

LXC Container

PRACTICAL WORK 2

TIZIANO NARDONE
UNIVERSITY OF REIMS | FRANCE

Table of Contents

l.	Basic configuration	3
1.		
2.	. LXC packages installation	4
II.	First container	4
3.	. LXD init	4
4.	Stop & delete containers launched with "launch command"	5
5.	. Check remote list	5
6.	. Download LXC templates	5
7.	. Search Ubuntu images	5
8.	. Download Ubuntu template & creation container	5
9.	. Creation container Ubuntu	б
10	0. Start container in background	б
12	1. Creation console (by default: login: ubuntu, password: ubuntu / CTRL + $a q$)	6
12	2. Get info about containers	6
	Execution:	б
	State of the file system:	7
	Location of guest's file system on the host (apt-get install tree):	7
	Host process:	7
13	3. Connection to the guest's console	8
	Right & access in the guest (only root has privileges):	8
	Guest's file system (impossible to get back on the host's file system):	8
	Running processes in the guest (it starts again from the 1 process):	9
14	4. Quit the container (CTLR +a q) & re-execute the same commands	<u>S</u>
	Privileges in the guest:	9
	File system of the guest:	9
	Guest's processes:	<u>S</u>
15	5. Stop container	<u>S</u>
III.	Resources limitation with command line	10
16	6. Set a memory limit to 256 MB	10
	Current memory (2.00 GB):	10
	Set the limit (256 MB = 268435456 Bytes in binary):	10
	Result (262144 kB = 256 MB)	10
17	7. Set a CPU limit to 50 % of the main CPU	10



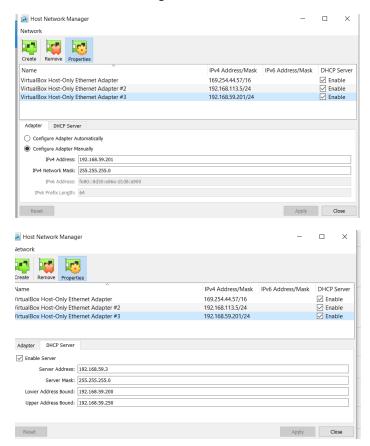
	S	et 2 processor for the VM to demonstrate how to set a limit:	10
	С	CPU Info of host (2 CPU with 2 cores on each):	10
	S	et the processor 0 with core id 1:	10
	С	CPU info of guest (1 CPU with 2 cores on each = 50% of CPU host):	11
IV		Gesture of the Physical mode network	11
	18.	Set up the physical network	11
	19.	Host configuration after starting up the guest (enp0s3 has disappeared)	12
	20.	Guest configuration after starting up the guest (enp0s3 has appeared and no ip)	12
٧.	Р	Package installation in a container	12
	21.	Selecting enp0s8 interface (NAT) on host config file	12
	е	np0s8 has disappeared on the host :	12
	22.	Configure ip addresses on the guest	13
	E	dit the yaml file:	13
	С	Current IP addresses on guest (after editing yaml file) -> now ping works!	13
	23.	Apache 2 package installation	13
	24.	Access to the web server from host (Windows)	14
	G	Guest configure file:	14
	S	electing enp0s3 interface again and browse (192.168.59.205) from Windows!	14
۷I		Resources limitation	14
	Ν	Memory info before limitation (2.00 GB) :	14
	С	CPU info before limitation (2 processors):	14
	25.	Set limit on config file	14
	Ν	Леmory info after limitation (256 MB):	14
	С	CPU info after limitation (1 processor):	14
۷I	l.	Return last network configuration to get access to VM with SSH	15
	С	Current ip address of the container :	15
	F	orwarding port on VirtualBox:	15
۷I	II.	Scripting	16
X	•	Template modification	16
	26.	Limits at the installation of all lxc containers	16
	27.	Package iputils at the installation	16
	С	Clear the cache:	17



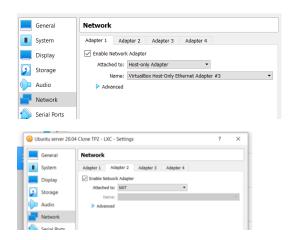
I. Basic configuration

1. Network

- Clone the Ubuntu VM from the first practical work
- Configure 2 network interfaces
 - o Host only network with DHCP (VirtualBox Host-Only Ethernet Adapter #3)
 - address: 192.168.59.3/24
 - Range 200 250



o NAT with DHCP





VERSION: 26 NOVEMBER 2021

ssh connection between host and guest: 192.168.59.200

```
ES haddwards-

- tableburst-if- sodo vi /etc/netplan/

00-installer-config.yaml.nak

- installer-config.yaml.nak

- installer-config
```

```
# This is the network config written by 'subiquit'
network:
ethernets:
enp0s3:
dhcp4: true
enp0s8:
dhcp4: true
enp0s9:
addresses: [192.168.46.3/24]
gateway4: 192.168.46.1
dhcp4: false
version: 2
```

- 2. LXC packages installation
- → sudo apt-get install lxc lxctl

II. First container

Since now, we consider that the Ubuntu VM is the host machine

3. LXD init



VERSION: 26 NOVEMBER 2021

4. Stop & delete containers launched with "launch command"

5. Check remote list

tub@ubuntu:/usr/share/lxc/templates\$ lxc remote list									
NAME	URL	PR0T0C0L	AUTH TYPE	PUBLIC	STATIC				
images	https://images.linuxcontainers.org	simplestreams	none	YES	NO				
local (current)	unix://	lxd	file access	NO NO	YES	ĺ			
ubuntu	https://cloud-images.ubuntu.com/releases	simplestreams	none	YES	YES	ĺ			
ubuntu-daily	https://cloud-images.ubuntu.com/daily	simplestreams	none	YES	YES	ĺ			
tub@ubuntu:/usr/sha	tub@ubuntu:/usr/share/lxc/templates\$								

6. Download LXC templates

tub@ubuntu:~\$ sudo apt-get install lxc-templates

7. Search Ubuntu images

tub@ubuntu:∼\$ lxc i	tub@ubuntu:~\$ lxc image list ubuntu:20.04						
		+ PUBLIC	DESCRIPTION	+	+I TYPE	SIZE	++
+	+	FOBEIC	DESCRIPTION			3122	+
arm64 (5 more)	76f93244113d	yes	ubuntu 20.04 LTS arm64 (release) (20211118)	aarch64	VIRTUAL-MACHINE	510.88MB	Nov 18, 2021 at 12:00am (UTC)
arm64 (5 more)	ed6764dcaa08	yes	ubuntu 20.04 LTS arm64 (release) (20211118)	aarch64	CONTAINER	340.25MB	Nov 18, 2021 at 12:00am (UTC)
armhf (5 more)	689180b0ff96	yes	ubuntu 20.04 LTS armhf (release) (20211118)	armv7l	CONTAINER	313.20MB	Nov 18, 2021 at 12:00am (UTC)
armhf (5 more)	a3692967037b	yes	ubuntu 20.04 LTS armhf (release) (20211118)	armv7l	VIRTUAL-MACHINE	819.31MB	Nov 18, 2021 at 12:00am (UTC)
f (11 more)	39bdbf191acd	yes	ubuntu 20.04 LTS amd64 (release) (20211118)	x86_64	CONTAINER	370.69MB	Nov 18, 2021 at 12:00am (UTC)
f (11 more)	bdb3e3f468fc	yes	ubuntu 20.04 LTS amd64 (release) (20211118)	x86_64	VIRTUAL-MACHINE	523.06MB	Nov 18, 2021 at 12:00am (UTC)
ppc64el (5 more)	55e4914213f8	yes	ubuntu 20.04 LTS ppc64el (release) (20211118)	ppc64le	CONTAINER	369.77MB	Nov 18, 2021 at 12:00am (UTC)
ppc64el (5 more)	946d58f95903	yes	ubuntu 20.04 LTS ppc64el (release) (20211118)	ppc64le	VIRTUAL-MACHINE	548.56MB	Nov 18, 2021 at 12:00am (UTC)
s390x (5 more)	5da2e3c94f33	yes	ubuntu 20.04 LTS s390x (release) (20211118)	s390x	CONTAINER	337.61MB	Nov 18, 2021 at 12:00am (UTC)
s390x (5 more)	7f7618d5beda	yes	ubuntu 20.04 LTS s390x (release) (20211118)	s390x	VIRTUAL-MACHINE	478.38MB	Nov 18, 2021 at 12:00am (UTC)

8. <u>Download Ubuntu template & creation container</u>

tub@ubuntu:~\$ sudo lxc-create -n ctn01 -t ubuntu



VERSION: 26 NOVEMBER 2021 PRACTICAL WORK 2

9. Creation container Ubuntu

```
tub@ubuntu:~\$ sudo lxc-create -n ctn01 -t ubuntu
Checking cache download in /var/cache/lxc/focal/rootfs-amd64 ...
Copy /var/cache/lxc/focal/rootfs amd64 to /var/lib/lxc/ctn01/rootfs ...
Copying rootfs to /var/lib/lxc/ctn01/rootfs ...
Copying rootfs to /var/lib/lxc/ctn01/rootfs ...
Generating locales (this might take a while)...
en_US.UTF-8... done
Generation complete.
Creating SSH2 RSA key; this may take some time ...
307Z SHA256:tPNNj70067Pjb/o8SZxhoXLT4tvfu20TKARw8lTDFs root@ubuntu (RSA)
Creating SSH2 ECDSA key; this may take some time ...
256 SHA256:wSFphnrA459uIdSnyjtowkrQmtLJzqSD3xFG/4rDsBI root@ubuntu (ECDSA)
Creating SSH2 EDS519 key; this may take some time ...
256 SHA256:SlWau2yS3krPuBd0UGetuKqZ5RpBPwcosAp0NJrmsEw root@ubuntu (ED25519)
invoke-rc.d: could not determine current runlevel
invoke-rc.d: policy-rc.d denied execution of start.
   Current default time zone: 'Etc/UTC'
 Local time is now: Thu Nov 25 15:43:01 UTC 2021. Universal Time is now: Thu Nov 25 15:43:01 UTC 2021.
 ## The default user is 'ubuntu' with password 'ubuntu'!
# Use the 'sudo' command to run tasks as root in the container.
```

10. Start container in background

ub@ubuntu:~\$ sudo lxc-start -n ctn01 -d

11. Creation console (by default: login: ubuntu, password: ubuntu / CTRL + a q)

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-console -n ctn01
Connected to tty 1
Type <Ctrl+a q> to exit the console, <Ctrl+a Ctrl+a> to enter Ctrl+a itself
Ubuntu 20.04.3 LTS ctn01 pts/0
ctn01 login: ubuntu
Password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 20.04.3 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.4.0-90-generic x86_64)
 * Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com

* Management: https://landscape.canonical.com

* Support: https://ubuntu.com/advantage
The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.
Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.
To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>". See "man sudo_root" for details.
ubuntu@ctn01:~$ ls
```

12. Get info about containers

Execution:

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ lxc-info -n ctn01
ctn01 doesn't exist
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-info -n ctn01
                ctn01
Name:
State:
                  RUNNING
PID:
                  33407
IP: 10.0.4.181
CPU use: 2.09 seconds
BlkIO use: 30.83 MiB
Memory use: 49.18 MiB
KMem use:
                 6.36 MiB
Link:
                  vethAa6FWB
              1.86 KiB
2.02 KiB
 TX bytes:
 RX bytes:
 Total bytes: 3.88 KiB
```



LXC CONTAINER TIZIANO NARDONE

PRACTICAL WORK 2

VERSION: 26 NOVEMBER 2021

State of the file system:

Location of guest's file system on the host (apt-get install tree):

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo tree -d -L 3 /var/lib/lxc/
/var/lib/lxc/
    ctn01
       - rootfs
            ·bin -> usr/bin
            - boot
            dev
             etc
             home
             lib -> usr/lib
             lib32 -> usr/lib32
lib64 -> usr/lib64
             libx32 -> usr/libx32
             media
             opt
             proc
             root
             sbin -> usr/sbin
             sys
             tmp
```

Host process:



VERSION: 26 NOVEMBER 2021

13. Connection to the guest's console

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-console -n ctn01

Connected to tty 1
Type <Ctrl+a q> to exit the console, <Ctrl+a Ctrl+a> to enter Ctrl+a itself

Ubuntu 20.04.3 LTS ctn01 pts/0

ctn01 login: ubuntu
Password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 20.04.3 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.4.0-90-generic x86_64)
```

Right & access in the guest (only root has privileges):

Guest's file system (impossible to get back on the host's file system):

```
ubuntu@ctn01:/var/lib$ cd /var/lib/lxc/
-bash: cd: /var/lib/lxc/: No such file or directory
ubuntu@ctn01:/var/lib$ sudo tree -d -L 1 /
      bin -> usr/bin
      boot
    - dev
      etc
    - home
      lib -> usr/lib
      lib32 -> usr/lib32
lib64 -> usr/lib64
    - libx32 -> usr/libx32
     - media
    - mnt
    - opt
     proc
    - root
      run
      sbin -> usr/sbin
      srv
      sys
      tmp
      usr
      var
```



VERSION: 26 NOVEMBER 2021

Running processes in the guest (it starts again from the 1 process):

```
| CPU[# | Mem[| | *** | Sup| |
```

14. Quit the container (CTLR +a q) & re-execute the same commands

Privileges in the guest:

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-attach -n ctn01 -- ls -lh /
total 44K
lrwxrwxrwx   1 root root   7 Nov 25 15:23 bin -> usr/bin
drwxr-xr-x   2 root root 4.0K Apr 15 2020 boot
drwxr-xr-x   7 root root 540 Nov 25 17:03 dev
drwxr-xr-x   63 root root 4.0K Nov 25 17:15 etc
drwxr-xr-x   3 root root 4.0K Nov 25 16:06 home
lrwxrwxrwx   1 root root   7 Nov 25 15:23 lib -> usr/lib
lrwxrwxrwx   1 root root   9 Nov 25 15:23 lib32 -> usr/lib32
lrwxrwxrwx   1 root root   9 Nov 25 15:23 lib4 -> usr/lib64
lrwxrwxrwx   1 root root   10 Nov 25 15:23 libx32 -> usr/libx32
drwxr-xr-x   2 root root 4.0K Nov 25 15:24 media
drwxr-xr-x   2 root root 4.0K Nov 25 15:24 mnt
```

File system of the guest:

Guest's processes:

15. Stop container



VERSION: 26 NOVEMBER 2021

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-stop -n ctn01
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-info -n ctn01
Name: ctn01
State: STOPPED
```

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-ls --fancy -n ctn01
NAME STATE AUTOSTART GROUPS IPV4 IPV6 UNPRIVILEGED
ctn01 STOPPED 0 - - false
```

III. Resources limitation with command line

16. Set a memory limit to 256 MB

Current memory (2.00 GB):

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-attach -n ctn01 -- cat /proc/meminfo | grep "MemTotal:"

MemTotal: 2035456 kB
```

Set the limit (256 MB = 268435456 Bytes in binary):

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-cgroup -n ctn01 memory.limit_in_bytes 268435456
```

Result (262144 kB = 256 MB)

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-attach -n ctn01 -- cat /proc/meminfo | grep "MemTotal:"
MemTotal: 262144 kB
```

17. Set a CPU limit to 50 % of the main CPU

Set 2 processor for the VM to demonstrate how to set a limit:



CPU Info of host (2 CPU with 2 cores on each):

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ cat
                                         processor
processor
vendor_id
cpu family
                                         vendor_id cpu family
                                                                 GenuineIntel
                     GenuineIntel
                                                                 6
                     6
142
                                                                 142
                                         model
model name
                                         model name
                                                                 Intel(R) Core(TM)
                     Intel(R) Core(TM
                                         stepping
cpu MHz
                                                                 10
stepping
cpu MHz
                     10
                                                                 1991.997
                     1991.997
                                         cache size
                                                                 8192 KB
cache size
                     8192 KB
                                         physical id
physical id
siblings
                     0
2
0
2
                                         siblings
                                         core id
core id
                                                                 2
cpu cores
                                         cpu cores
```

Set the processor 0 with core id 1:

```
ub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-cgroup -n ctn01 cpuset.cpus 0,1
```



CPU info of guest (1 CPU with 2 cores on each = 50% of CPU host):

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-attach -n ctn01 -- cat /proc/cpuinfo
processor
vendor_id
cpu family
                        : GenuineIntel
                       : 6
: 142
model name
stepping
cpu MHz
cache size
                       : Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-8550U CPU @ 1.80GHz
: 10
: 1991.997
                        : 8192 KB
physical id
siblings
cpu cores
```

Gesture of the Physical mode network IV.

The guest takes the host configuration interface!

Be careful we'll lose the SSH connection between the container (guest) and the host.

18. Set up the physical network

/var/lib/lxc/containerName/config

```
| Tac.net.0.type : phys
| lxc.net.0.link = enp0s3
| lxc.net.0.flags = up
| lxc.net.0.hwaddr = 00:16:3e:bc:f3:c0
```



VERSION: 26 NOVEMBER 2021

19. Host configuration after starting up the guest (enp0s3 has disappeared)

```
tub@ubuntu:~% ip a

1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host 10
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6::1/128 scope host
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
3: enp0s8: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 10

link/ether 08:00:27:39:2d:43 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:
    inet 10.0.3.15/24 brd 10.0.3.255 scope global dynamic enp0s8
        valid_lft 83968sec preferred_lft 83968sec
    inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe39:2d43/64 scope link
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever

4: lxcbr0: <NO-CARRIER,BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue state DOWN group default qlen
1000
    link/ether 00:16:3e:00:00:00 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 10.0.4.1/24 brd 10.0.4.255 scope global lxcbr0
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 fe80::216:3eff:fe00:0/64 scope link
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever

5: lxdbr0: <NO-CARRIER,BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue state DOWN group default qlen
1000
    link/ether 00:16:3e:f5:65:d5 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:
    inet 10.35.207.1/24 scope global lxdbr0
    valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 fd42:bb46:7713:Sb04::1/64 scope global
    valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 fd42:bb46:7713:Sb04::1/64 scope global
```

20. Guest configuration after starting up the guest (enp0s3 has appeared and no ip)

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-attach -n ctn01 -- ip a

1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever

2: enp0s3: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 100

0
    link/ether 00:16:3e:bc:f3:c0 brd ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet6 fe80::216:3eff:febc:f3c0/64 scope link
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever

tub@ubuntu:~$ _
```

V. Package installation in a container

By switching on "phys" and selecting "enp0s3" interface (host only network) we couldn't reach internet with the container. So now we'll select the "enp0s8" interface of the host network.

21. Selecting enp0s8 interface (NAT) on host config file

```
# Network configuration
lxc.net.0.type = phys
lxc.net.0.link = enp0s8
lxc.net.0.flags = u<u>p</u>
```

enp0s8 has disappeared on the host:



VERSION: 26 NOVEMBER 2021

22. Configure ip addresses on the guest

Edit the yaml file:

```
network:
ethernets:
eth0: {dhcp4: true}
enp0<u>s</u>8: {dhcp4: true}
version: 2
```

Current IP addresses on guest (after editing yaml file) -> now ping works!

23. Apache 2 package installation

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-attach -n ctn01 -- apt update
Hit:1 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal InRelease
Hit:2 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates InRelease
Hit:3 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-security InRelease
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
HIL packages are up to date.
Tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-attach -n ctn01 -- apt-get install apache2
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
```



```
tub@ubuntu:"$ sudo lxc-attach -n ctn01 -- systemctl status apache2

apache2.service - The Apache HTTP Server
Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/apache2.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
Active: active (running) since Thu 2021-11-25 21:49:32 UTC; 1min 53s ago
Docs: https://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.4/
Main PID: 1438 (apache2)
Tasks: 55 (limit: 2279)
Memory: 5.5M
CGroup: /system.slice/apache2.service
```

24. Access to the web server from host (Windows)

Guest configure file:

```
# Network configuration
lxc.net.0.type = phys
lxc.net.0.link = enp0s3
lxc.net.0.flags = up
```

Selecting enp0s3 interface again and browse (192.168.59.205) from Windows!



VI. Resources limitation

Memory info before limitation (2.00 GB):

CPU info before limitation (2 processors):

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-attach -n ctn01 -- cat /proc/cpuinfo | grep 'processor'
processor : 0
processor : 1
```

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc–attach –n ctnO1 –– cat /proc/cpuinfo | grep 'core id'
core id : O
core id : 1
```

25. Set limit on config file

```
#limits
lxc.cgroup.cpuset.cpus=0,<u>Q</u>
lxc.cgroup.memory.limit_in_bytes=268435456
```

Memory info after limitation (256 MB):

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc–attach –n ctn01 –– cat /proc/meminfo | grep 'MemTotal'
MemTotal:       262144 kB
```

CPU info after limitation (1 processor):



tub@ubuntu:~\$ sudo lxc–attach –n ctnO1 –– cat /proc/cpuinfo | grep 'processor' processor : O

VII. Return last network configuration to get access to VM with SSH

Current ip address of the container:

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-info –n ctn01
Name: ctn01
State: RUNNING
PID: 4133
IP: 192.168.59.203
```

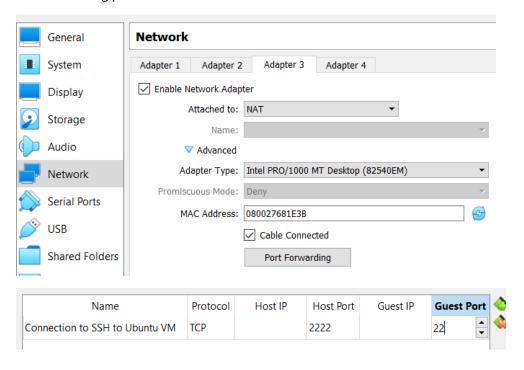
Container has ip address: 192.168.59.203 (with DHCP on enp0s3 interface)

The problem is that the container will select the other interface (enp0s8) to get access to internet and then we'll be able to connect with SSH to the VM. The thing is we always change the configuration might lose the SSH connection.

Therefore we should forward 2222 port (Windows host) to the 22 port (VM Ubuntu)

Forwarding port on VirtualBox:

- Add a new NAT interface
- Forwarding port





VIII. Scripting

- Create container with 256 MB of memory limitation & 50 % of CPU
- Physical mode network
- Apache installation

```
# Assign interfaces
searchNetMode="veth"
replaceNetMode="phys"

# Assign links
searchLink="lxcbr0"
replaceLink="enp0s8"

# Change network config
sed -i "s/$searchNetMode/$replaceNetMode/" $filenameConfig
sed -i "s/$searchLink/$replaceLink/" $filenameConfig
# Assign filename of the yaml file
filenameNet="/var/lib/lxc/$containerName/rootfs/etc/netplan/10-lxc.yaml"

# Assign link eth0
searchLinkETH="eth0"

# Change link in the yaml file
sed -i "s/$searchLinkETH/$replaceLink/" $filenameNet
```

```
# Start container
lxc-start -n $containerName

# *** Set container limit ***
lxc-cgroup -n $containerName cpuset.cpus 0,1 #50% of CPU
lxc-cgroup -n $containerName memory.limit_in_bytes 268435456 #256 MB

sleep 5

# *** Installation of Apache2 ***
lxc-attach -n $containerName -- apt update

sleep 5

lxc-attach -n $containerName -- apt-get install -y apache2

sleep 5

lxc-attach -n $containerName -- systemctl status apache2.service
```

IX. Template modification

- /etc/lxc/default.conf
- /usr/share/lxc/templates
- /usr/share/lxc/config/ubuntu.common.conf
- /usr/share/lxc/config/common.conf
- /usr/share/lxc/templates/lxc-ubuntu

26. Limits at the installation of all lxc containers

→ /etc/lxc/default.conf

```
lxc.cgroup.cpuset.cpus=0,0
lxc.cgroup.memory.limit_in_bytes=268435456
```

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-attach -n ctn04 -- cat /proc/meminfo | grep 'MemTotal' MemTotal: 262144 kB
```

```
tub@ubuntu:~$ sudo lxc-attach -n ctn04 -- cat /proc/cpuinfo | grep 'processor'
processor : 0
```

27. Package iputils at the installation

At the installation the cache is checked! So we need to clear the cache:



Checking cache download in /var/cache/lxc/focal/rootfs-amd64 ...

Clear the cache:

sudo rm -rf /var/cache/lxc/focal

→ /usr/share/lxc/templates/lxc-ubuntu

packages_template=\${packages_template:-"apt-transport-https,ssh,vim(iputils")}

