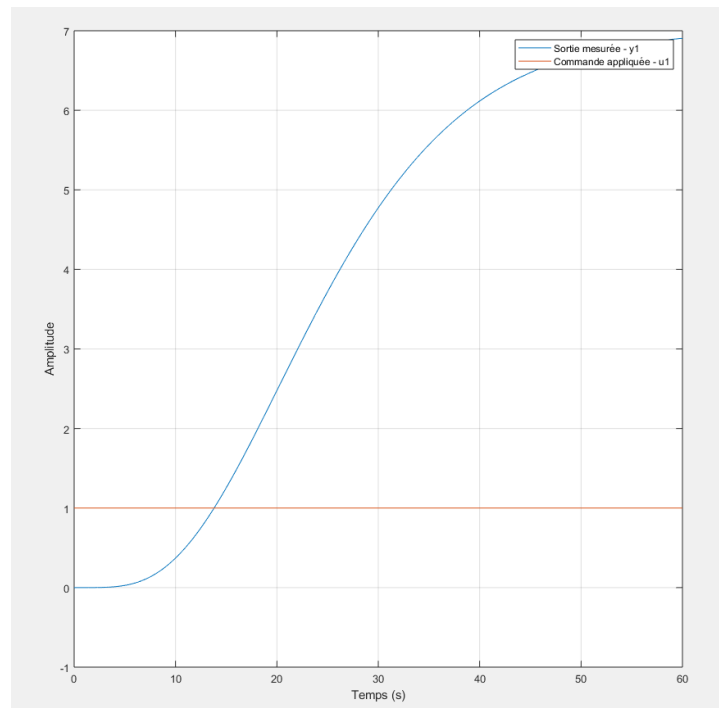
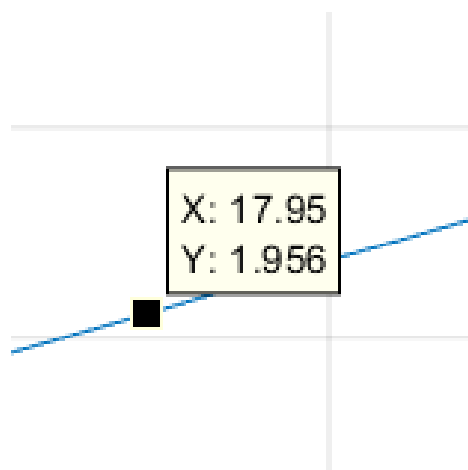
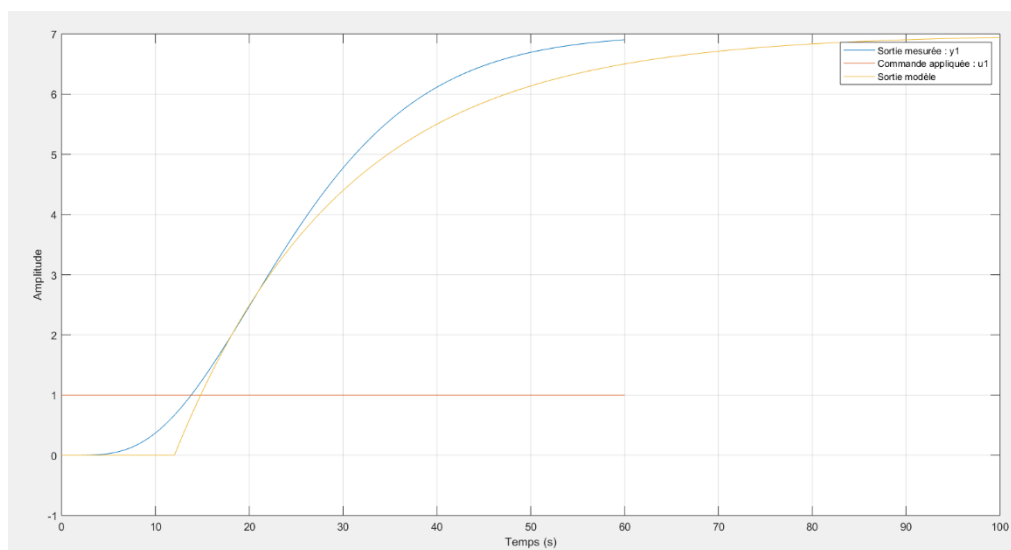
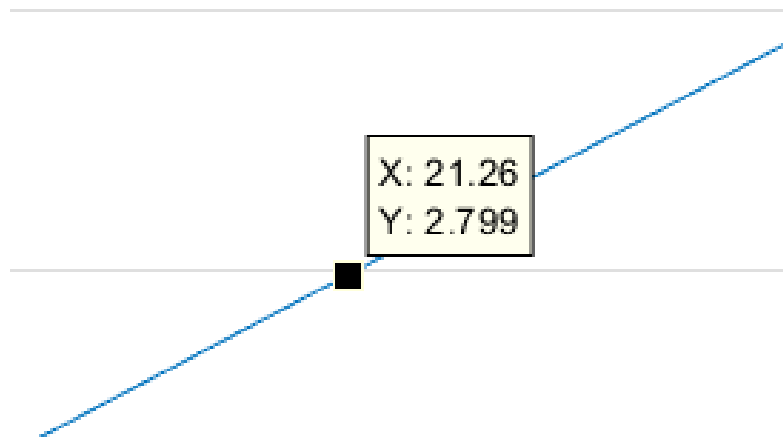


Exercice 1 : Correcteur PID**A- Comportement en BO****B- Conception d'un correcteur continu**



$$K_b = 7/1 = 7$$

Méthode de Broida :

$$0.28k_b = 0.28 \cdot 7 = 1.96 \Rightarrow t_1 = 17.96 \text{ s}$$

$$0.4 \cdot k_b = 0.4 \cdot 7 = 2.8 \Rightarrow t_2 = 21.26 \text{ s}$$

$$T_b = 5.5(21.26 - 17.96) = 18.15 \text{ s}$$

$$T_{aub} = 2.8 \cdot 17.96 - 21.26 \cdot 1.8 = 12.02$$

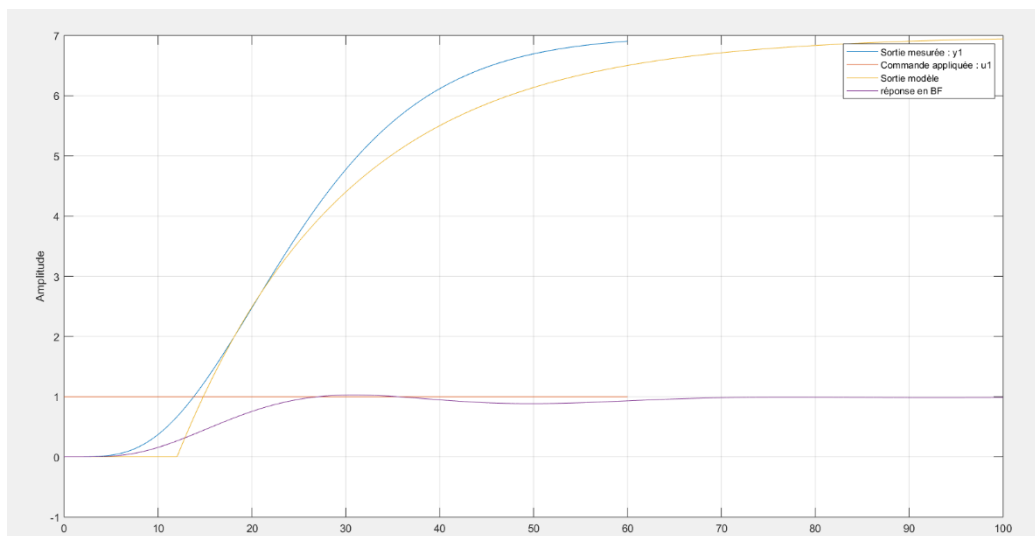
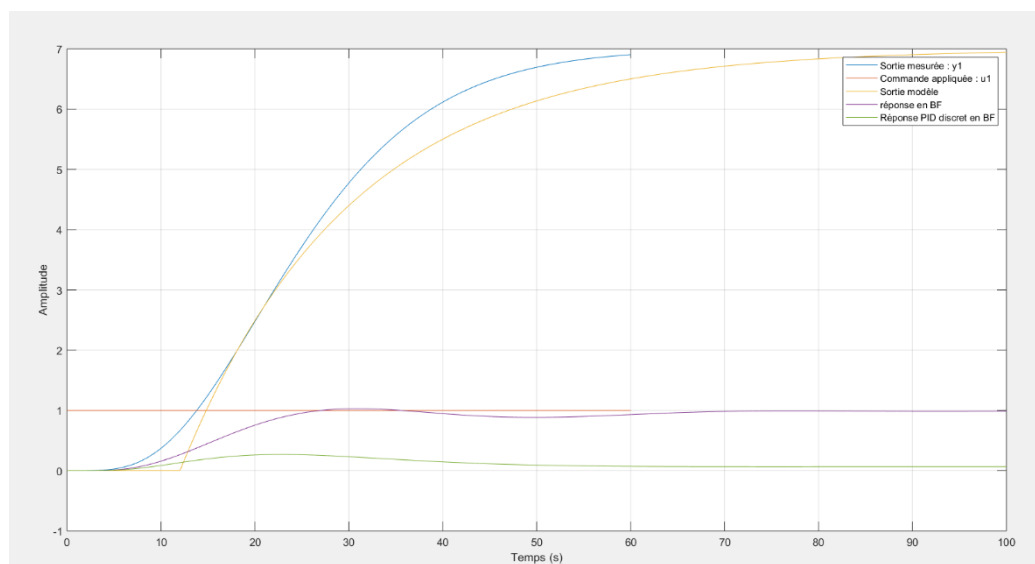
Méthodes PID Tableau de Chiens, Hrones et Reswick :

$$K_p = 0.95 \cdot T_b / k_b \cdot T_{aub} = 0.205$$

$$T_i = 1.4 T_b = 25.41$$

$$T_d = 0.47 \cdot T_{aub} = 5.64$$

$$G(s) = (7 \cdot \exp(-12.02 s)) / (18.15 + 1)$$

**C- Correcteur PID en discret obtenu par transformation du correcteur PID continu****D- Correcteur PID discret obtenu directement par la méthode de Takahashi**