TO PASS 70% or higher

grade 100%

Practice Quiz		
то	TAL POINTS 6	
1.	The term "data repositories" exclusively refers to RDBMes and NoSQL databases that are used to collect, organize, and isolate data for analytics. True False	1/1 point
	Correct The term "data repositories" includes not just RDBMSes and NoSQL databases, it also includes data warehouses, data marts, and data lakes.	
2.	In use cases for RDBMS, what is one of the reasons that relational databases are so well suited for OLTP applications? Allow you to make changes in the database even while a query is being executed Offer easy backup and restore options Minimize data redundancy Support the ability to insert, update, or delete small amounts of data	1/1 point
	✓ Correct This is one of the abilities of RDBMSs that make them very well suited for OLTP applications.	
3.	Which NoSQL database type stores each record and its associated data within a single document and also works well with Analytics platforms? Document-based Key-value store Column-based Graph-based	1/1 point
	 Correct Document-based NoSQL databases store each record and its associated data within a single document and work well with Analytics platforms. 	
4.	What type of data repository is used to isolate a subset of data for a particular business function, purpose, or community of users? Data Mart Data Lake Data Pipeline Data Warehouse	1/1 point
	Correct A data mart is a sub-section of the data warehouse used to isolate a subset of data for a particular business function, purpose, or community of users.	
5.	is ideal for data lakes where transformations on data are applied after raw data is loaded into the data lake. ELT (Extract-Load-Transform) Process ETL (Extract-Transform-Load) Process Batch Processing Data Pipeline	1/1 point
	Correct ELT is useful for processing large sets of unstructured and non-relational data, which makes it ideal for use in data lakes, generally used for storing large amounts of structured, semi-structured, and unstructured data in their native format.	

ō.	Which one of these statements explains what data integration is?	1/1 point
	O Data Integration is the process of applying business logic to source data	
	O Data Integration is the process of extracting data	
	Data Integration includes extracting, transforming, merging, and delivering quality data for analytical purposes	
	O Data Integration is the process of loading data into a data repository	
	✓ Correct	
	Data Integration extracts and combines disparate source data into a unified view so that data consumers can query and analyze the integrated data.	