0xff	The LQI delivered by the MAC on receipt of this frame.
SeqNumber	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00 – 0xff	The sequence number from MAC header of the received MPDU.
SrcAddrMode	Integer	0x00 – 0x03	The source addressing mode for this primitive corresponding to the received MPDU. This value can take one of the following values: 0 x 00 = no address (SrcPANId and SrcAddress omitted). 0 x 01 = reserved. 0 x 02 = 16 bit short address. 0 x 03 = 64 bit extended address.
SrcPANId	16-bit PAN Id	0x0000 – 0xffff	The 16-bit PAN identifier of the GPD entity from which the ASDU was received.
SrcAddress	16-bit or 64-bit address	As specified by the SrcAddrMode parameter	The device address of the GPD entity from which the ASDU was received.
DstAddrMode	Integer	0x01 – 0x03	The addressing mode for the destination address used in this primitive. This parameter can take one of the values from the following list: 0 x 00 = no address (DstPANId and DstAddress omitted) 0x01 = reserved 0x02 = 16-bit NWK address, normally the broadcast address 0xffff 0x03 = 64-bit extended address
DstPANId	16-bit PAN Id	0x0000 – 0xffff	The 16-bit PAN identifier of the entity or entities to which the ASDU is being transferred or the broadcast PAN ID 0xffff.
DstAddress	16-bit or 64-bit address	As specified by the DstAddrMode parameter	The address of the entity or entities to which the ASDU is being transferred or the broadcast address 0xffff.
GP MPDU Length	Integer	0x00 – (aMaxMACFrameSize - 9)	The number of octets in the received GP MPDU.
GP MPDU	Sequence of octets	-	The sequence of octets forming the received GP MPDU.

557

### A.1.2.1.3.2 When generated

This primitive is generated and passed to the dGP stub in the event of the receipt, by the cGP stub, of a MCPS-DATA.indication primitive from the MAC sub-layer, containing a GPDF with *ApplicationID* sub-field 0b000 or 0b010 and *Direction* sub-field 0b0.

561

### A.1.2.1.3.3 Effect on receipt

Upon receipt of this primitive the dGP stub is informed of the receipt of a GPDF transmitted, via the cGP stub, by a GPD device and intended for the receiving device.

564

### A.1.2.1.4 dLPED-DATA.indication primitive

#### A.1.2.1.4.1 Semantics of the dLPED-DATA.indication primitive

The dLPED-DATA.indication primitive is formatted exactly as the dGP-DATA.indication primitive (see sec. A.1.2.1.3.1).

#### 568 A.1.2.1.4.2 When generated

569 This primitive is generated and passed to the dLPED stub in the event of the receipt, by the cGP stub,  
570 of a MCPS-DATA.indication primitive from the MAC sub-layer, containing a GPDF with *Applica-*  
571 *tionID* sub-field 0b001 (LPED).

#### 572 A.1.2.1.4.3 Effect on receipt

573 Upon receipt of this primitive the dLPED stub is informed of the receipt of an LPED GPDF transmit-  
574 ted, via the cGP stub, by a peer device and intended for the receiving device.

### 575 A.1.3 dGP stub Service Specification

576 The GP-SAP is a data service comprising the following primitives:

- 577 • GP-DATA.request – provides a mechanism for the Green Power EndPoint to request transmission  
578 of a GPDF.
- 579 • GP-DATA.confirm – provides a mechanism for the Green Power EndPoint to understand the status  
580 of a previous request to send a GPDF.
- 581 • GP-DATA.indication – provides a mechanism for identifying and conveying a received GPDF to  
582 the Green Power EndPoint.
- 583 • GP-SEC.request – provides a mechanism for dGP stub to request security data from the Green  
584 Power EndPoint.
- 585 • GP-SEC.response – provides a mechanism for the Green Power EndPoint to provide security data  
586 into the dGP stub.

#### 587 A.1.3.1 GP-DATA.indication primitive

##### 588 A.1.3.1.1 Semantics of the GP-DATA.indication primitive

589 GP-DATA.indication {  
590     Status  
591     RSSI  
592     Link Quality  
593     SeqNumber  
594     SrcAddrMode  
595     SrcPANId  
596     SrcAddress  
597     ApplicationID  
598     GPDFSecurityLevel  
599     GPDFKeyType  
600     AutoCommissioning  
601     RxAfterTx  
602     SrcID  
603     Endpoint  
604     GPD security frame counter  
605     GP CommandID  
606     GP ASDU Length  
607     GP ASDU  
608     MIC  
609 }

**Table 5 – Parameters of the GP-DATA.indication**

Name	Type	Valid Range	Description
Status	8-bit enumeration	Any valid	Status code, as returned by dGP stub. It can have the following values: SECURITY_SUCCESS NO_SECURITY COUNTER_FAILURE AUTH_FAILURE UNPROCESSED
RSSI	signed 8-bit integer	0x00 – 0xff	The RSSI delivered by the MAC on receipt of this frame.
Link quality	unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00 – 0xff	The LQI delivered by the MAC on receipt of this frame.
SeqNumber	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00 – 0xff	The sequence number from MAC header of the received MPDU.
SrcAddrMode	8-bit enumeration	0x00 – 0x03	The source addressing mode for this primitive corresponding to the received MPDU. This value can take one of the following values: 0 x 00 = no address (SrcPANId and SrcAddress omitted). 0 x 01 = reserved. 0 x 02 = 16 bit short address. 0 x 03 = 64 bit extended address.
SrcPANId	16-bit PAN Id	0x0000 – 0xffff	The 16-bit PAN identifier of the GPD entity from which the ASDU was received.
SrcAddress	16-bit or 64-bit address	As specified by the SrcAddrMode parameter	The device address of the GPD entity from which the ASDU was received.
ApplicationID	8-bit enumeration	0x00, 0x02	The <i>ApplicationID</i> , corresponding to the received MPDU. <i>ApplicationID</i> 0x00 indicates the usage of the SrcID; <i>ApplicationID</i> 0x02 indicates the usage of the GPD IEEE address.
GPDFSecurityLevel	8-bit enumeration	0x00, 0x02 – 0x03	The security level, corresponding to the received MPDU.
GPDFKeyType	8-bit enumeration	0x00 - 0x07	The security key type, which was successfully used for security processing the received MPDU.
Auto-Commissioning	Boolean	TRUE/FALSE	The Auto-Commissioning sub-field, copied from the received GPDF.
RxAfterTx	Boolean	TRUE/FALSE	The <i>RxAfterTx</i> sub-field, copied from the received GPDF.
SrcID	Unsigned 32-bit Integer	0x00000000 – 0xffffffff	The identifier of the GPD entity from which the ASDU was received. If the <i>Frame Type</i> sub-field of the received GPDF was set to 0b01, the SrcID parameter SHALL carry the value 0x00000000. If the <i>Frame Type</i> sub-field of the received GPDF was set to 0b00 and the <i>ApplicationID</i> sub-field of the received GPDF was set to 0b000 or absent, the SrcID parameter SHALL carry the value copied from the <i>GPD SrcID</i> field of the triggering GPDF. If the <i>ApplicationID</i> sub-field of the received GPDF was set to 0b010, the SrcID parameter is ignored.
Endpoint	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00 – 0xf0, 0xff	The identifier of the GPD endpoint used in combination with the GPD IEEE address if <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b010. If <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b000 this parameter is ignored.
GPD security frame counter	Unsigned 32-bit Integer	As specified by the GPDFSecurityLevel parameter	The security frame counter value used on transmission by the GPD entity from which the ASDU was received.
GPD Command ID	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00 – 0xff	The identifier of the command, within the GP specification, which defines the application semantics of the ASDU.

GPD ASDU Length	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00 – ( <i>aMaxMACFrameSize</i> - 9)	The number of octets in the received GPD ASDU.
GPD ASDU	Sequence of octets	-	The sequence of octets forming the received GPD ASDU.
MIC	Unsigned 16-bit or 32-bit Integer	As specified by the GPDFSecurityLevel parameter	The sequence of octets forming the MIC for the received GPD MPDU.

611

612 **A.1.3.1.2 When generated**

613 This primitive is generated and passed to the application in the event of the receipt, by the dGP stub, of  
 614 a dGP-DATA.indication primitive from cGP, containing a frame that was generated by the GPD, and  
 615 that was intended for the receiving device.

616 The reasons for the various *Status* codes are described in sec. A.1.5.2.2.

617 **A.1.3.1.3 Effect on receipt**

618 Upon receipt of this primitive the application is informed of the receipt of an application frame trans-  
 619 mitted, via the dGP stub, by a peer device and intended for the receiving device.

620 **A.1.3.2 GP-DATA.request**621 **A.1.3.2.1 Semantics of the GP-DATA.request primitive**

622 GP-DATA.request {  
 623                   Action  
 624                   TxOptions  
 625                   ApplicationID  
 626                   SrcID  
 627                   GPD IEEE address  
 628                   Endpoint  
 629                   GPD CommandID  
 630                   GPF ASDU Length  
 631                   GPD ASDU  
 632                   GPEP handle  
 633                   gpTxQueue Entry Lifetime  
 634                   }  
 635 }

636

**Table 6 – Parameters of the GP-DATA.request**

Name	Type	Valid Range	Description
Action	Boolean	TRUE/FALSE	TRUE: add GPDF into the queue FALSE: remove GPDF from queue
TxOptions	8-bit bitmap	Any Valid	The transmission options for this GPDF. These are a bitwise OR of one or more of the following: b0 = Use gpTxQueue b1 = Use CSMA/CA b2 = Use MAC ACK b3-b4 = GPDF frame type for Tx (can take non-reserved values as defined in Table 10) b5 = Tx on matching endpoint b6 – b7 – reserved
ApplicationID	8-bit enumeration	0x00, 0x02	<i>ApplicationID</i> of the GPD to which the ASDU will be sent; <i>ApplicationID</i> 0x00 indicates the usage of the SrcID; <i>ApplicationID</i> 0x02 indicates the usage of the GPD IEEE address.
SrcID	Unsigned 32-bit Integer	0x00000000 – 0xffffffff	The identifier of the GPD entity to which the ASDU will be sent if <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b000. If the Frame Type sub-field of the TxOptions parameter is set to 0b01, the SrcID parameter SHALL carry the value 0x00000000. If the Frame Type sub-field of the TxOptions parameter is set to 0b00 and the ApplicationID parameter is set to 0b000, the SrcID parameter SHALL carry the value to be copied into the <i>GPD SrcID</i> field of the to be transmitted GPDF. If the <i>ApplicationID</i> parameter is set to 0b010, the SrcID parameter is ignored.
GPD IEEE address	IEEE address	Any valid	The identifier of the GPD entity to which the ASDU will be sent if <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b010.
Endpoint	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00 – 0xff0, 0xff	The identifier of the GPD endpoint used in combination with the GPD IEEE address if ApplicationID = 0b010. If ApplicationID = 0b000 this parameter is ignored.
GPD Command ID	Integer	0x00 – 0xff	The identifier of the command, within the GP specification, which defines the application semantics of the ASDU.
GPD ASDU Length	Integer	0x00 – (aMaxMACFrameSize - 9)	The number of octets in the transmitted GPD ASDU.
GPD ASDU	Sequence of octets	-	The sequence of octets forming the transmitted GPD ASDU.
GPEP handle	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00-0xff	The handle used between Green Power EndPoint and dGP stub, to match the request with the confirmation.
gpTxQueueEntry-Lifetime	Unsigned 24-bit integer	0x000000 – 0xffffffff	The lifetime of this packet in the gpTxQueue, in milliseconds. 0x000000 indicates immediate transmission. 0xffffffff indicates infinity. In a Basic Proxy/Sink, the default lifetime MAY be 0xffffffff.

637

### A.1.3.2.2 When generated

638  
639

This primitive is generated by the Green Power EndPoint and passed to the dGP stub when a GPDF is to be sent to the GPD identified by the GPD SrcID or GPD IEEE address and Endpoint.

### 640 A.1.3.2.3 Effect on receipt

641 Upon receipt of this primitive with the *Action* parameter set to TRUE, the dGP stub SHALL add the  
 642 GPDF to the gpTxQueue and store all the relevant data, including the *GPD ID*, *Endpoint* if *ApplicationID* = 0b010 and *TxOptions*. If *ApplicationID* = 0b010 and the *Tx on matching endpoint* sub-field of  
 643 the *TxOptions* parameter has the value of 0b0, then any existing gpTxQueue entry for this GPD IEEE  
 644 address SHALL be removed, irrespective of the value of the *Endpoint* field of the queue entry and  
 645 *Endpoint* parameter of the primitive. If *ApplicationID* = 0b010 and the *Tx on matching endpoint* sub-  
 646 field of the *TxOptions* parameter has the value of 0b1, then only existing gpTxQueue entries storing  
 647 *Endpoint* field 0xff or equal to the *Endpoint* parameter from the primitive SHALL be removed.  
 648

650 Upon receipt of this primitive with the *Action* parameter set to FALSE, the dGP stub SHALL remove  
 651 the gpTxQueue entry as indicated by the *GPD ID* and, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, *Endpoint* parameters.

### 652 A.1.3.3 GP-DATA.confirm

#### 653 A.1.3.3.1 Semantics of the GP-DATA.confirm primitive

654 GP-DATA.confirm {  
 655     Status  
 656     GPEP handle  
 657 }

658 **Table 7 – Parameters of the GP-DATA.confirm**

Name	Type	Valid Range	Description
Status	Enumeration	Any valid	Status code, as returned by the CGP stub. In addition to the values returned by the MAC layer, it can have the following values: TX_QUEUE_FULL ENTRY_REPLACE ENTRY_ADDED ENTRY_EXPIRED ENTRY_REMOVED GPDF_SENDING_FINALIZED
GPEP handle	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00-0xff	The handle used between Green Power EndPoint and the lower layers, to match the request with the confirmation.

### 659 A.1.3.3.2 When generated

660 This primitive is generated by the lower layers and passed to the Green Power EndPoint after the GP-  
 661 DATA.request has been handled.

662 The reasons for the various *Status* codes are described in sec. A.1.5.2.1.

### 663 A.1.3.3.3 Effect on receipt

664 Upon receipt of this primitive the Green Power EndPoint is informed about the status of its request to  
 665 transmit data to GPD, as indicated by the GPEP handle.

### 666 A.1.3.4 GP-SEC.request

#### 667 A.1.3.4.1 Semantics of the GP-SEC.request primitive

668 GP-SEC.request {  
 669     ApplicationID  
 670     SrcID  
 671     GPD IEEE address

```

672             Endpoint
673             GPDFSecurityLevel
674             GPDFKeyType
675             GPDSecurityFrameCounter
676             dGP stub handle
677         }

```

678 **Table 8 – Parameters of the GP-SEC.request**

Name	Type	Valid Range	Description
ApplicationID	8-bit enumeration	0x00, 0x02	<i>ApplicationID</i> of the GPD entity from which the ASDU was received. <i>ApplicationID</i> 0x00 indicates the usage of the SrcID; <i>ApplicationID</i> 0x02 indicates the usage of the GPD IEEE address.
SrcID	Unsigned 32-bit Integer	0x00000000 – 0xffffffff	The identifier of the GPD entity from which the ASDU was received if <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b000.
GPD IEEE address	IEEE address	Any valid	The identifier of the GPD entity from which the ASDU was received if <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b010.
Endpoint	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00 – 0xf0, 0xff	The identifier of the GPD endpoint used in combination with the GPD IEEE address if <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b010. If <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b000 this parameter is ignored.
GPDFSecurityLevel	8-bit enumeration	0x00, 0x02 – 0x03	The security level, corresponding to the received MPDU.
GPDFKeyType	8-bit enumeration	0x00 - 0x01	The security key type, corresponding to the received MPDU.
GPD security frame counter	Unsigned 8-bit or 32-bit Integer	As specified by the <i>GPDFSecurityLevel</i> parameter	The security frame counter value corresponding to the received MPDU.
dGP stub handle	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00-0xff	The handle used between dGP stub and the higher layers, to match the request with the response.

679 **A.1.3.4.2 When generated**

680 This primitive is generated by the dGP stub and passed to the Green Power EndPoint on reception of  
681 protected GPDF.

682 **A.1.3.4.3 Effect on receipt**

683 Upon receipt of this primitive the Green Power EndPoint is informed about reception of protected  
684 GPDF. The Green Power EndPoint responds with GP-SEC.response primitive, with appropriate status,  
685 based on the Green Power EndPoint client/server functionality, the operational/commissioning mode  
686 the Green Power EndPoint is in and the content of Proxy/Sink Table.

687 **A.1.3.5 GP-SEC.response**688 **A.1.3.5.1 Semantics of the GP-SEC.response primitive**

```

689 GP-SEC.response {
690     Status
691     dGP stub handle
692     ApplicationID
693     SrcID
694     GPD IEEE address
695     Endpoint
696     GPDFSecurityLevel
697     GPDFKeyType
698     GPDKey

```

699                    GPDSecurityFrameCounter  
 700                    }  
 701

**Table 9 – Parameters of the GP-SEC.response**

Name	Type	Valid Range	Description
Status	8-bit enumeration	Any valid	The status code, as returned by the Green Power EndPoint. The following are supported: MATCH DROP_FRAME PASS_UNPROCESSED TX_THEN_DROP
dGP stub handle	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00-0xff	The handle used between dGP stub and the higher layers, to match the request with the response.
ApplicationID	8-bit enumeration	0x00, 0x02	<i>ApplicationID</i> of the GPD entity from which the ASDU was received. <i>ApplicationID</i> 0x00 indicates the usage of the SrcID; <i>ApplicationID</i> 0x02 indicates the usage of the GPD IEEE address.
SrcID	Unsigned 32-bit Integer	0x00000000 – 0xffffffff	The identifier of the GPD entity from which the ASDU was received if <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b000.
GPD IEEE address	IEEE address	Any valid	The identifier of the GPD entity from which the ASDU was received if <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b010.
Endpoint	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00 – 0xf0, 0xff	The identifier of the GPD endpoint used in combination with the GPD IEEE address if <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b010. If <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b000 this parameter is ignored.
GPDFSecurityLevel	8-bit enumeration	0x00, 0x02 – 0x03	The security level to be used for GPDF security processing.
GPDFKeyType	8-bit enumeration	0x000 - 0x07	The security key type to be used for GPDF security processing.
GPD Key	Security Key	Any valid	The security key to be used for GPDF security processing.
GPD security frame counter	Unsigned 32-bit Integer	Any valid	The security frame counter value to be used for GPDF security processing.

### A.1.3.5.2 When generated

This primitive is generated by the Green Power EndPoint and passed to the dGP stub on reception of GP-SEC.request.

### A.1.3.5.3 Effect on receipt

Upon receipt of this primitive the dGP stub checks the value of the *Status* field. If the *Status* is MATCH or TX\_THEN\_DROP, the dGP stub triggers security processing of the GPDF, with the supplied parameters. If the *Status* is DROP\_FRAME, it silently drops the frame. If the *Status* is PASS\_UNPROCESSED, it generates GP-DATA.indication with the *Status* UNPROCESSED, and with unprocessed fields GPD CommandID, GPD Command Payload and MIC copied from the received GPDF.

### A.1.3.6 NWKLPED-DATA.indication

This primitive requests the transfer of a data PDU (NSDU) from the dLPED stub to a single or multiple peer APS sub-layer entities.

The parameters of the NWKLPED-DATA parameters consist of an NWK header and NWK payload as described in section 3.3.1 “General NPDU Frame Format” of [1].

### 717 A.1.3.6.1 When generated

718 This primitive is generated by the local dLPED stub whenever a data PDU (NSDU) is to be transferred  
719 to a single or multiple peer APS sub-layer entity.

### 720 A.1.3.6.2 Effect on receipt

721 If this primitive is received the NWK layer SHALL process it as if it were an incoming frame received  
722 via NLDE-DATA.indication already after incoming frame security processing, i.e. route the packet as  
723 defined in section 3.6.3 “Routing” of [1].

### 724 A.1.3.7 Green Power cluster

725 Please note, that the Green Power cluster, when sending ZCL commands via Zigbee stack, provides the  
726 parameters *UseAlias*, *SrcAddr* and *NWKSeqNumb*, as an extension to the APSDE-DATA.request and  
727 NLDE-DATA.request. They SHALL be propagated by the Zigbee APS sub-layer to the NWK layer.

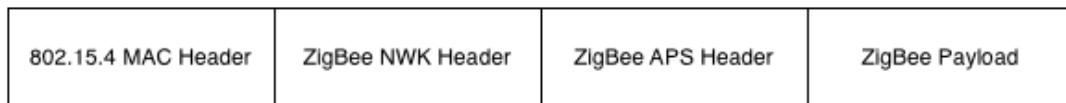
728 The supplied *UseAlias*, if set to 0b1, indicates that the supplied *SrcAddr* and *NWKSeqNumb* parameters  
729 SHALL be used; otherwise they can be ignored.

730 When *UseAlias* is set to 0b1, the supplied *SrcAddr* SHALL be used in the NWK header *SrcAddress*  
731 field, instead of the device’s own short address, as stored in the NIB *nwkNetworkAddress* parameter.  
732 The NIB *nwkNetworkAddress* SHALL NOT be changed.

733 When *UseAlias* is set to 0b1, the supplied *NWKSeqNumb* SHALL be used in the NWK header *Se-  
734 qNumber* field, instead of the NWK-maintained *nwkSequenceNumber* parameter of the NIB and in the  
735 APS header *APS counter* field, instead of the APS-maintained counter value. The NIB  
736 *nwkSequenceNumber* and the APS-maintained counter SHALL NOT be overwritten.

## 737 A.1.4 Frame formats

738 The birds-eye view of a normal Zigbee frame as defined in [1] is shown in Figure 3. Briefly, the frame  
739 contains the headers controlling the operation of the MAC sub-layer, the NWK layer and the APS. Fol-  
740 lowing these, there is a payload, formatted as specified in [3].



741  
742 **Figure 3 – Normal Zigbee Frame**

743 Since most of the information contained in the NWK and all the information in the APS, headers is not  
744 relevant for GP operation, the GP frame contains a modified NWK header, and no APS header, fol-  
745 lowed by a dedicated application payload.

746 As for IEEE802.15.4 and Zigbee frames, all the Green Power frame fields SHALL be transmitted in  
747 little Endian.

### 748 A.1.4.1 Generic GPDF frame format

749 The GPDF frame has a generic format as illustrated in Figure 4 and Figure 5.

Octets: 2	1	4/10/12/variable	1	0/1	0/4	0/1	0/4
Frame Control	Sequence Number	Addressing fields	NWK Frame Control	Extended NWK Frame Control	GPD SrcID	Endpoint	Security frame counter
802.15.4 MAC Header			GP stub NWK Header				

750

**Figure 4 – GPDF Frame Format (part 1)**

Variable	0/4	2
GP Application Payload	MIC	FCS
GP Application Payload	GP stub NWK Trailer	802.15.4 MAC Trailer

751

**Figure 5 – GPDF Frame Format (part 2)**

#### A.1.4.1.1 MAC header fields

The MAC header fields SHALL be set such that the frame can be correctly received. Additional MAC fields, which are not strictly required for GPDF addressing, MAY be included both for *ApplicationID* 0b000 and 0b010, and both in the *Direction* to and from the GPD, as long as the frame remains 802.15.4-2003 [18] compliant; those additional fields SHALL be ignored upon reception and SHALL NOT be used for any further GPDF processing. Device vendors need to consider the inclusion of the additional fields carefully, since it increases packet airtime and energy consumption on the sender and receiver.

In order to allow for GPD mobility and make use of the built-in receiver redundancy, the GPDF originating from the GPD can be sent with *MAC Dest PANID* and *MAC Dest Address* set to 0xffff.

If the IEEE address of the GPD is used for unique identification of GPD, the GPDF SHALL include the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field and its *ApplicationID* sub-field SHALL be set to 0b010. Then, for the GPDF transmitted by the GPD, the GPD's IEEE address SHALL be transmitted in the *MAC Src Address* field, and the *Intra-PAN* sub-field and the *Source Addressing Mode* sub-field of the *MAC Frame Control* field SHALL be set accordingly. For the GPDF transmitted to the GPD, the GPD's IEEE address SHALL be transmitted in the *MAC Dest Address* field, and the *Intra-PAN* sub-field and the *Destination Addressing Mode* sub-field of the *MAC Frame Control* field SHALL be set accordingly.

In a Maintenance *Frame Type*, the IEEE address of the GPD SHOULD be omitted.

#### A.1.4.1.2 NWK Frame Control field

The *NWK Frame Control* field is formatted as shown in Figure 6.

Bits: 0-1	2-5	6	7
Frame type	Zigbee Protocol Version	Auto Commissioning	NWK Frame Control Extension

**Figure 6 – Format of the NWK Frame Control field of GPDF**

The *Zigbee Protocol Version* sub-field SHALL carry the value of 0x3.

The *Frame type* sub-field, as used in combination with the *Zigbee Protocol Version* = 0x3, can take the values as specified in Table 10.

**Table 10 – Values of *Frame Type* used in combination with *Zigbee Protocol Version* = 0x3**

Value	Description
0b00	Data frame
0b01	Maintenance frame
0b10	Reserved
0b11	Reserved

778 Received GPDF with *Frame Type* other than 0b00 and 0b01 SHALL be dropped without further processing.

780

781 The *Auto-Commissioning* sub-field has different meaning in a Data (0b00) and Maintenance (0b01) *Frame Type*.

782

783 In a Data *Frame Type*, the *Auto-Commissioning* sub-field indicates if the GPD implements the Commissioning GPDF. If set to 0b1, the GPD does not implement the Commissioning GPDF. If set to 0b0, the GPD does implement the Commissioning GPDF.

784

785

786 A GPDF SHALL NOT have *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field and *Auto-*  
787 *Commissioning* field of *NWK Frame Control* field both set to 0b1; such a frame SHALL be silently  
788 dropped.

789

790 In a Maintenance *Frame Type*, the *Auto-Commissioning* sub-field, if set to 0b0, indicates that the GPD  
791 will enter the receive mode *gpdRxOffset* ms after completion of this GPDF transmission, for at least  
792 *gpdMinRxWindow*. If the value of this sub-field is 0b1, then the GPD will not enter the receive mode  
793 after sending this particular GPDF.

794

795 The *NWK Frame Control Extension*, if set to 0b1, indicates that the *Extended NWK Frame Control*  
796 field of the GPDF is present.

#### A.1.4.1.3 Extended NWK Frame Control field

797 The *Extended NWK Frame Control* field has the format as defined in Figure 7. It SHALL be present if  
798 the *ApplicationID* is different than 0b000.

Bits: 0-2	3-7
Application ID	Defined for specific ApplicationID

799 Figure 7 – Generic format of the Extended NWK Frame Control field of GPDF

800 The *ApplicationID* allows for re-defining the GPDF frame format. The current specification defines the  
801 GPDF frame format for *ApplicationID* 0b000 and 0b010 (GP) and *ApplicationID* 0b001 (LPED). De-  
802 fault value to be used on reception, if the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field is not present, is 0b000.

803 According to the current specification, received GPDF with *ApplicationID* other than 0b000 and 0b010  
804 SHALL be dropped without further processing.

805 The bits 3-7 of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field are defined by *ApplicationID*.

806 For *ApplicationID* 0b000 and 0b010 (GP) and *ApplicationID* 0b001 (LPED), the bits 3-7 are defined in  
807 Figure 8. For *ApplicationID* 0b000, the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field SHALL be present if the  
808 GPDF is protected, if *RxAfterTx* is set, or if the GPDF is sent to the GPD.

Bits: 3-4	5	6	7
Security Level	Security Key	RxAfterTx	Direction

809 Figure 8 – Format of the Extended NWK Frame Control field for *ApplicationID* 0b000 and 0b010 (GP) and 0b001  
810 (LPED)

811 The *SecurityLevel* sub-field indicates if the frame is protected and which level of security is used to  
812 protect the current frame.

If *ApplicationID* is set to 0b000 or 0b010, the *SecurityLevel* sub-field can have values as defined in Table 11. Default value to be used on reception, if the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field is not present, is 0b00. If the *SecurityLevel* is set to 0b00, the *SecurityKey* sub-field is ignored on reception, and the fields *Security frame counter* and *MIC* are not present. The *MAC sequence number* field carries the random or the incremental sequence number, according to the capabilities of this GPD. If the *SecurityLevel* is set to 0b10 or 0b11, the *Security Frame counter* field is present, has the length of 4B, and carries the full 4B security frame counter, the *MIC* field is present, has the length of 4B, and carries the full 4B Message Integrity Code (see sec. A.1.5.3.4). The *MAC sequence number* field carries the random or the incremental sequence number, according to the capabilities of this GPD; it SHALL NOT be used for security, but only for duplicate filtering at MAC level.

If *ApplicationID* is set to 0b001, the *Security Level* sub-field SHALL be set to 0b10 or 0b11, the *Security Frame counter* field is present, and the *MIC* field is present, has the length of 4B, and carries the full 4B Message Integrity Code (see sec. A.1.5.3.4).

**Table 11 – Values of gpSecurityLevel**

Value	Description
0b00	No security
0b01	Reserved
0b10	4B frame counter and 4B MIC only
0b11	Encryption & 4B frame counter and 4B MIC

According to the current version of the specification, only GPD that support *gpSecurityLevel* = 0b10 or higher AND support TC-LK protection (as indicated by the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field of the *Extended Options* field of the GPD Commissioning command) of the GPD key, if exchanged over the air, can be certified.

The *SecurityKey* sub-field indicates the type of the key used for protection of this frame. The mapping between the *gpSecurityKeyType* used for the GPDF protection and the value of the *SecurityKey* sub-field as indicated in the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field of the GPDF is defined in Table 12.

**Table 12 – Mapping between the gpSecurityKeyType and the SecurityKey sub-field of the Extended NWK Frame Control field**

gpSecurityKeyType	Corresponding value of the SecurityKey sub-field of the GPDF Extended NWK Frame Control field
0b000	0b0
0b001	0b0
0b010	0b0
0b011	0b0
0b100	0b1
0b101-0b110	Reserved
0b111	0b1

837 The *RxAfterTx* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If the value of this sub-field is 0b1, then it indicates that the  
 838 GPD will enter the receive mode *gpdRxOffset* ms after completion of this GPFS transmission, for at  
 839 least *gpdMinRxWindow*. If the value of this sub-field is 0b0, then the GPD will not enter the receive  
 840 mode after sending this particular GPFS. Default value to be used on reception, if the *Extended NWK*  
 841 *Frame Control* field is not present, is 0b0.

842 A GPDF SHALL NOT have *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field and *Auto-*  
 843 *Commissioning* field of *NWK Frame Control* field both set to 0b1; such a frame SHALL be silently  
 844 dropped.

845 The *Direction* sub-field SHALL be set to 0b0, if the GPDF is transmitted by the GPD, and to 0b1, if  
 846 the GPDF is transmitted by a proxy. Default value to be used on reception, if the *Extended NWK*  
 847 *Frame Control* field is not present, is 0b0.

#### 848 **A.1.4.1.4 GPD SrcID field**

849 The *GPDSrcID* field is present if the *Frame Type* sub-field is set to 0b00 and the *ApplicationID* sub-  
 850 field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field is set to 0b000 (or not present).

851 The *GPDSrcID* field carries the unique identifier of the GPD, to/by which this GPDF is sent.

852 The value of 0x00000000 indicates unspecified. The value of 0xffffffff indicates all. The values  
 853 0xffffffff9 – 0xfffffffffe are reserved.

854 The *GPDSrcID* field is not present if the *Frame Type* sub-field is set to 0b01. Unique identification of  
 855 the GPD by an address is not required then.

856 The *GPDSrcID* field is not present if the *ApplicationID* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control*  
 857 field is set to 0b010. The GPD is then identified by its IEEE address, which is then carried in the  
 858 corresponding MAC address field, source or destination for the GPDF sent by or to the GPD,  
 859 respectively.

860 The *GPDSrcID* field is not present if the *ApplicationID* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control*  
 861 field is set to 0b001.

#### 862 **A.1.4.1.5 Endpoint field**

863 The *Endpoint* field SHALL be present if *ApplicationID* = 0b010. It then carries the identifier of the  
 864 GPD endpoint, which jointly with the GPD IEEE address identifies a unique logical GPD device.

865 If *ApplicationID* = 0b000 the *Endpoint* field SHALL be absent.

866 The values 0xf1 - 0xfe are reserved for future use. The value 0x00 indicates application endpoint-  
 867 independent communication and SHOULD be used e.g. for channel and key updates. The value 0xff  
 868 indicates ‘all endpoints’.

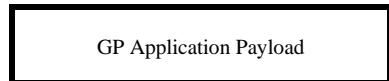
#### 869 **A.1.4.1.6 Security frame counter field**

870 The presence and length of the *Security frame counter* field is dependent on the value of *ApplicationID*  
 871 and *SecurityLevel* (see A.1.4.1.3).

#### 872 **A.1.4.1.7 GP Application Payload**

873 If the *ApplicationID* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field is set to 0b000 or 0b010, the  
 874 *GP application payload* is formatted as specified in Figure 9.

<b>Octets: 1</b>	<b>0/variable</b>
GPD CommandID	GPD Command payload



**Figure 9 – GP Application Payload for ApplicationID 0b000 and 0b010**

The *CommandID* field carries the GP-specific command identifiers defined in the Green Power cluster (see Table 54 and Table 55). The *GPD command payload* field is a sequence of octets, and its presence and length is defined by the value of the *GPD CommandID* field.

#### A.1.4.1.8 MIC field

The *MIC* field carries the Message Integrity Code for this message, calculated as specified in sec. A.1.5.3.4. Its presence and length is dependent on the value of *ApplicationID* and *SecurityLevel* (see A.1.4.1.3).

#### A.1.4.2 Frame Types

##### A.1.4.2.1 Maintenance Frame Type

If the *Frame Type* 0b01 (Maintenance frame) is used, then the *GPD SrcID* field and the *Endpoint* field SHALL NOT be present. The GPD IEEE address in the MAC header SHOULD NOT be present. The security fields (*Security frame counter* and *MIC*) SHALL NOT be present and the frame SHALL be sent unprotected. If the GPDF is sent from the GPD, the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field SHALL be omitted. If the GPDF is sent to the GPD, the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field SHALL be omitted. In both cases, the *NWK Frame Control Extension* sub-field SHALL be set to 0b0.

##### A.1.4.2.2 Data Frame Type

The Data Frame Type SHALL be formatted as specified in sec. A.1.4.1.

#### A.1.5 Frame processing

##### A.1.5.1 cGP stub

Assuming the cGP-SAP, dGP-SAP and CZLP-SAP as described above, frames transmitted using the cGP stub are processed as described here.

##### A.1.5.1.1 GPDF reception

On receipt of a GPDF, the GP stub SHALL filter out (silently drop) frames with *ApplicationID* value other than 0b000, 0b010 and 0b001, frames with *Direction* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field set to 0b1, and duplicate frames.

Frames with *ApplicationID* 0b000 and 0b010 SHALL be passed up, using dGP-DATA.indication.

Frames with *ApplicationID* 0b001 SHALL be passed up, using dLPED-DATA.indication.

##### A.1.5.1.2 GPDF transmission

On reception of cGP-DATA.request from the dGP stub, the cGP stub constructs the GPDF with the *ApplicationID* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field set to 0b000 or 0b010, as supplied in the cGP-DATA.request primitive, and the remaining fields as supplied by the primitive.

On reception of dGP-DATA.request from the dLPED stub, the cGP stub constructs the GPDF with the *ApplicationID* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field set to 0b001 and the remaining fields as supplied by the primitive.

The constructed frame is then transmitted using MCPS-DATA.request.

Upon reception of the MCPS-DATA.confirm, the Status is passed on to dGP stub, using dGP-DATA.confirm.

### 913 A.1.5.2 dGP stub

914 Assuming the dGP-SAP, cGP-SAP and GP-SAP described above, frames transmitted using the dGP  
 915 stub are processed as described here.

#### 916 A.1.5.2.1 GPDF transmission

917 On receipt of the GP-DATA.request primitive, the dGP stub SHALL check if the value of the SrcID  
 918 parameter (in case of *ApplicationID* = 0b000) or GPD IEEE address parameter (in case of  
 919 *ApplicationID* = 0b010) is from a valid range (see sec. A.1.4.1.4). If the check succeeds, the dGP stub  
 920 SHALL then check the *gpTxQueue*.

921 If *ApplicationID* = 0b000, an entry with GPD SrcID identical to that in the received GPDF is sought  
 922 for.

923 If *ApplicationID* = 0b010 an entry with GPD IEEE address identical to that in the received GPDF is  
 924 sought for. Subsequently, the value of the *Tx on matching endpoint* sub-field of the *TxOptions* field of  
 925 the queue entry and the GP-DATA.request and the *Endpoint* field of the *gpTxQueue* entry are analyzed.  
 926 If the *Tx on matching endpoint* sub-field of the GP-DATA.request is set to 0b0, a suitable entry is  
 927 found. If the Action parameter of the GP-DATA.request was set to TRUE, any additional *gpTxQueue*  
 928 entries for the same IEEE address, if existent (if the *Tx on matching endpoint* sub-field in the found  
 929 queue entry was set to 0b1) SHALL be removed and GP-DATA.confirm SHALL be returned with  
 930 Status ENTRY\_REMOVED. If the *Tx on the matching endpoint* sub-field of the GP-DATA.request is  
 931 set to 0b1, AND either the *Tx on matching endpoint* sub-field of the analyzed entry is set to 0b0 or the  
 932 *Tx on matching endpoint* sub-field of the analyzed entry is set to 0b1 and the value of the *Endpoint*  
 933 field in the GP-DATA.request is equal to the value of the *Endpoint* field in the analyzed entry, a  
 934 suitable entry is found.

935  
 936 If a suitable entry is found, and the Action parameter of the GP-DATA.request was set to FALSE, the  
 937 previous GPDF is removed and GP-DATA.confirm with the Status ENTRY\_REMOVED is provided  
 938 to the Green Power EndPoint.

939 If a suitable entry is found, and the Action parameter of the GP-DATA.request was set to TRUE, the  
 940 previous GPDF is overwritten and GP-DATA.confirm with the Status ENTRY\_REPLACE is provided  
 941 to the Green Power EndPoint.

942  
 943 If *ApplicationID* = 0b010, IEEE address matches, *Tx on matching endpoint* sub-field of both the GP-  
 944 DATA.request and the analyzed entry are set to 0b1, but the value of the *Endpoint* fields differ, the  
 945 analyzed entry SHALL NOT be removed. The dGP stub SHALL further search the *gpTxQueue* for an  
 946 entry with identical IEEE address and identical Endpoint. If found, this entry SHALL be replaced by  
 947 the entry supplied in the GP-DATA.request and a GP-DATA.confirm with Status  
 948 ENTRY\_REPLACE is returned; if not found, the supplied entry SHALL be added to the queue.

949  
 950 If the *gpTxQueue* has no previous suitable entries for this GPD SrcID/GPD IEEE address and it has  
 951 empty entries, the GPDF is added to the *gpTxQueue* and GP-DATA.confirm with the Status  
 952 ENTRY\_ADDED is provided to the Green Power EndPoint.

953  
 954 If the *gpTxQueue* has no previous suitable entries for this GPD SrcID/GPD IEEE address and it is full,  
 955 the dGP stub returns GP-DATA.confirm with the Status set to QUEUE\_FULL.

#### 956 A.1.5.2.1.1 gpTxQueue

957 The *gpTxQueue* is a set of buffers for outgoing GPDF, implemented by a GP infrastructure device ca-  
 958 pable of bidirectional communication.

959 In gpTxQueue, GPDF are stored for transmission to GPD.

960 In its gpTxQueue, each GP infrastructure device SHALL have a maximum of only one pending GPDF  
961 frame per GPD SrcID or the combination of GPD IEEE address and Endpoint.

962 Each entry in the gpTxQueue SHALL have a gpTxQueueEntryLifetime parameter associated, initiated  
963 with the value in the GP-DATA.request with Action=TRUE. When this timeout elapses, the GP-  
964 DATA.confirm with the Status ENTRY\_EXPIRED is returned to the Green Power EndPoint, the entry  
965 is cleared and can be used for any GPDF for any GPD ID.

966  
967 A gpTxQueue of a GP Basic Proxy and Basic Sink/Basic Combo device SHALL have a minimum  
968 length of 1 entry. Since the basic devices do not support bidirectional communication in operation, the  
969 default entry lifetime is 0xffff (so that the entry will be cleared upon sending the GPDF or upon recep-  
970 tion of GP-DATA.request with Action=FALSE). The basic devices are not required to be able to send  
971 secured GPDF.

972 For all other GP infrastructure device types the gpTxQueue SHALL have a minimum length of 5 en-  
973 tries.

#### 974 **A.1.5.2.1.2 gpTxOffset**

975 The *gpTxOffset* is the time after which the GP stub SHALL send at least one GPDF in response to a  
976 GPDF with *RxAfterTx* sub-field set, if any present in the gpTxQueue for this GPD ID (and *Endpoint*,  
977 specific or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010). It is measured on the medium, from the start of the recep-  
978 tion of the first GPDF in a triggering GPFS, to the start of transmission of the first GPDF in the re-  
979 sponse GPFS.

980 The *gpTxOffset* has value identical to the *gpdRxOffset* (see sec. A.1.6.3.1).

981  
982 If the GP stub misses a transmission window following a particular GPDF with *RxAfterTx* = 0b1 and  
983 defined by the *gpTxOffset* and *gpMaxTxOffsetVariation* parameters, it SHALL postpone the sending of  
984 the GPDF to the next transmission window.

985 The transmission time SHALL NOT exceed *gpTxDuration*.

#### 986 **A.1.5.2.1.3 gpMaxTxOffsetVariation**

987 The *gpMaxTxOffsetVariation* is the maximum allowed deviation to the *gpTxOffset*, as measured on the  
988 medium.

989 The *gpMaxTxOffsetVariation* has the non-negative value of 5ms.

990 Thus, the GP stub SHALL commence the transmission of a response GPDF not earlier than 20ms and  
991 not later than 25ms from the start of the reception of the triggering GPFS.

#### 992 **A.1.5.2.1.4 gpTxDuration**

993 The *gpTxDuration* is the maximum allowed transmission time for the GP stub. Thus, depending on the  
994 GPDF length, the GP stub MAY send the GPDF more than once, to increase the reliability of communi-  
995 cation, taking into consideration that the *gpdMinRxWindow* of the receiving GPD may be shorter than  
996 the *gpTxDuration*. It is measured on the medium from the start of the transmission of the first GPDF in  
997 a given GPFS, to the end of the last GPDF in a given GPFS.

998 The *gpTxDuration* has the value of 10ms.

#### 999 **A.1.5.2.2 GPDF reception**

1000 On receipt of a dGP-DATA.indication, the dGP stub SHALL proceed as follows.

1001 If the received frame was of type Maintenance frame (0b01), and the *GPD CommandID* of the received  
1002 GPDF does NOT have a value from the range 0xf0-0xff, then the dGP stub SHALL schedule transmis-  
1003 sion of the GPDF for *ApplicationID* = 0b000, SrcID = 0x00000000 stored in the gpTxQueue, if any,  
1004 with *UseCSMA* parameter set to FALSE, so that between *gpTxOffset* and *gpTxOffset + gpMaxTxOff-*  
1005 *setVariation* after reception of the triggering GPDF (as measured on the medium) at least one GPDF is  
1006 sent by the dGP stub; to that end, the dGP stub will send a CGP-DATA.request; the transmission time  
1007 by the dGP stub SHALL NOT exceed *gpTxDuration*; MAC acknowledgement SHALL NOT be re-  
1008 quested. On reception of the dGP-DATA.confirm, the dGP calls GP-DATA.confirm with Status value  
1009 copied from the dGP-DATA.confirm; if the Status in the dGP-DATA.confirm is SUCCESS, it removes  
1010 this gpTxQueue entry. Subsequently, the dGP stub indicates reception of the GPDF to the next higher  
1011 layer, by calling GP-DATA.indication; since in the current version of the specification security is not  
1012 used for Maintenance frames (*Frame Type* = 0b01), the dGP calls GP-DATA.indication with the Status  
1013 NO\_SECURITY.  
1014 If the received *GPD CommandID* had a value from the range 0xf0-0xff, the dGP SHALL silently drop  
1015 it.  
1016  
1017 If the received frame was of type Data frame (0b00) the dGP stub SHALL proceed as follows.  
1018 The dGP stub SHALL check if the value of the SrcID parameter (in case of *ApplicationID* = 0b000) or  
1019 GPD IEEE address parameter (in case of *ApplicationID* = 0b010) is from a valid range (see sec.  
1020 A.1.4.1.4). If the check succeeds, the dGP stub SHALL check the *SecurityLevel*. If the *SecurityLevel* is  
1021 not supported (incl. *SecurityLevel* = 0b01), the dGP stub SHALL silently drop the frame. If *Secu-*  
1022 *rityLevel* is supported and has the value of 0b00 or 0b10, and *GPD CommandID* has the value from the  
1023 range 0xf0-0xff, the GPDF is silently dropped. If *SecurityLevel* is supported, the dGP stub then gener-  
1024 ates GP-SEC.request and waits for GP-SEC.response.  
1025 On receipt of GP-SEC.response with *Status* DROP\_FRAME, the dGP stub drops the frame. On receipt  
1026 of GP-SEC.response with *Status* PASS\_UNPROCESSED, the dGP stub generates GP-  
1027 DATA.indication for the unprocessed frame, with *Status* UNPROCESSED. On receipt of GP-  
1028 SEC.response with *Status* MATCH or TX\_THEN\_DROP, the dGP stub security-processes the received  
1029 GPDF, as described in A.1.5.3.5.  
1030 If security processing fails, the dGP stub indicates that with GP-DATA.indication carrying the corre-  
1031 sponding *Status* value and stops any further processing of this frame.  
1032 If security processing is successful, and the *SecurityLevel* was 0b11, the dGP stub checks the plaintext  
1033 value of the *GPD CommandID*. If it has the value from the range 0xf0-0xff, the GPDF is silently  
1034 dropped.

If security processing was successful, and the GPD CommandID is not from the 0xf0 – 0xff range, the dGP stub checks if the *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field of the received GPDF was set to 0b1. If yes, it searches the *gpTxQueue* for an entry. If *ApplicationID* = 0b000, an entry with GPD SrcID identical to that in the received GPDF is sought for. If *ApplicationID* = 0b010 an entry with GPD IEEE address identical to that in the received GPDF is sought for. Subsequently, the value of the *Tx on matching endpoint* sub-field of the *TxOptions* field and the *Endpoint* field of the *gpTxQueue* entry is analyzed. If the *Tx on matching endpoint* sub-field set to 0b0, the *Endpoint* field is ignored, and a suitable GPDF is found. If the *Tx on matching endpoint* sub-field set to 0b1, and the value of the *Endpoint* field of the *gpTxQueue* entry is identical to that in the received GPDF, a suitable GPDF is found. If a suitable GPDF is found, dGP stub triggers security processing of the to-be-sent GPDF with the same security input parameters as for the received GPDF. If the Data *Frame Type* is used, the *NWK Frame Control Extension* sub-field SHALL be set to 0b1, the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field SHALL be present, and the *RxAfterTx* sub-field SHALL be set to 0b0 and the *Direction* sub-field SHALL be set to 0b1. Then, the dGP stub schedules GPDF transmission by sending CGP-DATA.request, with *UseCSMA* parameter set to FALSE, so that between *gpTxOffset* and *gpTxOffset + gpMaxTxOffsetVariation* after reception of the triggering GPDF (as measured on the medium) at least one GPDF is sent by the dGP stub; the transmission time by the dGP stub SHALL NOT exceed *gpTxDuration*. On reception of the dGP-DATA.confirm, the dGP calls GP-DATA.confirm with Status value copied from the dGP-DATA.confirm; if the Status in the dGP-DATA.confirm is SUCCESS, it removes this *gpTxQueue* entry. Then, if the *Status* of the GP-SEC.response was TX\_THEN\_DROP, the dGP silently drops the received GPDF.

Otherwise, if the Status of the GP-SEC.response was MATCH, and if no matching entry is found in the *gpTxQueue*, the GP stub indicates reception of the GPDF to the next higher layer, by calling GP-DATA.indication. If *SecurityLevel* was 0b00, the dGP calls GP-DATA.indication with the Status NO\_SECURITY; if *SecurityLevel* was 0b10 – 0b11, the dGP calls GP-DATA.indication with the Status SECURITY\_SUCCESS.

### A.1.5.3 Security operation of the GP stub

#### A.1.5.3.1 Per GPDF Security Level and Key selection

The dGP stub SHALL:

- For the incoming secured GPDF: use the parameters supplied by the GP-SEC.response.
- For the outgoing secured GPDF: use the same key and protection level as for the triggering GPDF.

#### A.1.5.3.2 Constructing AES Nonce

The AES nonce, defined by the Zigbee specification (sec. 4.5.2.2 of [1]) to have the format as depicted in Figure 10, is used for security operations and SHALL be constructed in the following way.

Octets: 8	4	1
Source address	Frame counter	Security control

Figure 10 – Format of the AES nonce [1]

For *ApplicationID* = 0b000, the *Source address* parameter SHALL take the value:

- for the incoming secured GPDF (i.e. the GPDF sent by the GPD): SourceAddress[63:32] = SrcID, SourceAddress[31:0] = SrcID;
- for the outgoing secured GPDF (i.e. the GPDF sent to the GPD): SourceAddress[63:32] = SrcID, SourceAddress[31:0] = 0;

1075 where the SrcID is little Endian (LSB first).

1076 For example, if the SrcID = 0x87654321, the *Source address* parameter takes the following values:

- 1077 • for the incoming secured GPDF: 0x8765432187654321 = { 0x21, 0x043, 0x65, 0x87, 0x21, 0x43,  
0x65, 0x87 };
- 1078 • for the outgoing secured GPDF: 0x8765432100000000 = { 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x21, 0x43,  
0x65, 0x87 }.

1081 For *ApplicationID* = 0b010, the *Source address* parameter SHALL take the value of the IEEE address  
1082 of the GPD, for both incoming and outgoing secured GPDF.

1083 Note: the *Endpoint* field, which is mandatory in case of *ApplicationID* = 0b010 is NOT used for nonce  
1084 generation; it is only part of the GPDF's authenticated header.

1085 *Frame counter* parameter SHALL take the value:

- 1087 • for the incoming secured GPDF: 4B frame counter for this GPD, as transmitted in the GPDF;
- 1088 • for the outgoing secured GPDF: the 4B value of frame counter that was last used by this GPD (i.e.  
1089 the frame counter value from the GPDF received from this GPD with *RxAfterTx*=TRUE that  
1090 immediately precedes the sending of this frame to the GPD).

1091 *Security control* field, defined to be part of the AES nonce by the Zigbee specification [1] and formatted  
1092 as shown in Figure 11, is never exchanged between the GP devices. Thus, for interoperability, the  
1093 values used SHALL be as defined below.

Bit: 0-2	3-4	5	6-7
Security level	Key identifier	Extended nonce	Reserved

1095 **Figure 11 – Format of the Security Control field of the AES Nonce [1]**

- 1096 • Security level (according to [1])= 0b101
- 1097 • Key identifier (NOT according to [1]) = 0b00
- 1098 • Note that this security level and Key identifier are never transmitted and are NOT used for  
1099 determining the transformation applied to the packet, since those are governed by the *Security* sub-  
1100 field of the NWK Frame Control field of the GPDF. The values here are defined for interoperability  
1101 only.
- 1102 • Extended nonce =0b0;
- 1103 • Reserved =
  - 1104 ▪ For *ApplicationID* = 0b000 and for incoming secured GPDF (i.e. GPDF sent by GPD): *Reserved*  
1105 = 0b00;
  - 1106 ▪ For outgoing secured GPDF (i.e. GPDF sent to GPD) with an *ApplicationID* = 0b010: *Reserved*  
1107 = 0b11.

1108 The *Nonce* SHALL be formatted little endian, i.e. LSB first. Also the fields *Source address* and *Frame  
1109 counter* SHALL be little endian, i.e. LSB first.

#### 1111 A.1.5.3.3 Initialization

1112 If the *SecurityLevel* field of the GPDF has the value 0b10 or 0b11, the following transformation ap-  
1113 plies.

1114 The definition *Payload* is applied to the following fields of the GPDF:

1115 *Payload* = GPD CommandID || GPD Command Payload.

1116 The definition *Header* is applied to the following fields of the GPDF:

1117 in case of *ApplicationID* = 0b000:

1118 *Header* = NWK Frame Control || Ext NWK Frame Control || SrcID || Frame counter;

1119 in case of *ApplicationID* = 0b010:

1120 *Header* = NWK Frame Control || Ext NWK Frame Control || Endpoint || Frame counter.

1121

#### 1122 A.1.5.3.4 Outgoing frames encryption and authentication

1123 Determine the security level, as described in A.1.5.2.2, and perform initialization, as described in  
1124 A.1.5.3.3.

##### 1125 A.1.5.3.4.1 CCM\* execution

1126 Execute the CCM\* mode encryption and authentication operation, as specified in Annex A of [1]. The  
1127 following parameters are used:

- 1128 • The parameter M is =4, which means that 4B MIC is calculated (irrespective of *gpdSecurityLevel*).
- 1129 • Nonce is constructed as described in A.1.5.3.2.
- 1130 • The bit string *Key* determined as described in A.1.5.2.2.
- 1131 • if the frame requires encryption (as indicated by *gpdSecurityLevel* = 0b11),
  - 1132 • the octet string *a* SHALL be the *Header*, as defined in A.1.5.3.3,
  - 1133 • and the octet string *m* SHALL be the string *Payload*, as defined in A.1.5.3.3,
- 1134 • Otherwise, if the frame does not use encryption (as indicated by the *gpdSecurityLevel* parameter  
1135 equal to 0b10),
  - 1136 • the octet string *a* SHALL be the string *Header* || *Payload*, as defined in A.1.5.3.3,
  - 1137 • and the octet string *m* SHALL be a string of length zero.

1138 The output CCM\* is the string *c*, which consists of right-concatenation of the encrypted message *Ci-*  
1139 *phertext* and the encrypted authentication tag *U*.

##### 1140 A.1.5.3.4.2 Constructing protected GPDF

1141 For transmission of the protected GPDF:

- 1142 • Else, if the security level, as indicated by *gpdSecurityLevel* = 0b10:
  - 1143 • The fields *GPD CommandID* and *GPD Command Payload* remain unmodified;
  - 1144 • 4 LSB of *U* are inserted into GPDF *MIC* field.
  - 1145 • The *Frame counter* used for frame protection is inserted into GPDF *Security frame counter* field.
- 1146 • Else if the security level, as indicated by the *gpdSecurityLevel* = 0b11:
  - 1147 • The *Ciphertext* is used as *Payload*, i.e. the *Ciphertext* replaces the fields *GPD CommandID* and  
*GPD Command payload*;
  - 1148 • 4 LSB of *U* are inserted into GPDF *MIC* field;
  - 1149 • The *Frame counter* used for frame protection is inserted into GPDF *Security frame counter* field.

##### 1151 A.1.5.3.5 Incoming frames decryption and authentication check

1152 Determine the security level, as described in A.1.5.2.2, and perform initialization, as described in  
1153 A.1.5.3.3.

1154 The following parameters are used for CCM\* mode encryption and authentication operation, as speci-  
1155 fied in Annex A of [1]:

- 1156 • The parameter M is =4.
- 1157 • Nonce is constructed as described in A.1.5.3.2.

- 1158 • The bit string *Key* determined as described in A.1.5.2.2.

1159  
1160 If decryption is required (*SecurityLevel* 0b11), proceed with CCM\* as specified in A.2.3 of [1], by us-  
1161 ing *PlaintextData* = encrypted GPD CommandID || encrypted GPD Command Payload from the re-  
1162 ceived GPDF.

1163 For authentication (for all *SecurityLevel* 0b10 - 0b11), calculate the *U*, as defined in A.1.5.3.4.1, taking  
1164 the decrypted *GPD CommandID* and *GPD Command Payload* fields as *Payload*, and the *Header* fields  
1165 as defined in A.1.5.3.3. Subsequently, compare the *MIC* field of the received GPDF with the corre-  
1166 sponding number of LSB of the calculated *U*.

1167  
1168 Subsequently, the results are evaluated as described in A.1.5.3.5.1.

#### **A.1.5.3.5.1 Reporting to next higher layer**

1169 If the authentication is successful, dGP stub calls GP-DATA.indication with Status SECURI-  
1170 TY\_SUCCESS and carrying the unprotected GPD CommandID and GPD Command Payload.

1171  
1172 If the authentication is not successful, and *SecurityLevel*=0b10 or 0b11, dGP stub calls GP-  
1173 DATA.indication with Status AUTH\_FAILED and carrying the protected GPD CommandID and GPD  
1174 Command Payload.

### **A.1.5.4 Security test vectors for ApplicationID = 0b000 and a shared key**

1175 The parameters underlined are dependent on device application and capabilities and thus could have  
1176 other values.

#### **A.1.5.4.1 Common settings**

- 1177 • GP Security Key = [ 0xC0 , 0xC1 , 0xC2 , 0xC3 , 0xC4 , 0xC5 , 0xC6 , 0xC7 , 0xC8 , 0xC9 , 0xCA  
1178 , 0xCb , 0xCC , 0xCd , 0xCe , 0 Cf ] = 0xCFCECDCBCAC9C8C7C6C5C4C3C2C1C0
- 1179 • MAC fields:
  - 1180 ▪ Dest PANId = 0xffff
  - 1181 ▪ Dest Addr = 0xffff
  - 1182 ▪ MAC SeqNum = 0x02
- 1183 • NWK fields:
  - 1184 ▪ NWK FC := [Ext NWK Header = 0b1 || Auto-Commissioning =0b0|| Zigbee Protocol 0b0011 ||  
1185 Frame type =0b00 ] → [0b10001100] 0x8c
  - 1186 ▪ GPD SrcID = 0x87654321
  - 1187 ▪ Security Frame Counter = 0x00000002
- 1188 • Application fields:
  - 1189 ▪ GPD CommandID = 0x20 (OFF)
  - 1190 ▪ No data payload

#### **A.1.5.4.2 SecurityLevel=0b10**

##### **A.1.5.4.2.1 Transmitted packet**

1191 Transmitted packet = MAC FC || MAC header || GP stub NWK header || Payload || MIC

1192  
1193 Transmitted packet

1194 **18 01 08 02 FF FF FF 8C 10 21 43 65 87 02 00 00 00 20 CF 78 7E 72**

**A.1.5.4.2.2 Inputs**

- NWK fields:
  - NWK FC Extended = [Direction = 0b0 || RxAfterTx = 0b0 || SecurityKey = 0b0 || SecurityLevel = 0b10 || ApplicationID = 0b000] → 0b00010000 → 0x10

**A.1.5.4.2.3 GP Security Calculation****Definitions**

- Nonce N = [0x21, 0x43, 0x65, 0x87, 0x21, 0x43, 0x65, 0x87, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x05]

a = header || Payload

Header = NWK FC || NWK\_EXT FC || SrcID || Security Frame Counter.

header = 0x8c || 0x10 || 0x87654321 || 0x00000002

header = [0x8c, 0x10, 0x21, 0x43, 0x65, 0x87, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00]

payload = 0x20

a = 0x8c || 0x10 || 0x87654321 || 0x00000002 || 0x20

a = [0x8c, 0x10, 0x21, 0x43, 0x65, 0x87, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00; 0x20]

**Calculation**

l(a) = 0x0b

L(a) = 0x00 0x0b

AddAuthData = L(a) || a || padding

AddAuthData = [0x00, 0x0b, 0x8c, 0x10, 0x21, 0x43, 0x65, 0x87, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x20, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00]

Flags = [Reserved = 0b0 || Adata = 0b1 || (M-2)/2 = 0b001 || (L-1) = 0b001 → 0x49]

B0 = [Flags = 0x49 || Nonce N = 0x21 0x43 0x65 0x87 0x21 0x43 0x65 0x87, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x05 || 0x00 0x00]

**Result**

U = **0x727E78CF**

MIC = FULL U = 0x727E78CF = [0xCF, 0x78, 0x7E, 0x72]

**A.1.5.4.3 SecurityLevel=0b11****A.1.5.4.3.1 Transmitted packet**

Transmitted packet = MAC FC || header || Payload || MIC

Transmitted packet

**18 01 08 02 FF FF FF 8C 18 21 43 65 87 02 00 00 00 83 CA 43 24 DD**

**A.1.5.4.3.2 Inputs**

- NWK fields:
  - NWK FC Extended = [Direction = 0b0 || RxAfterTx = 0b0 || SecurityKey = 0b0 || SecurityLevel = 0b11 || ApplID = 0b000] → 0b00011000 → 0x18



**Result****U = 0xDD2443CA**

MIC = FULL U = 0xDD2443CA = [0xCA, 0x43, 0x24, 0xDD]

Cipher = **0x83****A.1.5.5 Security test vectors for ApplicationID = 0b000 and an individual key****A.1.5.5.1 Common settings**

- GP Security Key = [ 0xC0 , 0xC1 , 0xC2 , 0xC3 , 0xC4 , 0xC5 , 0xC6 , 0xC7 , 0xC8 , 0xC9 , 0xCA , 0xCb , 0xCC , 0xCd , 0xCE , 0xCf ] = 0xCFCECDCBCAC9C8C7C6C5C4C3C2C1C0
- Nonce = 21 43 65 87 21 43 65 87 02 00 00 00 05
- MAC fields:
  - Dest PANId = 0xffff
  - Dest Addr = 0xffff
  - MAC SeqNum = 0x02
- NWK fields:
  - NWK FC := [Ext NWK Header = 0b1 || Auto-Commissioning =0b0|| Zigbee Protocol 0b0011 || Frame type =0b00 ] → [0b10001100] 0x8c
  - GPD SrcID = 0x87654321
  - Security Frame Counter = 0x00000002
- Application fields:
  - GPD CommandID = 0x20 (OFF)
  - No data payload

**A.1.5.5.2 SecurityLevel=0b10**

Extended NWK FC = [Direction = 0b0 || RxAfterTx = 0b0 || SecurityKey = 0b1 || SecurityLevel = 0b10 || ApplID = 0b000] → 0x30

Over the air packet:

18 01 08 02 FF FF FF 8C 30 21 43 65 87 02 00 00 00 20 AD 69 A9 78

**A.1.5.5.3 SecurityLevel=0b11**

Extended NWK FC = [Direction = 0b0 || RxAfterTx = 0b0 || SecurityKey = 0b1 || SecurityLevel = 0b11 || ApplID = 0b000] → 0x38

Over the air packet:

18 01 08 02 FF FF FF 8C 38 21 43 65 87 02 00 00 00 83 5F 1A 30 34

1329 **A.1.5.6 Security test vectors for ApplicationID = 0b000 and bidirec-**  
 1330 **tional operation**

1331 **A.1.5.6.1 Common settings**

1332 **For all frames**

- 1333 • NWK Frame Type sub-field = 0b00
- 1334 • Zigbee Protocol Version sub-field = 0b0011
- 1335 • Auto-Commissioning sub-field = 0b0
- 1336 • NWK Frame Control Extension sub-field = 0b1
- 1337 • GPD SrcID = 0x87654321
- 1338 • Security Frame Counter = 0x44332211
- 1339 • Security Key = { 0xC0 0xC1 0xC2 0xC3 0xC4 0xC5 0xC6 0xC7 0xC8 0xC9 0xCA 0xCB 0xCC  
1340 0xCD 0xCE 0xCF }

1341 **For incoming frames (from GPD to GPP / GPS)**

- 1342 • RxAfterTx sub-field = 0b1
- 1343 • Direction sub-field = 0b0
- 1344 • MAC Seq Nbr
  - 1345 ▪ For SecurityLevel = 0b10 or 0b11: 0x01
- 1346 • GPD CommandID = 0x20 (OFF)
- 1347 • GPD Command payload =  $\emptyset$  (No payload)

1348 **For outgoing frames (from GPP/GPS to GPD)**

- 1349 • RxAfterTx sub-field = 0b0
- 1350 • Direction sub-field = 0b1
- 1351 • MAC Seq Nbr = 39
- 1352 • GPD CommandID = 0xF3 (Channel Configuration)
- 1353 • GPD Command payload = 0x00 (channel 11, bidirectional GPS)

1354 **A.1.5.6.2 Security test vectors for a shared key**

1355 **For all test vectors with a shared security key:**

- 1356 • SecurityKey sub-field of Extended NWK Frame Control field = 0b0 (shared key)

1357 **A.1.5.6.2.1 SecurityLevel = 0b10**

1358 **Incoming frame (GPD to GPP / GPS)**

1359 0x18 0x01 0x08 0x01 0xFF 0xFF 0xFF 0xFF 0x8C 0x50 0x21 0x43 0x65 0x87 0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44  
 1360 0x20 **0xF6 0x36 0x78 0x9E**

1361 Full 4B MIC: **0x9E7836F6**

1362 **Outgoing frame (GPP/GPS to GPD)**

1363 0x19 0x01 0x08 0x39 0xFF 0xFF 0xFF 0xFF 0x8C 0x90 0x21 0x43 0x65 0x87 0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44  
 1364 0xF3 0x00 **0xCC 0xA0 0xBB 0x2E**

1365 Full 4B MIC: **0x2EBBA0CC**

1366 **A.1.5.6.2.2 SecurityLevel = 0b11**

1367 **Incoming frame (GPD to GPP / GPS)**

1368 0x18 0x01 0x08 0x01 0xFF 0xFF 0xFF 0xFF 0x8C 0x58 0x21 0x43 0x65 0x87 0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44  
 1369 **0x2A 0x3D 0x17 0x0A 0xAA**

1370 Encrypted data: 0x2A

1371 Full 4B MIC: 0xAA0A173D

1372 **Outgoing frame (GPP/GPS to GPD)**

1373 0x19 0x01 0x08 0x39 0xFF 0xFF 0xFF 0x8C 0x98 0x21 0x43 0x65 0x87 0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44  
1374 0x9E 0x7E **0x14 0x0F 0xB5 0xDA**

1375 Encrypted data: 0x9E 0x7E

1376 Full 4B MIC: 0xDAB50F14

1377 **A.1.5.6.3 Security test vectors for an individual key**

1378 For all test vectors with an individual key:

- *SecurityKey* sub-field in *Extended NWK Frame Control* field = 0b1 (individual key)

1380 **A.1.5.6.3.1 SecurityLevel = 0b10**

1381 **Incoming frame (GPD to GPP / GPS)**

1382 0x18 0x01 0x08 0x01 0xFF 0xFF 0xFF 0x8C 0x70 0x21 0x43 0x65 0x87 0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44  
1383 **0x20 0x6E 0xA9 0x51 0xBC**

1384 Full 4B MIC: 0xBC51A96E

1385 **Outgoing frame (GPP/GPS to GPD)**

1386 0x19 0x01 0x08 0x39 0xFF 0xFF 0xFF 0x8C 0xB0 0x21 0x43 0x65 0x87 0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44  
1387 **0xF3 0x00 0xF9 0xF1 0x7C 0x8A**

1388 Full 4B MIC: 0x8A7CF1F9

1389 **A.1.5.6.3.2 SecurityLevel = 0b11**

1390 **Incoming frame (GPD to GPP / GPS)**

1391 0x18 0x01 0x08 0x01 0xFF 0xFF 0xFF 0x8C 0x78 0x21 0x43 0x65 0x87 0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44  
1392 **0x2A 0xD9 0xF0 0x08 0x6D**

1393 Encrypted data: 0x2A

1394 Full 4B MIC: 0x6D08F0D9

1395 **Outgoing frame (GPP/GPS to GPD)**

1396 0x19 0x01 0x08 0x39 0xFF 0xFF 0xFF 0x8C 0xB8 0x21 0x43 0x65 0x87 0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44  
1397 **0x9E 0x7E 0xD6 0x6E 0x60 0x08**

1398 Encrypted data: 0x9E 0x7E

1399 Full 4B MIC: 0x08606ED6

1400 **A.1.5.7 Security test vectors for key derivation**

1401 **A.1.5.7.1 NWK-key derived GPD group key**

1402 Input:

1403 Zigbee NWK key = {0x01, 0x03, 0x05, 0x07, 0x09, 0x0b, 0x0d, 0x0f, 0x00, 0x02, 0x04, 0x06, 0x08,  
1404 0x0a, 0x0c, 0x0d};

1405 Output:

1406 NWK-key derived GPD group key = {0xBA, 0x88, 0x86, 0x7f, 0xc0, 0x09, 0x39, 0x87, 0xeb, 0x88,  
1407 0x64, 0xce, 0xbe, 0x5f, 0xc6, 0x13};

### 1408 A.1.5.7.2 Derived individual GPD key

1409 Input:

1410 SrcID = 0x87654321;

1411 GPD Group Key = {0xc0, 0xc1, 0xc2, 0xc3, 0xc4, 0xc5, 0xc6, 0xc7, 0xc8, 0xc9, 0xca, 0xcb, 0xcc,  
1412 0xcd, 0xce, 0xcf};

1413 Output:

1414 Derived individual GPD key = {0x7a, 0x3a, 0x73, 0x43, 0x8d, 0x6e, 0x47, 0x55, 0x28, 0x81, 0xa0,  
1415 0x28, 0xad, 0x59, 0x23, 0x2e};

### 1416 A.1.5.8 Security test vectors for TC-LK protection

#### 1417 A.1.5.8.1 OOB key in Commissioning GPDF for SrcID=0x12345678

1418 Input:

1419 SrcID = 0x12345678

1420 OOB Key = {0xC0 0xC1 0xC2 0xC3 0xC4 0xC5 0xC6 0xC7 0xC8 0xC9 0xCA 0xCB 0xCC 0xCD  
1421 0xCE 0xCF}

1422 TC-LK = {0x5A 0x69 0x67 0x42 0x65 0x65 0x41 0x6C 0x6C 0x69 0x61 0x6E 0x63 0x65 0x30 0x39}

1423 Security frame counter – irrelevant;

1424 Calculation:

1425 Nonce = {0x78 0x56 0x34 0x12 0x78 0x56 0x34 0x12 0x78 0x56 0x34 0x12 0x05}

1426 Header = {0x78 0x56 0x34 0x12}

1427 Plaintext = {0xC0 0xC1 0xC2 0xC3 0xC4 0xC5 0xC6 0xC7 0xC8 0xC9 0xCA 0xCB 0xCC 0xCD  
1428 0xCE 0xCF}

1429 Output:

1430 TC-LK protected OOB key = {0x7D 0x17 0x7B 0xD2 0x9E 0xA0 0xFD 0xA6 0xB0 0x17 0x03 0x65  
1431 0x87 0xDC 0x26 0x00}

1432 *GPDkeyMIC* = {0x61 0xF1 0x63 0xA9}

#### 1433 A.1.5.8.2 Another OOB key in Commissioning GPDF for SrcID=0x12345678

1434 Input:

1435 SrcID = 0x12345678

1436 OOB Key = {0x16 0x68 0x16  
1437 0x68}

1438 TC-LK = {0x5A 0x69 0x67 0x42 0x65 0x65 0x41 0x6C 0x6C 0x69 0x61 0x6E 0x63 0x65 0x30 0x39}

1439 Security frame counter – irrelevant;

1440 Calculation:

1441 Nonce = {0x78 0x56 0x34 0x12 0x78 0x56 0x34 0x12 0x78 0x56 0x34 0x12 0x05}

1442 Header = {0x78 0x56 0x34 0x12}

1443 Plaintext = {0x16 0x68 0x16 0x68 0x16 0x68 0x16 0x68 0x16 0x68 0x16 0x68 0x16 0x68}

1444 Output:

1445 TC-LK protected OOB key = {0xAB 0xBE 0xAF 0x79 0x4C 0x0D 0x2D 0x09 0x6E 0xB6 0xDF 0xC6  
1446 0x5D 0x79 0xFE 0xA7}

1447 *GPDkeyMIC* = {0x67 0x31 0x42 0x6A}

### 1448 A.1.5.8.3 Shared key in Commissioning Reply GPDF for SrcID=0x12345678

1449 Input:

1450 SrcID = 0x12345678

1451 Shared Key = {0xC0 0xC1 0xC2 0xC3 0xC4 0xC5 0xC6 0xC7 0xC8 0xC9 0xCA 0xCB 0xCC 0xCD  
1452 0xCE 0xCF}

1453 TC-LK = {0x5A 0x69 0x67 0x42 0x65 0x65 0x41 0x6C 0x6C 0x69 0x61 0x6E 0x63 0x65 0x30 0x39}

1454 Security frame counter from the GPDF that triggers Commissioning Reply \*creation\*, not \*sending\* =  
1455 3;

1456 Calculation:

1457 Nonce = {0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x78 0x56 0x34 0x12 0x04 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x05}

1458 Header = {0x78 0x56 0x34 0x12}

1459 Plaintext = {0xC0 0xC1 0xC2 0xC3 0xC4 0xC5 0xC6 0xC7 0xC8 0xC9 0xCA 0xCB 0xCC 0xCD  
1460 0xCE 0xCF}

1461 Output:

1462 TC-LK protected shared key = {0xE9 0x00 0x06 0x63 0x1D 0x0D 0xFD 0xC6 0x38 0x06 0x8E 0x5E  
1463 0x69 0x67 0xD3 0x25}

1464 GPDkeyMIC = {0x27 0x55 0x9F 0x75}

1465 Frame Counter = {0x04 0x00 0x00 0x00}

### 1466 A.1.5.9 Security test vectors for ApplicationID = 0b010 and a shared 1467 key; Direction = 0b0 (from GPD)

1468 The parameters marked with violet are dependent on device application and capabilities and thus could  
1469 have other values.

#### 1470 A.1.5.9.1 Common settings

- 1471 • GP Security Key = [ 0xC0 , 0xC1 , 0xC2 , 0xC3 , 0xC4 , 0xC5 , 0xC6 , 0xC7 , 0xC8 , 0xC9 , 0xCA  
1472 , 0xCb , 0xCC , 0xCd , 0xCE , 0 Cf ] = 0xCFCECDCCCBCAC9C8C7C6C5C4C3C2C1C0
- 1473 • GPD IEEE address = 0x8877665544332211
- 1474 • Endpoint = 0x0A
- 1475 • MAC fields:
  - 1476 ▪ Dest PANId = 0xffff
  - 1477 ▪ MAC SeqNum = 0x02
- 1478 • NWK fields:
  - 1479 ▪ NWK FC := [Ext NWK Header = 0b1 || Auto-Commissioning =0b0 || Zigbee Protocol 0b0011 ||  
1480 Frame type =0b00 ] → [0b10001100] 0x8c
  - 1481 ▪ Security Frame Counter = 0x00000002
- 1482 • Application fields:
  - 1483 ▪ GPD CommandID = 0x20 (OFF)
  - 1484 ▪ No data payload

#### 1485 A.1.5.9.2 SecurityLevel=0b10

##### 1486 A.1.5.9.2.1 Transmitted packet

1487 Transmitted packet = MAC FC || MAC header || GP stub NWK header || Payload || MIC

1489 Transmitted packet  
 1490 12 41 C8 02 FF FF FF FF 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 8C 12 0A 02 00 00 00 20 C5 A8 3C 5E

#### **A.1.5.9.2.2 Inputs**

1492 Extended NWK FC = [Direction = 0b0 || RxAfterTx = 0b0 || SecurityKey = 0b0 || SecurityLevel = 0b10  
 1493 || ApplID = 0b010] → 0x12

1494 SrcID field: absent;

#### **A.1.5.9.2.3 GP Security Calculation**

1496 Definitions

1497 Nonce N = [0x11, 0x22, 0x33, 0x44, 0x55, 0x66, 0x77, 0x88, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x05]

1498

1499 a = header || Payload

1500

1501 Header = NWK FC || NWK\_EXT FC || Endpoint || Security Frame Counter.

1502 header = 0x8c || 0x12 || 0x0A || 0x00000002

1503 header = [0x8c, 0x12, 0x0A, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00]

1504

1505 payload = 0x20

1506

1507 a = 0x8c || 0x12 || 0x0A || 0x00000002 || 0x20

1508 a = [0x8c, 0x12, 0x0A, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00; 0x20]

1509

#### **Calculation**

1511 l(a) = 0x08

1512 L(a) = 0x00 0x08

1513

1514 AddAuthData = L(a) || a || padding

1515 AddAuthData = [0x00, 0x08, 0x8c, 0x12, 0x0A, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x20, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00,  
 1516 0x00, 0x00, 0x00]

1517

1518 Flags = [Reserved = 0b0 || Adata = 0b1 || (M-2)/2 = 0b001 || (L-1) = 0b001 → 0x49]

1519

1520 B0 = [Flags = 0x49 || Nonce N = 0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44 0x55 0x66 0x77 0x88, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00,  
 1521 0x05 || 0x00 0x00]

1522

#### **Result**

1524 U = **0x5E3CA8C5**

1525 MIC = FULL U = 0x5E3CA8C5 = [0xC5, 0xA8, 0x3C, 0x5E]

#### **A.1.5.9.3 SecurityLevel=0b11**

##### **A.1.5.9.3.1 Transmitted packet**

1528 Transmitted packet = MAC FC || MAC header || GP stub NWK header || Payload || MIC

1529 Transmitted packet

1530 12 41 C8 02 FF FF FF FF 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 8C 1A 0A 02 00 00 00 7E D2 A2 36 1B

**A.1.5.9.3.2 Inputs**

1531 Extended NWK FC = [Direction = 0b0 || RxAfterTx = 0b0 || SecurityKey = 0b0 || SecurityLevel = 0b11  
 1532 || ApplID = 0b010] → 0x1A

1533 SrcID field: absent;

**A.1.5.9.3.3 Security Calculation**

1534 Definitions

1535 Nonce N = [0x11, 0x22, 0x33, 0x44, 0x55, 0x66, 0x77, 0x88, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x05]

1536

1537 a = Header

1538 m = Payload

1539

1540 Header = NWK FC || NWK\_EXT FC || Endpoint || Security Frame Counter

1541 header = 0x8C || 0x1A || 0x0A || 0x00000002

1542 header = [0x8C, 0x1A, 0x0A, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00]

1543

1544 payload = 0x20

1545

1546 a = 0x8C || 0x1A || 0x0A || 0x00000002

1547 a = [0x8C, 0x1A, 0x0A, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00]

1548

1549 m = 0x20

1550

1551 **Calculation**

1552 l(a) = 0x07

1553 L(a) = 0x00 0x07

1554

1555 AddAuthData = L(a) || a || padding

1556 AddAuthData = [0x00, 0x07, 0x8C, 0x1A, 0x0A, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00]

1557

1558 PlaintextData = m || padding

1559 PlaintextData = [0x20, 0x00, 0x00]

1560

1561 AuthData = AddAuthData || PlaintextData

1562 AuthData = [0x00, 0x07, 0x8C, 0x1A, 0x0A, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00]

1563

1564 FlagsAuth = [Reserved = 0b0 || Adata = 0b1 || (M-2)/2 = 0b001 || (L-1) = 0b001 → 0x49]

1565

1566 B0 = [Flags = 0x49 || Nonce N = 0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44 0x55 0x66 0x77 0x88 0x02 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x05 || l(m) = 0x00 0x01]

1567

1568 B1 = [0x00, 0x07, 0x8C, 0x1A, 0x0A, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x20, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00]

1569

1577 B2 = [0x20, 0x00, 0x00]

1578 ]

1579

1580 FlagsEncrypt = [Reserved = 0b0 || Reserved = 0b0 || 0b000 || (L-1) = 0b001 → 0x01]

1581

1582 Ai = [FlagsEncrypt = 0x01 || Nonce N = 0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44 0x55 0x66 0x77 0x88, 0x02, 0x00,

1583 0x00, 0x00, 0x05 || Counter = 0x00 0x0i]

1584

1585 M1 = [0x20, 0x00, 0x00]

1586 ]

1587

## **Result**

**U = 0x1B36A2D2**

1590 MIC = FULL U = 0x1B36A2D2 = [0xD2, 0xA2, 0x36, 0x1B]

1591

1592 Cipher = **0x7E**

## **A.1.5.10 Security test vectors for ApplicationID = 0b010 and an individual OOB key**

### **A.1.5.10.1 Common settings**

- GP Security Key = [ 0xC0 , 0xC1 , 0xC2 , 0xC3 , 0xC4 , 0xC5 , 0xC6 , 0xC7 , 0xC8 , 0xC9 , 0xCA , 0xCb , 0xCC , 0Cd , 0xCe , 0 Cf ] = 0xCFCECDCBCAC9C8C7C6C5C4C3C2C1C0

- MAC fields:

- Dest PANId = 0xffff

- Dest Addr = 0xffff

- MAC SeqNum = 0x02

- NWK fields:

- NWK FC := [Ext NWK Header = 0b1 || Auto-Commissioning =0b0|| Zigbee Protocol 0b0011 || Frame type =0b00 ] → [0b10001100] 0x8c

- GPD IEEE address = 0x8877665544332211

- Endpoint = 0x0A

- Security Frame Counter = 0x00000002

- Application fields:

- GPD CommandID = 0x20 (OFF)

- No data payload

### **A.1.5.10.2 SecurityLevel=0b10**

#### **A.1.5.10.2.1 Transmitted packet**

1613 Transmitted packet = MAC FC || MAC header || GP stub NWK header || Payload || MIC

1614 Transmitted packet

1615 12 41 C8 02 FF FF FF FF 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 8C 32 0A 02 00 00 00 20 BD D2 CA AB

#### **A.1.5.10.2.2 Inputs**

1617 Extended NWK FC = [Direction = 0b0 || RxAfterTx = 0b0 || SecurityKey = 0b1 || SecurityLevel = 0b10 || ApplID = 0b010] → 0x32

1619 SrcID field: absent;

#### A.1.5.10.2.3 Security Calculation

Nonce N = [0x11, 0x22, 0x33, 0x44, 0x55, 0x66, 0x77, 0x88, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x05]

AddAuthData = L(a) || a || padding

AddAuthData = [0x00, 0x08, 0x8C, 0x32, 0x0A, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x20, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00]

Flags = [Reserved = 0b0 || Adata = 0b1 || (M-2)/2 = 0b001 || (L-1) = 0b001 → 0x49]

B0 = [Flags =0x49|| Nonce N = 0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44 0x55 0x66 0x77 0x88, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x05 || 0x00 0x00]

## Result

**U = 0xAB CAD2BD**

MIC = FULL U = 0xAB CAD2 BD = [0xBD 0xD2 0xCA 0xAB]

#### A.1.5.10.3 SecurityLevel=0b11

#### A.1.5.10.3.1 Transmitted packet

Transmitted packet = MAC FC || MAC header || GP stub NWK header || Payload || MIC

## Transmitted packet

12 41 C8 02 FF FF FF FF 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 8C 3A 0A 02 00 00 00 00 7E DA 01 EE 3E

### A.1.5.10.3.2 Inputs

Extended NWK FC = [Direction = 0b0 || RxAfterTx = 0b0 || SecurityKey = 0b1 || SecurityLevel = 0b11  
|| ApplID = 0b010] → 0x3A

SrcID field: absent;

### A.1.5.10.3.3 Security Calculation

Nonce N = [0x11, 0x22, 0x33, 0x44, 0x55, 0x66, 0x77, 0x88, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x05]

FlagsAuth = [Reserved = 0b0 || Adata = 0b1 || (M-2)/2 = 0b001 || (L-1) = 0b001 → 0x49]

$B0 = [Flags = 0x49 \parallel \text{Nonce } N = 0x11\ 0x22\ 0x33\ 0x44\ 0x55\ 0x66\ 0x77\ 0x88\ 0x02\ 0x00\ 0x00\ 0x00\ 0x05 \parallel l(m) = 0x00\ 0x01]$

B1 = [0x00, 0x07, 0x8C, 0x3A, 0x0A, 0x02, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x20, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00]

FlagsEncrypt = [Reserved = 0b0 || Reserved = 0b0 || 0b000 || (L-1) = 0b001 → 0x01]

**Ai** = [FlagsEncrypt = 0x01 || Nonce N = 0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44 0x55 0x66 0x77 0x88, 0x02, 0x00,

1664 0x00, 0x00, 0x05 || Counter = 0x00 0x0i]  
 1665  
 1666 M1 = [0x20, 0x00, 0x00]

1668  
 1669 **Result**  
 1670 U = **0x3EEE01DA**

1671 MIC = FULL U = 0x3EEE01DA = [0xDA, 0x01, 0xEE, 3E]

1672

1673 Cipher = **0x7E**

### 1674 **A.1.5.11 Security test vectors for ApplicationID = 0b010 and bidirectional operation**

#### 1676 **A.1.5.11.1 Common settings**

##### 1677 **For all frames**

- 1678 • NWK Frame Type sub-field = 0b00
- 1679 • Zigbee Protocol Version sub-field = 0b0011
- 1680 • Auto-Commissioning sub-field = 0b0
- 1681 • NWK Frame Control Extension sub-field = 0b1
- 1682 • GPD IEEE address = 0x8877665544332211
- 1683 • Endpoint = 0x0A
- 1684 • Security Frame Counter = 0x00000002
- 1685 • Security Key = { 0xC0 0xC1 0xC2 0xC3 0xC4 0xC5 0xC6 0xC7 0xC8 0xC9 0xCA 0xCB 0xCC 0xCD 0xCE 0xCF }

##### 1687 **For outgoing frames (from GPP/GPS to GPD)**

- 1688 • RxAfterTx sub-field = 0b0
- 1689 • Direction sub-field = 0b1
- 1690 • MAC Seq Nbr = 39
- 1691 • GPD CommandID = 0xF1 (Write Attributes)
- 1692 • GPD Command payload = 0x00 0x03 0x00 0x05 0x00 0x00 0x21 0x0a 0x00

#### 1693 **A.1.5.11.2 Security test vectors for a shared key**

##### 1694 **For all test vectors with a shared security key:**

- 1695 • SecurityKey sub-field of Extended NWK Frame Control field = 0b0 (shared key)

#### 1696 **A.1.5.11.2.1 SecurityLevel = 0b10**

##### 1697 **Outgoing frame (GPP/GPS to GPD)**

1698 01 0c 02 ff ff 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 8C 92 0A 02 00 00 00 F1 00 03 00 05 00 00 21 0A 00 03 48 0D  
 1699 4D

#### 1700 **A.1.5.11.2.2 SecurityLevel = 0b11**

##### 1701 **Outgoing frame (GPP/GPS to GPD)**

1702 01 0c 02 ff ff 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 8C 9A 0A 02 00 00 00 99 2C 16 34 58 B4 A6 EF 6D 12 89 2F  
 1703 5E 1F

**A.1.5.11.3 Security test vectors for an individual OOB key**

For all test vectors with an individual key:

- SecurityKey sub-field of *Extended NWK Frame Control* field = 0b1 (individual key)

**A.1.5.11.3.1 SecurityLevel = 0b10****Outgoing frame (GPP/GPS to GPD)**

01 0c 02 ff ff 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 8C B2 0A 02 00 00 00 F1 00 03 00 05 00 00 21 0A 00 F1 3D  
2A D9

**A.1.5.11.3.2 SecurityLevel = 0b11****Outgoing frame (GPP/GPS to GPD)**

0x01 0x0c 0x02 0xff 0xff 0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44 0x55 0x66 0x77 0x88 8C BA 0A 02 00 00 00 99 2C  
16 34 58 B4 A6 EF 6D 12 3E 56 82 47

**A.1.5.12 Security test vectors for key derivation****A.1.5.12.1 Derived individual GPD key**

Input:

GPD IEEE address = 0x8877665544332211;

Endpoint = 0x0A; (not used for key derivation)

GPD Group Key = {0xc0, 0xc1, 0xc2, 0xc3, 0xc4, 0xc5, 0xc6, 0xc7, 0xc8, 0xc9, 0xca, 0xcb, 0xcc,  
0xcd, 0xce, 0xcf};

Output:

Derived individual GPD key = {0x8a, 0xe7, 0x5b, 0x07, 0x5f, 0x7a, 0x13, 0x23, 0x06, 0x08, 0xff,  
0x7e, 0x93, 0x07, 0x97, 0x6d};

**A.1.5.13 Security test vectors for ApplicationID = 0b010 and TC-LK protection****A.1.5.13.1 OOB key in Commissioning GPDF for GPD IEEE address = 0x8877665544332211**

Input:

GPD IEEE address = 0x8877665544332211

Endpoint = 0x0A; (not used for TC-LK protection)

OOB Key = {0xC0 0xC1 0xC2 0xC3 0xC4 0xC5 0xC6 0xC7 0xC8 0xC9 0xCA 0xCB 0xCC 0xCD  
0xCE 0xCF}

TC-LK = {0x5A 0x69 0x67 0x42 0x65 0x65 0x41 0x6C 0x6C 0x69 0x61 0x6E 0x63 0x65 0x30 0x39}

Security frame counter – irrelevant;

Processing:

Nonce = {0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44 0x55 0x66 0x77 0x88 0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44 0x05 }

Header = {0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44}

Output:

TC-LK protected OOB key = {0x2D 0xF0 0x67 0xAF 0xCD 0x4D 0x8C 0xF0 0xF5 0x2E 0x6C 0x85  
0x8F 0x31 0x4E 0x22}

GPDkeyMIC = {0x3F 0x9A 0xE0 0xB5}

### 1743 A.1.5.13.2 Shared key in Commissioning Reply GPDF for GPD IEEE ad-

### 1744 dress = 0x8877665544332211

#### 1745 Input:

1746 GPD IEEE address = 0x8877665544332211

1747 Endpoint = 0x00; (not used for TC-LK protection)

1748 Shared Key = {0xC0 0xC1 0xC2 0xC3 0xC4 0xC5 0xC6 0xC7 0xC8 0xC9 0xCA 0xCB 0xCC 0xCD  
1749 0xCE 0xCF}

1750 TC-LK = {0x5A 0x69 0x67 0x42 0x65 0x65 0x41 0x6C 0x6C 0x69 0x61 0x6E 0x63 0x65 0x30 0x39}

1751 Security frame counter from the GPDF that triggers Commissioning Reply \*creation\*, not \*sending\* =  
1752 2;

#### 1753 Processing:

1754 Nonce = {0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44 0x55 0x66 0x77 0x88 0x03 0x00 0x00 0x00 0xC5}

1755 Header = {0x11 0x22 0x33 0x44}

#### 1756 Output:

1757 TC-LK protected shared key = { 0x2D 0x23 0x8F 0x58 0x07 0x1C 0x07 0x8A 0xB0 0x5C 0x23 0x5E  
1758 0x4D 0xED 0xDF 0x3B }

1759 *GPDkeyMIC* = {0xDE 0xF5 0x18 0x7D}

1760 *Frame Counter* = {0x03 0x00 0x00 0x00}

### 1761 A.1.5.14 dLPED stub

1762 Out of scope for the current document, to be specified by a separate LPED document.

## 1763 A.1.6 GPD specification

1764 The Green Power Device (GPD) is not required to implement any part of the Zigbee stack or the GP  
1765 stub as described above. It implements the minimum MAC and stack functionality that allows it to  
1766 support the required application functionality as defined per GPD device type in A.4.

1767 Still, the following minimum implementation requirements need to be considered, to ensure interoperability  
1768 with the GP infrastructure devices.

### 1769 A.1.6.1 Frame format

1770 As defined in A.1.4. Command payloads as defined in A.4.

### 1771 A.1.6.2 GPD addressing

1772 GPD is not part of the Zigbee network therefore it does not have the short (16-bit) address. The GPD  
1773 SHALL support one of the unique identifications specified below; it SHALL NOT change the identification  
1774 during its lifetime in a system.

#### 1775 A.1.6.2.1 ApplicationID = 0b000

1776 If GPD supports *ApplicationID* = 0b000, the GPD is identified by the 4B SrcID. If it has enough energy,  
1777 the GPD MAY in addition include its IEEE address in the MAC header of the GPDF.

1778 The SrcID SHALL be globally unique. They are managed by the Connectivity Standards Alliance, as  
1779 described in [9].

1780 The following SrcID values are reserved: 0x00000000 (used for none/undefined), 0xffffffff (used for  
1781 all/any), and all in the range 0xfffffff9-0xffffffe (reserved).

In the current Green Power specification, for the Green Power Devices there is no construct equivalent to Zigbee endpoints. However, it is possible for a GPD to use different SrcID values for each logical device existing on a GPD.

If a GPD has to support multiple identical device descriptions (e.g. an on/off switch with two rockers), each device description SHALL correspond to unique SrcID. If a GPD has to support multiple, but different device descriptions, it is left to the implementers of this specification to decide whether to use one or multiple SrcID. Please note, that proxies perform filtering and tunneling based solely on the SrcID.

### A.1.6.2.2 ApplicationID = 0b010

If GPD supports *ApplicationID* = 0b010, the GPD is identified by its IEEE address. In addition, the *Endpoint* field is always present (see sec. A.1.4.1.5). The *Endpoint* field can be used to uniquely identify each of the multiple logical devices sharing the same GPD radio.

Implementers are free to choose the identifier for the *Endpoint(s)* from the non-reserved range (see sec. A.1.4.1.5).

### A.1.6.3 GPD bidirectional operation

If the GPD is capable of bidirectional operation, it SHALL use the following constants.

If a GPD is addressable by GPD IEEE address (i.e. *ApplicationID* = 0b0101), then the GPD capable of bidirectional communication SHALL be capable of receiving GPDF addressed both to the unique endpoint numbers supported by this GPD, and to endpoint 0xff.

#### A.1.6.3.1 gpdRxOffset

The *gpdRxOffset* is the time, measured from the start of the transmission of the first frame in the GPFS with *RxAfterTx* sub-field set to 0b1, after which an Rx-capable GPD will enable its radio for reception. It has fixed value of 20 milliseconds.

For explanation on GPFS usage, please see sec. A.1.7.2.1.

#### A.1.6.3.2 gpdMinRxWindow

The *gpdMinRxWindow* is minimal duration of the reception window of an Rx-capable GPD.

GPD vendors SHALL implement reception window duration that is equal to at least the sum of the *gpMaxTxOffsetVariation*, the actual duration of the triggering GPFS, and the duration corresponding to the actual GPD frame size to be received by this GPD, if substantially longer than the triggering GPDF.

Note: the Rx-capable GPDs SHALL have energy budget that allows for processing the received frame, e.g. non-volatilely store the supplied parameters.

#### A.1.6.3.3 GPFS duration

The GPFS duration, measured from the start of transmission of the first frame in the sequence to the end of transmission of the last frame in the sequence, SHALL NOT exceed:

- 7ms for GPFS with *RxAfterTx* = 0b1;
- 5ms for GPFS with *RxAfterTx* = 0b0.

## 1819 **A.1.6.4 GPD security parameters**

### 1820 **A.1.6.4.1 gpdSecurityLevel**

1821 The *gpdSecurityLevel* parameter indicates the security level used by this GPD. It can take the values as  
1822 defined in Table 11.

1823 The supported *gpdSecurityLevel* is dependent on the energy capabilities of a particular GPD. A GPD is  
1824 assumed to support only one *gpdSecurityLevel*.

1825 According to the current version of the specification, only GPD that support *gpdSecurityLevel* = 0b10  
1826 or higher AND support TC-LK protection (as indicated by the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field of the *Ex-*  
1827 *tended Options* field of the GPD Commissioning command) of the GPD key, if exchanged over the air,  
1828 can be certified.

### 1829 **A.1.6.4.2 gpdSecurityKeyType**

1830 The type of security key with which the GPD was programmed. This parameter can take the values as  
1831 defined in Table 53.

### 1832 **A.1.6.4.3 gpdSecurityKey**

1833 The security key itself.

1834 Note: if the GPD device comes with an OOB individual key, then it MAY need to be stored in addition  
1835 to the key used in the operational network.

### 1836 **A.1.6.4.4 gpdSecurityFrameCounter**

1837 The frame counter, used as part of the AES Nonce (see A.1.5.3.2).

1838 The new frame counter value SHALL be stored immediately after usage, before the GPD starts trans-  
1839 mitting the protected frame.

1840 A GPD SHALL use one and the same frame counter for commissioning and operational mode, irre-  
1841 spective of the security levels used in both modes. Thus, when switching between the modes, the GPD  
1842 continues with the next frame counter value.

1843 The GPD SHALL preserve the security frame counter across “factory resets” (if implemented) and  
1844 when being commissioned/decommissioned on different networks.<sup>1</sup>The only time the GPD SHALL  
1845 reset the frame counter to zero is if upon GPD Commissioning Reply command reception the security  
1846 frame counter of the GPD is larger than 0x80000000 AND the type or value of the supplied key differs  
1847 from the key currently used.

1848 For *gpdSecurityLevel* 0b10 and 0b11, the *MAC sequence number* field SHOULD carry the 1LSB of the  
1849 *gpdSecurityFrameCounter*.

### 1850 **A.1.6.4.5 GPD security processing for transmitted GPDF**

1851 See section A.1.5.3.2- A.1.5.3.4 and A.1.5.4.

### 1852 **A.1.6.4.6 GPD security processing for received GPDF**

1853 If the GPD is capable of bidirectional operation, the GPD SHALL perform the following checks on  
1854 GPDF reception and drop the GPDF if any of those checks fails:

- 1855 • The *ApplicationID* sub-field SHALL be set to the value supported by this GPD (0b000 or 0b010);
- 1856 • The *Direction* sub-field SHALL be set to 0b1
- 1857 • The value of the unique GPD ID in the received GPDF SHALL correspond to the GPD ID this

<sup>1</sup> Note: Sink behavior to be specified as part of next GP release (v1.1).

1858 device was programmed with.

1859 Furthermore,

- 1860 • if *gpdSecurityLevel* = 0b00, the GPD SHALL accept any *MAC sequence number* value;
- 1861 • if *gpdSecurityLevel* = 0b10 – 0b11
  - 1862 • The *SecurityLevel*, *SecurityKeyType*, and *SecurityFrameCounter* value in the received frame
  - 1863 • SHALL be exactly as for the triggering frame
  - 1864 • The security processing SHALL be successful.

## 1865 **A.1.7 GPD implementation considerations**

### 1866 **A.1.7.1 MAC frame control field**

1867 The Frame Control field of a GPDF MAC frame SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 12.  
 1868 The bottom row of Figure 12 contains the recommended settings for minimum-functionality GPDs.

<b>Bits: 0–2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7–9</b>	<b>10–11</b>	<b>12–13</b>	<b>14–15</b>
Frame Type	Security Enabled	Frame Pending	Acknowl- edgment Request	Intra- PAN	Reserved	Destination Addressing Mode	Reserved	Source Addressing Mode
001	0	0	0/1	0	000	10	00	00

1870 **Figure 12 – GPDF MAC Frame Control Field Format**

#### 1871 **A.1.7.1.1 MAC sequence number field**

1872 GPDs that do not support security (*gpdSecurityLevel* = 0b00) may support random or incremental se-  
 1873 quence numbers. That doesn't make any functional difference in the system, since the receiving  
 1874 proxy/sink does NOT use it for security or freshness check, but only for duplicate filtering.

1875 For GPDs that support security (*gpdSecurityLevel* >= 0b10), see sec. A.1.6.4.4.

#### 1876 **A.1.7.1.2 MAC addressing fields**

1877 To remain IEEE 802.15.4 compliant, while minimizing the GPDF length, only the destination PANID  
 1878 and destination address fields MAY be present. Both SHALL be set to a value 0xffff, indicating un-  
 1879 specified/broadcast.

1880 If the GPD has more energy available, it MAY include its IEEE address or the PANId of the Zigbee  
 1881 network.

1882 Please note that usage of individual PANId MAY lead to device disconnection and need for re-  
 1883 commissioning in case of PANId change.

#### 1884 **A.1.7.2 Energy budget of GPD**

1885 This specification covers a range of energy-restricted devices, from those with minimum energy budget  
 1886 (in the order of hundreds of  $\mu\text{J}$ ), with a typical example of electro-mechanical switch, up to devices  
 1887 with constant energy supply, with a typical example of a solar-powered sensor.

1888 The GPD vendors are allowed to use the available energy budget in a way best fitting their application,  
 1889 choosing the required Green Power functionality (e.g. security, bidirectional commissioning, bidirec-  
 1890 tional communication, CSMA/CA usage, etc.).

According to the current version of the specification, only GPD that support *gpdSecurityLevel* = 0b10 or higher AND support TC-LK protection (as indicated by the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field of the *Extended Options* field of the GPD Commissioning command) of the GPD key, if exchanged over the air, can be certified.

#### A.1.7.2.1 Energy budget and medium access

GPD devices with very restricted energy budget MAY skip CSMA/CA (incl. CCA) and repeat the Green Power Device Frame multiple times instead, to achieve the best possible reliability with the energy constraints given. Such a series of Green Power Device Frames, which are identical, incl. identical MAC sequence number, is then called Green Power Frame Sequence (GPFS). The number of frames in a GPFS and time spacing between them are left up to the implementer. The only limitation is the GPFS maximum duration as specified in section A.1.6.3.3.

The receiver only needs to act upon one of the frames in each GPFS; the others are dropped on reception as duplicates.

Devices with higher energy budget are recommended to perform CSMA/CA, so that they do not interfere with other communication on the same channel. This is especially recommended, if the device is to communicate frequently (e.g. a periodically reporting sensor).

#### A.1.7.3 GPD commissioning

GPD can send a Commissioning GPDF, to facilitate the commissioning process.

Otherwise, if the GPD is not capable of sending the Commissioning GPDF, the GPD SHALL be capable of sending at least one Data GPDF with the *Auto-Commissioning* flag set to 0b1, and the commissioning is performed with this/these Data GPDF. If the GPD is capable of being put in commissioning mode, it MAY set the *Auto-Commissioning* flag temporarily; otherwise the GPD SHALL permanently sets the *Auto-Commissioning* flag to 0b1 for this/these Data GPDF.

According to the current version of the specification, only GPD that support *gpdSecurityLevel* = 0b10 or higher AND support TC-LK protection (as indicated by the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field of the *Extended Options* field of the GPD Commissioning command) of the GPD key, if exchanged over the air, can be certified.

Since the GPD using the *Auto-Commissioning* = 0b1 do not exchange Commissioning (Reply) GPDF carrying the security key, such GPD would require out-of-band key establishment with the sink (out of scope for the current specification).

1921  
1922 GPD can set the *RxAfterTx* sub-field to 0b1 in the Commissioning GPDF, to facilitate bidirectional  
1923 commissioning, especially to allow the network to deliver some configuration parameters (e.g. key,  
1924 channel) to the GPD. The GPD SHOULD only set the *RxAfterTx* sub-field in the Commissioning  
1925 GPDF, if it expects a response, i.e. if at least one of the sub-fields *PANId request* sub-field or *GPsecu-*  
1926 *rityKeyRequest* is set to 0b1. The GPD SHOULD only request the key by setting *GPsecurityKeyRe-*  
1927 *quest* to 0b1, if it supports security, i.e. if the *SecurityLevelCapabilities* sub-field of the *Extended Op-*  
1928 *tions* field of the GPD Commissioning command is set to 0b10 or 0b11.

1929 A GPD setting *GPsecurityKeyRequest* to 0b1 SHALL also set the *GPDkeyPresent* sub-field of the *Ex-*  
1930 *tended Options* field of the Commissioning GPDF and include correctly protected *GPDkey* field. This  
1931 is done to allow the Combo Basic devices according to the current specification, which may not be ca-  
1932 pable of delivering a shared key, to use the OOB key instead.

1933 A GPD supporting bidirectional commissioning and *gpdSecurityLevel* 0b10 or 0b11 MAY choose to  
1934 only provide the OOB key, i.e. set the *GPsecurityKeyRequest* sub-field of the *Options* field to 0b0.

1935

A GPD supporting bidirectional commissioning is recommended to send the last frame of the bidirectional commissioning exchange, the Success GPDF, more than one time, to increase the probability of correct reception. If more than one Success GPFS is sent, and if *gpdSecurityLevel* is set to 0b10 or 0b11, the security frame counter SHALL be incremented for every transmission of a Success GPFS.

More on security usage during GPD commissioning can be found in A.3.9.2.

#### **A.1.7.3.1 GPD bidirectional communication vs. Basic infrastructure**

A GPD capable of bidirectional communication in operation may be instructed that the network only supports GP basic functionality, i.e. does not support bidirectional communication in operation. To accomplish this, the network sets to 0b1 the *Basic* sub-field of the *Channel* field of the GPD Channel Configuration command, following one of the GPD Channel Request command sent by the GPD.

#### **A.1.7.3.2 Commissioning vs. decommissioning/reset**

GPD may need to be configured for use in a Zigbee network other than the one originally joined. Also, the GPD may need to be recommissioned, if the parameters of the Zigbee network the device operates in (esp. the operational channel or the shared key) change. There may also be a need to perform subsequent commissioning without prior reset, for example to pair the GPD with an additional sink.

GPDs which do not offer decommissioning/reset functionality SHALL start each commissioning exchange by toggling through the supported channels according to the supported commissioning procedure (using GPD Channel Request command, if bidirectional commissioning is supported, or using GPD Commissioning command with *RxAfterTx* = 0b0, if unidirectional commissioning is supported).

GPDs which do offer decommissioning/reset functionality MAY use the previously obtained commissioning knowledge (e.g. operational channel) until reset/decommissioned.

The GPD supporting subsequent commissioning, if capable of bidirectional commissioning, SHALL implement one of the following options for the subsequent commissioning: (i) repeating exactly the entire bidirectional commissioning procedure, but with the unprotected Commissioning GPDF carrying an incremented *GPDoutgoingCounter* field and the encrypted security key of type and value as negotiated in the previous commissioning exchange OR (ii) performing a simplified unidirectional commissioning procedure, consisting of transmitting only on the operational channel of the network an unprotected Commissioning GPDF with *RxAfterTx* = 0b0 and the encrypted security key of type and value as negotiated in the previous commissioning exchange.

The GPD supporting subsequent commissioning, if only capable of unidirectional commissioning, SHALL implement one of the following options for the subsequent commissioning: (i) repeating exactly the entire unidirectional commissioning procedure, including channel toggling, but with the *GPDoutgoingCounter* field incremented and the encrypted security key of type and value as negotiated in the previous commissioning exchange OR (ii) performing a simplified unidirectional commissioning procedure, consisting of transmitting only on the operational channel of the network the Commissioning GPDF with *RxAfterTx* = 0b0, the *GPDoutgoingCounter* field incremented and the encrypted security key of type and value as negotiated in the previous commissioning exchange.

The security frame counter SHALL be incremented for each commissioning frame carrying it.

In case of generic switch functionality, the Commissioning GPDF MAY also carry another value of the *Current contact status* sub-field of the *Switch information* field.

GPD supporting a simplified procedure for the subsequent commissioning SHALL provide means for re-triggering the complete commissioning procedure, e.g. via prior decommissioning/reset.

1981 After reset/decommissioning, the GPD SHALL be capable of performing the complete commissioning  
 1982 procedure, starting with toggling through the supported channels according to the supported commis-  
 1983 sioning procedure.

#### 1984 **A.1.7.4 Configuration of network channel**

1985 During the commissioning procedure, the GPD is brought onto the operational channel of the Zigbee  
 1986 network.

1987 If the GPD is capable of bidirectional commissioning, upon sending GPD Channel Request command  
 1988 the GPD will receive a GPD Channel Configuration command from the network. In addition to config-  
 1989 uring the GPD with the operational channel of the network, the GPD Channel Configuration command  
 1990 also informs the GPD, using the *Basic* sub-field of the *Channel* field of the GPD Channel Configura-  
 1991 tion command, if the network (i.e. the sinks the GPD attempts to pair with and/or the forwarding  
 1992 proxy(s)) is capable of bidirectional communication in operation.

1993 The GPD Channel Request SHALL be sent on more than one channel; the channel toggling can be  
 1994 done on each user commissioning action, or – if the GPD energy budget allows – automatically upon  
 1995 enabling the commissioning on the GPD. To shorten the channel finding process, the GPD MAY open  
 1996 one reception window only after transmitting multiple GPD Channel Request frames on different chan-  
 1997 nels. All the GPD Channel Request transmissions belonging to the same reception window SHALL  
 1998 carry the same information in the *Channel Toggling Behavior* field. The *Auto-COMMISSIONING* sub-  
 1999 field, in combination with the Maintenance *Frame Type* field used by the GPD Channel Request, indi-  
 2000 cates the GPDF position with respect to the reception window. The GPD Channel Request frame which  
 2001 will be followed by a reception window SHALL have *Auto-COMMISSIONING* sub-field set to 0b0; it  
 2002 SHALL be sent on the *Rx Channel*, as indicated in the *Rx channel in the next attempt* sub-field of the  
 2003 *Channel Toggling Behavior* field of the GPD Channel Request belonging to the previous reception  
 2004 window. The GPD Channel Request frame which will be followed by further GPD Channel Request  
 2005 transmissions SHALL have the *Auto-COMMISSIONING* sub-field set to 0b1.

2006  
 2007 When defining the channel toggling behavior for the GPD capable of bidirectional commissioning, and  
 2008 especially when selecting the receive channel(s), the vendors need to be aware that the appointed Se-  
 2009 lectedSender spends up to 5 seconds on the *TransmitChannel* which is not the operational channel of  
 2010 the network. In particular constellations of receive channels (e.g. any channel, operational channel, any  
 2011 channel other than the operational channel), this may lead to the SelectedSender proxy being absent  
 2012 from the operational channel at the time the GPD sends the first GPD Commissioning command, which  
 2013 can be problematic, if there is only one GP infrastructure device in GPD's range.

2014 The vendors of the GPD capable of bidirectional commissioning can remedy this situation, e.g. by be-  
 2015 ing able to re-send the GPD Commissioning command through/after the 5 seconds, by having a fixed  
 2016 receive channel; by waiting 5 seconds before changing the receive channel, etc.; if the vendors always  
 2017 choose a different receive channel, the probability of getting into this situation is rather low.

2018  
 2019 If the GPD is capable of bidirectional communication, it SHOULD be able to receive the GPD Channel  
 2020 Configuration command also during the operation. The GPD Channel Configuration command MAY  
 2021 be sent by the network in the event of network channel change.

2022 The receiving GPD SHALL only execute such command, if it was appropriately secured (same security  
 2023 level and key as used by this GPD, fresh frame counter value).  
 2024 This allows for avoiding GPD recommissioning.

### A.1.7.5 Configuration of security key

During the commissioning procedure, the GPD and the network infrastructure agree on the security level and security use for subsequent communication protection.

If the GPD is Rx-capable, it MAY be able to receive the GPD Commissioning Reply command also during operation. The GPD Commissioning Reply command MAY be sent by the network in the event of change of the network-supplied security key.

The receiving GPD SHALL only execute such command, if it was appropriately secured (same security level and key as used by this GPD, fresh frame counter value).

This allows for avoiding GPD recommissioning.

The GPD SHALL only reset its security frame counter to 0x00000000 if upon GPD Commissioning Reply command reception the security frame counter of the GPD is larger than 0x80000000 AND the type or value of the supplied key differs from the key currently used. The GPD SHALL NOT reset the security frame counter upon transmission of GPD Decommissioning command. A GPD using an OOB key SHALL NOT reset the security frame counter at all.

If the GPD is capable of exchanging the security key encrypted, it SHALL set the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field of the *Extended Options* field of the GPD Commissioning command to 0b1, if at least one of the sub-fields *GPsecurityKeyRequest* or *GPDkeyPresent* of the GPD Commissioning GPDF command is set to 0b1. A GPD capable of exchanging the security key encrypted SHALL support receiving the key unprotected in the GPD Commissioning Reply command.

According to the current version of the specification, only GPD that support *gpdSecurityLevel* = 0b10 or higher AND support TC-LK protection (as indicated by the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field of the *Extended Options* field of the GPD Commissioning command) of the GPD key, if exchanged over the air, can be certified.

## A.2 Zigbee core specification (r19) errata

This textual description of the GP compliance is provided for convenience of the reader.

The Green Power group would like to request for the following:

- Support of the GP feature to be **optional** for every Zigbee PRO device starting from the r20 release of the Zigbee core specification;
- Assignment of the (now reserved) Zigbee protocol version 0x3 for the Green Power Device Frame (GPDF);
- Assignment of a ClusterID for the Green Power cluster;
- Assignment of one of the reserved endpoint numbers (e.g. 242), to be used as fixed Green Power End Point. It does not need to be a dedicated endpoint; it can be shared with some other clusters.
- Assignment of profile-agnostic DeviceID values (analogous to the profile-agnostic Range extender, DeviceID = 0x0008) for the following GP infrastructure device types as defined in Table 13.

On behalf of the Low Power End Device group, the Green Power group would like to request:

- Inclusion of the NWKLPED-DATA.indication as a feature of the Zigbee core stack:
  - **Optional** for every Zigbee PRO device.

Furthermore, we would like to explicitly request Zigbee Routers to accept non-incremental NWK-level values in the *Sequence number* field of the Zigbee Network header for the consecutive packets with the same value of the *Source address* field of the Zigbee Network header (note: this request concerns the NWK header *Sequence number* field, and NOT the security *Frame Counter* field of the Auxiliary NWK Frame Header).

### A.2.1 Notation

Black text – original specification text

~~Red text crossed over~~ - original text from the Zigbee r19 specification proposed to be removed

Red text – new proposed text

Headers - explanation for the r19 editors

### A.2.2 All the changes are made against:

[24] Zigbee r19 specification: 1\_053474r19\_CSG-Zigbee-Specification.pdf, October 12, 2010.

## 2078 A.2.3 GP Zigbee protocol version

### 2079 A.2.3.1 Modify “Zigbee Protocol Version” definition in section 1.4.1.1 2080 Conformance Levels, p. 7 of [24]

2081 **Zigbee Protocol Version:** The name of the Zigbee protocol version governed  
2082 by this specification. The protocol version sub-field of the frame control field  
2083 in the NWK header of all Zigbee Protocol Stack frames conforming to this  
2084 specification SHALL have a value of 0x02 **for the Zigbee frames or a value of 0x03 for the Green**  
2085 **Power frames.** The protocol version support required  
2086 by various Zigbee specification revisions appears below in Table 1.1.

### 2087 A.2.3.2 Add a row to Table 1.1 Zigbee Protocol Versions, p. 7, of [24], 2088 above the 0x02 row

Specification	Protocol	Version Comment
Current	0x03	Green Power feature

### 2089 A.2.3.3 Change the description below Table 1.1, p. 7, of [24]

2090 A Zigbee device that conforms to this version of the specification MAY elect to  
2091 provide backward compatibility with the 2004 revision of the specification. If it  
2092 so elects, it SHALL do so by supporting, in addition to the frame formats and  
2093 features described in this specification version, all frame formats and features  
2094 as specified in the older version. [All devices in an operating network,  
2095 regardless of which revisions of the Zigbee specification they support  
2096 internally, SHALL, with respect to their external, observable behavior,  
2097 consistently conform to a single Zigbee protocol version.] A single Zigbee  
2098 network SHALL NOT contain devices that conform, in terms of their external  
2099 behavior, to multiple Zigbee protocol versions. [The protocol version of the  
2100 network to join SHALL be determined by a backwardly compatible device in  
2101 examining the beacon payload prior to deciding to join the network; or SHALL be  
2102 established by the application if the device is a Zigbee coordinator.] A Zigbee  
2103 device conforming to this specification MAY elect to support only protocol  
2104 version 0x02, whereby it SHALL join only networks that advertise commensurate  
2105 beacon payload support. A Zigbee device that conforms to this specification  
2106 SHALL discard all frames carrying a protocol version sub-field value other than  
2107 0x01 or 0x02 **or 0x03**, and SHALL process only protocol versions of 0x01 or 0x02,  
2108 consistent with the protocol version of the network that the device participates  
2109 within. **A Zigbee device that conforms to this specification SHALL pass the frames carrying the**  
2110 **protocol version sub-field value 0x03 to the GP stub (see Annex F), if it supports the Green Power,**  
2111 **otherwise it SHALL drop them.**

## 2112 A.2.4 Support for Green Power EndPoint

### 2113 A.2.4.1 Modify the “Device application” definition in section 1.4.1.2, 2114 p. 9, of [24]

2115 **Device application:** This is a special application that is responsible for Device  
2116 operation. The device application resides on endpoint 0 by convention and  
2117 contains logic to manage the device’s networking and general maintenance  
2118 features. Endpoints 241-254 are reserved for use by the Device application or

2119 common application function agreed within the Zigbee Alliance. **The GreenPower cluster, if  
2120 implemented, SHALL use endpoint 242.**

#### 2121 **A.2.4.2 Modify the “End application” definition in section 1.4.1.2, p. 2122 10, of [24]**

2123 **End application:** This is for applications that reside on endpoints 1 through  
2124 254 on a Device. The end applications implement features that are non-networking  
2125 and Zigbee protocol related. Endpoints 241 through 254 SHALL only  
2126 be used by the End application with approval from the Zigbee Alliance. **The GreenPower cluster, if  
2127 implemented, SHALL use endpoint 242.**

#### 2128 **A.2.4.3 Modify section 2.1.2 “Application Framework”, p.18, of [24]**

### 2129 **2.1.2 Application Framework**

2130 The application framework in Zigbee is the environment in which application  
2131 objects are hosted on Zigbee devices.

2132 Up to 254 distinct application objects can be defined, each identified by an  
2133 endpoint address from 1 to 254. Two additional endpoints are defined for APSDESAP  
2134 usage: endpoint 0 is reserved for the data interface to the ZDO, and endpoint  
2135 255 is reserved for the data interface function to broadcast data to all application  
2136 objects. Endpoints 241-254 are assigned by the Zigbee Alliance and SHALL NOT be  
2137 used without approval. **The GreenPower cluster, if implemented, SHALL use endpoint 242.**

#### 2138 **2.3.2.5.1 Endpoint Field**

2139 The endpoint field of the simple descriptor is eight bits in length and specifies the  
2140 endpoint within the node to which this description refers. Applications SHALL only  
2141 use endpoints 1-254. Endpoints 241-254 SHALL be used only with the approval of  
2142 the Zigbee Alliance. **The GreenPower cluster, if implemented, SHALL use endpoint 242.**

#### 2143 **A.2.5 Support for proxy alias**

##### 2144 **A.2.5.1 Modify section 3.6.2.2 “Reception and Rejection”, p. 384, of 2145 [24]**

### 2146 **3.6.2.2 Reception and Rejection**

2147 (...)

2148 Once the receiver is enabled, the NWK layer will begin to receive frames via the  
2149 MAC data service. On receipt of each frame, the radius field of the NWK header  
2150 SHALL be decremented by 1. If, as a result of being decremented, this value falls to  
2151 0, the frame SHALL NOT, under any circumstances, be retransmitted. It MAY, however,  
2152 be passed to the next higher layer or otherwise processed by the NWK layer as  
2153 outlined elsewhere in this specification.

2154 **The NWK layer SHALL accept non-incremental NWK-level values in the *Sequence number* field of  
2155 the Zigbee Network header for consecutive packets with the same value of the *Source address* field of  
2156 the Zigbee Network header.**

2157 The following data frames SHALL be passed  
2158 to the next higher layer using the NLDE-DATA.indication primitive:  
2159 (...)

##### 2160 **A.2.5.2 Modify section 3.6.2.1 “Transmission”, p. 383, of [24]**

### 2161 **3.6.2.1 Transmission**

2162 Only those devices that are currently associated SHALL send data frames from the  
 2163 NWK layer. If a device that is not associated receives a request to transmit a  
 2164 frame, it SHALL discard the frame and notify the higher layer of the error by issuing  
 2165 an NLDE-DATA.confirm primitive with a status of INVALID\_REQUEST.

2166 All frames handled by or generated within the NWK layer SHALL be constructed  
 2167 according to the general frame format specified in Figure 3.5 and transmitted  
 2168 using the MAC sub-layer data service.

2169 For data frames originating at a higher layer, the value of the source address field MAY be supplied  
 2170 using the Source address parameter of the NLDE-DATA.request primitive. If a value is not supplied or  
 2171 when the NWK layer needs to construct a new NWK layer command frame, then the source address  
 2172 field SHALL be set to the value of the *macShortAddress* attribute in the MAC PIB. Support of this  
 2173 parameter in the NLDE-DATA.request primitive is required if GP feature is to be supported by the  
 2174 implementation.

2175 In addition to source address and destination address fields, all NWK layer  
 2176 transmissions SHALL include a radius field and a sequence number field. For data  
 2177 frames originating at a higher layer, the value of the radius field MAY be supplied  
 2178 using the Radius parameter of the NLDE-DATA.request primitive. If a value is  
 2179 not supplied, then the radius field of the NWK header SHALL be set to twice the  
 2180 value of the *nwkMaxDepth* attribute of the NIB (see clause 3.5).

2181  
 2182 For data frames originating at a higher layer, the value of the sequence number field MAY be supplied  
 2183 using the Sequence number parameter of the NLDE-DATA.request primitive. If a value is not supplied  
 2184 or when the NWK layer needs to construct a new NWK layer command frame, then the NWK layer  
 2185 SHALL supply the value. Support of this parameter in the NLDE-DATA.request primitive is required  
 2186 if GP feature is to be supported by the implementation. The NWK layer on every device SHALL  
 2187 maintain a sequence number that is initialized with a random value. The sequence number SHALL be  
 2188 incremented by 1, each time the NWK layer supplies constructs a new sequence number value for a  
 2189 NWK frame, either as a result of a request from the next higher layer to transmit a new NWK data  
 2190 frame or when it needs to construct a new

2191 NWK layer command frame. After being incremented, the value of the sequence  
 2192 number SHALL be inserted into the sequence number field of the frame's NWK  
 2193 header.

2194 Once an NPDU is complete, (...)

### 2195 A.2.5.3 Modify section 2.2.4.1.1 APSDE-DATA.request, p. 23, of [24]

#### 2196 A.2.5.3.1 Modify section 2.2.4.1.1 Semantics of the Service Primitive, 2197 p.23, of [24]

2198 The semantics of this primitive are as follows:

```
2199 APSDE-DATA.request {
2200   DstAddrMode,
2201   DstAddress,
2202   DstEndpoint,
2203   ProfileId,
2204   ClusterId,
2205   SrcEndpoint,
2206   ADSULength,
2207   ADSU,
2208   TxOptions,
2209   UseAlias,
2210   AliasSrcAddr,
2211   AliasSeqNumber,
```

2212 RadiusCounter  
 2213 }

2214 **Support of the additional parameters – UseAlias, AliasSrcAddr, AliasSeqNumb - in the APSDE-  
 2215 DATA.request primitive is required if GP feature is to be supported by the implementation.**

2216 **A.2.5.3.2 Add to Table 2.2 APSDE-DATA.request Parameters, p.24, after  
 2217 the TxOptions parameter, the parameters UseAlias, AliasSrcAddr, Ali-  
 2218 asSeqNumb, defined as follows**

2219

Name	Type	Valid Range	Description
UseAlias	Boolean	TRUE or FALSE	The next higher layer MAY use the UseAlias parameter to request alias usage by NWK layer for the current frame. If the UseAlias parameter has a value of FALSE, meaning no alias usage, Then the parameters AliasSrcAddr and AliasSeqNumb will be ignored. Otherwise, a value of TRUE denotes that the values supplied in AliasSrcAddr and AliasSeqNumb are to be used.
AliasSrcAddr	16-bit address	Any valid device address except a broadcast address	The source address to be used for this NSDU. If the UseAlias parameter has a value of FALSE, the AliasSrcAddr parameter is ignored.
AliasSeqNumb	integer	0x00-0xff	The APS counter value and NWK Sequence number value to be used for this APDU and NSDU. If the UseAlias parameter has a value of FALSE, the AliasSeqNumb parameter is ignored.

2220 **A.2.5.3.3 Modify section 2.2.4.1.1.3 Effect on Receipt, p. 25ff, of [24], as  
 2221 follows**

2222 **2.2.4.1.1.3 Effect on Receipt**

2223 On receipt of this primitive, the APS sub-layer entity begins the transmission of  
 2224 the supplied ASDU.

2225 If the DstAddrMode parameter is set to 0x00 and this primitive was received by  
 2226 the APSDE of a device supporting a binding table, a search is made in the binding  
 2227 table with the endpoint and cluster identifiers specified in the SrcEndpoint and  
 2228 ClusterId parameters, respectively, for associated binding table entries. If no  
 2229 binding table entries are found, the APSDE issues the APSDE-DATA.confirm  
 2230 primitive with a status of NO\_BOUND\_DEVICE. If one or more binding table  
 2231 entries are found, then the APSDE examines the destination address information  
 2232 in each binding table entry. If this indicates a device itself, then the APSDE SHALL  
 2233 issue an APSDE-DATA.indication primitive to the next higher layer with the  
 2234 DstEndpoint parameter set to the destination endpoint identifier in the binding  
 2235 table entry. **If UseAlias parameter has the value of TRUE, the supplied value of the AliasSrcAddr  
 2236 SHALL be used for the SrcAddress parameter of the APSDE-DATA.indication primitive. Otherwise, if  
 2237 the binding table entries do not indicate the device itself, the APSDE constructs the APDU with the  
 2238 endpoint**  
 2239 information from the binding table entry, if present, and uses the destination  
 2240 address information from the binding table entry when transmitting the frame via  
 2241 the NWK layer. If more than one binding table entry is present, then the APSDE  
 2242 processes each binding table entry as described above; until no more binding table  
 2243 entries remain. If this primitive was received by the APSDE of a device that does  
 2244 not support a binding table, the APSDE issues the APSDE-DATA.confirm  
 2245 primitive with a status of NOT\_SUPPORTED.

If the DstAddrMode parameter is set to 0x03, the DstAddress parameter contains an extended 64-bit IEEE address and must first be mapped to a corresponding 16-bit NWK address by using the *nwkAddressMap* attribute of the NIB (see Table 3.43). If a corresponding 16-bit NWK address could not be found, the APSDE issues the APSDE-DATA.confirm primitive with a status of NO\_SHORT\_ADDRESS. If a corresponding 16-bit NWK address is found, it will be used in the invocation of the NLDE-DATA.request primitive and the value of the DstEndpoint parameter will be placed in the resulting APDU. The delivery mode sub-field of the frame control field of the APS header SHALL have a value of 0x00 in this case.

If the DstAddrMode parameter has a value of 0x01, indicating group addressing, the DstAddress parameter will be interpreted as a 16-bit group address. This address will be placed in the group address field of the APS header, the DstEndpoint parameter will be ignored, and the destination endpoint field will be omitted from the APS header. The delivery mode sub-field of the frame control field of the APS header SHALL have a value of 0x03 in this case.

If the DstAddrMode parameter is set to 0x02, the DstAddress parameter contains a 16-bit NWK address, and the DstEndpoint parameter is supplied. The next higher layer SHOULD only employ DstAddrMode of 0x02 in cases where the destination NWK address is employed for immediate application responses and the NWK address is not retained for later data transmission requests.

The application MAY limit the number of hops a transmitted frame is allowed to travel through the network by setting the RadiusCounter parameter of the NLDE-DATA.request primitive to a non-zero value.

If the DstAddrMode parameter has a value of 0x01, indicating group addressing, or the DstAddrMode parameter has a value of 0x00 and the corresponding binding table entry contains a group address, then the APSME will check the value of the *nwkUseMulticast* attribute of the NIB (see Table 3.44). If this attribute has a value of FALSE, then the delivery mode sub-field of the frame control field of the resulting APDU will be set to 0b11, the 16-bit address of the destination group will be placed in the group address field of the APS header of the outgoing frame, and the NSDU frame will be transmitted as a broadcast. A value of 0xffffd, that is, the broadcast to all devices for which macRxOnWhenIdle = TRUE, will be supplied for the DstAddr parameter of the NLDE-DATA.request that is used to transmit the frame. If the *nwkUseMulticast* attribute has a value of TRUE, then the outgoing frame will be transmitted using NWK layer multicast, with the delivery mode sub-field of the frame control field of the APDU set to 0b10, the destination endpoint field set to 0xff, and the group address not placed in the APS header.

The parameters *UseAlias*, *AliasSrcAddr* and *AliasSeqNumb* SHALL be used in the invocation of the NLDE-DATA.request primitive.

In addition, if the *UseAlias* parameter is set to TRUE, the *AliasSeqNumb* SHALL be copied into the APS counter field of the APS header. If the *UseAlias* parameter has a value of FALSE, then APS counter field of the APS header SHALL take the value as maintained by the APS.

If the *UseAlias* parameter has the value of TRUE, and the Acknowledged transmission field of the TxOptions parameter is set to 0b1, then the Acknowledged transmission field of the TxOptions parameter SHALL be ignored.

If the TxOptions parameter specifies that secured transmission is required, the APS sub-layer SHALL use the security service provider (see sub-clause 4.2.3) to secure the ASDU. The security processing SHALL always be performed using device's own extended 64-bit IEEE address and the OutgoingFrameCounter attribute as stored in *apsDeviceKeyPairSet* attribute of the AIB for the entity indicated by the DstAddress parameter, and those values SHALL be put into the auxiliary APS header of the frame, even if UseAlias parameter has a value of TRUE. If the security processing fails, the APSDE SHALL issue the APSDE-DATA.confirm primitive with a status of SECURITY\_FAIL.

The APSDE transmits the constructed frame by issuing the NLDE-DATA.request primitive to the NWK layer. When the APSDE has completed all operations related to this transmission request, including transmitting frames as required, any retransmissions, and the receipt or timeout of any acknowledgements, then the APSDE SHALL issue the APSDE-DATA.confirm primitive (see subclause 2.2.4.1.2). If one or more NLDE-DATA.confirm primitives failed, then the Status parameter SHALL be set to that received from the NWK layer. Otherwise, if one or more APS acknowledgements were not correctly received, then the Status parameter SHALL be set to NO\_ACK. If the ASDU was successfully transferred to all intended targets, then the Status parameter SHALL be set to SUCCESS.

If NWK layer multicast is being used, the NonmemberRadius parameter of the NLDE-DATA.request primitive SHALL be set to *apsNonmemberRadius*. The APSDE will ensure that route discovery is always enabled at the network layer by setting the DiscoverRoute parameter of the NLDE-DATA.request primitive to 0x01, each time it is issued.

If the ASDU to be transmitted is larger than will fit in a single frame and fragmentation is not possible, then the ASDU is not transmitted and the APSDE SHALL issue the APSDE-DATA.confirm primitive with a status of ASDU\_TOO\_LONG. Fragmentation is not possible if either an acknowledged transmission is not requested, or if the fragmentation permitted flag in the TxOptions field is set to 0, or if the ASDU is too large to be handled by the APSDE.

If the ASDU to be transmitted is larger than will fit in a single frame, an acknowledged transmission is requested, and the fragmentation permitted flag of the TxOptions field is set to 1, and the ASDU is not too large to be handled by the APSDE, then the ASDU SHALL be fragmented across multiple APDUs, as described in sub-clause 2.2.8.4.5. Transmission and security processing where requested, SHALL be carried out for each individual APDU independently. Note that fragmentation SHALL NOT be used unless relevant higher-layer documentation and/or interactions explicitly indicate that fragmentation is permitted for the frame being sent, and that the other end is able to receive the fragmented transmission, both in terms of number of blocks and total transmission size.

## **A.2.5.4 Modify section 3.2.1.1 NLDE-DATA.request, p. 263ff, of [24]**

### **A.2.5.4.1 Modify section 3.2.1.1.1, p. 264, of [24]**

#### **3.2.1.1.1 Semantics of the Service Primitive**

The semantics of this primitive are as follows:

Table 3.2 specifies the parameters for the NLDE-DATA.request primitive.

```
NLDE-DATA.request {
  DstAddrMode,
  DstAddr,
```

2342 NsduLength,  
 2343 Nsdu,  
 2344 NsduHandle,  
 2345 UseAlias,  
 2346 AliasSrcAddr,  
 2347 AliasSeqNumber,  
 2348 Radius,  
 2349 NonmemberRadius,  
 2350 DiscoverRoute,  
 2351 SecurityEnable  
 2352 }

2353 Support of the additional parameters – UseAlias, AliasSrcAddr, AliasSeqNumb - in the APSDE-  
 2354 DATA.request primitive is required if GP feature is to be supported by the implementation.  
 2355

2356 **A.2.5.4.2 Add to Table 3.2., p. 264ff, after the Radius parameter, the pa-  
 2357 rameters UseAlias, AliasSrcAddr, AliasSeqNumb, defined as follows**

Name	Type	Valid Range	Description
UseAlias	Boolean	TRUE or FALSE	The next higher layer MAY use the UseAlias parameter to request alias usage by NWK layer for the current frame. If the <i>UseAlias</i> parameter has a value of FALSE, meaning no alias usage, Then the parameters <i>AliasSrcAddr</i> and <i>AliasSeqNumb</i> will be ignored. Otherwise, a value of TRUE denotes that the values supplied in <i>AliasSrcAddr</i> and <i>AliasSeqNumb</i> are to be used.
AliasSrcAddr	16-bit address	Any valid device address except a broadcast address	The source address to be used for this NSDU. If the <i>UseAlias</i> parameter has a value of FALSE, the <i>AliasSrcAddr</i> parameter is ignored.
AliasSeqNumb	integer	0x00-0xff	The sequence number to be used for this NSDU. If the <i>UseAlias</i> parameter has a value of FALSE, the <i>AliasSeqNumb</i> parameter is ignored.

2359 **A.2.5.4.3 Modify 3.2.1.1.3, p. 265ff, of [24]**

2360 **3.2.1.1.3 Effect on Receipt**

2361 If this primitive is received on a device that is not currently associated, the NWK  
 2362 layer will issue an NLDE-DATA.confirm primitive with a status of  
 2363 INVALID\_REQUEST.

2364 On receipt of this primitive, the NLDE first constructs an NPDU in order to  
 2365 transmit the supplied NSDU. If, during processing, the NLDE issues the NLDE-DATA.  
 2366 confirm primitive prior to transmission of the NSDU, all further processing  
 2367 is aborted. In constructing the new NPDU, the destination address field of the  
 2368 NWK header will be set to the value provided in the DstAddr parameter, ~~and~~.

2369 **If the UseAlias parameter has a value of TRUE, the source address field of the NWK header of the  
 2370 frame will be set to the value provided in the AliasSrcAddr parameter. If the UseAlias parameter has a  
 2371 value of FALSE, then the source address field of the NWK header will have the value of the  
 2372 macShortAddress attribute in the MAC PIB.**

2373 The discover route sub-field of the frame control field of the NWK header will be set to the value  
 2374 provided in the DiscoverRoute parameter. If the supplied Radius parameter does not have a value of  
 2375 zero, then the radius field of the NWK header will be set to the value of the Radius parameter. If the  
 2376 Radius parameter has a value of zero, then the radius field of the NWK header will be set to twice the  
 2377 value of the nwkMaxDepth attribute of the NIB.

2378 **If the UseAlias parameter has a value of TRUE, the sequence number field of the NWK header of the**

frame will be set to the value provided in the AliasSeqNumb parameter. If the UseAlias parameter has a value of FALSE, then the NWK layer will generate a sequence number for the frame as described in sub-clause 3.6.2.1. and the sequence number field of the NWK header of the frame will be set to this sequence number value.

The multicast flag field of the NWK header will be set according to the value of the DstAddrMode parameter. If the DstAddrMode parameter has a value of 0x01, the NWK header will contain a multicast control field whose fields will be set as follows:

- The multicast mode field will be set to 0x01 if this node is a member of the group specified in the DstAddr parameter.
- Otherwise, the multicast mode field will be set to 0x00.
- The non-member radius and the max non-member radius fields will be set to the value of the NonmemberRadius parameter.

Once the NPDU is constructed, the NSDU is routed using the procedure described in sub-clause 3.6.3.3 if it is a unicast, sub-clause 3.6.5 if it is a broadcast, or subclause 3.6.6.2 if it is a multicast. When the routing procedure specifies that the NSDU is to be transmitted, this is accomplished by issuing the MCPSDATA.request primitive with both the SrcAddrMode and DstAddrMode parameters set to 0x02, indicating the use of 16-bit network addresses. The SrcPANId and DstPANId parameters SHOULD be set to the current value of *macPANId* from the MAC PIB. The SrcAddr parameter will be set to the value of *macShortAddr* from the MAC PIB. The value of the DstAddr parameter is the next hop address determined by the routing procedure. If the message is a unicast, bit b0 of the TxOptions parameter SHOULD be set to 1 denoting that an acknowledgement is required. On receipt of the MCPS-DATA.confirm primitive on a unicast, the NLDE issues the NLDE-DATA.confirm primitive with a status equal to that received from the MAC sub-layer. Upon transmission of a MCPS-DATA.confirm primitive, in the case of a broadcast or multicast, the NLDE immediately issues the NLDE-DATA.confirm primitive with a status of success.<sup>12</sup> If the *nwkSecurityLevel* NIB attribute has a non-zero value and the SecurityEnable parameter has a value of TRUE, then NWK layer security processing will be applied to the frame before transmission as described in clause 4.3. Otherwise, no security processing will be performed at the NWK layer for this frame. **The security processing SHALL always be performed using device's own extended 64-bit IEEE address and OutgoingFrame Counter attribute of the NIB, and those values SHALL be put into the auxiliary NWK header of the frame, even if UseAlias parameter has a value of TRUE.** If security processing is performed and it fails for any reason, then the frame is discarded and the NLDE issues the NLDE-DATA.confirm primitive with a Status parameter value equal to that returned by the security suite.

## 2419 A.2.6 Device\_ance

### 2420 A.2.6.1 Modify section 2.4.3.1.11.2, p. 111, of [24]

#### 2421 2.4.3.1.11.2 Effect on Receipt

2422 (...)

2423 The Remote Device SHALL also use the NWKAddr in the message to find a match with any other 16-bit NWK address held in the Remote Device, **even if the IEEEAddr field in the message carries the**

2425 value of 0xffffffffffff. If a match is detected for a device with an IEEE address other than that  
2426 indicated in the  
2427 IEEEAddr field received, then this entry SHALL be marked as not having a known valid 16-bit NWK  
2428 address.

## 2429 **A.2.6.2 Modify section 2.4.4.1, p. 151, of [24]**

### 2430 **2.4.4.1 Device and Service Discovery Server**

2431 Table 2.89 lists the commands supported by the Device and Service Discovery  
2432 Server Services device profile. Each of these commands will be discussed in the  
2433 following sub-clauses. For receipt of the Device\_ance command, the server SHALL  
2434 check all internal references to the IEEE and 16-bit NWK addresses supplied in  
2435 the request. For all references to the IEEE address in the Local Device, the  
2436 corresponding NWK address supplied in the Device\_ance SHALL be substituted.  
2437 For any other references to the NWK address in the Local Device, the  
2438 corresponding entry SHALL be marked as not having a known valid 16-bit NWK  
2439 address, even if the IEEEAddr field in the message carries the value of 0xffffffffffff. The server  
2440 SHALL NOT supply a response to the Device\_ance.  
2441 **Table 2.89 Device and Service Discovery Server Service Primitives**  
2442 (...)

## 2443 **A.2.6.3 Modify section 3.6.1.9.2, p. 375, of [24]**

### 2444 **3.6.1.9.2 Detecting Address Conflicts**

2445 After joining a network or changing address due to a conflict, a device SHALL send  
2446 either a device\_annc or initiate a route discovery prior to sending messages.  
2447 Upon receipt of a frame containing a 64-bit IEEE address in the NWK header, the  
2448 contents of the *nwkAddressMap* attribute of the NIB and neighbor table SHOULD be  
2449 checked for consistency.  
2450 If the destination address field of the NWK Header of the incoming frame is equal  
2451 to the *nwkNetworkAddress* attribute of the NIB then the NWK layer SHALL check  
2452 the destination IEEE address field, if present, even if it is the 0xff..ff address, against the value of  
2453 *aExtendedAddress*. If the IEEE addresses are not identical then a local address  
2454 conflict has been detected on *nwkNetworkAddress*.  
2455 If a neighbor table or address map entry is located in which the 64-bit address is  
2456 the null IEEE address (0x00....00), the 64-bit address in the table can be updated.  
2457 However, if the 64-bit address is not the null IEEE address, and does not  
2458 correspond to the received 64-bit address, the device has detected a conflict  
2459 elsewhere in the network.  
2460  
2461

## 2462 A.3 Green Power cluster

### 2463 A.3.1 Overview

2464 The Green Power cluster defines the format of the commands exchanged when handling GPDs.

### 2465 A.3.2 GP infrastructure devices

2466 GP infrastructure devices are the devices receiving the communication of the Green Power device  
 2467 (GPD). The Green Power specification defines two general types of the GP infrastructure devices: a  
 2468 sink which executes the GPD commands and a proxy which forwards the received GPD frames to the  
 2469 sinks.

2470 The Device IDs used by GP specification and based on the general types mentioned above are defined  
 2471 in [10] and listed in Table 13; more detailed definitions of each DeviceID are provided in the remainder  
 2472 of this section.

2473

2474 According to the current specification, only Basic Proxy, Basic Combo and GP Commissioning Tool  
 2475 can be implemented; the other device types cannot be certified.

2476 The implementation of GP Proxy Basic functionality is mandatory for Zigbee Routers seeking Zigbee  
 2477 3.0 compliance.

2478 While it is optional to implement the sink functionality for devices seeking Zigbee 3.0 compliance,  
 2479 vendors are strongly recommended by the Strategic Committee of the Connectivity Standards Alliance  
 2480 to consider the use cases for GPD-controlled devices and to implement the sink functionality.

2481

2482 The Green Power cluster SHALL use ClusterID 0x0021.

2483 The Green Power cluster SHALL be implemented on the reserved Green Power End Point - endpoint  
 2484 0xF2 (242).

2485 The reserved Green Power End Point SHALL use ProfileID 0xA1E0 in the Simple Descriptor, as well  
 2486 as in all Green Power cluster messages. The GP infrastructure devices SHALL NOT respond to com-  
 2487 munication using other ProfileIDs, including the common ProfileID = 0x0104 (see ProfileID matching  
 2488 rules of the Core specification).

2489 In the Simple Descriptor, the GP infrastructure devices according to the current version of the GP spec-  
 2490 ification SHALL set the Application device version field to 0x0.

2491

**Table 13 – List of GP infrastructure devices**

	Device	Device ID
GP Generic	GP Proxy	0x0060
	GP Proxy Basic	0x0061
	GP Target Plus	0x0062
	GP Target	0x0063
	GP Commissioning Tool	0x0064
	GP Combo	0x0065
	GP Combo Basic	0x0066

### A.3.2.1 GP Target device

According to the current specification, only Green Power Basic Proxy, Green Power Basic Combo and Green Power Commissioning Tool can be implemented.

In the current version of the specification, a GP Target can only be implemented on a ZED, because implementation of Basic Proxy is mandatory for Zigbee 3.0 ZR.

The functionality supported by the GP Target device is defined in Table 14.

**Table 14 – Functionality of GP Target device**

Server side (if supported by device)	Client side
<b>Mandatory</b>	
Selected Green Power cluster commands (see Table 23) and GP functionality (see Table 22)	Selected Green Power cluster commands (see Table 23) and GP functionality (see Table 22)
<b>Optional</b>	

The GP Target DeviceID (see Table 13) implements the server side of the Green Power cluster on the reserved end point, the Green Power EndPoint (see sec. A.3.6.1) with the selected commands of the client side of the Green Power cluster (see Table 23), as well as the selected server-side attributes (see sec. A.3.3.2), and has the following capabilities:

- Ability to receive any GP frame in tunneled mode;
- Ability to process or drop any incoming GP frame, received in tunneled mode, depending on pairings created during commissioning (i.e. ability to translate the relevant GP commands in the correct Zigbee ZCL format for its own applications);
- Ability to filter duplicate GP frames, received in tunneled mode;
- Optionally, depending on the desired communication mode, ability to acknowledge the GP frames received in the tunneled mode;
- Ability to create or delete at commissioning time the pairings between specific GPD and sink's own applications;
- Ability to (de-)register at the proxies (using GP Pairing command) at commissioning time in order to receive/stop receiving tunneled GP frames from desired GPD;
- Optionally, depending on the requirements of the supported applications, ability to configure selected parameters of the GPD during commissioning in tunneled mode.
- Optionally, depending on the requirements of the supported applications, ability to send messages back to the GPD during operation in tunneled mode.
- Optionally, depending on the requirements of the supported application, ability to use secured GPD communication.
- Optionally, depending on the requirements of the supported applications, ability to remove the GPD from the network (using GP Pairing command).

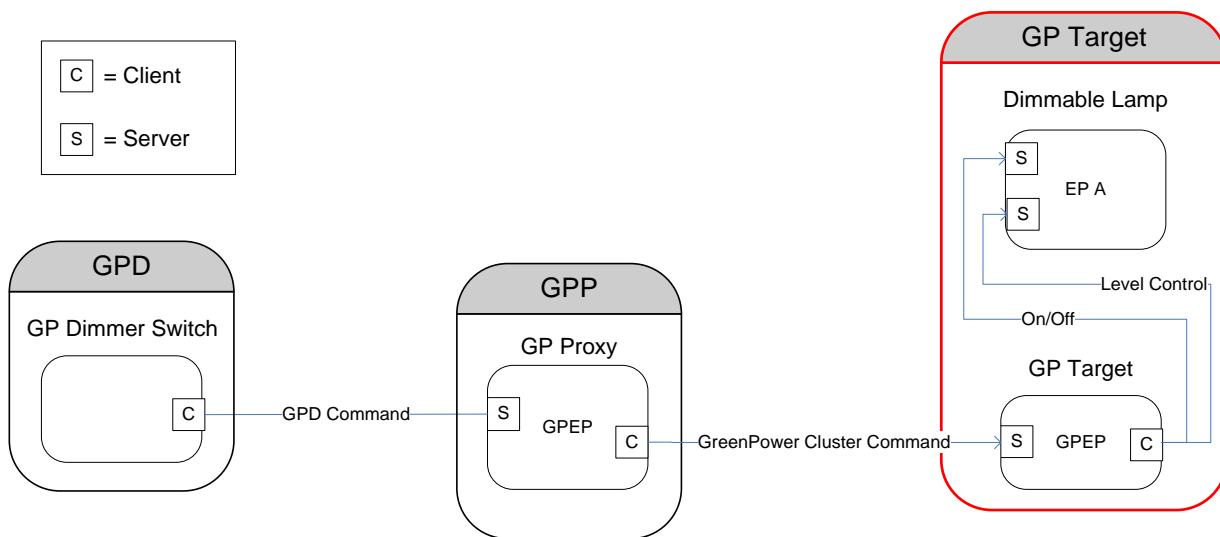


Figure 13 – Example of GP Sink Basic device usage

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### A.3.2.2 GP Target+ device

According to the current specification, only Green Power Basic Proxy, Green Power Basic Combo and Green Power Commissioning Tool can be implemented.

In the current version of the specification, a GP Target can only be implemented on a ZED, because implementation of Basic Proxy is mandatory for Zigbee 3.0 ZR.

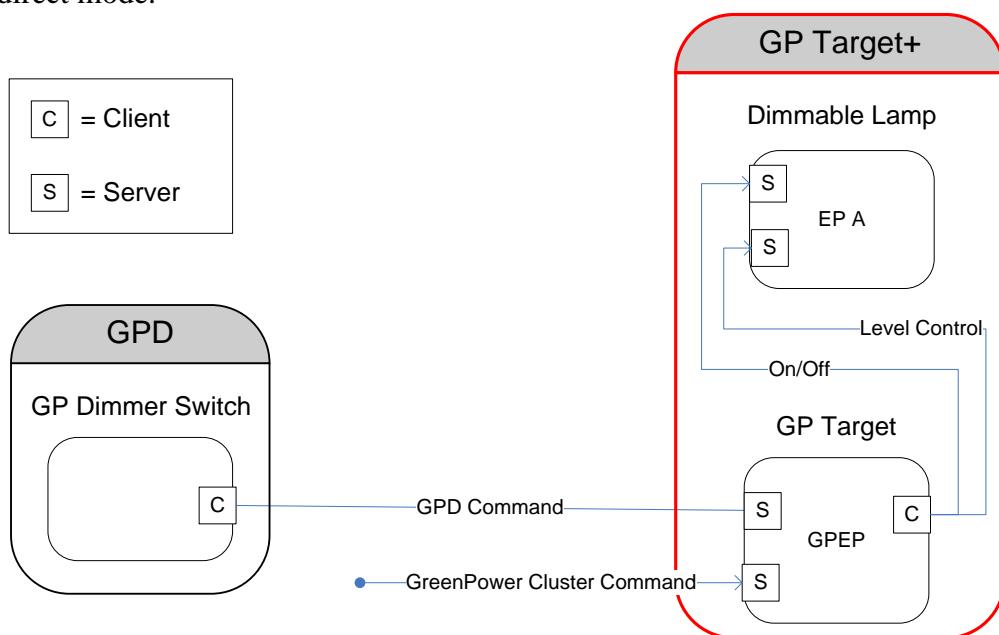
The functionality supported by the GP Target+ device is defined in Table 15.

**Table 15 – Functionality of GP Target+ device**

Server side	Client side
<b>Mandatory</b>	
Selected Green Power cluster commands (see Table 23) and GP functionality (see Table 22)	Selected Green Power cluster commands (see Table 23) and GP functionality (see Table 22)
Rx GP stub	
<b>Optional</b>	
Tx GP stub	

A GP Target+ DeviceID (see Table 13) requires implementation of both the server side of the Green Power cluster on the reserved end point, the Green Power EndPoint (see sec. A.3.6.1) with the selected commands of the client side of the Green Power cluster (see Table 23), the selected server-side attributes (see sec. A.3.3.2), as well as the GP stub. A GP Target+ device has all the capabilities of the GP Target device plus the ability of receiving GPD frames in the direct mode, which then requires:

- Ability to receive any GP frame both in direct mode and in tunneled mode (i.e. at both client and server side of the Green Power cluster);
- Ability to process or drop any incoming GP frame, received either in direct mode or in tunneled mode, depending on pairings created during commissioning;
- Ability to filter duplicate GP frames, received in both direct mode or in tunneled mode.
- Optionally, when bidirectional pairing or operation is to be supported, ability to send GPDF to the GPD in direct mode.



2546  
Figure 14 – Example of GP Target+ device usage2547  
**A.3.2.3 GP Proxy device**2548 According to the current specification, only Green Power Basic Proxy, Green Power Basic Combo and  
2549 Green Power Commissioning Tool can be implemented.

2550 The functionality supported by the GP Proxy device is defined in Table 16.

2551  
**Table 16 – Functionality of GP Proxy device**

Server side	Client side
<b>Mandatory</b>	
Selected Green Power cluster commands (see Table 23) and GP functionality (see Table 21)	Selected Green Power cluster commands (see Table 23) and GP functionality (see Table 21)
Tx GP stub	Rx GP stub
<b>Optional</b>	

2552  
2553 A Green Power Proxy is a normal Zigbee device, in most cases a ZR, which implements on its reserved  
2554 end point, the Green Power EndPoint (see sec. A.3.6.1) the GP Proxy DeviceID (see Table 13) with the  
2555 selected commands of the Green Power cluster (see Table 23), client-side attributes (see sec. A.3.4.2),  
2556 and a GP stub. Green Power Proxy has the following GP proxy capabilities:

- Ability to receive any GP frame in direct mode when the proxy is in the radio range of the GPD;
- Ability to filter out duplicate GPDF received in direct mode (belonging to one GPFS);
- Ability to send to the registered sink devices a GP Notification command with the received GP frame;
- Ability to receive acknowledgements from the check if the sink has correctly received the tunneled GP frame if this communication mode is required at commissioning time;
- Ability to maintain a Proxy Table at commissioning time to register sink devices which are asking for GP frame forwarding service;
- Ability to update the Proxy Table based on the observed GP traffic in order to enable GP device mobility in the network;
- Ability to drop scheduled tunneling of GP frame, based on received GP commands related to the same GP frame.

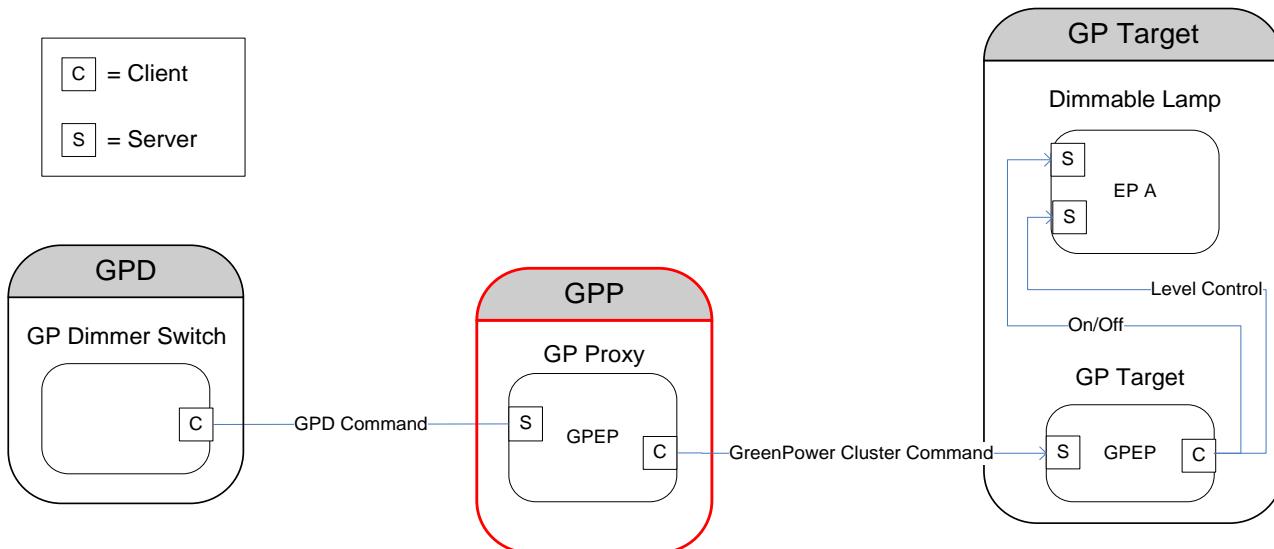


Figure 15 – Example of GP Proxy device usage

#### A.3.2.4 GP Combo device

According to the current specification, only Green Power Basic Proxy, Green Power Basic Combo and Green Power Commissioning Tool can be implemented.

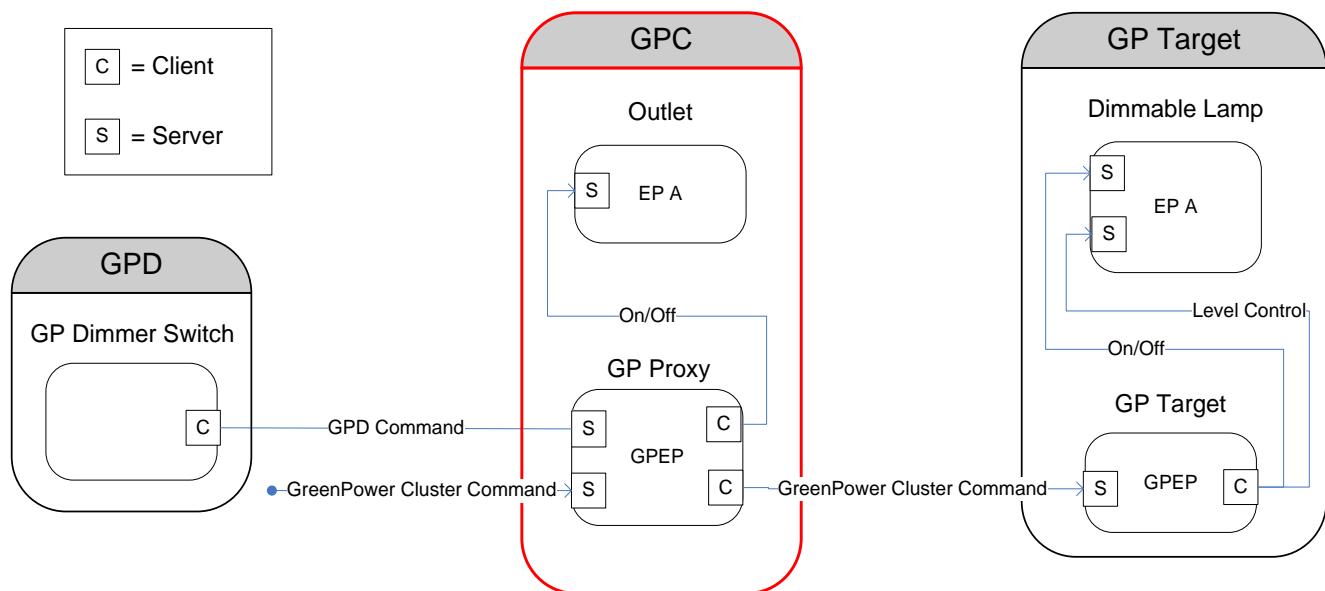
The functionality supported by the GP Combo device is defined in Table 17.

Table 17 – Functionality of GP Combo device

Server side	Client side
<b>Mandatory</b>	
Selected Green Power cluster (see Table 23) and GP functionality (see Table 21, Table 22)	Selected Green Power cluster commands (see Table 23) and GP functionality (see Table 21, Table 22)
Tx GP stub	Rx GP stub
<b>Optional</b>	

A Green Power Proxy can also be at the same time a sink device. In this case the device implements the GP Combo DeviceID (see Table 13) on the Green Power EndPoint (see sec. A.3.6.1) with selected server-side and client-side commands of the Green Power cluster (see Table 23), as well as the selected server-side attributes (see sec. A.3.3.2) and client-side attributes (see sec. A.3.4.2) and the GP stub. It has all the capabilities of both GPT+ and a Green Power Proxy, including the following:

- Ability to receive any GP frame both in direct mode and in tunneled mode (i.e. at both client and server side of the Green Power cluster);
- Ability to process or drop any incoming GP frame, received either in direct mode or in tunneled mode, depending on pairings created during commissioning;
- Ability to filter duplicate GP frames, received in both direct mode or in tunneled mode.

**Figure 16 – Example of GP Combo device usage**

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### A.3.2.5 GP Commissioning Tool

According to the current specification, only Green Power Basic Proxy, Green Power Basic Combo and Green Power Commissioning Tool can be implemented. The functionality supported by the GP Commissioning Tool device is defined in Table 18.

**Table 18 – Functionality of GP Commissioning Tool device**

Server side	Client side
<b>Mandatory</b>	
Selected Green Power cluster commands	
Tx GP stub, Rx GP stub	
<b>Optional</b>	

A GPCT is a regular Zigbee device, in most cases a ZR, which implements the GP Commissioning Tool DeviceID (see Table 13) on its reserved end point, the Green Power EndPoint (see sec. A.3.6.1) or another active endpoint that uses the Green Power ProfileID (0xA1E0).

GPCT MAY have any of the following GP capabilities:

- Ability to receive any GPDF in direct mode when in the radio range of the GPD;
- Ability to transmit GPDF in direct mode when in the radio range of the GPD;
- Ability to process and generate GPD configuration commands (GPD Channel Request/Configuration, GPD Commissioning (Reply));
- Ability read/write Green Power cluster client/server attribute;
- Ability to send and receive GP configuration commands (GP Pairing, GP Pairing Configuration, GP Proxy Commissioning Mode, GP Translation Table Update, GP Translation Table Request, GP Translation Table Response);
- Ability to perform GPD application functionality matching.

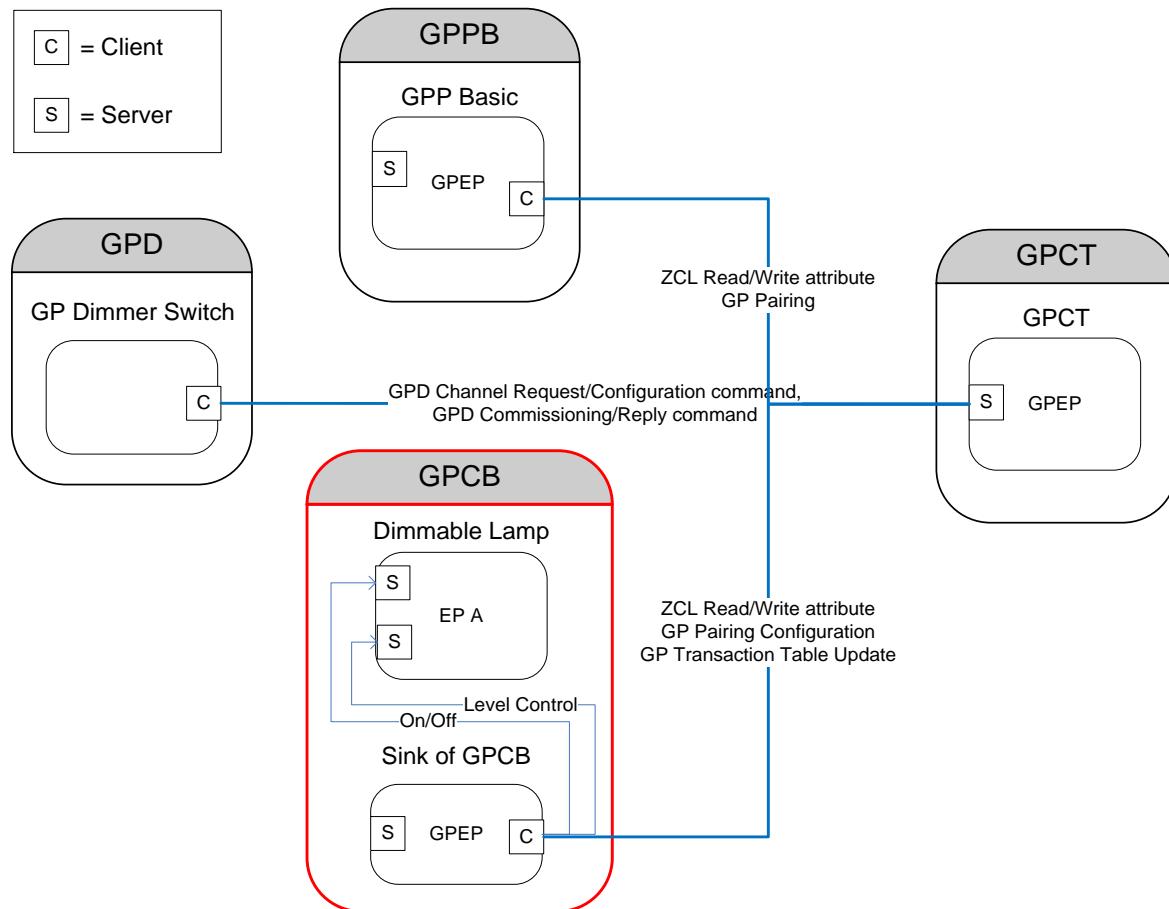


Figure 17 – Example of GP Commissioning Tool device usage

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### A.3.2.6 GP Proxy Basic device

According to the current specification, only Green Power Basic Proxy, Green Power Basic Combo and Green Power Commissioning Tool can be implemented.

The functionality supported by the GP Proxy Basic device is defined in Table 19.

**Table 19 – Functionality of GP Proxy Basic device**

Server side	Client side
<b>Mandatory</b>	
	Selected Green Power cluster commands (see Table 23) and GP functionality (see Table 21)
	Rx GP stub, Tx GP stub
<b>Optional</b>	

A Green Power Basic Proxy is a regular Zigbee device, in most cases a ZR, which implements on its reserved end point, the Green Power EndPoint (see sec. A.3.6.1) the Basic Proxy DeviceID (see Table 13) with the selected commands of the client side of the Green Power cluster (see Table 23), selected client-side attributes (see sec. A.3.4.2), and the reception functionality of the GP stub.

Basic Proxy has the following GP proxy capabilities (see also sec. A.3.2.8):

- Ability to receive any GP frame in direct mode when the Basic Proxy is in the radio range of the GPD;
- Ability to transmit unprotected commissioning GPDF in direct mode when the Basic Proxy is in the radio range of the GPD;
- Ability to filter out duplicate GPDF received in direct mode (belonging to one GPFS);
- Ability to filter GPDFs by GPD ID of commissioned GPDs;
- Ability to security-process the GPDF before forwarding;
- Ability to send to the registered sink devices a groupcast GP Notification command with the received GPD command;
- Ability to maintain a Proxy Table to register GPD Ds of GPD and group addresses to enable GP frame forwarding.

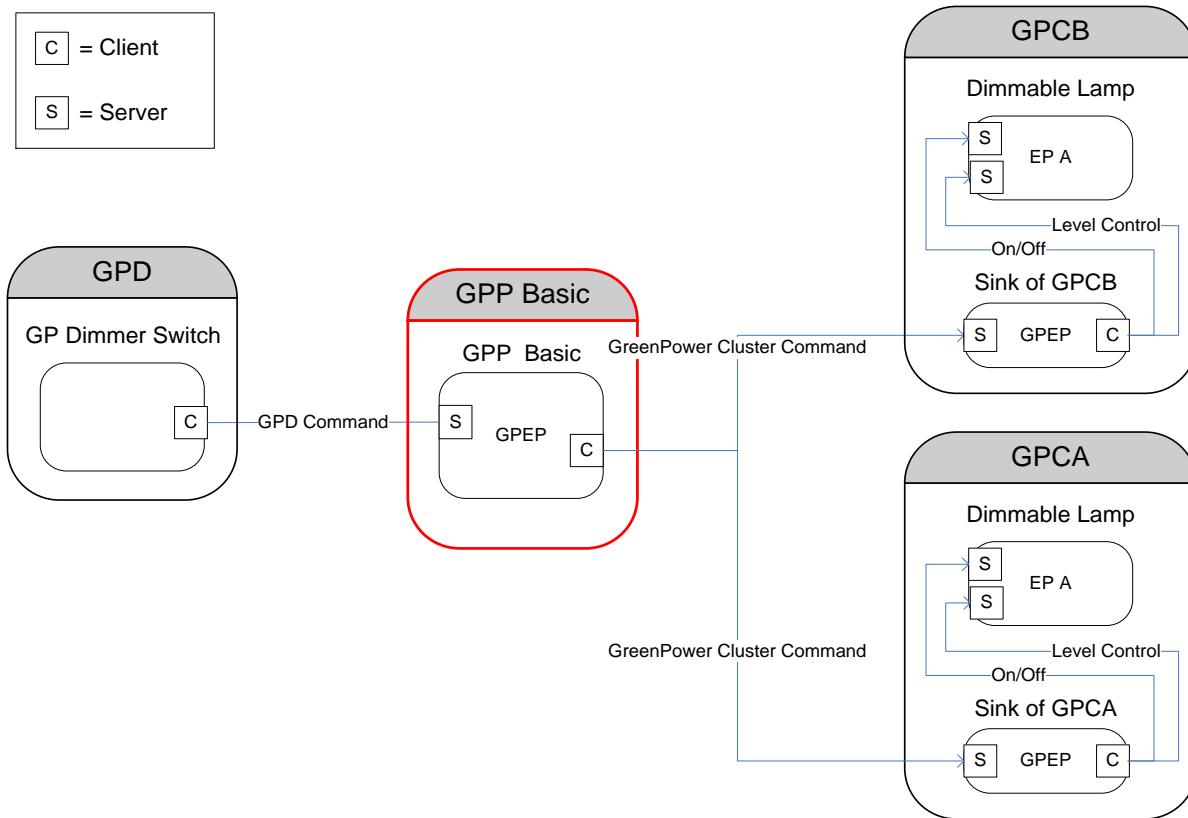


Figure 18 – Example of GP Proxy Basic device usage

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### A.3.2.7 GP Combo Basic device

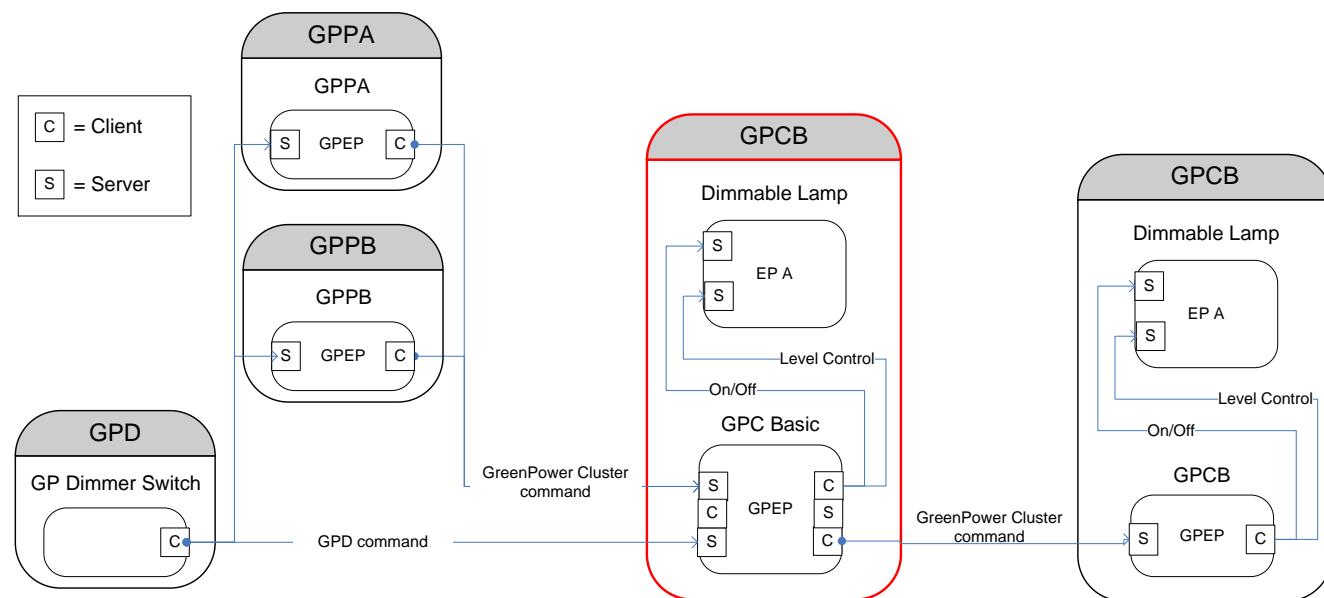
According to the current specification, only Green Power Basic Proxy, Green Power Basic Combo and Green Power Commissioning Tool can be implemented.

The functionality supported by the GP Combo Basic device is defined in Table 20.

**Table 20 – Functionality of GP Combo Basic device**

Server side	Client side
<b>Mandatory</b>	
Selected Green Power cluster commands (see Table 23) and GP functionality (see Table 21, Table 22)	Selected Green Power cluster commands (see Table 23) and GP functionality (see Table 21, Table 22)
Rx GP stub, Tx GP stub	
<b>Optional</b>	
Tx GP stub	

A Basic Combo implements the basic set of the combo functionality, i.e. basic set of proxy functionality, as depicted in Table 21 and basic set of sink functionality, as depicted in Table 22, as well as the selected server-side attributes (see sec. A.3.3.2) and client-side attributes (see sec. A.3.4.2).



**Figure 19 – Example of GP Combo Basic device usage**

### 2651 A.3.2.8 Proxy functionality

2652 The GP specification defines various functionality block of Green Power protocol (see sec. A.3.3.2.7  
2653 and A.3.4.2.7).

2654 Table 21 describes the proxy functionality. According to the current specification, only proxy function-  
2655 ality of a Green Power Basic Proxy, standalone or as part of Green Power Basic Combo, can be imple-  
2656 mented. Other functionality and elements, intended for Advanced Proxy devices, are kept in for refer-  
2657 ence; where possible, they are indicated clearly.

2658 Table 21 consists of three columns:

- 2659 • The leftmost column contains the name of a functionality block;
- 2660 • The middle column provides an overview of the GP objects (commands, attributes, primitives,  
2661 functions, etc.) utilized by each functionality block in the proxy, and is informative, i.e. meant for  
2662 implementation support only. The sections describing a particular functionality or object contain  
2663 further implementation details (e.g. the M/O elements, or elements to be supported by  
2664 basic/advanced proxies).
- 2665 • The rightmost column is normative and indicates if a particular functionality block is  
2666 mandatory/optional for a Green Power Basic Proxy, standalone or as part of Green Power Basic  
2667 Combo.

2668 **Table 21 – Functionality of proxy device**

Functionality	Elements in a proxy	M/O implementation for a Proxy Basic
Common elements	Green Power EndPoint duplicate filtering, , Proxy Table attribute, gppFunctionality, gppActiveFunctionality attribute, gppMaxProxyTable attribute, Rx GP Pairing, Rx Device_annce, Tx Device_annce for alias conflict, Rx GP Proxy Table Request, Tx GP Proxy Table Response	M
Direct communication (recep- tion of GPDF via GP stub)	GP stub for GPDF reception (incl. GPD security), GP-SEC.request, GP-SEC.response	M
GPD IEEE address support	GPDF format, Proxy Table entry format, format of all proxy-supported Green Power cluster commands carrying GPDID	M
gpdSecurityLevel = 0b00	gpdSecurityLevel = 0b00 frame processing in the GP stub and Green Power EndPoint	M
gpdSecurityLevel = 0b10	gpdSecurityLevel = 0b10 frame processing in the GP stub and Green Power EndPoint	M
gpdSecurityLevel = 0b11	gpdSecurityLevel = 0b11 frame processing in the GP stub and Green Power EndPoint	M
Derived groupcast communica- tion	Tx groupcast GP Notification to GPDID-derived GroupID with/without alias after Dmin/gppTunnelingDelay	M
Pre-commissioned groupcast communication	Tx groupcast GP Notification to a pre-configured GroupID, with/without alias, after Dmin/gppTunnelingDelay	M
Full unicast communication	gppTunnelingDelay, Tx GP Tunneling Stop with alias, Rx GP Tunneling Stop, drop own scheduled transmission on Rx GP Tunneling Stop, Tx unicast GP Notification without alias, Rx GP Notification Response, retry, gppNotificationRetryNumber and gppNo- tificationRetryTimer attribute	X
Lightweight unicast communica- tion	Tx unicast GP Notification without alias after Dmin,	M

<b>Multi-hop commissioning</b> (unidirectional & bidirectional commissioning, with channel and shared key delivery over the air)	Rx GP Proxy Commissioning Mode, commissioning mode, Rx GP Response in commissioning, gpTxQueue, Maintenance GPDF format for Channel Request/Configuration, Tx GP Commissioning Notification in broadcast/unicast, with/without alias, after Dmin/gppTunnelingDelay, Advanced elements: <i>gpSharedSecurityKeyType</i> and <i>gpSharedSecurityKey</i> attribute, Rx GP Commissioning Notification, drop own scheduled transmission on Rx GP Commissioning Notification with better SelectedSender	M
CT-based commissioning	Read access to Proxy Table, Write access to Proxy Table/Rx GP Pairing	M
Bidirectional communication in operational mode	GP stub for Tx (incl. security), gpTxQueue, gppTunnelingDelay, Tx GP Notification without alias, Rx GP Notification, drop own scheduled transmission on Rx GP Notification with better SelectedSender, Rx GP Response in operation,	X
Proxy Table maintenance (for GPD mobility, proxy mobility and proxy link robustness)	Tx broadcast GP Notification, Tx GP Pairing Search, Rx GP Pairing, passive discovery, active discovery, Rx GP Notification, discover communication modes used; inactive/invalid Proxy Table entries; gppBlockedGPDID attribute, <i>gppMaxSearchCounter</i> attribute	X

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### 2671 A.3.2.9 Sink functionality

2672 The GP specification defines various functionality block of Green Power protocol (see sec. A.3.3.2.7  
2673 and A.3.4.2.7).

2674 Table 22 describes the sink functionality. According to the current specification, only sink functionality  
2675 of a Green Power Basic Sink, standalone or as part of Green Power Basic Combo, can be implemented.  
2676 Other functionality and elements, intended for advanced sink devices, are kept in for reference; where  
2677 possible, they are indicated clearly.

2678 Table 22 consists of three columns:

- 2679 • The leftmost column contains the name of a functionality block;
- 2680 • The middle column provides an overview of the GP objects (commands, attributes, primitives,  
2681 functions, etc.) utilized by each functionality block by the sink, and is informative, i.e. meant for  
2682 implementation support only. The sections describing a particular functionality or object contain  
2683 further implementation details (e.g. the M/O support of elements, or elements to be supported by  
2684 basic/advanced sinks).
- 2685 • The rightmost column is normative, and indicates if a particular functionality block is  
2686 mandatory/optional for a Green Power Basic Sink, standalone or as part of Green Power Basic  
2687 Combo.

2688 **Table 22 – Functionality of sink device**

Functionality	Elements in a sink	Basic Sink
Common elements	GPEP duplicate filtering, Sink Table attribute, gpsMaxSinkTable attribute, gppFunctionality, gppActiveFunctionality attribute, GPD command translation, GPD command execution, Rx GP Sink Table Request, Tx GP Sink Table Response, gpsCommunicationMode attribute, gpsCommissioningExitMode attribute, gpsSecurityLevel attribute; shared security,	M
Direct communication (reception of GPDF via GP stub)	GP stub for GPDF reception (incl. security), GP-SEC.request, GP-SEC.response,	O
GPD IEEE address support	The implementation of the GPD IEEE address support functionality does not mandate any new elements; however, it influences format of the following elements: GPDF format, Sink Table entry format, GPD Command Translation Table entry format (if supported), format of all sink-supported Green Power cluster commands carrying GPDID	M
gpdSecurityLevel = 0b00	gpdSecurityLevel = 0b00 frame processing in the GP stub (if direct communication supported) and Green Power EndPoint	O
gpdSecurityLevel = 0b10	gpdSecurityLevel = 0b10 frame processing in the GP stub (if direct communication supported) and Green Power EndPoint	M
gpdSecurityLevel = 0b11	gpdSecurityLevel = 0b11 frame processing in the GP stub (if direct communication supported) and Green Power EndPoint	M
Derived groupcast communication	Rx groupcast GP Notification with GPDID-derived GroupID	O.1
Pre-commissioned groupcast communication	Rx groupcast GP Notification with pre-configured GroupID, Tx GP Pairing Configuration	O.1 (M if derived groupcast supported)
Full unicast communication	Rx unicast GP Notification, Tx GP Notification Response	X
Lightweight unicast communication	proxy selection, Tx unicast GP Pairing, Rx unicast GP Notification,	O.1

<b>Proximity commissioning</b> (unidirectional & bidirectional, with channel and shared key delivery over the air)	<p>Commissioning mode, Rx GPD Channel Request command, Tx GPD Channel Configuration command, Rx GPD Commissioning command, Tx GPD Commissioning Reply command, GPD application functionality matching, GPD security matching, Rx GPD Success command, Rx GPDF Success, Tx GP Pairing, Tx Device_ance for the alias (but NOT in the case of lightweight unicast communication), Rx GPD Decommissioning command, opt. Rx Sink Commissioning Mode command, O: Rx Data GPDF with <i>Auto-COMMISSIONING</i> = 0b1. <i>gpSharedSecurityKeyType</i> attribute, <i>gpSharedSecurityKey</i> attribute TC-LK decryption of OOB key, M: TC-LK encryption of shared key</p> <p><b>Proximity:</b> gpTxQueue, GP stub for GPDF reception, GP stub for GPDF transmission, Maintenance GPDF format for Channel Request/Configuration,</p>	O (M if Direct communication supported)
<b>Proxy-based commissioning</b> (unidirectional & bidirectional, with channel and shared key delivery over the air)	<p>Commissioning mode, Rx GPD Channel Request command, Tx GPD Channel Configuration command, Rx GPD Commissioning command, Tx GPD Commissioning Reply command, GPD application functionality matching, GPD security matching, Rx GPD Success command, Rx GPDF Success, Tx GP Pairing, Tx Device_ance for the alias (but NOT in the case of lightweight unicast communication), Rx GPD Decommissioning command, opt. Rx Sink Commissioning Mode command, O: Rx Data GPDF with <i>Auto-COMMISSIONING</i> = 0b1. <i>gpSharedSecurityKeyType</i> attribute, <i>gpSharedSecurityKey</i> attribute TC-LK decryption of OOB key, M: TC-LK encryption of shared key</p> <p><b>Proxy-based:</b> Tx GP Proxy Commissioning Mode, Rx GP Commissioning Notification in broadcast or unicast, Tx GP Response, SelectedSender election,</p>	M
CT-based commissioning	<p>Read access to Sink Table, Write access to Sink Table/Rx GP Pairing Configuration, opt. Rx Sink Commissioning Mode command</p> <p>OPTIONAL: Translation Table, Rx Translation Table Update, Rx Translation Table Request, Tx Translation Table Response,</p>	M
Proximity bidirectional communication in operational mode	GP stub for GPDF transmission (incl. security), gpTxQueue	X
Multi-hop bidirectional communication in operational mode	Rx GP Notification, SelectedSender election, Tx GP Response in operation,	X
Maintenance of GPD (channel/key over-the-air update in operational mode)	Rx GP Notification, SelectedSender election, Tx GP Response in operation, generate GPD Channel Configuration in operation, generate GPD Commissioning Reply command in operation	X
Proxy Table maintenance (for GPD mobility, GPP mobility and GPP robustness)	Rx broadcast GP Notification, Rx GP Pairing Search, Tx GP Pairing	X
Sink Table-based groupcast forwarding	<p>Tx GP Pairing Configuration, Rx GP Pairing Configuration, Tx groupcast GP Notification</p> <p>OPTIONAL: Translation Table, Rx Translation Table Update, Rx Translation Table Request, Tx Translation Table Response</p>	X
Translation Table	Translation Table, Rx Translation Table Update, Rx Translation Table Request, Tx Translation Table Response	O
Compact attribute reporting	<p>Rx Application Description GPDF, Rx Compact Attribute Reporting GPDF</p> <p>OPTIONAL: Translation Table, Rx Translation Table Update, Rx Translation Table Request, Tx Translation Table Response</p>	O <sup>2</sup> M for sinks implementing the following clusters (C/S for client or server side, respectively) as GPD-controllable: Illuminance Measurement C, Occupancy Sensing C, Temperature Measurement C, Relative Humidity Measurement C, CO2 C, IAS zone C, Power Configuration C.

<sup>2</sup> CCB #3514; resolution added in 21-67511-007

### 2689   **A.3.2.10 GP command support per GP infrastructure device**

2690   Table 23 summarizes GP commands support required for each device type of GP infrastructure device.

2691   The following notations are used to indicate the requirement status:

- 2692   • M           Mandatory
- 2693   • O           Optional
- 2694   • O.n        Optional, but support of at least one of the group of options labeled O.n is required.
- 2695   • N/A        Not applicable
- 2696   • X           Prohibited

**Table 23 – Green Power cluster: command implementation by GP infrastructure device**

Command Name	Implementation			
	Basic Proxy (standalone or of Basic Combo)		Sink side of in Basic Combo	
	Tx	Rx	Tx	Rx
GP Notification	Groupcast: M WithAlias: M FUnicast: X LUncast: M WithoutAli- as: M Broadcast: X	Groupcast: X FUnicast/L Unicast: N/A Broadcast: X	N/A	M (at least one of groupcast/F Unicast/LU nicast) Broadcast: X
GP Tunneling Stop	X	X	N/A	N/A
GP Pairing Search	X	X	N/A	X
GP Notification Re- sponse	N/A	X	X	N/A
GP Pairing	N/A	M	M	N/A
GP Proxy Commis- sioning Mode	N/A	M	M	O
GP Commissioning Notification	unicast: M broadcast: M	X	N/A	M (at least one of unicast and broadcast)
GP Response	N/A	In commission ing: M, In operation: X	In commission ing: M, In operation: X	In commission ing: M, In operation: X
GP Translation Table Update command	N/A	N/A	O	O
GP Translation Table Request	N/A	N/A	O	O
GP Translation Table Response	N/A	N/A	O	O

GP Pairing Configuration	N/A	N/A	O (M for sinks with <i>CommunicationMode=0</i> b10)	M
GP Sink Table Request	O	N/A	N/A	M
GP Sink Table Response	N/A	O	M	N/A
GP Proxy Table Request	N/A	M	O	N/A
GP Proxy Table Response	M	N/A	N/A	O
GP Sink Commissioning Mode Command	N/A	N/A	O	O

- 2698 A GP infrastructure device SHALL silently drop any received GP command it does not support.  
 2699 Unless explicitly specified otherwise, it SHALL NOT send the ZCL Default Response command.

### A.3.3 Server

#### A.3.3.1 Dependencies

None.

#### A.3.3.2 Server Attributes

The server side of the Green Power cluster contains the attributes shown in Table 24. The M/O column indicates if it is mandatory or optional to support this attribute.

Table 24 applies to sink devices.

**Table 24 – Attributes of the GP server cluster**

ID	Name	Type	Range	Access	Default	M/O	Description
0x0000	<i>gpsMaxSinkTableEntries</i>	unsigned 8-bit integer	Any valid	R	0x05 / 0x0a	M	Maximum number of Sink Table entries supported by this device
0x0001	<i>SinkTable</i>	Long octet string	N/A	R	0x0000	M	Sink Table, holding information about local bindings between a particular GPD and target's local endpoints
0x0002	<i>gpsCommunicationMode</i>	8-bit bitmap	N/A	R/W	0x01	M	Default communication mode requested by this sink
0x0003	<i>gpsCommissioningExitMode</i>	8-bit bitmap	N/A	R/W	0x02	M	Conditions for the sink to exit the commissioning mode
0x0004	<i>gpsCommissioningWindow</i>	unsigned 16-bit integer	Any valid	R/W	0x00B4	O	Default duration of the Commissioning window duration, in seconds, as requested by this sink
0x0005	<i>gpsSecurityLevel</i>	8-bit bitmap	N/A	R/W	0x06	M	The minimum required security level to be supported by the paired GPDs
0x0006	<i>gpsFunctionality</i>	24-bit bitmap	N/A	R	Any valid	M	The optional GP functionality supported by this sink
0x0007	<i>gpsActiveFunctionality</i>	24-bit bitmap	N/A	R	0xffffffff	M	The optional GP functionality supported by this sink that is active
0x0008-0x000f	Reserved for other attributes of Green Power cluster server side						
0x0010-0x001f	Defined by the Client side (A.3.4.2)						
0x0020-0x002f	Reserved for attributes shared by client and server side of the Green Power cluster (see Table 30)						
0x0030-0xffff	Reserved						

With respect to ZCL Default Response handling for the ZCL foundation commands to manipulate the GP sink attributes, the sink SHALL follow section 2.5.12.2 of ZCL r06 or later (see [3]) and, in addition, for ZCL Write Attributes command, also section 2.5.3.3 of ZCL r06 or later (see [3]).

#### A.3.3.2.1 *gpsMaxSinkTableEntries*

The *gpsMaxSinkTableEntries* attribute is one octet in length, and it contains the maximum number of Sink Table entries that can be stored by this sink.

The value of 0xff indicates unspecified. The value of 0x00 indicates that Sink Table is not supported.

2715 Any sink type supporting the Sink Table based groupcast forwarding functionality SHALL support at  
 2716 least 10 Sink Table entries. Any sink type not supporting the Sink Table based groupcast forwarding  
 2717 functionality SHALL support at least 5 Sink Table entries.

### 2718 **A.3.3.2.2 Sink Table**

2719 The *Sink Table* attribute contains the pairings configured for this sink.

2720 *Sink Table* is a read-only attribute. Generic ZCL commands cannot be used to create/modify or remove  
 2721 *Sink Table* entries. If required, e.g. for CT-based commissioning, the GP Pairing Configuration com-  
 2722 mand of the Green Power cluster can be used for that purpose.

#### 2723 **A.3.3.2.2.1 Over the air transmission of Sink Table**

2724 When sent over the air in a ZCL <sup>3</sup>generic Read Attribute Response command carrying the Sink Table  
 2725 attribute, it is represented as long octet string, which internally has the format of a sequence of struc-  
 2726 tures. Thus, it contains the 2B length field of the Long octet string data format – defining the total  
 2727 length of the attribute and then the Sink Table entries itself.

#### 2728 **A.3.3.2.2.1.1 <sup>4</sup>Sink Table entry field**

2729 A sink table entry field contains a complete Sink Table entry. Each of which is a structure, formatted as  
 2730 shown in Table 25. For each of the entries, the presence of the optional parameters is indicated by the  
 2731 corresponding flag in the *Options* or *Security Options* parameter:

- 2732 • The *GPD ID* and the *Endpoint* parameter:
  - 2733 ▪ *ApplicationID* = 0b000 indicates the *GPD ID* parameter has the length of 4B and contains the  
 2734 SrcID; the *Endpoint* parameter is absent.
  - 2735 ▪ *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the *GPD ID* parameter has the length of 8B and contains IEEE  
 2736 address; the *Endpoint* parameter is present.
  - 2737 ▪ All values of *ApplicationID* other than 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of  
 2738 the Green Power cluster specification.
- 2739 • The *Group list* parameter:
  - 2740 ▪ SHALL only be included if *CommunicationMode* sub-field of the *Options* parameter is set to  
 2741 0b10;  
 2742 whereby the first octet indicates the number of entries in the list, and the entries of the list follow  
 2743 directly, formatted as specified in Table 26;
  - 2744 ▪ SHALL be completely omitted otherwise (i.e. even the length field SHALL be omitted);
- 2745 • *GPD Assigned Alias* parameter SHALL be included if the *AssignedAlias* sub-field of the *Options*  
 2746 field is set to 0b1, otherwise it SHALL be omitted;
- 2747 • the parameters *Security Options* and *GPD key* SHALL always all be included if the *SecurityUse*  
 2748 sub-field is set to 0b1 (irrespective of the key type in use); *SecurityUse* sub-field is set to 0b0, the  
 2749 parameters *Security Options*, and *GPD key* SHALL be omitted.
- 2750 • *GPD security frame counter* parameter SHALL:
  - 2751 ▪ be present and carry the value of the *Security frame counter*, if:
    - 2752 – *SecurityUse* = 0b1,
    - 2753 – *SecurityUse* = 0b0 and *MAC sequence number capabilities* = 0b1;
  - 2754 ▪ be omitted if *SecurityUse* = 0b0 and *MAC sequence number capabilities* = 0b0.

<sup>3</sup> CCB#3491, resolution in 21-67511-001

<sup>4</sup> CCB#3491, resolution in 21-67511-001

The sink SHALL only respond with ZCL Read Attributes Response with Status = SUCCESS, if all configured Sink Table entries fit completely into a single response frame (without fragmentation or partitioning cluster usage). Otherwise, the sink SHALL respond with ZCL Read Attributes Response with Status = INSUFFICIENT\_SPACE and no entries included (for the values of the Status codes see [3]).

### A.3.3.2.2.2 Sink Table entry format

Implementers of this specification are free to implement the Sink Table in any manner that is convenient and efficient, as long as it represents the data in Table 25.

The Sink Table SHALL be persistently stored.

**Table 25 – Format of entries in the Sink Table**

Parameter name	Type	Range	Default	M / O	Description
Options	16-bit bitmap	Any valid	N/A	M	The options for the reception from this GPD
GPD ID	Unsigned 32-bit Integer/IEEE address	Any valid	N/A	M	ID of the paired GPD
Endpoint	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x01 – 0xf0, 0xff	N/A	O (M if ApplicationID = 0b010)	Identifier of the logical device on an IEEE-addressed GPD
DeviceID	8-bit enumeration	Any valid (see )	N/A	M	The DeviceID for this GPD
Group list	Sequence of octets	Any valid	N/A	O (M if CommunicationMode = 0b10)	The 16-bit GroupID and alias for the group communication.
GPD Assigned Alias	Unsigned 16-bit integer	0x0001 – 0xffff	N/A	O (M if AssignedAlias = 0b1)	The commissioned 16-bit ID to be used as alias for this GPD
Groupcast radius	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00 – 0xff	0xff	M	To limit the range of the groupcast
Security Options	8-bit bitmap	Any valid	N/A	O (M if Security use = 0b1)	The security options
GPD security frame counter	Unsigned 32-bit Integer	Any valid	0xffffffff	O (M if Security use = 0b1 or Sequence number capabilities = 0b1 and Security use = 0b0)	The incoming security frame counter for the GPD
GPD key	Security key	Any valid	N/A	O	The security key for the GPD. It MAY be skipped, if common/derivable key is used (as indicated in the <i>Security Options</i> parameter)

#### A.3.3.2.2.2.1 Options parameter of the Sink Table

The *Options* parameter has the format as shown in Figure 20.

Bits: 0..2	3..4	5	6	7	8	9	10..15
------------	------	---	---	---	---	---	--------

Bits: 0..2	3..4	5	6	7	8	9	10..15 2769 2770
ApplicationID	Communication mode	Sequence number capabilities	RxOnCapability	FixedLocation	AssignedAlias	Security use	2771 2772 Reserved 2773 2774

**Figure 20 – Format of the Options parameter of the Sink Table attribute**

The *ApplicationID* sub-field contains the information about the application used by the GPD. *ApplicationID* = 0b000 indicates the GPD ID parameter has the length of 4B and contains the GPD SrcID. *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the GPD ID parameter has the length of 8B and contains the GPD IEEE address; the *Endpoint* parameter of 1B length is present. All values of *ApplicationID* other than 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of the Green Power cluster specification.

The *CommunicationMode* sub-field contains the information about the accepted tunneling mode for this GPD. It can take the values as defined in Table 27.

The *Sequence number capabilities* sub-field contains the information on the sequence number capabilities of this GPD. It takes the values as defined in sec. A.4.2.1.1.2.

The *RxOnCapability* sub-field contains the information about reception capability on this GPD.

The *FixedLocation* sub-field contains information if the location of this GPD is expected to change.

The *AssignedAlias* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that the assigned alias as stored in the *GPD Assigned Alias* parameter SHALL be used instead of the alias derived from the GPD ID (sec. A.3.6.3.3) in case of derived groupcast or full unicast communication. If set to 0b0, the derived alias is used (sec. A.3.6.3.3) for those communication modes.

The *Security use* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that security-related parameters of the Sink Table entry are present.

### A.3.3.2.2.2 Endpoint field

The *Endpoint* field SHALL be present if *ApplicationID* = 0b010. It then carries the identifier of the GPD endpoint, which jointly with the GPD IEEE address identifies a unique logical GPD device. If *ApplicationID* = 0b000 the *Endpoint* field SHALL be absent.

The values 0xf1 - 0xfe are reserved for future use. The value 0x00 indicates application endpoint-independent communication and SHOULD be used e.g. for channel and key updates. The value 0xff indicates ‘all endpoints’.

### A.3.3.2.2.2.3 DeviceID parameter

The *DeviceID* parameter stores then the DeviceID of the paired GPD, as communicated/derived (see sec. A.3.6.2.1) during the pairing procedure.

### A.3.3.2.2.2.4 Group list parameter

The *Group list* parameter stores the GroupID and the corresponding alias for groupcast communication. The entries in the *Group list* parameter SHALL be formatted as specified in Table 26.

**Table 26 – Format of entries in the Sink group list parameter**

Parameter name	Type	Description
Sink group	Unsigned 16-bit integer	The GroupID, either pre-commissioned or derived
Alias	Unsigned 16-bit integer	The Alias to be used jointly with this GroupID, either pre-commissioned or derived

If the *CommunicationMode* sub-field of the *Options* parameter is set to 0b10, the *Group list* SHOULD be present.

The *Alias* field of the *Group list* entry set to 0xffff indicates usage of derived alias for the *Sink group* in the same *Group list* entry.

The *Group list* parameter of each Sink Table entry SHOULD be able to store at least two group entries.

#### A.3.3.2.2.5 Groupcast radius parameter

The *Groupcast radius* contains the intended radius for the groupcast communication, in number of hops. The default value of 0x00 indicates undefined, i.e. twice the value of the nwkMaxDepth attribute of the NIB, as specified by [1].

If *Groupcast radius* parameter is set to a value 0x00 and another value is received, the new value SHALL be kept. If *Groupcast radius* parameter is set to a value other than 0x00 and a new value is received, the higher value SHALL be kept.

In the ZCL command carrying the Sink Table attribute, the *Groupcast radius* parameter SHALL always be present.

#### A.3.3.2.2.6 Security-related parameters

The *Security Options* parameter is formatted as shown in Figure 21. It is present if the *Security use* sub-field is set to 0b1.

Bits: 0-1	2-4	5-7
SecurityLevel	SecurityKeyType	Reserved

Figure 21 – Format of the Security Options parameter

The *SecurityLevel* sub-field can take values as defined in Table 11 in section A.1.4.1.3 and the *SecurityKeyType* sub-field can take values as defined in Table 53 in section A.3.7.1.2.

If *SecurityLevel* is 0b00 or if the *SecurityKeyType* has value 0b011 (NWK-key derived GPD group key), 0b010 (GP group key), 0b001 (NWK key) or 0b111 (derived individual GPD key), the *GPDkey* parameter MAY be omitted and the key MAY be stored in the *gpSharedSecurityKey* parameter instead. If *SecurityLevel* has value other than 0b00 and the *SecurityKeyType* has value 0b111 (derived individual GPD key), the *GPDkey* parameter MAY be omitted and the key MAY calculated on the fly, based on the value stored in the *gpSharedSecurityKey* parameter.

The *GPD security frame counter* parameter stores the last observed valid frame counter value for this GPD.

#### A.3.3.2.3 gpsCommunicationMode attribute

The *gpsCommunicationMode* attribute contains the communication mode required by this sink; the last two bits can take values as defined in Table 27.

Table 27 – Values of *gpsCommunicationMode* attribute

Value	Description
0b00	Full unicast forwarding of the GP Notification command by proxies supporting the full unicast functionality (with observing of <i>gppTunnelingDelay</i> and with the transmission/reception of the GP Tunneling Stop command and with GP Notification retry when not receiving GP Notification Response); see sec. A.3.5.2.1
0b01	groupcast forwarding of the GP Notification command to DGroupID (see A.3.6.1.4); see sec. A.3.5.2.3
0b10	groupcast forwarding of the GP Notification command to pre-commissioned GroupID; see sec. A.3.5.2.3

Value	Description
0b11	unicast forwarding of the GP Notification command by proxies supporting the lightweight unicast functionality (i.e. without <i>gppTunnelingDelay</i> and without the transmission/reception of the GP Tunneling Stop command, and without GP Notification retry when not receiving GP Notification Response) ; see sec. A.3.5.2.3

2839 If the *gpsCommunicationMode* has the value of 0b00 or 0b01, the mode 0b10 can be used instead for a  
 2840 pairing with particular GPD, if it is established so in the commissioning process.  
 2841 If the *gpsCommunicationMode* value 0b11 is used, it is the responsibility of the sink (or commissioning  
 2842 tool, or another intelligent device in the network) to create the Proxy Table entries for the GPD on the  
 2843 required number of proxies, which implement lightweight unicast forwarding.

#### A.3.3.2.4 **gpsCommissioningExitMode** attribute

2845 The *gpsCommissioningExitMode* attribute contains the information on commissioning mode exit re-  
 2846 quirements of this sink. It has the format as indicated in Figure 22.

Bits: 0	1	2	3..7
On CommissioningWin- dow expiration	On first Pairing success	On GP Proxy Commis- sioning Mode (exit)	Reserved

2848 **Figure 22 – Format of the Commissioning Exit Mode attribute**

2849 Only one of the flags *On GP Proxy Commissioning Mode (exit)* and *On first Pairing success* SHALL  
 2850 be set to 0b1 at the same time. The *On CommissioningWindow expiration* flag can be set to 0b1 in  
 2851 combination with any of the other flags or alone.

#### A.3.3.2.5 **gpsCommissioningWindow** attribute

2853 The *gpsCommissioningWindow* attribute contains the information on the time, in seconds, during  
 2854 which this sink accepts pairing changes (additions/removals).

2855 The default value is 180 seconds.

#### A.3.3.2.6 **gpsSecurityLevel** attribute

2857 The *gpsSecurityLevel* attribute contains the minimum security level this sink requires the paired GPDs  
 2858 to support. It has the format as indicated in Figure 23.

Bits: 0-1	2	3	4..7
Minimal GPD Security Level	Protection with <i>gpLinkKey</i>	Involve TC	Reserved

2860 **Figure 23 – Format of the gpsSecurityLevel attribute**

2861 The *Minimal GPD Security Level* sub-field contains the minimum *gpdSecurityLevel* this sink accepts.  
 2862 It can take values as defined in Table 11.

2863 The *Protection with the gpLinkKey* sub-field, indicates if the GPDs attempting the pairing are required  
 2864 to support protecting the over-the-air exchange of the GPD Key (as indicated by the *GPDkeyEncryp-*  
 2865 *tion* sub-field of the *Extended Options* field of the GPD Commissioning command).

The *Involve TC* sub-field, if set to 0b1, overrides the settings of the *Minimal GPD Security Level* and the *Protection with the gpLinkKey* sub-fields. It indicates the sink SHALL NOT take the commissioning decisions on its own and SHALL contact the Trust Centre instead.

According to the current version of the specification, sinks joining a distributed Zigbee network or joining using the default Trust Centre Link Key SHALL set this bit to 0b0. Sinks joining the Zigbee network using IC-based unique link key SHALL set this bit to 0b1; since in the current version of the specification the mechanism to involve the TC in the GPD commissioning is not defined, if the *Involve TC* sub-field of the *gpsSecurityLevel* attribute is set to 0b1, the sink implemented according to the current specification SHALL NOT engage in GPD commissioning (see sec. A.3.9.1, step 1).

A TC or a CT MAY overwrite the setting of the *gpsSecurityLevel* attribute at any time.

The GP Pairing Configuration command, SHALL still be accepted on reception, as described in A.3.5.2.4.1, even if the *Involve TC* sub-field of the *gpsSecurityLevel* attribute is set to 0b1.

The attribute SHALL be persistently stored.

### A.3.3.2.7 *gpsFunctionality* attribute

The *gpsFunctionality* attribute indicates support of the GP functionality by this device. Any 1-bit sub-field set to 0b1 indicates that this functionality is supported; set to 0b0 indicates that this functionality is not implemented.

The reserved sub-fields and sub-fields for any non-applicable functionality SHALL also be set to 0b0.

The *gpsFunctionality* attribute is formatted as shown in Table 28.

The rightmost column shows the values used by the Basic Sink, standalone or as part of Green Power Basic Combo.

**Table 28 – Format of the *gpsFunctionality* attribute**

Indication	Functionality	Basic Sink
b0	GP feature	0b1
b1	Direct communication (reception of GPDF via GP stub)	device-specific
b2	Derived groupcast communication	device-specific
b3	Pre-commissioned groupcast communication	device-specific
b4	Full unicast communication	0b0
b5	Lightweight unicast communication	device-specific
b6	Proximity bidirectional operation	0b0
b7	Multi-hop bidirectional operation	0b0
b8	Proxy Table maintenance (active and passive, for GPD mobility and proxy robustness)	0b0
b9	Proximity commissioning (unidirectional and bidirectional)	device-specific
b10	Multi-hop commissioning (unidirectional and bidirectional)	0b1
b11	CT-based commissioning	0b1
b12	Maintenance of GPD (deliver channel/key during operation)	0b0
b13	gpdSecurityLevel = 0b00 in operation	device-specific
b14	Deprecated: gpdSecurityLevel = 0b01	0b0
b15	gpdSecurityLevel = 0b10	0b1
b16	gpdSecurityLevel = 0b11	0b1
b17	Sink Table-based groupcast forwarding	0b0
b18	Translation Table	device-specific

b19	GPD IEEE address	0b1
b20	Compact attribute reporting	device-specific
b21 – b23	Reserved	0b0

2888 Note: the *gpdSecurityLevel* = 0b00 (bit 13) of the *gpsFunctionality* attribute encodes the device's sup-  
 2889 port of unprotected GPDF in operation. During commissioning, it is mandatory for GP infrastructure  
 2890 devices to support the exchange of the GPD commands Channel Request, Channel Configuration,  
 2891 Commissioning and Commissioning Reply with *gpdSecurityLevel* = 0b00; therefore there is no need to  
 2892 encode that on bit 13 of the *gpsFunctionality*.

#### 2893 **A.3.3.2.8 *gpsActiveFunctionality* attribute**

2894 The *gpsActiveFunctionality* attribute indicates which GP functionality supported by this device is cur-  
 2895 rently enabled. Any 1-bit sub-field set to 0b1 indicates that this functionality is supported and enabled;  
 2896 set to 0b0 indicates that this functionality is disabled or not implemented.

2897 The *gpsActiveFunctionality* attribute is formatted as shown in

2898  
2899

## Table 29.

2900

**Table 29 – Format of the *gpsActiveFunctionality* attribute**

Indication	Functionality
b0	GP functionality
b1 – b23	Set to fixed value 0b1 in this specification.

2901

The *GP feature* sub-field on b0 of the *gpsActiveFunctionality* attribute is the main flag. By writing 0b1/0b0 to the *GP feature* sub-field, the complete GP operation can be enabled/disabled, respectively. Even when the *GP feature* sub-field is set to 0b0, the GP attributes SHALL be accessible and the Simple Descriptor for the Green Power EndPoint SHALL still be readable.

In the current version of the GP specification, the *gpsActiveFunctionality* attribute is read only, and the *GP feature* sub-field SHALL be set to 0b1.

2908

In the current version of the GP specification, the remaining sub-fields of the *gpsActiveFunctionality* attribute are reserved and SHALL be set to 0b1. If future version of the GP specification would define further *gpsActiveFunctionality* flags, they SHOULD be aligned with *gpsFunctionality* attribute.

### A.3.3.3 Attributes shared by client and server

Both server and client side of the Green Power cluster contain the attributes shown in Table 30. The M/O column indicates if it is mandatory or optional to support this attribute.

**Table 30 – Attributes shared by client and server of the Green Power cluster**

ID	Name	Type	Range	Access	Default	M/O	Description
0x0020	<i>gpSharedSecurityKeyType</i>	8-bit bitmap	0x00-0x07	R/W	0b000	Basic Proxy: O Basic Sink: M	The security key type to be used for the communication with all paired GPD in this network
0x0021	<i>gpSharedSecurityKey</i>	128-bit security key	Any valid	R/W	N/A	Basic Proxy: O Basic Sink: M	The security key to be used for the communication with all paired GPD in this network
0x0022	<sup>5</sup> <i>gpLinkKey</i>	128-bit security key	Any valid	R/W	‘ZigBeeAlliance09’	M	The security key to be used to encrypt the key exchanged with the GPD
0x0023-0x002f	Reserved for other attributes shared by sink and proxy						
0xffffd	<i>ClusterRevision</i>	Unsigned 16-bit integer	Any valid	R	0x0002	M	See ZCL [3]

#### A.3.3.3.1 *gpSharedSecurityKeyType*

The *gpSharedSecurityKeyType* attribute stores the key type of the shared security key. The *gpSharedSecurityKeyType* attribute can take the following values from Table 53: 0b000 (no key), 0b001 (NWK key), 0b010 (GP group key), 0b011 (NWK-key derived GP group key) and 0b111 (Derived individual GPD key).

<sup>5</sup> CCB #3048, Resolution added in 21-67511-004

### 2921 A.3.3.3.2 **gpSharedSecurityKey**

2922 The *gpSharedSecurityKey* attribute stores the shared security key of the key type as indicated in the  
 2923 *gpSecurityKeyType* attribute. It can take any value.

2924 If the *gpSharedSecurityKeyType* attribute has the value of 0b010 or 0b111, the *gpSharedSecurityKey*  
 2925 SHALL store the GP group key.

2926 If the *gpSharedSecurityKeyType* attribute has the value of 0b000, 0b001 and 0b011, storing of the  
 2927 *gpSharedSecurityKey* MAY be omitted and writing to the *gpSharedSecurityKey* attribute has no effect.  
 2928 If the *gpSharedSecurityKeyType* attribute has the value of 0b001, the *gpSharedSecurityKey* can be re-  
 2929 retrieved from the NIB *nwkSecurityMaterialSet* attribute.

### 2930 A.3.3.3.3 **gpLinkKey**

2931 The *gpLinkKey* attribute stores the Link Key, used to encrypt the key transmitted in the Commissioning  
 2932 GPDF and Commissioning Reply GPDF.

2933 By default, it has the value of the ‘default Zigbee Trust Center Link Key (TC-LK), ‘ZigBeeAlliance09’.  
 2934 Then, storing of the *gpLinkKey* MAY be omitted.

2935 Note: change of the value of the *gpLinkKey* attribute SHALL NOT change the value of the Zigbee TC-  
 2936 LK.

### 2937 A.3.3.4 Commands received

2938 The cluster specific commands received by the server side of the GP cluster are listed in Table 31.

2939 Whether the support of particular command is mandatory or optional is dependent on the GP infrastruc-  
 2940 ture device type and the features it supports, and specified in Table 23.

2941 **Table 31 – Green Power cluster: server side: commands received**

Command ID	Command Name	Command Description	Link
0x00	GP Notification	From proxy to sink to tunnel GP frame.	A.3.3.4.1
0x01	GP Pairing Search	From proxy to the sinks in entire network to get pairing indication related to GPD for Proxy Table update	A.3.3.4.2
0x02	Reserved		
0x03	GP Tunneling Stop	From proxy to neighbor proxies to indicate GP Notification sent in full unicast mode.	A.3.4.4.1
0x04	GP Commissioning Notifi- cation	From proxy to sink to tunnel GPD commissioning data.	A.3.3.4.3
0x05	GP Sink Commissioning Mode	To enable commissioning mode of the sink, over the air	A.3.3.4.8
0x06	Reserved		
0x07	GP Translation Table Up- date command	To configure GPD Command Translation Table	A.3.3.4.4
0x08	GP Translation Table Re- quest	To provide GPD Command Translation Table content	A.3.3.4.5
0x09	GP Pairing Configuration	To configure Sink Table	A.3.3.4.6
0x0a	GP Sink Table Request	To read out selected Sink Table entries, by index or by GPD ID	A.3.3.4.7
0x0b	GP Proxy Table Response	To receive information on requested selected Proxy Table entries, by index or by GPD	A.3.4.4.2

<sup>6</sup> CCB #3048, Resolution added in 21-67511-004

		ID	
0x0c-0xff	Reserved		

### A.3.3.4.1 GP Notification command

The payload of the GP Notification command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 24.

Octets	2	4/8	0/1	4	1	1/variable	0/2	0/1
Data Type	16-bit bitmap	unsigned 32-bit integer/IEEE address	Unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 32-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	Octet string	unsigned 16-bit integer	8-bit bitmap
Field Name	Options	GPD ID	Endpoint	GPD security frame counter	GPD CommandID	GPD Command payload	GPP short address	GPP-GPD link

Figure 24 – Format of the GP Notification command

Bits: 0..2	3	4	5	6-7	8-10
ApplicationID	Also Unicast	Also Derived Group	Also Commissioned Group	SecurityLevel	SecurityKeyType

Figure 25 – Format of the Options field of the GP Notification command (part 1)

Bits: 11	12	13	14	15
RxAfterTx	gpTxQueueFull	Bidirectional capability	ProxyInfoPresent	Reserved

Figure 26 – Format of the Options field of the GP Notification command (part 2)

The *ApplicationID* sub-field contains the information about the application used by the GPD. *ApplicationID* = 0b000 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 4B and contains the GPD SrcID; the *Endpoint* field is absent. *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 8B and contains the GPD IEEE address; the *Endpoint* field is present. All values of *ApplicationID* other than 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of the Green Power cluster specification.

The flags *Also Unicast*, *Also Derived Group* and *Also Commissioned Group* indicate presence of the sinks paired to the same GPD with a different communication mode, as stored in this proxy's Proxy Table.

The *SecurityLevel* sub-field has value copied from the received GPDF and can take values as specified in Table 11.

The *SecurityKeyType* sub-field has the value corresponding to the type of the key successfully used for security processing of the received GPDF, and can take values as specified in Table 53.

The *RxAfterTx* sub-field SHALL be copied from the *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field of the triggering GPDF was set; irrespective of bidirectional communication capabilities of the device sending the GP Notification.

The *gpTxQueueFull* sub-field indicates whether the proxy can still receive and store a GPDF Response for this GPD. If this field value is 0b0, there is space in the gpTxQueue for this GPD. If this field is set to 0b1, there is no space left in the gpTxQueue for this GPD. A forwarding device not supporting bidirectional communication SHALL always set this field to 0b1.

The *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field, when set to 0b0, indicates that the device sending the GP Notification command does NOT support bidirectional communication. All proxy basic devices implementing the current specification SHALL always set the *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field to 0b0.

2970 The *ProxyInfoPresent* sub-field, when set to 0b1, indicates that the fields *GPP short address* and *GPP-GPD link* fields are present. All proxy basic device implementing the current specification SHALL always set *ProxyInfoPresent* sub-field to 0b1.

2973 *Note for sink implementers:* Proxy devices implementing earlier versions of the Green Power specification will set the *ProxyInfoPresent* sub-field to 0b0, and the optional presence of the proxy-related fields in the GP Commissioning Notification command will be indicated by its RxAfterTx sub-field of the Options field set to 0b1. In that case, the last octet of the proxy information will carry instead of the 8-bit bitmap GPP-GPD link value, a uint8 Distance value (the higher the value, the worse the link). If and how the sinks use that legacy information, is application-specific and out of scope for the current specification.

2980 The *GPD ID* field has the value copied from the GPDF *SrcID/GPDF MAC Source address* field, depending on the *ApplicationID* sub-field value in the GPDF.

2983 The *Endpoint* field, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, is present and carries the value copied from the *Endpoint* field of the GPDF.

2985 The *GPD security frame counter* field is always present. If the *SecurityLevel* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field of the received GPDF was 0b00, it carries the value copied from the GPDF MAC header *Sequence number* field, pre-padded with 0x000000. Otherwise, if the *SecurityLevel* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field of the received GPDF was 0b10- 0b11, it carries the value copied from the *Security frame counter* field of the received GPDF that was successfully used for the security processing.

2991 The *GPD CommandID* has the value copied from the GPDF *GPD CommandID* field.

2992 The *GPD Command Payload* field is an octet string. The first octet contains the payload length, the following octets – the payload of the GPDF Command, copied from the GPDF Command payload field.

2994 The default value of 0xff indicates unspecified/no payload; 0x00 indicates no payload.

2995 The *GPP short address* field, if present, carries the short address of the device originating the GP Notification.

2997 The *GPP-GPD link* field, if present, indicates the quality of the received GPDF, as reported by the dGP-DATA.indication primitive.

2999 The *GPP-GPD link* field of the GP Notification command is formatted as shown in Figure 27.

Bits: 0..5	6..7
RSSI	Link quality

3000 **Figure 27 – Format of the *GPP-GPD link* field of the GP Notification command**

3001 The *RSSI* sub-field of the *GPP-GPD link* field encodes the RSSI from the range <+8 ; -109> [dBm],  
3002 with 2dBm granularity. It SHALL be calculated as follows:

- 3003 • The RSSI parameter value as supplied by the dGP-DATA.indication primitive SHALL be capped  
3004 to the range <+8 ; -109> [dBm],  
3005 i.e. any value higher than +8dBm is represented as +8 dBm; any value lower than -109dBm is  
3006 represented as -109dBm, the values within the range remain unmodified;
- 3007 • 110 SHALL be added to the capped RSSI value, to obtain a non-negative value;
- 3008 • The obtained non-negative RSSI value SHALL be divided by 2.

3010 The *Link quality* sub-field of the *GPP-GPD link* field encodes the quality of the link between the GPD  
 3011 and the forwarding proxy, as defined in Table 32. Its calculation is vendor-specific and may be based  
 3012 e.g. on LQI or correlation value.

3013 **Table 32 – Values of the *Link quality* sub-field of the *GPP-GPD link* field**

Value	Description
0b00	Poor
0b01	Moderate
0b10	High
0b11	Excellent

3014 **A.3.3.4.1.1 When generated**

3015 The GP Notification command is generated by the proxy (or a sink capable of Sink Table-based for-  
 3016 warding) to forward the received Data GPDF to the paired sinks.

3017 **A.3.3.4.1.2 Effect on Receipt**

3018 On receipt of the GP Notification command, a device is informed about a GPDF forwarded by a proxy.  
 3019 Also the device which received this frame is informed of bidirectional communication capability of the  
 3020 sender.

3021 **A.3.3.4.2 GP Pairing Search command**

3022 The payload of the GP Pairing Search command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 28.

Octets	2	4/8	0/1
Data Type	16-bit bitmap	unsigned 32-bit integer/IEEE address	Unsigned 8-bit integer
Field Name	Options	GPD ID	Endpoint

3023 **Figure 28 – Format of the GP Pairing Search command**

3024 The *Options* field of the GP Pairing Search command is formatted as shown in Figure 29.

Bits: 0..2	3	4	5	6	7	8..15
ApplicationID	Request Unicast Sinks	Request Derived Groupcast Sinks	Request Commissioned groupcast sinks	Request GPD Security Frame Counter	Request GPD Security key	Reserved

3025 **Figure 29 – Format of the Options field of the GP Pairing Search command**

3026 The *ApplicationID* sub-field contains the information about the application used by the GPD. *Appli-  
 3027 cationID* = 0b000 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 4B and contains the GPD SrcID; the *End-  
 3028 point* field is absent. *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 8B and con-  
 3029 tains the GPD IEEE address; the *Endpoint* field is present. All values of *ApplicationID* other than  
 3030 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of the Green Power cluster specification.

3031 The *RequestUnicastSinks* sub-field SHALL be set to 0b1, if the proxy requests pairing information on  
 3032 full and lightweight unicast sinks for the GPD specified in *GPD ID* field, and – if *ApplicationID* =  
 3033 0b010 – *Endpoint* field.

3034 The *RequestDerivedGroupcastSinks* sub-field SHALL be set, if the proxy requests pairing information  
 3035 on sinks accepting derived groupcast communication mode for the GPD specified in *GPD ID* field.

3036 The *RequestCommissionedGroupcastSinks* sub-field SHALL be set, if the proxy requests pairing in-  
 3037 formation on sinks accepting pre-commissioned GroupID communication mode for the GPD specified  
 3038 in *GPD ID* field.

3039 Using the flags *Request GPD Security key* and *Request GPD Security frame counter*, the proxy can re-  
 3040 quest those security parameters for the GPD specified in *GPD ID* field.

3041 The *GPD ID* field carries the value of the *GPD ID*, either GPD SrcID or GPD IEEE address, depending  
 3042 on the value of the *ApplicationID*, on which the information is requested.

3043 The *Endpoint* field, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, is present and carries the identifier of the GPD endpoint  
 3044 of an IEEE-addressed GPD, on which the information is requested.

3045  
 3046 The *Disable default response* sub-field of the *Frame Control Field* of the ZCL header SHALL be set to  
 3047 0b1.

#### A.3.3.4.2.1 When generated

3049 The GP Pairing Search command is generated when the proxy needs to discover pairing information  
 3050 for a particular GPD.

#### A.3.3.4.2.2 Effect on Receipt

3052 On receipt of this command, the device is informed about a proxy requesting pairing information on  
 3053 particular GPD.

#### A.3.3.4.3 GP Commissioning Notification command

3055 The payload of the GP Commissioning Notification command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in  
 3056 Figure 30.

Octets	2	4/8	0/1	4	1	1/variable	0/2	0/1	0/4
Data Type	16-bit bitmap	unsigned 32-bit integer/IEEE address	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Unsigned 32-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	Octet string	Unsigned 16-bit integer	8-bit bitmap	Unsigned 32-bit integer
Field Name	Options	GPD ID	Endpoint	GPD security frame counter	GPD CommandID	GPD Command payload	GPP short address	GPP-GPD link	MIC

3057 **Figure 30 – Format of the GP Commissioning Notification command**

3058 The *Options* field of the GP Commissioning Notification command SHALL be formatted as shown in  
 3059 Figure 31.

Bits: 0..2	3	4..5	6..8	9	10	11	12..15
ApplicationID	RxAfterTx	SecurityLevel	SecurityKey-Type	SecurityProcessingFailed	Bidirectional Capability	ProxyInfoPresent	Reserved

3060 **Figure 31 – Format of the Options field of the GP Commissioning Notification command**

3061 The *ApplicationID* sub-field contains the information about the application used by the GPD. *ApplicationID* = 0b000 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 4B and contains the GPD SrcID; the *Endpoint* field is absent. *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 8B and contains the GPD IEEE address; the *Endpoint* field is present. All values of *ApplicationID* other than 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of the Green Power cluster specification.

3066 The *RxAfterTx* sub-field SHALL be copied from the *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame*  
 3067 *Control* field of the triggering GPDF was set; irrespective of bidirectional communication capabilities  
 3068 of the device sending the GP Commissioning Notification.

3069 *SecurityLevel* is copied from the *SecurityLevel* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field of  
 3070 the received GPDF, also in the case when security check failed and the *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-  
 3071 field is set to 0b1. If the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field is not present in the received GPDF, the  
 3072 *SecurityLevel* sub-field is set to 0b00.

3073 *SecurityKeyType* corresponds to the type of the key successfully used for GPDF processing. When se-  
 3074 curity check failed or could not be performed due to lack of security parameters for this GPD and the  
 3075 *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field is set to 0b1, the *SecurityKeyType* sub-field SHALL be set to  
 3076 0b000 if the *SecurityKey* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field of the received GPDF  
 3077 was set to 0b0, or to 0b100 if the *SecurityKey* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field of  
 3078 the received GPDF was set to 0b1. If the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field is not present in the re-  
 3079 ceived GPDF, the *SecurityKeyType* sub-field is set to 0b000.

3080 *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field SHALL be set to 0b1, if the Commissioning GPDF was protected,  
 3081 but the security check failed or could not be performed due to lack of security parameters for this GPD.

3082 The *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field, when set to 0b0, indicates that the device send-  
 3083 ing the GPD Commissioning Notification command does NOT support bidirectional communication.  
 3084 All proxy basic devices implementing the current specification SHALL always set the *Bidirectional-  
 3085 CommunicationCapability* sub-field to 0b0.

3086 The *ProxyInfoPresent* sub-field, when set to 0b1, indicates that the fields *GPP short address* and *GPP-  
 3087 GPD link* fields are present. All proxy basic device implementing the current specification SHALL al-  
 3088 ways set *ProxyInfoPresent* sub-field to 0b1.

3089 *Note for sink implementers:* Proxy devices implementing earlier versions of the Green Power specifi-  
 3090 cation will set the *ProxyInfoPresent* sub-field to 0b0, and the optional presence of the proxy-related fields  
 3091 in the GP Commissioning Notification command will be indicated by its *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the Op-  
 3092 tions field set to 0b1. In that case, the last octet of the proxy information will carry instead of the 8-bit  
 3093 bitmap GPP-GPD link value, a uint8 Distance value (the higher the value, the worse the link). If and  
 3094 how the sinks use that legacy information, is application-specific and out of scope for the current speci-  
 3095 fication.

3096

3097 The *GPD ID* field has the value copied from the GPDF *SrcID* field/MAC header *Source address* field,  
 3098 depending on the value of the *ApplicationID* sub-field in the GPDF. If the GPD command was received  
 3099 with the Maintenance *Frame Type*, the *ApplicationID* sub-field of the *Options* field SHALL be set to  
 3100 0b000 and the *GPD ID* SHALL carry the value 0x00000000.

3101 The *Endpoint* field, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, is present and carries the value copied from the *Endpoint*  
 3102 field of the commissioning GPDF.

3103 The *GPD security frame counter* field is always present. If the *SecurityLevel* sub-field of the *Extended*  
 3104 *NWK Frame Control* field of the received GPDF was 0b00, it carries the value copied from the GPDF  
 3105 MAC header *Sequence number* field, pre-padded with 0x000000. Otherwise, if the *SecurityLevel* sub-  
 3106 field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field of the received GPDF was 0b10- 0b11 and *Securi-*  
 3107 *tyProcessingFailed* sub-field is set to 0b0, it carries the value copied from the *Security frame counter*  
 3108 field of the received GPDF that was successfully used for the security processing of the received  
 3109 GPDF; if the *SecurityLevel* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field of the received GPDF  
 3110 was 0b10- 0b11 and *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field is set to 0b1, it carries the value copied from  
 3111 the *Security frame counter* field of the received GPDF.

3112 The GPD CommandID carries the GPD CommandID.

3113 The *GPD Command Payload* field is an octet string. The first octet contains the payload length, the fol-  
3114 lowing octets – the payload of the GPDF Command, copied from the GPDF Command payload field.  
3115 The default value of 0xff indicates unspecified/no payload; 0x00 indicates no payload.

3116 If the *SecurityLevel* sub-field of the *Options* field is set 0b00 or 0b10 or if *SecurityLevel* sub-field of the  
3117 *Options* field is set to 0b11 and the *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field of the *Options* field is set 0b1,  
3118 the value *GPD CommandID* and *GPD Command Payload* is copied from the GPDF. If the *Secu-  
3119 rityLevel* sub-field of the *Options* field is set to 0b11 and the *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field of the  
3120 *Options* field is set 0b0, the *GPD CommandID* and *GPD Command Payload* carry the result of the suc-  
3121 cessful decryption of the corresponding GPDF fields.

3122 The *GPP short address* field, if present, carries the short address of the device originating the GP Noti-  
3123 fication.

3124 The *GPP-GPD link* field, if present, indicates the quality of the received GPDF, as reported by the  
3125 dGP-DATA.indication primitive. The *GPP-GPD link* field of the GP Commissioning Notification  
3126 command is formatted as shown in Figure 27 and calculated as defined in sec. A.3.3.4.1.

3127 The *MIC* field SHALL only be present if the *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field is set to 0b1.

#### A.3.3.4.3.1 When generated

3130 The GP Commissioning Notification command is used by the proxy in commissioning mode to for-  
3131 ward commissioning data to the sink(s).

#### A.3.3.4.3.2 Effect on Receipt

3133 On receipt of the GP Commissioning Notification command, a device is informed about a GPD device  
3134 seeking to manage a pairing.

3135 Also the device which received this frame is informed of bidirectional commissioning capability of the  
3136 sender.

#### A.3.3.4.4 GP Translation Table Update command

3138 The GP Translation Table Update command allows for creation and modification and/or removal of  
3139 entries in the *GPD Command Translation Table* (see Table 48). The payload of the GP Translation Ta-  
3140 ble Update command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 32.

Octets	2	4/8	0/1	Variable	...	Variable
Data Type	16-bit bitmap	unsigned 32-bit inte- ger/IEEE address	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Variable	...	Variable
Field Name	Options	GPD ID	GPD Endpoint	Translation 1	...	Translation N

3141 **Figure 32 – Format of the GP Translation Table Update command**

3142 The *Options* field of the GP Translation Table Update command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in  
3143 Figure 33.

Bits: 0..2	3..4	5..7	8	9..15
ApplicationID	Action	Number of Transla- tions	Additional infor- mation block present	Reserved

3144 **Figure 33 – Format of the Options field of the GP Translation Table Update command**

3145 The *ApplicationID* sub-field contains the information about the application used by the GPD. *ApplicationID* = 0b000 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 4B and contains the GPD SrcID; the *GPD*  
 3146 *Endpoint* field is absent. *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 8B and  
 3147 contains the GPD IEEE address; the *GPD Endpoint* field is present. All values of *ApplicationID* other  
 3148 than 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of the Green Power cluster specification.  
 3149

3150 The *Action* sub-field of the *Options* field can take the values as specified in Table 33.

3151 **Table 33 – Values of the *Action* sub-field of the *Option* field**

Value	Description
0b00	Add Translation Table entry
0b01	Replace Translation Table entry
0b10	Remove Translation Table entry
0b11	Reserved

3152  
 3153 If the *Action* sub-field of the *Options* field is set to 0b00, each translation included in the GP Transla-  
 3154 tion Table Update command is to be stored in the GPD Command Translation Table at the sink, in the  
 3155 entry number as specified by the *Index* field if that entry is empty. If the entry specified by the *Index* is  
 3156 not empty, the action SHALL NOT be executed; a ZCL Default Response command with status  
 3157 FAILURE (see [3]) MAY be returned. If the *Index* field has the value of 0xff, the sink SHALL choose  
 3158 any free entry. Already existing translation entry for the same (GPD ID, GPD Endpoint, GPD Com-  
 3159 mandID, EndPoint, Profile, Cluster) quintuple present in the sink’s Command Translation Table, if  
 3160 any, SHALL NOT be affected. In the current version of the specification, the *Index* field SHALL al-  
 3161 ways be set to 0xff upon transmission and ignored upon reception. Thus, if a sink implemented accord-  
 3162 ing to the current specification receives a Translation Table Update command with Index NOT equal to  
 3163 0xFF, it SHALL process it as if the *Index* was set to 0xFF.

3164 If the *Action* sub-field of the *Options* field is set to 0b01, each translation included in the GP Transla-  
 3165 tion Table Update command is to be stored to the GPD Command Translation Table at the sink, in the  
 3166 entry number as specified by the *Index* field. Translation entry(s) for the same (GPD ID, GPD End-  
 3167 point, GPD CommandID, EndPoint, Profile, Cluster) quintuple stored in the sink’s Command Transla-  
 3168 tion Table under different *Index* value, if any, SHALL NOT be affected by this command. In the cur-  
 3169 rent version of the specification, the *Index* field SHALL always be set to 0xff upon transmission and  
 3170 ignored upon reception. If a sink implemented according to the current specification receives a Transla-  
 3171 tion Table Update command with Index NOT equal to 0xFF, it SHALL process it as if the *Index* was  
 3172 set to 0xFF. Thus, effectively, in the current version of the specification, GP Translation Table Update  
 3173 command with *Action* = 0b01 results in the sink replacing any number of translation entry(s) for the  
 3174 same (GPD ID, GPD Endpoint, GPD CommandID, EndPoint, Profile, Cluster) quintuple by the sup-  
 3175 plied number of entries.

If the *Action* sub-field of the *Options* field is set to 0b10, each translation in the GP Translation Table Update command, as defined by the *Index* value, SHALL be removed from the GPD Command Translation Table at the sink. The values of the remaining sub-fields of the Translation field are ignored. If the *Index* field is set to 0xff, all entries for the same (GPD ID, GPD Endpoint, GPD CommandID, EndPoint, Profile, Cluster) quintuple SHALL be removed; the remaining sub-fields of the *Translation* field SHALL then be ignored upon reception and can be set to any value upon transmission; the *Additional Information* field SHOULD NOT be included. In the current version of the specification, the *Index* field SHALL always be set to 0xff upon transmission and ignored upon reception. Thus, if a sink implemented according to the current specification receives a Translation Table Update command with Index NOT equal to 0xFF, it SHALL process it as if the *Index* was set to 0xFF.

The *Number of Translations* indicates how many Translation fields are included in the command. 0b000 indicates none.

The *Additional information block present* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that the *Additional information block* field is present; if set to 0b0, it indicates that the *Additional information block* field is absent.

If in the received GP Translation Table Update command, the *Contact bitmask* field of the *Additional Information* field for a GPD 8-bit vector: press or a GPD 8-bit vector: release command is set to 0x00 or the *EndPoint* field set to 0xfc, but the sink does not support GPD processing in the application, the sink SHOULD drop the frame and SHOULD respond to the originator with ZCL Default Response carrying Status = FAILURE.

The *GPD ID* field has the format of GPD *SrcID* /GPD *IEEE address*, depending on the value of the *ApplicationID* sub-field, and contains the identifier of the GPD for which the translations are being updated.

The *GPD Endpoint* field, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, is present and carries the identifier of the GPD endpoint on an IEEE-addressed GPD for which the translations are being updated.

The *Translation* field of the GP Translation Table Update command is formatted as illustrated in Figure 34 and Figure 35.

Octets	1	1	1	2	2
Data Type	unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 16-bit integer	unsigned 16-bit integer
Field Name	Index	GPD Command ID	EndPoint	Profile	Cluster

Figure 34 – Format of the Translation field of the GP Translation Table Update command (part 1)

1	1	0/Variable	0/Variable
unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer	sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer
Zigbee Command ID	Zigbee Command payload length	Zigbee Command payload	Additional information block

Figure 35 – Format of the Translation field of the GP Translation Table Update command (part 2)

3209 The *Index* field determines the Translation Table entry. The first entry has the *Index* value of 0. In the  
 3210 current version of the specification, the *Index* field SHALL always be set to 0xff upon transmission and  
 3211 ignored upon reception. Thus, if a sink implemented according to the current specification receives a  
 3212 Translation Table Update command with Index NOT equal to 0xFF, it SHALL process it as if the *Index*  
 3213 was set to 0xFF.

3214 The *EndPoint* field carries the endpoint for which this translation is valid. If it is set to any of the unres-  
 3215 served values (0x01-0xf0), the value can be used directly. If the *Endpoint* field is set to 0xff, the trans-  
 3216 lation applies to all matching endpoints. If the *Endpoint* field is set to 0xfe, the endpoints to which this  
 3217 translation applies are to be derived by the sink itself. If the *Endpoint* field is set to 0xfd, the list of  
 3218 endpoints to which this translation applies remains unmodified.

3219 If the *Cluster* field is set to 0xffff, the ClusterID from the triggering GPD command is to be used.

3220 The *Zigbee Command payload length* field indicates the length of the *Zigbee Command payload* field.  
 3221 If the *Zigbee Command payload length* field is set to 0x00, there is no payload. If the *Zigbee Command*  
 3222 *payload length* field is set to 0xff, the payload from the triggering GPD command is to be used. If the  
 3223 *Length* sub-field of the *Zigbee Command payload* field is set to 0xfe, the *Payload* sub-field is not pre-  
 3224 sent, and the payload from the triggering GPD command needs to be parsed. Otherwise, a fixed pay-  
 3225 load for the Zigbee command is provided, of the *Zigbee Command payload length*.

3226 The *Additional information block* field is formatted as illustrated in Figure 36.

Octets	1	Variable
Data Type	unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer
Field Name	Total length of additional information	Additional information

3227 **Figure 36 – Format of the Additional Information block field of the GP Translation Table Update command**

3228 The *Total length of additional information* field indicates the total octet length of the following *Additional*  
 3229 *information block* field.

3230 The *Additional information block* field is formatted as defined in sec. A.3.6.2.2.

#### 3231 **A.3.3.4.4.1 When generated**

3232 This command is generated to configure the GPD Command Translation Table.

3233

3234 Previous versions of this specification would not be capable of correctly processing Translation Table  
 3235 entries for GPD 8-bit vector press/release and GPD Compact Attribute Reporting commands, due to  
 3236 their inability to process the new *Additional information block* part. Before sending a GP Translation  
 3237 Table Update command adding translation table entries for a GPD 8-bit vector press/release or GPD  
 3238 Compact Attribute Reporting command, the remote node (e.g. a commissioning tool) SHOULD deter-  
 3239 mine if the sink can process those Translation Table extensions (e.g. by reading the *ClusterRevision*  
 3240 attribute of the sink; value of 0x0002 – as defined in the current specification – indicates these Transla-  
 3241 tion Table extensions are supported). If that is not the case, the remote node SHOULD NOT create  
 3242 translation table entries for the GPD 8-bit vector press/release or GPD Compact Attribute Reporting  
 3243 command.

#### 3244 **A.3.3.4.4.2 Effect on Receipt**

3245 On receipt of this command, a sink updates its GPD Command Translation Table.

### 3246 A.3.3.4.5 GP Translation Table Request command

3247 The GP Translation Table Request command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 37.

Octets	1
Data Type	unsigned 8-bit integer
Field Name	Start index

3248 **Figure 37 – Format of the GP Translation Table Request command**

3249 The *Start index* field is 8-bits in length and specifies the starting index into the GPD Command Trans-  
3250 lation Table from which to get device information. The first entry in the Translation Table has *Index*  
3251 value 0.

#### 3252 A.3.3.4.5.1 When Generated

3253 The GP Translation Table Request is generated to request information from the GPD Command Trans-  
3254 lation Table of remote device(s).

#### 3255 A.3.3.4.5.2 Effect on Receipt

3256 Upon receipt, the sink SHALL send a GP Translation Table Response command.

### 3258 A.3.3.4.6 GP Pairing Configuration command

3259 The GP Pairing Configuration command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 38, Figure 39  
 3260 and Figure 40.

Octets	1	2	4/8	0/1	1	0/Variable	0/2
Data Type	Unsigned 8-bit integer	16-bit bitmap	Unsigned 32-bit integer/IEEE address	Unsigned 8-bit integer	8-bit enumeration	sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer	Unsigned 16-bit integer
Field Name	Actions	Options	GPD ID	Endpoint	DeviceID	GroupList	GPD Assigned Alias

3261 **Figure 38 – Format of the GP Pairing Configuration command (part 1)**

1	0/1	0/4	0/16	1	0/Variable
Unsigned 8-bit integer	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Security Key	Unsigned 8-bit integer	sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer
Groupcast Radius	Security Options	GPD security frame counter	GPD security Key	Number of paired endpoints	Paired endpoints

3262 **Figure 39 – Format of the GP Pairing Configuration command (part 2)**

0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/Variable	0/Variable	0/Variable
8-bit bitmap	16-bit enumeration	16-bit enumeration	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer
Application information	ManufacturerID	ModelID	Number of GPD commands	GPD Command-DID list	Cluster List	Switch information

3263 **Figure 40 – Format of the GP Pairing Configuration command (part 3)**

0/1	0/1	Variable	...	Variable
Unsigned 8-bit integer	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer	...	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer
Total number of reports	Number of reports	Report descriptor M	...	Report descriptor N

3264 **Figure 41 – Format of the GP Pairing Configuration command (part 4)**

3265

### 3266 A.3.3.4.6.1 Actions field

3267 The *Actions* field is formatted as shown in Figure 42.

Bits: 0-2	3	4-7
Action	Send GP Pairing	Reserved

3268 **Figure 42 – Format of the *Actions* field of the GP Pairing Configuration command**

3269 The *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field can take the values as defined in  
 3270 Table 34.

3271

**Table 34 – Values of the Action sub-field of the Actions field**

<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
0b000	No action.
0b001	Extend Sink Table entry.
0b010	Replace Sink Table entry.
0b011	Remove a pairing.
0b100	Remove GPD.
0b101	Application description
0b110-0b111	Reserved

3272

The *Send GP Pairing* sub-field, if set to 0b1 indicates that the receiving sink is requested to send GP Pairing command upon completing the handling of GP Pairing Configuration. If set to 0b0, it indicates that the receiving sink SHALL NOT send GP Pairing command upon completing the handling of the GP Pairing Configuration command. When the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field is set to 0b101, the *Send GP Pairing* sub-field of the *Actions* field SHALL be set to 0b0.

3278

### A.3.3.4.6.2 Options field

3279

The *Options* parameter has the format as shown in Figure 43 and Figure 44.

<b>Bits: 0..2</b>	<b>3..4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	
ApplicationID	Communication mode	Sequence number capabilities	RxOnCapability	FixedLocation	

3280

**Figure 43 – Format of the Options parameter of the GP Pairing Configuration command (part 1)**

<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>11..15</b>
AssignedAlias	Security use	Application information present	Reserved

3281

**Figure 44 – Format of the Options parameter of the GP Pairing Configuration command (part 2)**

The *ApplicationID* sub-field contains the information about the application used by the GPD. *ApplicationID* = 0b000 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 4B and contains the GPD SrcID; the *Endpoint* field is absent. *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 8B and contains the GPD IEEE address; the *Endpoint* field is present. All values of *ApplicationID* other than 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of the Green Power cluster specification.

3287

The *CommunicationMode* sub-field contains the information about the accepted tunneling mode for this GPD. It can take the values as defined in Table 27.

3289

The *Sequence number capabilities* sub-field contains the information on the sequence number capabilities of this GPD. It takes the values as defined in sec. A.4.2.1.1.2.

3291

The *RxOnCapability* sub-field contains the information about reception capability on this GPD.

3292

The *FixedLocation* sub-field contains information if the location of this GPD is expected to change.

3293

The *AssignedAlias* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that the assigned alias as stored in the *GPD Assigned Alias* field SHALL be used instead of the alias derived from the GPD ID (sec. A.3.6.3.3) in case of derived groupcast or full unicast communication. If set to 0b0, the derived alias is used (sec. A.3.6.3.3) for those communication modes.

3297

The *Security use* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that security-related fields are present.

3298 The *Application information present* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that the *Application information*  
 3299 field is present.

#### 3300 **A.3.3.4.6.3 Remaining fields**

3301 All the fields *GPDID*, *Endpoint*, *DeviceID*, *GroupList*, *GPD Assigned Alias*, *Groupcast Radius*, *Secu-*  
 3302 *rity Options*, *GPD security frame counter*, and *GPD security Key* are formatted as the over-the-air rep-  
 3303 resentation of a Sink Table entry (see sec. A.3.3.2.2).

3304 The *Number of paired endpoints* field indicates the number of endpoints listed in the *Paired endpoints*  
 3305 field. If the *Number of paired endpoints* field is set to 0x00 or 0xfd, there are no paired endpoints and  
 3306 the *Paired endpoints* field is not present. If the *Number of paired endpoints* field is set to 0xff, all  
 3307 matching endpoints are to be paired and the *Paired endpoints* field is not present. If the *Number of*  
 3308 *paired endpoints* field is set to 0xfe, there paired endpoints are to be derived by the sink itself and the  
 3309 *Paired endpoints* field is not present.

3310 If the *Number of paired endpoints* field has values other than 0x00, 0xfd, 0xff and 0xfe, the *Paired*  
 3311 *endpoints* field is present and contains the list of local endpoints paired to this GPD.

#### 3312 **A.3.3.4.6.4 Application information**

3313 The fields *Application Information*, *ManufacturerID*, *ModelID*, *Number of GPD commands*, *GPD*  
 3314 *CommandID list*, *Cluster list* and *Switch information* SHALL be formatted as defined in sections  
 3315 A.4.2.1.1.4 -A.4.2.1.1.10.

#### 3316 **A.3.3.4.6.5 Report description**

3317 The fields *Total number of reports*, *Number of reports*, and *Report descriptors* SHALL be formatted as  
 3318 defined in section A.4.2.1.6.

3319 They SHALL only be present if the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field is set to 0b101; also the fields  
 3320 *Actions*, *Options*, *GPD ID*, in case of *ApplicationID* = 0b010 the *Endpoint* field, *DeviceID*, *Groupcast*  
 3321 *Radius*, and the *Number of paired endpoints* field SHALL be present.

3322 The other fields: *GroupList*, *GPD Assigned Alias*, *Security Options*, *GPD security frame counter*, *GPD*  
 3323 *security Key*, *Application Information*, *ManufacturerID*, *ModelID*, *Number of GPD commands*, *GPD*  
 3324 *CommandID list*, *Cluster list* and *Switch information* SHALL be absent.

#### 3325 **A.3.3.4.6.6 When Generated**

3326 The command is generated to configure the Sink Table of a sink, to create/update/replace/remove a  
 3327 pairing to a GPD and/or trigger the sending of GP Pairing command.

3328 In the current version of the specification, a device SHALL only send GP Pairing Configuration com-  
 3329 mand with the *Number of paired endpoints* field set to 0xfe, if the *CommunicationMode* is equal to Pre-  
 3330 Commissioned Groupcast.

#### 3331 **A.3.3.4.6.7 Effect on Receipt**

3332 On receipt of this command, the receiver is informed about the request to modify its Sink Table.

3333 If the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field is set to 0b000, only the following fields of the GP Pairing  
 3334 Configuration command are of importance to the receiving sink: *Send GP Pairing* sub-field, and if  
 3335 *Send GP Pairing* sub-field is set to 0b1, the *GPD ID* and if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, the *Endpoint* field.  
 3336 The other fields of the GP Pairing Configuration command: *Options*, *DeviceID*, *Pre-commissioned*  
 3337 *GroupID*, *GPD Assigned Alias*, *Groupcast Radius*, *Security Options*, *GPD security frame counter*,  
 3338 *GPD security Key*, *Number of paired endpoints*, *Paired endpoints*, the *Application Information* fields,  
 3339 the *Switch information* and *Additional information block* fields, if present, are ignored.

If the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field is set to 0b100, only the *GPD ID* field and *Endpoint* field, if present, of the GP Pairing Configuration command is of importance to the receiving sink. The other fields of the GP Pairing Configuration command: *Options*, *DeviceID*, *GroupList*, *GPD Assigned Alias*, *Groupcast Radius*, *Security Options*, *GPD security frame counter*, *GPD security Key*, *Number of paired endpoints*, *Paired endpoints*, the *Application Information* fields, the *Switch information* and *Additional information block* fields, if present, are ignored.

If the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field is set to a 0b011, the following fields of the received GP Pairing Configuration command are of importance: *GPD ID* field and *Endpoint* field, if present, *CommunicationMode* sub-field of the *Options* field, the *GroupList*, if present, *Number of paired endpoints*, *Paired endpoints*, if present, the *Application Information* fields, the *Switch information* and *Additional information block* fields, if present. The other fields of the received GP Pairing Configuration command: *DeviceID*, *GPD Assigned Alias*, *Groupcast Radius*, *Security Options*, *GPD security frame counter*, and *GPD security Key*, if present, are ignored.

If the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field is set to 0b001 or 0b010, all supplied fields of the received GP Pairing Configuration command are of importance.

If the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field is set to 0b101, the following supplied fields of the received GP Pairing Configuration command are of importance: *GPD ID* field and *Endpoint* field, if present, *Number of paired endpoints* and *Paired endpoints*, if present, thus SHALL be set to correct values upon transmission. The unconditionally present fields *DeviceID* and *Groupcast Radius* SHALL be ignored upon reception and can be set to any value upon transmission. All the sub-fields of the *Options* field with the exception of the *ApplicationID* sub-field and the *Application Information present* sub-field SHALL be ignored upon reception and can be set to any value upon transmission. The *Application Information present* sub-field MAY be set to 0b1; then, the *Application Information* field SHALL be present; its *GPD Application Description command follows* sub-field SHALL be set to 0b0 even if there are further GP Pairing Configuration commands with *Action*=0b101 to be sent, since the presence of further GP Pairing Configuration commands with *Action*=0b101 can be derived from the value of the fields *Total number of reports* and *Number of reports*.

The sink SHALL process the individual GP Pairing Configuration commands upon reception, even if not all report descriptors have been received. The sink SHALL be capable of receiving the GP Pairing Configuration command with *Action* = 0b101, i.e. carrying the *Report descriptor* information, out of order and in duplicate.

Table 35 summarizes the rules for including the various fields in the GP Pairing Configuration command.

The leftmost column after the field column recapitulates the general rules for inclusion of the particular fields, using the following notation:

- 3376 • U (unconditional): the field is unconditionally present;
  - 3377   ▪ upon transmission: the field SHALL be present;
  - 3378   ▪ upon reception:
    - 3379     – if the field is NOT present: the frame is malformed and SHALL be dropped without further processing.
- 3381 • C (conditional):
  - 3382   ▪ upon transmission: the field MAY be present, depending on the flag settings in the *Options*, *Security Options* or *Application Information* fields;
  - 3384   ▪ upon reception:
    - 3385     – if the field is NOT present while its presence is indicated by the relevant flags: the frame is malformed and SHALL be dropped without further processing.

3387 The remaining columns indicate the rules for inclusion of the particular fields depending on the value  
3388 of the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field, using the following notation:

3389 • M (mandatory):

- 3390   ▪ upon transmission: the frame SHALL be processed further;

- 3391   ▪ upon reception:

- 3392     – if field present: its value SHALL be used;

- 3393     – if the field is NOT present: the frame is malformed and SHALL be dropped without further  
3394       processing;

3395 • O (optional):

- 3396   ▪ upon transmission: the field MAY be present ( the flag settings in the *Options*, *Security Options*  
3397       or *Application Information* fields need to be set accordingly);

- 3398   ▪ upon reception:

- 3399     – if field present (as indicated by the relevant flags): the frame SHALL be processed further;

- 3400     – if the field is NOT present while its presence is indicated by the relevant flags): the frame is  
3401       malformed and SHALL be dropped without further processing;

3402 • X (forbidden):

- 3403   ▪ upon transmission: the field SHALL NOT be present;

- 3404   ▪ upon reception:

- 3405     – if field NOT present: the frame SHALL be processed further;

- 3406     – if the field is present: the frame is malformed and SHALL be dropped without further  
3407       processing.

3408 In addition, the following notation is used to indicate the fields usage, if present:

3409 • I (ignorable):

- 3410   ▪ upon transmission: the field MAY be present ( the flag settings in the *Options*, *Security Options*  
3411       or *Application Information* fields need to be set accordingly);

- 3412   ▪ upon reception: the field is ignored;

3413 if that notation is not used for a particular field, then the value of this field, if present, SHALL be used  
3414 upon reception.

**Table 35 – Presence of fields of GP Pairing Configuration commands for different values of the *Action* sub-field**

Field of the GP Pairing Configuration command	General rules	Value of the <i>Action</i> sub-field of the <i>Actions</i> field of the GP Pairing Configuration command					
		0b000	0b001	0b010	0b011	0b100	0b101
Actions	U	M	M	M	M	M	M
Options	U	M	M	M	M	M	M
GPD ID	U	M	M	M	M	M	M
Endpoint	C	O	O	O	O	O	O
DeviceID	U	M : I	M	M	M : I	M : I	M : I
GroupList	C	O : I	O	O	O	O : I	X
GPD Assigned Alias	C	O : I	O	O	O : I	O : I	X
Groupcast Radius	U	M : I	M	M	M : I	M : I	M : I
Security Options	C	O : I	O	O	O : I	O : I	X
GPD security frame counter	C	O : I	O	O	O : I	O : I	X
GPD security key	C	O : I	O	O	O : I	O : I	X
Number of paired endpoints	U	M : I	M	M	M	O : I	M
Paired endpoints	C	O : I	O	O	O	O : I	O
Application information	C	O : I	O	O	O	O : I	O
ManufacturerID	C	O : I	O	O	O	O : I	X
ModelID	C	O : I	O	O	O	O : I	X
Number of GPD commands	C	O : I	O	O	O	O : I	X
GPD CommandID list	C	O : I	O	O	O	O : I	X
Cluster List	C	O : I	O	O	O	O : I	X
Switch information	C	O : I	O	O	O	O : I	X
Total number of reports	C	O : I	O	O	O	O : I	M
Number of reports	C	O : I	O	O	O	O : I	M
Report descriptor(s)	C	O : I	O	O	O	O : I	M

### A.3.3.4.7 GP Sink Table Request command

The payload of the GP Sink Table Request command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 45.

Octets	1	0/4/8	0/1	0/1
Data Type	8-bit bitmap	unsigned 32-bit integer/IEEE address	Unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer
Field Name	Options	GPD ID	Endpoint	Index

Figure 45 – Format of the GP Sink Table Request command

The *Options* field of the GP Sink Table Request command is formatted as shown in Figure 46.

Bits: 0..2	3..4	5..7
ApplicationID	Request type	Reserved

Figure 46 – Format of the Options field of the GP Sink Table Request command

The *ApplicationID* sub-field contains the information about the application used by the GPD. *ApplicationID* = 0b000 indicates the *GPD ID* field, if present as indicated by the *Request type* sub-field of the *Options* field, has the length of 4B and contains the GPD SrcID; the *Endpoint* field is absent. *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the *GPD ID*, if present as indicated by the *Request type* sub-field of the *Options* field, field has the length of 8B and contains the GPD IEEE address; the *Endpoint* field is present if the IEEE address is present. All values of *ApplicationID* other than 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of the Green Power cluster specification.

The *Request type* sub-field specifies how table entries are requested. It SHALL take one of the non-reserved the values defined in Table 36.

Table 36 – Values of the Request type sub-field of the Options field of the GP Sink Table Request command

Value	Description
0b00	Request table entries by GPD ID
0b01	Request table entries by Index
0b10 – 0b11	Reserved

If set to 0b00, it indicates that the *GPD ID* field, and *Endpoint* field, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, is present and carries the GPD ID for which the Sink Table entry is requested; the *Index* field is absent. If set to 0b01, it indicates that the *Index* field is present and carries the starting index for the Sink Table entry request; the *GPD ID* field and the *Endpoint* field are absent. The *GPD ID* field carries the value of the *GPD ID*, either GPD SrcID or GPD IEEE address, depending on the value of the *ApplicationID*, for which the Sink Table entry is requested. The *Endpoint* field carries the value of the GPD endpoint for which the Sink Table entry is requested. The *Index* field carries the index value of the Sink Table entry is requested. The index enumeration includes only non-empty Sink Table entries. It starts with 0x00; 0xff indicates unspecified.

#### A.3.3.4.7.1 When generated

The GP Sink Table Request command is generated to read out selected Sink Table entry(s), by index or by GPD ID (and Endpoint if *ApplicationID* = 0b010).

If the sender of the command wishes to avoid receiving many responses, esp. from the nodes not supporting this functionality, it SHALL set the *Disable default response* sub-field of the *Frame Control* field of the ZCL header of the GP Sink Table Request command, as specified in sec. 2.3.1.1.4 of [3].

#### A.3.3.4.7.2 Effect on receipt

On receipt of this command, the device is informed about a request for selected Sink Table entries.

#### A.3.3.4.8 GP Sink Commissioning Mode command

The payload of the GP Sink Commissioning Mode command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 47.

Octets	1	2	2	1
Data Type	8-bit bitmap	16-bit unsigned integer	16-bit unsigned integer	8-bit unsigned integer
Field Name	Options	GPM address for security	GPM address for pairing	Sink Endpoint

Figure 47 – Format of the GP Sink Commissioning Mode command

The *Options* field of the GP Sink Commissioning Mode command is formatted as shown in Figure 48.

Bits: 0	1	2	3	4..7
Action	Involve GPM in security	Involve GPM in pairing	Involve proxies	Reserved

Figure 48 – Format of the Options field of the GP Sink Commissioning Mode command

The *Action* field indicates the operation to be performed by the sink on reception. If set to 0b1, the sink is requested to enter commissioning mode. If set to 0b0, the sink is requested to exit commissioning mode.

The *Involve GPM in security* sub-field indicates how the security check during the commissioning action being enabled is to be performed. If the *Involve GPM in security* sub-field is set to 0b0, the receiving sink is requested to perform security matching itself; the *GPM address for security* is ignored. If the *Action* field is set to 0b0, the *Involve GPM in security* sub-field is ignored. In the current version of the specification, the *Involve GPM in security* sub-field SHALL be set to 0b0.

The *Involve GPM in pairing* sub-field indicates how the application functionality matching during the commissioning action being enabled is to be performed. If the *Involve GPM in pairing* sub-field is set to 0b0, the receiving sink is requested to perform application functionality matching (see sec. A.3.6.2.1) itself; the *GPM address for pairing* is ignored. If the *Action* field is set to 0b0, the *Involve GPM in pairing* sub-field is ignored. In the current version of the specification, the *Involve GPM in pairing* sub-field SHALL be set to 0b0.

The *Involve proxies* sub-field indicates if proxies SHALL be involved in the commissioning action being enabled. If set to 0b1, the sink is requested, upon entering or exiting the commissioning mode, as specified by the *Action* sub-field of the *Options* field of the received GP Sink Commissioning Mode command, to send the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command with the same *Action* sub-field value.

The *GPM address for security* field SHALL be set to 0xffff in the current version of the specification.

The *GPM address for pairing* field SHALL be set to 0xffff in the current version of the specification.

The *Sink Endpoint* field indicates for which application endpoint the Green Power commissioning is requested to be enabled. The value of 0xff indicates all active endpoints.

### 3480 **A.3.3.4.8.1 When generated**

3481 The GP Sink Commissioning Mode command is generated by a remote device, e.g. a Commissioning  
3482 Tool, to request a sink to perform a commissioning action in a particular way.

### 3483 **A.3.3.4.8.2 Effect on receipt**

3484 On receipt of this command, the device is informed about a request for a particular commissioning ac-  
3485 tion.

3486 If the sink does not implement the endpoint indicated by the *Sink Endpoint* field, it SHALL NOT enter  
3487 the commissioning mode. It SHALL then send a ZCL default response with the Status NOT\_FOUND  
3488 (for the values of the Status codes see [3]).

3489 If the sink not supporting Multi-hop commissioning receives GP Sink Commissioning Mode with *In-  
3490 volveProxies* = 0b1, it SHALL enter the commissioning mode it supports, incl. proximity commission-  
3491 ing; it SHALL NOT send the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command.

3492 If the sink not supporting proximity commissioning receives GP Sink Commissioning Mode with *In-  
3493 volveProxies* = 0b0, it SHALL enter the commissioning mode it supports, incl. Multi-hop commission-  
3494 ing; it SHALL NOT send the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command.

3495 If the fields *GPM address for security* or *GPM address for pairing* carry value other than 0xffff or any  
3496 of *Involve GPM in security* or *Involve GPM in pairing* sub-fields of the *Options* field is set, a sink im-  
3497 plemented according to the current specification it SHALL NOT enter the commissioning mode. It  
3498 SHALL then send a ZCL default response with the *Status INVALID\_VALUE* or *INVALID\_FIELD*; it  
3499 is recommended that *INVALID\_FIELD* value is returned (see [3]).

3500 If the sender of the command wishes to avoid receiving many responses, esp. from the nodes not sup-  
3501 porting this functionality, it SHALL set the *Disable default response* sub-field of the *Frame Control*  
3502 field of the ZCL header of the GP Sink Commissioning Mode command, as specified in sec. 2.3.1.1.4  
3503 of [3].

3504 After entering the commissioning mode upon reception of GP Sink Commissioning Mode command  
3505 with *Action* = Enter, the sink SHALL exit the commissioning mode either by the default exit condition,  
3506 as specified in the *gpsCommissioningExitMode* attribute, or upon reception of GP Sink Comission-  
3507 ing Mode command with *Action* = Exit.

3508

### A.3.3.5 Commands generated

Whether the support of particular command is mandatory or optional is dependent on the GP infrastructure device type and the functionality it supports, and specified in Table 23.

**Table 37 – Green Power cluster: server side: commands generated**

Command Value	Command Name	Command Description	Link
0x00	GP Notification Response	From sink to a proxy to acknowledge GP Notification received in full unicast mode.	A.3.3.5.1
0x01	GP Pairing	From sink to the entire network to (de)register for tunneling service, or for removing GPD from the network	A.3.3.5.2
0x02	GP Proxy Commissioning Mode	From sink to proxies in the whole network to indicate commissioning mode	A.3.3.5.3
0x03-0x05	Reserved		
0x06	GP Response	From sink to selected proxies, to provide data to be transmitted to Rx-capable GPD	A.3.3.5.4
0x07	Reserved		
0x08	GP Translation Table Response	To provide GPD Command Translation Table content	A.3.3.5.5
0x09	Reserved		
0x0a	GP Sink Table Response	To send selected Sink Table entries	A.3.3.5.6
0x0b	GP Proxy Table Request	To requested selected Proxy Table entries	A.3.4.3.1
0x0c – 0xff	Reserved		

#### A.3.3.5.1 GP Notification Response command

The payload of the GP Notification Response command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 49.

Octets	1	4/8	0/1	4
Data Type	8-bit bitmap	unsigned 32-bit integer/IEEE address	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Unsigned 32-bit integer
Field Name	Options	GPD ID	Endpoint	GPD security frame counter

**Figure 49 – Format of the GP Notification Response command**

The *Options* field SHALL be formatted as shown in Figure 50.

Bits: 0..2	3	4	5..7
ApplicationID	FirstToForward	NoPairing	Reserved

**Figure 50 – Format of the Options field of the GP Notification Response command**

The *ApplicationID* sub-field contains the information about the application used by the GPD. *ApplicationID* = 0b000 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 4B and contains the GPD SrcID; the *Endpoint* field is absent. *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 8B and contains the GPD IEEE address; the *Endpoint* field is present. All values of *ApplicationID* other than 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of the Green Power cluster specification.

3526 The *FirstToForward* sub-field indicates if the GP Notification from this proxy was the first for this  
 3527 GPDF. If set to 0b1, the proxy's GP Notification reached the sink as first for this GPD and Frame  
 3528 Counter value. If set to 0b0, it was a duplicate.

3529 The *NoPairing* sub-field, when set to 0b1, indicates that the sink has no pairing with this GPD ID (and  
 3530 *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010).

3531 The *GPD security frame counter* is copied from the GP Notification.

### 3532 **A.3.3.5.1.1 When generated**

3533 This command is generated when the sink acknowledges the reception of full unicast GP Notification  
 3534 command.

3535 The GP Notification Response command is sent in unicast to the originating proxy.

### 3536 **A.3.3.5.1.2 Effect on Receipt**

3537 On receipt of the GP Notification Response command, a proxy is informed about sink having received  
 3538 a full unicast GP Notification.

### 3539 **A.3.3.5.2 GP Pairing command**

3540 The payload of the GP Pairing command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 51 and Figure  
 3541 52.

Octets	3	4/8	0/1	0/8	0/2	0/2
Data Type	24-bit bitmap	unsigned 32-bit integer/IEEE address	Unsigned 8-bit integer	IEEE address	unsigned 16-bit integer	unsigned 16-bit integer
Field Name	Options	GPD ID	Endpoint	Sink IEEE address	Sink NWK address	Sink GroupID

3542 **Figure 51 – Format of the GP Pairing command (part 1)**

0/1	0/4	0/16	0/2	0/1
8-bit enumeration	unsigned 32-bit integer	Security key	unsigned 16-bit integer	Unsigned 8-bit integer
DeviceID	GPD security Frame Counter	GPD key	Assigned alias	Groupcast Radius

3543 **Figure 52 – Format of the GP Pairing command (part 2)**

3544 The *Options* field of the GP Pairing command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 53 and Fig-  
 3545 ure 54.

Bits: 0..2	3	4	5..6	7	8	9..10
ApplicationID	AddSink	RemoveGPD	CommunicationMode	GPD Fixed	GPD MAC sequence number capabilities	SecurityLevel

3546 **Figure 53 – Format of the Options field of the GP Pairing command (part 1)**

11..13	14	15	16	17	18..23
SecurityKey-Type	GPD security Frame Counter present	GPDsecurityKeyPresent	Assigned Alias present	Groupcast Radius present	Reserved

3547 **Figure 54 – Format of the Options field of the GP Pairing command (part 2)**

3548 The *ApplicationID* sub-field contains the information about the application used by the GPD. *ApplicationID* = 0b000 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 4B and contains the GPD SrcID; the *Endpoint* field is absent. *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 8B and contains the GPD IEEE address; the *Endpoint* field is present. All values of *ApplicationID* other than 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of the Green Power cluster specification.

3553  
3554 The *AddSink* sub-field of the *Options* field indicates, whether the GP sink wishes to add or remove a pairing for the GPD identified by the *GPD ID*. If set to 0b1 the pairing is being added. If set to 0b0 the pairing is being removed; then, the following fields are not present: *DeviceID*, *GPD security Frame Counter*, *GPD key*, *AssignedAlias*, and *Groupcast Radius*.

3558  
3559 The *RemoveGPD* sub-field of the *Options* field, if set to 0b1, indicates that the GPD identified by the *GPD ID* is being removed from the network. Then, none of the optional fields is present.

3561 The *CommunicationMode* sub-field defines the communication mode requested by the sink, and can take values as defined in Table 27.

3563 The *GPDfixed* sub-field and *GPD MAC sequence number capabilities* sub-field is copied from the corresponding *FixedLocation* and *Sequence number capabilities* sub-fields of the *Options* parameter of the Sink Table for this GPD.

3566 The *SecurityLevel* and *SecurityKeyType* SHALL carry the values of the corresponding parameters in Sink Table entry for this GPD.

3568  
3569 The sub-fields *GPDsecurityFrameCounterPresent* and *GPDsecurityKeyPresent*, if set to 0b1, indicate the presence of the fields *GPDsecurityFrameCounter* and *GPDsecurityKey*, respectively, which then carry the corresponding values from the Sink Table for this GPD. When the sub-fields *GPDsecurityFrameCounterPresent* and *GPDsecurityKeyPresent* are set to 0b0, the fields *GPDsecurityFrameCounter* and *GPDsecurityKey*, respectively, are not present.

3574 If the *SecurityLevel* is 0b00 and the *GPD MAC sequence number capabilities* sub-field is set to 0b0, the *GPDsecurityFrameCounter* field SHALL NOT be present, the *GPDsecurityFrameCounterPresent* sub-field of the *Options* field SHALL be set to 0b0.

3577 The *GPDsecurityFrameCounter* field SHALL be present and the *GPDsecurityFrameCounterPresent* sub-field of the *Options* field SHALL be set to 0b1 whenever the *AddSink* sub-field of the *Options* field is set to 0b1 and one of the following cases applies:

- 3580 • if the *SecurityLevel* sub-field is set to 0b10 or 0b11 or;  
3581 • if the *SecurityLevel* is 0b00 and the *GPD MAC sequence number capabilities* sub-field is set to 0b1.

3582  
3583 The *GPDsecurityFrameCounter* field then carries the current value of the *GPD security frame counter* field from the Sink Table entry corresponding to the *GPD ID*.

3585 If the *SecurityLevel* is 0b00 and the *GPD MAC sequence number capabilities* sub-field is set to 0b0, the *GPDsecurityFrameCounter* SHALL NOT be present, the *GPDsecurityFrameCounterPresent* sub-field of the *Options* field SHALL be set to 0b0.

3588  
3589 The *AssignedAlias* present sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that the *AssignedAlias* field is present and carries the Alias value to be used for this GPD instead of the derived alias.

3592 The *Groupcast Radius present* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that the *Groupcast Radius* field is pre-  
 3593 sent and carries the *Groupcast Radius* value to be used as value of the radius in the groupcast forward-  
 3594 ing of the GPDF packet. If the *Groupcast Radius* field is not present, and a new Proxy Table entry is to  
 3595 be created, the default value of 0x00 SHALL be used. The value 0x00 indicates unspecified, i.e. twice  
 3596 the value of the nwkMaxDepth attribute of the NIB, as specified by [1].

3597

3598 The *GPD ID* field carries the value of the GPD identifier, either GPD SrcID or GPD IEEE address of  
 3599 the GPD for which the pairing is being managed.

3600 The *Endpoint* field carries the value of the GPD endpoint for which the pairing is being managed.

3601

3602 The presence of the addressing fields (*SinkIEEEaddress*, *SinkNWKaddress*, and *SinkGroupID*) is indi-  
 3603 cated by the sub-fields *RemoveGPD* and the *CommunicationMode* of the *Options* field, as shown in  
 3604 Table 38 below. Any of the fields can only be present, if the *RemoveGPD* sub-field is set to 0b0. The  
 3605 fields *SinkIEEEaddress* and *SinkNWKaddress* are only present if full or lightweight unicast communi-  
 3606 cation mode is requested. The *SinkGroupID* field is only present, if one of the groupcast communica-  
 3607 tion modes is requested.

3608

**Table 38 – Presence of the addressing fields in the GP Pairing command**

RemoveGPD value	CommunicationMode value	SinkIEEEaddress and SinkNWKaddress present	SinkGroupID present
0b1	Any	X	X
0b0	0b00 or 0b11	M	X
0b0	0b01	X	M
0b0	0b10	X	M

3609 The *SinkIEEEaddress* and *SinkNWKaddress*, if present, carry the IEEE address and the NWK address,  
 3610 respectively, of the sink originating the GP Pairing command.

3611 The *SinkGroupID* field, if present, carries the GroupID the sink originating the GP Pairing command is  
 3612 member of.

3613

3614 If the sender of the command wishes to avoid receiving many responses, especially from the nodes not  
 3615 supporting this functionality, it SHALL set the *Disable default response* sub-field of the *Frame Control*  
 3616 field of the ZCL header of the GP Pairing command, as specified in sec. 2.3.1.1.4 of [3].

### A.3.3.5.2.1 When generated

3618 The GP Pairing command is generated by the sink to manage pairing information.

3619 The GP Pairing command is typically sent using network-wide broadcast.

3620 If the *CommunicationMode* sub-field is set to 0b11, GP Pairing command MAY be sent in unicast to  
 3621 the selected proxy.

### A.3.3.5.2.2 Effect on Receipt

3622 On receipt of this command, a device is informed about pairing update (creation or deletion).

### A.3.3.5.3 GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command

The payload of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command SHALL be formatted as shown in Figure 55.

Octets	1	0/2	0/1
Data Type	8-bit bitmap	Unsigned 16-bit integer	Unsigned 8-bit integer
Field Name	Options	CommissioningWindow	Channel

Figure 55 – Format of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command

The *Options* field SHALL be formatted as shown in Figure 56.

Bits: 0	1	2-3	4	5	6-7
Action	CommissioningWindow present	Exit mode	Channel present	Unicast communication	Reserved

Figure 56 – Format of the Options field of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command

The *Action* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates a request to enter commissioning mode. If set to 0b0, it indicates a request to exit commissioning mode.

The *CommissioningWindow present* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that the *CommissioningWindow* field is present. If set to 0b0, the *CommissioningWindow* field is absent.

The *Exit mode* sub-field SHALL be formatted as shown in Figure 57. When the *Action* sub-field is set to 0b1, the *Exit mode* sub-field carries the value of the *gpsCommissioningExitMode* attribute (see A.3.3.2.5). When the *Action* sub-field is set to 0b0, the value of the *Exit mode* sub-field is ignored.

Bits: 0	1
On first Pairing success	On GP Proxy Commissioning Mode (exit)

Figure 57 – Format of the Exit mode sub-field of the Options field of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command

The *Channel present* sub-field of the *Options* field, if set to 0b0, indicates that the devices SHOULD go to (or stay on) the operational channel. If set to 0b1, it indicates that the *Channel* field is present, which carries the identifier of the channel the devices SHOULD switch to on reception (e.g. 0x0b for channel 11). The value 0xff indicates unspecified.

In the current version of the GP specification, the *Channel present* sub-field SHALL always be set to 0b0 and the *Channel* field SHALL NOT be present.

The *Unicast communication* sub-field of the *Options* field, if set to 0b0, indicates that the receiving proxies SHALL send the GP Commissioning Notification commands in broadcast. If set to 0b1, it indicates that the receiving proxies SHALL send the GP Commissioning Notification commands in unicast to the originator of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command. When the *Action* sub-field is set to 0b0, the value of the *Unicast communication* sub-field is ignored.

The *CommissioningWindow* field SHALL be present, if the *CommissioningWindow present* sub-field of the *Options* field is set to 0b1. It carries the value of *gpsCommissioningWindow* attribute (see A.3.3.2.5), which overrides - for this particular commissioning operation - the default *gppCommissioningWindow* value (see A.3.6.3.2) of the receiving proxy.

3656 If the sender of the command wishes to avoid receiving many responses, especially from the nodes not  
3657 supporting this functionality, it SHALL set the *Disable default response* sub-field of the *Frame Control*  
3658 field of the ZCL header of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command, as specified in sec. 2.3.1.1.4  
3659 of [3].

3660 **A.3.3.5.3.1 When generated**

3661 This command is generated when the sink wishes to instruct the proxies to enter/exit commissioning  
3662 mode. The GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command is typically sent using network-wide broadcast.

3663 **A.3.3.5.3.2 Effect on Receipt**

3664 On receipt of this command, a device is instructed about requested commissioning actions.

3665

### A.3.3.5.4 GP Response command

The payload of the GP Response command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 58.

Octets	1	2	1	4/8	0/1	1	Variable
Data Type	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Unsigned 16-bit integer	8-bit bitmap	Unsigned 32-bit integer/IEEE address	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Octet string
Field Name	Options	SelectedSender short address	SelectedSender Tx channel	GPD ID	Endpoint	GPD CommandID	GPD Command payload

Figure 58 – Format of the GP Response command

The *Options* SHALL be formatted as shown in Figure 60.

Bits: 0..2	3	4..7
ApplicationID	Transmit on endpoint match	Reserved

Figure 59 – Format of the Options field of the GP Response command

The *ApplicationID* sub-field contains the information about the application used by the GPD. *ApplicationID* = 0b000 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 4B and contains the GPD SrcID; the *Endpoint* field is absent. *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 8B and contains the GPD IEEE address; the *Endpoint* field is present. All values of *ApplicationID* other than 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of the Green Power cluster specification.

The *Transmit on endpoint match* sub-field indicates how the sender of the GP Response command intends for the GPD command to be transmitted by the SelectedSender. If *ApplicationID* = 0b010, and the *Transmit on endpoint match* = 0b1, the SelectedSender is requested to deliver the frame when the GPD IEEE address and the *Endpoint* field of the received GPDF with *RxAfterTx* match exactly the values supplied in the GP Response. If *ApplicationID* = 0b010, and the *Transmit on endpoint match* = 0b0, the SelectedSender is requested to deliver the frame when the GPD IEEE address of the received GPDF with *RxAfterTx* matches the values supplied in the GP Response; the value of the *Endpoint* field is ignored. If the *ApplicationID* = 0b000, this sub-field is ignored.

The *SelectedSender short address* field indicates the address of the proxy which will transmit the response GPDF to the GPD.

The *SelectedSender Tx Channel* field indicates the channel the Response GPDF will be sent on. It SHALL be formatted as shown in Figure 60.

Bits: 0-3	4-7
Transmit channel	Reserved

Figure 60 – Format of the SelectedSender Tx Channel field of the GP Response command

The *Transmit channel* sub-field of the *SelectedSender Tx Channel* field can take the following values: 0b0000: channel 11, 0b0001: channel 12, ..., 0b1111: channel 26.

The *GPD ID* field carries the identifier of the GPD for which the GPDF frame is intended. If the GPD command is to be sent with the Maintenance Frame Type, the *ApplicationID* sub-field of the *Options* field SHALL be set to 0b000 and the *GPD ID* SHALL carry the value 0x00000000.

The fields *GPD CommandID* and *GPD Command payload* carry the input for the GPDF.

The *GPD Command Payload* field is an octet string. The first octet contains the payload length; the following octets – the value for the GPDF *Command payload* field. The value of 0xff indicates unspecified/no payload; 0x00 indicates no payload.

### 3699 A.3.3.5.4.1 When generated

3700 This command is generated when sink requests to send any information to a specific GPD with Rx ca-  
3701 pability.

### 3702 A.3.3.5.4.2 Effect on Receipt

3703 See A.3.5.2.1.

### 3704 A.3.3.5.5 GP Translation Table Response command

3705 The GP Translation Table Response command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 61.

Octets	1	1	1	1	1	Variable
Data Type	8-bit enumera-tion	Unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	N*Variable
Field Name	Status	Options	Total number of entries	Start index	Entries count	TranslationTa-bleList

3706 **Figure 61 – Format of the GP Translation Table Response command**

3707 The *Status* field can take the value of SUCCESS (for the values of the Status codes see [3]).

3708 The *Options* SHALL be formatted as shown in Figure 60.

Bits: 0..2	3	4..7
ApplicationID	Additional infor-mation block present	Reserved

3709 **Figure 62 – Format of the Options field of the GP Translation Table Response command**

3710 The *ApplicationID* sub-field contains the information about the application used by the GPD. *Appli-  
3711 cationID* = 0b000 indicates the GPD ID field of each Translation Table entry in the *TranslationTableList*  
3712 field has the length of 4B and contains the GPD SrcID; the *GPD Endpoint* field is absent. *Appli-  
3713 cationID* = 0b010 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 8B and contains the GPD IEEE address;  
3714 the *GPD Endpoint* field is present. All values of *ApplicationID* other than 0b000 and 0b010 are re-  
3715 served in the current version of the Green Power cluster specification.

3716 The *Additional information block present* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that the *Additional infor-  
3717 mation block* field is present; if set to 0b0, it indicates that the *Additional information block* field is ab-  
3718 sent.

3719 The *Total number of entries* field specifies the number of entries in the GPD Command Translation  
3720 Table (see Table 48) of this sink.

3721 The *Start index* field specifies the starting index into the GPD Command Translation Table of this sink  
3722 from which the information is included. This value of this field SHALL be equal to the value of the  
3723 *start index* field GP Translation Table Request command. The first entry in the Translation Table has  
3724 *Index* value 0.

3725 The *Entries count* field specifies the number *N* of entries in the *TranslationTableList* field.

3726 Each entry in the *TranslationTableList* is formatted as shown in Figure 63 and Figure 64. The entries in  
3727 the *TranslationTableList* field are ordered by *Index* field value, with the lowest entry being sent first.

Octets	4/8	0/1	1	1	2	2
Data Type	unsigned 32-bit integer/IEEE address	Unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 16-bit integer	unsigned 16-bit integer
Field Name	GPID	GP Endpoint	GP Command ID	EndPoint	Profile	Cluster

3728  
3729      **Figure 63 – Format of the entry of the TranslationTableList field of the GP Translation Table Response command (part 1)**

1	1	0/Variable	0/Variable
unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer
Zigbee Command ID	Zigbee Command payload length	Zigbee Command payload	Additional information block

3730  
3731      **Figure 64 – Format of the entry of the TranslationTableList field of the GP Translation Table Response command (part 2)**

3732 If the *Endpoint* field is set to 0xff, the translation applies to all matching endpoints. If the *Endpoint* field is set to 0xfd, there are no endpoints to which this translation applies.

3733 The *Zigbee Command payload length* field indicates the length of the *Zigbee Command payload* field.  
3734 If the *Zigbee Command payload length* field is set to 0x00, there is no payload.<sup>7</sup> If the *Zigbee Command payload length* field is set to 0xff, the payload from the triggering GPD command is to be used. If the *Length* sub-field of the *Zigbee Command payload* field is set to 0xfe, the *Payload* sub-field is not present, and the payload from the triggering GPD command needs to be parsed. Otherwise, a fixed payload for the Zigbee command is provided, of the *Zigbee Command payload length*.

3741 The *Additional information block* field is formatted as defined in Figure 82.

#### 3742 **A.3.3.5.5.1 When Generated**

3743 The GP Translation Table Response command is generated by a sink on reception of a GP Translation  
3744 Table Request command.

3745 When the GPD Command Translation Table is empty or when the *Start Index* field value from the trig-  
3746 gerging Translation Table Request command exceeds the total number of entries in GPD Command  
3747 Translation Table is empty, the sink implemented according to the current version of the specification  
3748 SHALL return GP Translation Table Response command with the value NOT\_FOUND in the *Status*  
3749 field (see [3]) and the correct value in the *Total number of entries* field (0x00 in case of empty GPD  
3750 Command Translation Table); the fields *Options* and *Entries count* SHALL be set to 0x00; the *Start*  
3751 *index* field SHALL be set to either to 0x00 or to the value of the *Start index* field from the triggering  
3752 GP Translation Table Request command; the *TranslationTableList* field SHALL NOT be included.

3753 Note: Sinks implemented according to the previous versions of this specification return, when the GPD  
3754 Command Translation Table is empty, the GP Translation Table Response command with the value  
3755 SUCCESS in the *Status* field (see [3]) and 0x00 in the *Total number of entries* field.

3756 If the Translation Table functionality is not supported, the sink returns ZCL Default response com-  
3757 mand, with the status UNSUP\_CLUSTER\_COMMAND (see [3]).

<sup>7</sup> CCB3191, resolution in 21-67511-002

If not even a single Translation Table entry fits in the GP Translation Table Response command, the sink SHALL return GP Translation Table Response command with the value INSUFFICIENT\_SPACE in the *Status* field (see [3]) and the correct value in the *Total number of entries* field; the fields *Options*, *Start index* and *Entries count* SHALL be set to 0x00; the *TranslationTableList* field SHALL NOT be included.

### A.3.3.5.5.2 Effect on Receipt

The receiving device gets information on the GPD Command Translation Table of the sink that sent the command.

### A.3.3.5.6 GP Sink Table Response command

The GP Sink Table Response command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 65.

Octets	1	1	1	1	0/Variable	...	0/Variable
Data Type	8-bit enumeration	Unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	Octet string	...	Octet string
Field Name	Status	Total number of non-empty Sink Table entries	Start index	Entries count	Sink Table entry	””	Sink Table entry

Figure 65 – Format of the GP Sink Table Response command

The *Status* field can take the values of SUCCESS or NOT\_FOUND (for the values of the Status codes see [3]).

The *Total number of non-empty Sink Table entries* field specifies the total number of non-empty Sink Table entries currently available on the responding device. Value of 0x00 indicates the Sink Table is empty. Value of 0xff indicates Sink Table is not implemented.

The *Start index* field specified the table position of the first of the Sink Table entry included. The first non-empty entry in the Sink Table has *Index* value 0.

The *Entries count* field specifies the number of *Sink Table entry* fields included in the current message. Each *Sink Table entry* field contains a complete Sink Table entry, formatted as specified in sec. A.3.3.2.2.1.1<sup>8</sup> The entries are ordered by *Index* field value, with the lowest entry being sent first.

### A.3.3.5.6.1 When generated

Upon reception of the GP Sink Table Request command, the device SHALL check if it implements a Sink Table.

If not, it SHALL generate a ZCL Default Response command, with the *Status code* field carrying UNSUP\_CLUSTER\_COMMAND, subject to the rules as specified in sec. 2.4.12 of [3].

If the device implements the Sink Table, it SHALL prepare a GP Sink Table Response.

If its Sink Table is empty, and the triggering GP Sink Table Request was received in unicast, then the GP Sink Table Response SHALL be sent with *Status* NOT\_FOUND, *Total number of non-empty Sink Table entries* carrying 0x00, *Start index* carrying 0xFF (in case of request by GPD ID) or the *Index* value from the triggering GP Sink Table Request (in case of request by index), *Entries count* field set to 0x00, and any *Sink Table entry* fields absent.

<sup>8</sup> CCB#3491, resolution in 21-67511-001

If the triggering GP Sink Table Request command contained an *Index* field, the device SHALL check if it has at least *Index*+1 non-empty Sink Table entries. If not, the device SHALL create a GP Sink Table Response with *Status NOT\_FOUND*, *Total number of non-empty Sink Table entries* carrying the total number of non-empty Sink Table entries on this device, *Start index* carrying the *Index* value from the triggering GP Sink Table Request, *Entries count* field set to 0x00 and any *Sink Table entry* fields absent. If yes, the device SHALL create a GP Sink Table Response with *Status SUCCESS*, *Total number of non-empty Sink Table entries* carrying the total number of non-empty Sink Table entries on this device, *Start index* carrying the *Index* value from the triggering GP Sink Table Request, *Entries count* field set to the number of complete non-empty Sink Table entries, which are included in this response, followed by those *Sink Table entry* fields themselves, formatted as specified in sec. A.3.3.2.2.1.1<sup>9</sup>.

Note: the device SHALL only include complete Sink Table entries; if an entry does not fit completely into the frame, it SHALL NOT be included in this Response.

Note 2: If there are empty Sink Table entries between non-empty Sink Table entries, they SHALL NOT be included in the response.

If the triggering GP Sink Table Request command contained a *GPD ID* field, the device SHALL check if it has a Sink Table entry for this GPD ID (and Endpoint, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010). If yes, the device SHALL create a GP Sink Table Response with *Status SUCCESS*, *Total number of non-empty Sink Table entries* carrying the total number of non-empty Sink Table entries on this device, *Start index* set to 0xff, *Entries count* field set to 0x01, and one *Sink Table entry* field for the requested GPD ID (and Endpoint, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), formatted as specified in sec. A.3.3.2.2.1.1<sup>10</sup>, present.

If the entry requested by GPD ID (and Endpoint, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) cannot be found, and the triggering GP Sink Table Request was received in unicast, then the GP Sink Table Response SHALL be sent with *Status NOT\_FOUND*, *Total number of non-empty Sink Table entries* carrying the total number of non-empty Sink Table entries on this device, *Start index* carrying 0xFF, *Entries count* field set to 0x00, and any *Sink Table entry* fields absent. If the triggering GP Sink Table Request was received in groupcast or broadcast, then the GP Sink Table Response SHOULD be skipped.

### A.3.3.5.6.2 Effect on receipt

On receipt of this command, the remote device is informed about selected Sink Table entries on the sending device.

<sup>9</sup> CCB#3491, resolution in 21-67511-001

<sup>10</sup> CCB#3491, resolution in 21-67511-001

### 3819 A.3.4 Client

#### 3820 A.3.4.1 Dependencies

3821 None.

#### 3822 A.3.4.2 Attributes

3823 The client side of the Green Power cluster contains the attributes shown in Table 39.

3824 Table 39 applies to proxy devices.

3825 **Table 39 – Attributes of the GP client cluster**

ID	Name	Type	Range	Access	Default	M/O	Description
0x0000-0x000f	Defined by the server side (A.3.3.2)						
0x0010	<i>gppMaxProxy-TableEntries</i>	unsigned 8-bit integer	Any valid	R	0x14	M	Maximum number of Proxy Table entries supported by this device
0x0011	<i>Proxy Table</i>	Long octet string	N/A	R	0x0000	M	Proxy Table, holding information about pairings between a particular GPD ID and the sinks in the network
0x0012	<i>gppNotificationRetryNumber</i>	unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00-0x05	R/W	0x02	X (M if full unicast communication functionality supported)	Number of full unicast GP Notification retries on lack of GP Notification Response
0x0013	<i>gppNotificationRetryTimer</i>	unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00 – 0xff	R/W	0x64	X (M if full unicast communication functionality supported)	Time in ms between full unicast GP Notification retries on lack of GP Notification Response
0x0014	<i>gppMaxSearch-Counter</i>	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Any valid	R/W	0x0a	X (O if <i>Proxy Table maintenance</i> functionality supported)	The frequency of sink re-discovery for inactive Proxy Table entries
0x0015	<i>gppBlockedGPDID</i>	Long octet string	N/A	R	0x0000	X (O if <i>Proxy Table maintenance</i> functionality supported)	A list holding information about blocked GPD IDs
0x0016	<i>gppFunctionality</i>	24-bit bitmap	N/A	R	Any valid	M	The optional GP functionality supported by this proxy
0x0017	<i>gppActiveFunctionality</i>	24-bit bitmap	N/A	R	0xfffffff	M	The optional GP functionality supported by this proxy that is active
0x0018 - 0x001f	Reserved for further Green Power cluster client side attributes						
0x0020 - 0x002f	Attributes shared by proxy and sink, as defined in Table 24						
0x0030 -0xffff	Reserved						

3826 With respect to ZCL Default Response handling for the ZCL foundation commands to manipulate the  
 3827 GP proxy attributes, the proxy SHALL follow section 2.5.12.2 of ZCL r06 or later (see [3]) and, in addition,  
 3828 for ZCL Write Attributes command, also section 2.5.3.3 of ZCL r06 or later (see [3]).

### 3829 A.3.4.2.1 gppMaxProxyTableEntries attribute

3830 Maximum number of Proxy Table entries this node can hold.

3831 Any proxy type SHALL support at least five Proxy Table entries.

3832 The recommended number of the Proxy Table entries for a Basic Proxy is twenty.

3833 *Note: in a system with sinks using broadcast GP Pairing commands, and all proxies storing information about all GPD, this limits the total number of the GPD to 5. If more GPDs need to be supported in a system, additional means can be used, e.g. bigger Proxy Tables can be implemented, some intelligence can be employed to limit the number of proxies forwarding on behalf of each GPD (e.g. by a sink or a Commissioning Tool) or Proxy Table maintenance functionality can allow for dynamic Proxy Table adaptation.*

### 3839 A.3.4.2.2 Proxy Table attribute

3840 The Proxy Table attribute contains the information on GPDs active in the system and the corresponding sinks.

3842 *Proxy Table* is a read-only attribute. Generic ZCL commands cannot be used to create/modify or remove *Proxy Table* entries. If required, e.g. for CT-based commissioning, the GP Pairing command of the Green Power cluster can be used for that purpose.

3846 The Proxy Table SHALL be persistently stored across restarts, OTA upgrades and power cycles.

3847 Specifically, a Green Power Proxy Basic SHALL persistently store all mandatory parameters of a 3848 Proxy Table entry and all configured optional parameters of a Proxy Table entry, with the following 3849 exceptions:

- 3850 • The Green Power Proxy Basic MAY, but is not required to, persistently store the *GPD security frame counter* 3851 parameter of the Proxy Table entry. Upon restart, the *GPD security frame counter* 3852 parameter SHALL have a value lower than or equal to the last value observed before restart.
- 3853 • The Green Power Proxy Basic MAY, but is not required to, persistently store the following sub-fields 3854 of the *Options* parameter of the Proxy Table entry: *FirstToForward*, *InRange*, 3855 *HasAllUnicastRoutes*, since they are not used in any way by the Green Power Proxy Basic.

### 3856 A.3.4.2.2.1 Over the air transmission of Proxy Table

3857 When sent over the air in a ZCL generic Read Attribute Response<sup>11</sup> command carrying the Proxy Table 3858 attribute, it is represented as a long octet string, which internally has the format of a sequence of structures. Then, it contains the 2B length field of the Long octet string data format – defining the total 3859 length of the attribute, and then the Proxy Table entries itself.

#### 3861 A.3.4.2.2.1.1 Proxy Table entry field

3862 A proxy table entry field contains a complete Proxy Table entry. Each of which is a structure, formatted 3863 as shown in Table 40. For each of the entries, the presence of the optional parameters is indicated 3864 by the corresponding flag in the *Options* or *Security Options* parameter:

- 3865 • The *GPD ID* and *Endpoint* parameter:
  - 3866 ▪ *ApplicationID* = 0b000 indicates the *GPD ID* parameter has the length of 4B and contains the 3867 GPD SrcID; the *Endpoint* field is absent.
  - 3868 ▪ *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the *GPD ID* parameter has the length of 8B and contains the 3869 GPD IEEE address; the *Endpoint* field is present.

<sup>11</sup> CCB#3491, resolution in 21-67511-001

- 3870     ▪ All values of *ApplicationID* other than 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of  
3871       the Green Power cluster specification.
- 3872     • *GPD Assigned Alias* parameter SHALL be included if *AssignedAlias* = 0b1, it SHALL be omitted  
3873       otherwise;
- 3874     • The parameters *Security Options* and *GPD key* SHALL always all be included if the *SecurityUse*  
3875       sub-field is set to 0b1 (irrespective of the key type in use); *SecurityUse* sub-field is set to 0b0, the  
3876       parameters *Security Options*, and *GPD key* SHALL be omitted.
- 3877     • *GPD security frame counter* parameter SHALL:
  - 3878       ▪ be present and carry the value of the *Security frame counter*, if:
    - 3879           – *SecurityUse* = 0b1,
    - 3880           – *SecurityUse* = 0b0 and *MAC sequence number capabilities* = 0b1;
  - 3881       ▪ be omitted if *SecurityUse* = 0b0 and *Sequence number capabilities* = 0b0.
- 3882     • *Lightweight sink address list* parameter
  - 3883       ▪ SHALL only be included if *Lightweight unicast GPS* sub-field of the *Options* parameter is set to  
3884        0b1;  
3885        whereby the first octet indicates the number of entries in the list, and the entries of the list follow  
3886        directly as defined in Table 41; no additional length/element number indication is included per  
3887        entry;
  - 3888       ▪ SHALL be omitted completely otherwise (i.e. even the length octet SHALL be omitted);
- 3889     • *Sink group list* parameter
  - 3890       ▪ SHALL only be included if *Commissioned Group GPS* sub-field of the *Options* parameter is set  
3891        to 0b1;  
3892        whereby the first octet indicates the number of entries in the list, and the entries of the list follow  
3893        directly, formatted as defined in Table 26;
  - 3894       ▪ SHALL be completely omitted otherwise (i.e. even the length octet SHALL be omitted);
- 3895     • *Search Counter* SHALL be included if *EntryActive* or *EntryValid* sub-field of the *Options*  
3896       parameter is set to 0b0, it SHALL be omitted otherwise;
- 3897     • *Extended Options* and *Full unicast sink address list* SHALL be omitted by all devices implemented  
3898       according to the current specification; the *Options Extension* sub-field of the *Options* field SHALL  
3899       be set to 0b0.

3900  
3901     The proxy SHALL only respond with ZCL Read Attributes Response with Status = SUCCESS, if all  
3902       configured Proxy Table entries fit completely into a single response frame (without fragmentation or  
3903       partitioning cluster usage). Otherwise, the proxy SHALL respond with ZCL Read Attributes Response  
3904       with Status = INSUFFICIENT\_SPACE and no entries included. For the values of the Status codes see  
3905       [3].

#### 3906     **A.3.4.2.2 Proxy Table entry format**

3907     Implementers of this specification are free to implement the Proxy Table in any manner that is convenient  
3908       and efficient, as long as it represents the data shown in Table 40.

3909     **Table 40 – Format of entries in the Proxy Table**

Parameter name	Type	Range	Default	M / O	Description
Options	16-bit bitmap	Any valid	N/A	M	This parameter specifies the tunneling options
GPD ID	Unsigned 32-bit integer/IEEE address	Any valid	N/A	M	ID of the GPD

Parameter name	Type	Range	Default	M / O	Description
Endpoint	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x01-9xf0, 0xff	N/A	O (M if ApplicationID = 0b010)	GPD endpoint
GPD Assigned Alias	Unsigned 16-bit integer	0x0001- 0xffff7	N/A	O	The commissioned 16-bit ID to be used as alias for this GPD
Security Options	8-bit bitmap	Any valid	N/A	O (M if Security use = 0b1)	The security options
GPD security frame counter	Unsigned 32-bit Integer	Any valid	0xffffffff	O	The incoming security frame counter for the GPD
GPD key	Security key	Any valid	N/A	O	The security key for the GPD. It MAY be skipped, if common/derivable key is used (as indicated in the Options parameter)
Lightweight sink address list	sequence of octets	Any valid	0x00	O (M if Lightweight unicast GPS =0b1)	IEEE and short address of the sink(s) that requires tunneling in lightweight unicast communication mode
Sink group list	sequence of octets	Any valid	0x00	O (M if Commissioned Group GPS=0b1)	GroupIDs and Aliases for the sinks that require the tunneling in groupcast communication mode
Groupcast radius	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00 – 0xff	0xff	M	To limit the range of the groupcast
Search Counter	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00 - gpp-MaxSearch-Counter	0x00	O (M if EntryActive=0b0 or EntryValid=0b0)	For inactive/invalid entries, allows for Sink re-discovery when Search Counter equals 0
Extended Options	16-bit bitmap	Any valid	N/A	O (M if Options Extension = 0b1)	This parameter specifies extensions to the tunneling options
Full unicast sink address list	sequence of octets	Any valid	0x00	O (M if Full Unicast GPS =0b1)	IEEE and short address of the sink(s) that requires tunneling in full unicast communication mode

3910 Each proxy SHALL be able to support per Proxy Table entry, i.e. per GPD any of the following minimum configurations: (i) at least 2 entries in the *Lightweight sink address list* and/or *Full unicast sink address list*, (ii) at least 2 entries in the *Sink group list* and (iii) at least 1 entry in the *Lightweight sink address list* or *Full unicast sink address list* and at least 1 entry in the *Sink group list*.

### A.3.4.2.2.2.1 Options parameter

3915 The *Options* parameter SHALL be formatted as shown in Figure 66 and Figure 67.

Bits: 0..2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
ApplicationID	EntryActive	EntryValid	Sequence number capabilities	Lightweight Unicast GPS	Derived Group GPS	Commissioned Group GPS	FirstToForward

3916 **Figure 66 – Format of the Options parameter of the Proxy Table entry (part 1)**

Bits: 10	11	12	13	14	15
InRange	GPD Fixed	HasAllUnicastRoutes	AssignedAlias	SecurityUse	Options Extension

3917                   **Figure 67 – Format of the Options parameter of the Proxy Table entry (part 2)**

3918       The *ApplicationID* sub-field contains the information about the application used by the GPD. *ApplicationID* = 0b000 indicates the *GPD ID* parameter has the length of 4B and contains the GPD SrcID; the  
 3919       *Endpoint* field is absent. *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the *GPD ID* parameter has the length of 8B  
 3920       and contains the GPD IEEE address; the *Endpoint* field is present. All values of *ApplicationID* other  
 3921       than 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of the Green Power cluster specification.

3923       The *EntryActive* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates, that the current Proxy Table entry is active. A Proxy  
 3924       Table entry with the *EntryActive* flag equal to 0b0 can contain the *SearchCounter* parameter.

3925       The *EntryValid* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates, that the current Proxy Table entry contains complete  
 3926       sink information.

3927       The *Sequence number capabilities* sub-field can have the values as defined in A.4.2.1.1.2.

3928       The *Lightweight Unicast GPS* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that there is at least one sink paired to  
 3929       this GPD, that requires lightweight unicast communication mode. Then, *Lightweight sink address list*  
 3930       parameter is present.

3931       The *Derived Group GPS* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that there is at least one sink paired to this  
 3932       GPD, that requires groupcast communication mode with automatically-derived DGroupID (see  
 3933       A.3.6.1.4).

3934       The *Commissioned Group GPS* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that there is at least one sink paired to  
 3935       this GPD, that require groupcast communication mode with the pre-commissioned GroupID.

3936       The *FirstToForward* sub-field is a Boolean flag used for *gppTunnelingDelay* calculation.

3937       The *InRange* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that this GPD is in range of this proxy. The default value  
 3938       is FALSE.

3939       The *GPDfixed* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates portability capabilities of this GPD. The default value  
 3940       is FALSE.

3941       The *HasAllUnicastRoutes* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that the proxy has active routes to all full  
 3942       unicast sinks for this GPD; if set to 0b0, it indicates that at least one full unicast route is missing.

3943       The *AssignedAlias* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that the assigned alias as stored in the *GPD Assigned Alias* parameter SHALL be used instead of the alias derived from the GPD ID (sec. A.3.6.3.3) in  
 3944       case of full unicast and derived groupcast communication modes. If set to 0b0, the derived alias is used  
 3945       (sec. A.3.6.3.3) for those communication modes.

3947       The *Security use* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that security-related parameters of the Sink Table en-  
 3948       try are present.

3949       The *Options Extension* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that the *Extended Options* field is present.

3950                   **A.3.4.2.2.2 Endpoint field**

3951       The *Endpoint* field SHALL be present if *ApplicationID* = 0b010. It then carries the identifier of the  
 3952       GPD endpoint, which jointly with the GPD IEEE address identifies a unique logical GPD device.  
 3953       If *ApplicationID* = 0b000 the *Endpoint* field SHALL be absent.

3954       The values 0xf1 - 0xfe are reserved for future use. The value 0x00 indicates application endpoint-  
 3955       independent communication and SHOULD be used e.g. for channel and key updates. The value 0xff  
 3956       indicates ‘all endpoints’.

### A.3.4.2.2.2.3 GPD Assigned Alias parameter

The *GPD Assigned Alias* parameter, if present – as indicated by the *AssignedAlias* sub-field of the *Options* field –, stores the assigned alias NWK source address to be used for this GPD in case of full unicast communication GPS or derived groupcast communication GPS, instead of the default alias derived from the GPD ID (sec. A.3.6.3.3).

Note: In case of lightweight unicast communication GPS, aliasing is not used. In case of commissioned groupcast communication GPS, the alias is stored in the Sink group list parameter, together with the corresponding pre-commissioned GroupID.

### A.3.4.2.2.2.4 Security-related parameters

The security-related parameters are formatted and SHALL be used as described in A.3.3.2.2.6.

### A.3.4.2.2.2.5 Lightweight sink address list parameter

The entries in the *Lightweight sink address list* parameter SHALL have the format as specified in Table 41. It contains the list of paired lightweight unicast sinks for this GPD.

**Table 41 – Format of entries in the *Lightweight sink address list* parameter of the Proxy Table**

Parameter name	Type	Description
Sink IEEE address	IEEE address	IEEE address of the GP sinks which require the tunneling in unicast communication mode
Sink NWK address	Unsigned 16-bit integer	NWK short address matching the sink's IEEE address

### A.3.4.2.2.2.6 Sink group list parameter

The *Sink group list* contains the list of sink GroupIDs for this GPD, with the corresponding aliases.

The entries in the *Sink group list* parameter SHALL be formatted as specified in Table 26.

If the *Pre-Commissioned Group GPS* sub-field of the *Options* parameter is set, the *Sink group list* SHOULD be present.

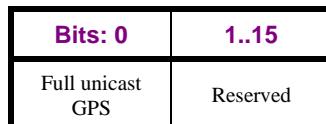
### A.3.4.2.2.2.7 Groupcast radius parameter

The *Groupcast radius* contains the intended radius for the groupcast communication, in number of hops. The default value of 0x00 indicates unspecified, i.e. twice the value of the *nwkMaxDepth* attribute of the NIB, as specified by [1].

If *Groupcast radius* parameter is set to a value 0x00 and another value is received, the new value SHALL be kept. If *Groupcast radius* parameter is set to a value other than 0x00 and a new value is received, the higher value SHALL be kept.

### A.3.4.2.2.2.8 Extended Options parameter

The *Extended Options* parameter SHALL be formatted as shown in Figure 68.



**Figure 68 – Format of the Extended Options parameter of the Proxy Table entry (part 1)**

The *Full Unicast GPS* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that there is at least one sink paired to this GPD, that requires full unicast communication mode. Then, *Full unicast sink address list* parameter is present.

### 3989 **A.3.4.2.2.9 Full unicast sink address list**

3990 The entries in the *Full unicast sink address list* parameter SHALL have the format as specified in Table  
 3991 41. It contains the list of paired full unicast sinks for this GPD.

### 3992 **A.3.4.2.3 gppNotificationRetryNumber attribute**

3993 This attribute defines the maximum number of retransmissions in case a GP Notification Response  
 3994 command is not received from a particular sink for full unicast GP Notification command.

### 3995 **A.3.4.2.4 gppNotificationRetryTimer attribute**

3996 This attribute defines the time to wait for GP Notification Response command after sending full unicast  
 3997 GP Notification command.

### 3998 **A.3.4.2.5 gppMaxSearchCounter attribute**

3999 This attribute defines the maximum value the Search Counter can take, before it rolls over.

### 4000 **A.3.4.2.6 gppBlockedGPDID attribute**

4001 The *gppBlockedGPDID* attribute contains the information on GPDs active in the vicinity of the net-  
 4002 work node, but not belonging to the system.

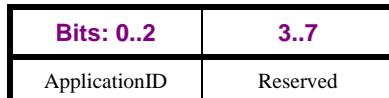
4003 It is a long octet string, which internally has the format of an array of structures. Thus, the ZCL com-  
 4004 mand carrying the *gppBlockedGPDID* attribute contains the 2B length field of the Long octet string  
 4005 data format – defining the total length of the attribute; and then the entries of the *gppBlockedGPDID*  
 4006 itself; each of which is a structure, formatted as shown in Table 42.

4007 Implementers of this specification are free to implement the *gppBlockedGPDID* in any manner that is  
 4008 convenient and efficient, as long as it represents the data shown in Table 42.

4009 **Table 42 – Format of entries in the gppBlockedGPDID attribute**

Parameter name	Type	Range	Default	M / O	Description
Options	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Any valid	N/A	M	Options related to this list entry
GPD ID	Unsigned 32-bit integer/IEEE address	Any valid	N/A	M	ID of the GPD
Endpoint	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Any valid	N/A	O (M if ApplicationID = 0b010)	GPD Endpoint
Sequence number	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00-0xff	0x00	M	The last sequence number observed from this GPD.
Search Counter	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00 - <i>gpp-MaxSearch-Counter</i>	0x00	M	Allows for Sink re-discovery when Search Counter equals 0

4010 The *Options* parameter SHALL be formatted as shown in Figure 69.



4011 **Figure 69 – Format of the Options parameter of the gppBlockedGPDID attribute entry**

The *ApplicationID* sub-field contains the information about the application used by the GPD. *ApplicationID* = 0b000 indicates the GPD ID parameter has the length of 4B and contains the GPD SrcID; the *Endpoint* field is absent. *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the GPD ID parameter has the length of 8B and contains the GPD IEEE address; the *Endpoint* field is present. All values of *ApplicationID* other than 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of the Green Power cluster specification.

This parameter is an optimization, allowing for storing only limited information for the purpose of GPDF filtering. Equivalent information can be stored in the Proxy Table.

If supported, the *gppBlockedGPDID* attribute SHALL contain at least 10 entries.

#### A.3.4.2.7 gppFunctionality attribute

The *gppFunctionality* attribute indicates support of the GP functionality by this device. Any 1-bit sub-field set to 0b1 indicates that this functionality is supported; set to 0b0 indicates that this functionality is not implemented. The reserved sub-fields and sub-fields for any non-applicable functionality SHALL also be set to 0b0.

The *gppFunctionality* attribute is formatted as shown in Table 43.

The rightmost column shows the values used by the Basic Proxy, standalone or as part of Green Power Basic Combo.

**Table 43 – Format of the gppFunctionality attribute**

Indication	Functionality	Basic Proxy
b0	GP feature	0b1
b1	Direct communication (reception of GPDF via GP stub)	0b1
b2	Derived groupcast communication	0b1
b3	Pre-commissioned groupcast communication	0b1
b4	Full unicast communication	0b0
b5	Lightweight unicast communication	0b1
b6	Reserved	0b0
b7	Bidirectional operation	0b0
b8	Proxy Table maintenance (active and passive, for GPD mobility and GPP robustness)	0b0
b9	Reserved	0b0
b10	GP commissioning	0b1
b11	CT-based commissioning	0b1
b12	Maintenance of GPD (deliver channel/key during operation)	0b0
b13	<i>gpdSecurityLevel</i> = 0b00	0b1
b14	Deprecated: <i>gpdSecurityLevel</i> = 0b01	0b0
b15	<i>gpdSecurityLevel</i> = 0b10	0b1
b16	<i>gpdSecurityLevel</i> = 0b11	0b1
b17	Reserved	0b0
b18	Reserved	0b0
b19	GPD IEEE address	0b1
b20	Reserved	0b0
b21 – b23	Reserved	0b0

4030 For all Green Power Proxy, Green Power Basic Proxy and proxy functionality of Green Power combo  
4031 or Green Power Basic Combo, the following sub-fields SHALL always be set as follows:

- 4032 • b0 = 0b1 (M functionality);  
4033 • b1 = 0b1 (M functionality);  
4034 • b6 = 0b0 (N/A functionality);  
4035 • b9 = 0b0 (N/A functionality);  
4036 • b17 = 0b0 (N/A functionality);  
4037 • b18 = 0b0 (N/A functionality);  
4038 • b20 = 0b0 (N/A functionality).

4039 **A.3.4.2.8 gppActiveFunctionality attribute**

4040 The *gppActiveFunctionality* attribute indicates which GP functionality supported by this device is cur-  
4041 rently enabled. Any 1-bit sub-field set to 0b1 indicates that this functionality is supported and enabled;  
4042 set to 0b0 indicates that this functionality is disabled or not implemented.

4043 The *gppActiveFunctionality* attribute is formatted as shown in Table 29.

4044  
4045 The *GP feature* sub-field of the *gppActiveFunctionality* attribute is the main flag. By writing 0b1/0b0  
4046 to the *GP feature* sub-field, the complete GP operation can be enabled/disabled, respectively. Even  
4047 when the *GP feature* sub-field is set to 0b0, the GP attributes SHALL be accessible and the Simple De-  
4048 scriptor for the Green Power EndPoint SHALL be readable.

4049 In the current version of the GP specification, the *gpsActiveFunctionality* attribute is read only, and the  
4050 *GP feature* sub-field SHALL be set to 0b1.

4051  
4052 In the current version of the GP specification, the remaining sub-fields of the *gpsActiveFunctionality*  
4053 attribute are reserved and SHALL be set to 0b1. If future version of the GP specification would define  
4054 further *gpsActiveFunctionality* flags, they SHOULD be aligned with *gpsFunctionality* attribute.  
4055

### A.3.4.3 Commands received

Whether the support of particular command is mandatory or optional is dependent on the GP infrastructure device type and the functionality it supports, and specified in Table 23.

**Table 44 – Green Power cluster: client side: commands received**

Command ID	Command Name	Command Description	Link
0x00	GP Notification Response	From sink to a proxy to acknowledge GP Notification received in full unicast mode.	A.3.3.5.1
0x01	GP Pairing	From sink to proxies to (de)register for tunneling service or to remove GPD from the network.	A.3.3.5.2
0x02	GP Proxy Commissioning Mode	From sink to proxies in the whole network to indicate commissioning mode.	A.3.3.5.3
0x03-0x05	Reserved		
0x06	GP Response	From sink to selected proxies, to provide data to be transmitted to Rx-capable GPD.	A.3.3.5.4
0x07	Reserved		
0x08	Reserved		
0x09	Reserved		
0xa	GP Sink Table Response	To receive information on requested selected Sink Table entries, by index or by GPD ID	A.3.3.5.6
0xb	GP Proxy Table Request	To request selected Proxy Table entries, by index or by GPD ID	A.3.4.3.1
0xc – 0xff	Reserved		

#### A.3.4.3.1 GP Proxy Table Request command

The payload of the GP Proxy Table Request command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 70.

Octets	1	0/4/8	0/1	0/1
Data Type	8-bit bitmap	unsigned 32-bit integer/IEEE address	unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer
Field Name	Options	GPD ID	Endpoint	Index

**Figure 70 – Format of the GP Proxy Table Request command**

The *Options* field of the GP Proxy Table Request command is formatted as shown in Figure 71.

Bits: 0..2	3..4	5..7
ApplicationID	Request type	Reserved

**Figure 71 – Format of the Options field of the GP Proxy Table Request command**

The *ApplicationID* sub-field contains the information about the application used by the GPD. *ApplicationID* = 0b000 indicates the *GPD ID* field, if present as indicated by the *Request type* sub-field of the *Options* field, has the length of 4B and contains the GPD SrcID; the *Endpoint* field is absent. *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the *GPD ID* field, if present as indicated by the *Request type* sub-field of the *Options* field, has the length of 8B and contains the GPD IEEE address; the *Endpoint* field is present. All values of *ApplicationID* other than 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of the Green Power cluster specification.

4072 The *Request type* sub-field specifies how table entries are requested. It SHALL take one of the non-  
 4073 reserved the values defined in Table 36.

4074  
 4075 If set to 0b00, it indicates that the *GPD ID* (and *Endpoint* field, is *ApplicationID* = 0b010) field is pre-  
 4076 sent and carries the GPD ID (and *Endpoint* field, is *ApplicationID* = 0b010) for which the Proxy Table  
 4077 entry is requested; the *Index* field is absent.

4078 If set to 0b01, indicates that the *Index* field is present and carries the starting index for the Proxy Table  
 4079 entry request; the *GPD ID* and *Endpoint* fields are absent.

4080 The *GPD ID* field carries the value of the *GPD ID*, either GPD SrcID or GPD IEEE address, depending  
 4081 on the value of the *ApplicationID*, for which the Proxy Table entry is requested.

4082 The *Endpoint* field carries the value of the GPD endpoint for which the Proxy Table entry is requested.

4083 The *Index* field carries the index value of the Proxy Table entry being requested. The index enumera-  
 4084 tion includes only non-empty Proxy Table entries. It starts with 0x00; 0xff indicates unspecified.

#### 4085 **A.3.4.3.1.1 When generated**

4086 The GP Proxy Table Request command is generated to read out selected Proxy Table entry(s), by index  
 4087 or by GPD ID.

4088 If the sender of the command wishes to avoid receiving many responses, esp. from the nodes not sup-  
 4089 porting this functionality, it SHALL set the *Disable default response* sub-field of the *Frame Control*  
 4090 field of the ZCL header of the GP Proxy Table Request command, as specified in sec. 2.3.1.1.4 of [3].

#### 4091 **A.3.4.3.1.2 Effect on receipt**

4092 On receipt of this command, the device is informed about a request for selected Proxy Table entries.

#### 4093 **A.3.4.4 Commands generated**

4094 Whether the support of particular command is mandatory or optional is dependent on the GP infrastruc-  
 4095 ture device type and the functionality it supports, and specified in Table 23.

4096 **Table 45 – Green Power cluster: client side: commands generated**

Command ID	Command Name	Command Description	Link
0x00	GP Notification	From proxy to sink(s) to tunnel GP frame.	A.3.3.4.1
0x01	GP Pairing Search	From proxy to the sinks in entire network to get pairing indication related to GPD for Proxy Table update.	A.3.3.4.2
0x02	Reserved		
0x03	GP Tunneling Stop	From proxy to neighbor proxies to indicate GP Notification sent in full unicast mode.	A.3.4.4.1
0x04	GP Commissioning Notification	From proxy to sink(s) to tunnel GPD commissioning data.	A.3.3.4.3
0x05	Reserved		
0x06 – 0x09	Reserved		
0x0a	GP Sink Table Request	To request selected Sink Table entries	A.3.3.4.7
0x0b	GP Proxy Table Response	To send selected Proxy Table entries	A.3.4.4.2
0x0c-0xff	Reserved		

4097

#### A.3.4.4.1 GP Tunneling Stop command

The payload of the GP Tunneling Stop command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 72.

Octets	1	4/8	0/1	4	2	1
Data Type	8-bit bitmap	unsigned 32-bit integer/IEEE address	unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 32-bit integer	unsigned 16-bit integer	8-bit bitmap
Field Name	Options	GPD ID	Endpoint	GPD security frame counter	GPP short address	GPP-GPD link

Figure 72 – Format of the GP Tunneling Stop command

The *Options* field of the GP Tunneling Stop command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 73.

Bits: 0..2	3	4		5..7
ApplicationID	Also Derived Group	Also Commissioned Group		Reserved

Figure 73 – Format of the Options field of the GP Tunneling Stop command

The *ApplicationID* sub-field contains the information about the application used by the GPD. *ApplicationID* = 0b000 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 4B and contains the GPD SrcID; the *Endpoint* field is absent. *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the GPD ID field has the length of 8B and contains the GPD IEEE address; the *Endpoint* field is present. All values of *ApplicationID* other than 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of the Green Power cluster specification.

The flags *Also Derived Group* and *Also Commissioned Group*, if set to 0b1, indicate presence of sinks paired to the same GPD with a different communication mode.

The *GPD ID* field has the value copied from the GPDF *SrcID* field/GPDF MAC header *Source address* field, depending on the value of the *ApplicationID* in the GPDF.

The *Endpoint* field has the value copied from the GPDF *Endpoint* field.

The *GPD security frame counter* field is always present. If the *SecurityLevel* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field of the received GPDF was 0b00, it carries the value copied from the GPDF MAC header *Sequence number* field, pre-padded with 0x000000. Otherwise, if the *SecurityLevel* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field of the received GPDF was 0b10- 0b11, it carries the value copied from the *Security frame counter* field of the received GPDF that was successfully used for the security processing of the received GPDF.

The fields *GPP address* and *GPP-GPD link* are always present and carry the short address of the originating proxy, and the quality of the received GPDF, as reported by the dGP-DATA.indication primitive, respectively. The *GPP-GPD link* field of the GP Tunneling Stop command is formatted as shown in Figure 27 and calculated as defined in sec. A.3.3.4.1.

The *Disable default response* sub-field of the *Frame Control Field* of the ZCL header SHALL be set to 0b1.

#### A.3.4.4.1.1 When generated

This command is sent to prevent other proxies from also forwarding GP Notifications to the sinks requiring full unicast communication mode.

#### A.3.4.4.1.2 Effect on Receipt

On receipt of this command, a device is informed about another proxy forwarding a GPDF.

### A.3.4.4.2 GP Proxy Table Response command

The GP Proxy Table Response command SHALL be formatted as illustrated in Figure 74.

Octets	1	1	1	1	0/Variable	...	0/Variable
Data Type	8-bit enumeration	Unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	Octet string	...	Octet string
Field Name	Status	Total number of non-empty Proxy Table entries	Start index	Entries count	Proxy Table entry	””	Proxy Table entry

**Figure 74 – Format of the GP Proxy Table Response command**

The *Status* field can take the values of SUCCESS or NOT\_FOUND (for the values of the Status codes see [3]).

The *Total number of non-empty Proxy Table entries* field specifies the total number of non-empty Proxy Table entries currently available on the responding device. Value of 0x00 indicates the Proxy Table is empty. Value of 0xff indicates Proxy Table is not implemented.

The *Start index* field specified the table position of the first of the Proxy Table entry included. The first non-empty entry in the Proxy Table has *Index* value 0.

The *Entries count* field specifies the number of *Proxy Table entry* fields included in the current message.

Each *Proxy Table entry* field contains a complete Proxy Table entry, formatted as specified in sec. A.3.4.2.2.1.1<sup>12</sup>. The entries are ordered by *Index* field value, with the lowest entry being sent first.

#### A.3.4.4.2.1 When generated

Upon reception of the GP Proxy Table Request command, the device SHALL check if it implements a Proxy Table.

If not, it SHALL generate a ZCL Default Response command, with the *Status code* field carrying UNSUP\_CLUSTER\_COMMAND, subject to the rules as specified in sec. 2.4.12 of [3].

If the device implements the Proxy Table, it SHALL prepare a GP Proxy Table Response.

If its Proxy Table is empty, and the triggering GP Proxy Table Request was received in unicast, then the GP Proxy Table Response SHALL be sent with *Status NOT\_FOUND*, *Total number of non-empty Proxy Table entries* carrying 0x00, *Start index* carrying 0xFF (in case of request by GPD ID) or the *Index* value from the triggering GP Sink Table Request (in case of request by index), *Entries count* field set to 0x00, and any *Proxy Table entry* fields absent.

If the triggering GP Proxy Table Request command contained an *Index* field, the device SHALL check if it has at least *Index*+1 non-empty Proxy Table entries. If not, the device SHALL create a GP Proxy Table Response with *Status NOT\_FOUND*, *Total number of non-empty Proxy Table entries* carrying the total number of non-empty Proxy Table entries on this device, *Start index* carrying the *Index* value from the triggering GP Proxy Table Request, *Entries count* field set to 0x00 and any *Proxy Table entry* fields absent. If yes, the device SHALL create a GP Proxy Table Response with *Status SUCCESS*, *Total number of non-empty Proxy Table entries* carrying the total number of non-empty Proxy Table entries on this device, *Start index* carrying the *Index* value from the triggering GP Proxy Table Request, *Entries count* field set to the number of complete Proxy Table entries, which are included, followed by those *Proxy Table entry* fields themselves, formatted as specified in sec. A.3.4.2.2.1.1<sup>13</sup>.

<sup>12</sup> CCB#3491, resolution in 21-67511-001

<sup>13</sup> CCB#3491, resolution in 21-67511-001

4167 Note: the device SHALL only include complete Proxy Table entries; if an entry does not fit completely  
4168 into the frame, it SHALL NOT be included in this response.

4169 Note 2: If there are empty Proxy Table entries between non-empty Proxy Table entries, they SHALL  
4170 NOT be included in the response.

4171 If the triggering GP Proxy Table Request command contained a *GPD ID* field, the device SHALL  
4172 check if it has a Proxy Table entry for this GPD ID (and *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010). If yes,  
4173 the device SHALL create a GP Proxy Table Response with *Status* SUCCESS, *Total number of non-*  
4174 *empty Proxy Table entries* carrying the total number of non-empty Proxy Table entries on this device,  
4175 *Start index* set to 0xff, *Entries count* field set to 0x01, and one *Proxy Table entry* field for the requested  
4176 GPD ID (and *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), formatted as specified in sec. A.3.4.2.2.1.1<sup>14</sup>, pre-  
4177 sent.

4178 If the entry requested by GPD ID (and *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) cannot be found, and the  
4179 triggering GP Proxy Table Request was received in unicast, then the GP Proxy Table Response  
4180 SHALL be sent with *Status* NOT\_FOUND, *Total number of non-empty Proxy Table entries* carrying  
4181 the total number of non-empty Proxy Table entries on this device, *Start index* carrying 0xFF, *Entries*  
4182 *count* field set to 0x00, and any *Proxy Table entry* fields absent. If the triggering GP Proxy Table Re-  
4183 quest was received in groupcast or broadcast, then the GP Proxy Table Response SHOULD be skipped.

#### 4184 **A.3.4.4.2.2 Effect on receipt**

4185 On receipt of this command, the remote device is informed about selected Proxy Table entries on the  
4186 sending device.

4187

<sup>14</sup> CCB#3491, resolution in 21-67511-001

## 4188 **A.3.5 Green Power operation**

### 4189 **A.3.5.1 Overview**

4190 The proxies forward the Data GPDFs from the GPDs to paired sinks as regular Zigbee messages using  
4191 the ZCL Green Power cluster commands.

4192

4193 Each sink has as part of the Green Power cluster a Sink Table to store pairing information between GP  
4194 devices and its bound local application endpoints.

4195 As a result of the commissioning actions, the sink manages the entries in its Sink Table. Sink Table en-  
4196 try changes for a particular GPD are announced to the proxies by sending a GP Pairing command. The  
4197 sink responds to the proxies' GP Pairing Search commands requesting missing information on paired  
4198 GPDs by sending GP Pairing commands.

4199 Each sink is responsible for mapping and translating the received GP application commands of the  
4200 paired GPDs into proper ZCL commands, and executing them properly. If the received GP application  
4201 command requires bidirectional communication, and the requesting GPD is RxAfterTx-capable, the  
4202 sink forms the response and sends it to the device it has selected for sending the response to the GPD.

4203

4204 Each proxy has as part of the Green Power cluster a Proxy Table to store pairing information on the  
4205 GPDs and the paired sinks, including the security requirements and communication mode.

4206 The proxy participates in management of pairings at the sinks, by switching between commissioning  
4207 and operational mode upon reception of GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command and, when in  
4208 commissioning mode by tunneling the received GPD commissioning data even for unknown GPDs as  
4209 regular Zigbee messages using the ZCL Green Power cluster GP Commissioning Notification com-  
4210 mand. On receipt of GP Pairing command frames, the proxy manages the entries in its Proxy Table.  
4211 The proxy can ask for updates on missing or outdated pairing information by sending GP Pairing  
4212 Search command.

4213 The proxy is responsible for tunneling the received Data GPDFs of the GPDs for which it has valid  
4214 pairing information to the paired sink, as the regular Zigbee messages using the ZCL Green Power  
4215 cluster GP Notification command.

4216 The proxy forwards Data GPDF to an RxAfterTx-capable GPD, if requested by the sink as indicated by  
4217 GP Response command.

### 4218 **A.3.5.2 Description**

#### 4219 **A.3.5.2.1 Green Power Proxy (GPP) operation**

4220 On receipt of GP-SEC.request, the proxy acts as described in sec. A.3.7.3.1.1.

4221

4222 On receipt of Zigbee Update Device and Device\_ance commands with IEEE address other than  
4223 0xffffffffffff, the proxy SHALL check if it has the announced device listed in the *SinkAddressList* of  
4224 its Proxy Table. If yes, the mapping of the Sink IEEE address to the Sink NWK address SHALL be up-  
4225 dated. Further, the proxy SHALL check if the NWKAddr field matches any of the aliases used by this  
4226 proxy. If that's the case, an address conflict is with a regular Zigbee device is discovered and the proxy  
4227 SHALL act according to Zigbee [1] address conflict announcement procedure, i.e. the proxy SHALL  
4228 send after randomly chosen delay from between Dmin and Dmax (see A.3.6.3.1) the Zigbee De-  
4229 vice\_ance command (unless identical frame was received within this time), formatted as described in  
4230 sec. A.3.6.3.4.2, to force the regular Zigbee device to change its short address. The alias SHALL NOT  
4231 be changed.

4232 On receipt of GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command, the proxy enters or exits the commissioning  
4233 mode, according to the value of the *Action* sub-field of the *Options* field. It also adapts other parame-  
4234 ters, e.g. *Channel*, *ExitMode* and *CommissioningWindow* duration, according to the values received in  
4235 the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command. It further exits the commissioning mode, when the exit  
4236 conditions specified in the *ExitMode* sub-field of the previously received GP Proxy Commissioning  
4237 Mode command are fulfilled (see Figure 22) or when *CommissioningWindow* times out. If the *Exit-*  
4238 *Mode* had the *On first Pairing success* sub-field set to 0b1, the proxy SHALL exit commissioning  
4239 mode upon reception of any GP Pairing command, including GP Pairing command with *RemoveGPD*  
4240 sub-field set to 0b1 or *AddSink* sub-field set to 0b0.

4241  
4242 On receipt of GP Pairing command in commissioning mode, the proxy updates its Proxy Table, if the  
4243 entry is active.

4244 Note: if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, the *Endpoint* field of a Proxy Table entry for a GPD IEEE address has  
4245 either the exact value as the *GPD Endpoint* field in the incoming message, or 0xff.

4246 If the *RemoveGPD* sub-field of the *Options* field was set to 0b0 and the *SecurityLevel* field of the *Op-*  
4247 *tions* field is set to 0b01, the proxy SHALL NOT update (if existent) nor create a Proxy Table entry.

4248 If the *RemoveGPD* sub-field was set to 0b1, the proxy, if it does not support the *Proxy Table main-*  
4249 *tenance* functionality, SHALL remove the Proxy Table entry for that GPD; if the *ApplicationID* = 0b010  
4250 and the value of the *Endpoint* field of the GP Pairing command is other than 0xff, the proxy SHALL  
4251 remove that entry, if existing; if the *ApplicationID* = 0b010 and the value of the *Endpoint* field of the  
4252 GP Pairing command is 0xff, the proxy SHALL remove all entries for this GPD IEEE address. If the  
4253 proxy does support the *Proxy Table maintenance* functionality, it SHALL either set this entry to inac-  
4254 tive valid instead, if supported, or shift it to *gppBlockedGPDID* list, if implemented.

4255 If the *RemoveGPD* sub-field was set to 0b0; and the *AddSink* sub-field was set to 0b0, the proxy re-  
4256 moves the sink's address or Sink group address from the *SinkList*, depending on the setting of the  
4257 *CommunicationMode* sub-field. If the removed unicast/group sink address is the last in the *Lightweight*  
4258 or *Full unicast sink address list/Sink group list*, respectively, and no other sink communication mode is  
4259 used for this entry, then the proxy proceeds as follows. If the proxy supports the *Proxy Table main-*  
4260 *tenance* functionality, the proxy SHALL set the entry status to inactive valid or shift it to  
4261 *gppBlockedGPDID* list, if implemented; the SearchCounter SHALL be set to 0x00. If the proxy does  
4262 not support the *Proxy Table maintenance* functionality, the proxy SHALL remove this Proxy Table en-  
4263 try.

If the *RemoveGPD* sub-field was set to 0b0 and the *AddSink* sub-field was set to 0b1, the proxy adds the communication mode, if new, and the sink (group) address, if not already included in the *SinkList* to this entry, and sets this entry to active and valid. If a groupcast sink is being added to a Proxy Table entry, the proxy also adds its Green Power EndPoint as a member of the specified group. The proxy updates the Proxy Table fields *SecurityLevel*, *KeyType*, *GPDkey* and *GPDsecurityFrameCounter*, if they were included in the GP Pairing command; if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, the proxy SHALL check if it has another entry for the same GPD IEEE address and update the security fields. If the *Assigned Alias* field is present, the proxy stores it in the relevant Proxy Table entry, and sets the corresponding *Options* sub-field.

Furthermore, on receipt of GP Pairing command with *RemoveGPD* flag was set to 0b0 and the *AddSink* flag was set to 0b1, the proxy MAY check if the supplied alias, derived or assigned, is identical with the proxy's own short address. If it is, address conflict is discovered and the proxy SHALL act according to Zigbee [1] address conflict resolution procedure, i.e. the proxy SHALL randomly choose a new short address and subsequently announce it using the Zigbee Device\_ance command short address. The alias SHALL NOT be changed.

On receipt of GP Pairing command in operational mode, the proxy checks if it has an active valid Proxy Table entry for this GPD. If yes, the proxy performs the changes to this entry, as requested by the GP Pairing command. The proxy SHALL NOT send Device\_ance for the alias. It is assumed, that the Device\_ance is sent by the sink or CT sending the GP Pairing command. If the *RemoveGPD* sub-field of the *Options* field was set to 0b0 and the *SecurityLevel* field of the *Options* field is set to 0b01, the proxy SHALL NOT update (if existent) nor create a Proxy Table entry.

<sup>15</sup>On receipt of a GP Response frame from the sink, in commissioning mode, the proxy checks if either (i) the GP Response was sent to the proxy in broadcast and its short address matches the value in the *SelectedSender short address* field or (ii) the GP Response command was sent to this proxy in unicast. On receipt of a GP Response frame from the sink, in operational mode, the proxy checks if either (i) the GP Response was sent to the proxy in broadcast or groupcast and its short address matches the value in the *SelectedSender short address* field or (ii) the GP Response command was sent to this proxy in unicast. If the check succeeds, the proxy adds the GPDF frame derived from the GP Response frame to its *gpTxQueue* for sending to the indicated GPD ID (and *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) by calling GP-DATA.request with *Action* parameter set to TRUE with bit5 of the *TxOptions* set to the value of the *Tx on matching endpoint* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Response command, and sets its *FirstToForward* flag for this GPD to 0b1.

If the *SelectedSender short address* field of the GP Response command carries an address different than the short address of the receiving proxy, the proxy drops the current command, sets the *FirstToForward* flag for the relevant Proxy Table entry to 0b0, and proceeds as follows. If *ApplicationID* sub-field of the GP Response command is set to 0b000, the proxy removes any previous pending GPDF for this GPD from its *gpTxQueue* by calling GP-DATA.request with the *Action* parameter set to FALSE, and sets the *FirstToForward* flag for this SrcID in its Proxy Table to 0b0. If *ApplicationID* sub-field of the GP Response command is set to 0b010, the proxy instructs the dGP stub to remove pending relevant GPDF for this GPD IEEE address (see sec. A.1.3.2.3) from its *gpTxQueue* by calling GP-DATA.request with the *Action* parameter set to FALSE, bit5 of the *TxOptions* set to the value of the *Tx on matching endpoint* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Response command, and the GPD IEEE address and GPD Endpoint copied from the GP Response; and sets the *FirstToForward* flag for this GPD in its Proxy Table to 0b0.

<sup>15</sup> CCB #2846, Resolution added in 21-67511-004

4309

4310 On receipt of GP-DATA.indication, the proxy checks the GPDF type and the mode the proxy is in.  
4311 If the proxy is in operational mode, and the GPDF carries a correctly protected GPD Commissioning or  
4312 GPD Decommissioning command from a GPD the proxy has a Proxy Table entry for, the proxy  
4313 SHALL forward the GPD command to the paired sinks using GP Notification command in the appro-  
4314 priate communication mode(s).

4315 If the proxy is in operational mode, and the GPDF carries a correctly protected GPD Success command  
4316 or any other GPD commissioning command from the range 0xE4 – 0xEF, from a GPD the proxy has a  
4317 Proxy Table entry for, the proxy SHOULD NOT forward the GPD command using the GP Notifica-  
4318 tion; however, if generated, GP Notification command SHALL be sent to the paired sinks using com-  
4319 mand in the appropriate communication mode(s).

4320 If the proxy is in operational mode, and the GPDF carries a GPD Commissioning command, GPD Suc-  
4321 cess command, GPD Channel Request,a GPD Decommissioning command or any other GPD commis-  
4322 sioning command from the range 0xE4 – 0xEF, from a GPD the proxy has no Proxy Table entry for, or  
4323 incorrectly protected GPDF from a GPD the proxy has a Proxy Table entry for, the frame SHALL be  
4324 silently dropped.

4325 If the GPDF carries a Decommissioning GPDF, and the proxy is in commissioning mode, and the GP-  
4326 DATA.indication had the Status of SECURITY\_SUCCESS or NO\_SECURITY, the proxy updates the  
4327 *GPD security frame counter* parameter of the relevant Proxy Table entry for this GPD and schedules  
4328 sending of GP Commissioning Notification. If GP-DATA.indication had the Status of  
4329 AUTH\_FAILURE, the proxy MAY schedule transmission of GP Commissioning Notification, with the  
4330 *Security processing* flag set to 0b1.

4331 If the GPDF is a Commissioning GPDF or a Data GPDF with *Auto-Commissioning* flag set to 0b1 and  
4332 the proxy is in commissioning mode, the proxy acts as described in sec. A.3.9.1.

4333

4334 If the GP-DATA.indication Status is SECURITY\_SUCCESS/NO\_SECURITY and the GPDF is a Data  
4335 GPDF, independent of whether the *Auto-Commissioning* flag is set to 0b0 or 0b1, and the proxy is in  
4336 operational mode, the proxy searches its Proxy Table for a matching entry related to the received GPD  
4337 ID (and any *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010). If there is any active Proxy Table entry for this GPD  
4338 ID with the *InRange* flag set to 0b0 (even if the *GPDfixed* flag is also set to 0b1 or if the *Endpoint* field  
4339 has value other than in the received GPDF), the Proxy sets the *InRange* flag to 0b1. Then, the proxy  
4340 continues as follows.

4341 If *ApplicationID* = 0b010, the proxy checks if it has a Proxy Table entry with *GPD IEEE address* and  
4342 the *Endpoint* parameter set either to the exact value from the GPDF or to 0xff. If not, the GPDF is si-  
4343 lently dropped.

4344 If an entry exists and the entry is active and valid then the proxy checks the security level of the re-  
4345 ceived GPDF as follows. The proxy compares the value of the sub-fields *SecurityLevel* and *Securi-*  
4346 *tKey* from for the received GPDF command with the corresponding *SecurityLevel* and *SecurityKey*  
4347 parameters from the Proxy Table. If the *SecurityLevel* and the *SecurityKey* do match, the proxy per-  
4348 forms freshness check (see sec. A.3.6.1.2.1). If any of those checks fails and on reception of GP-  
4349 DATA.indication with the Status AUTH\_FAILURE or UNPROCESSED, the proxy stops processing  
4350 the frame. The proxy SHALL NOT send GP Tunneling Stop/GP Notification; it MAY send GP Pairing  
4351 Search.

If all the checks succeed, the proxy stores the *Sequence Number / Frame Counter* in the *GPD security frame counter parameter* of this Proxy Table entry, and constructs from the received GPDF a GP Notification command(s) for each communication mode stored in the Proxy Table for this GPD; if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, the *Endpoint* field of the GP Notification command SHALL be set to the value of the *Endpoint* field from the triggering GPDF. If the *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the received GPDF was set to 0b1, the *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Options* field SHALL be set to 0b1, the *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field SHALL be set according to device capabilities, and the *gpTxQueueFull* sub-field of the *Options* field SHALL be set according to the status of this proxy's *gpTxQueue* (i.e., if there is no entry in the *gpTxQueue* for this GPD and the queue is full, it sets the *gpTxQueueFull* sub-field to 0b1, otherwise if it has an entry for this GPD or at least one empty entry, it sets it to 0b0); if the proxy does not support bidirectional communication, it SHALL set the *gpTxQueueFull* sub-field of the *Options* field to 0b1. The GPD *CommandID* and *GPD Command payload* are included in the clear in the GP Notification command, even if they were encrypted in the GPDF (*SecurityLevel* = 0b11); the *MIC* field from the GPDF SHALL NOT be included. The lower layers of the proxy stack (APS and NWK layer of Zigbee) will take care of appropriate protection of the command during tunneling through the Zigbee network. The *Ack. request* sub-field of the APS *Frame Control* field is set to 0b0.

If the proxy is not capable of bidirectional communication or if the *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Control Field* of the triggering GPDF was set to 0b0, for groupcast GP Notification, the proxy SHALL further use the following values: NWK Src address = alias source address (see A.3.6.3.3); NWK Sequence Number = alias sequence number (see A.3.6.3.3); NWK Dest address: 0xFFFFD (broadcast to RxOnWhenIdle=TRUE); APS group address: as stored in the Proxy Table, APS source endpoint: Green Power EndPoint, APS counter: alias sequence number (see A.3.6.3.3).

If the proxy is capable of bidirectional communication and the *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Control Field* of the triggering GPDF was set to 0b1, for groupcast GP Notification, the proxy SHALL further use the following values: NWK Src address, NWK sequence number and APS counter: proxy's own values (no aliasing), NWK Dest address: 0xFFFFD (broadcast to RxOnWhenIdle=TRUE); APS group address: as stored in the Proxy Table, APS source endpoint: Green Power EndPoint.

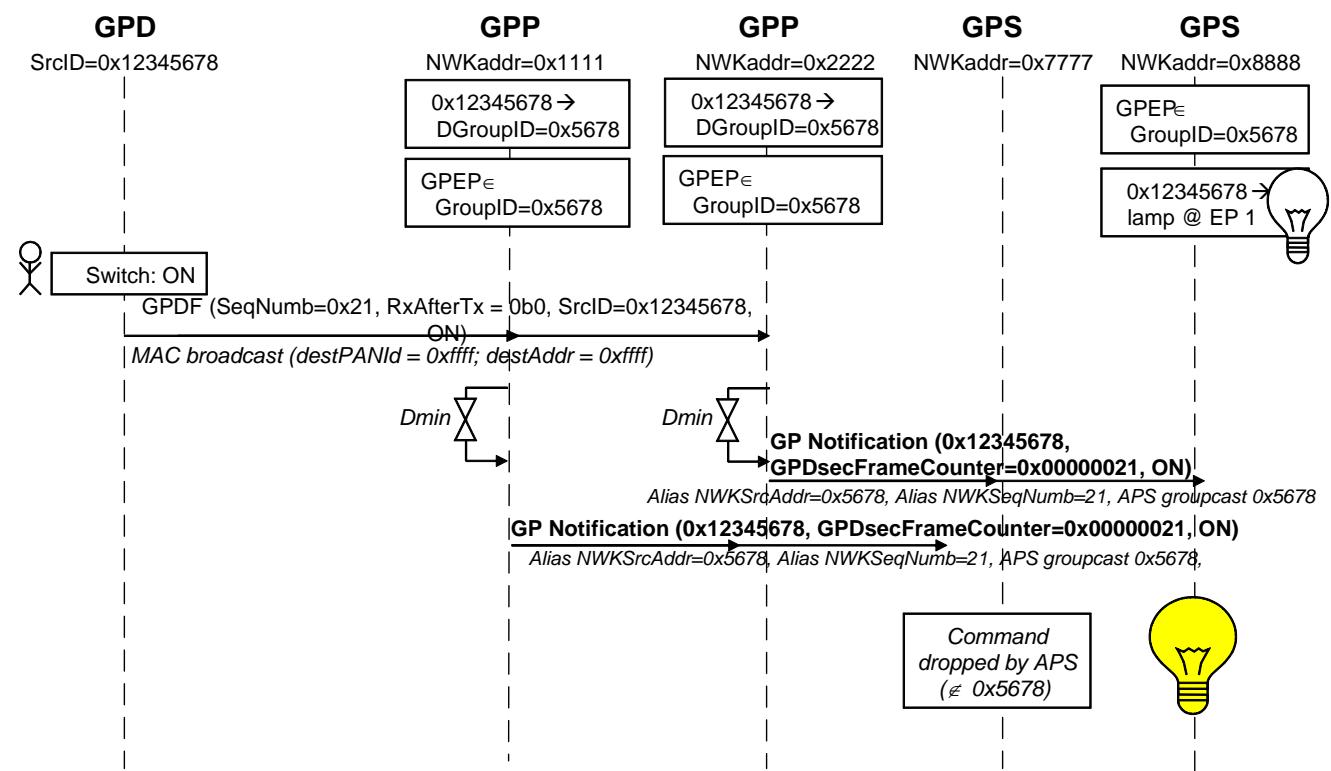
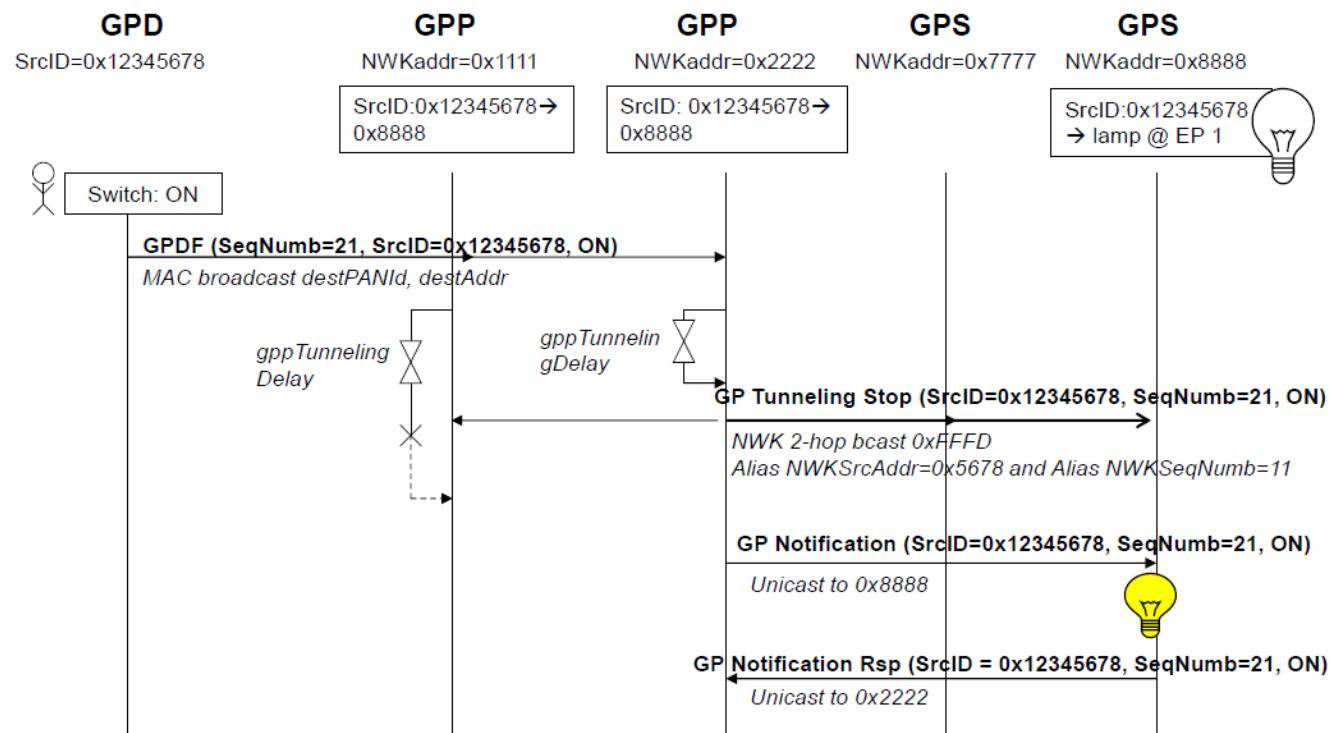
For the full and lightweight unicast GP Notification command, the proxy SHALL further use the following values: NWK Src address, NWK sequence number and APS counter: proxy's own values (no aliasing), NWK Dst address: sink's short address, APS source and destination end point: Green Power EndPoint. For the GP Tunneling Stop command the proxy SHALL use proxy aliasing (see sec. A.3.6.3.3) for NWK Src address, NWK Sequence Number, and APS Counter; local radius (2 hops), and 0xFFFFD broadcast as NWK Dest address.

The proxy schedules sending of the GP Notification command. If (i) there are only lightweight unicast destinations and/or (ii) groupcast destinations, and the *RxAfterTx* flag was cleared, the sending SHALL be scheduled after *Dmin* (see section A.3.6.3.1). Otherwise, if (i) there are any full unicast destinations, also in addition to groupcast destinations, or (ii) the *RxAfterTx* flag was set, the sending SHALL be scheduled after *gppTunnelingDelay* (see section A.3.6.3.1); if there are full unicast destinations, the *gppTunnelingDelay* is calculated as for the full unicast. If the proxy is capable of bidirectional communication or there are any full unicast destinations, and during *gppTunnelingDelay* the proxy receives a GP Tunneling Stop, or a GP (Commissioning) Notification related to the GPDF scheduled for tunneling, it SHALL drop all the scheduled transmissions resulting from the same GPDF, if the *RxAfterTx* flag was set to 0b0. Otherwise, if the *RxAfterTx* flag was set to 0b1, the proxy SHALL only drop the scheduled transmissions, if the *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field of the *Options* field was set to 0b1 and either *GPP-GPD link* field from the received command has a better value than measured by the receiving proxy on receipt of this GPDF (whereby better *GPP-GPD link* is defined as one having higher value of the *Link quality* sub-field, and if *Link quality* is equal, as one having higher value of the *RSSI* sub-field), or if the *GPP-GPD link* value is equal and the value in the *GPP address* field of the received GP Tunneling Stop/GP (Commissioning) Notification is lower than this proxy's NWK address.

On *gppTunnelingDelay / Dmin* timeout, respectively, the GP Tunneling Stop command (if any) SHALL be sent first, the remaining commands SHOULD be sent in the following order: the lightweight or full unicast GP Notification(s) (if any), groupcast GP Notification(s) (if any). Upon transmission of full unicast GP Notification, the proxy SHALL wait for *gppNotificationRetryTimer* ms for a GP Notification Response, and re-transmits upon its lack, up to *gppNotificationRetryNumber* times. If GP Notification Response command is received, the scheduled (re-)transmissions of the GP Notification command to this sink are dropped, and the *FirstToForward* bit in the proxies' Proxy Table entry for this GPD (and the indicated/0xff *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) is updated, taking the value in GP Notification Response as input. If the *NoPairing* flag of the GP Notification Response command is set to 0b1, the proxy SHALL remove this sink from its *SinkAddressList* in the Proxy Table entry for this GPD (and the indicated/0xff *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010). If no GP Notification Response command is received after last retry of the full unicast GP Notification, the proxy MAY request the Zigbee stack to re-discover the route to this full unicast sink. It MAY pro-actively clear the *HasAllUnicastRoutes* sub-field of the *Options* parameter of the Proxy Table entry for this GPD (and the indicated/0xff *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010).

For groupcast communication, the proxy sets the *FirstToForward* sub-field of the Proxy Table entry itself to 0b1, if it managed to forward the GP Notification frame, and to 0b0 otherwise. When there are many paired sinks for the same GPD ID (and matching *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), the proxy uses the OR function for setting the *FirstToForward* flag in its Proxy Table entry, i.e. if the *FirstToForward* is set in at least one GP Notification Response, and/or the proxy manages to send at least one groupcast GP Notification, it sets the *FirstToForward* flag in its Proxy Table.

Exemplary message sequence charts are depicted in Figure 75 and Figure 76.



The proxy behavior in the following situations will be defined by the application profile: (i) on receipt of unsolicited GP Pairing command in operational mode when there is no Proxy Table entry (ii) on receipt of GP Pairing command in commissioning mode when there is no Proxy Table entry, (iii) GP Notification forwarding on receipt of Data GPDF in commissioning mode.

In sec. A.3.7.3.2, SDL diagrams for the above described operation are provided.

### A.3.5.2.2 Proxy Table maintenance

If the *Proxy Table maintenance* functionality is supported, it SHALL be implemented in the following way.

The proxy can passively discover the information by storing pairing information from GP Notification and GP Tunneling Stop commands sent by other proxies, both in operational and commissioning mode. Active discovery is performed by sending GP Pairing Search or broadcast GP Notification command. Appropriate Proxy Table entry status allows avoiding too many discovery broadcasts. For example, keeping inactive entries for GPD nodes without a pairing in the network allows avoiding repetitive pairing re-discovery (with the resource-consuming network-wide broadcast of the GP Pairing Search command). It can be used e.g. for keeping information on GPDs in a neighbor network or on GPDs removed from the network.

#### A.3.5.2.2.1 Proxy Table entry status

The proxy can store entries with different status values in its Proxy Table. The entry status as a function of the *EntryActive* and *EntryValid* flags is explained in Table 46.

**Table 46 – Proxy Table entry status**

EntryActive	EntryValid	Meaning
1	1	(According to this proxy's knowledge) The GPD with this GPD ID (and <i>Endpoint</i> , if <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b010) belongs to this Zigbee network, the sink information is current and valid.
1	0	(According to this proxy's knowledge) The GPD with this GPD ID (and <i>Endpoint</i> , if <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b010) belongs to this Zigbee network, the sink information MAY be outdated/incomplete/not available (e.g. because it just restarted).
0	0	(According to this proxy's knowledge) The GPD with this GPD ID (and <i>Endpoint</i> , if <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b010) does not belong to this Zigbee network, though this information MAY be outdated/wrong (e.g. because it just restarted).
0	1	(According to this proxy's knowledge) The GPD with this GPD ID (and <i>Endpoint</i> , if <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b010) does not belong to this Zigbee network (anymore), and this information is valid (e.g. because GP Pairing with <i>RemoveGPD</i> was received).

Alternatively, the inactive valid or inactive invalid entries of the Proxy Table can be moved into *gppBlockedGPDID* attribute, with the relevant information preserved (GPDID, Endpoint, Sequence number, SearchCounter).

#### A.3.5.2.2.2 Maintenance

The proxy stores the pairing information persistently. On restart, the proxy SHOULD set the *EntryValid* flag of its Proxy Table entries to 0b0 and clear the *FirstToForward* and *HasAllUnicastRoutes* flags; it SHALL keep the sink address information. Subsequently, the proxy SHOULD rediscover its inactive Proxy Table entries. The proxy MAY perform Proxy Table read-out (see A.3.5.2.2.6) or Active re-discovery (see A.3.5.2.2.5). If GP Pairing Search command is sent, it SHALL have the *Request GPD Security Frame Counter* flag set to 0b1.

4464 On receipt of GP Pairing command, the proxy SHALL always check its Proxy Table, both in commis-  
 4465 sioning and operational mode. The proxy SHALL NOT send Device\_ance for the alias. It is assumed,  
 4466 that the Device\_ance is sent by the sink or CT sending the GP Pairing command.

4467 If the proxy has no Proxy Table entry for this GPD (and the indicated/0xff *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID*  
 4468 = 0b010), it SHOULD create a new active valid entry, especially if the *FixedLocation* flag is set to 0b0  
 4469 or if the *FixedLocation* flag is set to 0b1 and the proxy is in the radio range of this GPD; and store all  
 4470 GPD capability information available from GP Pairing.

4471 On receipt of a GP Pairing with *RemoveGPD* flag set to 0b1, rather than removing the Proxy Table en-  
 4472 try, the proxy SHALL set its Proxy Table entry for this GPD (and the indicated/0xff *Endpoint*, if *Appli-*  
 4473 *cationID* = 0b010) to inactive and valid; all sink flags (i.e. sub-fields *Lightweight Unicast GPS*, *De-*  
 4474 *rived Group GPS*, *Commissioning Group GPS* of the *Options* field and *Full Unicast GPS* of the *Ex-*  
 4475 *tended Options* field of the Proxy Table entry) SHALL be cleared and all sinks removed.

4476 If the Proxy Table entry becomes empty, i.e. if its *Lightweight or Full unicast sink address list* contains  
 4477 an address of a single sink, and the proxy receives a GP Pairing command from this sink with the  
 4478 *AddSink* bit in the *Options* field set to 0b0 or if its *Sink group list* contains a single GroupID and the  
 4479 proxy receives a GP Pairing command for this group, with the *AddSink* sub-field in the *Options* field  
 4480 set to 0b0, the proxy SHALL perform Active re-discovery (see sec.A.3.5.2.2.5).

4481 If the proxy receives a GP Pairing command with *AddSink* set to 0b1 for an inactive and valid entry, it  
 4482 SHALL store the supplied pairing information and set the status to active valid.

4483 If the proxy receives a GP Pairing command with *AddSink* set to 0b1 for an invalid entry, it SHALL  
 4484 store the supplied pairing information and set the status to active valid; it SHOULD also perform active  
 4485 re-discovery (see A.3.5.2.2.5).

4486

4487 On receipt of GP-DATA.indication for Data GPDF with Status AUTH\_FAILURE or UNPROCESSED  
 4488 in operational mode, with a GPD ID (and *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) for which the proxy has  
 4489 active invalid Proxy Table, it SHALL drop the frame and SHALL NOT send GP Tunneling Stop/GP  
 4490 Notification.

4491 On receipt in operational mode of a GP-SEC.request for Data GPDF, for an inactive and valid entry,  
 4492 the proxy returns GP-SEC.response with Status DROP\_FRAME; the *SearchCounter* is incremented.

4493 On receipt of a GP Tunneling Stop or a GP Notification for an inactive and valid entry, the command is  
 4494 silently dropped and no further action is taken.

4495 On receipt of GP-DATA.indication for Data GPDF with Status SECURITY\_SUCCESS in operational  
 4496 mode, with a GPD ID for which the proxy does not have Proxy Table entry, the proxy creates an active  
 4497 invalid entry for this GPD, sets the Search counter to 0, the *InRange* flag to 0b1, and performs Passive  
 4498 discovery (see A.3.5.2.2.3). The proxy MAY also derive the DGroupID and add its Green Power End-  
 4499 Point as a member of this group in its *apsGroupTable*. If *ApplicationID* = 0b010, and the proxy already  
 4500 has an entry for the GPD IEEE address and one particular endpoint (not equal to 0xff), the proxy MAY  
 4501 create active invalid entry for the received *Endpoint*, as described above, and proceed with Passive dis-  
 4502 covery (see A.3.5.2.2.3).

4503 On receipt in operational mode of GP-DATA.indication for Data GPDF with Status AUTH\_FAILURE  
 4504 or UNPROCESSED or NO\_SECURITY, with a GPD ID for which the proxy does not have Proxy Ta-  
 4505 ble entry, the proxy creates an inactive invalid entry for this GPD, sets the Search counter to 0, the  
 4506 *InRange* flag to 0b1, and performs Passive discovery (see A.3.5.2.2.3); if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, it  
 4507 MAY also be done in the case when the proxy already has an entry for the GPD IEEE address and one  
 4508 particular endpoint not equal to 0xff. The proxy MAY also derive the DGroupID and add its Green  
 4509 Power EndPoint as a member of this group in its *apsGroupTable*.

4510

4511 On receipt of GP-DATA.indication with Status SECURITY\_SUCCESS in operational mode, with a  
 4512 GPD ID (and *Endpoint* matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) for which the proxy has  
 4513 active invalid Proxy Table, the proxy SHALL perform the checks as described in A.3.5.2.1. If any of  
 4514 the checks fail, the proxy SHOULD silently drop the frame. If the checks are successful, the proxy  
 4515 SHALL schedule transmission of broadcast GP Notification command after Dmin, the destination end-  
 4516 point SHALL be set to 0xf2; the derived alias (see sec. A.3.6.3.3) SHALL be used if available in the  
 4517 Proxy Table entry; if the derived alias is not available, any of the assigned aliases can be used. If the  
 4518 entry for this GPD already contains sink information, the proxy SHALL NOT schedule transmission of  
 4519 GP Notification to the paired sinks in the requested communication mode. Then, the proxy proceeds as  
 4520 described in Active discovery (see sec. A.3.5.2.2.4).

4521  
 4522 If security processing of the Data GPDF in operational mode for an active valid Proxy Table entry fails,  
 4523 the proxy SHOULD send GP Pairing Search command with the *Request GPD Security Key* sub-field  
 4524 set to 0b1, if the *KeyType* is other than NWK key.

4525 On receipt of a GP (Commissioning) Notification command or a GP Tunneling Stop command, for  
 4526 which the proxy has not seen the corresponding GPFS, the proxy SHALL check the content of its  
 4527 Proxy Table. If the entry for this GPD (and *Endpoint* matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* =  
 4528 0b010) exists, the proxy clears the *FirstToForward* flag and the *InRange* flag in the *Options* field of the  
 4529 corresponding Proxy Table entry. Furthermore, if the Proxy Table entry is active and the proxy is in  
 4530 operational mode, it acts as follows. If the entry is active and valid, but the sink data in it is not con-  
 4531 sistent with the content of the received command, or if the entry is active and invalid, the proxy MAY  
 4532 perform Proxy Table read-out (see A.3.5.2.2.6) or Active re-discovery (see A.3.5.2.2.5). If at exiting  
 4533 the commissioning mode, a new Proxy Table entry does not include any sink address, group or indi-  
 4534 vidual, but does have at least one sink flag set to 0b1, the proxy marks the entry as inactive invalid, sets  
 4535 Search counter 0, and performs Active re-discovery.

4536  
 4537 Keeping *Sequence number* values in the *gppBlockedGPDID* entries MAY allow for entry status arbitra-  
 4538 tion between the proxies.

### A.3.5.2.2.3 Passive discovery

4540 The proxy waits for *gppDiscoveryDelay*. If within this time the proxy receives:

- 4541 • a GP Pairing Search or broadcast GP Notification for the same GPD ID (and matching *Endpoint*, if  
   4542 *ApplicationID* = 0b010) and communication modes, then it stops the *gppDiscoveryDelay* timer and  
   4543 performs Active discovery.
- 4544 • a GP Tunneling Stop command for this GPD ID (and matching *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* =  
   4545 0b010); if the *Also Derived Group* and/or the *Also Commissioned Group* flag of the GP Tunneling  
   4546 Stop command was set to 0b1, it sets the *DerivedGroupGPS* and/or the *CommissionedGroupGPS*,  
   4547 sub-field, respectively, of the *Options* parameter of the Proxy Table entry for GPD to 0b1, and then  
   4548 performs Active re-discovery.
- 4549 • a GP Pairing command for this GPD ID (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID*  
   4550 = 0b010), then it sets the entry as active and invalid, stores the information received and performs  
   4551 Active re-discovery.
- 4552 • a unicast/groupcast GP Notification command for this GPD ID (and *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* =  
   4553 0b010), then it adds the communication mode “groupcast with derived GroupID” to the  
   4554 corresponding Proxy Table entry. If at least one of the “also unicast/commissioned group” bits in  
   4555 the GP Notification command is set, the proxy SHALL perform Active re-discovery. If neither of  
   4556 these flags is set, the entry is set to active and valid; no further action is taken.

- 4557 • neither a GP Pairing Search command, nor a GP Pairing command, nor a broadcast GP Notification  
 4558 command for this GPD ID (and *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), then the proxy acts as  
 4559 follows.

4560 If on *gppDiscoveryDelay* expiration, the Proxy Table entry is:

- 4561 ▪ active, the proxy forwards the received frame using a GP Notification command in broadcast<sup>16</sup>,  
 4562 and performs Active discovery.
- 4563 ▪ inactive and the SearchCounter equals 0, the proxy performs Active re-discovery.
- 4564 ▪ inactive and the SearchCounter differs from 0, the proxy increments the counter by 1 (and sets it  
 4565 to 0 if it had its maximum value), and no further action is taken.

#### 4566 A.3.5.2.2.4 Active discovery

4567 The proxy initiates a timer with *gppDiscoveryDuration*. If at least one GP Pairing command for this  
 4568 GPD ID (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) with *AddSink* = 0b1 is  
 4569 received within *gppDiscoveryDuration*, this Proxy Table entry is marked as active and valid, and data  
 4570 from each such GP Pairing command is stored. Otherwise, if at *gppDiscoveryDuration* this Proxy Ta-  
 4571 ble entry does not include any sink address, group or individual, this Proxy Table entry is marked as  
 4572 inactive and invalid, and the Search counter is incremented by 1. If GP Pairing command with *AddSink*  
 4573 = 0b0 or *RemoveGPD* = 0b1 is received, the proxy acts as described in sec. A.3.5.2.1.

#### 4574 A.3.5.2.2.5 Active re-discovery

4575 The proxy broadcasts a GP Pairing Search command. If the proxy entered this procedure because it had  
 4576 seen a GP Notification command, or if the *DerivedGroupGPS* sub-field of the *Options* parameter of the  
 4577 Proxy Table entry for GPD is set to, it SHALL clear the *Request Default Groupcast Sinks* sub-field in  
 4578 the GP Pairing Search command; the other two sink request sub-field are set, depending on the value of  
 4579 the corresponding flags in the triggering command. I.e., if the proxy entered this procedure because it  
 4580 had seen a GP Tunneling Stop command, it SHALL set the *Request unicast sinks* sub-field. The *Re-*  
 4581 *quest Commissioned groupcast sinks* flag is set according to the value of the corresponding flag in the  
 4582 GP Tunneling Stop command or GP Notification command.

4583 Then, the proxy starts a timer for *gppDiscoveryDuration* ms. If any GP Pairing command for this GPD  
 4584 ID (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) with *AddSink* = 0b1 is received  
 4585 within *gppDiscoveryDuration*, the Proxy Table entry for this GPD is marked as active and valid, and  
 4586 the data from each such GP Pairing command is stored. Otherwise, if no GP Pairing command with  
 4587 *AddSink* = 0b1 is received, at *gppDiscoveryDuration* expiration, the status of the Proxy Table entry re-  
 4588 mains unchanged, and - in case the Proxy Table entry is inactive— the Search counter is incremented by  
 4589 1 (and set 0 if it had its maximum value). If GP Pairing command with *AddSink* = 0b0 or *RemoveGPD*  
 4590 = 0b1 is received, the proxy acts as described in sec. A.3.5.2.1.

#### 4591 A.3.5.2.2.6 Proxy Table read-out

4592 The proxy MAY read out interesting Proxy Table entries of other proxy, if any. A broadcast GP Notifi-  
 4593 cation SHALL NOT trigger the Proxy Table read-out.

4594 The input SHALL only be used, if the read-out entry at the remote proxy is active and valid. Moreover,  
 4595 if the entry on the requesting proxy is also active and valid, it is recommended to only add sink infor-  
 4596 mation from the remote proxy.

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<sup>16</sup> In this way, the command sent by the GPD is executed with the delay anticipated by the user. The GP Notification can in this case be seen as an implicit Pairing Search command: sink requiring other communication modes will send a GP Pairing command, cf. section A.2.4.3.1.2.

### A.3.5.2.2.7 gppDiscoveryDelay

The gppDiscoveryDelay is a constant, equal to the sum of Dmin, Dmax and 10 ms.

### A.3.5.2.2.8 gppDiscoveryDuration

The gppDiscoveryDuration is a constant, equal to 10s.

## A.3.5.2.3 Operation of GP Proxy Basic and proxy side of GP Combo Basic

On receipt of GP-SEC.request, the Basic Proxy acts as described in sec. A.3.7.3.1.1.

On receipt of Zigbee Update Device and Device\_ance commands with IEEE address other than 0xffffffffffff, the Basic Proxy SHALL check if it has the announced device listed in the *SinkAddressList* of any of its Proxy Table entries. If yes, the mapping of the Sink IEEE address to the Sink NWK address SHALL be updated. Further, the proxy SHALL check if the NWKAddr field of the received Device\_ance matches any of the aliases used by this proxy. If that's the case, an address conflict with a regular Zigbee device is discovered and the proxy SHALL act according to Zigbee [1] address conflict announcement procedure, i.e. the proxy SHALL send, after randomly chosen delay from between Dmin and Dmax (see A.3.6.3.1), the Zigbee Device\_ance command (unless identical frame was received within this time), formatted as described in A.3.6.3.4.2, to force the regular Zigbee device to change its short address. The alias SHALL NOT be changed.

On receipt of GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command, the proxy enters or exits the commissioning mode, according to the value of the *Action* sub-field of the *Options* field. It also adapts other parameters, e.g. *Channel*, *ExitMode* and *CommissioningWindow* duration, according to the values received in the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command. It further exits the commissioning mode, when the exit conditions specified in the *ExitMode* sub-field of the previously received GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command are fulfilled (see Figure 22) or when *CommissioningWindow* times out. If the *ExitMode* had the *On first Pairing success* sub-field set to 0b1, the proxy SHALL exit commissioning mode upon reception of any GP Pairing command, including GP Pairing command with *RemoveGPD* sub-field set to 0b1 or *AddSink* sub-field set to 0b0. While in commissioning mode, the Basic Proxy SHALL behave as described in sec. A.3.9.1, according to the supported commissioning functionality.

On receipt of GP Pairing command, the Basic Proxy updates its Proxy Table, as instructed by the GP Pairing command, both in commissioning and operational mode. The proxy SHALL NOT send Device\_ance for the alias. It is assumed, that the Device\_ance is sent by the sink or CT sending the GP Pairing command.

A received GP Pairing command with *GPD ID* field carrying SrcID = 0x00000000 (if *ApplicationID* = 0b000) or GPD IEEE address 0x0000000000000000 (if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) SHALL be silently dropped; Proxy Table entry SHALL NOT be created or updated. GP Pairing command with SrcID = 0xffffffff (if *ApplicationID* = 0b000) or GPD IEEE address 0xffffffffffff (if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) denotes a pairing for all GPD with a particular *ApplicationID* and SHALL be created if there is space in the Proxy Table.

If the *GPD ID* field of a received GP Pairing command carries SrcID from the valid range 0x00000001 – 0xffffffff (if *ApplicationID* = 0b000) or GPD IEEE address from the valid range (if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), the proxy SHALL proceed as follows. If in the received GP Pairing command both *AddSink* sub-field of the *Options* field and *RemoveGPD* sub-field of the *Options* field are set to 0b1, the command SHALL be silently dropped, Proxy Table entries SHALL NOT be modified.

If *AddSink* sub-field of the *Options* field is set to 0b1 and the proxy has no Proxy Table entry for this GPD (and the indicated/0x00/0xff *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), the proxy SHALL check the *CommunicationMode* sub-field of the *Options* field. If the proxy does not support this *CommunicationMode* and the GP Pairing command was received in unicast, the proxy SHALL respond with ZCL Default response command with *Status INVALID\_FIELD*; if the GP Pairing command was received in broadcast, the proxy SHALL silently drop it. If the proxy does support this *CommunicationMode*, it SHOULD create a new active valid entry, especially if the *FixedLocation* flag is set to 0b0 or if the *FixedLocation* flag is set to 0b1 and the proxy is in the radio range of this GPD; and store all GPD capability information available from GP Pairing. If the entry could not be created due to a lack of capacity in the Proxy Table, and the GP Pairing command was received in unicast, the proxy SHALL respond with ZCL Default response command with *Status INSUFFICIENT\_SPACE*; if the GP Pairing command was received in broadcast, the proxy SHALL silently drop it.

If *AddSink* sub-field of the *Options* field is set to 0b1 and the proxy already has the Proxy Table entry for this GPD (and the indicated/0x00/0xff *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), it SHALL store the additional unicast or groupcast sink information, if any, in this Proxy Table entry, if there is still space. On receipt of a GP Pairing with *RemoveGPD* sub-field set to 0b1, the Basic Proxy SHALL remove this Proxy Table entry entirely.

On receipt of a GP Pairing with *AddSink* sub-field of the *Options* field is set to 0b0 and *RemoveGPD* sub-field set to 0b0, if the proxy already has the Proxy Table entry for this GPD (and the indicated/0x00/0xff *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), it SHALL remove the indicated unicast or groupcast sink information, if stored, from this Proxy Table entry. If the Proxy Table entry becomes empty, i.e. if its *Lightweight or Full unicast sink address list* contains an address of a single sink, and the proxy receives a GP Pairing command from this sink with the *AddSink* bit in the *Options* field set to 0b0 or if its *Sink group list* contains a single GroupID and the proxy receives a GP Pairing command for this group, with the *AddSink* sub-field in the *Options* field set to 0b0, the proxy SHALL remove the entry entirely. If the proxy receives a GP Pairing command with *AddSink* set to 0b1 for an inactive and valid entry, it SHALL store the supplied pairing information and set the status to active valid. If the proxy receives a GP Pairing command with *AddSink* set to 0b1 for an invalid entry, it SHALL store the supplied pairing information and set the status to active valid; it SHOULD also perform active re-discovery (see A.3.5.2.2.5).

Note: if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, the *Endpoint* field of a Proxy Table entry for a GPD IEEE address has either the exact value as the *GPD Endpoint* field in the incoming message, or 0x00, or 0xff.

If the *RemoveGPD* sub-field of the *Options* field was set to 0b0 and the *SecurityLevel* field of the *Options* field is set to 0b01, the proxy SHALL NOT update (if existent) nor create a Proxy Table entry. If the *RemoveGPD* sub-field was set to 0b1, the Basic Proxy removes this Proxy Table entry; if the *ApplicationID* = 0b010 and the value of the *Endpoint* field of the GP Pairing command is other than 0xff, the proxy SHALL remove that entry, if existing; if the *ApplicationID* = 0b010 and the value of the *Endpoint* field of the GP Pairing command is 0xff, the proxy SHALL remove all entries for this GPD IEEE address. If the *RemoveGPD* sub-field was set to 0b0; and the *AddSink* flag was set to 0b0, the Basic Proxy removes the Sink group address from the *SinkGroupList*.

If the *RemoveGPD* sub-field was set to 0b0 and the *AddSink* flag was set to 0b1, the Basic Proxy adds the communication mode, if new, and the sink (group) address, if not already included in the corresponding *SinkList*, and sets the entry to active and valid. The Basic Proxy updates the Proxy Table fields *SecurityLevel*, *KeyType*, *GPDkey* and *GPDsecurityFrameCounter*, if they were included in the GP Pairing command; if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, the proxy SHALL check if it has another entry for the same GPD IEEE address and update the security fields. If the *Assigned Alias* field is present, the Basic Proxy stores it in its Proxy Table entry, and sets the corresponding *Options* sub-field.

Furthermore, on receipt of GP Pairing command with *RemoveGPD* flag was set to 0b0 and the *AddSink* flag was set to 0b1, the proxy MAY check if the supplied alias, derived or assigned, is identical with the proxy's own short address. If it is, address conflict is discovered and the proxy SHALL act according to Zigbee [1] address conflict resolution procedure, i.e. the proxy SHALL randomly choose a new short address and subsequently announce it using the Zigbee Device\_annce command short address. The alias SHALL NOT be changed.

On receipt of GP-DATA.indication, the proxy checks the type of GPD command and the mode the proxy is in.

If the proxy is in operational mode, and SrcID = 0x00000000 (if *ApplicationID* = 0b000) or GPD IEEE address 0x0000000000000000 (if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), the frame SHALL be silently dropped. If the proxy is in operational mode, and the GPDF carries a correctly protected GPD Commissioning or GPD Decommissioning command from a GPD the proxy has a Proxy Table entry for, the proxy SHALL forward the GPD command to the paired sinks using GP Notification command in the appropriate communication mode(s); the *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Control Field* of the triggering GPDF SHALL be ignored, and the *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Options* field of the resulting GP Notification command SHALL always be set to 0b0; the GP Notification, if in groupcast, SHALL be sent with alias at *Dmin\_u*. If the proxy is in operational mode, and the GPDF carries a correctly protected GPD Success command or any other GPD commissioning command from the range 0xE4 – 0xEF, from a GPD the proxy has a Proxy Table entry for, the proxy SHOULD NOT forward the GPD command using the GP Notification; however, if generated, GP Notification command SHALL be sent to the paired sinks using command in the appropriate communication mode(s); the *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Control Field* of the triggering GPDF SHALL be ignored, and the *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Options* field of the resulting GP Notification command SHALL always be set to 0b0; the GP Notification, if in groupcast, SHALL be sent with alias at *Dmin\_u*. If the proxy is in operational mode, and the GPDF carries a GPD Commissioning command, GPD Success command, GPD Channel Request, a GPD Decommissioning command, or any other GPD commissioning command from the range 0xE4 – 0xEF, from a GPD the proxy has no Proxy Table entry for, or incorrectly protected GPDF from a GPD the proxy has a Proxy Table entry for, the packet SHALL be silently dropped. Otherwise, if the Basic Proxy is in commissioning mode, the Basic Proxy SHALL process the packet as described in sec. A.3.9.1.

If the GP-DATA.indication Status is SECURITY\_SUCCESS/NO\_SECURITY and the GPDF is a Data GPDF, independent of whether the *Auto-Commissioning* flag is set to 0b0 or 0b1, the Basic Proxy searches its Proxy Table for a matching entry related to the received GPD ID (and any *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010). If there is any Proxy Table entry for this GPD with the *InRange* flag set to 0b0 (even if the *GPDfixed* flag is also set to 0b1 or if the *Endpoint* field has value other than in the received GPDF), the Basic Proxy sets the *InRange* flag to 0b1.

Then, the Basic Proxy continues as follows.

4726 If *ApplicationID* = 0b010, the proxy checks if it has an entry with the exact *GPD ID* and *Endpoint* as in  
 4727 the GPDF, or otherwise if it has an entry with the exact *GPD ID* as in the GPDF and *Endpoint* = 0xff,  
 4728 or – if the Endpoint in the GP-DATA.indication is 0xff or 0x00 - if it has an entry with the exact *GPD*  
 4729 *ID*. If not, the GPDF is silently dropped.

4730 If there is a matching entry, the Basic Proxy checks the security level of the received GPDF as follows.  
 4731 The Basic Proxy compares the value of the sub-fields *SecurityLevel* and *SecurityKey* from for the re-  
 4732 ceived GPDF command with the corresponding *SecurityLevel* and *SecurityKey* parameters from the  
 4733 Proxy Table. If the *SecurityLevel* and the *SecurityKey* do match, the Basic Proxy performs freshness  
 4734 check (see sec. A.3.6.1.2.1). If any of those checks fails and on reception of GP-DATA.indication  
 4735 with the Status AUTH\_FAILURE or UNPROCESSED, the Basic Proxy stops processing the frame.  
 4736 The Basic Proxy SHALL NOT send GP Notification or GP Pairing Search.

4737 If all the checks succeed, the Basic Proxy stores the *Sequence Number / Frame Counter* in the *GPD*  
 4738 *security frame counter* parameter of the Proxy Table entry for this GPD ID (and *Endpoint* matching or  
 4739 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), and constructs from the received GPDF a GP Notification  
 4740 command(s) for each group address and each unicast sink stored in the Proxy Table for this GPD; if  
 4741 *ApplicationID* = 0b010, the *Endpoint* field of the GP Notification command SHALL be set to the value  
 4742 of the *Endpoint* field from the triggering GPDF. The *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field  
 4743 SHALL be set according to device capabilities; and the *gpTxQueueFull* sub-field of the *Options* field  
 4744 SHALL be set according to the status of this Basic Proxy's *gpTxQueue*, if the proxy does not support  
 4745 bidirectional communication, it SHALL set the *gpTxQueueFull* sub-field of the *Options* field to 0b1.  
 4746 The GPD *CommandID* and *GPD Command payload* are included in the clear in the GP Notification  
 4747 command, even if they were encrypted in the GPDF (*SecurityLevel* = 0b11, if supported); the MIC  
 4748 field from the GPDF SHALL NOT be included. The lower layers of the Basic Proxy stack (APS and  
 4749 NWK layer of Zigbee) will take care of appropriate protection of the command during tunneling  
 4750 through the Zigbee network. The *Ack. request* sub-field of the APS *Frame Control* field is set to 0b0.

4751 If the proxy is not capable of bidirectional communication or if the *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Extended*  
 4752 *NWK Control Field* of the triggering GPDF was set to 0b0, for groupcast GP Notification, the Basic  
 4753 Proxy SHALL further use **proxy aliasing**, i.e. the following values: NWK Src address = alias source  
 4754 address (see A.3.6.3.3), NWK Sequence Number = alias sequence number (see A.3.6.3.3), NWK Dest  
 4755 address: 0xFFFFD (broadcast to RxOnWhenIdle=TRUE); APS group address: as stored in the Proxy  
 4756 Table, APS source endpoint: Green Power EndPoint; APS counter = alias sequence number (see  
 4757 A.3.6.3.3)., The Basic Proxy SHALL send it after Dmin\_u if *RxAfterTx* = 0b0, or else after *gppTunnel-  
 4758 ingDelay*, and SHALL NOT drop its own transmission upon reception of the same GP Notification.  
 4759

4760 For lightweight unicast GP Notification, the Basic Proxy SHALL NOT use **proxy aliasing**, i.e. NWK  
 4761 Src address, NWK sequence number and APS counter: are proxy's own values, NWK Dst address:  
 4762 sink's short address, APS source and destination end point: Green Power EndPoint. The Basic Proxy  
 4763 SHALL send it after Dmin.

4764

#### 4765 **A.3.5.2.4 Operation of sink side of GP Combo Basic**

4766 According to the current version of the specification, sinks joining a Zigbee SHALL set the *Involve TC*  
 4767 sub-field of the *gpsSecurityLevel* attribute as described in sec. A.3.3.2.6.

4768

4769 On receipt of GP Pairing Configuration command, the Basic Combo SHALL act as described in sec-  
 4770 tion A.3.5.2.4.1.

4771 While in commissioning mode, the Basic Combo SHALL behave as described in sec. A.3.9.1, accord-  
4772 ing to the supported commissioning functionality.

4773 In addition to the Device\_ance sent as a result of successful proximity or multi-hop commissioning  
4774 (see sec. A.3.9.1), a sink MAY also send Device\_ance at other times, e.g. to prevent/resolve conflicts  
4775 with devices not present at the time of the original announcement.

4776

4777 On receipt of GPD Decommissioning command, both in operational and in commissioning mode, the  
4778 sink checks if it has a Sink Table entry for this GPD ID (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if  
4779 *ApplicationID* = 0b010). If not, the frame is ignored. If yes, the sink decrypts the frame, if directly re-  
4780 ceived, performs a freshness check, as described in A.3.6.1.2.1 and compares the *SecurityLevel* and *Se-*  
4781 *curityKeyType* with the values stored in the Sink Table entry. If any of those checks fails, the frame is  
4782 silently dropped. If all those checks succeed, the sink removes this Sink Table entry, removes/replaces  
4783 with generic entries the corresponding Translation Table entries if Translation Table functionality is  
4784 supported, and removes Green Power EndPoint membership at APS level in the groups listed in the  
4785 removed entry, if any. Then, the sink schedules sending of a GP Pairing command for this GPD ID  
4786 (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), with the *RemoveGPD* sub-field  
4787 set to 0b1. If the removed Sink Table entry included any pre-commissioned groups, and if the GPD  
4788 Decommissioning command was received in commissioning mode, the sink SHALL also send GP  
4789 Pairing Configuration message, with *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field set to 0b100, *SendGPPairing*  
4790 sub-field of the *Actions* field set to 0b0, and *Number of paired endpoints* field set to 0xfe.

4791 On receipt of GP-SEC.request, the Combo Basic acts as described in sec. A.3.7.3.1.1.

4792 On receipt of a GPD data command in operational mode via GP-DATA.indication with Status  
4793 NO\_SECURITY / SECURITY\_SUCCESS or in GP Notification command, the sink checks the  
4794 GPDID value: if SrcID = 0x00000000 (if *ApplicationID* = 0b000) or GPD IEEE address  
4795 0x0000000000000000 (if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), the frame SHALL be silently dropped.

4796 Then, the Basic Combo performs duplicate filtering, as described in A.3.6.1.2. Then the Basic Combo  
 4797 checks if it has a Sink Table entry for this GPD (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID*  
 4798 = 0b010). If the Basic Combo does not have a Sink Table entry for this GPD (and *Endpoint*,  
 4799 matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), or the Sink Table entry exists but with another  
 4800 communication mode, and the incoming GP Notification message was received as lightweight or full  
 4801 unicast, the sink SHALL drop the command; it SHOULD broadcast a GP Pairing command for this  
 4802 GPD with the *AddSink* flag set to 0b1 and the correct value in the *CommunicationMode* sub-field and  
 4803 then a GP Pairing command for this GPD, the *CommunicationMode* flag set to the incorrect communica-  
 4804 tion mode as in the triggering GP Notification, and *AddSink* flag set to 0b0. If the GPD command  
 4805 was received directly or in groupcast and the sink does not have a Sink Table entry for this GPD (and  
 4806 *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) and communication mode, the sink  
 4807 SHALL silently ignore it.

4808 If the Basic Combo has a Sink Table entry for this GPD (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if  
 4809 *ApplicationID* = 0b010), and if the received GPD command is a Data command (0x00 <= CommandID  
 4810 <= 0xDF), the value of the sub-fields *SecurityLevel* and *SecurityKey* from the received command are  
 4811 compared with the corresponding *SecurityLevel* and *SecurityKeyType* parameters from the Sink Table.  
 4812 If the *SecurityLevel* and the *SecurityKey* do match, the Basic Combo performs a freshness check, as  
 4813 described in A.3.6.1.2.1. If any of those checks fails, the frame is silently dropped. If all those checks  
 4814 succeed, the Basic Combo updates the *GPD security frame counter* parameter of this Sink Table entry.  
 4815 If all previous checks succeed, the Combo Basic SHALL accept the GPD commands received in GP  
 4816 Notification with *ProxyInfoPresent* sub-field of the *Options* field set to 0b0. Then if the Basic Combo  
 4817 has a Translation Table, the Basic Combo checks the value of the *EndPoint* field of the Translation Ta-  
 4818 ble entries for the GPD. If there is a Translation Table with value of the *EndPoint* field other than 0x00  
 4819 and 0xfd, the Basic Combo SHALL also translate the GPD command into a Zigbee command, as indi-  
 4820 cated in the Translation Table entry, and send it to the paired local endpoint(s), as indicated in the *End-  
 4821 Point* field, for execution.

4822 If the Basic Combo has a Sink Table entry for this GPD (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if  
 4823 *ApplicationID* = 0b010), the Basic Combo is in operational mode and if the received GPD command is  
 4824 either a GPD Commissioning command, the Basic Combo SHALL NOT enter commissioning mode  
 4825 and SHALL NOT perform any commissioning action. The Basic Combo MAY provide some indica-  
 4826 tion to the user about the attempted commissioning action. Other GPD commissioning commands re-  
 4827 ceived in operational mode SHALL be silently dropped, unless their handling in operation is explicitly  
 4828 described.

4829  
 4830 The Combo Basic device SHALL act upon a GPD command from a paired GPD just once and SHALL  
 4831 filter out duplicate GPD commands received in both direct and tunneled mode (i.e. via both client and  
 4832 server side of the Green Power cluster).

4833 On receiving a GPD frame in direct mode, the GP Combo Basic device SHALL NOT only forward it  
 4834 to local paired end points, but also participate in forwarding this frame to other sinks listed in its Proxy  
 4835 Table for this GPD (and *GPD Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), if any,  
 4836 as specified in section A.3.5.2.1.

4837 The proxy side of the combo SHALL create a Proxy Table entry for a GP Pairing using Pre-  
 4838 commissioning groupcast if it is sent by the sink side residing on the same radio. Since a broadcast  
 4839 transmission is typically not passed up again to the originating endpoint, this may require special  
 4840 solution in the combo code. The proxy side of the combo is not required to create a Proxy Table entry  
 4841 for a GP Pairing using DGroup or unicast communication mode if it is sent by the sink side residing on  
 4842 the same radio.

4843 The proxy side of the combo is not required to enter the commissioning mode for a GP Proxy

4844 Commissioning Mode with *Action* = *Enter* if it is sent by the sink side residing on the same radio.  
4845 Green Power cluster commands related to the GP functionality not supported by the Basic Combo (see  
4846 sec. A.3.2.9 - A.3.2.10) SHALL be silently dropped.

4847 The SDL diagram illustrating the Basic Proxy behavior in operational and commissioning mode is in-  
4848 cluded in sec. A.3.8.1.

#### 4849 **A.3.5.2.4.1 Handling of GP Pairing Configuration**

4850 The sink's reaction on reception of GP Pairing Configuration command (see sec. A.3.3.4.6) is the  
4851 same, irrespective of whether it is in commissioning mode or operational mode.

4852 On receipt of GP Pairing Configuration command, the sink is requested to update its Sink Table and  
4853 Translation Table, if supported, based on the value of the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field and using  
4854 the data provided in the remaining fields, as follows.

4855 A received GP Pairing Configuration command carrying SrcID = 0x00000000 (if *ApplicationID* =  
4856 0b000) or GPD IEEE address 0x0000000000000000 (if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) SHALL be silently  
4857 dropped; Sink Table entry SHALL NOT be created or updated. GP Pairing Configuration command  
4858 with SrcID = 0xffffffff (if *ApplicationID* = 0b000) or GPD IEEE address 0xffffffffffff (if *Appli-  
4859 cationID* = 0b010) denotes a pairing for all GPD with a particular *ApplicationID* and SHALL be created  
4860 if there is space in the Sink Table.

4861  
4862 If the *GPD ID* field of a received GP Pairing Configuration command carries SrcID from the valid  
4863 range 0x00000001 – 0xfffffff8 (if *ApplicationID* = 0b000) or GPD IEEE address from the valid range  
4864 (if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), the sink SHALL proceed as follows.

4865 If the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field was set to 0b000, 0b001 or 0b010 and the *SecurityLevel* field  
4866 of the *SecurityUse* field is set to 0b01, the sink SHALL NOT update (if existent) nor create a Sink Ta-  
4867 ble entry for this GPD ID (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010). If the  
4868 command was sent in unicast, it MAY send ZCL Default Response Command with the *Status* code  
4869 field indicating FAILURE (see [3]).

4870 If the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field is set to 0b000, the sink SHALL NOT modify the Sink Table  
4871 nor the Translation Table. If the *Send GP Pairing* sub-field of the *Actions* field of the GP Pairing Con-  
4872 figuration command is set to 0b1, and there is an entry for this GPD ID (and *Endpoint*, matching or  
4873 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) in the Sink Table, the sink SHALL send the GP Pairing com-  
4874 mand with *AddSink* = 0b1 and *RemoveGPD* = 0b0 for all information available in the Sink Table entry.  
4875 If the *Send GP Pairing* sub-field of the *Actions* field of the GP Pairing Configuration command is set to  
4876 0b1, but there is no entry for this GPD ID (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* =  
4877 0b010) in the Sink Table, the sink SHALL NOT send the GP Pairing command(s).

4878

4879 Action sub-field equal to 0b001 or 0b010

4880 For *Action* sub-field equal to 0b001 or 0b010, the sink starts as follows. The sink checks if it supports  
4881 the *SecurityLevel* requested (i.e., if it is higher than or equal to the *gpsSecurityLevel*) and if it supports  
4882 the requested *CommunicationMode* (as indicated in the *gpsFunctionality/gpsActiveFunctionality* attrib-  
4883 ute). If either of those checks fails, it drops the frame; Sink Table and Translation Table is not modi-  
4884 fied. If the command was sent in unicast, it MAY send ZCL Default Response Command with the *Status*  
4885 code field indicating FAILURE (see [3]). If both checks succeed, the sink proceeds as follows, de-  
4886 pending on the *Action* sub-field value. If the *GPD Application Description command follows* sub-  
4887 field of the *Application Information* field is set to 0b1, the sink SHALL buffer the received information  
4888 in an application-specific manner and SHALL start the *MultiSensorCommissioningTimeout* timer, if  
4889 not running yet.

4890  
4891 If the *GPD Application Description command follows* sub-field of the *Application Information* field is  
4892 set to 0b0 OR if the *GPD Application Description command follows* sub-field of the *Application In-*  
4893 *formation* field is set to 0b1 and the complete commissioning information consisting of GP Pairing  
4894 Configuration command for this GPD with *Action* = 0b001 or 0b010 (add or replace) and all the Report  
4895 Descriptors (as can be derived from the fields *Total number of reports*) for a GPD were received, the  
4896 sink proceeds as follows.

If the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field is set to 0b010, the sink SHALL remove all the Sink Table entry/entries for this GPD (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), if any. For all the removed groupcast pairings, the sink SHALL remove its Green Power EndPoint as a member of the group at APS level. If the sink has any Translation Table entry/entries for this specific GPD ID (and *GPD Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), they all SHALL be removed or replaced with the generic Translation Table entry. Both for *Action* sub-field equal to 0b001 if there is no Sink Table entry for this GPD ID (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) and 0b010, the sink SHALL then analyze the *Number of paired endpoints* field.

If the *Number of paired endpoints* field is set to 0x00 or 0xfd, the data from this GPD is not meant for local execution on this sink. If the sink does support *Sink Table-based forwarding* in the requested *CommunicationMode*, it SHALL create a Sink Table entry with the supplied information and a Translation Table entry for the GPD ID (and *GPD Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), with the *EndPoint* field having the value 0xfd. If the *CommunicationMode* supplied in the Pairing Configuration command was groupcast, the sink SHALL add its Green Power EndPoint as a member of the supplied group or derived group at APS level if not already a member. If the sink does NOT support *Sink Table-based forwarding* or it does not support *Sink Table-based forwarding* in the requested *CommunicationMode*, the sink (i) MAY create a Sink Table entry with the supplied information and a Translation Table entry for this GPD ID (and *GPD Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) with *Endpoint* field set to 0x00; (ii) MAY create a Sink Table entry with the supplied information and refrain from creating any Translation Table entry for this GPD ID (and matching *GPD Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) (sink SHALL NOT use this option if it has generic Translation Table entries for this GPD command(s)); or (iii) MAY refrain from creating both Sink Table entry and Translation Table entry for this GPD ID (and matching *GPD Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010). If the Sink Table entry is created and the *CommunicationMode* supplied in the Pairing Configuration command was groupcast, the sink SHALL add its Green Power EndPoint as a member of the supplied group or derived group at APS level if not already a member.

If the *Number of paired endpoints* field is set to 0xff, all matching endpoints are to be paired; the sink MAY then create a Sink Table entry with the supplied information and Translation Table entry for the GPD ID (and *GPD Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), with the *EndPoint* field having the value 0xff; the unmodified generic entry, if available, MAY be used instead. If the *CommunicationMode* supplied in the Pairing Configuration command was groupcast, the sink SHALL add its Green Power EndPoint as a member of the supplied group or derived group at APS level if not already a member. If no match is found, the sink SHALL act as described above for *Number of paired endpoints* equal to 0x00 or 0xfd.

If the *Number of paired endpoints* field is set to 0xfe, the paired endpoints are to be derived by the sink. If the GP Pairing Configuration command carries a *CommunicationMode* 0b10 and the *GroupList* is present, all application endpoints being members of this group are to be paired; otherwise, the sink is to derive the paired endpoints in an application-specific manner. The sink SHOULD then create a Sink Table entry with the supplied information and Translation Table entry/entries for the GPD ID (and *GPD Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), with the *EndPoint* field containing the derived value of the sink's endpoint; the unmodified generic entry, if available, MAY be used instead. If the *CommunicationMode* supplied in the Pairing Configuration command was groupcast, the sink SHALL add its Green Power EndPoint as a member of the supplied group or derived group at APS level if not already a member. If no match is found (i.e., in case of *CommunicationMode* 0b10, none of the application endpoints of the sink is a member of any of the groups listed in the *GroupList* field), the sink SHALL act as described above for *Number of paired endpoints* equal to 0x00 or 0xfd. If the *Number of paired endpoints* field has values other than 0x00, 0xfd, 0xfe, or 0xff, the *Paired endpoints* field is present and contains the list of local endpoints paired to this GPD; the sink creates a

4945 Translation Table entry for this GPD ID (and *GPD Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) and each End-  
 4946 Point listed in the *Paired endpoints* field. If the *CommunicationMode* supplied in the Pairing Configu-  
 4947 ration command was groupcast, the sink SHALL add its Green Power EndPoint as a member of the  
 4948 supplied group or derived group at APS level if not already a member.

4949 If the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field is set to 0b001 and a Sink Table entry for this GPD (and  
 4950 *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) already exists, the sink checks the  
 4951 match between the *CommunicationMode* in the GP Pairing Configuration command and the Sink Table  
 4952 entry. If the existing entry contains different *CommunicationMode*, the existing entry SHALL NOT be  
 4953 overwritten; new entry MAY be created, storing the supplied information; if the supplied information is  
 4954 not stored and if the command was sent in unicast, the sink MAY send ZCL Default Response Com-  
 4955 mand with the *Status* code field indicating FAILURE (see [3]). If the *CommunicationMode* does  
 4956 match, the sink checks the *Number of paired endpoints* field. If set to 0xff, 0xfe or value other than  
 4957 0x00 or 0xfd; the sink SHALL attempt extending the Sink Table and/or Translation Table entry with  
 4958 the supplied information (if not already listed there). If the Sink Table entry is updated and the *Com-*  
 4959 *municationMode* supplied in the Pairing Configuration command was groupcast, the sink SHALL add  
 4960 its Green Power EndPoint as a member of the supplied group or derived group at APS level if not al-  
 4961 ready a member.

4962

#### 4963 *Action* sub-field equal to 0b101

4964 If the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field is set to 0b101, if the *MultiSensorCommissioningTimeout* is  
 4965 not running, the sink SHALL start it; if it is running, the sink SHALL NOT modify it. Then, the sink  
 4966 SHALL analyze the supplied *Report Descriptor* fields; in case of application functionality match. If  
 4967 there is application functionality match AND the sink received GP Pairing Configuration command for  
 4968 this GPD with *Action* = 0b001 or 0b010 (add or replace) AND the sink received all Report Descriptors  
 4969 for this GPD (as can be derived from the fields *Total number of reports*), then the sink SHALL com-  
 4970 plete the pairing procedure by updating the Sink Table entry as triggered by the GP Pairing Configura-  
 4971 tion command for this GPD with *Action* = 0b001 or 0b010 (add or replace), as described above, and by  
 4972 storing the information about the matching Data Point Descriptors – if the Translation Table functional-  
 4973 ity is supported, then in the *Additional information block* field of the Translation Table entry for that  
 4974 *SrcID/GPD IEEE address* (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), and if  
 4975 the Translation Table functionality is not supported, in an application-specific way.

4976 To increase the robustness of the commissioning process, the sink SHALL be capable of receiving the  
 4977 GP Pairing Configuration commands with *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field is set to 0b101 carrying  
 4978 Application Description GPDFs out of order and in duplicate.

4979

4980 If the sink did NOT receive GP Pairing Configuration command for this GPD with *Action* = 0b001 or  
 4981 0b010 (add or replace) OR all the Report Descriptors (as can be derived from the fields *Total number*  
 4982 *of reports*) for a GPD, the sink SHALL buffer the information received in an application-specific man-  
 4983 ner and continue waiting until *MultiSensorCommissioningTimeout*.

4984 Upon *MultiSensorCommissioningTimeout*, if the sink did NOT receive GP Pairing Configuration  
 4985 command for this GPD with *Action* = 0b001 or 0b010 (add or replace) OR all the Report Descriptors  
 4986 (as can be derived from the fields *Total number of reports*) for a GPD, the sink SHALL drop all the  
 4987 buffered information and SHALL NOT create any Sink Table or Translation Table entries for this  
 4988 GPD.

4989

#### 4990 *Action* sub-field equal to 0b011 or 0b100

If the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field is set to 0b011, the sink SHALL check if it has Sink Table entry for the supplied *SrcID/GPD IEEE address* (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) with the supplied *CommunicationMode* and, in case of groupcast *CommunicationMode*, the supplied GroupID. If yes, this pairing SHALL be removed. In case of groupcast, the sink SHALL remove its Green Power EndPoint as a member of this group at APS level. If the sink has any Translation Table entry/entries for this GPD ID (and *GPD Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) and sink's endpoint, if specific endpoint is provided in the GP Pairing Configuration command, they SHALL be removed/replaced with the generic Translation Table entry.

If the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field is set to 0b100, the sink SHALL remove all the Sink Table entry(s) for this GPD and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, if they exist. For all the pairings that were for groupcast, the sink SHALL remove its Green Power EndPoint as a member of the group at APS level. If the sink has any Translation Table entry/entries for this GPD ID (and *GPD Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), they all SHALL be removed/replaced with the generic Translation Table entry.

#### Action sub-field equal to 0b000 – 0b100

If the *Send GP Pairing* sub-field of the *Actions* field of the GP Pairing Configuration command is set to 0b1, the sink SHALL, upon completion of Sink Table update, send the GP Pairing command(s) reflecting the changes made, i.e. if a pairing was added as a result of *Action* set to 0b001 or 0b010, the sink SHALL send the GP Pairing command with *AddSink* = 0b1 and *RemoveGPD* = 0b0 for all information available in the Sink Table entry; if a pairing was removed as a result of *Action* set to 0b011, the sink SHALL send the GP Pairing command with *AddSink* = 0b0 and *RemoveGPD* = 0b0; if a pairing was removed as a result of *Action* set to 0b100, the sink SHALL send the GP Pairing command with *AddSink* = 0b0 and *RemoveGPD* = 0b1. If a pairing was added, the sink SHALL send a Device\_annce command for the alias (with the exception of lightweight unicast communication mode). If the *Send GP Pairing* sub-field of the *Actions* field was set to 0b0, the sink SHALL NOT send the GP Pairing command or Device\_annce command.

#### A.3.5.2.5 Sink operation

On receipt of GP Pairing Configuration command, a sink SHALL act as described in section A.3.5.2.4.1.

A sink SHOULD re-announce its pairings when it rejoins the network (e.g. after being powered off) by sending a GP Pairing command.

On receipt of Zigbee Update Device and Device\_annce commands with IEEE address other than 0xffffffffffff, the sink SHALL check if the NWKAddr field matches any of the aliases used by this sink. If that's the case, an address conflict is with a regular Zigbee device is discovered and the sink SHALL act according to Zigbee [1] address conflict announcement procedure, i.e. the proxy SHALL send after randomly chosen delay from between Dmin and Dmax (see A.3.6.3.1) the Zigbee Device\_annce command (unless identical frame was received within this time), formatted as described in A.3.6.3.4.2, using the conflicting Alias NWK source address , to force the regular Zigbee device to change its short address. The alias SHALL NOT be changed.

- 5034 On receipt in operational mode of a GP Notification carrying GPD Commissioning command for a  
5035 GPD the sink has Sink Table entry for, the sink SHALL silently drop the frame; the sink SHALL NOT  
5036 open commissioning mode. If the security check was successful, the sink MAY perform other actions,  
5037 e.g. indicate the attempted (de-)commissioning to the user.
- 5038
- 5039 On receipt of GP-SEC.request, the sink acts as described in sec. A.3.7.3.1.1.
- 5040 On receipt of a GP Commissioning Notification with *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field of the *Options*  
5041 field set to 0b0, the sink performs duplicate filtering, as described in A.3.6.1.2. Then, and on re-  
5042 ceipt of GP-DATA.indication with the Status SECURITY\_SUCCESS for the GPD Decommissioning  
5043 command, GPD Commissioning command and GPD Data command with *Auto-Commissioning*  
5044 sub-field set to 0b1, if supported, the sink checks if it is in commissioning mode. If not, the GP Commis-  
5045 sioning Notification command, and Commissioning GPDF is silently dropped; the sink SHALL NOT  
5046 open commissioning mode. The sink MAY perform other actions, e.g. indicate the attempted (de-  
5047 )commissioning to the user.
- 5048 On receipt of GPD Decommissioning command, the sink checks if it has a Sink Table entry for this  
5049 GPD (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010). If not, the frame is ignored.  
5050 If yes, the sink performs a freshness check, as described in A.3.6.1.2.1 and compares the SecurityLevel  
5051 and SecurityKeyType with the values stored in the Sink Table entry. If any of those checks fails, the  
5052 frame is silently dropped. If all those checks succeed, the sink removes this Sink Table entry, re-  
5053 moves/replaces with generic entries the corresponding Translation Table entries if Translation Table  
5054 functionality is supported, and removes Green Power EndPoint membership at APS level in the groups  
5055 listed in the removed entry, if any. Then, the sink schedules sending of a GP Pairing command for this  
5056 GPD (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), with the *RemoveGPD* sub-  
5057 field set. If the removed Sink Table entry included any pre-commissioned groups, and if the GPD De-  
5058 commissioning command was received in commissioning mode, the sink SHALL send GP Pairing  
5059 Configuration message, with *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field set to 0b100, *SendGPPairing* sub-  
5060 field of the *Actions* field set to 0b0, and *Number of paired endpoints* field set to 0xfe.
- 5061
- 5062 If the sink supports proximity commissioning or Multi-hop commissioning functionality is in commis-  
5063 sioning mode and the GPDF was a Commissioning GPDF or a Data GPDF with *Auto-Commissioning*  
5064 sub-field set to 0b1, the sink behaves as described in sec. A.3.9.1.
- 5065
- 5066 On receipt of a GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command or a GP Tunneling Stop command, the sink  
5067 silently drops those commands, irrespective of whether it is in operational mode or in commissioning  
5068 mode.
- 5069
- 5070 If the sink implements the Proxy table maintenance functionality, the sink SHALL act as follows. The  
5071 sink's reaction on reception of GP Pairing Search is the same, irrespective of whether it is in commis-  
5072 sioning mode or operational mode.

5073 On receipt of a GP Pairing Search command, a sink checks if it has a Sink Table entry for this GPD  
5074 (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) and the communication mode re-  
5075 quested by the flags *RequestUnicastSinks*, *RequestDerivedGroupcastSinks*, and *RequestCommis-*  
5076 *sionedGroupcastSinks* in the *Options* field of the received GP Pairing Search command. If not, the  
5077 command is ignored. If yes, the sink sends a GP Pairing command with the *Options* field set as fol-  
5078 lows: *AddSink* set to 0b1, *RemoveGPD* set to 0b0, *CommunicationMode* and *GPDfixed* corresponding  
5079 to the values in the *Options* parameter of the Sink Table entry, *SecurityLevel* and *SecurityKeyType* cor-  
5080 responding to the values in the *Security Options* parameter of the Sink Table entry. It includes the fields  
5081 *GPD Security Frame Counter* and *GPD Security Key*, if they were requested by the flags *Request GPD*  
5082 *Security Frame Counter* or *Request GPD Security key* in the *Options* field of the received GP Pairing  
5083 Search command being set to 0b1. On receipt of a broadcast GP Notification, a sink checks if it has a  
5084 Sink Table entry for this GPD (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010). If  
5085 the *SecurityLevel* and *SecurityKeyType* check, freshness check and security processing all pass success-  
5086 fully, the sink executes the command, and then sends GP Pairing command, with the values in the *Op-*  
5087 *tions* field reflecting the requested communication mode options and the required fields present (at the  
5088 minimum the *GPD security frame counter*). If the sink sends the GP Pairing command with *AddSink*  
5089 sub-field set to 0b1, it SHALL also send Device\_ance for the corresponding alias (with the exception  
5090 of lightweight unicast communication mode).

5091  
5092 On reception of GP-DATA.indication with Status AUTH\_FAILURE, the sink SHALL silently drop it.  
5093 On receipt of a GPD data command in operational mode, either in tunneled mode via GP Notification  
5094 command or in via GP-DATA.indication, with Status NO\_SECURITY / SECURITY\_SUCCESS, if  
5095 the sink has GP stub implemented, the sink performs duplicate filtering, as described in A.3.6.1.2. Then  
5096 the sink checks if it has a Sink Table entry for this GPD (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if  
5097 *ApplicationID* = 0b010). If not, and the GPD command was received in unicast GP Notification, and  
5098 the sink supports full unicast communication, it schedules sending of GP Notification Response, if  
5099 supported, in unicast to the originating proxy, with the GPD ID and, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, *End-*  
5100 *point* field copied from the incoming GP Notification message, the *No Pairing* sub-field set to 0b1, as  
5101 well as broadcasting of a GP Pairing command with the *CommunicationMode* flag set to the light-  
5102 weight or full unicast communication mode, as used by this sink (0b11 or 0b00) and *AddSink* flag set to  
5103 0b0. If the sink does not have a Sink Table entry for this GPD (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff,  
5104 if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), and the GPD command was received directly or in groupcast, the command  
5105 is silently ignored. If the sink has a Sink Table entry for this GPD (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or  
5106 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) for groupcast communication mode (0b01 or 0b10) and it receives  
5107 unicast GP Notification, the sink SHALL send GP Notification Response, if supported, unicast to the  
5108 originating proxy, with the *No Pairing* flag set to 0b1 and *First to Forward* set according to the dupli-  
5109 cate filter status; and SHOULD broadcast a GP Pairing command, whereby the destination endpoint is  
5110 set to 0xf2, with the *AddSink* flag set to 0b1 and the correct groupcast value in the *Communica-*  
5111 *tionMode* sub-field; and then GP Pairing command with GPD ID and, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, *End-*  
5112 *point* field copied from corresponding Sink Table entry, the *CommunicationMode* flag set to the light-  
5113 weight or full unicast communication mode, as used by this sink (0b11 or 0b00) and *AddSink* flag set to  
5114 0b0.

If the sink does have a Sink Table entry for this GPD (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), and the communication mode was correct, the value of the sub-fields *SecurityLevel* and *SecurityKey* from the received command are compared with the corresponding *SecurityLevel* and *SecurityKeyType* parameters from the Sink Table. If the *SecurityLevel* and the *SecurityKey* do match, and for GP-DATA.indication, the sink performs a freshness check, as described in A.3.6.1.2.1. If any of those checks fails, the frame is silently dropped. If all those checks succeed, the sink updates the *GPD security frame counter* parameter of this Sink Table entry, if present, and proceeds as follows. If all previous checks succeed, the sink SHALL accept GPD commands received in GP Notification with *ProxyInfoPresent* sub-field of the *Options* field set to 0b0.

If the sink supports the *Sink Table-based groupcast forwarding* functionality, and the GPD command was received directly in GP-DATA.indication, and the Sink Table entry for the GPD (and *Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) indicates any groupcast *CommunicationMode*, and there is no Translation Table (if supported) entry for this GPD ID (and *GPD Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) and GPD CommandID with *endpoint* field set to 0x00, the sink SHALL construct and send a GP Notification command for each of the paired groups, taking the following parameters from the Sink Table entry: *CommunicationMode* subfield of the *Options* field; *GroupList* field if present or otherwise derived groupcast; *AssignedAlias* field if present or otherwise derived alias; *Radius* field if present or otherwise default radius; and security settings, if present. The *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field SHALL be set according to device capabilities, and the *gpTxQueueFull* sub-field of the *Options* field SHALL be set according to the status of this sink's *gpTxQueue* (i.e., if there is no entry in the *gpTxQueue* for this GPD and the queue is full, it sets the *gpTxQueueFull* sub-field to 0b1, otherwise if it has an entry for this GPD or at least one empty entry, it sets it to 0b0); if the sink does not support bidirectional communication, it SHALL set the *gpTxQueueFull* sub-field of the *Options* field to 0b1.

Then, the sink checks if the command requires response. If the received GPD command does not require response, the sink executes the command. To do this, if the sink has a Translation Table, the sink checks the value of the *EndPoint* field of the Translation Table entries for the GPD. If there is a Translation Table, generic or dedicated, with value of the *EndPoint* field other than 0x00 and 0xfd, the sink SHALL also translate the GPD command into a Zigbee command, as indicated in the Translation Table entry, and send it to the paired local endpoint(s), as indicated in the *EndPoint* field, for execution.

If the received GPD command requires response, and the sink supports bidirectional communication, the sink checks if the GPD requesting it is capable of bidirectional communication in operation. This information is available in the *RxOnCapability* sub-field of the *Options* field of the Sink Table entry for this GPD. If yes, the sink selects the SelectedSender as described in sec. A.3.6.2.3. If the sink itself is selected as SelectedSender, the sink calls GP-DATA.request, with the required *GPD CommandID* and *GPD Command Payload*.

The sink behavior in the following situations will be defined by the application profile: (i) on receipt of Data GPDF in commissioning mode, (ii) on receipt of a GP Commissioning Notification with *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field of the *Options* field set to 0b1. Also for situations covered in this section, application profiles MAY define additional actions.

In sec. A.3.7.3.2, SDL diagrams for the above described operation are provided.

### A.3.5.2.6 GP Combo operation

If the device is a GP Combo device, i.e. has the functionality of both the proxy and the GPT+, it SHALL perform all the actions specified in sections A.3.5.2.1 and A.3.5.2.4.

5161 Specifically, the Combo device SHALL act upon a GPD command from a paired GPD just once and  
5162 SHALL filter out duplicate GPD commands received in both direct and tunneled mode (i.e. via both  
5163 client and server side of the Green Power cluster).

5164 On receiving a GPD frame in direct mode, the GP Combo device SHALL NOT only forward it to local  
5165 paired end points, but also participate in forwarding this frame to other sinks listed in its Proxy Table  
5166 for this GPD (and *GPD Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), if any, as  
5167 specified in section A.3.5.2.1.

5168 The proxy side of the combo SHALL create a Proxy Table entry for a GP Pairing using Pre-  
5169 commissioning groupcast if it is sent by the sink side residing on the same radio. Since a broadcast  
5170 transmission is typically not passed up again to the originating endpoint, this may require special  
5171 solution in the combo code. The proxy side of the combo is not required to create a Proxy Table entry  
5172 for a GP Pairing using DGroup or unicast communication mode if it is sent by the sink side residing on  
5173 the same radio.

5174 The proxy side of the combo is not required to enter the commissioning mode for a GP Proxy  
5175 Commissioning Mode with *Action* = *Enter* if it is sent by the sink side residing on the same radio.

## 5176 **A.3.6 GP Implementation details**

### 5177 **A.3.6.1 Generic**

5178 This chapter describes functionality common to all Green Power cluster implementations, both on  
5179 proxies and sinks.

#### 5180 **A.3.6.1.1 Broadcast**

5181 Whenever NWK level broadcast transmission is mentioned within this specification without further  
5182 description for the GP-defined commands, or where no further description is provided by the Zigbee  
5183 specification by the Zigbee-defined commands, the RxOnWhenIdle=TRUE (0xffffd) broadcast address  
5184 SHALL be used.

5185 Whenever broadcast communication without APS-level multicast aka groupcast is used for transporting  
5186 Green Power cluster messages, the destination endpoint SHALL be set to 0xf2.

#### 5187 **A.3.6.1.2 Duplicate filtering**

5188 In the Green Power EndPoint duplicate filter, each entry is stored for a finite time of *gpDuplicateTimeout*  
5189 and is used to filter both direct and tunneled GPD commands.

5190 If the GPD command used *SecurityLevel* 0b00, the filtering of duplicate GPD messages is based on the  
5191 *MAC sequence number* of a particular GPD, identified by GPD ID. If the GPD command used *SecurityLevel*  
5192 0b10 or 0b11, then the filtering of duplicate messages is performed based on the *GPD security frame counter*.  
5193

5194 If the receiving device is:

- 5196 • a proxy,
- 5197 • a sink and it does not support bidirectional communication,
- 5198 • a sink does support the bidirectional communication but the *RxAfterTx* sub-field is set to 0b0,  
5199 of all instances of any GPD command received – both directly as GPDF or indirectly in a GP command  
5200 - only one instance, received in the correct communication mode, SHALL be processed.

5202 If the device is a sink, it does support the bidirectional communication and the *RxAfterTx* sub-field is  
 5203 set to 0b1, then the sink processes further - independent of the manner of receiving the GPD command:  
 5204 directly as GPDF or indirectly in a GP command - each further instance of this command with *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* = 0b1 and either with *GPP-GPD link* better than the last received one  
 5205 (whereby better *GPP-GPD link* is defined as one having higher value of the *Link quality* sub-field, and  
 5206 if *Link quality* is equal, as one having higher value of the *RSSI* sub-field), or by the same *GPP-GPD*  
 5207 *link* – with the lower short address. The *GPP-GPD link* value and the address SHALL then be also  
 5208 stored.  
 5209

5210  
 5211 In case of duplicate full unicast GP Notification, the sink SHALL send GP Notification Response, if  
 5212 supported, unicast to the originating proxy (information available from NWK header of the received  
 5213 GP Notification) with the *FirstToForward* flag is set to 0b0. The duplicate groupcast/broadcast GP No-  
 5214 tifications are dropped silently.

5215  
 5216 Table 47 summarizes the duplicate filtering in the sink's Green Power EndPoint, dependent on the re-  
 5217 quired and received *CommunicationMode* and the *RxAfterTx* value.  
 5218

**Table 47 – Duplicate filtering in the sink**

Required communication mode	Communication mode of first packet	RxAfterTx (Apptoint SelectedSender)	Action
Derived group	Full/lightweight Unicast	TRUE/FALSE	Drop packet, don't store the new values in the duplicate filter, send GP Notification Response, if supported, unicast to the originating proxy, with the <i>FirstToForward</i> sub-field of the <i>Options</i> field set to 0b0; GP Pairing command with the <i>AddSink</i> flag set to 0b1 and the correct groupcast value in the <i>CommunicationMode</i> sub-field; and then GP Pairing command with the <i>CommunicationMode</i> flag set to 0b00 or 0b11, as supported, and <i>AddSink</i> flag set to 0b0.
Pre-commissioned group	Full/lightweight Unicast	TRUE/FALSE	drop packet, don't store the new values in the duplicate filter
Full/lightweight Unicast, Pre-commissioned group	Derived group	TRUE/FALSE	drop packet, don't store the new values in the duplicate filter
Full/lightweight Unicast, Derived group	Pre-commissioned group	TRUE/FALSE	
Derived group	Derived group	FALSE	pass packet up, store the new values in the duplicate filter
Pre-commissioned group	Pre-commissioned group		
Any	GPDF (direct mode)	FALSE	pass packet up, store the new values in the duplicate filter
any	broadcast	FALSE	Recommended: pass packet up, store the new values in the duplicate filter, send GP Pairing with the proper communication mode; can be modified by the profile
Full Unicast	Full Unicast	FALSE	For the first received full unicast packet: Send GP Notification Response with <i>FirstToForward</i> sub-field of the <i>Options</i> field set to 0b1, pass packet up, store the new values in the duplicate filter  For the subsequent received unicast packets: Send GP Notification Response with <i>FirstToForward</i> sub-field of the <i>Options</i> field set to 0b0 (even if retry from the <i>FirstToForward</i> proxy), drop packet
Derived group	Derived group	TRUE	pass packet up if <i>BidirectionalCommunicationCa-</i>

Required communication mode	Communication mode of first packet	RxAfterTx (Appoint Selected Sender)	Action
Pre-commissioned group	Pre-commissioned group	TRUE	<i>pability = 0b1 and better GPP-GPD link value (or same GPP-GPD link value, lower address), store the new values in the duplicate filter</i>
Any	GPDF (direct mode)	TRUE	<i>pass packet up if BidirectionalCommunicationCapability = 0b1 and better GPP-GPD link value (or same GPP-GPD link value, lower address), store the new values in the duplicate filter, send GP Pairing with the proper communication mode</i>
Any	broadcast	TRUE	Recommended: pass packet up if BidirectionalCommunicationCapability = 0b1 and better GPP-GPD link value (or same GPP-GPD link value, lower address), store the new values in the duplicate filter, send GP Pairing with the proper communication mode; can be modified by the profile
Full Unicast	Full Unicast	TRUE	For the first received full unicast packet: Send GP Notification Response with FirstToForward sub-field of the Options field set to 0b1, pass packet up if better GPP-GPD link value (or same GPP-GPD link value, lower address), store the new values in the duplicate filter For the subsequent received full unicast packets: Send GP Notification Response with FirstToForward sub-field of the Options field set to 0b0 (even if retry from the FirstToForward proxy), pass packet up if BidirectionalCommunicationCapability = 0b1 and better GPP-GPD link value (or same GPP-GPD link value, lower address)
Lightweight unicast	Lightweight unicast	TRUE/FALSE	pass packet up, store the new values in the duplicate filter; subsequent packets MAY be passed up proxy selection, but SHALL NOT be executed multiple times

### 5219 A.3.6.1.2.1 gpDuplicateTimeout

5220 The time the Green Power EndPoint of the sink and the proxy keeps the information on the received  
 5221 GPDF, in order to filter out duplicates.

5222 The default value of 2 seconds can be modified by the application profile.

### 5223 A.3.6.1.3 Freshness check

5224 If the GPD command used *SecurityLevel* 0b00, any number that passes the duplicate filter is accepted.  
 5225 If the GPD command used *SecurityLevel* 0b10 or 0b11, then the filtering of duplicate messages is per-  
 5226 formed based on the *GPD security frame counter*, stored in the Proxy/Sink Table entry for this GPD  
 5227 (and *GPD Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010). The received *GPD security*  
 5228 *frame counter* must be higher than the value stored in the Proxy/Sink Table; roll over SHALL NOT be  
 5229 supported.

5230 When a new incremental value is being accepted, the corresponding parameter of the Proxy/Sink Table  
 5231 entry SHALL be updated.

### 5233 A.3.6.1.4 Derived groupcast (DGroupID)

5234 Usage of the derived groupcast *CommunicationMode* allows for NWK/APS level filtering at the routers  
 5235 forwarding the tunneled message, as well as at the sinks.

5236 The GroupID for the derived groupcast mode, DGroupID, SHALL be derived from the GPD ID in ex-  
 5237 actly the same way as the alias source address (see A.3.6.3.3).  
 5238 If *ApplicationID* = 0b010, the GPD *Endpoint* SHALL NOT be included in the alias/DGroupID calcula-  
 5239 tion.

### 5240 **A.3.6.1.5 Bidirectional communication**

#### 5241 **A.3.6.1.5.1 Payload sizes**

5242 The payload of any GPD command sent by the sink to the GPD SHALL NOT exceed:

- 5243 • For a GPD with *ApplicationID* = 0b000: 64 octets;
- 5244 • For a GPD with *ApplicationID* = 0b010: 59 octets.

5245 This limitation is introduced to avoid fragmentation, or dropping the command, if fragmentation is not  
 5246 supported, in the case a remote device (proxy) is selected as the SelectedSender and GP Response has  
 5247 to the sent.

5248 The maximum payload length was calculated assuming unicast source routing, NWK layer protection,  
 5249 NO APS protection; 5B buffer was subtracted for future extensions to the GP Response command.

#### 5250 **A.3.6.1.5.2 Bidirectional operation**

5251 <sup>17</sup>The bidirectional operation functionality is not applicable for the Green Power Basic proxies (see also  
 5252 Table 21 in sec. A.3.2.8).

5253  
 5254 The GP specification provides a way for very limited bidirectional communication with the capable  
 5255 GPDs. The message sequence charts for the possible interactions are depicted in the figures below:  
 5256 writing into GPD (Figure 77), reading out GPD attribute (Figure 78) and GPD requesting an attribute  
 5257 (Figure 79).

5258 If a sink does support bidirectional communication, the following applies:

- 5259 • Transmission of GPD Read Attributes command is optional;
- 5260 • Reception of GPD Read Attributes Response is:
  - 5261   ▪ optional in general,
  - 5262   ▪ mandatory if transmission of GPD Read Attributes command is supported;
- 5263 • Reception of GPD Request Attributes command is mandatory;
- 5264 • Transmission of GPD Write Attributes command is optional.

5265 The other direction for each of the commands above is deprecated (since that's implemented by the  
 5266 GPD).

5267 The transmission/reception of all the commands above is transparent to the proxy implementing bidi-  
 5268 rectional communication.

<sup>17</sup> CCB #2846, resolution added in 21-67511-004

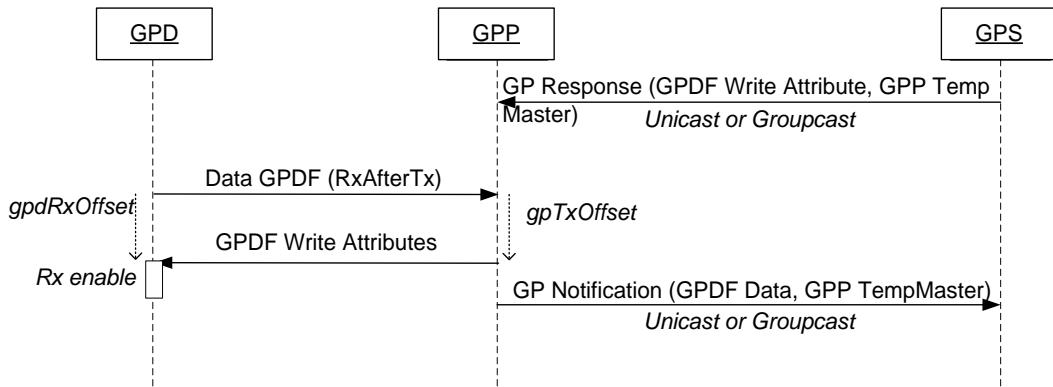
5269  
5270

Figure 77 – MSC for GP bidirectional operation: writing into GPD

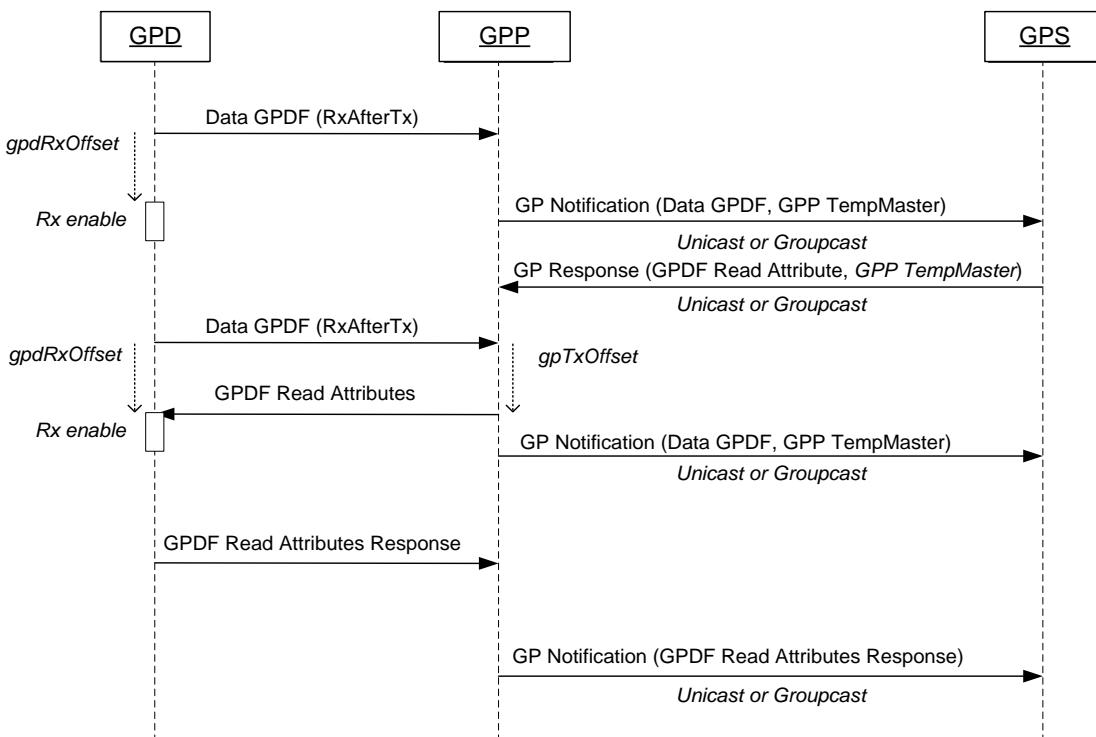
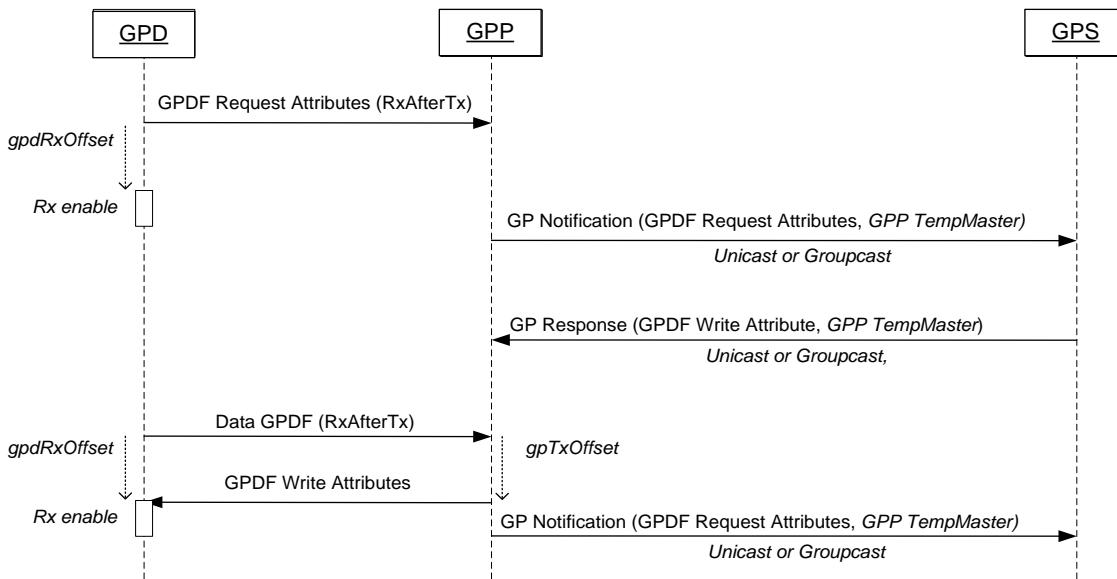
5271  
5272

Figure 78 – MSC for GP bidirectional operation: reading out GPD attribute



**Figure 79 – MSC for GP bidirectional operation: GPD requesting an attribute**

### A.3.6.2 Sink implementation

#### A.3.6.2.1 GPD application functionality matching

Implementation of GPD application functionality matching is vendor-specific.

For example, the GPD DeviceID, sent in the Commissioning GPDF, can be translated into the Zigbee DeviceID for the corresponding profile, with the list of mandatory Zigbee Clusters for that DeviceID and a Match Descriptor can be performed with the application endpoints in commissioning mode. If the *Application Information* field (see sec. A.4.2.1.1.4 - A.4.2.1.1.9) are present in the GPD Commissioning command, then the fields *GPD Command list* and *Cluster list* SHALL also be analyzed. If the *GPD Application Description command follows* sub-field of the *Application Information* field is set to 0b1, then the information in the GPD Application Description command(s) following the Commissioning GPDF SHALL also be analyzed. If in the received GPD Application Description command, in any *Attribute Record* field, both the *Reported* sub-field and the *Attribute value present* sub-field of the *Attribute Options* field are set to 0b0, the sink skips that attribute and continues application functionality matching for the remainder of the frame.

Alternatively, the GPD CommandID, sent in GPD frame, can be translated into the corresponding Zigbee CommandID of a Zigbee Cluster (see sec. A.4.3), and this cluster can be bound to the application endpoints in commissioning mode.

#### A.3.6.2.2 GPD application functionality translation

The sink needs to translate GPD specific application functionality (GPDF device identifiers and GPD commands) relevant for sink's application endpoints into Zigbee ZCL commands. One way to solve it is to implement the Translation Table, as defined below.

Vendors of the sinks NOT using the default translations or not implementing the Translation Table functionality should think of ways how to explain the application behavior on reception of GPD commands (to the user and the testers), and how correct execution may be made observable (for the users and for certification). They MAY also provide means for controlling this functionality, other than the Translation Table.

5301

Note: the Translation Table also finds use in other GP functionality, e.g. Sink Table-based groupcast forwarding functionality and CT-based commissioning functionality. Implementers that decide to implement any of that functionality without Translation Table SHALL find solutions to support the functionality-required operation.

5306

If Translation Table functionality is supported, a sink contains a *GPD Command Translation Table*, each entry of which is formatted as shown in Table 48.

Implementers of this specification are free to implement the *GPD Command Translation Table* in any manner that is convenient and efficient, as long as it represents the data shown below.

5311

**Table 48 – Format of entries in the GPD Command Translation Table**

Parameter name	Type	Range	Default	Description
Options	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Any valid	0x00	Options related to this table entry
GPD ID	Unsigned 32-bit Integer/IEEE address	Any valid	0xffffffff/0xffffffffffff fff	Identifier of the GPD
GPD Endpoint	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Any valid	N/A	Present if <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b010, absent for <i>ApplicationID</i> = 0b000.
GPD Command	8-bit bitmap	0x00 – 0xff	N/A	The GPD command to be translated
EndPoint	Unsigned 8-bit integer	0x00 – 0xff	0xff	The EndPoint for which the translation is valid.
Zigbee Profile	Unsigned 16-bit Integer	Any Valid	0xffff	The Profile of the command after translation
Zigbee Cluster	Unsigned 16-bit Integer	Any valid	N/A	The cluster of the Profile on the endpoint.
Zigbee CommandID	Unsigned 8-bits integer	Any valid	N/A	The Command ID of the Cluster into which GP Command is translated.
Zigbee Command payload	Variable	N/A	N/A	The payload for the Zigbee Command.
Additional information block	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer	Any valid	N/A	The information about the payload of the GPD command and other contextual information relevant for the translation

5312

The *Options* field SHALL be formatted as shown in Figure 80.

Bits: 0..2	3	4..7
ApplicationID	Additional information block present	Reserved

5313

**Figure 80 – Format of the Options field of the GPD Command Translation Table entry**

5314 The *ApplicationID* sub-field contains the information about the application used by the GPD. *ApplicationID* = 0b000 indicates the *GPD ID* field has the length of 4B and contains the GPD SrcID; the *Endpoint* field is absent. *ApplicationID* = 0b010 indicates the *GPD ID* field has the length of 8B and contains the GPD IEEE address; the *Endpoint* field is present. All values of *ApplicationID* other than 0b000 and 0b010 are reserved in the current version of the Green Power cluster specification.

5319 The *Additional information block present* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that the *Additional information block* field is present; if set to 0b0, it indicates that the *Additional information block* field is absent.

5322

5323 The *Zigbee Command payload* field is formatted as defined in Figure 81.

Octets	1	Variable
Data Type	unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer
Field Name	Length	Payload

5324 **Figure 81 – Format of the Zigbee Command Payload field of the Translation Table entry**

5325 If the *EndPoint* field is set to 0xfd, there are no paired endpoints. If the *EndPoint* field is set to 0xff, all matching endpoints are paired. If the *EndPoint* field is set to 0xfc, the raw GPD command is passed up to the application, and no translation is performed in the GPEP.

5328 If the *GPD Command* field is set to 0xAF, all of the following GPD sensor report commands: 0xA0 – 0xA3 are supported. Thus, 0xAF is not used as a true GPD CommandID, but as a way to make the Translation Tables more compact. The *GPD Command* set to 0xAF SHALL NOT be used for translations for the GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command 0xA8. If the GPD Command field is set to 0xFF, it indicates all GPD commands.

5333 If the *Zigbee Cluster* field is set to 0xffff, the ClusterID from the triggering GPD command is to be used. If the *Zigbee Cluster* field is set to value other than 0xffff, then for GPD command carrying a *ClusterID* field (as e.g. for the GPD commands 0xA0 – 0xA3), the two ClusterID values SHALL exactly match.

5337 If the *Length* sub-field of the *Zigbee Command payload* field is set to 0x00, the *Payload* sub-field is not present, and the Zigbee command is sent without payload. If the *Length* sub-field of the *Zigbee Command payload* field is set to 0xff, the *Payload* sub-field is not present, and the payload from the triggering GPD command is to be copied verbatim into the Zigbee command. If the *Length* sub-field of the *Zigbee Command payload* field is set to 0xfe, the *Payload* sub-field is not present, and the payload from the triggering GPD command needs to be parsed. For all other values of the *Length* sub-field, the *Payload* sub-field is present, has a length as defined in the *Length* sub-field and specifies the payload to be used.

5345 The *Additional information block* field is formatted as defined in Figure 82.

Octets	1	0/Variable	...	0/Variable
Data Type	unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer	...	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer
Field Name	Additional information block length	Option record 1	...	Option record N

5346 **Figure 82 – Format of the Additional information block field of the Translation Table entry**

The *Additional information block length* field carries the total length in octets of the *Additional information block*, including the length of the *Additional information block length* field, decremented by one. Thus, the *Additional information block length* field set to 0x00 indicates that only octet present is the *Additional information block length* field itself.

Each *Option record* field is formatted as defined in Figure 83.

Octets	1	0/Variable
Data Type	unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer
Field Name	Option selector	Option data

**Figure 83 – Format of the *Option record* field of the Translation Table entry**

The *Option selector* field defines the option data to follow. Each *Option selector* field is formatted as defined in Figure 86.

Bits: 0..3	4..7
Option length	OptionID

**Figure 84 – Format of the *Option selector* field of the *Option record* field of the Translation Table entry**

The bits b0 – b3 of the *Option selector* field indicate the total octet length of the following *Option data* field, decremented by one. Thus, *Option length* sub-field of the *Option selector* field, if set to 0x0, indicates that *Option data* field of 1 octet length follows.

The bits b4 – b7 of the *Option selector* field contain the *OptionID*. The *OptionID* sub-field defines type and format of option data to follow. The *OptionsIDs* are defined per GPD CommandID (see sec. A.3.6.2.2.1).

There SHOULD be only one entry in the GPD Command Translation Table for each (GPD ID, GPD Endpoint, GPD Command, EndPoint, Zigbee Profile, Zigbee Cluster, and – if present - also the relevant part of the Additional information; what is relevant is defined per GPD Command and Option) tuple.

Note that for a single GPD ID (and *GPD Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), there MAY be multiple entries, e.g. for multiple GPD commands.

Note that for a single GPD ID (and *GPD Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010), the same GPD Command could result in different translated Zigbee CommandIDs, for different EndPoint, Profile and Cluster values.

Note that for a single GPD ID, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, there MAY be multiple entries, for multiple *GPD Endpoints*, even for identical GPD commands.

By default, the GPD Command Translation Table MAY contain the generic translations (mapping the GPD commands to their ZCL equivalents, see Table 54 and Table 55) for all GP-controllable application functionality. Those generic translations SHALL use *ApplicationID* = 0b000 and *SrcID* 0xffffffff; they are then applicable to those GPD commands received from any SrcID or received from a GPD with *ApplicationID* = 0b010 and any GPD IEEE address and *Endpoint*.

If no generic translations are available by default, Translation Table entries SHALL be added upon successful completion of proximity and multi-hop commissioning, and upon reception of GP Pairing Configuration leading to Sink Table entry creation (as described in A.3.5.2.5); those entries SHALL then contain the *ApplicationID* and *GPD ID* type and value of the GPD ID (and *GPD Endpoint*, matching or 0x00 or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) for which they are created; mapping the GPD commands to their ZCL equivalents, see Table 54 and Table 55.

If both generic and specific translation are applicable to a particular GPD command, the specific translation supersedes the generic one.

For the manufacturer-defined GPD commands (i.e. CommandIDs 0xB0 – 0xBF), if supported, the translation SHOULD store the *ManufacturerID* value in the *ProfileID* field of the Translation Table entry. The remaining fields of the Translation Table entry MAY take undefined (all ‘F’) or specific values. If the *Length* sub-field of the *Zigbee Command payload* field is set to 0xFE, a dedicated, manufacturer-defined parsing has to be implemented.

The GPD Command Translation Table entry can be added, overwritten or removed with the GP Translation Table Update command.

### A.3.6.2.2.1 OptionIDs

For the GPD 8-bit vector: press and 8-bit vector: release commands, the OptionIDs are defined in sec. A.3.6.2.2.1.1.

For the GPD supporting GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command, the *OptionIDs* are defined in sec. A.3.6.2.2.1.2.

In the current specification, there are no *OptionIDs* defined for any other GPD commands.

#### A.3.6.2.2.1.1 OptionIDs for GPD 8-bit vector commands

For the GPD 8-bit vector: press and 8-bit vector: release commands, the *OptionID* sub-field can take any of the non-reserved values from Table 50.

**Table 49 – Values of the OptionID sub-field of the Additional information field of the Translation Table entry for the GPD 8-bit vector: press/release commands**

Value	Meaning
0x0	Generic switch command execution
0x1 – 0xf	Reserved

The *Option data* of the *Generic switch command execution* option for the GPD 8-bit vector: press/release commands is formatted as defined in Figure 86. The *Generic switch command execution* option SHALL be present if the GPD Command field of the Translation Table entry is set to GPD commands 8-bit vector: press or GPD 8-bit vector: release, and its support is mandatory for the sinks implementing those commands and the Translation Table functionality.

Octets	1	1
Data Type	8-bit bitmap	8-bit bitmap
Field Name	Contact status	Contact bitmask

Figure 85 – Format of the Option data of the Generic switch command execution option of the Translation Table entry

The *Contact status* field stores the contact status values to be matched by the payload of the received GPD commands GPD 8-bit vector: press or GPD 8-bit vector: release field is to be evaluated.

The *Contact bitmask* field indicates how the *Contact status* field of the received GPD commands “GPD 8-bit vector: press” and “GPD 8-bit vector: release” is to be evaluated. An AND operation is performed taking the *Contact bitmask* and the received *Contact status* as input, and the result is compared with the *Contact status* from the Translation Table entry. If both are equal, the translation is applicable and shall be executed.

If *Contact bitmask* field of a Translation Table entry is set to 0x00 then the *Contact status* field indicates all the buttons of this GPD that are paired with the current sink. This may be used for compact Translation Table representation, typically in combination with GPD processing in the application (*EndPoint* field set to 0xfc), e.g. on sinks being dynamic devices.

For the GPD 8-bit vector press/release commands, if the *Length* sub-field of the *Zigbee Command payload* field is set to 0xfe, the *Contact status* field, if the *Contact bitmask* field is non-zero, indicates the prior state, if it is relevant to keep it.

If state tracking is being performed, the sinks SHOULD NOT start the tracking with the *Current contact status* field of the GPD Commissioning command, because that contact status was transmitted for commissioning purposes and not for operational control purposes.

Both the *Contact status* field and the *Contact bitmask* field SHALL be included in checking uniqueness and finding matching Translation Table entries for GPD 8-bit vector press/release commands.

In addition to the generic Translation Table matching rules as defined in sec. A.3.6.2.2, if the *Length* sub-field of the *Zigbee Command payload* field is NOT set to 0xfe, the *Contact status* of the triggering GPD command is first bitwise ANDed with the *Contact bitmask* field of the Translation Table entry for the triggering GPD command of the triggering GPD, and then compared with the *Contact status* field from the Translation Table. If they are identical, a matching Translation Table entry is found.

### A.3.6.2.2.1.2 OptionIDs for GPD Compact Attribute Reporting

For the GPD supporting GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command, the *OptionID* sub-field can take any of the non-reserved values from Table 50.

Table 50 – Values of the *OptionID* sub-field of the *Additional information block* field of the Translation Table entry for the GPD supporting GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command

Value	Meaning
0x0	Reportable attribute record
0x1 – 0xf	Reserved

5446 The *Option data* part of the *Reportable attribute record* option for the GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command is formatted as defined in Figure 86. The *Reportable attribute record* option SHALL be  
 5447 present if the GPD Command field of the Translation Table entry is set to GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command, and its support is mandatory for the sinks implementing those commands and the  
 5448 Translation Table functionality.

Octets	1	1	2	2	1	1	0/2
Data Type	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Unsigned 8-bit integer	16-bit enumeration	16-bit enumeration	8-bit enumeration	8-bit bitmap	16-bit enumeration
Field Name	Report identifier	Attribute Offset within Report	ClusterID	AttributeID	Attribute Data Type	Attribute Options	Manufacturer ID

5451 **Figure 86 – Format of the *Option data* of the *Reportable attribute record* option of the Translation Table entry**

5452 The *Report identifier* field stores the values to be matched by the *Report Identifier* field in the payload  
 5453 of the received GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command.

5454 The *Attribute Offset within Report* field stores the start position (in bytes) of the data point identified by  
 5455 the *AttributeID* of the *ClusterID* in the payload of the received GPD Compact Attribute Reporting  
 5456 command.

5457 The *ClusterID* field stores the value of the ClusterID as defined in the public Zigbee ZCL [3].

5458 The *AttributeID* field stores the value of the AttributeID of the cluster indicated in the *ClusterID* field  
 5459 as defined in the public Zigbee ZCL [3]. The standard and manufacturer-specific attributes SHALL use  
 5460 appropriate AttributeIDs, as defined in Table 58.

5461 The *Attribute Data Type* field stores the data type of the attribute that is being reported.

5462

5463 The *Attribute Options* field is formatted as defined in Figure 86.

Bits: 0	1	2..7
Client / server	ManufacturerID present	Reserved

5464 **Figure 87 – Format of the *Attribute options* field of the *Reportable attribute record* option of the Translation Table  
 5465 entry**

5466 The *Client / server* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If set to 0b1, it indicates the GPD implements the server  
 5467 side of the cluster identified by the *ClusterID* field. If set to 0b0, it indicates the GPD implements the  
 5468 client side of the cluster identified by the *ClusterID* field.

5469 The *ManufacturerID present* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If set to 0b1, it indicates that the *ManufacturerID*  
 5470 field is present. If the *ClusterID* is from a manufacturer-specific range, as defined in the Zigbee  
 5471 ZCL [3], or if the *AttributeID* is from the Green Power manufacturer-specific attribute range, as de-  
 5472 fined in Table 58, the attribute is manufacturer-specific; otherwise the attribute as indicated by the *At-  
 5473 tributeID* field is a standard attribute of the cluster identified by *ClusterID* as defined in the ZCL  
 5474 [3]. The *ManufacturerID* field, if present, stores the manufacturer code as defined in [7].

### 5475 **A.3.6.2.2.2 Default recommended execution rules**

#### 5476 **A.3.6.2.2.2.1 Default recommended execution rules for GPD 8-bit vector 5477 commands**

5478 If a sink supports the reception of GPD 8-bit vector commands and is a simple device (see the  
 5479 definition in [15]), it SHALL support default execution rules for the GPD 8-bit vector commands.

5480 Those execution rules can be encoded as Translation Table entries, if the Translation Table feature is  
 5481 supported; then, they can also be reconfigured over the air, using the Translation Table commands.

The current specification provides default recommended execution rules which represent the most prevalent usage of generic switches to-date in the market. Different execution rules MAY be implemented, depending on the sink application functionality.

It is assumed every button or rocker side corresponds to a single contact, which is represented on a single bit.

Table 51 specifies default recommended translation for a sink being a dimmable light.

**Table 51 – Default recommended translations for sink being a dimmable light**

Switch type	Number of contacts (bits) paired with the sink	Default recommended translation at the sink
Generic, Button	1	The bit is interpreted as a TOGGLE command; the corresponding release bit is ignored
	2	The first bit (or higher bit, in case of simultaneous activation during commissioning) is interpreted as ON command The second (lower) bit is interpreted as OFF command The corresponding release bits are ignored
	3	The second bit (or lowest bit, in case of simultaneous activation during commissioning) is interpreted as MOVE DOWN command and the corresponding release bit as STOP The first (middle) bit is interpreted as MOVE UP command and the corresponding release as STOP The third (highest) bit as a TOGGLE command; the corresponding release bit is ignored
	4	The second bit (or lowest bit, in case of simultaneous activation during commissioning) is interpreted as OFF command; the corresponding release bit is ignored The first (lower middle) bit is interpreted as ON command; the corresponding release bit is ignored The fourth (higher middle) bit is interpreted as MOVE DOWN command and the corresponding release bit as STOP The third (highest) bit is interpreted as MOVE UP command and the corresponding release as STOP
	5 and more	No recommended default translation
Rocker	1 (or both from the same rocker)	As for 2-button switch above
	2, being at least one (or both) from each rocker	As for 4-button switch above
	3 or more rockers	No recommended default translation

Table 52 specifies default recommended translation for a sink being a blinds controller.

**Table 52 – Default recommended translations for sink being a blinds controller**

Switch type	Number of contacts (bits) paired with the sink	Default recommended translation at the sink
Generic, Button	1	No recommended default translation
	2	The first bit (or higher bit, in case of simultaneous activation during commissioning) is interpreted as MOVE UP command and the corresponding release bit as STOP The second (lower) bit is interpreted as MOVE DOWN command and the corresponding release as STOP
	3	The first bit (or middle bit, in case of simultaneous activation during commissioning) is interpreted as MOVE UP command The second (lowest) bit is interpreted as MOVE DOWN command The third (highest) bit as a STOP command; The corresponding release bits are ignored

	4	No recommended default translation
	5 and more	No recommended default translation
Rocker	1 (or both from the same rocker)	As for 2-button switch above
	2, being at least one (or both) from each rocker	No recommended default translation
	3 or more rockers	No recommended default translation

5492 During commissioning, a sink SHOULD only store the bits of the *Current contact status* field of the  
 5493 Commissioning GPDF that correspond to the *Number of contacts* of the *Generic switch configuration*  
 5494 field; any higher bits set in the received *Current contact status* MAY be zeroed before storing; any  
 5495 Commissioning GPDF carrying *Current contact status* field in which only bits higher than the *Number*  
 5496 of contacts are set to 0b1 SHOULD be silently dropped.

#### 5497 A.3.6.2.3 SelectedSender election

5498 Within *Dmax* ms (see A.3.6.3.1) after the reception of the first instance of this command, the sink creates  
 5499 a list of candidate responders, consisting of the proxies which did forward GP (Commissioning)  
 5500 Notification command with the *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field of the *Options* field  
 5501 set to 0b1, if any, *gpTxQueueFull* sub-field of the *Options* field set to 0b0, if any, as well as itself, if it  
 5502 did receive the GPD command directly.

5503 If the sink is in operational mode and there were NO candidates supporting bidirectional communication  
 5504 (i.e. for all candidates the *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field of the *Options* field  
 5505 was set to 0b0), the sink SHALL abandon the SelectedSender election and the attempted transmission.

5506 If (i) the sink is in commissioning mode, and there were NO candidates supporting bidirectional communication  
 5507 (i.e. for all candidates the *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field of the *Options* field  
 5508 was set to 0b0) or (ii) the sink is in operation and there are candidates capable of bidirectional  
 5509 communication, the sink SHALL select from the available candidates with *BidirectionalCommunicationCapabil-*  
 5510 *ity* sub-field of the *Options* field set to 0b1, as follows.

5511 The sink selects the node with the best *GPP-GPD link* value for this GPD (and *Endpoint*, if *Appli-*  
 5512 *cationID* = 0b010 and the sink selects *Transmit on endpoint match* = 0b1), whereby better *GPP-GPD link*  
 5513 is defined as one having higher value of the *Link quality* sub-field, and if *Link quality* is equal, as one  
 5514 having higher value of the *RSSI* sub-field; or if multiple have the same *GPP-GPD link* value, the one  
 5515 with the best *GPP-GPD link* value and lowest short address.

5516 If another device is chosen as the SelectedSender, the sink sends the GP Response frame carrying the  
 5517 APPL data payload (*GPD CommandID* and *GPD Command Payload*) to be transmitted to GPD. The  
 5518 GP Response SHOULD be sent in broadcast, and it SHALL then carry the short address of the selected  
 5519 SelectedSender in the *SelectedSender short address* of the payload; it MAY be sent in unicast to the  
 5520 SelectedSender instead.

5521 If the sink itself is chosen as the SelectedSender, it SHOULD broadcast the GP Response, and it  
 5522 SHALL then carry the short address of the sink in the *SelectedSender short address* of the payload.

#### 5523 A.3.6.2.4 MultiSensorCommissioningTimeout

5524 A sink supporting any functionality controllable via GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command and  
 5525 the CT-based commissioning feature SHALL support the *MultiSensorCommissioningTimeout*.

5526 The *MultiSensorCommissioningTimeout* is used to time-limit the CT-based commissioning of a GPD  
 5527 supporting GPD Compact Attribute Reporting, in order to check the completeness of the buffered  
 5528 commissioning information.

5529 The *MultiSensorCommissioningTimeout* SHALL have a value of 20s.

### 5530 A.3.6.2.5 MultiSensorCommissioningBufferSize

5531 A sink supporting any functionality controllable via GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command and  
 5532 the CT-based commissioning functionality and Pre-commissioned groupcast functionality SHALL  
 5533 support the *MultiSensorCommissioningBufferSize*.

5534 The *MultiSensorCommissioningBufferSize* defines the minimum number of complete GP Pairing  
 5535 Configuration command with *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field set to 0b101 (application  
 5536 description), i.e. carrying the Report Descriptors, that the sink SHALL be capable of storing to forward  
 5537 to the other group members upon successful pairing.

5538 The *MultiSensorCommissioningBufferSize* SHALL have a value of 1.

### 5539 A.3.6.3 Proxy implementation

#### 5540 A.3.6.3.1 gppTunnelingDelay

5541 The gppTunnelingDelay is the time between the reception of a GPDF by a proxy-capable device and  
 5542 forwarding of a GP Notification or GP Commissioning Notification or a GP Tunneling Stop carrying  
 5543 the GPD command from the GPDF.

5544 The gppTunnelingDelay is calculated, taking into account the following criteria:

- 5545 • whether the received GPDF had the *RxAfterTx* sub-field set;
- 5546 • *Link quality* to the GPD, as reported in GP (Commissioning) Notification (see sec. A.3.3.4.1);
- 5547 • Only if full unicast communication mode in operation is used:
  - 5548 • knowledge of the route to the GP sink;
  - 5549 • Fact of being first to forward for the previous GPDF from this GPD.

5551 The gppTunnelingDelay can be calculated according to the following formula

$$5552 \quad \text{gppTunnelingDelay [ms]} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 5553 \quad D_{\min}; & \text{if FirstToForward = TRUE \& NoRoute=FALSE} \\ 5554 \\ 5555 \quad D_{\min} + \text{QualityBasedDelay}; & \text{if FirstToForward = FALSE \& NoRoute=FALSE} \\ 5556 \\ 5557 \\ 5558 \quad D_{\min} + D_{\max}; & \text{if NoRoute=TRUE} \\ 5559 \end{array} \right.$$

where:

- 5560 •  $D_{\min}$  =
  - 5561 – if the triggering GPDF had *RxAfterTx* = 0b0:  $D_{\min\_u} = 5$  ms;
  - 5562 – if the triggering GPDF had *RxAfterTx* = 0b1:  $D_{\min\_b} = 32$  ms;
- 5563 • QualityBasedDelay is calculated as follows:
  - 5564 – For *Link quality* = 0b11: 0 ms;
  - 5565 – For *Link quality* = 0b10: 32ms;
  - 5566 – For *Link quality* = 0b01: 64ms;
  - 5567 – For *Link quality* = 0b00: 96ms;
- 5568 •  $D_{\max}=100$ ms
- 5569 • NoRoute is a Boolean flag: as stored in the Proxy Table entry for this GPD; this is only taken  
 5570 into account if full unicast communication mode in operation is used.
- 5571 • FirstToForward is a Boolean flag, as stored in the Proxy Table entry for this GPD; this is only  
 5572 taken into account if full unicast communication mode in operation is used.

5573 Note that for any communication mode, the Zigbee stack adds additional randomized delays.  
 5574 The gppTunnelingDelay is intended to indicate the time as measured on the medium. If the delay intro-  
 5575 duced by the stack can be estimated, it can be taken into account for the gppTunnelingDelay calcula-  
 5576 tion at the Green Power EndPoint.

### 5577 **A.3.6.3.2 gppCommissioningWindow**

5578 The default value is 180 seconds.

5579 The default value for the proxy, *gppCommissioningWindow*, can be overwritten by the sink for the du-  
 5580 ration of one particular commissioning procedure, by including the *CommissioningWindow* field in the  
 5581 GP Proxy Commissioning Mode message.

### 5582 **A.3.6.3.3 Proxy aliasing**

5583 A sink is capable of filtering the GP (Commissioning) Notification commands at the Green Power  
 5584EndPoint level. However, multiple proxies tunneling the same GPDF in groupcast mode would result  
 5585 in a lot of (unnecessary) network traffic and clog the NWK BTTs of all routers.

5586 To allow also the lower layers (NWK) of the other proxy and router devices, as well as of the sinks, to  
 5587 filter the messages sent by the proxies on behalf of the same GPD, the proxies originating the message  
 5588 use – in certain cases defined by the current specification - proxy aliasing, i.e. Alias NWK level source  
 5589 short address and Alias NWK level sequence number.

5590 Note, that there is a certain, network-size dependent probability of two different GPD IDs resulting in  
 5591 the same derived alias source address. As long as the alias sequence numbers are different, the Green  
 5592 Power EndPoint will be able to filter out, based on the full GPD ID (and *Endpoint*, if *ApplicationID* =  
 5593 0b010) in the GP Notification payload. There is also a certain probability of the two derived alias  
 5594 source addresses being simultaneously used with the same sequence number, but it is considered negli-  
 5595 gible.

5596 In addition, to prevent that subsequent GP (Commissioning) Notification commands, especially if for-  
 5597 forwarded by different proxies, coincidentally use the same APS counter value thus leading to GP com-  
 5598 mand dropping by the APS duplicate rejection table of the receiving sink, if proxy aliasing is used, the APS  
 5599 counter of the transmitted Green Power cluster command takes the value of the alias sequence number.

#### 5600 **A.3.6.3.3.1 Derivation of alias source address**

5601 If no *Assigned Alias* is stored in the Proxy Table entry for a particular GPD, the Alias NWK level  
 5602 source short address, *Alias\_src\_addr*, is derived from the GPD ID in the following way, the same for  
 5603 *ApplicationID* 0b000 and 0b010; If *ApplicationID* = 0b010, the *Endpoint* field SHALL NOT be used  
 5604 for alias derivation.

5605 The 2 LSB of the GPD ID are examined. If they do not correspond to any of the reserved Zigbee short  
 5606 addresses (0x0000 for the Zigbee Coordinator, and the addresses exceeding 0xffff, reserved for broad-  
 5607 casts), this value is used as *Alias\_src\_addr*. Otherwise, if the resulting *Alias\_src\_addr* does correspond  
 5608 to one of the reserved Zigbee short addresses, the 2 LSBs of the GPD ID SHALL be XORed with the  
 5609 3rd and 4th LSB of the GPD ID, i.e. 1<sup>st</sup> LSB XORed with 3<sup>rd</sup> LSB and 2<sup>nd</sup> LSB XORed with 4<sup>th</sup> LSB. If  
 5610 the resulting value does not correspond to any of the reserved Zigbee short addresses, this value is used  
 5611 as *Alias\_src\_addr*. Otherwise, if the XORed value corresponds to a reserved Zigbee short address, then  
 5612 in case the 2 LSB of the GPD ID were 0x0000, a value of 0x0007 SHALL be used, or else the value of  
 5613 0x0008 SHALL be subtracted from the 2 LSB.

### A.3.6.3.3.2 Derivation of alias sequence number

The proxies use the Alias NWK level sequence number and Alias APS counter which – both for assigned and derived alias - have the identical value derived from MAC header sequence number of the trigger GPDF. Specifically:

- The derived groupcast GP Notification command uses the exact value from the GPDF MAC header *Sequence number* field;
- The GP Pairing Search command uses the value:  $\text{GPDF\_MAC\_header\_Sequence\_number} - 10 \pmod{256}$ ;
  - Note: if the transmission of the GP Pairing Search command was triggered by reception of another GP command (e.g. GP Notification or GP Tunneling Stop), the correct sequence number needs to be derived from the information available in this frame.  
E.g. if the trigger was GP Tunneling Stop, then the alias sequence number to be used for GP Pairing Search is to be calculated as follows:  
 $\text{GP\_Tunneling\_Stop\_NWK\_header\_Sequence\_number} + 1$ .
  - if the transmission of the GP Pairing Search command was not triggered by reception of GPD command, and thus the current GPD MAC *Sequence number* value for this GPD is not available, a random value SHOULD be used.
- The GP Tunneling Stop command uses the value:  $\text{GPDF\_MAC\_header\_Sequence\_number} - 11 \pmod{256}$ ;
- The GP Commissioning Notification command uses the value:  $\text{GPDF\_MAC\_header\_Sequence\_number} - 12 \pmod{256}$ ;
- The commissioned groupcast GP Notification command uses the value:  $\text{GPDF\_MAC\_header\_Sequence\_number} - 9 \pmod{256}$ ;
- The broadcast GP Notification command uses the value:  $\text{GPDF\_MAC\_header\_Sequence\_number} - 14 \pmod{256}$ ;
- The Device\_annce command uses the value of 0x00.

### A.3.6.3.4 Alias use vs. regular Zigbee

#### A.3.6.3.4.1 Sending Device\_annce on behalf of GPD

There is a certain, network-size dependent probability of address conflict between the GPD ID-derived alias and genuine randomly assigned Zigbee NWK address. SHOULD this be detected, it is expected to be resolved by the Zigbee device changing its unique address, as specified by the Zigbee protocol.

To assure that usage of the alias does not cause any disturbance to Zigbee network operation, the sink SHALL send the Zigbee Device\_annce command [1], after adding an active entry for a new GPD into its Sink Table as a result of proximity or multi-hop commissioning (see sec. A.3.9.1).

A GP CT SHOULD send the Zigbee Device\_annce command [1], when adding an active Proxy Table entry using GP Pairing command with *AddSink* sub-field of the *Options* field set to 0b1 or a Sink Table entry using GP Pairing Configuration command with *Send GP Pairing* sub-field of the *Actions* field set to 0b0, i.e. when the Device\_annce will not be sent by the sink; when multiple entries for the same GPD are added at the same time, it is sufficient to send Device\_annce once.

In addition, a sink and a GP CT MAY also send Device\_annce at other times, e.g. to prevent/resolve conflicts with devices not present at the time of the original announcement. The proxy SHALL NOT send Device\_annce in commissioning mode.

When the proxy is in operational mode and observes a GPDF for which the security check fails and for which GPD ID it does not have a Proxy Table entry, the proxy SHALL NOT send Device\_annce and SHALL NOT use the alias, until the GPD's membership in the network is confirmed.

### 5659 A.3.6.3.4.2 Format of Device\_ance sent on behalf of GPD

5660 The Zigbee Device\_ance command SHALL always be sent using the Alias source address as NWK  
 5661 source address, a fixed NWK sequence number of 0x00, and a fixed APS counter of 0x00.

5662 The payload of the Zigbee Device\_ance command SHALL carry the following information the same  
 5663 for *ApplicationID* 0b000 and 0b010: the NWKAddr field SHALL carry the alias for the GPD, either  
 5664 the calculated Alias NWK source address (see sec. A.3.6.3.3) or the AssignedAlias; the IEEEAddr field  
 5665 SHALL carry the 0xffffffffffff value indicating invalid IEEE address [3], and the Capability field  
 5666 with the values as indicated in Figure 88.

Bits: 0	1	2	3	4-5	6	7
Alternate PAN coordinator	Device type	Power source	Receiver on when idle	Reserved	Security capability	Allocate address
0	0	0	0	00	Inherited from the proxy	0

5667 **Figure 88 – Values for the Capability field of the Zigbee Device\_ance command, sent by the proxies on behalf of  
 5668 the Alias NWK address**

## 5669 A.3.7 GP security

### 5670 A.3.7.1 Implementation

#### 5671 A.3.7.1.1 Security parameters

5672 The dGP stub of a proxy SHALL support all security levels defined in the GP specification.

5673 The dGP stub of a sink SHALL support all security levels above and including the application- and  
 5674 product-specific minimum security level, as indicated in the *gpsSecurityLevel* attribute.

#### 5675 A.3.7.1.2 gpSecurityKeyType

5676 The *gpdSecurityKeyType* can take the values as defined in Table 53.

5677 **Table 53 – Values of gpSecurityKeyType**

Value	Description	Comment	Security properties
0b000	No key		No protection for GPDF communication. The attacker can eavesdrop and spoof all GPDF communication.
0b001	Zigbee NWK key	The Zigbee Network key (as stored in the NIB <i>Key</i> parameter) is used for securing the communication with the GPD.  Thus, the key is readily available to any proxy/sink being part of the Zigbee network. It needs to be delivered to any security-capable GPD.  Note: in the event of NWK key update, updating the key on the GPDs is required as well.	Overhearing in the clear key transmission/compromising one GPD compromises the Zigbee NWK key, which allows the attacker to eavesdrop and spoof all Zigbee and GP communication and all the devices of the entire Zigbee network.
0b010	GPD group key	Group key is shared between GPDs and GP infrastructure devices.  The key is needs to be configured into all GP infrastructure devices and all security-capable GPDs.	Overhearing in the clear key transmission/compromising one GPD allows the attacker to eavesdrop and spoof all GPDF communication.  However, it does not allow the attacker to add new GPDs, thanks to the dedicated commissioning of GPD into the network.

Value	Description	Comment	Security properties
0b011	NWK-key derived GPD group key	<p>Group key is shared between GPDs and GP infrastructure devices, which is derived from the Zigbee Network key as specified in A.3.7.1.2.1.</p> <p>Thus, the key is readily available to any proxy/sink being part of the Zigbee network.</p> <p>Only the derived key - and not the NWK key - is delivered to any GPD.</p> <p>Note: in the event of NWK key update, updating the key on the GPDs is required as well.</p>	<p>Overhearing in the clear key transmission/compromising one GPD allows the attacker to eavesdrop and spoof all GPDF communication.</p> <p>However, because of the properties of the derivation function (see A.3.7.1.2.1), it does not reveal the Zigbee NWK key. It also does not allow the attacker to add new GPDs, thanks to the dedicated commissioning of GPD into the network.</p>
0b100	(individual) out-of-the-box GPD key	<p>GPD is pre-configured with a security key.</p> <p>The key is needs to be configured into all (relevant) GP infrastructure devices.</p>	<p>Overhearing in the clear key transmission/compromising one GPD does allow the attacker to eavesdrop/spoof any communication of this particular device.</p> <p>It does not give the attacker any additional benefit.</p>
0b101-0b110	Reserved		
0b111	Derived individual GPD key	<p>An individual key is derived from the GPD independent group key (0x010) used by a particular network, as specified in sec. A.3.7.1.2.2.</p> <p>When the Derived individual GPD key type is used, the <i>gpSharedSecurityKeyType</i> attribute SHALL store the value 0b111, and the <i>gpSharedSecurityKey</i> attribute SHALL store the value of the GPD group key (0b010).</p> <p>Only the derived key (and not the shared key) is delivered to any GPD.</p>	<p>Overhearing in the clear key transmission/compromising one GPD allow the attacker to eavesdrop/spoof any communication of this particular device.</p> <p>However, because of the properties of the derivation function (see sec. A.3.7.1.2.2), it does not reveal the shared key. It does not allow the attacker to add new GPDs, thanks to the dedicated commissioning of GPD into the network.</p>

### 5678 A.3.7.1.2.1 GPD group key (0b011) derivation

5679 The HMAC keyed hash function, as defined in [19], is used to derive the GPD group key (0b011).

$$5680 K_{GP} = \text{HMAC}(K, 'ZGP')_{16}$$

5681 whereby

- 5682 • the block size  $B$ , the length of the key  $K$  and the output size  $t$  (of the GPD group key  $K_{GP}$ ) are all 128 bit/16 octets;
- 5683 • the Matyas-Meyer-Oseas hash function, as defined in [1] section B.6, is used as the hash function  $H$ ;
- 5684 • the character string ‘Z’ ‘G’ ‘P’ is used as the *text* input, with each ASCII character represented on 8bit;
- 5685 • the Zigbee NWK key is used as the key  $K$ .

5686 Implementation of key derivation is only mandatory for the sink; the proxies receive the correct key in 5687 the GP Pairing command.

### 5688 A.3.7.1.2.2 Individual GPD key derivation

5689 The HMAC keyed hash function, as defined in [19], is used to derive the individual GPD key.

$$5690 K_{GP\ ID} = \text{HMAC}(K, ID)_{16}$$

5691 whereby

- 5692 • the block size  $B$ , the length of the key  $K$  and the output size  $t$  (of the individual key  $K_{GP\ ID}$ ) are all 128 bit/16 octets;
- 5693 • the Matyas-Meyer-Oseas hash function, as defined in [1] section B.6, is used as the hash function  $H$ ;
- 5694 • the ID is:

- 5700   ▪ for GPD using *ApplicationID* = 0b010, i.e. identified by IEEE address: 8B GPD IEEE address is  
5701    used as the *text* input, in little endian order (e.g. 0x11 0xff 0xee 0xdd 0xcc 0xbb 0xaa 0x00 for  
5702    IEEE address 00:aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff:11); the *Endpoint* field SHALL NOT be used;
- 5703   ▪ for GPD using *ApplicationID* = 0b000, i.e. identified by SrcID: 4B GPD SrcID is used as the  
5704    *text* input, in little endian order (e.g. 0x21 0x43 0x65 0x87 for SrcID=0x87654321);
- 5705   • the GPD group key (0x010) as stored in the *gpSharedSecurityKey* attribute (see sec. A.3.3.3.2) is  
5706    used as the key *K*.

5707 Implementation of key derivation is only mandatory for the sink; the proxies receive the correct key in  
5708 the GP Pairing command.

#### 5709 **A.3.7.1.2.3 Over-the-air protection of GPD key with TC-LK**

5710 When the device is capable of exchanging the GPDkey field protected, it SHALL calculate the values  
5711 of the GPDkey and GPDkeyMIC fields by invoking CCM\* as for security Level 0b11, with the follow-  
5712 ing inputs:

- 5713   • Payload = GPDkey in the clear;
- 5714   • Header:
  - 5715     ▪ For GPD using *ApplicationID* = 0b000: the GPD SrcID;
  - 5716     ▪ For GPD using *ApplicationID* = 0b010: 4LSB of the GPD IEEE address; the *Endpoint* field  
5717       SHALL NOT be used;  
5718       Note: the Header octets are only used for CCM\* security processing; they are not included in the  
5719       data transmitted over the air.
- 5720   • Nonce with:
  - 5721     ▪ *Source address* parameter taking the value:
    - 5722       – For GPD using *ApplicationID* = 0b000:
      - 5723           · {SrcID || SrcID}, for GPDF sent by GPD;
      - 5724           · {0x00000000 || SrcID}, for GPDF sent to GPD;
    - 5725       – For GPD using *ApplicationID* = 0b010:
      - 5726           · IEEE address of the GPD, for both GPDF send by and to GPD; the *Endpoint* field SHALL  
5727           NOT be used.
  - 5728     ▪ *Frame counter* parameter SHALL take the value:
    - 5729       – For GPD using *ApplicationID* = 0b000 and GPDF sent by GPD: 4B SrcID;
    - 5730       – For GPD using *ApplicationID* = 0b010 and GPDF sent by GPD: 4LSB of GPD IEEE address;
    - 5731       – For GPD using *ApplicationID* 0b000 or 0b010 and GPDF sent to GPD:  
5732        Current\_Security\_frame\_counter+1 (where Current\_Security\_frame\_counter is the value  
5733        from the GPDF that triggers Commissioning Reply \*creation\*, not \*sending\*); the *Endpoint*  
5734       field SHALL NOT be used.
  - 5735     ▪ *Security control* field set as follows (as described in sec. A.1.5.3.2):
    - 5736       – Security level (according to [1]) = 0b101
    - 5737       – Key identifier (NOT according to [1]) = 0b00
    - 5738       – Note that this security level and Key identifier are never transmitted and are NOT used for  
5739       determining the transformation applied to the packet, since those are governed by the *Security*  
5740       sub-field of the NWK Frame Control field of the GPDF. The values here are defined for  
5741       interoperability only.
    - 5742       – Extended nonce =0b0;
    - 5743       – Reserved =
      - 5744           · For *ApplicationID* = 0b000 and/or for incoming secured GPDF (i.e. GPDF sent by GPD):  
5745            *Reserved* = 0b00;

- 5746     · For outgoing secured GPDF (i.e. GPDF sent to GPD) with an *ApplicationID* = 0b010:  
 5747       *Reserved* = 0b11.

#### A.3.7.1.2.4 Key use recommended practices

The following key types SHALL NOT be used in any network at the same time:

- NWK key and NWK-key derived GPD group key;
- Shared key and shared-key derived individual keys.

Any of the following key types: NWK key, GP group key, derived individual keys can be used in combination with the GPD OOB individual keys.

#### A.3.7.2 Security assumptions

Four security levels for GPDF frame protection are offered by the specification, as summarized in Table 11. The manufacturers of the Green Power Sink devices are responsible for selecting the appropriate minimum security level required by their device type and application context it is expected to work with; by setting the *gpsSecurityLevel* attribute. The process of creating the pairings assures that sinks can only be controlled by GPDs with matching (security) capabilities.

Two-step security processing of the incoming GPDF is performed: proxies authenticate and check the freshness of the frame, before forwarding; and the sink(s) check the required security level and frame freshness before execution.

All proxy and sink nodes, as members of the Zigbee network, are assumed to be trusted.

The *SecurityLevel* 0b00 provides no protection for the GPDF itself. Still, the receiving devices are expected to check if they have a Proxy/Sink Table entry for the GPD ID. This level only protects the system on runtime against genuine non-malicious devices which were not paired to this network, e.g. neighbor's GPDs. While this level of protection is extremely low, it is considered sufficient for some applications, given the design constraints of the energy-harvesting GPDs. The decision if to support this mode is left to the sink vendors.

The *SecurityLevel* 0b10 and 0b11 provide security protection for the GPDF identical to that of Zigbee security level 0x01 and 0x05, respectively (see Table 4.38 of [1]).

In case of bidirectional communication, to simplify the counter management on the GPD, the responding GP infrastructure device (proxy, sink or combo) SHALL also use the same frame counter value as the last one used by the GPD. The uniqueness of the nonce is assured by using different value for the *Source address* field of the Nonce for sending to and from the GPD.

#### A.3.7.3 Security operation

##### A.3.7.3.1 Direct communication

###### A.3.7.3.1.1 Incoming frames

On reception of GP-SEC.request, the device SHALL check if the frame is not a duplicate, as described in A.3.6.1.2. If the frame is a duplicate, the device generates GP-SEC.response, with the Status DROP\_FRAME.

If the frame is not a duplicate, the device acts differently, dependent on whether it is a sink (GPT+ or combo), see sec. A.3.7.3.1.2, or a proxy, see sec. A.3.7.3.1.3.

If the device is a combo, i.e. has both sink and proxy functionality, the Sink Table SHALL be consulted first, see sec. A.3.7.3.1.2. Whenever the security-related parameters in a Sink Table entry for a particular GPD are updated, the changes SHALL be automatically propagated to the Proxy Table.

### 5788 A.3.7.3.1.2 Sink

5789 The sink (i.e. GPT+ and combo) checks if it has a Sink Table entry for this GPD.

5790 If there no Sink Table entry for this GPD and the sink is in operational mode, and the sink is a GPT+, it  
5791 SHALL generate GP-SEC.response with the Status DROP\_FRAME.

5792 If there no Sink Table entry for this GPD and the sink is in operational mode, and the sink is a combo,  
5793 it SHALL act a described in A.3.7.3.1.3.

5794 If there no Sink Table entry for this GPD and the sink is in commissioning mode and the KeyType as  
5795 indicated in GP-SEC.request was 0b0, the sink fetches the shared key. If there is none, sink generates  
5796 GP-SEC.response, with the Status DROP\_FRAME. If there is, the sink generates GP-SEC.response,  
5797 with the Status MATCH, and includes the key, the key type and the frame counter as processed here. If  
5798 there is no Sink Table entry for this GPD and the sink is in commissioning mode and the KeyType as  
5799 indicated in GP-SEC.request was 0b1, the sink generates GP-SEC.response, with the Status  
5800 DROP\_FRAME.

5801 If there is a Sink Table entry for this GPD (note: if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, the Sink Table entry may  
5802 contain a different value of the *Endpoint* parameter than that supplied by GP-SEC.request), the Sink  
5803 checks the freshness of the frame and whether the *SecurityLevel* and *SecurityKeyType* from the GP-  
5804 SEC.request match those from the Sink Table entry; for *SecurityKeyType* mapping Table 12 is to be  
5805 used. If any of those checks fails, the sink generates GP-SEC.response, with the Status  
5806 DROP\_FRAME. If the checks are successful, the sink checks if the *Endpoint* parameter of the GP-  
5807 SEC.request matches that in the Sink Table entry. If yes, the sink generates GP-SEC.response, with the  
5808 Status MATCH, and includes the key, the key type and the frame counter as processed here. If not, the  
5809 sink generates GP-SEC.response with the Status TX\_THEN\_DROP and includes the key, the key type  
5810 and the frame counter as processed here; if the sink does not support bidirectional communication it  
5811 MAY return the Status DROP instead.

### 5812 A.3.7.3.1.3 Proxy

5813 The proxy checks if it has a Proxy Table entry for this GPD.

5814 If the proxy has an active entry (note: if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, the Proxy Table entry may contain a  
5815 different value of the *Endpoint* parameter than that supplied by GP-SEC.request), the proxy checks the  
5816 freshness of the frame and whether the *SecurityLevel* and *SecurityKeyType* from the GP-SEC.request  
5817 match those from the Proxy Table entry; for *SecurityKeyType* mapping Table 12 is to be used. If any of  
5818 those checks fails, and the proxy is in the operational mode, the proxy generates GP-SEC.response,  
5819 with the Status DROP\_FRAME. If any of those checks fails, and the proxy is in the commissioning  
5820 mode, the proxy generates GP-SEC.response, with the Status PASS\_UNPROCESSED. If the checks  
5821 are successful, the proxy checks if the *Endpoint* parameter of the GP-SEC.request matches that in the  
5822 Proxy Table entry. If yes, the proxy generates GP-SEC.response, with the Status MATCH, and in-  
5823 cludes the key, the key type and the frame counter as processed here. If not, the proxy generates GP-  
5824 SEC.response with the Status TX\_THEN\_DROP and includes the key, the key type and the frame  
5825 counter as processed here; if the proxy does not support bidirectional communication it MAY return  
5826 the Status DROP instead.

5827 If the proxy has an inactive entry and is in operational mode, it updates the SearchCounter and gener-  
5828 ates GP-SEC.response, with the Status DROP\_FRAME.

5829 If (i) the proxy has an inactive entry and is in commissioning mode or if there is no Proxy Table entry  
5830 for this GPD and (ii) the KeyType as indicated in GP-SEC.request was 0b0, the proxy fetches the  
5831 shared key. If the key type was 0b1 or the key type was 0b0 and there is no shared key, proxy generates  
5832 GP-SEC.response, with the Status PASS\_UNPROCESSED.

### A.3.7.3.1.4 Incoming frames: key recovery

- If the KeyType field of the GP-SEC.request had the value of 0b1:
  - And the KeyType sub-field of the Sink/Proxy entry has the value 0b100:
    - use the GPD key stored in the Sink/Proxy Table entry for this GPD,
    - if none is stored: return DROP\_FRAME.
  - And the KeyType sub-field of the Sink/Proxy entry has the value 0b111:
    - use the GPD key stored in the Sink/Proxy Table entry for this GPD
    - or if none stored in the Sink/Proxy Table entry: the individual key, derived from the *gpSharedSecurityKey*.
    - else: return DROP\_FRAME.
- If the KeyType field of the GP-SEC.request had the value of 0b0:
  - And the KeyType sub-field of the Sink/Proxy entry has the value 0b001:
    - use the GPD key stored in the *gpSharedSecurityKey*, if the *gpSharedSecurityKeyType* = 0b001,
    - or the key from the Key field of the *nwkSecurityMaterialSet* NIB parameter.
    - else: return DROP\_FRAME.
  - And the KeyType sub-field of the Sink/Proxy entry has the value 0b010:
    - use the GPD key stored in the *gpSharedSecurityKey*, if the *gpSharedSecurityKeyType* = 0b010,
    - else: return DROP\_FRAME.
  - And the KeyType sub-field of the Sink/Proxy entry has the value 0b011:
    - use the GPD key stored in the *gpSharedSecurityKey*, if the *gpSharedSecurityKeyType* = 0b011,
    - or the key derived from the *gpSharedSecurityKey*,
    - else: return DROP\_FRAME.

### A.3.7.3.2 Tunneled communication: sink

On reception of GP Commissioning Notification command with *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field of the *Options* field set to 0b1, thus carrying encrypted *GPD CommandID* and *GPD Command payload*, and the corresponding *MIC* field, the sink takes the following values to reconstruct the *Frame Control* field and *Extended Frame Control* field, required for decryption:

- Sub-fields of the *Frame Control* field:
  - *Frame type* = 0b00 (since according to the current specification, a Maintenance GPDF cannot use security);
  - *Zigbee Protocol Version* = 0x3 (fixed value);
  - *Auto-Commissioning* = 0b0 (according to the current specification);
  - *NWK Frame Control Extension* = 0b1 (implicit, since security was used);
- Sub-fields of the *Extended Frame Control* field:
  - *ApplicationID* sub-field is copied from the *ApplicationID* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Commissioning Notification;
  - *SecurityLevel* sub-field is copied from the *SecurityLevel* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Commissioning Notification;
  - *SecurityKey* sub-field is derived from the *SecurityKeyType* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Commissioning Notification (see Table 12);
  - *RxAfterTx* sub-field is copied from the *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Commissioning Notification;
  - *Direction* = 0b0 (implicit; GPD frames sent to the GPD are not forwarded).

5879

Figure 89 below illustrates this derivation.

**GPDF Frame Control**

Bits: 0-1	2-5	6	7	Bits: 0-2	3-4	5	6	7
Frame type	ZigBee Protocol Version	Auto Commissioning	NWK Frame Control Extension	Application ID	Security Level	Security Key	RxAfterTx	Direction
Implicit: 0b00 (Data GPDF)	Fixed: 0x3	Implicit: 0b0	Implicit: 0b1			(3 bits mapped back to 1 bit)		Implicit: 0b0

**GPDF Extended Frame Control**

Bits: 0..2	3	4..5	6..8	9	10	11	12..15
ApplicationID	RxAfterTx	SecurityLevel	SecurityKeyType	Security processing failed	Bidirectional Capability	Proxy info present	Reserved

**Options of GP Commissioning Notification**

5880  
5881      **Figure 89 – Reconstruction of GPDF Frame Control fields by the sink**

5882      **A.3.8 SDL diagrams for Green Power cluster operation**

5883 In this section, SDL diagrams are included, to provide high-level overview of the Green Power cluster  
5884 operation. Please note, that this is high-level overview, and some detailed steps are not explicitly listed.  
5885 Also, the application-specific behavior is on purpose not included.

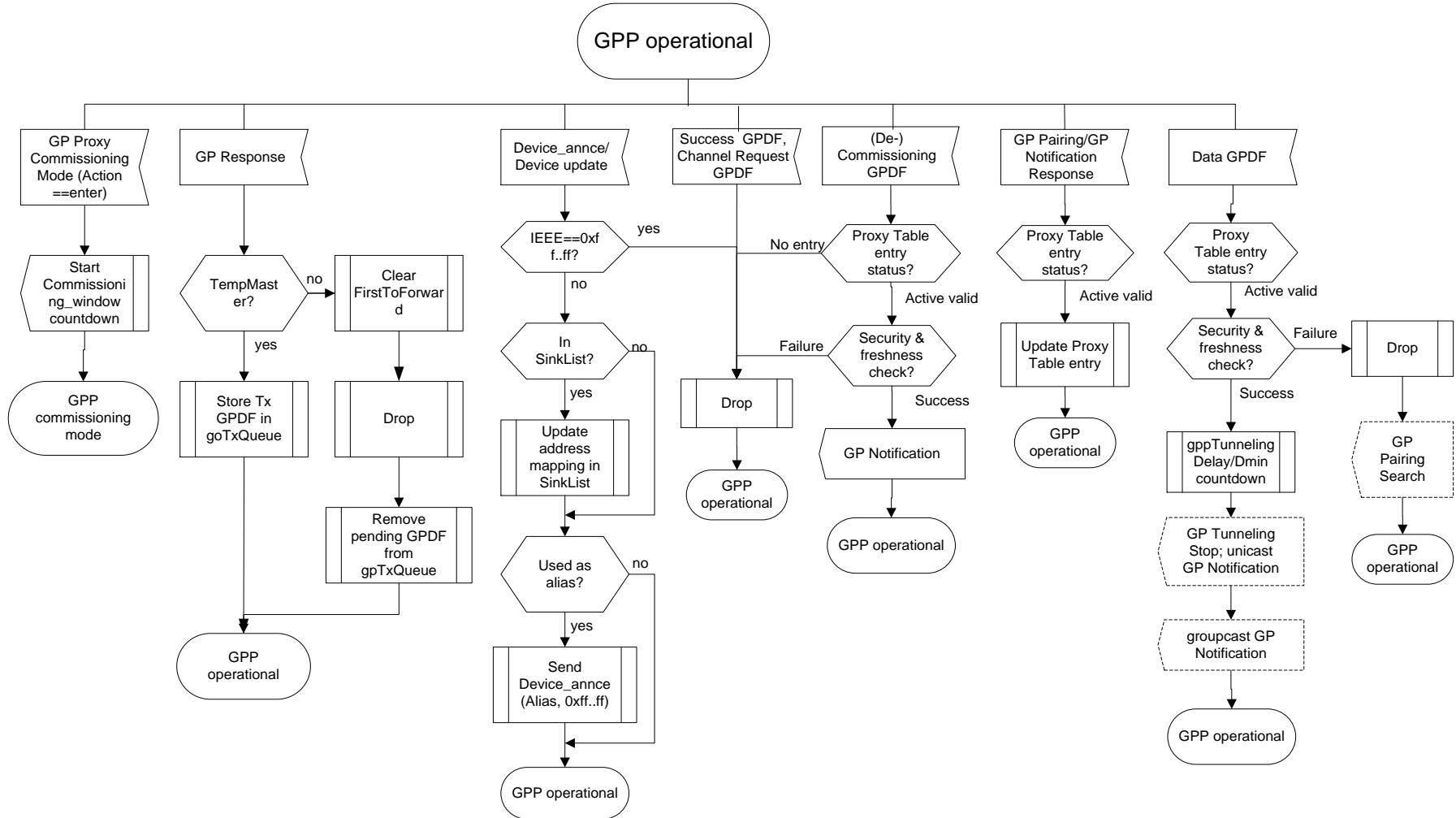
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Figure 90 – Proxy behavior in operational mode

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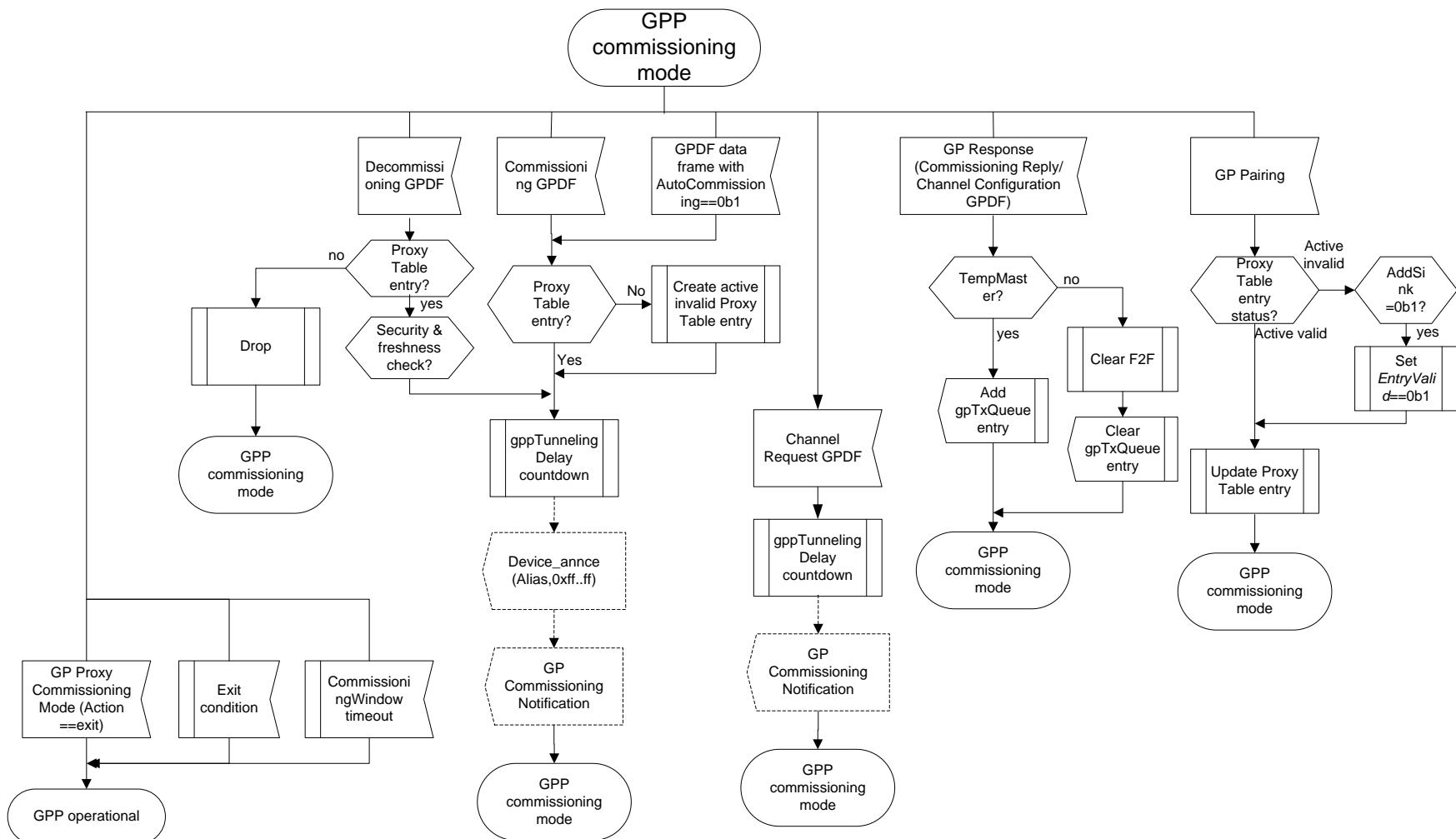


Figure 91 – Proxy behavior in commissioning mode

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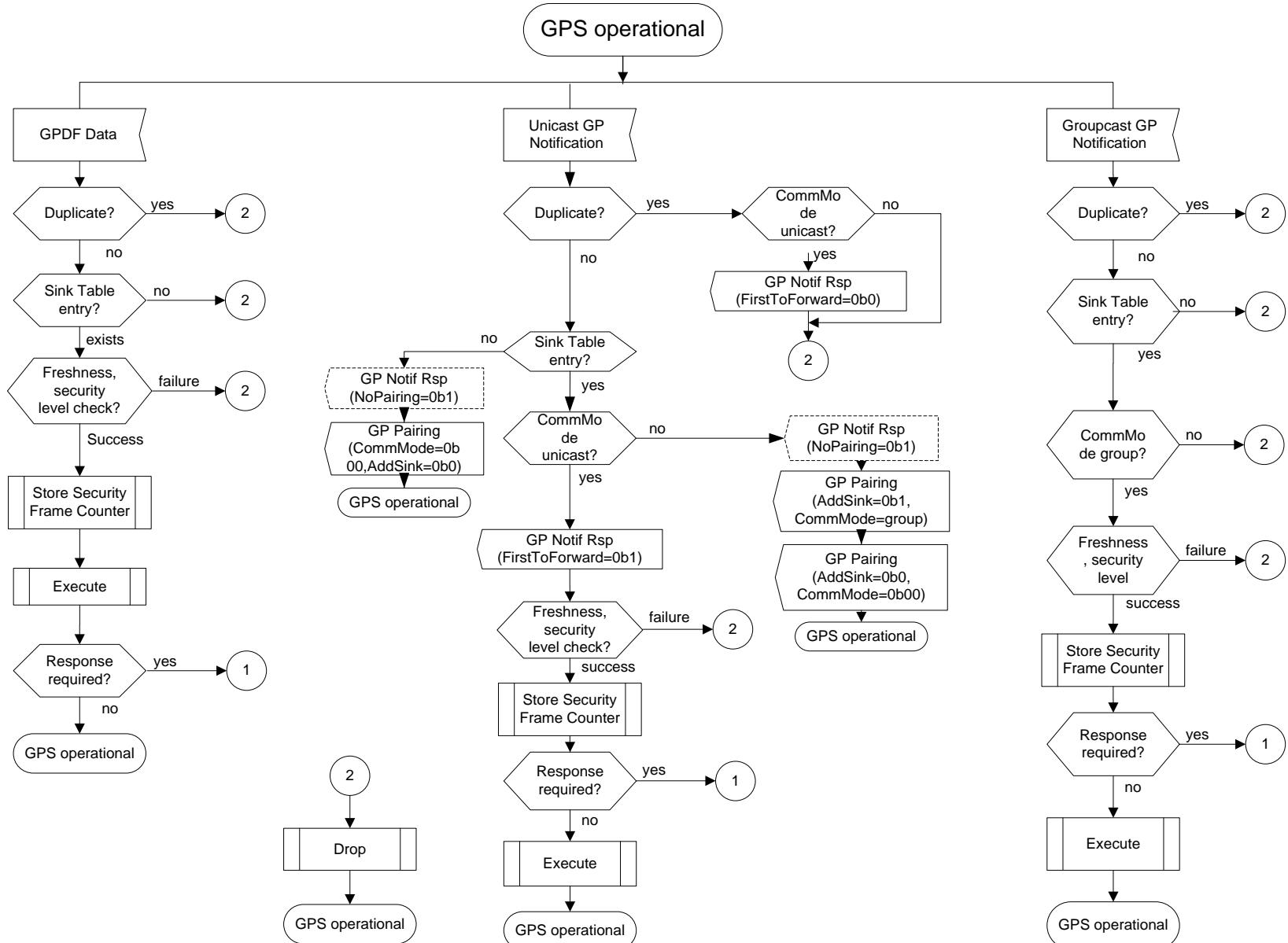
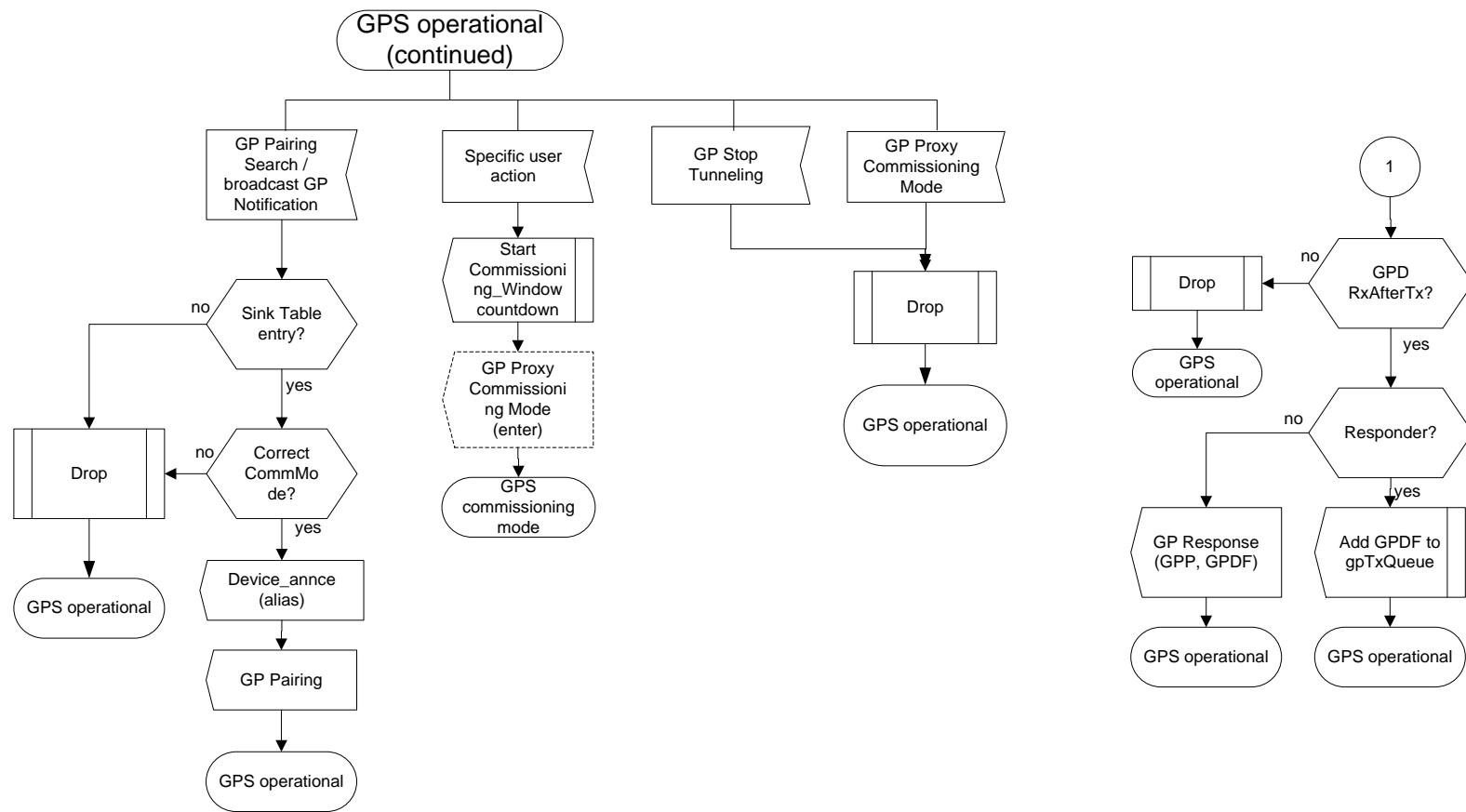


Figure 92 – Sink behavior in operational mode (part 1)

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Figure 93 – Sink behavior in operational mode (part 2)

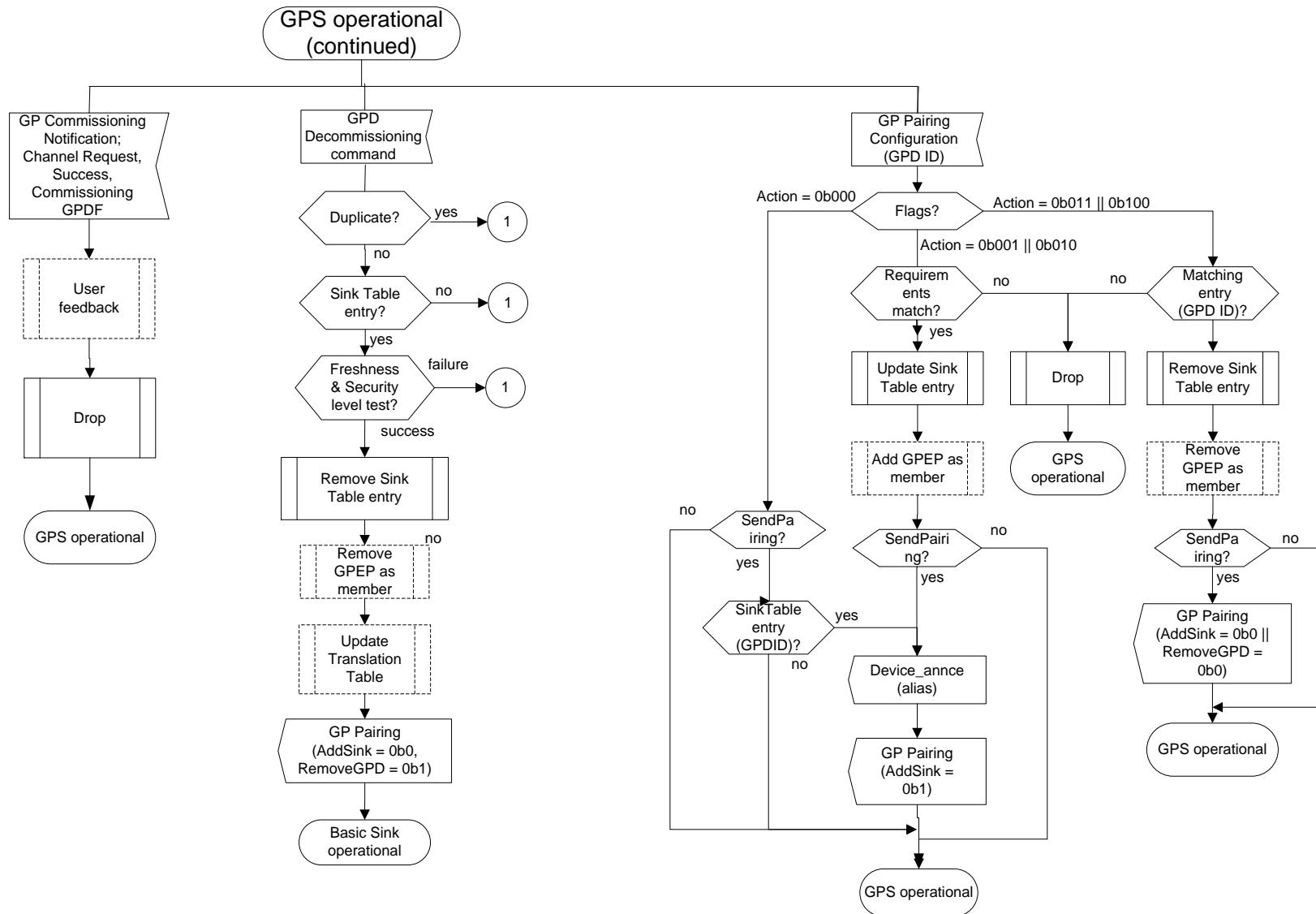


Figure 94 – Sink behavior in operational mode (part 3)

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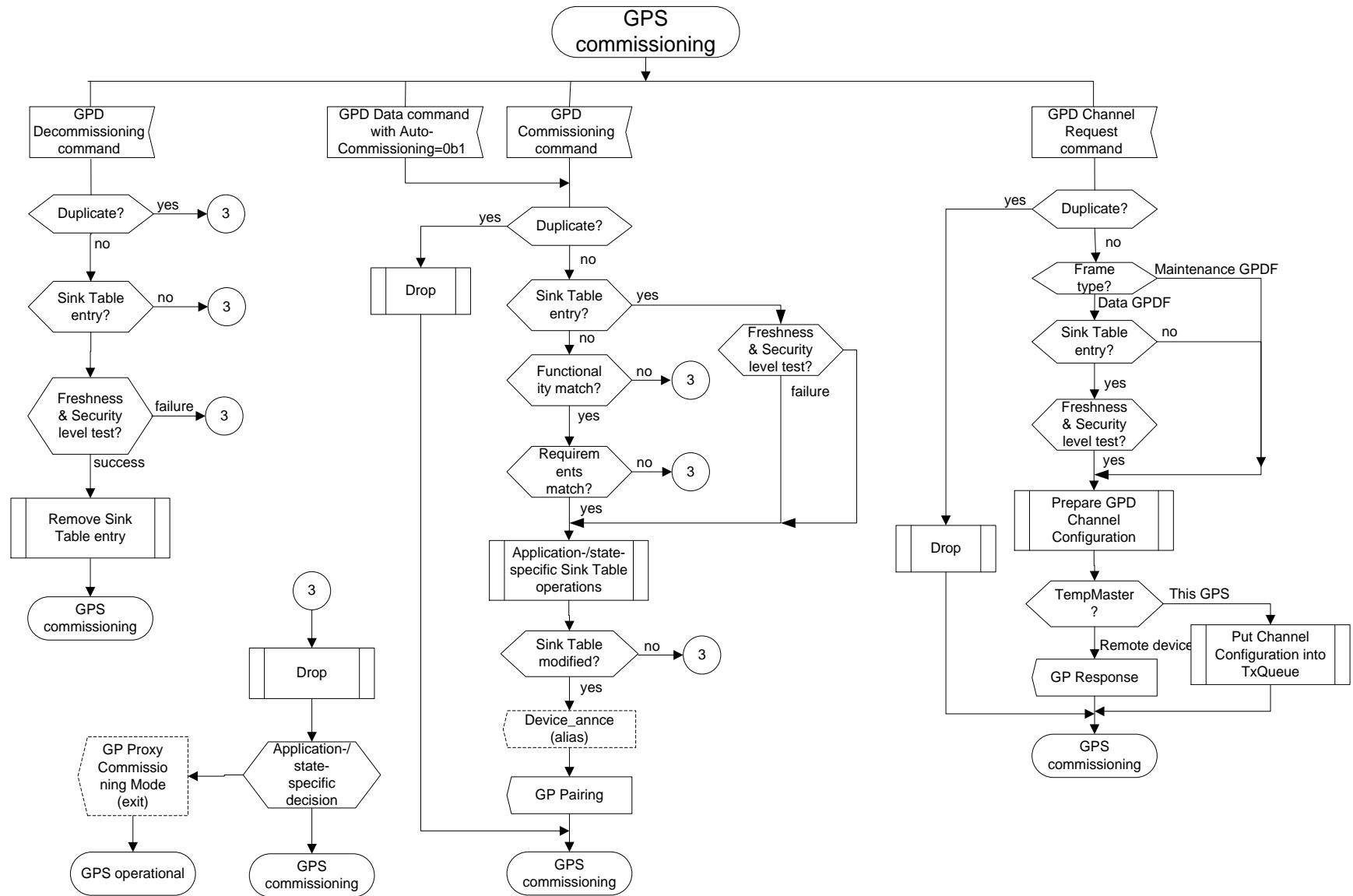
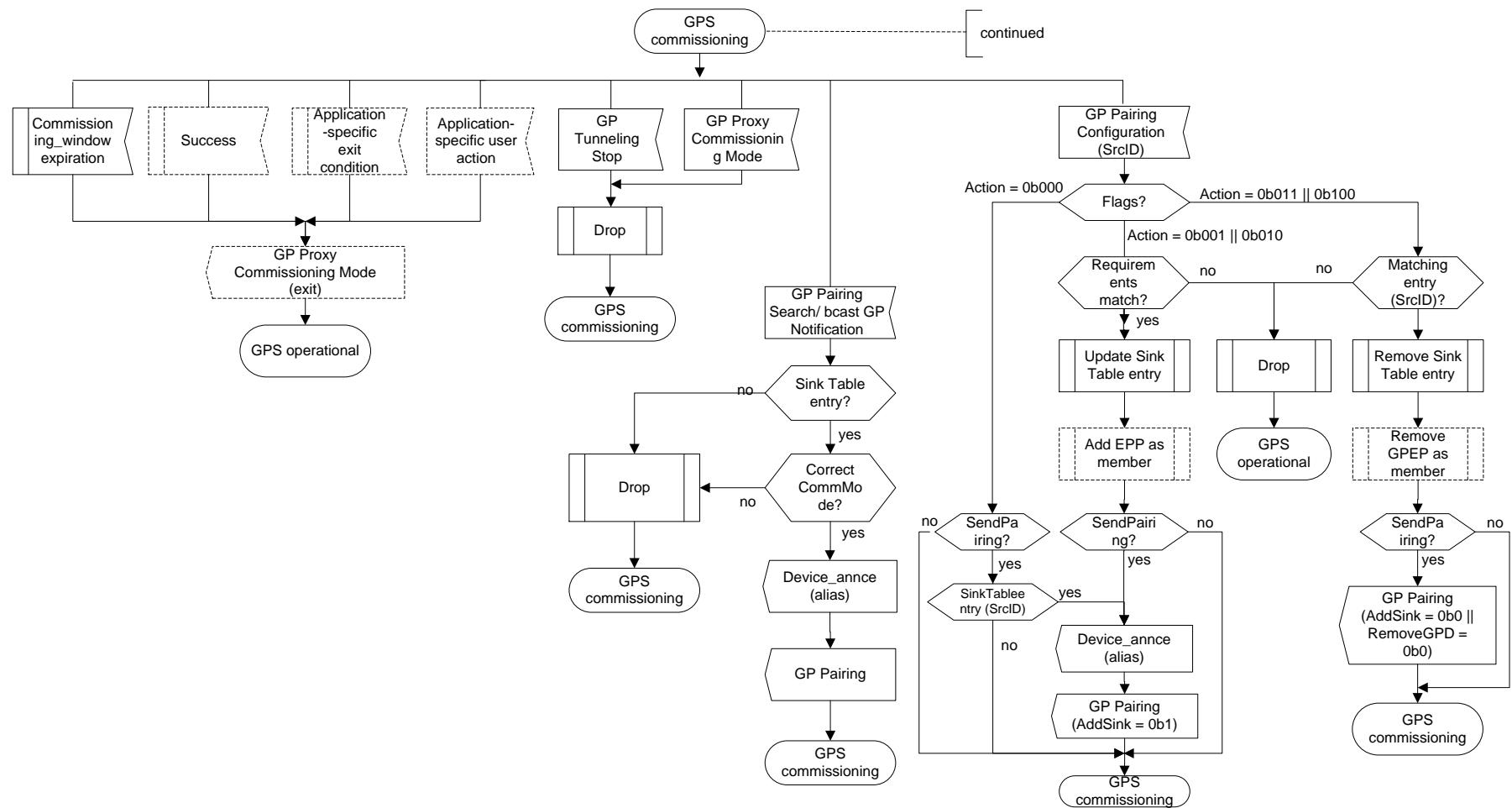


Figure 95 – Sink behavior in commissioning mode (part 1)

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Figure 96 – Sink behavior in commissioning mode (part 2)

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### A.3.8.1 GP Basic Proxy

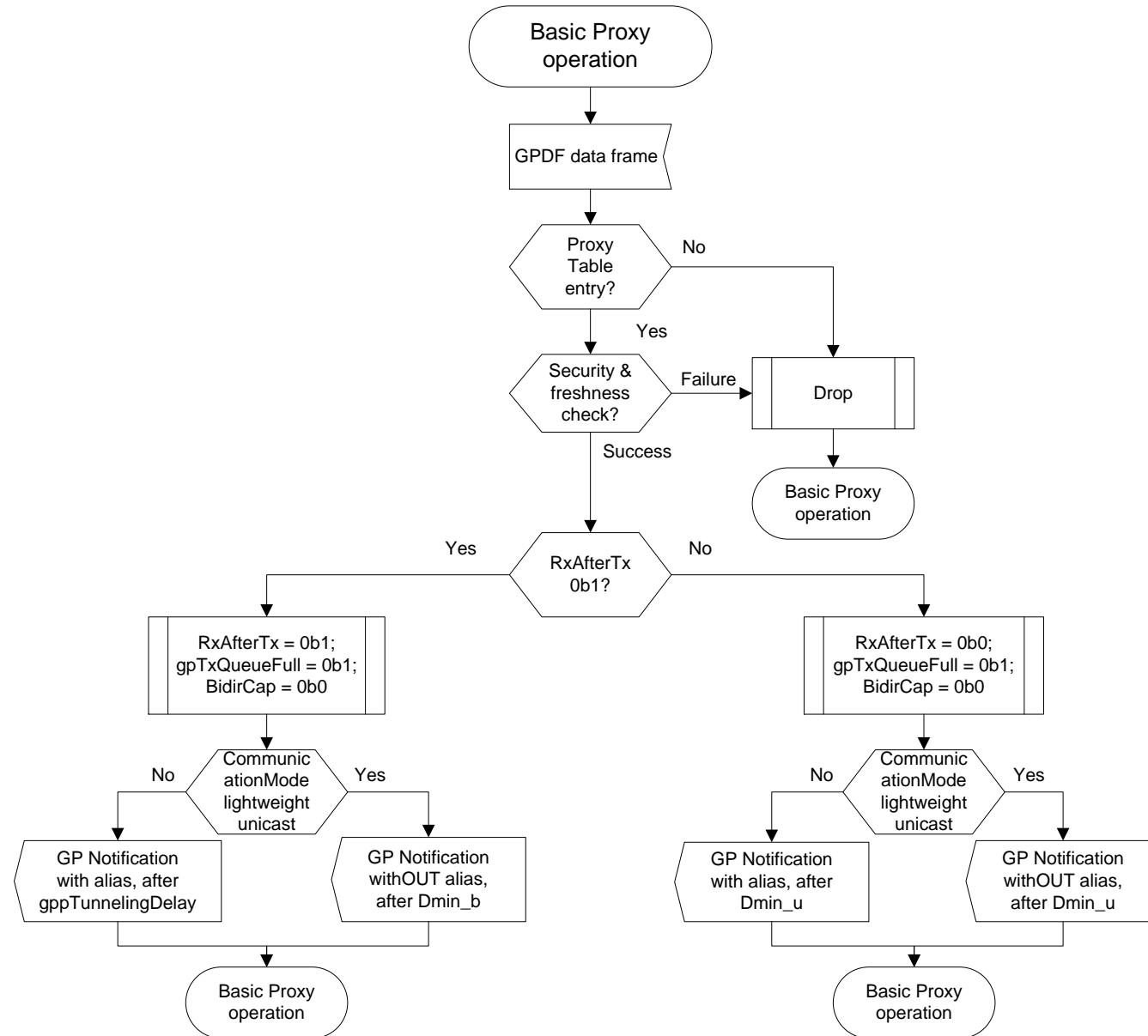
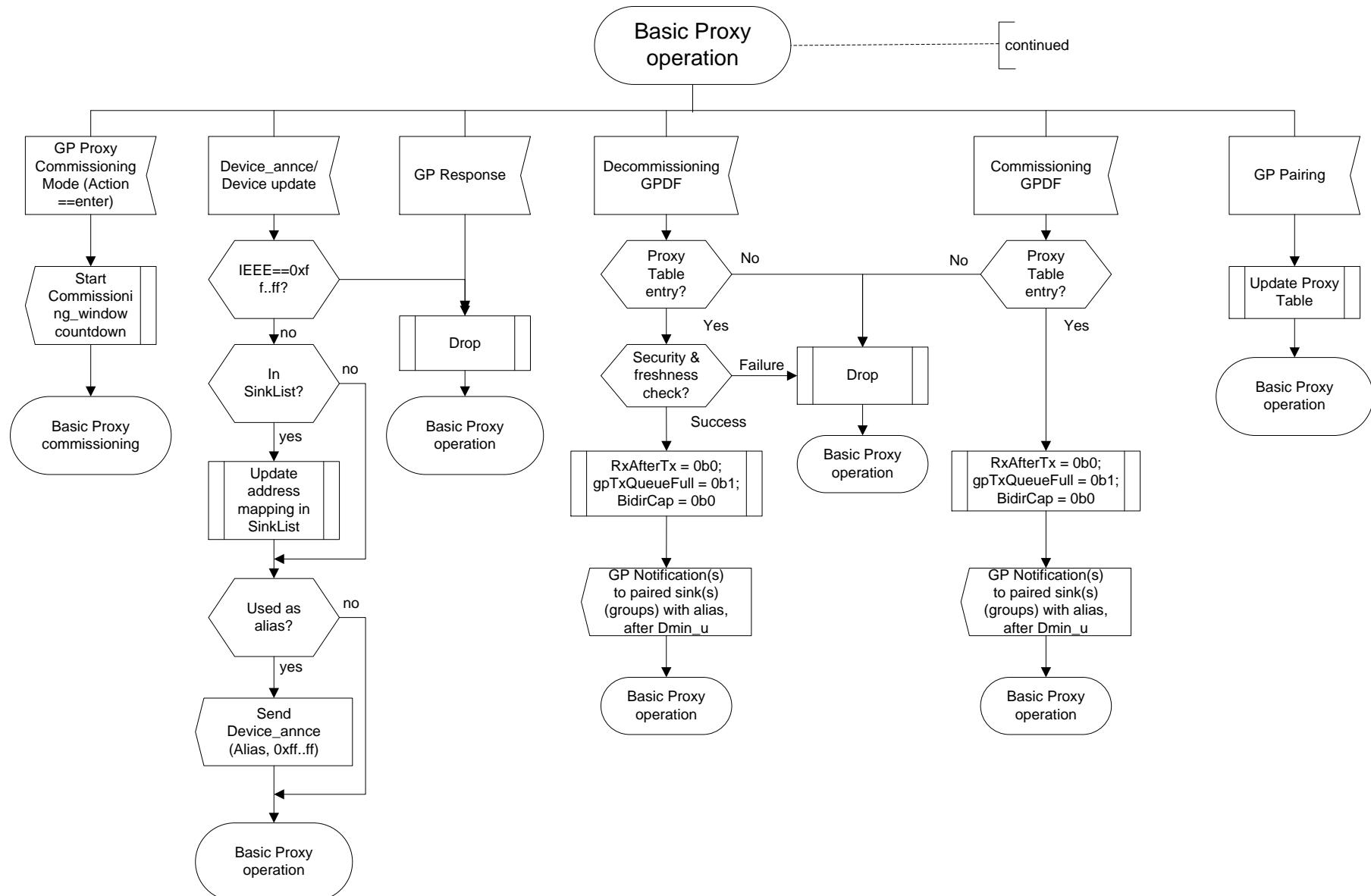


Figure 97 – GP Basic Proxy: behavior in operational mode (part 1)

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**Figure 98 – GP Basic Proxy: behavior in operational mode (part 2)**5918  
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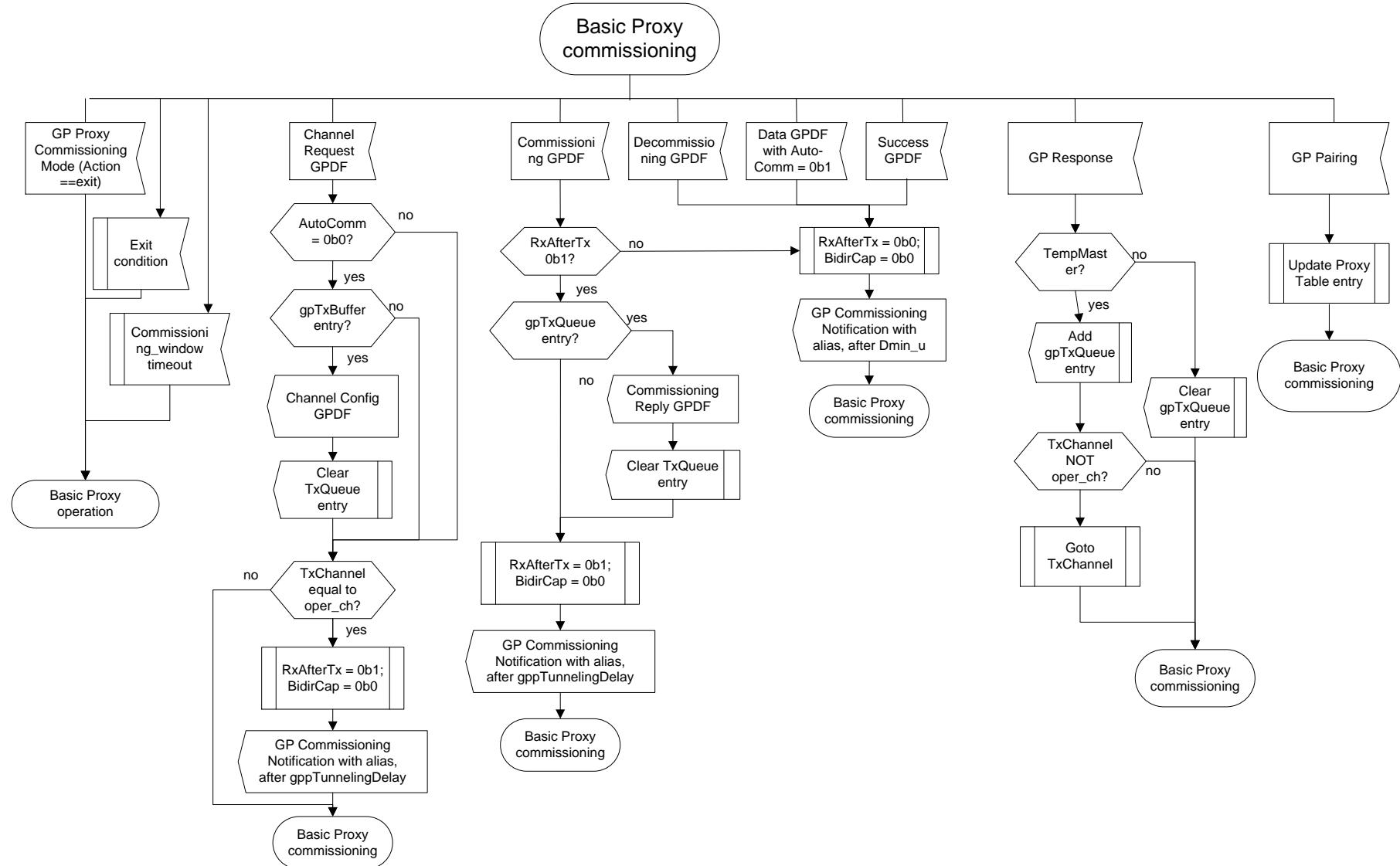
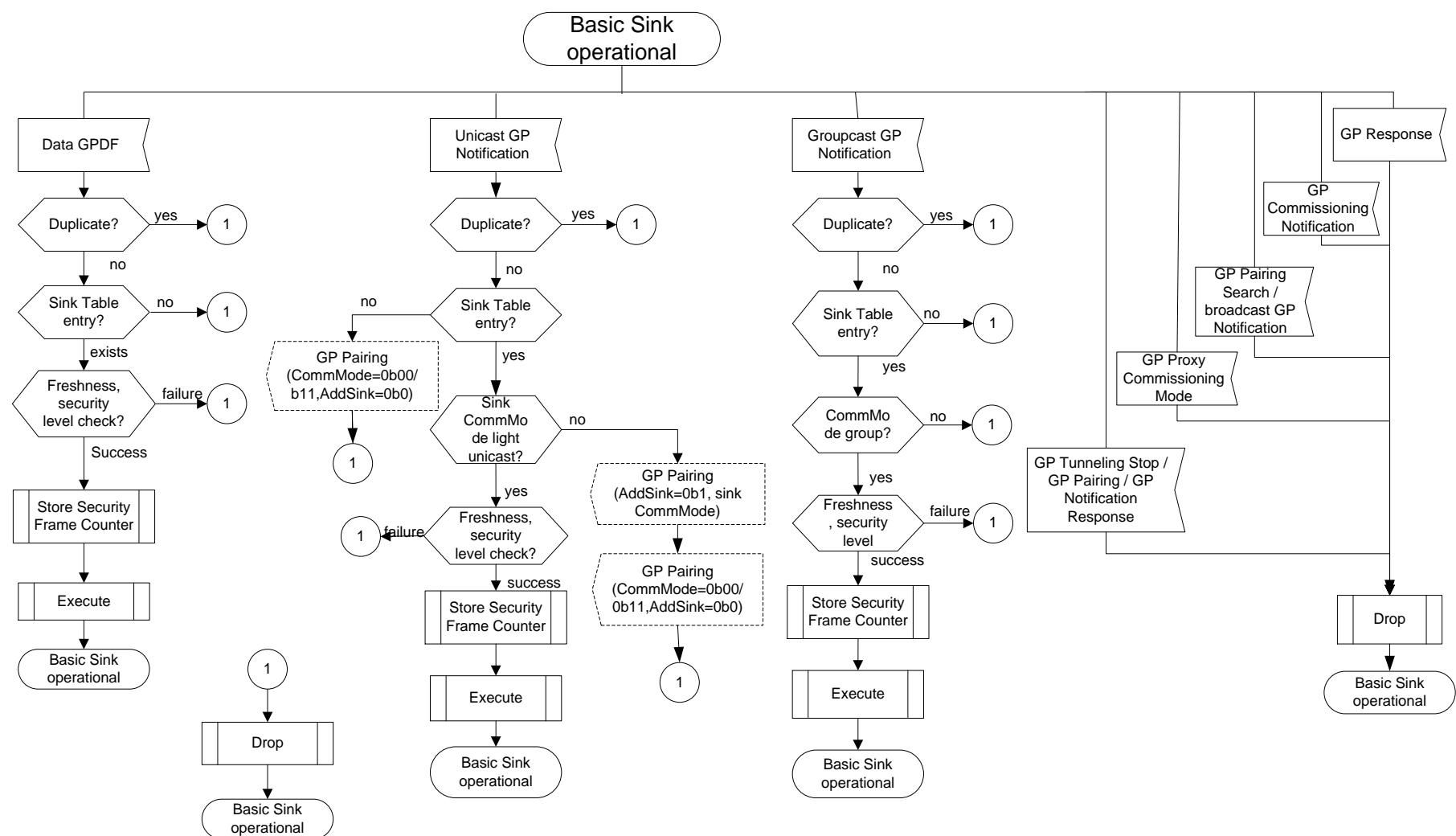


Figure 99 – GP Basic Proxy: behavior in commissioning mode

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### A.3.8.2 Sink side of the GP Combo Basic



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Figure 100 – GP Basic Sink: behavior in operational mode (part 1)

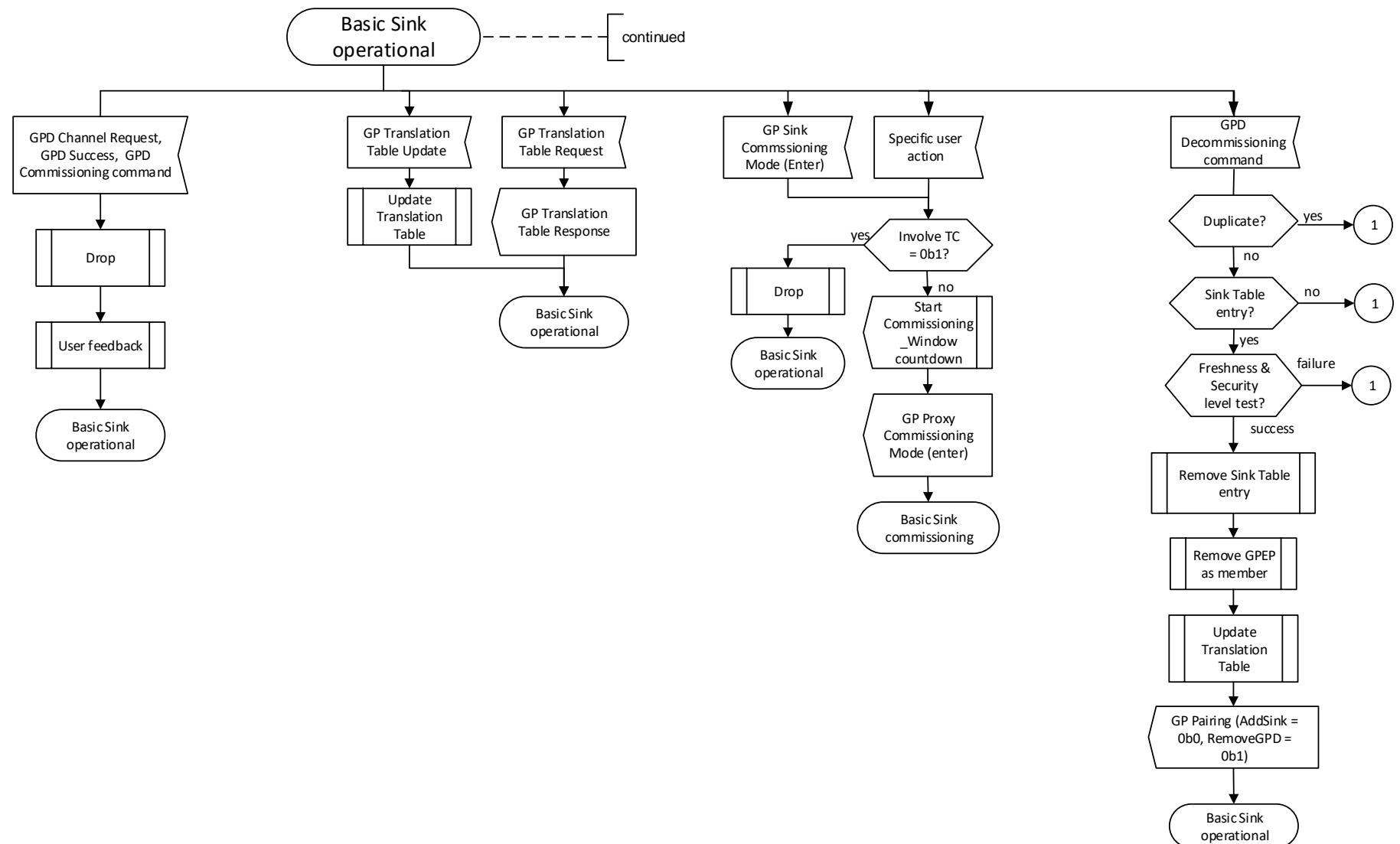
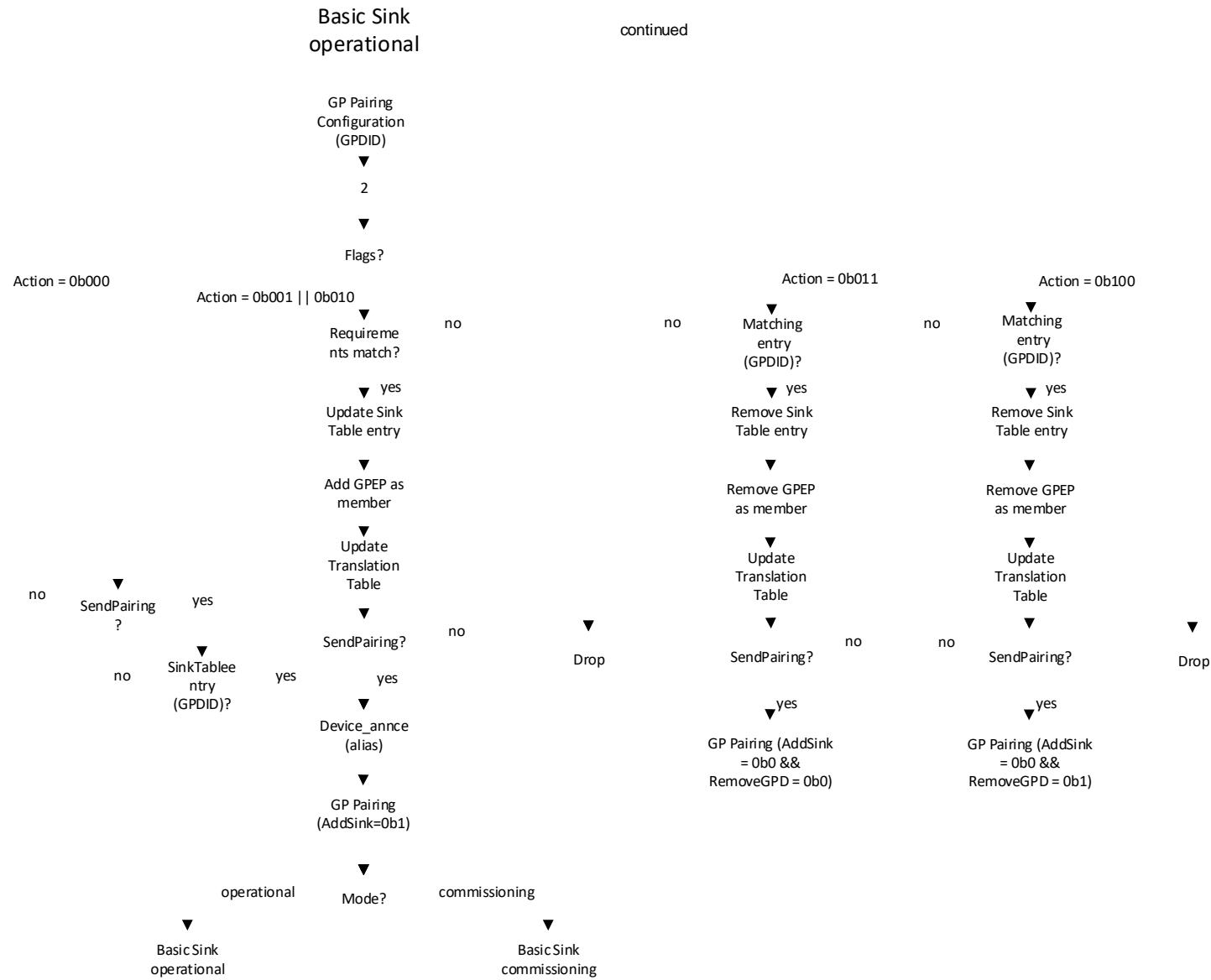


Figure 101 – GP Basic Sink: behavior in operational mode (part 2)

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**Figure 102 – GP Basic Sink: behavior in operational mode (part 3)**

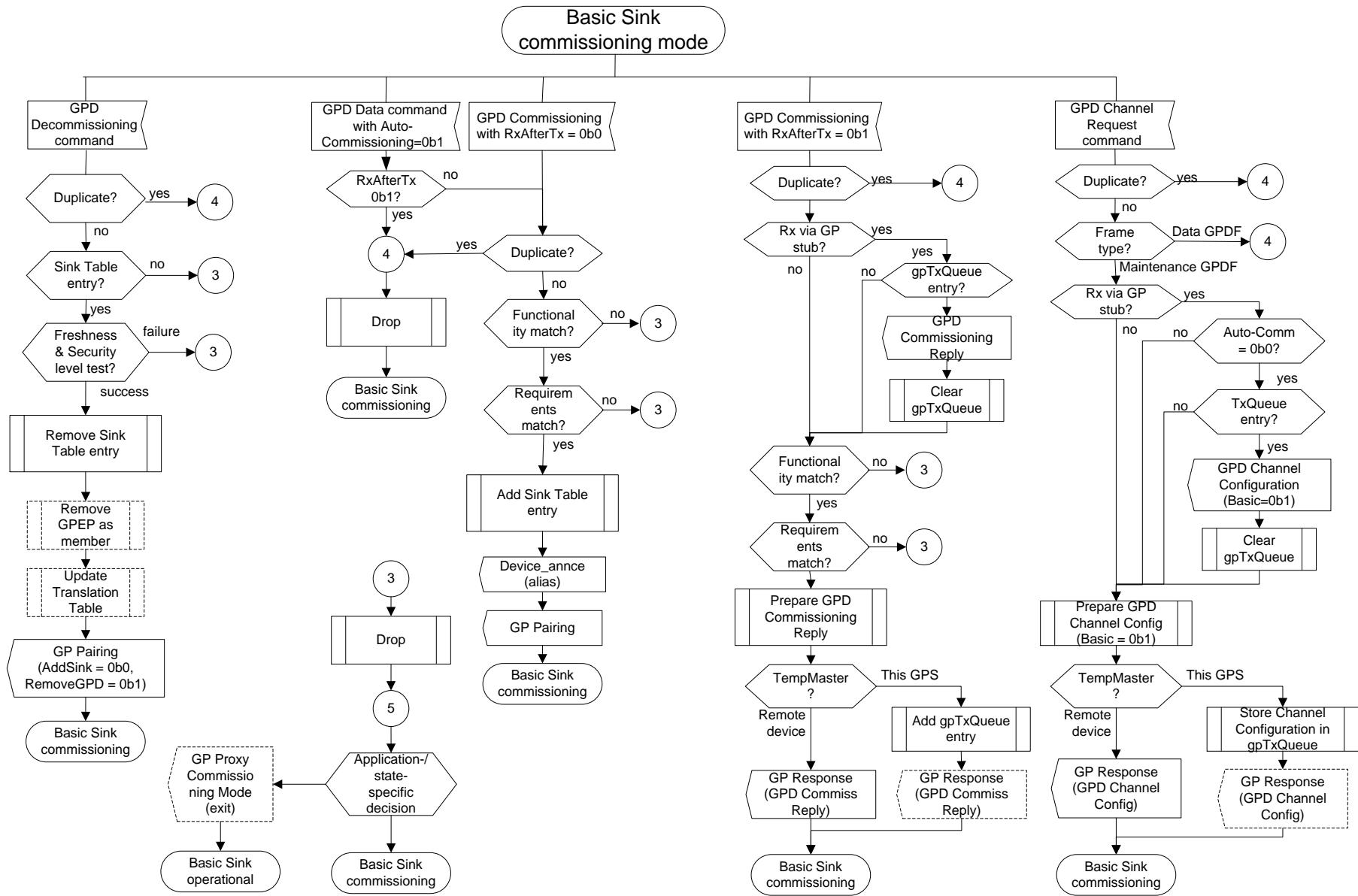


Figure 103 – GP Basic Sink: behavior in commissioning mode (part 1)

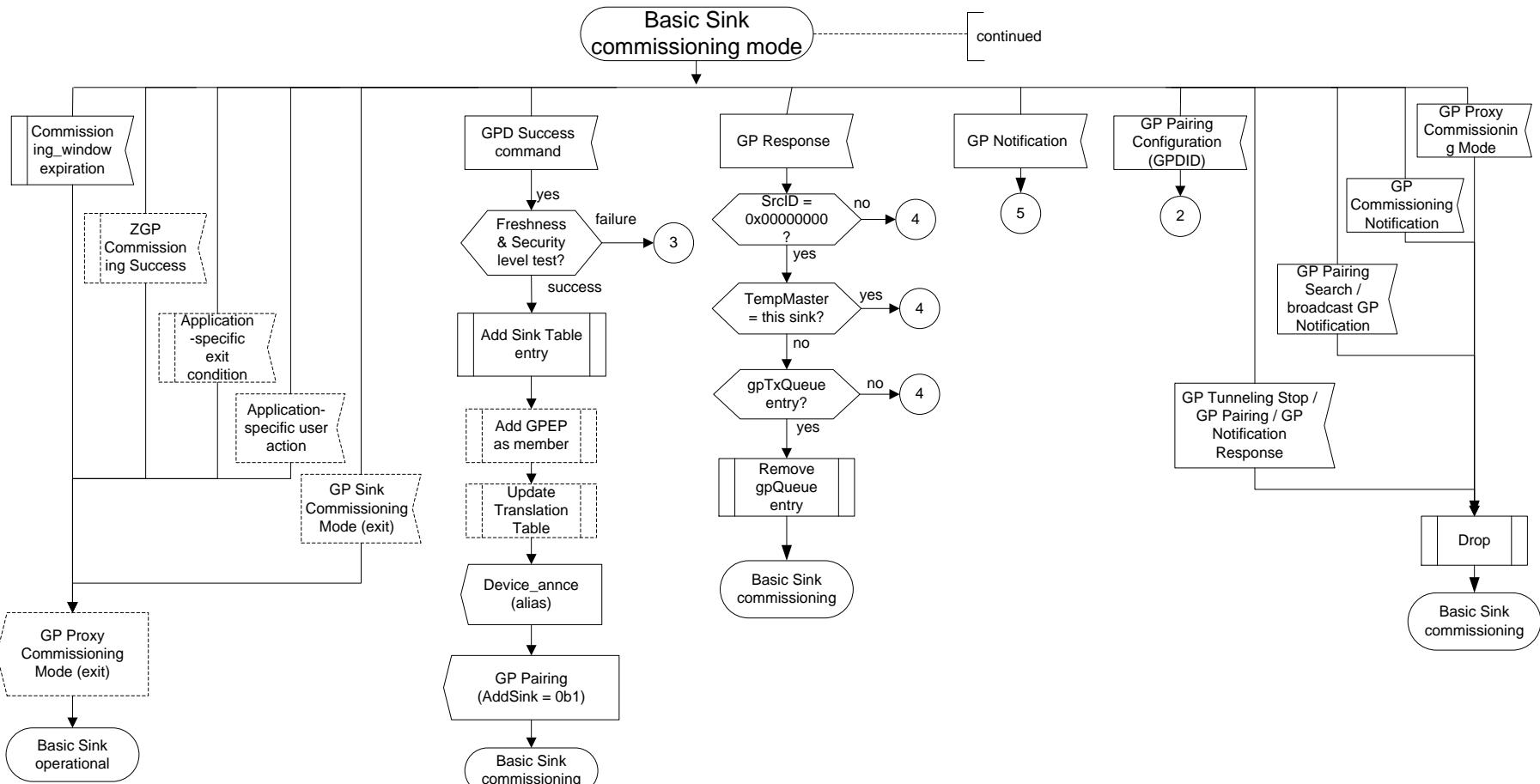


Figure 104 – GP Basic Sink: behavior in commissioning mode (part 2)

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### 5937 A.3.9 GP commissioning

5938 The recommended GP commissioning procedure is described hereafter. The application profiles en-  
 5939 dorsing the Green Power feature MAY mandate it, or define another one, using the Green Power clus-  
 5940 ter commands.

5941 It is left to the implementers of sink according to those methods, when to update the pairings in the  
 5942 Sink Table (add, modify or remove, dependent on different or the same user interaction, applications  
 5943 internal state, etc.), and when to exit commissioning mode (upon successful/failed pairing, timeout, us-  
 5944 er interaction, etc.). It is recommended, that the implementers make the sink behavior understandable to  
 5945 the user (e.g. via a user manual and/or appropriate user feedback). The profiles MAY define it further.

#### 5946 A.3.9.1 The procedure

5947 1. **Enable commissioning on the sink:** the commissioning can be enabled on the sink in the  
 5948 following ways:

- 5949 a. The sink receives a GP Sink Commissioning Mode command with *Action* sub-field of the *Op-*  
 5950 *tions* field set to 0b1.

5951 On reception of GP Sink Commissioning Mode command, if implemented, the sink SHALL be-  
 5952 have as follows.

- 5953 i. In the current version of the specification, the sink SHALL first check if it needs to contact  
 5954 the Trust Centre, by checking the *Involve TC* sub-field of the *gpsSecurityLevel* attribute. If  
 5955 the *Involve TC* sub-field is set to 0b1, the sink SHALL NOT enter GP commissioning mode.  
 5956 If the *Involve TC* sub-field is set to 0b0, the sink SHALL act as follows.

- 5957 ii. If the *Action* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Sink Commissioning Mode command is  
 5958 set to 0b1, the sink SHALL enter the Green Power commissioning mode, for the application  
 5959 endpoint as indicated by the *Endpoint* field; value of 0xff indicates all active endpoints. If  
 5960 the *Involve proxies* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Sink Commissioning Mode  
 5961 command is set to 0b1 the sink SHALL, upon entering the commissioning mode, send the  
 5962 GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command, with the *Action* field set to 0b1 (i.e. Enter), the  
 5963 *Exit Mode* sub-field set according to the *gpsCommissioningExitMode* attribute, whereby the  
 5964 *CommissioningWindow* field MAY be included if required, and the *Channel present* sub-field  
 5965 set to 0b0; if the *Involve proxies* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Sink Commissioning  
 5966 Mode command is set to 0b0, the sink SHALL NOT send the GP Proxy Commissioning  
 5967 Mode command.

5968 If the *Action* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Sink Commissioning Mode command is  
 5969 set to 0b0, the sink SHALL exit the Green Power commissioning mode, for the application  
 5970 endpoint as indicated by the *Endpoint* field; value of 0xff indicates all active endpoints. If  
 5971 the *Involve proxies* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Sink Commissioning Mode  
 5972 command is set to 0b1 the sink SHALL, upon exiting the commissioning mode, send the GP  
 5973 Proxy Commissioning Mode command, with the *Action* field set to 0b0 (i.e. exit); if the  
 5974 *Involve proxies* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Sink Commissioning Mode  
 5975 command is set to 0b0, the sink SHALL NOT send the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode  
 5976 command

- 5977 b. The user enables commissioning on the sink via a vendor-specific action:

- 5978 i. In the current version of the specification, the sink SHALL first check if it needs to contact  
 5979 the Trust Centre, by checking the *Involve TC* sub-field of the *gpsSecurityLevel* attribute. If  
 5980 the *Involve TC* sub-field is set to 0b1, the sink SHALL NOT enter GP commissioning mode.  
 5981 If the *Involve TC* sub-field is set to 0b0, the sink SHALL act as follows.

- 5982           ii. The sink enters commissioning mode  
 5983           iii. Optionally (depending on the vendor-specific requirements) the sink sends on the operational  
 5984           channel a GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command (with *Action* sub-field of the *Options*  
 5985           field set to 0b1 = enter; indicating the *Exit mode*, indicating the required communication  
 5986           mode by setting or clearing the *Unicast communication* sub-field, optionally overriding the  
 5987           duration of the default *gppCommissioningWindow*, e.g. to 0xffff by setting the *Options* sub-  
 5988           fields accordingly).

5989           *Note: Hereafter we use the term multi-hop commissioning to indicate that this option is  
 5990           applied, and the term proximity commissioning to indicate that this option is not applied. In  
 5991           the proximity commissioning, the commissioned sink and the GPD are the only involved  
 5992           parties. If multi-hop commissioning is enabled AND the sink supports direct communication,  
 5993           and the sink is in direct range of the GPD, then the sink SHALL also consider itself as a  
 5994           candidate SelectedSender; i.e. enabling multi-hop commissioning SHALL also enable the  
 5995           sink for proximity commissioning, if supported.*

- 5996       2. **Proxies enter commissioning mode:** The proxies receiving a GP Proxy Commissioning Mode  
 5997           (*Action*=enter) command on the operational channel (if sent) in operational mode SHALL store the  
 5998           address of the originator, start the *CommissioningWindow/gppCommissioningWindow* timeout (see  
 5999           sec. A.3.3.2.5/A.3.6.3.2) to exit commissioning mode in case of no pairing/no explicit exit  
 6000           command, and enter commissioning mode on the operational channel.

6001           While in commissioning mode, the proxies SHALL only accept GP Proxy Commissioning Mode  
 6002           commands from the device that originally put them in commissioning mode, and SHALL silently  
 6003           drop GP Proxy Commissioning Mode commands from other devices.

6004           If the *Unicast communication* sub-field of the *Options* field was set to 0b0, the receiving proxies  
 6005           SHALL send the GP Commissioning Notification commands in broadcast; if set to 0b1, they  
 6006           SHALL send the GP Commissioning Notification commands in unicast to the originator of the GP  
 6007           Proxy Commissioning Mode command.

6008           While in commissioning mode, the proxies SHALL process all other commissioning-related  
 6009           commands (e.g. GP Pairing), from all senders.

- 6010  
 6011       3. **GPD commissioning state machine:** The user triggers the commissioning action (and repeats it, if  
 6012           required, depending on the energy budget of the GPD) on the GPD (and *Endpoint*, specific or 0xff,  
 6013           if *ApplicationID* = 0b010) **until success feedback or failure feedback is provided by the  
 6014           commissioning sink.**

6015  
 6016           If **subsequent commissioning** is triggered on the GPD, the GPD SHALL proceed as defined in sec.  
 6017           A.1.7.3.2.

6018  
 6019           *Note: The user SHOULD NOT push too quickly, in order to allow the system to process the  
 6020           messages and provide the success feedback, if any. E.g. I push a second.*

6021           *If the GPD capable of bidirectional automatically advances between the successive commissioning  
 6022           steps, it also SHOULD NOT do it too quickly, in order to allow the infrastructure devices involved  
 6023           to perform the necessary steps. It is recommended to have at least 200ms delay between two  
 6024           consecutive commissioning steps comprising the transmission of a series of GPD Channel Request  
 6025           commands or a GPD Commissioning command with RxAfterTx sub-field of the Extended NWK  
 6026           Frame Control field set to 0b1). For consecutive commissioning steps comprising the transmission  
 6027           of a GPD Success command or a GPD Commissioning command with RxAfterTx sub-field of the  
 6028           Extended NWK Frame Control field set to 0b0, it is sufficient to have at least 50ms delay.*

6029      Note2: the internal commissioning state of the GPD capable of setting RxAfterTx during  
 6030      commissioning is assumed to be represented by two internal state variables: ToggleChannel  
 6031      variable and ParametersStored variable.

- 6032    a. If the GPD is in commissioning mode AND *BidirectionalCommissioning* variable is TRUE  
        AND its internal *ToggleChannel* variable is TRUE,
  - 6034      i. the GPD sends a GPD Channel Request command in a GPDF on the supported number of  
           channels per attempt; the Channel Request GPDF SHALL be sent using the Maintenance  
           frame type, and unprotected (even for subsequent commissioning attempts); the *Auto-  
 Commissioning* sub-field of the *NWK Frame Control* field SHALL be set to 0b0 in a GPD  
           Channel Request frame immediately followed by a reception window. If multiple GPD  
           Channel Request frames are sent per reception window, the *Auto-Commissioning* sub-field  
           of all the GPD Channel Request frames immediately followed by another transmission of  
           GPD Channel Request SHALL be set to 0b1. The *MAC Sequence number* value for each  
           transmission of Channel Request GPDF SHOULD be different; if *SecurityLevelCapabilities*  
           = 0b00 and *MACsequenceNumberCapability* = 0b1, the *MAC sequence number* SHALL be  
           incremental.  
           Note: the number of channels the GPD can send the channel request on for a single  
           commissioning attempt is defined by the energy budget of each particular GPD. The GPD  
           vendor needs to make sure, that after the transmission (of the series), the GPD is still able to  
           receive the Channel Configuration GPDF and non-volatilely store the number of the  
           operational channel, as well as the state information.
  - 6050      ii. *gpdRxOffset* ms after the start of the transmission of the (first) Channel Request with *Auto-  
 Commissioning* = 0b1 sent on the Rx channel for this attempt, the GPD enters Rx mode on  
           this channel for at least the duration of *gpdMinRxWindow*.
  - 6053      iii. **GOTO step 4 (for Multi-hop commissioning) or step 5 (for proximity commissioning).**
- 6054    b. If the GPD is in commissioning mode AND the GPD does NOT support the GPD Compact  
        Attribute Reporting command AND *BidirectionalCommissioning* variable is TRUE AND its  
        internal *ToggleChannel* variable is FALSE AND its *ParametersStored* variable is FALSE as  
        well,
  - 6058      i. the GPD sends a Commissioning GPDF on the operational channel with the *Auto-  
 Commissioning* sub-field of the *NWK Frame Control* field set to 0b0, *RxAfterTx*=0b1; the  
 security related fields are set as defined in A.3.9.2. Also, the GPD sets the appropriate fields  
 of the (*Extended*) *Options* field to request the further configurations parameter it needs. In  
 the current version of the specification, the Commissioning GPDF SHALL always be sent  
 unprotected, including subsequent commissioning.  
 If *GPDoutgoingCounter* field is present in the payload of the GPD Commissioning  
 command (and it SHALL if *SecurityLevelCapabilities* sub-field of the *Extended Options*  
 field is set to 0b10 or 0b11), the value it carries SHALL be incremented for every  
 transmission of a Commissioning GPFS.  
 The *MAC Sequence number* value for each transmission of Commissioning GPDF SHOULD  
 be different; if *SecurityLevelCapabilities* = 0b00 and *MACsequenceNumberCapability* =  
 0b1, the *MAC sequence number* SHALL be incremental; it MAY but is not required to be  
 aligned with the *GPDoutgoingCounter* field in the payload of the GPD Commissioning  
 command.
  - 6073      ii. *gpdRxOffset* ms after the start of the transmission of the first Commissioning GPDF in  
           GPFS, the GPD enters Rx mode on the operational channel for at least the duration of  
           *gpdMinRxWindow*.

6076                   iii. **GOTO step 4 (for Multi-hop commissioning) or step 5 (for proximity commissioning).**

- 6077                   c. If the GPD is in commissioning mode AND the GPD does NOT support the GPD Compact  
 6078                   Attribute Reporting command AND *BidirectionalCommissioning* variable is TRUE AND its  
 6079                   internal *ToggleChannel* variable is FALSE AND its *ParametersStored* variable is TRUE, the  
 6080                   GPD sends a Success GPDF on the operational channel with the *Auto-COMMISSIONING* sub-field  
 6081                   of the *NWK Frame Control* field set to 0b0; if the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field is  
 6082                   present, then the *RxAfterTx*=0b0.

6083                   If security is to be used by this GPD, the Success GPDF SHALL be appropriately secured; the  
 6084                   value of the *Security frame counter* field in the NWK header of the Success GPDF SHALL be  
 6085                   higher than the last used value of the *GPDoutgoingCounter* field in the payload of the GPD  
 6086                   Commissioning command. The *MAC Sequence number* SHOULD be different than that in the  
 6087                   last Commissioning GPDF; if *SecurityLevelCapabilities* = 0b00 and  
 6088                   *MACsequenceNumberCapability* = 0b1, the *MAC sequence number* SHALL be incremental; it  
 6089                   MAY but is not required to be aligned with the *Security frame counter* field.

6090                   Note: If *gpdSecurityLevel* = 0b11, the Success GPDF SHALL be secured *SecurityLevel* = 0b11.  
 6091                   If the GPD automatically progresses to transmission of Success GPDF (without a separate user  
 6092                   interaction/user trigger), then the Success GPDF SHALL be sent at least 50ms after the  
 6093                   successful reception of GPD Commissioning Reply command.

6094                   If more than one Success GPFS is sent (as is recommended to increase the probability of  
 6095                   reception), and if *gpdSecurityLevel* is set to 0b10 or 0b11, the security frame counter SHALL be  
 6096                   incremented for every transmission of a Success GPFS.

6097                   **GOTO step 4 (for Multi-hop commissioning) or step 5 (for proximity commissioning).**

- 6098                   d. If the GPD is in commissioning mode AND the GPD does NOT support the GPD Compact  
 6099                   Attribute Reporting command AND *BidirectionalCommissioning* variable is FALSE, and the  
 6100                   GPD is capable of sending Commissioning GPDFs, the GPD sends a Commissioning GPDF on  
 6101                   one channel, with the *Auto-COMMISSIONING* sub-field of the *NWK Frame Control* field set to 0b0  
 6102                   and *RxAfterTx*=0b0, and the security related fields are set as defined in A.3.9.2. Also, the GPD  
 6103                   sets the sub-fields of the *Options* field appropriately.

6104                   If *GPDoutgoingCounter* field is present in the payload of the GPD Commissioning command  
 6105                   (and it SHALL if *SecurityLevelCapabilities* sub-field of the *Extended Options* field is set to  
 6106                   0b10 or 0b11), the value it carries SHALL be incremented for every transmission of a  
 6107                   Commissioning GPFS.

6108                   The *MAC Sequence number* value for each transmission of Commissioning GPDF SHOULD be  
 6109                   different; it MAY but is not required to be aligned in any way with the *GPDoutgoingCounter*  
 6110                   field in the payload of the GPD Commissioning command.

6111                   The GPD SHOULD start with the last memorized channel.

6112                   **GOTO step 4 (for Multi-hop commissioning) or step 5 (for proximity commissioning).**

- 6113                   e. If the GPD is in commissioning mode AND *BidirectionalCommissioning* variable is FALSE and  
 6114                   the GPD is not capable of sending Commissioning GPDF, i.e. Data GPDF with *Auto-*  
 6115                   *Commissioning* set to 0b1 is sent, *RxAfterTx* sub-field, if present, is set to 0b0, there is probably  
 6116                   a special action for the user to set the channel on the GPD (e.g. DIP switches).

6117                   **GOTO step 12 (for Multi-hop commissioning) or step 13 (for proximity commissioning).**

6118                   According to the current version of the specification, only GPD that support *gpdSecurityLevel* =  
 6119                   0b10 or higher AND support TC-LK protection (as indicated by the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-  
 6120                   field of the *Extended Options* field of the GPD Commissioning command) of the GPD key, if  
 6121                   exchanged over the air, can be certified.

- 6122                   f. If the GPD is in commissioning mode AND the GPD is capable of sending Commissioning

6123        GPDFs AND the GPD supports the GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command AND  
 6124        *BidirectionalCommissioning* variable is FALSE,  
 6125        the GPD sends a Commissioning GPDF on one channel, formatted as specified in step 3.d.  
 6126        above, but with the *GPD Application Description command follows* sub-field of the *Application*  
 6127        *Information* field is set to 0b1.

6128        Immediately after transmitting the Commissioning GPDF, the GPD SHALL send, on the same  
 6129        channel, (all) the GPD Application Description command(s), unprotected, and with *RxAfterTx*  
 6130        set to 0b0.

6131        *Note: depending on the GPD's energy budget, the transmission of the GPD Application*  
 6132        *Description command(s) may require an additional commissioning action; then, the GPD*  
 6133        *SHALL store the information about the Report identifier values already sent in Application*  
 6134        *Description GPDFs following the current Commissioning GPDF.*

6135        **GOTO step 4 (for Multi-hop commissioning) or step 5 (for proximity commissioning).**

- 6136        g. If the GPD is in commissioning mode AND the GPD is capable of sending Commissioning  
 6137        GPDFs AND the GPD supports the GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command AND  
 6138        *BidirectionalCommissioning* variable is TRUE AND its internal *ToggleChannel* variable is  
 6139        FALSE AND its *ParametersStored* variable is FALSE as well,
  - 6140            i. the GPD sends a Commissioning GPDF on one channel, formatted as specified in step 3.b.i.  
 6141            above, but with the *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Extended Network Frame Control* field set to  
 6142            0b0 and the *GPD Application Description command follows* sub-field of the *Application*  
 6143            *Information* field is set to 0b1.

6144        Immediately after the Commissioning GPDF, the GPD SHALL send, on the same channel,  
 6145        (all) the GPD Application Description command(s), unprotected; only the last GPD  
 6146        Application Description command following one particular Commissioning GPDF (i.e. the  
 6147        Application Description GPDF carrying the highest *Report identifier* supported by this GPD)  
 6148        SHALL have *RxAfterTx* set to 0b1; all preceding Application Description GPDF SHALL  
 6149        have *RxAfterTx* set to 0b0.

6150        *Note: depending on the GPD's energy budget, the transmission of the GPD Application*  
 6151        *Description command(s) may require an additional commissioning action.*

- 6152            ii. *gpdRxOffset* ms after the start of the transmission of the first Application Description GPDF  
 6153            with *RxAfterTx* set to 0b1 in GPFS, the GPD enters Rx mode on the operational channel for  
 6154            at least the duration of *gpdMinRxWindow*.

6155            iii. **GOTO step 4 (for Multi-hop commissioning) or step 5 (for proximity commissioning).**

6156  
 6157        4. **Proxy commissioning state machine:** proxy in radio range of the commissioning GPD receives on  
 6158        the operational channel (unless explicitly stated otherwise):

- 6159            a. Channel Request GPDF – **GOTO step 6;**
- 6160            b. Channel Request GPDF on the *TransmitChannel* – **GOTO step 9;**
- 6161            c. Channel Configuration GPDF – **GOTO step 11;**
- 6162            d. Commissioning GPDF or Data GPDF with *Auto-Commissioning* set to 0b1 or Application  
 6163            Description GPDF – **GOTO step 12;**
- 6164            e. Commissioning Reply GPDF – **GOTO step 16;**
- 6165            f. Success GPDF – **GOTO step 17.**

6168 5. **Sink commissioning state machine:** the sink receives – either directly, if in radio range of the  
 6169 commissioning GPD, or in GP Commissioning Notification – on the operational channel (unless  
 6170 explicitly stated otherwise):

- 6171 a. Channel Request GPDF – **GOTO step 7;**
- 6172 b. Channel Request GPDF on the *TransmitChannel* – **GOTO step 9;**
- 6173 c. Channel Configuration GPDF – **GOTO step 11;**
- 6174 d. Commissioning GPDF or, if supported, Data GPDF with *Auto-Collaboration* set to 0b1 or  
 6175 Application Description GPDF – **GOTO step 13;**
- 6176 e. Commissioning Reply GPDF – **GOTO step 16;**
- 6177 f. Success GPDF – **GOTO step 18.**

6178 Note: the commissioning information allowing the sink to distinguish unidirectional and  
 6179 bidirectional commissioning procedure being currently performed must be kept for the duration  
 6180 of the procedure, since in case of bidirectional commissioning of a GPD capable of compact  
 6181 attribute reporting not all of the commissioning commands have the *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the  
 6182 *Extended NWK Frame Control* set to 0b1 (specifically: only the last Application Description  
 6183 GPDF will have the *RxAfterTx* = 0b1, the Commissioning GPDF and other Application  
 6184 Description GPDFs, if any, will have *RxAfterTx* = 0b0).

## 6185 **In-band channel determination part**

6186 6. **Proxy receives Channel Request GPDF:** The proxies in radio range of the GPD receiving the  
 6187 Channel Request GPDF on the operational channel,

- 6188 a. If they are NOT in commissioning mode: silently drop the Channel Request.

6189 If the proxy received the GPDF in commissioning mode and the *Frame Type* sub-field of the  
 6190 *NWK Frame Control* field was set to 0b01, the *Auto-Collaboration* sub-field was set to 0b0 and  
 6191 *GPD CommandID* = 0xE3, and if the proxy was a SelectedSender, its dGP stub sends commands  
 6192 from its *gpTxQueue* to the GPD (for details, see sec. A.1.5.2.2); as described in step 9a, 9c – 9d.  
 6193 If *TransmitChannel* is equal to the operational channel; the proxy continues with step 6b.

- 6194 b. If they are in commissioning mode, each proxy forms a GP Commissioning Notification  
 6195 message, with *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Options* field set to 0b1; the sub-fields of the *Options*  
 6196 field set and the security fields set according to the security level of the triggering Channel  
 6197 Request GPDF, and the *GPD CommandID* and *GPD Command payload* copied from the  
 6198 received GPDF. Since the Channel Request GPDF in commissioning mode is always sent with  
 6199 *Frame type* field of the *NWK Frame Control* field set to 0b01 (Maintenance frame), the *GPD ID*  
 6200 field of the GP Commissioning Notification SHALL carry 0x00000000; the *ApplicationID* sub-  
 6201 field of the *Options* field SHALL be set to 0b000 and the *Endpoint* field is absent; any MAC  
 6202 source address information SHALL be ignored.

6203 The Basic proxy, if the *Unicast communication* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Proxy  
 6204 Commissioning Mode was set to 0b0, sends the GP Commissioning Notification as broadcast on  
 6205 the operational channel, **with alias**, after *gppTunnelingDelay*, and **with**  
 6206 *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field set to 0b0. If the *Unicast communication*  
 6207 sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode was set to 0b1, the Basic proxy  
 6208 sends the GP commissioning Notification as unicast to the originator of the GP Proxy  
 6209 Commissioning Mode command, on the operational channel, **without alias, i.e. with proxy's**  
 6210 **own address and sequence number**, after *Dmin\_b*, and **with**  
 6211 *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field set to 0b0.

6212 The Advanced proxy, if the *Unicast communication* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP  
 6213

6214 Proxy Commissioning Mode was set to 0b0, sends the GP Commissioning Notification as  
 6215 broadcast on the operational channel **without alias, i.e. with proxy's own address and**  
 6216 **sequence number**, after *gppTunnelingDelay*, and the scheduled transmission SHOULD be  
 6217 dropped only if proxy receives the same frame within *gppTunnelingDelay* forwarded by a  
 6218 different proxy with *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field set to 0b1, and better  
 6219 *GPP-GPD link* value (whereby better *GPP-GPD link* is defined as one having higher value of  
 6220 the *Link quality* sub-field, and if *Link quality* is equal, as one having higher value of the *RSSI*  
 6221 sub-field), or same *GPP-GPD link* value and lower short address. If the *Unicast communication*  
 6222 sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode was set to 0b1, the  
 6223 advanced proxy sends the GP Commissioning Notification as unicast to the originator of the GP  
 6224 Proxy Commissioning Mode command, on the operational channel, **without alias, i.e. with**  
 6225 **proxy's own address and sequence number**, after *gppTunnelingDelay*, and with  
 6226 *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field set to 0b1.

6227

6228 7. **Sink receives GPD Channel Request command:** The sink receives a GPD Channel Request  
 6229 command (either directly or in a GP Commissioning Notification).

- 6230 a. If NOT in commissioning mode, the sink silently drops the command. **GOTO step 5**,
- 6231 b. If the sink received the GPDF in direct mode, and the *Frame Type* sub-field of the *NWK Frame*  
 6232 *Control* field was not set to 0b01, the sink SHALL drop the frame.  
**GOTO step 5**.
- 6233 c. If the sink received the GPDF in direct mode and the *Frame Type* sub-field of the *NWK Frame*  
 6234 *Control* field was set to 0b01 and *GPD CommandID* = 0xE3, and if the sink was a  
 6235 SelectedSender, its dGP stub sends commands from its gpTxQueue to the GPD (for details, see  
 6236 sec. A.1.5.2.2); as described in step 9. **GOTO step 7.d**.
- 6237 d. the sink appoints the SelectedSender:
  - 6238 i. If multi-hop commissioning and GP Basic sink: the sink can select the first proxy from which  
 6239 it receives the GP Commissioning Notification.  
 If multi-hop commissioning and GP Advanced sink: the sink waits for *Dmax* to collect a  
 6241 couple of GP Commissioning Notification commands (from various proxies), selects the  
 6242 proxy with *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field set to 0b1, if any, and from the  
 6243 remaining candidates one with to the best GPP-GPD link value (whereby better *GPP-GPD*  
 6244 *link* is defined as one having higher value of the *Link quality* sub-field, and if *Link quality* is  
 6245 equal, as one having higher value of the *RSSI* sub-field) and, if many, lowest address.
  - 6246 ii. The sink generates the GPD Channel Configuration command, with the *OperationalChannel*  
 6247 sub-field of the *Channel* field carrying the operational channel of the network.  
 If EITHER the sink is a GP Basic sink OR the sink is a GP Advanced sink, but all of the  
 6249 candidate SelectedSenders are GP Basic proxies (as indicated by the  
 6250 *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field of the *Options* field of the received GP  
 6251 Commissioning Notification set to 0b0), the sink SHALL set the *Basic* sub-field of the  
 6252 *Channel* field to 0b1.
  - 6253 iii. If the sink appoints itself as the SelectedSender, it stores the Channel Configuration GPDF in  
 6254 its gpTxQueue, switches to (one of the) channel(s) the GPD will transmit the last Channel  
 6255 Request on in its next attempt(s), and enters receive mode.  
 It SHOULD broadcast GP Response command(s) with its own address in the *SelectedSender*  
 6257 *short address* field.
  - 6258 iv. If one of the proxies is appointed as a SelectedSender, the sink broadcasts (a) GP Response

6260 command(s) with the selected address of the SelectedSender in the *SelectedSender short*  
 6261 *address* field, the channel on which the SelectedSender SHALL listen (always the last  
 6262 Channel Request during the next attempt) in the *SelectedSender Tx channel* field, and with  
 6263 the GPD Channel Configuration command as payload. The *GPD ID* field of the GP Response  
 6264 carrying GPD Channel Configuration command SHALL carry the GPD ID 0x00000000,  
 6265 *ApplicationID* sub-field of the *Options* field SHALL be set to 0b000) and the *Endpoint* field  
 6266 is absent.

6267 *Note: to improve the robustness of the procedure, the sink can appoint multiple*  
 6268 *SelectedSender. It needs to make sure though, that their transmissions of Channel*  
 6269 *configuration GPDF will not collide, i.e. only one SelectedSender per attempt, independent of*  
 6270 *the number of Channel Request transmissions in each attempt.*

- 6271 v. If the sink is a GP Advanced sink and the SelectedSender is GP Advanced as well, the sink  
 6272 may delay the transmission of the GP Response slightly.  
 6273 This way, in the case where multiple sinks (possibly with different capabilities) are  
 6274 commissioned in parallel with the same GPD, the advanced sink can be the last one to  
 6275 nominate the SelectedSender, and thus the GPD will continue with bidirectional  
 6276 commissioning procedure.

6277 e. **GOTO step 8.**

6278 8. **GP Response carrying GPD Channel Configuration command:** All proxies receive the GP  
 6279 Response (if sent) with the Channel Configuration GPDF:

- 6280 a. The selected SelectedSender sets its *FirstToForward* to TRUE, stores the Channel Configuration  
 6281 GPDF in its *gpTxQueue*, switches immediately to channel *TransmitChannel* with a 5s timeout,  
 6282 and enters receive mode.
- 6283 b. Other proxies remove any entries for GPD SrcID = 0x00000000 from their *gpTxQueue* (for  
 6284 details see sec. A.1.3.2.3), then silently drop the GP Response and remain on the operational  
 6285 channel. They set their *FirstToForward* to FALSE.
- 6286 c. **GOTO step 3.**

6287 9. **SelectedSender transmits Channel Configuration GPDF:** The appointed SelectedSender (proxy  
 6288 or sink) receives the Channel Request on channel *TransmitChannel*,

- 6289 a. If the SelectedSender receives any other GPDF than Channel Request GPDF on  
 6290 *TransmitChannel*, including a Commissioning GPDF or Success GPDF, it SHALL silently drop  
 6291 it.

6292 If for the GPD Channel Request frame received on the *TransmitChannel*, the *Frame Type* sub-  
 6293 field of the *NWK Frame Control* field NOT set to 0b01 (Maintenance frame) or the *Auto-*  
 6294 *commissioning* sub-field of the *NWK Frame Control* field is set to 0b1, the SelectedSender  
 6295 SHALL silently drop the frame.

- 6296 b. If proxy: SHALL NOT send a GP Commissioning Notification, neither on the operational  
 6297 channel nor on *TransmitChannel*;

- 6298 c. SelectedSender immediately switches to the Tx mode on channel *TransmitChannel*, and between  
 6299 *gpTxOffset* and *gpTxOffset+gpMaxTxOffsetVariation* ms after reception of the triggering GPDF  
 6300 (as measured on the medium) transmits at least one Channel Configuration GPDF

6301 Note: the SelectedSender can send the Channel Configuration GPDF several times (Channel  
 6302 Configuration GPFS), as long as the total GPFS duration does not exceed *gpTxDuration*.

6303 The SelectedSender SHALL send the Channel Configuration GPDF with *Frame Type* sub-field  
 6304 of the *NWK Frame Control* field set to 0b01 (Maintenance frame), unprotected and the *GPD ID*  
 6305

and *Endpoint* field absent; it SHALL send it in response to any Channel Request GPDF sent with *Frame Type* sub-field of the *NWK Frame Control* field set to 0b01 and *Auto-Commissioning* sub-field of the *NWK Frame Control* field set to 0b0; MAC source address information, if any, SHALL be ignored; the MAC Destination address field SHALL be set to 0xffff.

- d. SelectedSender returns to operational channel in commissioning mode.
- e. If no GPD Channel Request command is received on channel *TransmitChannel* for 5sec, the SelectedSender removes the Channel Configuration GPDF from its gpTxQueue and returns to the operational channel in commissioning mode. **GOTO step 4 (proxy) or step 5 (sink)**.

**10. GPD receives Channel Configuration GPDF:** The GPD receives the Channel Configuration GPDF, and if the frame is correctly formatted (*Frame Type* = 0b01, *Auto-Commissioning* = 0b0, *Extended NWK Frame Control* = 0b0, *SrcID*, *Endpoint*, *Security Frame counter* and *MIC* fields absent), the GPD stores the operational channel and sets its *ToggleChannel* internal variable to FALSE. The GPD MAY store the information whether the infrastructure supports the bidirectional communication in operation, as indicated by the *Basic* sub-field of the *Channel* field of the received Channel Configuration GPDF. **GOTO step 3**.

If the frame is incorrectly formatted, the GPD drops it without further processing.

11. All proxies and sinks receiving the Channel Configuration GPDF silently drop it. **GOTO step 3**.

## **Commissioning part**

**12. Proxy receives commissioning command:** The proxies (also in combos) receiving a Commissioning GPDF, Application Description GPDF, any other GPD command from the GPD CommandID range 0xE5 – 0xEF, any GPD command from the GPD CommandID range 0xB0 – 0xBF, or Data GPDF with *Auto-Commissioning* = 0b1 on the operational channel:

- a. If for *ApplicationID* = 0b000 the *SrcID* was set to 0x00000000 or for *ApplicationID* = 0b010 the GPD IEEE address was set to 0x0000000000000000, the proxy SHALL silently drop the frame. **GOTO step 4**.  
If *Auto-Commissioning* sub-field was set to 0b1 in a GPDF carrying GPD Commissioning command (i.e. with *GPD CommandID* 0xE0): silently drop the frame. **GOTO step 4**.  
If *RxAfterTx* sub-field was set to 0b1 in a Data GPDF (see definition in sec. 3.4) with *Auto-Commissioning* sub-field set to 0b1: silently drop the frame. **GOTO step 4**.
- b. If the GPDF was protected, all the proxy SHALL security-check and security-process it (see sec. A.3.7.3, A.1.5.3).
  - i. If security processing fails on a proxy, the proxy SHALL forward the frame with *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Commissioning Notification set to 0b1.
  - ii. In the current version of the specification, the proxy SHALL accept unprotected commissioning GPDF in commissioning mode, including subsequent commissioning, i.e. when the proxy already has a Proxy Table entry for this GPD with non-zero *SecurityLevel*. **GOTO step 12.c**.
  - iii. Otherwise, if security processing succeeds, the proxy proceeds with step c).
- c. If *RxAfterTx* = 0b1 and *GPD CommandID* set to 0xE0 or 0xE4 or any other value from the range 0xE5 – 0xEF or 0xB0 – 0xBF, all proxies check if they have a GPDF in the gpTxQueue for this GPD (and *Endpoint*, specific or 0xff, if *ApplicationID* = 0b010); for details, see A.1.5.2.2.  
If a proxy finds a frame for this GPD in its gpTxQueue (i.e. it is the SelectedSender), its GP stub

sends at least one Commissioning Reply GPDF between *gpTxOffset* and *gpTxOffset+gpMaxTxOffsetVariation* ms after reception of the triggering GPDF (as measured on the medium) on the operational channel, without CSMA/CA, using the same security level as the triggering GPDF. The transmission SHALL NOT take longer than *gpTxDuration*.

*Note: (MAC ACK SHALL NOT be requested).*

d. The proxy checks if it already has a Proxy Table entry for this GPD:

- i. If yes, the settings of the *EntryActive/EntryValid* flags remain unchanged; the *InRange* flag is set to 0b1;

When receiving an unprotected GPDF from a GPD for which the proxy already has an active valid Proxy Table entry with non-zero *SecurityLevel*, the proxy SHALL NOT update the *GPD security frame counter* field of this entry: NOT with a value of the MAC sequence number field of the triggering GPDF and NOT with the value of the *GPDoutgoingCounter* field if present in the payload of the unprotected Commissioning GPDF.

When receiving a commissioning GPDF not carrying security frame counter (e.g. the Application Description GPDF), the proxy SHALL NOT store any value from that frame as the *GPD security frame counter* for this GPD.

- ii. If not, the proxy creates an active invalid Proxy Table entry for this GPD, and updates it with all GPD capability information available from the GPDF, sets the *InRange* flag to 0b1, and sets the remaining capability fields to their default values.

A Basic Proxy is not required to create an active invalid Proxy Table entry.

e. All proxies form a GP Commissioning Notification message with *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field set to 0b0 and all available GPD capability information in the corresponding fields, to be sent on the operational channel. Since the proxies are application-agnostic and the payload of the GPD commands is opaque to them, the payload of the GPD Commissioning command SHALL be included in its entirety and unmodified. I.e., even if the proxy stores the *gpLinkKey* attribute, the security key, if encrypted (as indicated by the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field of the *Extended Options* field of the GPD Commissioning command set to 0b1), will be sent unmodified, and the *GPDkeyMIC* field will be included unmodified.

- i. If *RxAfterTx*=TRUE:

The Basic proxy, if the *Unicast communication* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode was set to 0b0, SHALL send the GP Commissioning Notification as broadcast, **with derived alias** (even if the proxy has a Proxy Table entry with assigned alias for this GPD), after *gppTunnelingDelay*, and with *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field set to 0b0. If the *Unicast communication* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode was set to 0b1, the Basic proxy sends the GP Commissioning Notification as unicast to the originator of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command, **without alias, i.e. with proxy's own address and sequence number**, after *Dmin\_b*, and with *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field set to 0b0.

The Advanced proxy, if the *Unicast communication* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode was set to 0b0, schedules the transmission of the GP Commissioning Notification as broadcast **with proxy's own address and sequence number** after *gppTunnelingDelay*, and with *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field set to 0b1, which is to be dropped only if the proxy sees the same frame within *gppTunnelingDelay* forwarded by a different proxy with *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field set to 0b1, and the *GPP-GPD link* field from the received command has a better value than measured by the receiving proxy on receipt of this GPDF (whereby better *GPP-GPD link* is

defined as one having higher value of the *Link quality* sub-field, and if *Link quality* is equal, as one having higher value of the *RSSI* sub-field), or if the *GPP-GPD link* value is equal, if the value in the *GPP address* field is lower than this proxy's NWK. If the *Unicast communication* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode was set to 0b1, the advanced proxy sends the GP Commissioning Notification as unicast to the originator of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command, **without alias, i.e. with proxy's own address and sequence number**, after *gppTunnelingDelay*, and with *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field set to 0b1.

The SelectedSender from the Channel Request phase SHALL use the shortest *gppTunnelingDelay* (as if its *FirstToForward* flag was set to 0b1).

**GOTO step 13.**

- ii. If *RxAfterTx*=FALSE,  
the GP Commissioning Notification is sent as broadcast, **with derived alias** (even if the proxy has a Proxy Table entry with assigned alias for this GPD), after *Dmin\_u* (see sec. A.3.6.3.1), if the *Unicast communication* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode was set to 0b0. If the *Unicast communication* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode was set to 0b1, the GP Commissioning Notification is sent as unicast to the originator of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command, **without alias, i.e. with proxy's own address and sequence number**, after *Dmin\_u*.

**GOTO step 13.**

**13. Sink receives commissioning command:** The pairing sink receives a Commissioning GPDF or Data GPDF with *Auto-Commissioning* 0b1 on the operational channel (in GP Commissioning Notification command or directly).

- a. If not in commissioning mode, the sink silently drops the Commissioning GPDF.  
If *Auto-Commissioning* sub-field was set to 0b1 in a GPDF carrying GPD Commissioning command (i.e. with *GPD CommandID* 0xE0): silently drop the frame. **GOTO step 5.**  
If *RxAfterTx* sub-field was set to 0b1 in a Data GPDF (i.e. with *GPD CommandID* other than 0xE0) with *Auto-Commissioning* sub-field set to 0b1: silently drop the frame. **GOTO step 5.**  
If for *ApplicationID* = 0b000 the GPD SrcID was set to 0x00000000 or for *ApplicationID* = 0b010 the GPD IEEE address was set to 0x0000000000000000, the sink SHALL silently drop the frame. **GOTO step 5.**  
If in the received GPD Application Description command either of the fields *Total number of reports* or *Number of reports* is set to 0x00, silently drop the frame. **GOTO step 5.**
- b. If the sink received the GPDF in direct mode, and the frame was protected, the sink SHALL security-check and security process the incoming packet (as described in sec. A.3.7.3, A.1.5.3).
  - i. In the current version of the specification, the sink SHALL accept unprotected Commissioning GPDF in commissioning mode, including subsequent commissioning, i.e. when the sink already has a Sink Table entry for this GPD with non-zero *SecurityLevel*.

When receiving, directly or in a GP Commissioning Notification, a commissioning GPD command not carrying security frame counter (e.g. the GPD Application Description command), the sink SHALL NOT store any value from that frame as the *GPD security frame counter* for this GPD.

**GOTO step 13.d.**

- 6446 c. If security processing fails, and also in the case of GPDF received in tunneled mode with  
 6447 *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Commissioning Notification  
 6448 set to 0b1, the behavior is vendor- and application-specific.
- 6449 d. If (i) the sink received the GPDF in direct mode and (ii) if security processing succeeds or if the  
 6450 GPDF was unprotected, and if (iii) *RxAfterTx* = 0b1 and the *Frame Type* sub-field of the *NWK*  
 6451 *Frame Control* field was set to 0b00 and if (iv) either *GPD CommandID* = 0xE0 or *GDP*  
 6452 *CommandID* = 0xE4, and if (v) the sink was a SelectedSender, then its dGP stub sends  
 6453 commands from its *gpTxQueue* to the GPD (for details, see sec. A.1.5.2.2); MAC  
 6454 acknowledgement SHALL NOT be requested .  
 6455 If *GDP CommandID* = 0xE0 - **GOTO step 13.e.**  
 6456 If *GDP CommandID* = 0xE4 - **GOTO step 13.f.**
- 6457 e. The sink checks if the minimum security level supported by the GPD, as indicated by the  
 6458 *SecurityLevelCapabilities* sub-field and the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field of the *Extended*  
 6459 *Options* field of the received Commissioning GPDF. The *SecurityLevelcapabilities* sub-field of  
 6460 the received GPD Commissioning command SHALL be equal to or larger than the *Minimal*  
 6461 *GPD Security Level* sub-field of the *gpsSecurityLevel* (see sec. A.3.3.2.6). If the *Protection with*  
 6462 *gpLinkKey* sub-field of the *gpsSecurityLevel* is set to 0b1, then the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field  
 6463 of the *Extended Options* field of the received Commissioning GPDF SHALL be set as well.  
 6464 According to the current version of the specification, the sink SHALL NOT accept GPDs  
 6465 supporting *gpdSecurityLevel* = 0b00 or GPDs not supporting TC-LK protection, unless explicitly  
 6466 configured to do so, using *gpsSecurityLevel*.  
 6467 If there is no match or if the minimum security level supported by the GPD is equal to 0b01, the  
 6468 sink silently drops the frame; further behavior is vendor- and application-specific.
- 6469 f. the sink checks if GPD application functionality matches (see sec. A.3.6.2.1). If there is no  
 6470 match, the sink drops the frame; further behavior is vendor- and application-specific.
- 6471 g. If GPD application functionality matches, the sink SHALL check the contents of the security-  
 6472 related fields of the Commissioning GPDF payload (see sec. A.1.5.3). I.a., the sink SHALL  
 6473 check the following: if the *gpdSecurityLevel* has value other than 0b00 AND the sink does not  
 6474 have a key for this GPD yet AND EITHER *RxAfterTx* is NOT set and the *GPDkey* is not  
 6475 included in the Commissioning GPDF OR *RxAfterTx* is set and neither the *GPDkey* field is  
 6476 present nor the *GPSecurityKeyRequest* sub-field is set, then the sink shall silently drop the  
 6477 frame. **GOTO step 5.**
- 6478 i. If the check fails the behavior is vendor- and application-specific.
- 6479 ii. If the check succeeds, the sink stores the supplied GPD capability information, including the  
 6480 security-related parameters in a Sink Table entry for this GPD and *Endpoint*, specific or 0xff,  
 6481 if *ApplicationID* = 0b010, and continues with step (h).
- 6482 Note: If the commissioning command is a Data GPDF with *Auto-Commissioning* flag set to  
 6483 0b1, the sink SHALL use the following default values: *MACsequenceNumberCapability* =  
 6484 0b0; *RxOnCapability* = 0b0; *FixedLocation* = 0b0; if the GPDF was protected, the  
 6485 *SecurityLevel* and *SecurityKey* used, otherwise *SecurityLevel* = 0b00 and *KeyType* = 0b000.
- 6486 h. If the sink already had a Sink Table entry for this GPD, (and *Endpoint*, specific or 0xff, if  
 6487 *ApplicationID* = 0b010), the sink can decide based on the application state and the content of its  
 6488 Sink Table to add, update or remove the Sink Table entry; the exact behavior is application- and  
 6489 vendor-specific.
- 6490 i. If Data GPDF with *Auto-Commissioning* 0b1 OR Commissioning GPDF with  
 6491 *RxAfterTx*=FALSE and *GPD Application Description command follows* sub-field of the

6492        *Application Information* field is set to 0b0 OR the last Application Description GPDF (as can be  
 6493        derived from the fields *Total number of reports*, *Number of reports* and *Report identifier*) having  
 6494        the *RxAfterTx* sub-field set to FALSE and the sink received all GPD Application Description  
 6495        commands (as can be derived from the fields *Total number of reports*) and at least one GPD  
 6496        Commissioning command from this GPD – **GOTO step 19**.

6497        If the sink receives the last Application Description GPDF (as can be derived from the fields  
 6498        *Total number of reports*, *Number of reports* and *Report identifier*) having the *RxAfterTx* sub-  
 6499        field set to FALSE and the sink did not receive all GPD Application Description commands  
 6500        from this GPD or did not receive a GPD Commissioning command from this GPD – **GOTO**  
 6501        **step 5**.

6502        To increase the robustness of the commissioning process, the sink SHALL be capable of  
 6503        receiving the Application Description GPDFs out of order and in duplicate.

6504        j. Else if

6505        the sink receives an Application Description GPDF having the *RxAfterTx* sub-field set to TRUE  
 6506        and the sink did not receive all GPD Application Description commands from this GPD (as can  
 6507        be derived from the fields *Total number of reports*) or did not receive a GPD Commissioning  
 6508        command from this GPD – **GOTO step 5**.

6509        To increase the robustness of the commissioning process, the sink SHALL be capable of  
 6510        receiving the Application Description GPDFs out of order and in duplicate.

6511        Else if the sink receives Commissioning GPDF with *RxAfterTx*=TRUE OR Application  
 6512        Description GPDF with *RxAfterTx*=TRUE and the sink received all GPD Application  
 6513        Description commands (as can be derived from the fields *Total number of reports*) and at least  
 6514        one GPD Commissioning command from this GPD,

6515        i. The sink prepares the Commissioning Reply GPDF, carrying the parameters requested by the  
 6516        GPD in the Commissioning GPDF.

6517        If both the *GPDkey* of key type 0b100 (OOB key) is included in the Commissioning GPDF  
 6518        AND the *GPSecurityKeyRequest* sub-field of the *Options* field is set to 0b1 AND if the  
 6519        *gpSharedSecurityKeyType* attribute has value other than 0x00, the sink SHALL include in  
 6520        the Commissioning Reply a shared key, of the type as specified by the  
 6521        *gpSharedSecurityKeyType* attribute; if the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field of the triggering  
 6522        Commissioning GPDF was set to 0b1, the key SHALL be sent encrypted, the *GPDkeyMIC*  
 6523        field and the *Frame Counter* field SHALL be included.

6524        If the *GPDkey* of key type and value as in *gpSharedSecurityKeyType* and  
 6525        *gpSharedSecurityKey* attribute is included in the Commissioning GPDF AND the  
 6526        *GPSecurityKeyRequest* sub-field of the *Options* field is set to 0b1 AND if the  
 6527        *gpSharedSecurityKeyType* attribute has value other than 0x00, the sink SHALL NOT include  
 6528        any key in the Commissioning Reply, the key type SHALL be set to the value of the  
 6529        *gpSharedSecurityKeyType* attribute; *GPDkeyEncryption* SHALL be set to 0b0, and the  
 6530        *GPDkeyMIC* field and the *Frame Counter* field SHALL NOT be included.

6531        If no parameters are requested, but *RxAfterTx*=TRUE, Commissioning Reply GPDF SHALL  
 6532        still be created, with only the *Options* field present. In that case, the sink SHALL set the  
 6533        *SecurityLevel* and *KeyType* sub-fields of the *Options* field of the Commissioning Reply  
 6534        GPDF to the corresponding values from the *Extended Options* field from the payload of the  
 6535        triggering Commissioning GPDF.

6536        ii. The sink appoints the SelectedSender:

- If multi-hop commissioning and GP Basic sink: the sink can select the first proxy from  
     which it receives the GP Commissioning Notification.

- 6539                    If multi-hop commissioning and GP Advanced sink: the sink waits for *Dmax* to collect a  
 6540                    couple of GP Commissioning Notification commands (from various proxies), selects the  
 6541                    selects SelectedSender as described in sec. A.3.6.2.3;  
 6542            - If the sink appoints itself as the SelectedSender, it stores the Commissioning Reply GPDF  
 6543                    in its *gpTxQueue*, and enters receive mode.  
 6544                    It SHOULD broadcast GP Response command(s) with its own address in the  
 6545                    *SelectedSender short address* field.  
 6546            - If one of the proxies is appointed as a SelectedSender, the sink broadcasts (a) GP Response  
 6547                    command(s) with the selected address of the SelectedSender in the *SelectedSender short*  
 6548                    *address* field, and with the GPD Commissioning Reply command as payload.  
 6549            - **GOTO step 14.**

6550  
 6551 **14. GP Response carrying GPD Commissioning Reply command or any command in the range  
 6552        0xF7-0xFF or 0xB0 – 0xBF:** The proxies receiving the GP Response command with the Commis-  
 6553        sioning Reply or any command in the range 0xF7-0xFF or 0xB0 – 0xBF (if sent):

- 6554        a. All but the appointed SelectedSender set the *FirstToForward* to 0b0, the SelectedSender sets the  
 6555        *FirstToForward* to 0b1;  
 6556        b. The appointed SelectedSender constructs the GPDF (taking the supplied GPD command) and  
 6557        stores it in its *gpTxQueue*.  
 6558        c. Non-SelectedSender proxies check if they have any entry in the *gpTxQueue* for this GPD, and –  
 6559        if so – remove it; for details see sec. A.1.3.2.3.  
 6560        d. **GOTO step 3.**

6561 **15. GPD receives Commissioning Reply GPDF:** A GPD receiving a Commissioning Reply GPDF:

- 6562        a. checks if the *ApplicationID* value, and the GPD SrcID/GPD IEEE address matches its own, and,  
 6563        if so,  
 6564        b. stores in NVM the supplied commissioning parameters (e.g. channel, PANId, key); the key, if  
 6565        sent encrypted, SHALL only be stored if the decryption succeeds with the *Frame Counter* value  
 6566        as provided in the frame.  
 6567  
 6568        c. The GPD SHALL only reset the security frame counter if on reception of GPD Commissioning  
 6569        Reply, its security frame counter has value larger than 0x80000000 AND the supplied security  
 6570        key has a value or type different than the currently used security key.  
 6571        d. Sets the *ParametersStored* flag to TRUE **GOTO step 3.**

6572 **16. All proxies and sinks receiving a Commissioning Reply GPDF ignore it. GOTO step 3.**

6573  
 6574 **17. Proxy receives Success GPDF:** The proxies (also in combos) receiving a GPDF with (i) *GPD*  
 6575        *CommandID* = 0xE2 (GPD Success command) in case of *SecurityLevel* = 0b10 or (ii) any encrypt-  
 6576        ed *GPD CommandID* in case of *SecurityLevel* = 0b11:

- 6577        a. If they are NOT in commissioning mode and the Success GPDF was received from a GPD the  
 6578        proxy has no Proxy Table entry for, or Success GPDF was incorrectly protected GPDF from a  
 6579        GPD the proxy has a Proxy Table entry for: silently drop the Success GPDF. See also sec.  
 6580        A.3.5.2.3.  
 6581        If *Auto-Commissioning* sub-field was set to 0b1, the proxy SHALL silently drop the frame.  
 6582        **GOTO step 4.** If for *ApplicationID* = 0b000 the SrcID was set to 0x00000000 or for *Applica-*

- 6584            $tionID = 0b010$  the GPD IEEE address was set to  $0x0000000000000000$ , the proxy SHALL si-  
 6585           lently drop the frame. **GOTO step 4.**
- 6586       b. If they are in commissioning mode and the Success GPDF was protected, all the proxy SHALL  
 6587           security-check and security-process it (see sec. A.3.7.3, A.1.5.3).
- 6588           i. If security processing fails on a proxy or the proxy cannot perform security processing due to  
 6589           lack of security parameters for this GPD (as indicated by GP-DATA.indication with the  
 6590           Status COUNTER\_FAILURE, AUTH\_FAILURE or UNPROCESSED), the proxy SHALL  
 6591           forward the frame in a GP Commissioning Notification message with  
 6592           *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field set to 0b1 and the other sub-fields of the *Options* fields  
 6593           derived from the triggering GPDF (see sec. A.3.3.4.3), with the values of the field *GPD*  
 6594           *CommandID* and *MIC* copied from the triggering GPDF; and the *GPD Command payload*, if  
 6595           available, copied from the triggering GPDF.
- 6596           ii. Otherwise, if security processing succeeds, the proxy proceeds with step (c), forwarding the  
 6597           frame with *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field set to 0b0.
- 6598       c. All proxies form a GP Commissioning Notification message, to be sent on the operational  
 6599           channel, containing the GPD Success command ID (0xE2) in the *GPD Command ID* field and  
 6600           0xff in the *GPD Command payload* field.  
 6601           Since GPD RxAfterTx=FALSE,  
 6602           the GP Commissioning Notification is sent as broadcast, **with derived alias** (even if the proxy  
 6603           has a Proxy Table entry with assigned alias for this GPD), after *Dmin\_u* (see sec. A.3.6.3.1), if  
 6604           the *Unicast communication* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode  
 6605           was set to 0b0. If the *Unicast communication* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GP Proxy  
 6606           Commissioning Mode was set to 0b1, the GP Commissioning Notification is sent as unicast to  
 6607           the originator of the GP Proxy Commissioning Mode command, on the operational channel,  
 6608           **without alias, i.e. with proxy's own address and sequence number**, after *Dmin\_u*. The proxy  
 6609           sets the *BidirectionalCommunicationCapability* sub-field according to its capabilities.  
 6610           **GOTO step 18.**

6611           18. **The sink receives Success GPDF:** the sink receiving a GPD Success command:

- 6612       a. If the sink is NOT in commissioning mode: silently drop the Success GPDF.  
 6613           If *Auto-Commissioning* sub-field was set to 0b1, the sink SHALL silently drop the frame. **GO-**  
 6614           **TO step 5.**  
 6615           If for *ApplicationID* = 0b000 the GPD SrcID was set to 0x00000000 or for *ApplicationID* =  
 6616           0b010 the GPD IEEE address was set to  $0x0000000000000000$ , the sink SHALL silently drop  
 6617           the frame. **GOTO step 5.**
- 6618       b. The Success GPDF SHALL be protected as agreed for the operational mode of this GPD, i.e. the  
 6619           key of the type and – in case of a sink-supplied key, also key value – as indicated by the sink in  
 6620           the GPD Commissioning Reply command (see step 13.j.i)).  
 6621           The sink SHALL always security-check it; and in case of either direct reception or reception in a  
 6622           GP Commissioning Notification command with its *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field of the  
 6623           *Options* field set to 0b1, the sink SHALL first security-process it (see sec. A.3.7.3, A.1.5.3),  
 6624           whereby the sink SHALL only accept a reset security frame counter value from the GPD if the  
 6625           security frame counter of this GPD was larger than 0x80000000 AND a new security key value  
 6626           and/or new security key type was delivered to this GPD in the GPD Commissioning Reply  
 6627           command.  
 6628  
 6629

- 6630           i. If security processing fails, the commissioning failed. The behavior is vendor- and  
 6631           application-specific.
- 6632           ii. Otherwise, if security processing succeeds, the sink proceeds with **step 18c**.
- 6633           c. The sink SHALL remove from the gpTxQueue from all entries for this GPD. **GOTO step 19**.

## 6635 **Commissioning finalization**

6636 19. The sink finalizes commissioning: Pairing sink:

- 6637       a. Provides commissioning success indication to the user.
- 6638       b. If not done before: Creates a Sink Table entry for the GPD, storing all the available GPD  
 6639           information. The key type and value SHALL be as agreed for the operational mode of this GPD,  
 6640           i.e. in case of bidirectional commissioning, as indicated by the sink in the GPD Commissioning  
 6641           Reply command (see step 13.j.i.) or in case of unidirectional commissioning, the OOB key  
 6642           supplied by the GPD (see step 3.d.).
- 6643       c. If the sink supports Translation Table functionality: if not done before and if the sink does not  
 6644           have generic GPD Command Translation Table entries for all of the GPD Data commands  
 6645           implemented by this GPD which are also supported by this sink, the sink creates Translation  
 6646           Table entries for all of the GPD Data commands supported implemented by this GPD which are  
 6647           also supported by this sink (see sec. A.3.6.2.2).
- 6648       d. If required, assigns an AssignedAlias for the GPD.
- 6649       e. SHALL send Device\_annc for the alias (derived or assigned) for the GPD, with the exception  
 6650           of lightweight unicast communication mode.

6651       When creating a pairing for a **GPD supporting generic switch functionality (GPD**  
 6652       **CommandID 0x69 and/or 0x6a)**, the sink SHOULD only send Device\_annc when creating the  
 6653       Sink Table entry for a particular GPD (i.e. upon successful commissioning of the first button of  
 6654       that GPD); it SHOULD NOT send the Device\_annc upon successful subsequent  
 6655       commissioning of the same GPD (i.e. when the Sink Table entry already exists), irrespective of  
 6656       whether the subsequent commissioning procedure immediately follows the first commissioning  
 6657       exchange or the subsequent commissioning is independently triggered.

- 6658       f. Sends GP Pairing with *AddSink=0b1, RemoveGPD = 0b0*.

6659       By default, the GP Pairing command is sent in broadcast with destination endpoint set to 0xf2,  
 6660       with the value of the *CommunicationMode* sub-field in the *Options* field as requested by the sink  
 6661       and the remaining fields copied from its Sink Table entry. If *gpsCommunicationMode* is  
 6662       groupcast, the sink adds its Green Power EndPoint to the corresponding APS group.

6663       If the security level is > 0b00, the sink SHALL include the *GPD key* field in the GP Pairing  
 6664       command, irrespective of the key type. The key type and value SHALL be as agreed for the  
 6665       operational mode of this GPD, i.e. in case of bidirectional commissioning, as indicated by the  
 6666       sink in the GPD Commissioning Reply command (see step 13.j.i.) or in case of unidirectional  
 6667       commissioning, the OOB key supplied by the GPD (see step 3.d.)

6668       When creating a pairing for a **GPD supporting generic switch functionality (GPD**  
 6669       **CommandID 0x69 and/or 0x6a)**, the sink SHOULD only send GP Pairing command when  
 6670       creating the Sink Table entry for a particular GPD (i.e. upon successful commissioning of the  
 6671       first button of that GPD); it SHOULD NOT send the GP Pairing command upon successful  
 6672       commissioning of subsequent buttons of the same GPD (i.e. when the Sink Table entry already  
 6673       exists), irrespective of whether the commissioning procedure for the subsequent button  
 6674       immediately follows commissioning of the first button or the commissioning is independently  
 6675       triggered.

- 6676 g. If the sink does NOT support the *Sink Table-based groupcast forwarding* functionality, the sink  
 6677 SHALL **only** send a GP Pairing Configuration if the pairing was created for a pre-commissioned  
 6678 group. The GP Pairing Configuration SHALL have the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field set  
 6679 to 0b001, the *Send GP Pairing* sub-field set to 0b0, the *CommunicationMode* sub-field of the  
 6680 *Options* field set to 0b10, the *GroupList* field present and carrying the GroupID the pairing was  
 6681 created for and the corresponding alias (assigned or derived), and the *Number of paired  
 6682 endpoints* field SHALL be set to 0xfe.

6683 If the just paired endpoint(s) of the sink are a member of multiple groups and the group to pair  
 6684 with was not explicitly selected, GP Pairing Configuration command(s) for all those GroupIDs  
 6685 SHALL be sent. If the GPD Commissioning command resulting in creation of this pairing  
 6686 contained *Application Information*, the sink MAY include it in the GP Pairing Configuration  
 6687 command, if it fits in the command payload without requiring use of fragmentation.

6688 The sink SHALL NOT send GP Pairing Configuration command for full or lightweight unicast  
 6689 or derived groupcast pairing.

6690 If the pre-commissioned group pairing was created for a GPD supporting GPD Compact  
 6691 Attribute Reporting command, as indicated by the reception of the GPD Application Description  
 6692 command, the sink SHALL, after transmitting the GP Pairing Configuration command with  
 6693 *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field set to 0b001, also transmit the GP Pairing Configuration  
 6694 command(s) with *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field set to 0b101 and *Send GP Pairing*  
 6695 sub-field of the *Actions* field set to 0b0, carrying all the stored Application Description data  
 6696 (minimum requirement is *MultiSensorCommissioningBufferSize*), at the speed of approx. 1  
 6697 message per second.

6698 In case of a pairing for a **GPD supporting generic switch functionality (GPD CommandID  
 6699 **0x69 and/or 0x6a**)**, the sink SHALL send GP Pairing Configuration command upon each  
 6700 successful commissioning of a button, with the *Switch information* field present and carrying  
 6701 information related to that button.

- 6702 h. If the sink supports *Sink Table-based groupcast forwarding* functionality, the sink SHALL send  
 6703 a GP Pairing Configuration if the pairing was created for a pre-commissioned group. The GP  
 6704 Pairing Configuration SHALL have the *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field set to 0b001, the  
 6705 *Send GP Pairing* sub-field set to 0b0, the *CommunicationMode* sub-field of the *Options* field set  
 6706 to 0b10, the *GroupList* field present and carrying the GroupID the pairing was created for and  
 6707 the corresponding alias (assigned or derived), and the *Number of paired endpoints* field SHALL  
 6708 be set to 0xfe.

6709 If the just paired endpoint(s) of the sink are a member of multiple groups and the group to pair  
 6710 with was not explicitly selected, GP Pairing Configuration command(s) for all those GroupIDs  
 6711 SHALL be sent. If the GPD Commissioning command resulting in creation of this pairing  
 6712 contained *Application Information*, the sink MAY include it in the GP Pairing Configuration  
 6713 command, if it fits in the command payload without requiring use of fragmentation.

6714 If the pre-commissioned group pairing was created for a GPD supporting GPD Compact  
 6715 Attribute Reporting command, as indicated by the reception of the GPD Application Description  
 6716 command, the sink SHALL, after transmitting the GP Pairing Configuration command with  
 6717 *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field set to 0b001, also transmit the GP Pairing Configuration  
 6718 command(s) with *Action* sub-field of the *Actions* field set to 0b101 and *Send GP Pairing*  
 6719 sub-field of the *Actions* field set to 0b0, carrying all the stored Application Description data  
 6720 (minimum requirement is *MultiSensorCommissioningBufferSize*), at the speed of approx. 1  
 6721 message per second.

6722 In case of a pairing for a **GPD supporting generic switch functionality (GPD CommandID  
 6723 **0x69 and/or 0x6a**)**, the sink SHALL send GP Pairing Configuration command upon each

6724           successful commissioning of a button, with the *Switch information* field present and carrying  
 6725           information related to that button.

- 6726       i. (if required) the user puts the sink into operational mode. The sinks exiting commissioning mode  
 6727           SHALL remove any commissioning-related entries from the gpTxQueue.  
 6728       j. (if required) the sink sends GP Proxy Commissioning Mode (with *Action* sub-field of the  
 6729           *Options* field set to 0b0 = exit). **GOTO step 20.**

6730  
 6731       **20. Other sinks finalize commissioning:** The sinks receiving the GP Pairing Configuration command  
 6732           (if sent), act as described in A.3.5.2.5. **GOTO step 21.**

6733  
 6734       **21. Proxies finalize commissioning:** The proxies receiving the GP Pairing

- 6735       a. If the *SecurityLevel* sub-field of the *Options* field is set to 0b01, the proxy drops the GP Pairing,  
 6736           without creating Proxy Table entry;  
 6737           If for *ApplicationID* = 0b000 the GPD SrcID was set to 0x00000000 or for *ApplicationID* =  
 6738           0b010 the GPD IEEE address was set to 0x0000000000000000, the proxy SHALL silently drop  
 6739           the frame; without creating Proxy Table entry.  
 6740       b. create/update Proxy Table entry;  
 6741       c. optionally, exit commissioning mode (if that was the *ExitMode* condition). The proxies exiting  
 6742           commissioning mode SHALL remove any commissioning-related entries from the gpTxQueue.  
 6743           **GOTO step 22.**

6744  
 6745       **22.** The proxies receiving GP Proxy Commissioning Mode with *Action* sub-field of the *Options* field  
 6746           set to 0b0 = exit (if sent) switch back to operational mode. The proxies exiting commissioning  
 6747           mode SHALL remove any commissioning-related entries from the gpTxQueue. **GOTO step 23.**

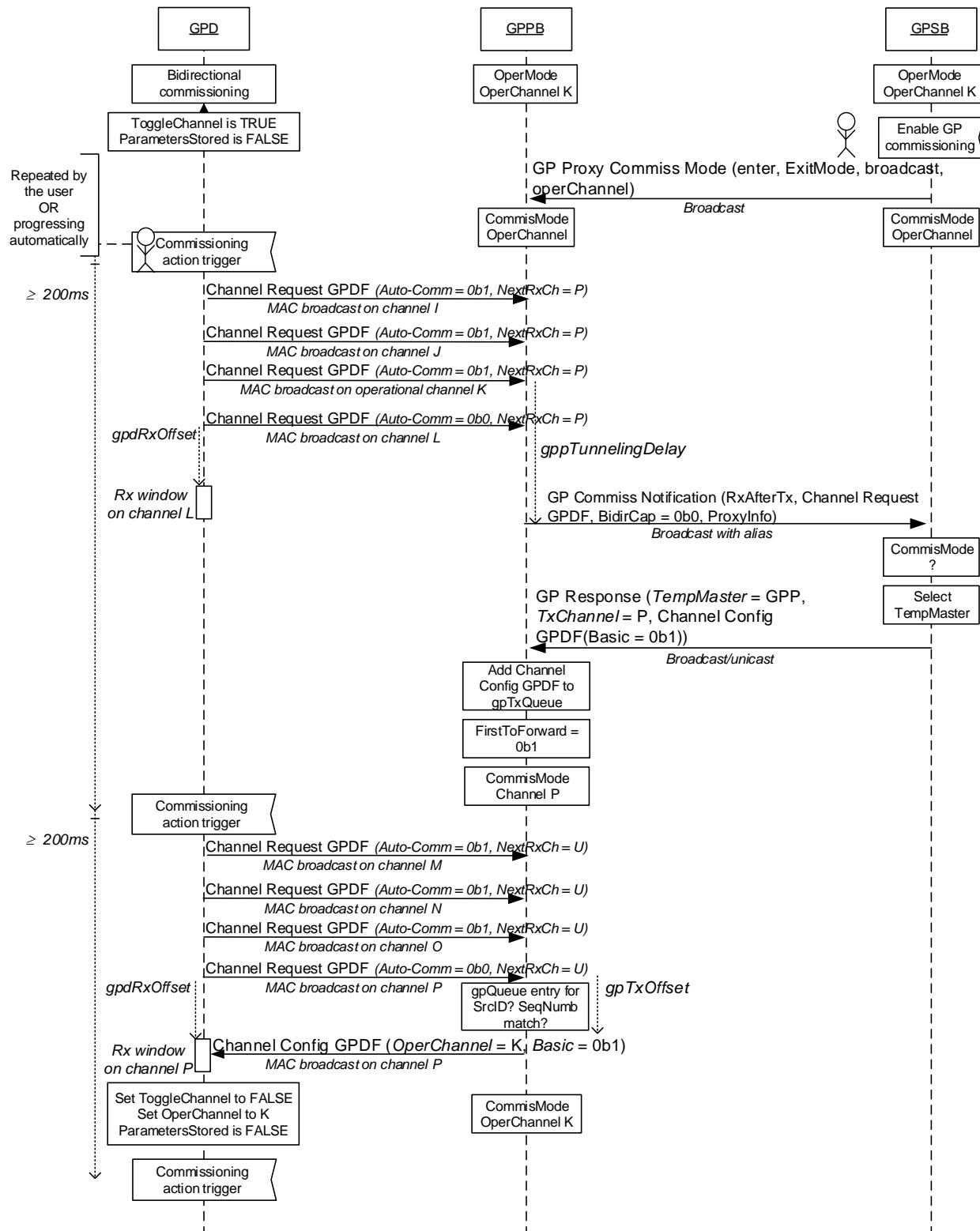
6748       **23. GPD finalizes commissioning:** (if required) the user puts the GPD into operational mode.

6749           Then (or latest on first transmission of Data GPDF), the GPD sets its internal variables *ToggleChannel* to TRUE and *ParametersStored* to FALSE.

6750           For a **GPD supporting generic switch functionality (GPD CommandID 0x69 and/or 0x6a)**, the  
 6751           user may choose instead to progress directly to commissioning of a subsequent button. The internal  
 6752           variables *ToggleChannel* and *ParametersStored* are then set according to the commissioning meth-  
 6753           od chosen (see step 3 above).

6755       **24. Sink finalizes commissioning:** when exiting commissioning mode, the sink SHALL remove any  
 6756           information on GPD for which the commissioning process didn't complete, incl. GPD for which  
 6757           only incomplete Application Description was received, even if the received part results in applica-  
 6758           tion functionality match. Further, the sink exiting commissioning mode SHALL remove any com-  
 6759           missioning-related entries from its gpTxQueue.

6760  
 6761       Figure 105 and Figure 106 depict an exemplary message sequence chart for multi-hop commissioning  
 6762           of a GPD capable of bidirectional commissioning (proxy and sink support bidirectional  
 6763           commissioning).



6764  
6765  
6766

**Figure 105 – Exemplary MSC for multi-hop commissioning for bidirectional commissioning capable GPD, Basic Proxy and Basic Sink (part 1)**

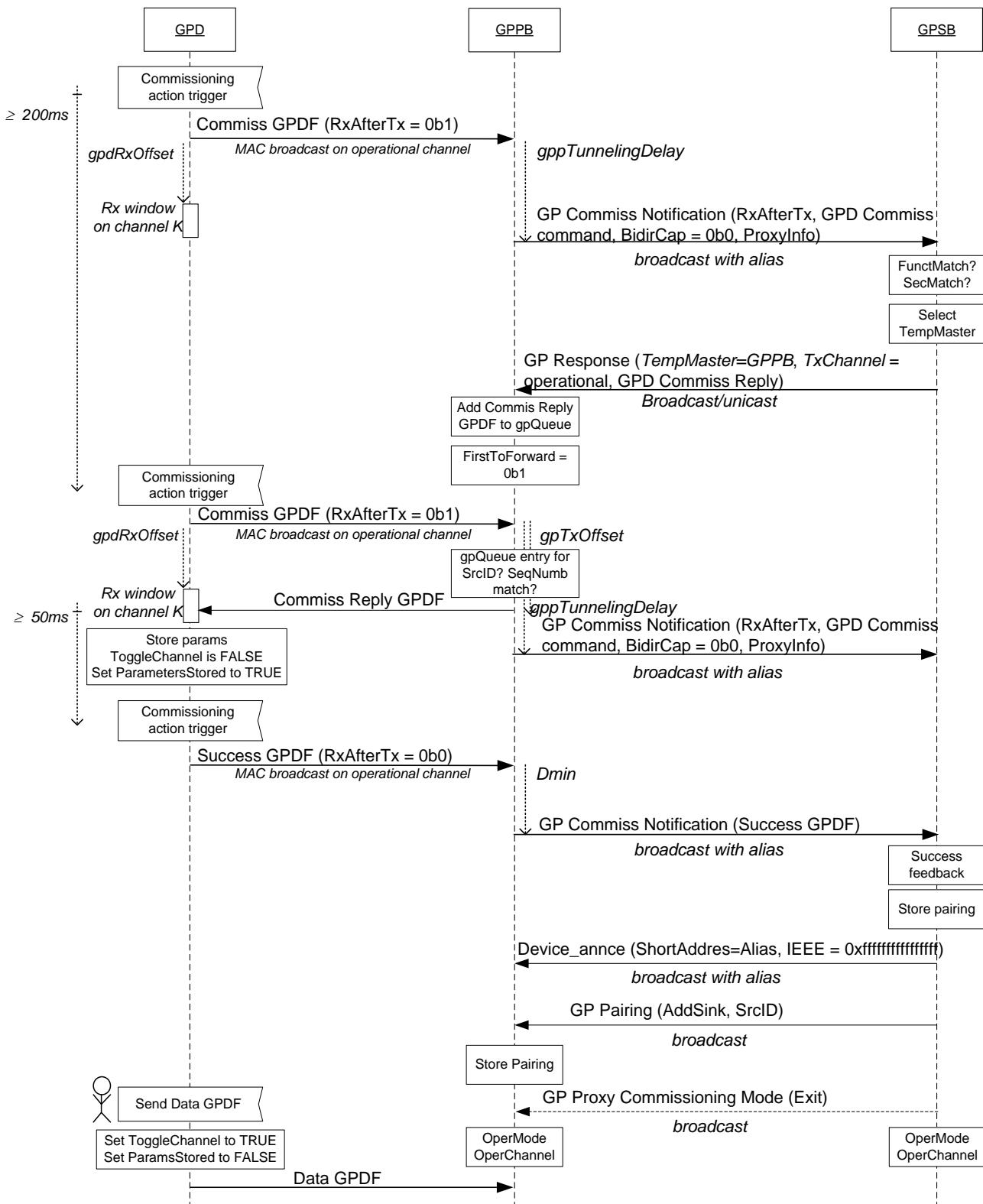


Figure 106 – Exemplary MSC for multi-hop commissioning for bidirectional commissioning capable GPD, Basic Proxy and Basic Sink (part 2)

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6768  
6769  
6770

## 6771 A.3.9.2 Security commissioning best practices

### 6772 A.3.9.2.1 GP infrastructure device commissioning

#### 6773 A.3.9.2.1.1 Proxy

6774 When a proxy receives in commissioning mode:

- 6775 • an unprotected Data GPDF with *Auto-Commissioning* sub-field set to 0b1 or unprotected  
6776 Commissioning GPDF; the proxy schedules transmission of GP Commissioning Notification with  
6777 the fields *GPD CommandID* and *GPD Command Payload* copied from the received GPDF, and the  
6778 sub-fields of the *Options* fields set as follows: *SecurityLevel* 0b00, *SecurityKeyType* 0b000,  
6779 *SecurityProcessingFailed* set to 0b0.
- 6780 • a protected Data GPDF with *Auto-Commissioning* sub-field set to 0b1 or protected Commissioning  
6781 GPDF:
  - 6782   ▪ and the proxy has the key and security processing succeeds (see A.3.7.3.1.1), the proxy  
6783 schedules transmission of GP Commissioning Notification with the fields *GPD security key* and  
6784 *GPD security frame counter* of the GP Commissioning Notification command payload present  
6785 and carrying the values used for successful security processing and the sub-fields of the *Options*  
6786 field are set as follows: *SecurityLevel* copied from the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field of the  
6787 GPDF, *SecurityKeyType* of the key successfully used for security processing of the GPDF,  
6788 *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field set to 0b0,<sup>46</sup> and *GPD key present* set to 0b1;  
6789 the GPD CommandID and GPD Command Payload are then included in the clear.  
6790 The Proxy Table entry SHALL be updated with the new *GPD security Frame Counter* value.
  - 6791   ▪ and the proxy has the key, but the security processing fails (see A.3.7.3.1.1), the proxy schedules  
6792 transmission of GP Commissioning Notification with the sub-fields of the *Options* field are set  
6793 as follows: *SecurityLevel* copied from the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field of the GPDF;  
6794 *SecurityKeyType* set to 0b000 if the *SecurityKey* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control*  
6795 field of the GPDF was set to 0b0 and 0b111 if the *SecurityKey* sub-field of the *Extended NWK*  
6796 *Frame Control* field of the GPDF was set to 0b0; *SecurityProcessingFailed* set to 0b1, and *GPD*  
6797 *key present* set to 0b0.  
6798 the *GPD CommandID* and *GPD Command Payload* carrying unmodified values from the GPDF,  
6799 *MIC* field present and carrying the value copied from the GPDF; *GPD security Frame Counter*  
6800 carrying the value copied from the GPDF.  
6801 The Proxy Table entry SHALL NOT be updated with the new *GPD security Frame Counter*  
6802 value.
- 6803 • the proxy does not have the key, it SHOULD drop the GPDF.

#### 6804 A.3.9.2.1.2 Sink

6805 The following applies to GPD command used for commissioning, either received directly or tunneled  
6806 in the GP Commissioning Notification with *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field of the *Options* field set  
6807 to 0b0:

- 6808 • If it was an unprotected Data GPDF with *Auto-Commissioning* bit set to 0b1, the check is  
6809 successful if the *gpsSecurityLevel* attribute has the value of 0b00, and fails otherwise;
- 6810 • if it was an unprotected Commissioning GPDF with none of the security related sub-fields of the  
6811 *Options* or *Extended Options* fields (*GPsecurityKeyRequest*, *KeyType* or *GPDkeyPresent*) set, the  
6812 check is successful if
  - 6813   ▪ both the *SecurityLevelCapabilities* sub-field of the *Extended Options* field, and *gpsSecurityLevel*  
6814 attribute have the value of 0b00;
  - 6815   ▪ the check fails otherwise.

- If it was a protected Data GPDF with *Auto-Commissioning* bit set to 0b1 the check is successful if each of the following conditions is met:
  - the *SecurityLevel* of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field is equal or higher to *gpsSecurityLevel* attribute, the key type as indicated by the *SecurityKey* sub-field is correct, and the key for this GPD is known to the sink. The check fails if at least one of the above conditions is not met.
- If it was a (protected or unprotected) Commissioning GPDF and the value of the *SecurityLevelCapabilities* sub-field in the *Extended Options* field is equal to or higher than *gpsSecurityLevel*, and:
  - the *KeyType* sub-field of the *Extended Options* field corresponds to NWK key or GP group key, and the *GPDoutgoingCounter* field is present, the check succeeds.  
If the *GPsecurityKeyRequest* (and *RxAfterTx*) was also set, the sink SHALL NOT include the key in GPDF Commissioning Reply frame. The sink SHALL set the *SecurityLevel* and *KeyType* sub-fields of the *Options* field of the generated Commissioning Reply GPDF to the corresponding values from the *Extended Options* field from the payload of the triggering Commissioning GPDF.
  - the *KeyType* field of the *Extended Options* field corresponds to OOB individual key or Derived individual GPD key and the fields *GPDkey* and *GPDoutgoingCounter* are present, the check succeeds.  
If the *GPsecurityKeyRequest* (and *RxAfterTx*) was also set, the sink MAY include the key in GPDF Commissioning Reply frame. The sink SHALL set the *SecurityLevel* and *KeyType* sub-fields of the *Options* field of the generated Commissioning Reply GPDF to the corresponding values from the *Extended Options* field from the payload of the triggering Commissioning GPDF.
  - If the *KeyType* sub-field of the *Extended Options* field has the value of 0b000, and the *GPsecurityKeyRequest* (and *RxAfterTx*) is also set, the check succeeds. The sink SHALL include the key in GPDF Commissioning Reply frame.
  - If the *GPsecurityKeyRequest* was set to 0b1, but *RxAfterTx* was set to 0b0, or if *GPsecurityKeyRequest* was set to 0b1, but *SecurityLevelCapabilities* was set to 0b00, the check fails.

The behavior on check failure as in the cases listed above and on reception of GP Commissioning Notification with *SecurityProcessingFailed* sub-field set to 0b1, is application-specific and out-of-scope of this document.

### A.3.9.2.2 GPD commissioning

The GPD that supports security (*SecurityLevelCapabilities* > 0b00) has the following security configuration options for commissioning mode:

- If the GPD supports *gpdSecurityLevel* other than 0b00 AND it does not share the key with the infrastructure, it SHALL enable key establishment with the infrastructure. To this end, the GPD SHALL include the key in the *GPDkey* field of the GPD Commissioning command, it MAY also request a key (if the GPD has the energy for receiving Commissioning Reply GPDF containing a key and storing it) by setting both *RxAfterTx* sub-field of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* and *GPSecurityKeyRequest* sub-field of the *Options* field of the GPD Commissioning command to 0b1. Note: Overwriting the individual key by the sink requires the GPD to first send and then receive a long GPDF with the 16B security key.
- If the GPD is capable of sending the Success GPDF and if in the commissioning process the GPD and the pairing sink agree on key usage, the Success GPDF SHALL be sent protected with the key as indicated in the Commissioning Reply GPDF.

- 6863     If the agreed security level is *gpSecurityLevel*=0b11, the GPD SHALL protect the Success GPDF  
 6864     using *gpSecurityLevel*=0b11;
- 6865 • If the GPD is capable of sending the Commissioning GPDF and:
- 6866     ▪ the GPD has a shared key, i.e. the NWK key (*gpSecurityKeyType* = 0b001) or a GPD group key  
  6867     *gpSecurityKeyType* = 0b010 or 0b011), the Commissioning GPDF SHALL be sent unprotected,  
  6868     and in the Commissioning command payload, the *GPDkey* field SHALL be present and the  
  6869     *Security Frame Counter* field SHALL be present and carry the full 4B value; the sub-fields  
  6870     *GPDkeyPresent* and *GPDoutgoingCounterPresent* of the *Extended Options* field SHALL be set  
  6871     to 0b1,; the TC-LK protection SHALL be used.
  - 6872     ▪ the GPD has an individual GPD key (*gpSecurityKeyType* = 0b100 or 0b111), the  
  6873     Commissioning GPDF SHALL be sent unprotected, and in the Commissioning command  
  6874     payload, the *GPDkey* field SHALL be present and the *Security Frame Counter* field SHALL be  
  6875     present and carry the full 4B value; the sub-fields *GPDkeyPresent* and  
  6876     *GPDoutgoingCounterPresent* of the *Extended Options* field SHALL be set to 0b1, ; the TC-LK  
  6877     protection SHALL be used.
- 6878
- 6879
- 6880     • DEPRECATED: Otherwise, is the GPD is only capable of sending Data GPDF with *Auto-*  
  6881     *Commissioning* sub-field set to 0b1 and:
    - 6882       ▪ the GPD has any key (e.g. as a result of pre-configuration), the Data GPDF SHALL be sent  
  6883       protected with this key, using the supported *gpSecurityLevel*; the sub-fields of the *Extended*  
  6884       *NWK Frame Control* field of the Data GPDF SHALL be set accordingly, the fields *MAC*  
  6885       *sequence number*, *GPD security frame counter*, if present, and *MIC* set accordingly.
    - 6886       ▪ the GPD does not have any key, the Data GPDF SHALL be sent unprotected and the sub-fields  
  6887       *SecurityLevel* and *SecurityKey* of the *Extended NWK Frame Control* field of the Data GPDF, if  
  6888       present, SHALL be set accordingly.

6889 Application profiles can adapt those commissioning recommendations to their needs.

### A.3.9.3 Recommended GPD security key types

6891 To allow for GPD mobility while minimizing the maintenance, the following types of keys are recom-  
 6892 mended for securing the GPD communication:

- 6893     • for GPDs with *RxOnCapability*=0b0:
  - 6894       ▪ (individual) out-of-the-box key.  
  6895       Puts minimum requirements on GPD's Tx/Rx capabilities and allows for simple commissioning  
  6896       procedures. In case of mobility MAY lead to additional delay.  
  6897       Requires the manufacturer to provide the GPDs with the (individual) keys.
- 6898     • For GPDs with *RxOnCapability*=0b1 and the capability of receiving the security key:
  - 6899       ▪ *GPD group key*  
  6900       The *NWK-key derived GPD group key* (*gpSecurityKeyType* 0b011) is the default option; the key  
  6901       is readily available to any GP infrastructure device being part of the Zigbee network, which  
  6902       limits key maintenance and simplifies GPD mobility. Note: in the event of NWK key update,  
  6903       updating the key on the GPDs is required as well.  
  6904       Non-derived *GPD group key* (*gpSecurityKeyType* 0b010) can be used as well; each GP device  
  6905       will have to be configured with it.
  - 6906       ▪ For high-security applications - *GPD individual key* (*gpSecurityKeyType* 0b111).
  - 6907       ▪ It is recommended, that the key sent in the Commissioning Reply GPDF is encrypted with the  
  6908       *gpLinkKey* (see sec. A.3.3.3).  
  6909       A *gpLinkKey* other than the default TC-LK can be used, if all involved devices will be supplied

6910       with this key prior to commissioning.

6911      Using the Zigbee NWK key for securing the GP communication is NOT recommended.

6912      For basic key types properties and usage recommendations – see sec. Table 53.

6913

## 6914 **A.4 Green Power cluster extensions: ApplicationID 0b000** 6915 **and 0b010**

### 6916 **A.4.1 GPD CommandIDs**

6917 Table 54 and Table 55 define GPD Command IDs for the GPD commands without and with payload,  
6918 respectively; together with corresponding Zigbee ZCL cluster, cluster-specific command and attribute  
6919 (if required), for *ApplicationID* of 0b000 and 0b010. A dash (-) indicates that there is no default map-  
6920 ping to a Zigbee cluster; N/A indicates that there is no corresponding Zigbee functionality.

6921 The handling of the GroupID parameter of the GPD Recall Scene and GPD Store Scene commands is  
6922 defined in sec. A.4.2.7.

6923  
6924 The command range 0xf0 – 0xff is reserved for commands sent to the GPD. They are defined in Table  
6925 56.

6926 Future version of this specification MAY define additional GPD Commands.

6927  
6928 Section A.4.3 specifies which GPD commands need to be implemented by a particular GPD type.  
6929 Table 22 specifies which GPD commissioning commands need to be implemented by a sink.

6930

**Table 54 – Payloadless GPDF commands sent by GPD**

GPD command		Mapping to Zigbee						
CommandID	Command Name	Corresponding ClusterID	CommandID	Command Payload				
0x00	Identify	Identify	Identify	0x003c				
0x01 – 0x0F	Reserved							
0x10	Recall Scene 0	Scenes	Recall Scene	GroupID, SceneID = 0				
0x11	Recall Scene 1	Scenes	Recall Scene	GroupID, SceneID = 1				
0x12	Recall Scene 2	Scenes	Recall Scene	GroupID, SceneID = 2				
0x13	Recall Scene 3	Scenes	Recall Scene	GroupID, SceneID = 3				
0x14	Recall Scene 4	Scenes	Recall Scene	GroupID, SceneID = 4				
0x15	Recall Scene 5	Scenes	Recall Scene	GroupID, SceneID = 5				
0x16	Recall Scene 6	Scenes	Recall Scene	GroupID, SceneID = 6				
0x17	Recall Scene 7	Scenes	Recall Scene	GroupID, SceneID = 7				
0x18	Store Scene 0	Scenes	Store Scene	GroupID, SceneID = 0				
0x19	Store Scene 1	Scenes	Store Scene	GroupID, SceneID = 1				
0x1A	Store Scene 2	Scenes	Store Scene	GroupID, SceneID = 2				
0x1B	Store Scene 3	Scenes	Store Scene	GroupID, SceneID = 3				
0x1C	Store Scene 4	Scenes	Store Scene	GroupID, SceneID = 4				
0x1D	Store Scene 5	Scenes	Store Scene	GroupID, SceneID = 5				
0x1E	Store Scene 6	Scenes	Store Scene	GroupID, SceneID = 6				
0x1F	Store Scene 7	Scenes	Store Scene	GroupID, SceneID = 7				
0x20	Off	On/Off	Off	N/A				
0x21	On	On/Off	On	N/A				
0x22	Toggle	On/Off	Toggle	N/A				
0x23	Release	-						
0x24 – 0x2F	Reserved							
0x30 – 0x33	Defined in Table 55							
0x34	Level Control/Stop	Level Control	Stop	N/A				
0x35 – 0x38	Defined in Table 55							
0x39 – 0x3F	Reserved							
0x40	Move Hue Stop	Color Control	Move Hue	Stop				
0x41 – 0x44	Defined in Table 55							
0x45	Move Saturation Stop	Color Control	Move Saturation	Stop				
0x46 – 0x4B	Defined in Table 55							
0x4C – 0x4F	Reserved							
0x50	Lock Door	Door Lock	Lock Door	N/A				
0x51	Unlock Door	Door Lock	Unlock Door	N/A				
0x52 – 0x5F	Reserved							

6931

GPD command		Mapping to Zigbee					
CommandID	Command Name	Corresponding ClusterID	CommandID	Command Payload			
0x60	Press 1 of 1	N/A					
0x61	Release 1 of 1	N/A					
0x62	Press 1 of 2	N/A					
0x63	Release 1 of 2	N/A					
0x64	Press 2 of 2	N/A					
0x65	Release 2 of 2	N/A					
0x66	Short Press 1 of 1	N/A					
0x67	Short Press 1 of 2	N/A					
0x68	Short Press 2 of 2	N/A					
0x69-0x6a	Defined in Table 55						
0x6b-0x6f	Reserved						
0x70-0x9f	Reserved						
0xA0-0xE0	Defined in Table 55						
0xE1	Decommissioning	N/A					
0xE2	Success	N/A					
0xE3	Defined in Table 55						
0xE4-0xEF	Defined in Table 55						

6932  
 6933 Table 55 defines CommandIDs for commands with non-zero payload, for *ApplicationID* of 0b000 and  
 6934 0b010.

6935

**Table 55 – GPDF commands with payload sent by GPD**

GPD command		Mapping to Zigbee		
CommandID	Command Name	ClusterID	Command Name	Command payload
0x30	Move Up	Level Control	Move Up	
0x31	Move Down	Level Control	Move Down	
0x32	Step Up	Level Control	Step Up	
0x33	Step Down	Level Control	Step Down	
0x35	Move Up (with On/Off)	Level Control	Move Up (with On/Off)	
0x36	Move Down (with On/Off)	Level Control	Move Down (with On/Off)	
0x37	Step Up (with On/Off)	Level Control	Step Up (with On/Off)	
0x38	Step Down (with On/Off)	Level Control	Step Down (with On/Off)	
0x41	Move Hue Up	Color Control	Move Hue Up	
0x42	Move Hue Down	Color Control	Move Hue Down	
0x43	Step Hue Up	Color Control	Step Hue Up	
0x44	Step Hue Down	Color Control	Step Hue Down	
0x46	Move Saturation Up	Color Control	Move Saturation Up	
0x47	Move Saturation Down	Color Control	Move Saturation Down	
0x48	Step Saturation Up	Color Control	Step Saturation Up	
0x49	Step Saturation Down	Color Control	Step Saturation Down	

6936

GPD command		Mapping to Zigbee		
CommandID	Command Name	ClusterID	Command Name	Command payload
0x4A	Move Color	Color Control	Move Color	
0x4B	Step Color	Color Control	Step Color	
0x69	8-bit vector: press	See sec. A.4.2.2.1		
0x6a	8-bit vector: release	See sec. A.4.2.2.1		
0xA0	Attribute Reporting	Copied from the triggering GPD command	ZCL Report attributes command	Copied from the triggering GPD command
0xA1	Manufacturer-Specific Attribute Reporting	Copied from the triggering GPD command	ZCL Report attributes command	Copied from the triggering GPD command
0xA2	Multi-Cluster Reporting	Copied from the triggering GPD command	ZCL Report attributes command	Copied from the triggering GPD command
0xA3	Manufacturer-specific Multi-Cluster Reporting	Copied from the triggering GPD command	ZCL Report attributes command	Copied from the triggering GPD command
0xA4	Request Attributes	Copied from the triggering GPD command	ZCL Read attributes command	Copied from the triggering GPD command
0xA5	Read Attributes Response	Copied from the triggering GPD command	ZCL Read attributes response command	Copied from the triggering GPD command
0xA6	ZCL Tunneling	Copied from the triggering GPD command	Copied from the triggering GPD command	Copied from the triggering GPD command
0xA7	Reserved			
0xA8	Compact Attribute Reporting	Derived from the triggering GPD command, using the information sent during commissioning	ZCL Report attributes command	Derived from the triggering GPD command, using the information sent during commissioning
0xA9 – 0xAE	Reserved			
0xAF	<sup>18</sup> Any of the GPD sensor commands 0xA0 – 0xA3	Copied from the triggering GPD command	ZCL Report attributes command	Copied from the triggering GPD command
0xB0-0xBF	Manufacturer-defined GPD commands (payload is manufacturer-specific)			
0xC0-0xDF	Reserved			
0xE0	Commissioning	N/A		
0xE3	Channel Request	N/A		
0xE4	Application Description	N/A		
0xE5 – 0xEF	Reserved			

6937

**Table 56 – GPDF commands sent to GPD**

GPD command		Mapping to Zigbee		
Command ID	Command name	ClusterID	CommandID	Command Payload
0xF0	Commissioning Reply	N/A		
0xF1	Write Attributes	N/A		
0xF2	Read Attributes	N/A		
0xF3	Channel Configuration	N/A		
0xF4 – 0xF5	Reserved for other commands sent to the GPD			
0xF6	ZCL Tunneling	N/A		

<sup>18</sup>Note: 0xAF is not used as a true GPD CommandID, but as a way to make the Translation Tables more compact.

0xF7 – 0xFF

Reserved for other commands sent to the GPD

6938

## 6939 A.4.2 Format of individual commands

6940 The payload of any GPD Data command sent by the GPD SHALL NOT exceed:

- 6941 • For a GPD with *ApplicationID* = 0b000: 59 octets;
- 6942 • For a GPD with *ApplicationID* = 0b010: 54 octets.

6943 This limitation is introduced to avoid that a proxy forwarding the GPD Data command in a GP Notifi-  
6944 cation is forced to use fragmentation, or drop the command, if fragmentation is not supported.

6945 The maximum payload length was calculated assuming unicast source routing, NWK layer protection,  
6946 NO APS protection; 5B buffer was subtracted for future extensions to the GP Notification command.

### 6947 A.4.2.1 Commissioning commands

6948 In addition to the GPD commands with payload specified below, the following payloadless GPD com-  
6949 mands also belong to the commissioning commands: GPD Success and GPD Decommissioning (see  
6950 [Table 48](#)).

6951 Note: some of the commissioning commands can also be used in operation, to manage the GPD, for  
6952 example GPD Channel Configuration, GPD Commissioning Reply, GPD Decommissioning.

6953 The payload of any GPD commissioning command sent by the GPD SHALL NOT exceed:

- 6954 • For a GPD with *ApplicationID* = 0b000: 55 octets;
- 6955 • For a GPD with *ApplicationID* = 0b010: 50 octets.

6956 This limitation is introduced to avoid that a proxy forwarding the GPD commissioning command in a  
6957 GP Commissioning Notification is forced to use fragmentation, or drop the command, if fragmentation  
6958 is not supported.

6959 The maximum payload length was calculated assuming unicast source routing, NWK layer protection,  
6960 NO APS protection; 5B buffer was subtracted for future extensions to the GP Commissioning Notifica-  
6961 tion command.

#### 6962 A.4.2.1.1 GPD Commissioning command

6963 The payload of the GPD Commissioning command is formatted as shown in Figure 107 and Figure  
6964 108.

Octets	1	1	0/1	0/16	0/4	0/4
Data Type	8-bit enumera- tion	8-bit bitmap	8-bit bitmap	Security Key	Unsigned 32-bit integer	Unsigned 32-bit integer
Field name	GPD DeviceID	Options	Extended Op- tions	GPDkey	GPDkeyMIC	GPDout- goingCounter

6965 **Figure 107 – Format of the GPD Commissioning command payload (part 1)**

0/1	0/2	0/2	0/1	0/Variable	0/Variable	0/Variable
8-bit bitmap	16-bit enumera- tion	16-bit enumera- tion	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer
Application information	ManufacturerID	ModelID	Number of GPD commands	GPD Comman- dID list	Cluster List	Switch infor- mation

6966 **Figure 108 – Format of the GPD Commissioning command payload (part 2)**

6967 Any additional fields applied after the end of the GPD Commissioning command SHALL be ignored  
6968 by the devices according to the current version of the specification. The fields and sub-fields as defined  
6969 in the current version of the specification SHALL be processed.

The *Auto-Commissioning* sub-field of the *NWK Frame Control* field for the GPDF carrying the GPD Commissioning command SHALL always be set to 0b0. The *GPD CommandID* field SHALL carry the value 0xE0, indicating the GPD Commissioning command, as defined in Table 55.

#### A.4.2.1.1.1 GPD DeviceID field

The GPD DeviceID field is always present and it carries one of the DeviceID, as defined in [13].

Depending on the DeviceID used, additional rules regarding inclusion of the fields *Number of GPD commands*, *GPD CommandID list*, the *Cluster List* and the *Switch Information* may apply; see sec. A.4.2.1.1.7 - A.4.2.1.1.10.

#### A.4.2.1.1.2 Options field

The *Options* field of the GPD Commissioning command has the format as specified in Figure 109.

Bits: 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
MACsequenceNumberCapability	RxOnCapability	Application information present	Reserved	PANId request	GPsecurityKeyRequest	FixedLocation	ExtendedOptionsPresent

**Figure 109 – Format of the Options field of the GPD Commissioning command**

The *MACsequenceNumberCapability* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If the value of this sub-field is 0b1, then it indicates the GPD uses incremental MAC sequence number. If the value of this sub-field is 0b0, then it indicates that the GPD uses random MAC sequence number.

The *RxOnCapability* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If set to 0b1, it indicates that the GPD has receiving capabilities in operational mode. If set to 0b0, it indicates that the GPD does not enable its receiver in operational mode.

The *Application information present* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If set to 0b1, it indicates that the *Application information* field is present. If set to 0b0, it indicates that the *Application information* field is absent.

The *PANId request* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If the value of this sub-field is 0b1, then the GPD requests to receive the PAN ID value of the network. If the value of this sub-field is 0b0, then the GPD does not request to receive the PAN ID value. This sub field SHALL be set to 0b0 on transmission and ignored on reception, if the *RxAfterTx* sub field of the *NWK Frame Control* field of the GPDF carrying the GPD Commissioning command is set to 0b0.

The *GPsecurityKeyRequest* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If the value of this sub-field is set to 0b1, then the GPD requests to receive the GP Security Key. If the value of this sub-field is 0b0, then the GPD does not request to receive the GP Security Key. This sub field SHALL be set to 0b0 on transmission and ignored on reception, if the *RxAfterTx* sub field of the *NWK Frame Control* field of the GPDF carrying the GPD Commissioning command is set to 0b0.

The *FixedLocation* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If the value of this sub-field is 0b0, then it indicates that the GPD can change its position during its operation in the network. If the value of this sub-field is 0b1, then the GPD is not expected to change its position during its operation in the network.

The *ExtendedOptionsPresent* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If the value of this sub-field is 0b1, then it indicates that the *Extended Options* field is present.

#### 7007 A.4.2.1.1.3 Extended Options field

7008 The *Extended Options* field SHALL be present, if the GPD is capable of supporting security and it  
 7009 transmits and/or requests security settings.

7010 The *Extended Options* field of the GPD Commissioning command has the format as specified in Figure  
 7011 110.

Bits: 0-1	2-4	5	6	7
SecurityLevelCapabilities	KeyType	GPDkeyPresent	GPDkeyEncryption	GPDoutgoingCounterPresent

7012 **Figure 110 – Format of the *Extended Options* field of the GPD Commissioning command**

7013 The *SecurityLevelCapabilities* sub-field indicates the device's security capabilities during normal operation.  
 7014 It can take values as defined in Table 11.

7015 According to the current version of the specification, only GPD that support *gpdSecurityLevel* = 0b10  
 7016 or higher AND support TC-LK protection (as indicated by the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field of the *Ex-  
 7017 tended Options* field of the GPD Commissioning command) of the GPD key, if exchanged over the air,  
 7018 can be certified.

7019 When the *Extended Options* field is not present in the GPD Commissioning command and the *GPsecuri-  
 7020 tyKeyRequest* sub-field of the *Options* field is set to 0b1, the 0b01 is taken as the default value. When  
 7021 the *Extended Options* field is not present in the GPD Commissioning command and the *GPsecuri-  
 7022 tyKeyRequest* sub-field of the *Options* field is set to 0b0, the 0b00 is taken as the default value.

7023 If *SecurityLevelCapabilities* sub-field is set to 0b00, then the *KeyType* sub-field SHALL be set to  
 7024 0b000 on transmission and SHALL be ignored on reception. Furthermore, if *SecurityLevelCapabilities*  
 7025 sub-field is set to 0b00, then the *GPDkeyPresent* and *GPDoutgoingCounterPresent* SHALL be set to  
 7026 0b0 on transmission and ignored upon reception, and the fields *GPDkey* and *GPDoutgoingCounter*  
 7027 field SHALL NOT be present on transmission and SHALL be ignored upon reception.

7028 The *KeyType* sub-field indicates the type of the security key this GPD is configured with. The *KeyType*  
 7029 can take the values as defined in A.3.7.1.2.

7030 When *GPDkeyPresent* sub-field is set to 0b1 and the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field is set to 0b0, the  
 7031 *GPDkey* field is present in the clear, and carries the *gpdSecurityKey*, of the type as indicated in the  
 7032 *gpdSecurityKeyType* parameter; the *GPDkeyMIC* field is absent. When *GPDkeyPresent* sub-field is set  
 7033 to 0b1 and the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field is set to 0b1, both fields *GPDkey* and *GPDkeyMIC* are  
 7034 present; the field *GPDkey* contains the *gpdSecurityKey*, of the type as indicated in the *gpdSecurityKey-  
 7035 Type*, encrypted with the default TC-LK (see A.3.3.3.3) as described in A.3.7.1.2.3; and the *GPDkey-  
 7036 MIC* field contains the MIC for the encrypted GPD key, calculated as described in A.3.7.1.2.3.  
 7037 When *GPDkeyPresent* sub-field is set to 0b0, the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field indicates the GPD's  
 7038 capability of protecting the *GPDkey* field as described in A.3.7.1.2.3; if set to 0b1, the GPD is capable;  
 7039 if set to 0b0, it is not.

7040 If the *GPDkeyPresent* sub-field is set to 0b1, the *GPDoutgoingCounterPresent* sub-field SHALL be set  
 7041 to 0b1 and the *GPDoutgoingCounter* field SHALL be present.

7042 The *GPDoutgoingCounterPresent* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that the *GPDoutgoingCounter* is  
 7043 present. If *GPDoutgoingCounter* field is present in the payload of the GPD Commissioning command  
 7044 (and it SHALL if *SecurityLevelCapabilities* sub-field of the *Extended Options* field is set to 0b10 or  
 7045 0b11), the value it carries SHALL be incremented for every transmission of a Commissioning GPFS.

#### 7046 A.4.2.1.1.4 Application information field

7047 The *Application information* field SHALL be present, if any of the Application Information fields:  
 7048 *ManufacturerID*, *ModelID*, *GPD CommandID list* and *Cluster list* are present.

7049 Detailed rules for inclusion of those Application Information fields are defined in sections A.4.2.1.1.5 -  
 7050 A.4.2.1.1.9.

7051  
 7052 The *Application information* field of the GPD Commissioning command has the format as specified in  
 7053 Figure 111.

Bits: 0	1	2	3	4	5	6..7
ManufacturerID present	ModelID present	GPD commands present	Cluster list present	Switch information present	GPD Application Description command follows	Reserved

7054 **Figure 111 – Format of the *Application information* field of the GPD Commissioning command**

7055 The *ManufacturerID present* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If set to 0b1, it indicates that the *ManufacturerID* field is present. If set to 0b0, it indicates that the *ManufacturerID* field is absent.

7056 The *ModelID present* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If set to 0b1, it indicates that the *ModelID* field is present. If set to 0b0, it indicates that the *ModelID* field is absent.

7057 The *GPD commands present* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If set to 0b1, it indicates that the fields *Number of GPD commands* and *GPD CommandID list* are present. If set to 0b0, it indicates that both those field are absent.

7058 The *Cluster list present* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If set to 0b1, it indicates that the *Cluster List* field is present. If set to 0b0, it indicates that this field is absent.

7059 The *Switch information present* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If set to 0b1, it indicates that the *Switch information* field is present. If set to 0b0, it indicates that this field is absent.

7060 The *GPD Application Description command follows* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If set to 0b1, it indicates that after the current Commissioning GPDF, the GPD Application Description command (0xE4, see sec. A.4.2.1.6) will follow. If set to 0b0, it indicates that the GPD Application Description command will not be sent after the current GPD Commissioning command.

7061 The *GPD Application Description command follows* sub-field SHALL be set to 0b1 if the GPD supports the GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command (0xA8, see sec. A.4.2.3.6).

#### 7062 A.4.2.1.1.5 ManufacturerID field

7063 The *ManufacturerID* field can take values as defined in [7].

7064 The *ManufacturerID* field SHALL be present, if the *ModelID* field is present, if the *GPD CommandID list* contains any manufacturer-specific GPD commands, or if the *Cluster List* field contains any manufacturer-specific clusters. In other cases, the *ManufacturerID* field MAY be present; the *ManufacturerID present* sub-field of the *Application information* field SHALL be set accordingly.

#### 7065 A.4.2.1.1.6 ModelID field

7066 The *ModelID* field carries a manufacturer-defined identification of the product type. If *ModelID* is present, the *ManufacturerID* SHALL be present as well; the sub-fields of the *Application information* field  
 7067 SHALL be set accordingly.

7068 The *ModelID* field MAY be preset even if the *GPD CommandID list* and the *Cluster list* fields are ab-  
 7069 sent and/or if the *DeviceID* carries a value other than 0xFE.

#### 7084 A.4.2.1.1.7 Number of GP commands field

7085 The *Number of GP commands* defines the number of items in the *GP command list* field. This field  
 7086 SHALL have value always greater than zero otherwise the field SHALL NOT be present; the *GPD*  
 7087 *commands present* sub-field of the *Application information* field SHALL be set accordingly.

#### 7088 A.4.2.1.1.8 GPD CommandID list field

7089 The *GPD CommandID list* contains the GPD commands used by this GPD.

7090 The term **standard GPD Data commands** is used to refer to any GPD Data commands defined by the  
 7091 GP specification, transmitted (with CommandID from the range 0x00 – 0x9f, as listed in Table 54, Ta-  
 7092 ble 55 and Table 56) or received (with CommandID 0xF1, 0xF2, 0xF6, as listed in Table 56).

7093 The term **standard GPD reporting commands** is used to refer to any GPD commands 0xA0 – 0xA3  
 7094 and 0xA6, defined by the GP specification.

7095 The *GPD CommandID list* SHALL be present:

- 7097 • if a GPD with *DeviceID* = 0xFE implements any standard GPD Data commands, unless:
  - 7098   ▪ the GPD Compact Attribute Reporting is the only GPD Data command supported by the GPD;
  - 7099   ▪ the *Cluster list* is present and not empty;
- 7100 • if a GPD with *DeviceID* != 0xFE implements other standard GPD Data commands than mandated  
 7101 for its *DeviceID* (see [13]); i.e. adds or removes standard GPD Data commands.

7102 The *GPD CommandID list* MAY be present in other cases.

7103 If present, the *GPD CommandID list* SHALL contain all the standard GPD Data commands supported  
 7104 by that GPD transmitted and received; it SHALL NOT contain the GPD commissioning commands  
 7105 (see sec. A.4.2.1); the order of commands in the list is unspecified.

7106 The *GPD CommandID list* MAY contain any manufacturer-defined GPD commands (i.e. Comman-  
 7107 dIDs from the range 0xB0 – 0xBF, see Table 55), also in addition to any standard GPD Data com-  
 7108 mands. If the *GPD CommandID list* contains any manufacturer-defined GPD commands, the *Manufac-*  
 7109 *turerID* field SHALL be present.

7110 The *GPD CommandID list* SHALL be consistent with the device PICS: only the functionality disclosed  
 7111 can be certified.

7112 A number of examples below aims at clarifying the rules for *GPD CommandID list* field usage:

- 7113 • If a GPD with *DeviceID* != 0xFE only implements GPD Data commands mandated for its  
 7114 *DeviceID*, the GPD is not required (but can) include the GPD CommandID list.
- 7115 • If a GPD supporting ZCL clusters, as indicated by sensor *DeviceID* 0x30 – 0x33, implements only  
 7116 the standard GPD reporting commands, the GPD is not required (but can) include the GPD  
 7117 CommandID list.
- 7118 • If a GPD supporting ZCL clusters (as indicated by sensor *DeviceID* 0x30 – 0x33 or by including  
 7119 *Cluster list* field), implements any standard GPD Data commands in addition to the standard GPD  
 7120 reporting commands, the GPD is required to include all of those standard GPD Data commands in  
 7121 the *GPD CommandID list* field; it can also include the standard GPD reporting commands.

#### A.4.2.1.1.9 Cluster List field

The *Cluster List* field contains a list of server and client clusters supported by this particular GPD. The *Cluster List* field is formatted as specified in Figure 112.

Octets	1	Variable	Variable
Data Type	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 16-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 16-bit integer
Field name	Length of ClusterID list	Cluster ID List Server	ClusterID List Client

Figure 112 – Format of the Cluster List field

The *Length of ClusterID list* field specifies the number of 16-bit ClusterIDs server and client clusters in the *ClusterID list server/ ClusterID list client* field, respectively. The *Length of ClusterID list* field SHALL be formatted as shown in Figure 113. This field SHALL have value always greater than zero otherwise the *Cluster List* field SHALL NOT be present.

Bits: 0-3	4..7
Number of server ClusterIDs	Number of client ClusterIDs

Figure 113 – Format of the Length of ClusterID list field

The *ClusterID list server/client* field contains a list of ClusterIDs that are supported by this GPD in server and client role, respectively; the order of clusters in each list is unspecified.

The term **standard ZCL cluster** is used to refer to any cluster defined in the Zigbee Cluster Library [3], any standard commands and/or attributes of that cluster. Manufacturer-specific clusters are clusters using ClusterIDs from the manufacturer-specific range as defined in the ZCL [3].

The *Cluster list* SHALL NOT include the functionality accessible exclusively via the GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command (0xA8). If the GPD only supports cluster functionality accessible via the GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command, the *Cluster list* SHALL be omitted.

A GPD MAY implement some functionality accessible via the GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command, in addition to some functionality accessible via other GPD commands. The GPD SHALL represent it correctly in the Commissioning GPDF and Application Description GPDF, and the sink SHALL process both parts.

The *Cluster list* SHALL NOT include any functionality accessible exclusively via the GPD commands from the 0x00 – 0x9F and 0xB0 – 0xBF range. If the GPD only supports application functionality accessible via those commands, the *Cluster list* SHALL be omitted.

The *Cluster list* SHALL only include the cluster functionality accessible using the following GPD commands: 0xA0 – 0xA6 and 0xF1, 0xF2, 0xF6. In addition, the following applies:

- The *Cluster list* SHALL be present if a GPD with *DeviceID* != 0xFE implements other standard ZCL clusters than mandated for its *DeviceID* (see [13]); i.e. adds standard ZCL clusters;
- The *Cluster list* MAY be included by GPD with *DeviceID* != 0xFE in other cases, e.g. it MAY list the clusters corresponding to its *DeviceID*;
- The *Cluster list* SHALL be present if a GPD with *DeviceID* = 0xFE supports any standard ZCL clusters; the *Cluster list* SHALL contain all the standard ZCL cluster supported by that GPD.
- If included, the *Cluster list* of a GPD with *DeviceID* != 0xFE SHALL contain all the additional

standard ZCL clusters supported by that GPD; it MAY (but is not required to) contain other standard ZCL clusters than mandated for this *DeviceID*;

- The *Cluster list* MAY contain any manufacturer-specific clusters, also in addition to standard ZCL clusters. If the *Cluster list* contains any manufacturer-specific clusters, the *ManufacturerID* field SHALL be present.

The order of clusters in the *Server/Client list* is unspecified.

The *Cluster list* SHALL be consistent with the device PICS: only the functionality disclosed can be certified.

#### A.4.2.1.1.10 Switch information field

The *Switch information* field is formatted as specified in Figure 114.

Octets	0/1	0/1	0/1
Data Type	Unsigned 8-bit integer	8-bit bitmap	8-bit bitmap
Field name	Switch info length	Generic switch configuration	Current contact status

Figure 114 – Format of the *Switch information* field of the GPD Commissioning command payload

The *Switch information* field SHALL only be present if the *Switch information present* sub-field of the *Application information* field is set to TRUE. That SHALL only be the case if:

- the *DeviceID* is set to 0x07;
- and/or CommandID 0x69/0x6a is included in the GPD command list of the *ApplicationInformation* block.

Otherwise, the *Switch information present* sub-field of the *Application information* field is set to FALSE and the *Switch information* field SHALL be absent.

The *Switch info length* field indicates the total length of the following switch configuration information, i.e. it carries the value 0x02 according to the current specification.

The *Generic switch configuration* field is formatted as shown in Figure 115.

Bits: 0-3	4..5	6..7
Number of contacts	Switch type	Reserved

Figure 115 – Format of the *Generic switch configuration* field

The *Number of contacts* sub-field indicates the number of contacts supported by the module, between 0 and 8.

The *Switch type* sub-field indicates the type of physical switch actuation, and can take any of the non-reserved values from Table 57.

Table 57 – Values of the *Switch type* sub-field of the *Generic switch configuration* field

Value	Meaning
0b00	Unknown: exact configuration apart from number of contacts unknown
0b01	Button switch
0b10	Rocker switch

0b11	Reserved
------	----------

The *Current contact status* field is formatted exactly like the *Contact status* field (see sec. A.4.2.2.1) and carries the current contact status information corresponding to the user action that triggered the sending of this particular Commissioning GPDF.

Note: The GPD Commissioning command SHOULD NOT be sent with *Current contact status* field set to 0x00 and/or with the *Number of contacts* sub-field of the *Generic switch configuration* field set to 0x0, as from this information no meaningful Translation Table entries can be derived.

#### A.4.2.1.1.11 When generated

This frame is generated by the GPD to manage its status in the network, i.e. it MAY be used to manage, i.e. create, remove or update pairings.

#### A.4.2.1.1.12 Effect on receipt

On reception of GPD Commissioning command, a proxy acts as described in A.3.5.2.1 or A.3.5.2.3, and a sink acts as described in A.3.5.2.5 or A.3.5.2.4.

### A.4.2.1.2 Commissioning Reply command

The payload of the Commissioning Reply command is formatted as shown in Figure 116.

Octets	1	0/2	0/16	0/4	0/4
Data Type	8-bit bitmap	Unsigned 16-bit integer	Security key	Unsigned 32-bit integer	Unsigned 32-bit integer
Field name	Options	PANId	GPDsecurityKey	GPDkeyMIC	Frame Counter

Figure 116 – Format of the GPD Commissioning Reply command payload

If GPD uses *ApplicationID* 0b000, the *GPD SrcID* field of the Commissioning Reply frame SHALL carry the value of the GPD SrcID; if GPD uses *ApplicationID* 0b010, the MAC Destination address field SHALL carry the GPD IEEE address of the GPD to which this frame is being sent.

The *GPD CommandID* SHALL carry the value 0xF0, indicating the GP Commissioning Reply command, as defined in Table 56.

#### A.4.2.1.2.1 Options field

The *Options* field is formatted as shown in Figure 117.

Bits: 0	1	2	3-4	5-7
PANID present	GPDsecurityKeyPresent	GPDkeyEncryption	SecurityLevel	KeyType

Figure 117 – Format of the Options field of GPD Commissioning Reply command

The *PAN ID present* sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that the *PANId* field is present, and carries the value of the network operational PANId.

When the *GPDsecurityKeyPresent* sub-field is set to 0b1 and the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field is set to 0b0, then the *GPDkeyMIC* field is absent, and the *SecurityKey* field is present in the clear, and carries the key type as indicated in the *KeyType* field of the *Options* field. When the *GPDsecurityKeyPresent* sub-field is set to 0b1 and the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field is set to 0b1, then both fields *GPDsecurityKey* and *GPDkeyMIC* are present; the field *GPDsecurityKey* contains the *gpdSecurityKey*, of the type as indicated in the *KeyType* sub-field, encrypted with the default TC-LK (see A.3.3.3.3) as described in A.3.7.1.2.3; and the *GPDkeyMIC* field contains the MIC for the encrypted GPD key, calculated as described in A.3.7.1.2.3. When the *GPDsecurityKeyPresent* sub-field is set to 0b0, the *GPDkeyEncryption* sub-field is ignored.

7227  
 7228 If the *SecurityLevel* sub-field is set to 0b00, the *GPDsecurityKey* field is not present and the sub-fields  
 7229 *GPDkeyEncryption* and *KeyType* SHALL be set to 0b0 and 0b000, respectively, on transmission and  
 7230 ignored upon reception.

7231  
 7232 The *SecurityLevel* sub-field indicates the requested gpdSecurityLevel.  
 7233 The *KeyType* sub-field contains the type of the key to be used for GPDF protection in operation, and  
 7234 can take values as defined in Table 53.  
 7235 The *Frame Counter* field is only present when the sub-fields of the *Options* field are set as follows: *Se-*  
 7236 *curityLevel* sub-field to 0b10 or 0b11, *GPDsecurityKeyPresent* sub-field to 0b1 and the *GPDkeyEn-*  
 7237 *cryption* sub-field to 0b1; otherwise it is absent. It carries the security frame counter value that was  
 7238 used to encrypt the shared security key transmitted (see A.3.7.1.2.3).

#### 7239 **A.4.2.1.2.2 When generated**

7240 The GPD Commissioning Reply command is generated by the commissioning sink upon receipt of a  
 7241 GPD Commissioning command with the *RxAfterTx* sub-field set to 0b1, if all application requirements  
 7242 on the GPD capabilities are met (see sec. A.3.6.2.1).

#### 7243 **A.4.2.1.2.3 Effect on receipt**

7244 On receipt of this Commissioning Reply GPDF, the GPD checks if the *GPD SrcID/IEEE address* field  
 7245 value matches its own identifier. If not, it SHALL drop this frame. If the GPD is the destination of this  
 7246 Commissioning Reply GPDF, and the security check succeeds, the GPD SHALL update all the re-  
 7247 quired parameters with the values present in the frame payload. The GPD SHALL only reset its secu-  
 7248 rity frame counter to 0x00000000 if upon GPD Commissioning Reply command reception the security  
 7249 frame counter of the GPD is larger than 0x80000000 AND the type or value of the supplied key differs  
 7250 from the key currently used.

7251 The GPD MAY support GPD Commissioning Reply command in operational mode.

#### 7252 **A.4.2.1.3 Decommissioning command**

7253 The GPD Decommissioning command does not have any payload.

#### 7254 **A.4.2.1.3.1 When generated**

7255 The Decommissioning GPDF is sent by the GPD to initiate its removal from the network. The De-  
 7256 commissioning GPDF SHALL be sent protected, if the GPD supports security.

#### 7257 **A.4.2.1.3.2 Effect on receipt**

7258 On reception of GPD Decommissioning command, the proxies act as described in A.3.5.2.1, and the  
 7259 sinks act as described in A.3.5.2.4.

#### 7260 **A.4.2.1.4 Channel Request command**

7261 The payload of the Channel Request command is formatted as shown in Figure 118.

Octets	1
Data Type	8-bit bitmap
Field name	Channel toggling behavior

7262 **Figure 118 – Format of the GPD Channel Request command payload**

7263 The *Channel Toggling Behavior* field is formatted as shown in Figure 119.

Bits: 0-3	4-7
Rx channel in the next attempt	Rx channel in the second next attempt

7264 **Figure 119 – Format of the Channel Toggling Behavior field of the GPD Channel Request command**

7265 The *Rx channel in the (second) next attempt* sub-field can take the following values: 0b0000: channel  
 7266 11, 0b0001: channel 12, ..., 0b1111: channel 26.

7267 The Channel Request GPDF can use the following values of the *Frame Type* sub-field of the *NWK Frame Control* field: 0b01 and 0b00.

7269 When sent as part of the commissioning procedure, the GPD Channel Request command SHALL be  
 7270 sent with *Frame Type* sub-field of the *NWK Frame Control* field set to 0b01 (Maintenance frame; see  
 7271 sec. A.1.4.1.2).

7272 When sent in operational mode, the GPD Channel Request command SHALL be sent with *Frame Type*  
 7273 sub-field of the *NWK Frame Control* field set to 0b00 (Data frame; see sec. A.1.4.1.2); it SHALL then  
 7274 be secured with the security settings as established during the commissioning.

#### A.4.2.1.5 Channel Configuration command

7276 The payload of the Channel Configuration command is formatted as shown in Figure 120.

Octets	1
Data Type	8-bit bitmap
Field name	Channel

7277 **Figure 120 – Format of the GPD Channel Configuration command payload**

7279 The *Channel* field is formatted as shown in Figure 121.

Bits: 0-3	4	5-7
Operational Channel	Basic	Reserved

7280 **Figure 121 – Format of the Channel field of the GPD Channel Configuration command**

7281 The *OperationalChannel* sub-field can take the following values: 0b0000: channel 11, 0b0001: channel  
 7282 12, ..., 0b1111: channel 26.

7283 The *Basic* sub-field indicates if the sender is a basic only GP infrastructure device or if it supports bi-di-  
 7284 rectional operation. This bit SHALL be set to 0b1 in GPD Channel Configuration commands sent by  
 7285 Basic Combo product.

7286 The Channel Configuration GPDF can use the following values of the *Frame Type* sub-field of the *NWK Frame Control* field: 0b01 and 0b00.

7288 When sent as part of the commissioning procedure, the GPD Channel Configuration command SHALL  
 7289 be sent with *Frame Type* sub-field of the *NWK Frame Control* field set to 0b01 (Maintenance frame;  
 7290 see sec. A.1.4.1.2).

7291 When sent in operational mode, the GPD Channel Configuration command SHALL be sent with  
 7292 *Frame Type* sub-field of the *NWK Frame Control* field set to 0b00 (Data frame; see sec. A.1.4.1.2); it  
 7293 SHALL then be secured with the security settings as established during the commissioning.

#### A.4.2.1.6 Application Description command

The command payload for the GPD Application Description command is formatted as shown in Figure 122.

Octets	1	1	Variable	...	Variable
Data Type	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer	...	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer
Field name	Total number of reports	Number of reports	Report descriptor M	...	Report descriptor N

Figure 122 – Payload of the GPD Application Description command

The *Total number of reports* field carries the total number of different *Report descriptors* this GPD will be sending during the commissioning process; they may be spread across multiple GPD Application Description commands. The *Total number of reports* field SHALL be set to a value other than 0x00.

The *Number of reports* field carries the number of the *Report descriptor* fields present in the current GPD Application Description command. The *Number of reports* field SHALL be set to a value other than 0x00 and smaller than or equal to the value in the *Total number of reports*.

A *Report descriptor* field defined the layout of one GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command that this GPD supports. The *Report descriptor* is formatted as shown in Figure 123.

Octets	1	1	0/2	1	Variable	...	Variable
Data Type	Unsigned 8-bit integer	8-bit bitmap	Unsigned 16-bit integer	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer	...	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer
Field name	Report identifier	Report Options	Timeout period	Remaining length of report descriptor	Data point descriptor 1	...	Data point descriptor N

Figure 123 – Format of the *Report descriptor* field of the GPD Application Description command

The *Report identifier* field carries the index value for the report being described. The lowest report SHALL have the *Report identifier* value of 0, and the other reports SHALL use consecutive numbers for the *Report identifier* value up to *Total number of reports* - 1.

The *Report Options* field is formatted as shown in Figure 124.

Bits: 0	1..7
Timeout period present	Reserved

Figure 124 – Format of the *Report Options* field of the *Report descriptor* fields of the GPD Application Description command

The *Timeout period present* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If set to 0b1, it indicates that the *Timeout period* field is present. If set to 0b0, it indicates that the *Timeout period* field is absent.

The *Timeout period* field, if present, carries the maximum time duration, in seconds, between the consecutive reports with the same *Report identifier*. A GPD SHALL only include this value if reporting intervals for a particular *Report identifier* are fixed or a maximum interval is defined. A GP infrastructure device MAY start some maintenance actions, e.g. if no report is received since a multiple of the *Timeout period*; any such actions are out of scope of the current specification.

The *Remaining length of report descriptor* field carries the total number, in octets, of all the following *Data point descriptor* fields belonging to the current report descriptor. The *Remaining length of report descriptor* field indicates to the sink where the current report descriptor ends.

7325 The *Data point descriptor* field is formatted as shown in Figure 125.

Octets	1	2	0/2	Variable	...	Variable
Data Type	8-bit bitmap	16-bit enumeration	16-bit enumeration	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer	...	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer
Field name	Data point options	ClusterID	ManufacturerID	Attribute record 1	...	Attribute record N

7326 **Figure 125 – Format of the *Data point descriptor* field of the GPD Application Description command**

7327 The *Data point options* field is formatted as shown in Figure 126.

Bits: 0..2	3	4	5..7
Number of attribute records	Client / server	ManufacturerID present	Reserved

7328 **Figure 126 – Format of the *Data point options* field of the *Data point descriptor* fields of the GPD Application Description command**

7330 The *Number of attribute records* sub-field of the *Data point options* field carries the number of *Attribute record* fields that follow, decremented by 1. Thus, *Number of attribute records* = 0b000 indicates that one *Attribute record* follows; *Number of attribute records* = 0b111 indicates that eight *Attribute record* fields follow.

7334 The *Client / server* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If set to 0b1, it indicates the GPD implements the server side of the cluster identified by the *ClusterID* field. If set to 0b0, it indicates the GPD implements the client side of the cluster identified by the *ClusterID* field.

7337 The *ManufacturerID present* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If set to 0b1, it indicates that the *ManufacturerID* field is present. If the *ClusterID* is from a manufacturer-specific range, as defined in the Zigbee ZCL [3], or if the *AttributeID* is from the Green Power manufacturer-specific attribute range, as defined in Table 58, the attribute is manufacturer-specific; otherwise the attribute as indicated by the *AttributeID* field is a standard attribute of the cluster identified by *ClusterID* as defined in the ZCL [3].

7343 *ClusterID* field carries the value of the ClusterID as defined in the public Zigbee ZCL [3].

7345 The *Attribute record* field is formatted as shown in Figure 127.

Octets	2	1	1	0/1	0/Variable
Data Type	16-bit integer	8-bit enumeration	8-bit bitmap	8-bit integer	variable
Field name	Attribute ID	Attribute Data Type	Attribute Options	Attribute Offset within Report	Attribute value

7346 **Figure 127 – Format of the *Attribute record* field of the GPD Application Description command**

7347 The *Attribute ID* field carries the value of the AttributeID of the cluster indicated in the *ClusterID* field as defined in the public Zigbee ZCL [3]. The standard and manufacturer-specific attributes SHALL use appropriate AttributeIDs, as defined in Table 58.

7350 The *Attribute Data Type* field carries the data type of the attribute to be reported.

7352 The *Attribute Options* field is formatted as shown in Figure 128.

Bits: 0..3	4	5	6..7
Remaining Attribute Record Length	Reported	Attribute value present	Reserved

7353      **Figure 128 – Format of the *Attribute Options* field of the *Attribute record fields of the GPD Application Description***  
 7354      **command**

7355      The *Remaining Attribute Record Length* field carries the total number in octets decremented by one, of  
 7356      the following *Attribute record* fields. Thus, *Remaining Attribute Record Length* = 0b000 indicates that  
 7357      one octet follows, etc. The *Remaining Attribute Record Length* field allows the sink for skipping *At-*  
 7358      *tribute records* for *AttributeIDs* it does not support.

7359      The *Reported* sub-field is a Boolean flag which indicates if the attribute as identified by the *AttributeID*  
 7360      field is reported by the GPD in operation, or if it is background data required for processing of a report-  
 7361      ed attribute only conveyed once at commissioning time. For example, if a GPD implements the server  
 7362      side of the Temperature Measurement cluster, it will include in the GPD Application Description  
 7363      command the reportable *MeasuredValue* attribute, and it can include as non-reportable any of the other,  
 7364      static attributes of the Temperature Measurement cluster: *MinMeasuredValue*, *MaxMeasuredValue* and  
 7365      *Tolerance*. If *Reported* = 0b1, *Attribute Offset within Report* field is present, otherwise it is absent.

7366      The *Attribute value present* sub-field is a Boolean flag. If *Attribute value present* = 0b1, the *Attribute*  
 7367      *value* field is present; otherwise it is absent. Note: since the Application Description GPDF is sent un-  
 7368      protected, including the *Attribute value* may not always be desired.

7369      At least one of the sub-fields *Reported* and *Attribute value present* SHALL be set to 0b1.

7370      The *Attribute Offset within Report* field, when present, carries the start position (in bytes) of the data  
 7371      point identified by the *AttributeID* of the *ClusterID* in the report payload. The *Attribute Offset within*  
 7372      *Report* = 0x00 corresponds to the octet immediately following the *Report identifier* field in the payload  
 7373      of the GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command.

7375      The *Attribute value* field, when present, carries the actual fixed value of that attribute; the length and  
 7376      type of this field are determined by the *AttributeID* of the *ClusterID* (in case of manufacturer-specific  
 7377      attributes or clusters, corresponding to the *ManufacturerID*).

#### 7378      A.4.2.2 Generic switch commands

7379      The advanced generic switch GPD determines is the switch operation was a short or long press. The  
 7380      time threshold to determine short or long press duration is implementation-specific. The recommended  
 7381      value is 300ms.

##### 7382      A.4.2.2.1 GPD 8-bit vector: press/release

7383      The payload of the commands GPD 8-bit vector: press and GPD 8-bit vector: release is formatted as  
 7384      shown in Figure 120.

Octets	1
Data Type	8-bit bitmap
Field name	Contact status

7385      **Figure 129 – Format of the GPD Press: 8-bit vector and Release: 8-bit vector command payload**

7386      The *Contact status* field is an 8-bit bitmap. Only N least significant bits SHALL be processed, where N  
 7387      is the value as indicated in the *Number of contacts* sub-fields of the *Generic switch configuration* field  
 7388      of the GPD Commissioning command. The remaining bits SHALL be set to 0b0 upon transmission and  
 7389      ignored upon reception.

7390      The values of the individual sub-fields of the *Contact status* field have the following meaning for both  
 7391      the GPD 8-bit vector: press command and the GPD 8-bit vector: release command: a sub-field set to:

- 7392      • 0b1 indicates a closed contact;

- 7393 • 0b0 indicates an open contact.

7394 For a rocker switch – either pre-configured, as indicated in the *Switch type* sub-field of the *Generic*  
 7395 *switch configuration* field of the GPD Commissioning command or a generic switch which can be con-  
 7396 figured as a rocker by applying actuation elements of appropriate mechanical design - the contacts trig-  
 7397 gered by the same rocker SHALL be represented on consecutive bits of the *Contact status* vector, oc-  
 7398 cupying the same 2-bit nibble, starting from the least significant bit of the vector, i.a. b0-b1, b2-b3,  
 7399 etc.).

7400 The 2-bit nibble SHOULD be used as follows:

- 7401 • The lower (even) bit to represent off or (dim) down side of the rocker;  
 7402 • The higher (odd) bit to represent on or (dim) up side of the rocker.

7403 For example, on a rocker using the b0-b1 nibble, b0 represents off and b1 represents on.

7404 For other switch types, the supported contacts SHOULD be mapped in increasing order on the least  
 7405 significant bits of the *Contact status* field, i.e. contact 1 on b0, etc.

7406

7407 A GPD supporting generic switch functionality (GPD CommandID 0x69 and/or 0x6a) SHALL be  
 7408 capable of subsequent commissioning, i.e. performing the commissioning procedure sequentially for  
 7409 each supported button without prior reset.

#### 7410 **A.4.2.3 Sensor commands**

7411 All sensor commands defined in this section SHALL be used with *Auto-Commissioning* sub-field of  
 7412 the *NWK Frame control* field set to 0b0. I.e. all devices implementing the sensor commands SHALL be  
 7413 capable of sending GPD Commissioning command (see sec. A.4.2.1.1).

7414 A sink supporting GPD sensor functionality SHALL support all sensor commands defined in this sec-  
 7415 tion.

7416 GPD sensors and GPDs supporting sensor functionality SHALL support at least one sensor command  
 7417 defined in this section.

7418 If GPD command 0xA6 is supported, and bidirectional operation is supported, the GPD command  
 7419 0xF6 SHALL be supported as well; this applies to both GPDs and sinks.

7420 If a ZCL command carried in 0xA6 or 0xF6 command requires a response, the response SHALL be  
 7421 sent using the 0xF6 or 0xA6 command, respectively.

7422 To yet better accommodate for energy-efficient exchange of information on multiple attributes in one  
 7423 GPD command, the current specification defines a manufacturer-specific attribute range, see Table 58.  
 7424 This attribute range definition applies to the sensor commands specified in the current section, as well  
 7425 as to the bidirectional operation commands in sec. A.4.2.6.

7426 **Table 58 – Attribute ranges for GPD commands**

Value	Description
0x0000 – 0x4fff	ZCL defined public attribute range
0x5000 – 0xffff	Recommended manufacturer-specific attribute range

7427  
 7428 The GPD commands containing attributes from the manufacturer-specific range SHALL also contain  
 7429 ManufacturerID. If ManufacturerID is not present those AttributeIDs SHALL NOT be processed.

If ManufacturerID field is included in any of the GPD commands in this section, any commands of standard ClusterIDs or attributes of standard ClusterIDs from the ZCL-defined public range SHALL be interpreted as standard commands and attributes as defined in the ZCL [3], irrespective of this ManufacturerID being supported or not. All attributes of manufacturer-specific ClusterIDs and attributes of standard ClusterIDs from the manufacturer-specific range SHALL be interpreted in the context of the ManufacturerID.

#### A.4.2.3.1 Attribute Reporting command

The command payload for the GPD Attribute Reporting command is formatted as shown in Figure 130.

Octets	2	variable	variable	...	variable
Data Type	Unsigned 16-bit integer	structure	structure	...	structure
Field name	Zigbee Cluster ID	Attribute report 1	Attribute report 2	...	Attribute report n

Figure 130 – Payload of the GPD Attribute Reporting command

Zigbee Cluster ID field carries the value of the ClusterID defined in the public Zigbee ZCL which attributes are reported by the GPD sensor. For example, if the GP sensor reports temperature attributes, the Public Zigbee ClusterID is set to value *0x0402* which is the Temperature measurement cluster ID defined in the ZCL.

Attribute report field SHALL be formatted as depicted in Figure 131.

Octets	2	1	variable
Field name	AttributeID	Attribute data type	Attribute data

Figure 131 – Format of the Attribute report field

AttributeID field is 16-bits in length and SHALL contain the identifier of the attribute that is being reported.

Attribute Data Type field contains the data type of the attribute that is being reported.

Attribute Data field is variable in length and SHALL contain the actual value of the attribute being reported.

There is no limit on the number of attributes reported in a single Attribute Reporting command.

#### A.4.2.3.2 Manufacturer-Specific Attribute Reporting command

The command payload for the GPD Manufacturer-Specific Attribute Reporting command is formatted as shown in Figure 132.

Octets	2	2	variable	variable	...	variable
Data Type	Unsigned 16-bit integer	Unsigned 16-bit integer	structure	structure	...	structure
Field name	Manufacturer Code	Cluster ID	Attribute report 1	Attribute report 2	...	Attribute report n

Figure 132 – Payload of the GPD Manufacturer-Specific Attribute Reporting command

Manufacturer Code field SHALL be set to the value of the manufacturer ID. It can take values as defined in [7].

7457 *ClusterID* field SHALL have the value of the cluster ID defined by the manufacturer which attributes  
 7458 are reported by the GPD sensor.

7459 *Attribute report* field SHALL be formatted as depicted in Figure 131.

#### 7460 A.4.2.3.3 Multi-Cluster Reporting command

7461 The command payload for the GPD Multi-cluster reporting command is formatted as shown in Figure  
 7462 133.

Octets	variable	variable	...	variable
Data Type	structure	structure	...	structure
Field name	Cluster report 1	Cluster report 2	...	Cluster report n

7463 **Figure 133 – Payload of the GPD Multi-Cluster Reporting command**

7464 *Cluster report* field SHALL be formatted as depicted in Figure 134.

Octets	2	2	1	variable
Field name	ClusterID	AttributeID	Attribute data type	Attribute data

7465 **Figure 134 – Format of the *Cluster report* field**

7466 *ClusterID* field carries the value of the ClusterID defined in the public Zigbee ZCL which attributes are  
 7467 reported by the GPD sensor.

7468 *AttributeID* field is 16-bits in length and SHALL contain the identifier of the attribute that is being re-  
 7469 ported.

7470 *Attribute Data Type* field contains the data type of the attribute that is being reported.

7471 *Attribute Data* field is variable in length and SHALL contain the actual value of the attribute being re-  
 7472 ported.

7473 There is no limit on the number of *cluster report* fields reported in a single Multi-Cluster Reporting  
 7474 command.

7475 If a GPD has multiple attributes of the same cluster to report, it is recommended to put them one after  
 7476 the other, so that the receiving sink can aggregate them in the same ZCL message to the sink's local  
 7477 application endpoint.

#### 7478 A.4.2.3.4 Manufacturer-Specific Multi-Cluster Reporting command

7479 The command payload for the GPD Manufacturer-Specific Multi-Cluster Reporting command is for-  
 7480 matted as shown in Figure 135.

Octets	2	variable	variable	...	variable
Data Type	Unsigned 16-bit integer	structure	structure	...	structure
Field name	Manufacturer Code	Cluster report 1	Cluster report 2	...	Cluster report n

7481 **Figure 135 – Payload of the GPD Manufacturer-Specific Multi-Cluster Reporting command**

7482 The *Manufacturer Code* carries the Manufacturer ID. It can take values as defined in [7].

7483 *Cluster report* field SHALL be formatted as depicted in Figure 134. The ClusterID carries the cluster  
 7484 identified as defined by the manufacturer.

7485 There is no limit on the number of *cluster report* fields reported in a single Manufacturer-Specific Multi-Cluster Reporting command.

7487 If a GPD has multiple attributes of the same cluster to report, it is recommended to put them one after  
7488 the other, so that the receiving sink can aggregate them in the same ZCL message to the sink's local  
7489 application endpoint.

#### 7490 A.4.2.3.5 GPD ZCL Tunneling commands

7491 The GPD supporting the transmission of GPD ZCL Tunneling command (0xA6) SHALL at least support  
7492 the tunneled ZCL functionality equivalent to the GPD functionality mandated for this particular  
7493 GPD DeviceID (see [13]).

7494 The GPD supporting the reception of GPD ZCL Tunneling command (0xF6) SHALL at least support  
7495 the tunneled ZCL functionality equivalent to the GPD functionality mandated for this particular GPD  
7496 DeviceID (see [13]).

7497 GPD MAY in addition support tunneling of other ZCL functionality.

7498

7499 If the GPD supports GPD ZCL Tunneling for ZCL-defined clusters not referenced by the GPD specification  
7500 (see [13]), it SHALL support all the functionality mandated by the ZCL (see [3]) for this cluster.

7501

7502 For the received ZCL Tunneling command (0xF6), the GPD SHALL process all attributes and commands that are implemented. If a response is required, the GPD SHALL send it with the appropriate Status value, if required; the GPD MAY choose to send multiple responses. If the received ZCL Tunneling command references any clusters, commands or attributes not supported by the GPD, the GPD MAY respond with a corresponding commands with the Status UNSUPPORTED\_ATTRIBUTE (for the values of the Status codes see [3]).

7508

7509 This section defines the payload of both GPD ZCL Tunneling commands, 0xA6 and 0xF6.

7510 The command payload for the ZCL Tunneling command is formatted as shown in Figure 136.

Octets	1	0/2	2	1	1	0/Variable
Data Type	8-bit bitmap	16-bit enumeration	Unsigned 16-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	unsigned 8-bit integer	Sequence of unsigned 8-bit integer
Field name	Options	ManufacturerID	Zigbee Cluster ID	Zigbee Command ID	Length of Payload	Zigbee Command Payload

7511 **Figure 136 – Payload of the GPD ZCL Tunneling command**

7512 The *Options* field is formatted as shown in Figure 137.

Bits: 0-1	2	3	4..7
Frame type	ManufacturerID present	Direction	Reserved

7513 **Figure 137 – Format of the Options field of the GPD ZCL Tunneling command**

7514 The *Frame type* sub-field specifies the frame type of the ZCL command (cluster-specific or ZCL generic), as defined in section 2.3.1.1.1 of the [3].

The *ManufacturerID present* sub-field defines if the ZCL Tunneling command is for standard clusters or manufacturer specific clusters. The *ManufacturerID* field can take values as defined in [7]. If the *ManufacturerID present* sub-field is set to 0b0, the *ManufacturerID* field SHALL be omitted; the *Zigbee ClusterID* field contains standard Zigbee Cluster ID. If the *ManufacturerID present* sub-field is set to 0b1, the *ManufacturerID* field SHALL be present; the following *ClusterID* field contains a manufacturer-specific cluster corresponding to the *ManufacturerID*.

The *Direction* sub-field defines the client-server direction of the content carries by the ZCL Tunneling command. It takes the values as defined in section 2.3.1.1.3 of the ZCL [3].

*Zigbee Cluster ID* field carries the value of the *ClusterID*. The *Zigbee Cluster ID* field can take values as defined in section 2.5.1.3 of [3].

*Zigbee Command ID* field carries the value of the Zigbee Command ID, either cluster-specific command of the specified *Zigbee ClusterID* or generic ZCL command as defined in section 2.4 of [3].

*Length of Payload* field carries the length of the *Zigbee Command Payload* field in octets.

*Zigbee Command Payload* field carries the ZCL frame payload specific for the *Zigbee Command ID*.

#### A.4.2.3.6 Compact Attribute Reporting command

The command payload for the GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command is formatted as shown in Figure 138.

Octets	1	Variable	...	Variable
Data Type	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Variable	...	Variable
Field name	Report identifier	Data point 1	...	Data point N

Figure 138 – Payload the GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command

The *Report identifier* field carries the pointer to the current report structure, as indicated before in the GPD Application Description command (see sec. A.4.2.1.6).

Each data point is of length and type as indicated before in the GPD Application Description command for this *Report identifier* value.

The data points currently reportable using the Compact Attribute Reporting mechanism are listed in [13].

#### A.4.2.4 Level control commands

##### A.4.2.4.1 Move Up

The command payload for the Move Up command is modelled after the Move command of the ZCL Level Control Cluster and is formatted as shown in Figure 139.

Octets	0/1
Data Type	Unsigned 8-bit integer
Field name	Rate

Figure 139 – Payload the GPD Move Up command

The *Rate* field specifies the rate of movement in units per second. The actual rate of movement SHOULD be as close to this rate as the device is able. If the device is not able to move at a variable rate, this field MAY be disregarded.

The presence of the *Rate* field is optional, and can be deduced from the command payload length. If the *Rate* field is not present or if it is present but set to 0xff, indicating unspecified, then the receiver

SHALL move at an implementation-specific default rate, if it has a variable rate, or else at the only available rate.

Note: Is the default rate is very high, the execution of the GPD Move Up command may appear to the user identical to execution of a GPD On command

#### A.4.2.4.2 Move Down

The command payload for the Move Down command is modelled after the Move command of the ZCL Level Control Cluster and is formatted as shown in Figure 139.

The *Rate* field is defined in sec. A.4.2.4.1.

#### A.4.2.4.3 Step Up

The command payload for the Step Up command is modelled after the Step command of the ZCL Level Control Cluster and is formatted as shown in Figure 140.

Octets	1	0/2
Data Type	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Unsigned 16-bit integer
Field name	Step size	Transition time

Figure 140 – Payload the GPD Step Up command

The *Transition time* field specifies the time that SHALL be taken to perform the step, in tenths of a second. A step is a change in the *CurrentLevel* of 'Step size' units. The actual time taken SHOULD be as close to this as the device is able. If the device is not able to move at a variable rate, the Transition time field MAY be disregarded.

The presence of the *Transition time* field is optional, and can be deduced from the command payload length. If the *Transition time* field is not present, or if it is present but set to 0xffff, indicating unspecified then the receiver SHALL move at an implementation-specific default rate, if it has a variable rate, or else at the only available rate.

#### A.4.2.4.4 Step Down

The command payload for the Step Down command is modelled after the Step command of the ZCL Level Control Cluster and is formatted as shown in Figure 140.

The payload fields are defined in sec.A.4.2.4.4.

#### A.4.2.4.5 'With On/Off' Commands

The Move Up/Down (with On/Off) and Step Up/Down (with On/Off) commands have identical payloads to the Move Up/Down commands (see sec. A.4.2.4.1) and Step Up/Down commands (see sec. A.4.2.4.3), respectively.

They also have the same effects on reception, except for the following additions.

- Before commencing any command that has the effect of increasing *CurrentLevel*, the *OnOff* attribute of the On/Off cluster on the same endpoint, if implemented, SHALL be set to On.
- If any command that decreases *CurrentLevel* reduces it to the minimum level allowed by the device, the *OnOff* attribute of the On/Off cluster on the same endpoint, if implemented, SHALL be set to Off.

## 7585 A.4.2.5 Color control

### 7586 A.4.2.5.1 Move Hue Up/Down

7587 The command payload for the Move Hue Up/Down command is modelled after the Move Hue com-  
7588 mand of the ZCL Color Control Cluster and is formatted as shown in Figure 139.

7589 The *Rate* field specifies the rate of movement in steps per second. A step is a change in the device's  
7590 hue of one unit. If the *Rate* field has a value of zero, the command has no effect; no ZCL default re-  
7591 sponse command SHALL be sent.

7592 The presence of the *Rate* field is optional, and can be deduced from the command payload length. If the  
7593 *Rate* field is not present, or if it is present but set to 0xff, indicating unspecified, then the receiver  
7594 SHALL move at an implementation-specific default rate, if it has a variable rate, or else at the only  
7595 available rate.

### 7596 A.4.2.5.2 Step Hue Up/Down

7597 The command payload for the Step Hue Up/Down command is modelled after the Step Hue command  
7598 of the ZCL Color Control Cluster and is formatted as shown in Figure 140.

7599 The *Transition time* field specifies, in 1/10ths of a second, the time that SHALL be taken to perform a  
7600 single step. A step is a change in the device's hue of '*Step size*' units. Note that if the color specified is  
7601 not achievable by this hardware then the color SHALL NOT be set and no ZCL default response com-  
7602 mand SHALL be generated.

7603 The presence of the *Transition time* field is optional, and can be deduced from the command payload  
7604 length. If the *Transition time* field is not present, or if it is present but set to 0xffff, indicating unspeci-  
7605 fied then the receiver SHALL move at an implementation-specific default rate, if it has a variable rate,  
7606 or else at the only available rate.

### 7607 A.4.2.5.3 Move Saturation Up/Down

7608 The command payload for the Move Saturation Up/Down command is modelled after the Move Satura-  
7609 tion command of the ZCL Color Control Cluster and is formatted as shown in Figure 139.

7610 The *Rate* field specifies the rate of movement in steps per second. A step is a change in the device's  
7611 saturation of one unit. If the *Rate* field has a value of zero, the command has no effect; no ZCL default  
7612 response command SHALL be sent.

7613 The presence of the *Rate* field is optional, and can be deduced from the command payload length. If the  
7614 *Rate* field is not present, or if it is present but set to 0xff, indicating unspecified, then the receiver  
7615 SHALL move at an implementation-specific default rate, if it has a variable rate, or else at the only  
7616 available rate.

### 7617 A.4.2.5.4 Step Saturation Up/Down

7618 The command payload for the Step Saturation Up/Down command is modelled after the Step Satura-  
7619 tion command of the ZCL Color Control Cluster and is formatted as shown in Figure 140.

7620 The *Transition time* field specifies, in 1/10ths of a second, the time that SHALL be taken to perform a  
7621 single step. A step is a change in the device's saturation of '*Step size*' units. Note that if the color speci-  
7622 fied is not achievable by this hardware then the color SHALL NOT be set and no ZCL default response  
7623 command SHALL be generated.

7624 The presence of the *Transition time* field is optional, and can be deduced from the command payload  
7625 length. If the *Transition time* field is not present, or if it is present but set to 0xffff, indicating unspeci-  
7626 fied then the receiver SHALL move at an implementation-specific default rate, if it has a variable rate,  
7627 or else at the only available rate.

#### A.4.2.5.5 Move Color

The command payload for the Move Color command is modelled after the Move Color command of the ZCL Color Control Cluster and is formatted as shown in Figure 141.

Octets	2	2
Data Type	Signed 16-bit integer	Signed 16-bit integer
Field name	RateX	RateY

Figure 141 – Payload of the GPD Move Color command

The *RateX* field specifies the rate of movement in steps per second. A step is a change in the device's *CurrentX* attribute of one unit. The *RateY* field specifies the rate of movement in steps per second. A step is a change in the device's *CurrentY* attribute of one unit. This movement SHALL continue until either the new color cannot be implemented on this device, or this command is received with the *RateX* and *RateY* fields both containing a value of zero.

#### A.4.2.5.6 Step Color

The command payload for the Step Color command is modelled after the Step Color command of the ZCL Color Control Cluster and is formatted as shown in Figure 142.

Octets	2	2	0/2
Data Type	Signed 16-bit integer	Signed 16-bit integer	Unsigned 16-bit integer
Field name	StepX	StepY	Transition time

Figure 142 – Payload the GPD Step Color command

The *StepX* and *StepY* fields specify the change to be added to the device's *CurrentX* attribute and *CurrentY* attribute respectively. The *Transition time* field specifies, in 1/10ths of a second, the time that SHALL be taken to perform the color change.

The presence of the *Transition time* field is optional, and can be deduced from the command payload length. If the *Transition time* field is not present, or if it is present but set to 0xffff, indicating unspecified, then the receiver SHALL move at an implementation-specific default rate, if it has a variable rate, or else at the only available rate.

#### A.4.2.6 Bidirectional operation commands

##### A.4.2.6.1 Request Attributes command

The command payload of the Request Attributes command is formatted as shown in Figure 143.

Octets	1	0/2	variable	...	variable
Data Type	8-bit bitmap	Unsigned 16-bit integer	Structure	...	structure
Field name	Options	Manufacturer ID	Cluster Record Request	...	Cluster Record Request

Figure 143 – Payload of the GPD Request Attributes command

The *Options* field is formatted as shown in Figure 144.

Bits: 0	1	2..7
Multi-record	Manufacturer field present	Reserved

**Figure 144 – Format of the Options field of the GPD Request Attributes command**

The Multi-Record sub-field, if set to 0b1, indicates that the Request Attributes command carries multiple *Cluster Record Request* fields. If set to 0b0, the Request Attributes command contains a single *Cluster Record Request*.

The *Manufacturer field present* sub-field defines if the Request Attributes command is for standard clusters or manufacturer specific clusters. If the *Manufacturer field present* sub-field is set to 0b0, the *ManufacturerID* field SHALL be omitted; all the following *ClusterID* fields in the *Cluster Record Requests* in this command contain standard Zigbee Cluster IDs. If the *Manufacturer field present* sub-field is set to 0b1, the *ManufacturerID* field SHALL be present; all the following *ClusterID* fields in the *Cluster Record Requests* in this command contain manufacturer-specific cluster corresponding to the *ManufacturerID*. The *ManufacturerID* field can take values as defined in [7].

The *Cluster Record Request* field is formatted as shown in Figure 145. Each *Cluster Record Request* allows for requesting the value of one or multiple *Attributes* belonging to one particular cluster, as identified in the *ClusterID* field.

Octets	2	1	2	...	2
<b>Data Type</b>	Unsigned 16-bit integer	Unsigned 8-bit integer	Unsigned 16-bit integer	...	Unsigned 16-bit integer
<b>Field name</b>	Cluster ID	<i>Length of Record List</i>	Attribute	...	Attribute

**Figure 145 – Format of the Cluster Record Request field**

The *Length of Record List* field indicates the total size in octets of the following *Attribute* list until the next *ClusterID* field.

#### A.4.2.6.2 Read Attributes Response command

The Read Attributes Response command is sent by the GPD in response to the Read Attributes command. The GPD SHALL send Read Attributes Response command with the *Status* SUCCESS for all requested attributes that are implemented; the GPD MAY send one or multiple Read Attribute Response commands, as required.

For attributes contained in the Read Attributes Request not supported by the GPD, the GPD MAY send one or multiple Read Attributes Response commands with *Status* UNSUPPORTED\_ATTRIBUTE. If *ManufacturerID* field is included, all attributes in *Cluster record* fields with standard *ClusterID* contained in the Read Attributes command SHALL be interpreted as standard attributes defined in the ZCL [3]. Read Attributes Response SHALL be created for those attributes, if implemented, irrespective of this *ManufacturerID* being supported or not. All attributes in *Cluster record* fields with manufacturer-specific *ClusterIDs* SHALL be interpreted in the context of the *ManufacturerID*; one or multiple Read Attributes Response SHALL be sent with *Status* SUCCESS if *ManufacturerID*, manufacturer-specific *ClusterID* and a particular attribute are implemented; otherwise, Read Attribute Response with *Status* UNSUPPORTED\_ATTRIBUTE MAY be returned.

The command payload for the Read Attributes Response command is formatted as shown in Figure 146.

Octets	1	0/2	variable	...	variable
Data Type	8-bit bitmap	Unsigned 16-bit integer	structure	...	structure
Field name	Options	Manufacturer ID	Cluster record	...	Cluster record

Figure 146 – Payload of the GPD Read Attributes Response command

The *Options* field is formatted as shown in Figure 144, and the sub-fields are defined as in A.4.2.6.1.

The *Manufacturer ID* field can take values as defined in [7].

The *Cluster record* field is formatted as shown in Figure 147.

2	1	variable	variable	...	variable
Unsigned 16-bit integer	Unsigned 8-bit integer	structure	structure	...	structure
Cluster ID	Length of record list	Read Attribute record	Read Attribute record	...	Read Attribute record

Figure 147 – Format of the Cluster record field

The *Length of Record List* field indicates the total size in octets of the following Read Attribute Record list until the next Cluster ID field. The *Read Attribute Record* field is formatted as shown in Figure 148.

The *Status* field specifies the status of the read operation on this attribute. This field SHALL be set to SUCCESS, if the operation was successful, or an error code, as specified in Table 2.16 of [3], if the operation was not successful.

Octet: 2	1	1	Variable
Unsigned 16-bit integer	8-bit enumeration	8-bit enumeration	variable
AttributeID	Status	Attribute Data Type	Attribute Value

Figure 148 – Format of the Read attribute record field

If the *Manufacturer field present* sub-field is set to 0b0, all the *ClusterID* fields in the *Attribute Record* fields of this command contain standard Zigbee Cluster IDs, with attributes as defined in the ZCL [3].

If the *Manufacturer field present* sub-field is set to 0b1, all the following *ClusterID* fields in the *Attribute Record* fields in this command contain a manufacturer-specific cluster corresponding to the *ManufacturerID*.

#### A.4.2.6.3 Write Attributes command

The Write Attributes command is sent to write attributes of the GPD. The GPD SHALL write all requested attributes that are implemented. If ManufacturerID field is included, all attributes standard ClusterIDs contained in the Write Attributes command SHALL be interpreted as standard attributes defined in the ZCL [3]. They SHALL be written, if implemented, irrespective of this ManufacturerID being supported or not. All attributes of manufacturer-specific ClusterIDs SHALL be interpreted in the context of the ManufacturerID; they are written if ManufacturerID and a particular attribute are implemented.

The command payload for the Write Attributes command is formatted as shown in Figure 149.

Octets	1	0/2	variable	...	0/variable
Data Type	8-bit bitmap	Unsigned 16-bit integer	structure	...	structure
Field name	Options	Manufacturer ID	Write cluster record	...	Write cluster record

**Figure 149 – Payload of the GPD Write Attributes command**

The Options field is formatted as shown in Figure 144, and the subfields are defined as in A.4.2.6.1.

The *Manufacturer ID* field can take values as defined in [7].

The *Write cluster record* field is formatted as shown in Figure 150.

2	1	variable	Variable	...	variable
Unsigned 16-bit integer	Unsigned 8-bit integer	structure	Structure	...	structure
Cluster ID	Length of record list	Write Attribute record	Write Attribute record	...	Write Attribute record

**Figure 150 – Format of the Cluster record field**

The *Length of Record List* field indicates the total size in octets of the following Write Attribute record List until the next Cluster ID field. The *Write Attribute Record* field is formatted as shown in Figure 151.

Octet: 2	1	Variable
Unsigned 16-bit integer	8-bit enumeration	variable
AttributeID	Attribute Data Type	Attribute Value

**Figure 151 – Format of the Write attribute record field**

#### A.4.2.6.4 Read Attributes command

The command payload for the Read Attributes command is formatted as shown in Figure 143, Figure 144, and Figure 145.

#### A.4.2.7 Scene commands

On reception of the GPD Recall Scene and GPD Store Scene commands, if supported, the Green Power EndPoint of the sink fills in the *GroupID* parameter of the corresponding ZCL command, before forwarding the command to the application endpoint.

If the sink implements the Translation Table, it SHALL act as follows: if the *GroupID* parameter of the Zigbee Command payload field of the Translation Table entry carries the value 0xffff, the *GroupID* for the mapped ZCL command SHALL be derived from the GPD ID, as described in sec. A.3.6.3.3.1. Otherwise, the sink SHALL use the GroupID value provided.

This is also the default recommended behavior for the sinks not implementing the Translation Table.

7735 On reception of a GPD Store Scene command, if supported, the sink SHALL attempt to create a scene.  
 7736 If the Translation Table is supported, the scene SHALL be created for the endpoint(s) as indicated by  
 7737 the *Endpoint* parameter of the Translation Table entry for the triggering GPD Store Scene command,  
 7738 e.g. by sending the corresponding ZCL Store Scene command of the ZCL Scenes cluster. The same  
 7739 endpoint(s) SHALL be added to the GroupID (with the value as explained above), e.g. by sending the  
 7740 ZCL Add group command of the ZCL Groups cluster.

#### A.4.2.8 Manufacturer-defined GPD commands

7742 The command payload for the manufacturer-defined GPD commands is formatted as shown in Figure  
 7743 152.

Octets	2	0/Variable
Data Type	16-bit enumeration	Sequence of octets
Field name	Manufacturer ID	Data

7744 **Figure 152 – Format of the Manufacturer-defined GPD commands**

7745 The *ManufacturerID* field can take values as defined in [7].

7746 The remaining fields are specified per *ManufacturerID* and *CommandID* combination.

7747 If any manufacturer-defined GPD command is implemented by the GPD, it SHALL be indicated in the  
 7748 GPD Commissioning command, if supported, by including the *ManufacturerID* and the supported  
 7749 manufacturer-specific GPD CommandID in the *GPD CommandID list* field; the sub-fields of the *Ap-*  
 7750 *plication information* field SHALL be set accordingly.

#### A.4.3 GP Devices (GPD)

7752 GP Devices (GPD), i.e. the energy-harvesting devices, have their own device descriptions and  
 7753 identifiers, although many of them have an equivalent in the existing profiles (e.g. GP On/Off Switch is  
 7754 an energy harvesting ZHA or ZBA On/Off Switch).

7755 Dedicated definitions are chosen for GP devices, because they have a different set of mandatory and  
 7756 optional clusters than their normal Zigbee counterparts. Dedicated definitions also allow for additional  
 7757 flexibility in standardizing devices in the future that will only work with energy harvesters.

7758 Furthermore, for efficiency, the limited set of GPD type identifiers (GPD DeviceID) is encoded on 1  
 7759 octet.

7760 The List of Green Power Device description [17] contains the Green Power Device definitions for the  
 7761 *ApplicationID* sub-field of the Extended NWK Frame Control field set to 0b000 or 0b010.

7762 It contains:

- 7763 • Device name;
- 7764 • DeviceID;
- 7765 • Minimal application functionality of the GPD:
  - 7766 ▪ List of GPD Commands, which are mandatory to be transmitted by this GPD;  
 The format of the GPD Commands is defined in the Green Power specification, with the version  
 number as indicated in [17] or later.
  - 7767 ▪ List of GPD Commands, which are optional to be transmitted by this GPD;  
 The format of the GPD Commands is defined in the Green Power specification, with the version  
 number as indicated in [17] or later.
  - 7768 ▪ For the GP Devices supporting the ZCL functionality
    - 7769 – And the standard GPD reporting commands 0xA0-xA3 and 0xA6 (see sec. A.4.2.3):

- 7774 · List of ZCL clusters, which are mandatory to be supported by this GPD;  
 7775 The names of those ZCL clusters are defined in the ZCL [3]; their identifiers are defined in  
 7776 the Cluster List [12].
- 7777 · List of ZCL cluster attributes, which are mandatory to be supported by this GPD;  
 7778 The names, identifier and format of those ZCL cluster attributes are defined in the ZCL  
 7779 [3].
- 7780 – And the GPD bidirectional operation commands (see sec. A.4.2.6):
- 7781 · List of ZCL cluster attributes, which are mandatory to be readable on this GPD;  
 7782 The names, identifier and format of those ZCL cluster attributes are defined in the ZCL  
 7783 [3].
- 7784 · List of ZCL cluster attributes, which are mandatory to be writable on this GPD;  
 7785 The names, identifier and format of those ZCL cluster attributes are defined in the ZCL  
 7786 [3].
- 7787 – And the GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command (0xA8) (see sec. A.4.2.3.6):
- 7788 · List of ZCL clusters defined for usage with GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command  
 7789 to-date, with the corresponding cluster attributes, which are mandatory to be reported by a  
 7790 GPD supporting this cluster via GPD Compact Attribute Reporting command and  
 7791 additional attributes mandatory to then be included in the GPD Application Description  
 7792 command carrying Data Point Descriptor for that cluster.  
 7793 The names of those ZCL clusters are defined in the ZCL [3]; their identifiers are defined in  
 7794 the Cluster List [12]; The names, identifier and format of those ZCL cluster attributes are  
 7795 defined in the ZCL [3].
- 7796 · Other clusters and cluster attributes MAY also be supported via the GPD Compact  
 7797 Attribute Reporting command.

7798 In addition to the mandatory ZCL cluster attributes as specified in [13], the GPDs MAY optionally  
 7799 support additional attributes of the same ZCL cluster.

7800 The following rules are specified for the usage of the DeviceIDs defined by the Green Power  
 7801 specification:

- 7803 • A GPD supporting standard ZCL clusters SHALL only use a GP-defined *DeviceID* != 0xFE, if it  
 7804 supports all the standard ZCL clusters mandatory for this *DeviceID*.
- 7805 • A GPD supporting only some of the standard ZCL clusters mandatory for a particular *DeviceID* !=  
 7806 0xFE SHALL NOT use that *DeviceID*.  
 7807 It SHALL use either: a *DeviceID* whose mandatory ZCL clusters are all supported, or *DeviceID*  
 7808 0xFE, or a *DeviceID* not mandating any ZCL clusters (e.g. *DeviceID* 0x00 – 0x03) if other  
 7809 requirements for using that *DeviceID* are fulfilled.  
 7810 It SHALL then follow the rules for listing the supported clusters in the *Application Information*, as  
 7811 defined in sec. A.4.2.1.1.4- A.4.2.1.1.9.
- 7812 • A GPD supporting standard GPD Data commands is allowed to use GP-defined *DeviceID* != 0xFE,  
 7813 if it supports at least one of the standard GPD Data commands mandatory for this *DeviceID*.  
 7814 It SHALL then follow the rules for listing the supported GPD commands in the *Application*  
 7815 *Information*, as defined in sec. A.4.2.1.1.4- A.4.2.1.1.9.

#### 7816 **A.4.3.1 GPDs not defined by the Green Power specification**

7817 If order to allow for creation of GPD which application functionality is not covered by the current spec-  
 7818 ification, a number of mechanisms are provided.

7819 The application information fields of the GPD Commissioning commands can be used to carry the in-  
7820 formation about the extended application functionality supported by the GPD, including (additional)  
7821 standard-defined GPD commands, manufacturer-defined GPD commands, or cluster functionality,  
7822 standard-defined (see [ZCL]) or manufacturer specific.  
7823 A dedicated DeviceID, 0xFE, is reserved for devices with to-date undefined type, which can then an-  
7824 nounce their application functionality using the mechanisms described in the previous section. Howev-  
7825 er, the GPD Commissioning command extensions can also be used in combination with standard-  
7826 defined DeviceIDs, to add functionality not mandated by a particular GPD device type.  
7827 Note: the cluster-based functionality SHALL only be used for functionality not defined as GPD com-  
7828 mand.