

Ungraded Lab: Activation in Custom Layers

In this lab, we extend our knowledge of building custom layers by adding an activation parameter. The implementation is pretty straightforward as you'll see below.

Imports

```
In [ ]: try:
        # %tensorflow_version only exists in Colab.
        %tensorflow_version 2.x
    except Exception:
        pass

    import tensorflow as tf
    from tensorflow.keras.layers import Layer
```

Adding an activation layer

To use the built-in activations in Keras, we can specify an `activation` parameter in the `__init__()` method of our custom layer class. From there, we can initialize it by using the `tf.keras.activations.get()` method. This takes in a string identifier that corresponds to one of the [available activations](#) in Keras. Next, you can now pass in the forward computation to this activation in the `call()` method.

```
In [ ]: class SimpleDense(Layer):

        # add an activation parameter
        def __init__(self, units=32, activation=None):
            super(SimpleDense, self).__init__()
            self.units = units

            # define the activation to get from the built-in activation layers in Keras
            self.activation = tf.keras.activations.get(activation)

        def build(self, input_shape):
            w_init = tf.random_normal_initializer()
            self.w = tf.Variable(name="kernel",
                                initial_value=w_init(shape=(input_shape[-1], self.units),
                                                         dtype='float32'),
                                trainable=True)
            b_init = tf.zeros_initializer()
            self.b = tf.Variable(name="bias",
                                initial_value=b_init(shape=(self.units,), dtype='float32'),
                                trainable=True)
            super().build(input_shape)

        def call(self, inputs):

            # pass the computation to the activation layer
            return self.activation(tf.matmul(inputs, self.w) + self.b)
```

We can now pass in an activation parameter to our custom layer. The string identifier is mostly the same as the function name so 'relu' below will get `tf.keras.activations.relu`.

```
In [ ]: mnist = tf.keras.datasets.mnist

        (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
        x_train, x_test = x_train / 255.0, x_test / 255.0

        model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
            tf.keras.layers.Flatten(input_shape=(28, 28)),
            SimpleDense(128, activation='relu'),
            tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2),
            tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax')
        ])

        model.compile(optimizer='adam',
                      loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
                      metrics=['accuracy'])

        model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=5)
        model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)
```