



Congratulations! You passed!

TO PASS 80% or higher

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GRADE
100%

Hypothesis Testing in Python Assessment

LATEST SUBMISSION GRADE

100%

1. Introduction

1 / 1 point

Recall that we discussed two different types of hypothesis tests for means earlier in the lectures. In the single mean hypothesis test lecture, we tested the hypothesis that a sample mean was **greater than** the null hypothesis mean. In the difference in means for two independent samples lecture, we tested the hypothesis that the difference between two sample means was **not equal** to the null hypothesis difference.

In this quiz, you will perform two similar hypothesis tests. Assume normality of the sampling distribution and equal variances.

In the first test, the **null hypothesis** is that the average **night bedtime** for toddlers who nap **is equal** to the average bedtime for toddlers who don't nap, and the **alternative hypothesis** is that the average bedtime for toddlers who nap **is later than** the average bedtime for toddlers who don't nap.

$$H_0 : \mu_{nap} = \mu_{no\ nap}$$

$$H_a : \mu_{nap} > \mu_{no\ nap}$$

In the second test, the **null hypothesis** is that the average **24 hour sleep duration** for napping toddlers **is equal** to the average 24 hour sleep duration for toddlers who don't nap, and the **alternative hypothesis** is that the average 24 hour sleep duration for napping toddlers **is different from** the average for toddlers who don't nap.

$$H_0 : \mu_{nap} = \mu_{no\ nap}$$

$$H_a : \mu_{nap} \neq \mu_{no\ nap}$$

Question 1

What is the difference of sample mean bedtimes for toddlers who nap and toddlers who don't nap? (Rounded to three decimal places.)

- ☐ 0.1785
- ☐ 20.126
- ☐ 0.5355
- ☒ 0.714

Correct

2. Given our sample size of n , how many degrees of freedom (df) are there for the associated t distribution? (again, assume that the two sample variances are equal)

1 / 1 point

18

Correct

3. What is the t -test statistic for the **first** hypothesis test? (rounded to two decimal places)

1 / 1 point

- ☒ 2.41
- ☐ 3.61
- ☐ 4.41
- ☐ 2.61

Correct

4. What is the p -value for the **first** hypothesis test? (rounded to four decimal places)

1 / 1 point

- ☐ 0.0080

- ☐ 0.0147
- ☒ 0.0134
- ☐ 0.9866

✓ Correct

5. For the **second** hypothesis test, do you reject or fail to reject the null hypothesis, **given $\alpha = 0.05$** ?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Reject
- ☒ Fail to reject

✓ Correct