## **FinalProject**

July 21, 2019

## 1 Final Project

This program reads images from a zip file, scans them for text and faces. It searches for a certain word and displays the faces found in the article where the word was found.

How does it work? Per image: \* The result of the OCR is stored in a list, per word. \* The reslut of the face recognition is also stored in a list, per face. \* Then both are stored in a dictionary per image: key = name of the image as it was read from the zip. 'words' = the distinct words found in the text. 'faces' = the faces found in the image. The advantage of this system is that you can perform different searches without the need of doing the OCR and face recognition again.

```
# Imports
      ############################
      import os
      import zipfile
      import io
      import pytesseract
     from PIL import Image, ImageDraw
      import cv2 as cv
      import numpy as np
     import math
# Contstants
      # Scale factor & neighbour setting for the classifier.
     SCALE_FACTOR = 1.3
     NEIGHBOURS = 5
      # Path to tessearct engine. Only if you run this locally.
     TESSERACT_PATH = r'C:/Program Files/Tesseract-OCR/tesseract.exe'
      # Path to classifier config.
     FACE_CLASSIFIER = 'readonly/haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml'
      # the zip file
     ZIPFILE = "/readonly/images.zip"
```

```
# Functions
       # Helper function to determine if a word was found in a list of words.
       # If fullmatch = 1 then only full matches are checked.
       # Return O: not found.
       # Return 1: Exact match is found.
       # Return 2: Partial match is found, e.g. problem in 'problems'
       def FindInWwords(wordToSearch, words, fullmatch=0):
          if (wordToSearch in words) :
              # Exact match.
              return (1)
          elif any(wordToSearch in s for s in words) and (fullmatch==0):
              # Partial match.
              return(2)
          else:
              # No match.
              return(0)
       # Takes an image as input and returns a list of distinct words found in the OCRed text
       def OCRImage(originalImage):
          # Convert to gray scale
          img = originalImage.convert('L')
          # run OCR on the greyscale image
          # On some systems you need to change the path to the Tesseract OCR Engine
          # pytesseract.pytesseract.tesseract_cmd=TESSERACT_PATH
          text = pytesseract.image_to_string(img)
          # Store words in a list.
          # Reconstruct to full words:
          # -> for example 'instru-ction' on 2 lines is reset to 'instruction'
          # Remove blanks and periods and commas.
          words = text.replace('-\n','').replace('\n','').replace('.',','').replace(',',','')
          # All to lower, split in a list.
          words = words.lower().split(' ')
          if len(words) > 0:
              if ('' in words):
                 words.remove('')
```

# only keep unique values

```
words = list(dict.fromkeys(words))
    return(words)
# Search for a word in a dictionary and returns a dictonary where
# it appeared in the 'words'.
def SearchNewsPaperData(wordToFind,NPData):
   newspapers={}
    for item in NPData:
        # Get the words from the newspaper
        words = NPData[item]['words']
        # Get the faces.
        faces = NPData[item]['faces']
        f = FindInWwords(wordToFind,words,0)
        if f > 0:
            # Found a match, store in a dictionary.
            newspapers.update({item:{'faces':faces}})
    return (newspapers)
# Takes a PIL image and returns a list of images with the faces found.
def GetFaces(pil img):
    face_images=[]
    # Convert to OpenCV format
    open_cv_image = np.array(pil_img)
    open_cv_image = open_cv_image[:, :, ::-1].copy()
    # loading the face detection classifier
    face_cascade = cv.CascadeClassifier(FACE_CLASSIFIER)
    faces = face_cascade.detectMultiScale(open_cv_image,SCALE_FACTOR,NEIGHBOURS)
    # Crop image to only the faces
    for x,y,w,h in faces:
        im = pil_img.crop((x,y,x+w,y+h))
        face images.append(im)
    return (face_images)
# Resize an image to a square, respecting the ratio.
def ResizeImage(pil_img,basewidth):
    wpercent = (basewidth / float(pil_img.size[0]))
    hsize = int((float(pil_img.size[1]) * float(wpercent)))
    return(pil_img.resize((basewidth, hsize), Image.ANTIALIAS))
#
```

```
# max_per_row = number of pictures in the row.
       # picture szie = the size of the images (square).
       def MakeSingleImage(images,max per row,picture size):
          # Determine the size of the final image,
          # taking into account the number of images in the list
          max_per_row = min(max_per_row,len(images))
          total width = picture size * max per row
          max_height = picture_size * math.ceil(len(images)/max_per_row)
          new_im = Image.new('RGB', (total_width, max_height))
          x 	ext{ offset} = 0
          y_offset = 0
          c = 0
          for im in images:
              # Resize the image as a square to the desired size.
              im_sized = ResizeImage(im,picture_size)
              # paste into the master image.
              new_im.paste(im_sized, (x_offset,y_offset))
              x_offset += picture_size
              c+=1
              if (c % max per row) == 0:
                  # We are on another row, reset offsets.
                  y_offset+=picture_size
                  x 	ext{ offset} = 0
          return(new_im)
       # Search for a certain word and display an image if faces are found
       def ShowResults(wordToFind):
          faces_found = SearchNewsPaperData(wordToFind,NewspaperData)
          display("Searching for "+wordToFind)
          for item in faces found:
              display("Results found in file {}".format(item))
              if len(faces found[item]['faces']) > 0:
                  display(MakeSingleImage(faces_found[item]['faces'],5,120))
              else:
                  display("No faces found.")
          return()
# Generate a dictionary with words and faces per picture
       # Zip file info
       zipfilename = os.getcwd() + ZIPFILE
```

# Compile a list of images into a single image in a matrix lay-out

```
zipfilecontent = zipfile.ZipFile(zipfilename,mode="r")
        # Initialize the newspaper dictionary
       NewspaperData = {}
       for filename in zipfilecontent.namelist():
            display(filename)
            # Read image and convert to something PIL understands
           newspaperImage = Image.open(io.BytesIO(zipfilecontent.read(filename)))
            # OCR
            words = OCRImage(newspaperImage)
            # Compile the faces
            faces = GetFaces(newspaperImage)
            # Store in Newspaper dictionary
            NewspaperData.update({filename:{'words':words,'faces':faces}})
'a-0.png'
'a-1.png'
'a-10.png'
'a-11.png'
'a-12.png'
'a-13.png'
'a-2.png'
'a-3.png'
'a-4.png'
'a-5.png'
```

'Results found in file a-0.png'

'Searching for christopher'



'Results found in file a-3.png'



'Searching for mark'

'Results found in file a-0.png'



'Results found in file a-1.png'





'Results found in file a-10.png'

'No faces found.'

'Results found in file a-13.png'



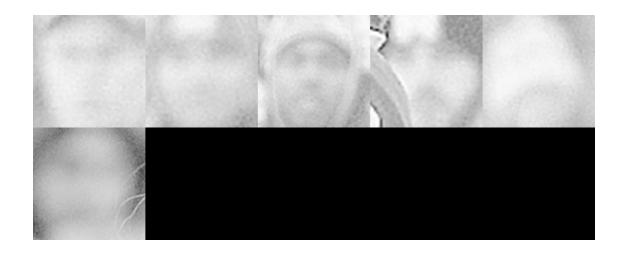
'Results found in file a-2.png'



'Results found in file a-3.png'



'Results found in file a-5.png'



'Results found in file a-8.png'

'No faces found.'

'Results found in file a-9.png'



Out[6]: ()

In []: